### H.Grote, AEI GWADW Elba, May 2013 For Future Generation Detectors



### Potential of Squeezing: Lower Quantum Noise

 2<sup>nd</sup> Generation detectors (Adv LIGO, Adv Virgo, KAGRA) are likely to use squeezing as upgrade sooner or later

3<sup>rd</sup> Generation (LIGO RGB, ET) from the beginning



### How many dBs ??

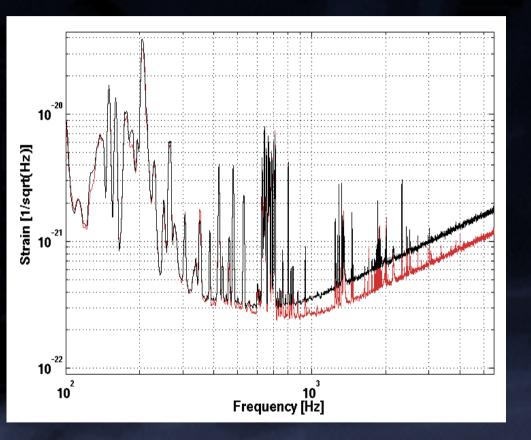


And at which Frequency ??

# Ligo Scientific Collaboration: G1, H1

#### G1, GEO600 (2010, ongoing): 3.5dB, >400Hz

H1, LIGO Hanford (2011): 2.2dB, >150Hz



 $H_{P}$   $H_{P$ 

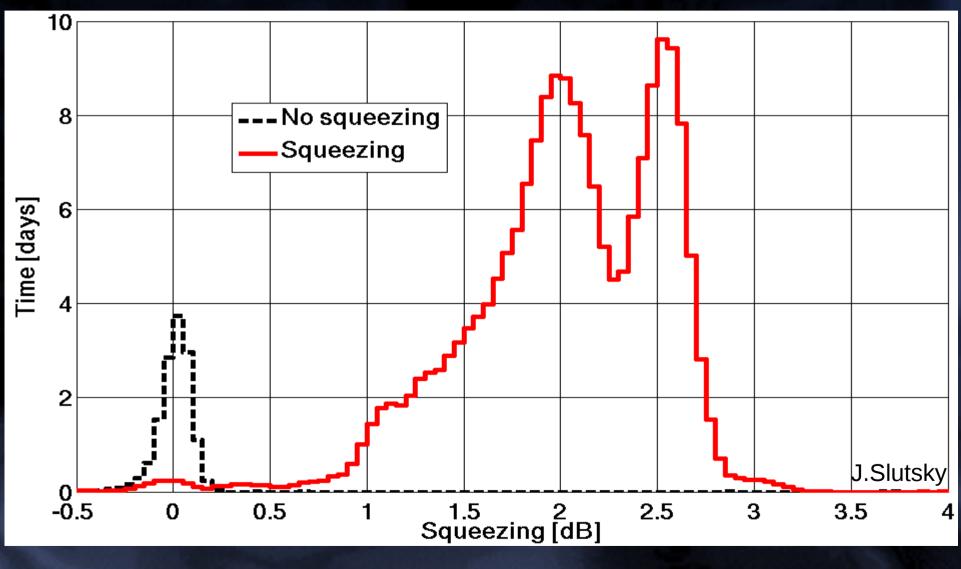
Strain Sensitivity

- long term reliability and automation
- glitch/gaussianity analysis
- different control signals

- back-scatter analysis
- phase noise analysis

# SQZ performance Nov 2011- Oct 2012

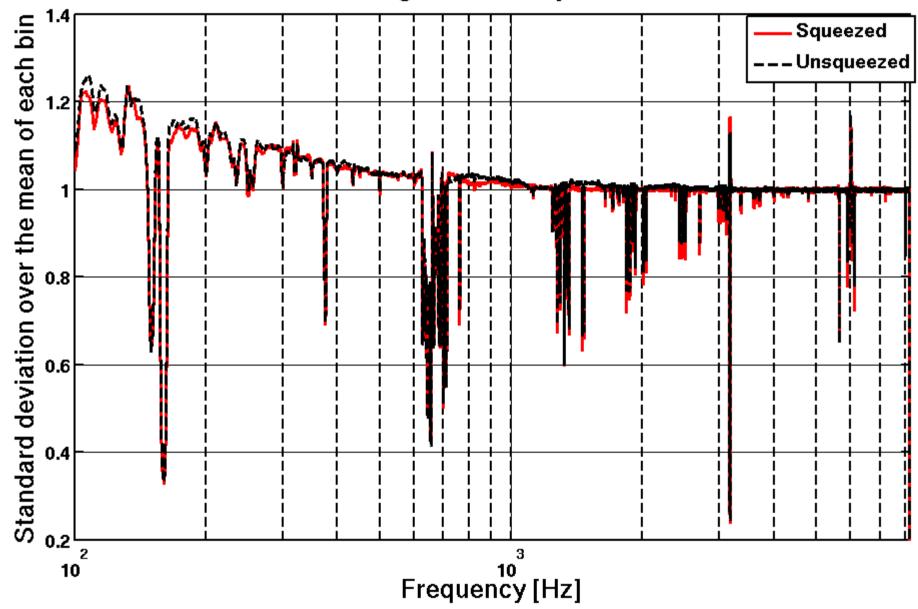
#### Dither lock/ CC combination, Autoalignment for 2DOF, OMC-trans signal



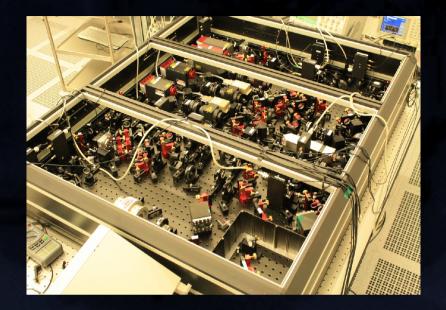
Science time: 68%, with squeezing: 90%

# 2 x 33h Squeezing On/Off Comparison

Average stationarity of data



### Why not more than ~3dB yet ?

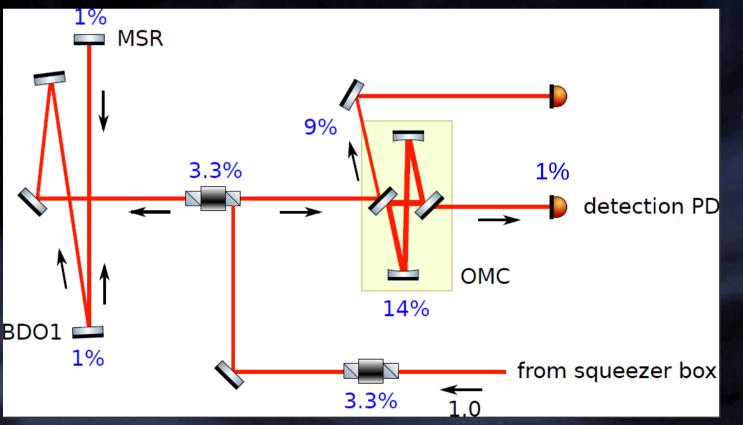


>~ 10dB When detected on local homodyne detector

But: Only ~3dB so far on GW IFOs: -More optics (losses), more cavities (modematching) -More complex paths (alignment, phase-noise)

### **Optical loss**

- OMC Loss (G1:14%, H1:20%)  $\rightarrow$  we can do better!
- Modematching (SQZ to IFO, IFO to OMC, 8-30%)
- Faraday isolators (G1: 3.3%, mainly Pol. Beamsplitters!)



Total efficieny: ~0.65 As measured with bright beam.

BUT: Different condition (MM to IFO , alignment)

### Phase (Quadrature) Noise

### Source:

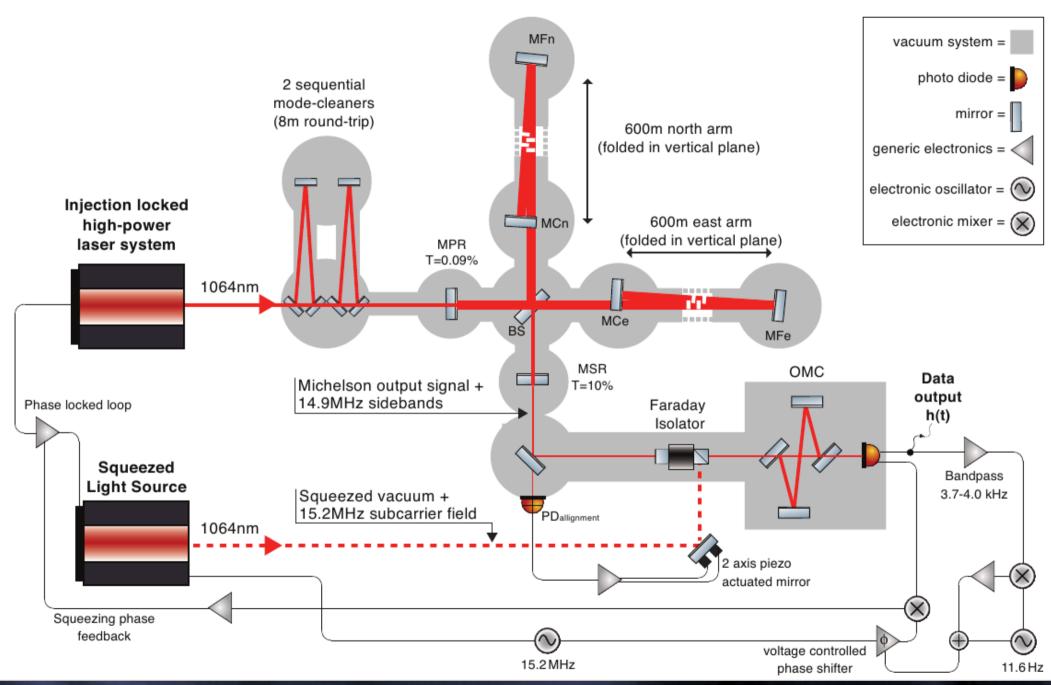
- OPO length noise (H1)
- OPO temp. fluct.
- Technical noises

#### 10 8 6 High pump Noise variance [dB] 2 0 Low pump -2 -4 -6 -8 -10 0 π Quadrature angle $\phi$

### IFO:

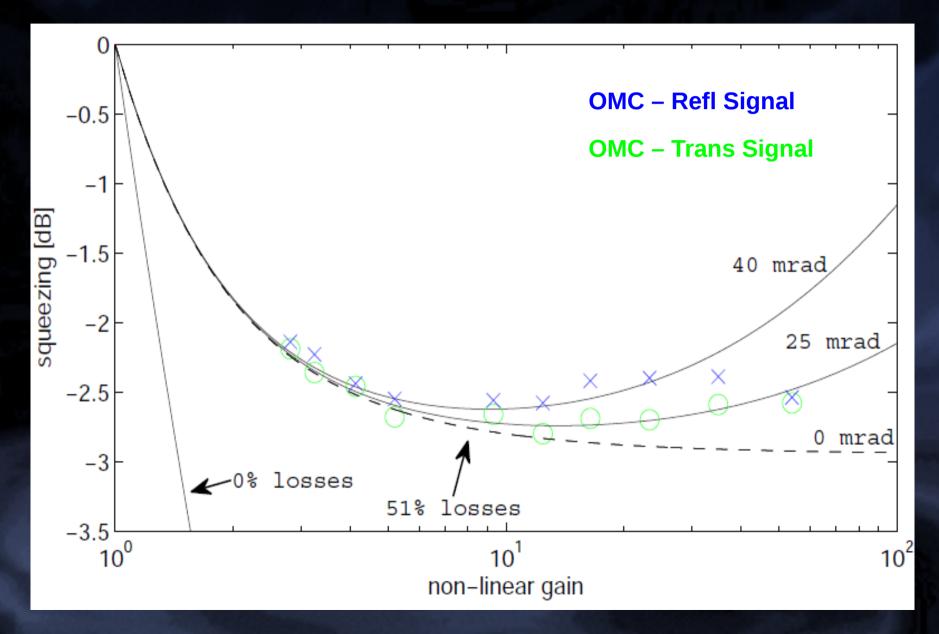
- Propagation, IFO Pendulums
- IFO RF sidebands (G1)
- Phase Sensing (Alignment, Technical)

SUM: ~40 mrad

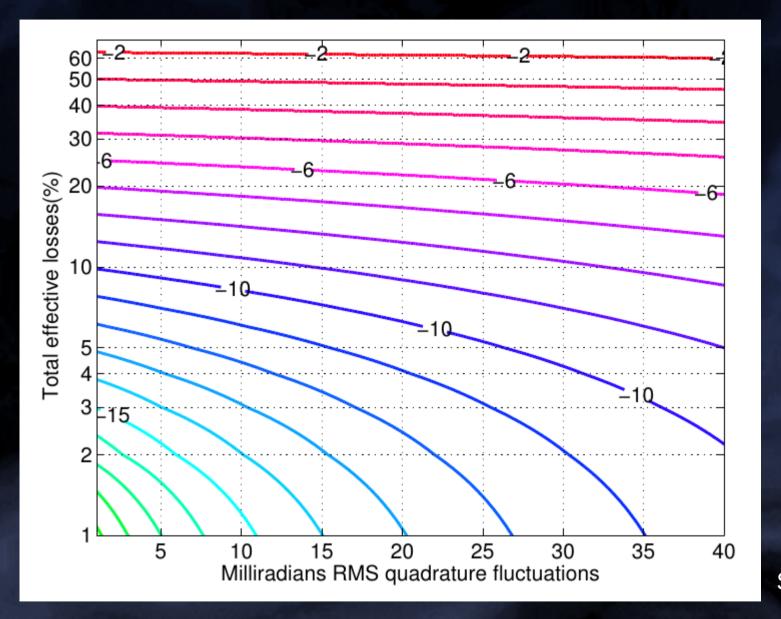


H.Vahlbruch

### Phase noise measurement ('out-of-loop')

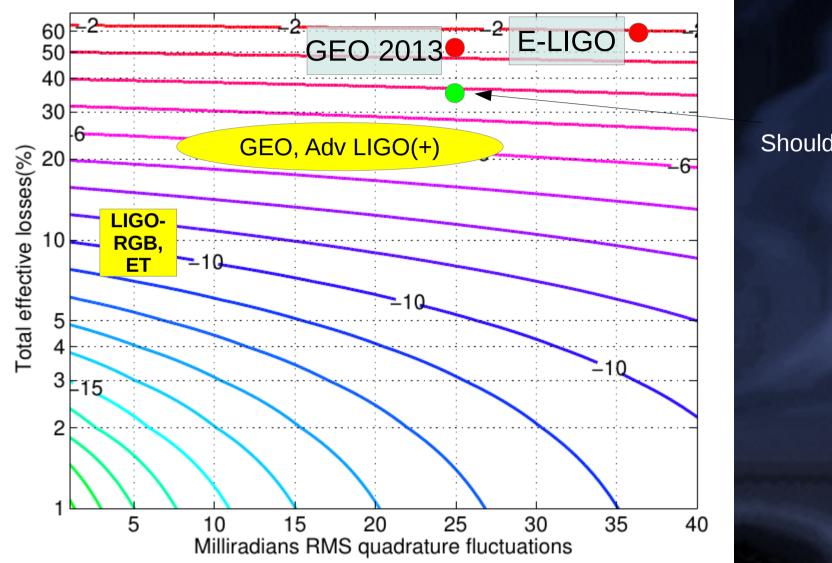


### **Otical Loss and Phase Noise**

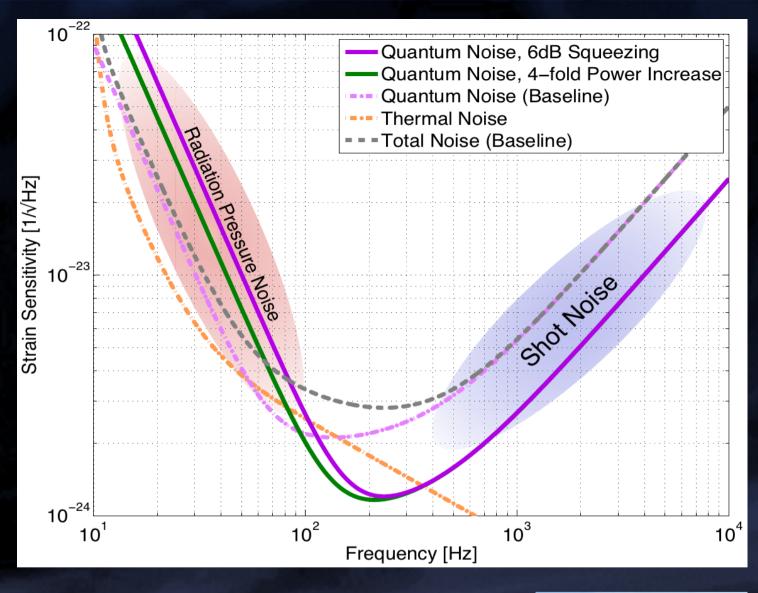


S.Dwyer

### **Optical Loss and Phase Noise**



Should be



### BUT:

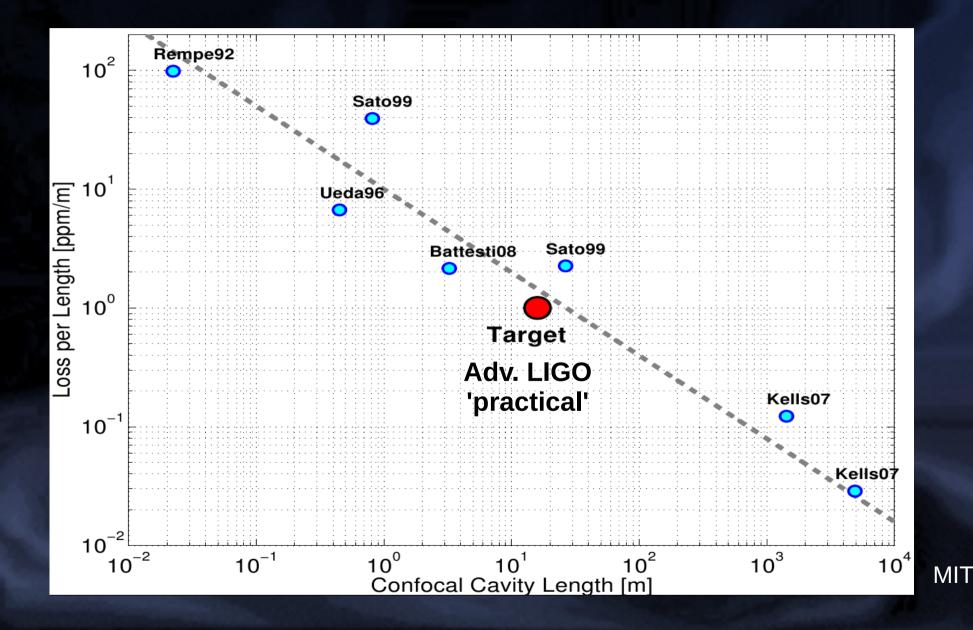
M.Evans / MIT group



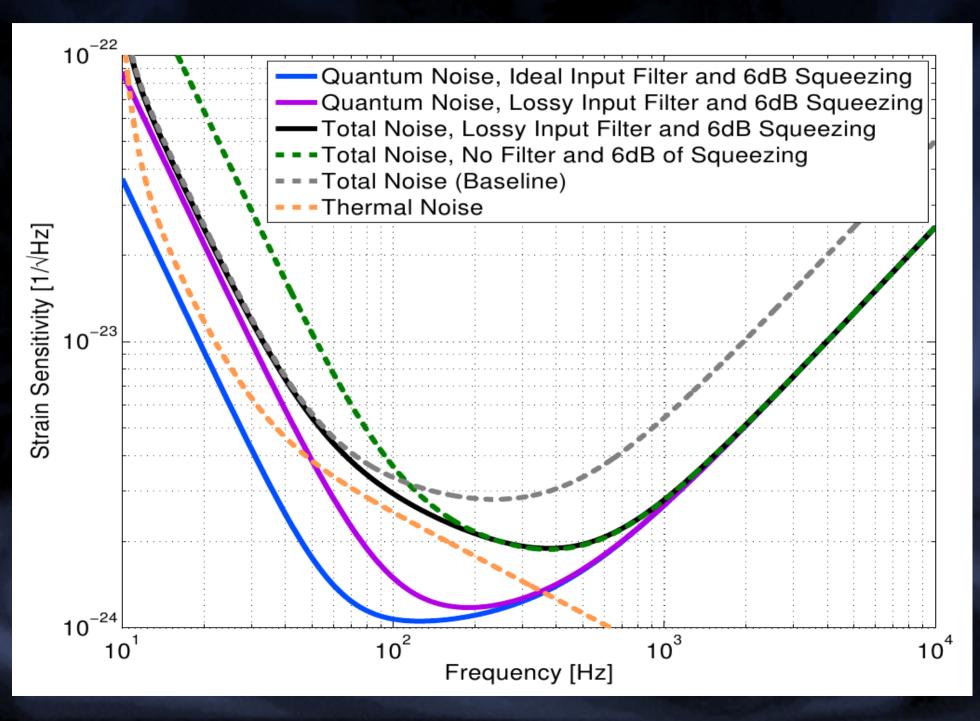
... at which Frequency ??

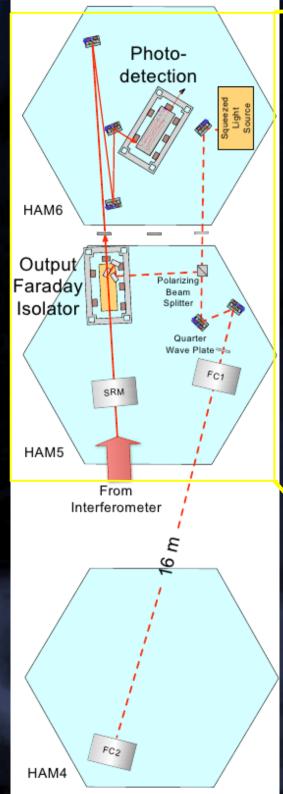
(Input) Filter cavity

### Filter Cavity Does Length Help? $\rightarrow$ Yes: ~L^-2/3

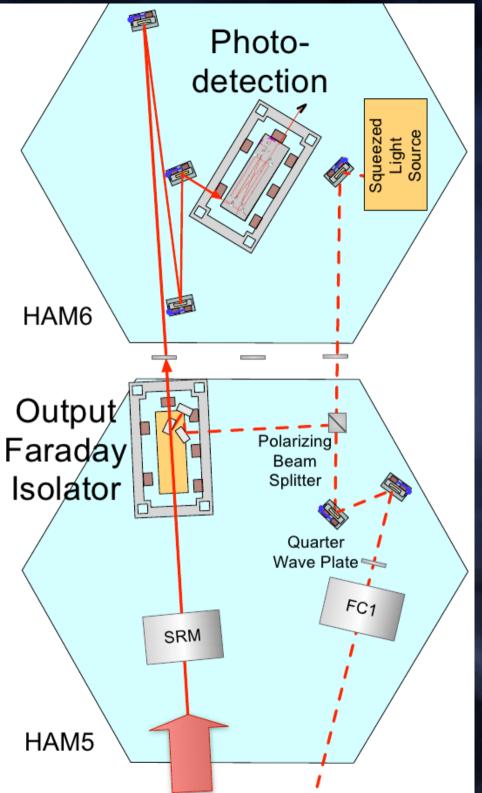


# A practical approach for AdvLIGO(+)









### **Research Topics**

#### Short term

- Control: OMC trans. signal, phase-noise, RF+DC readout
- Automatic alignment (OMC refl.)
  - Mode matching and HOM

Medium term (6dB for Adv(+))

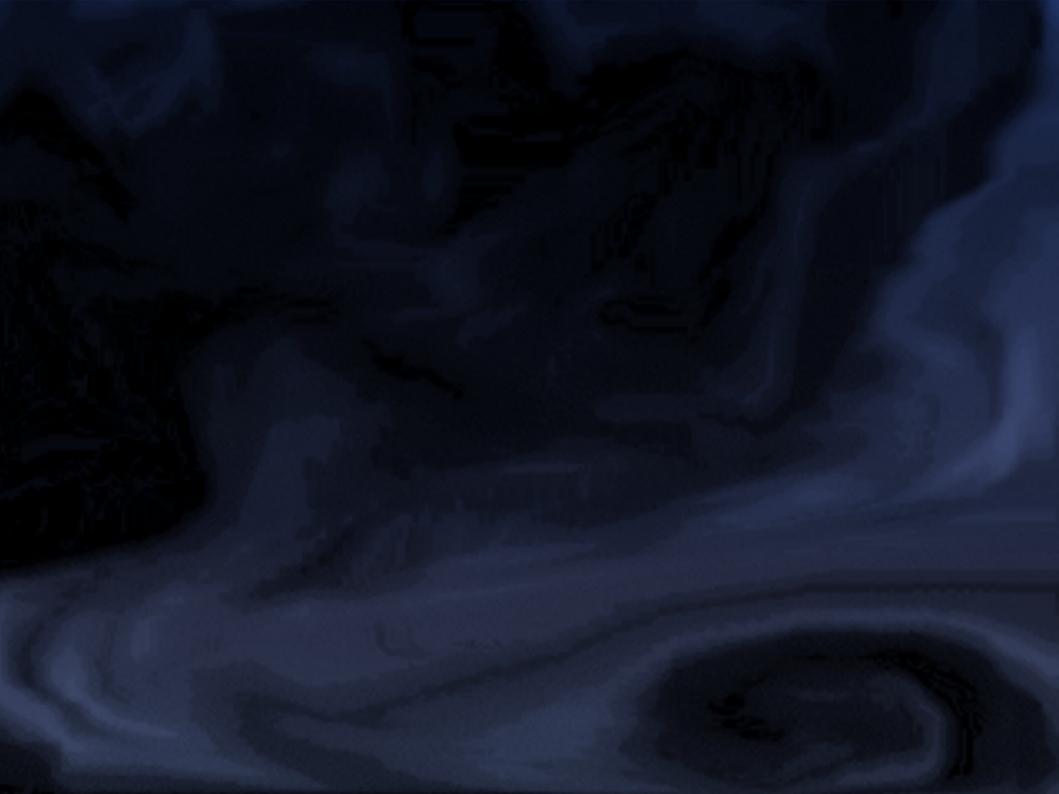
- Filter cavities:
- Short design for Adv(+)
- Losses
- HOM
- Control (e.g. green?) •

Longer term (~10dB for L. RGB, ET)

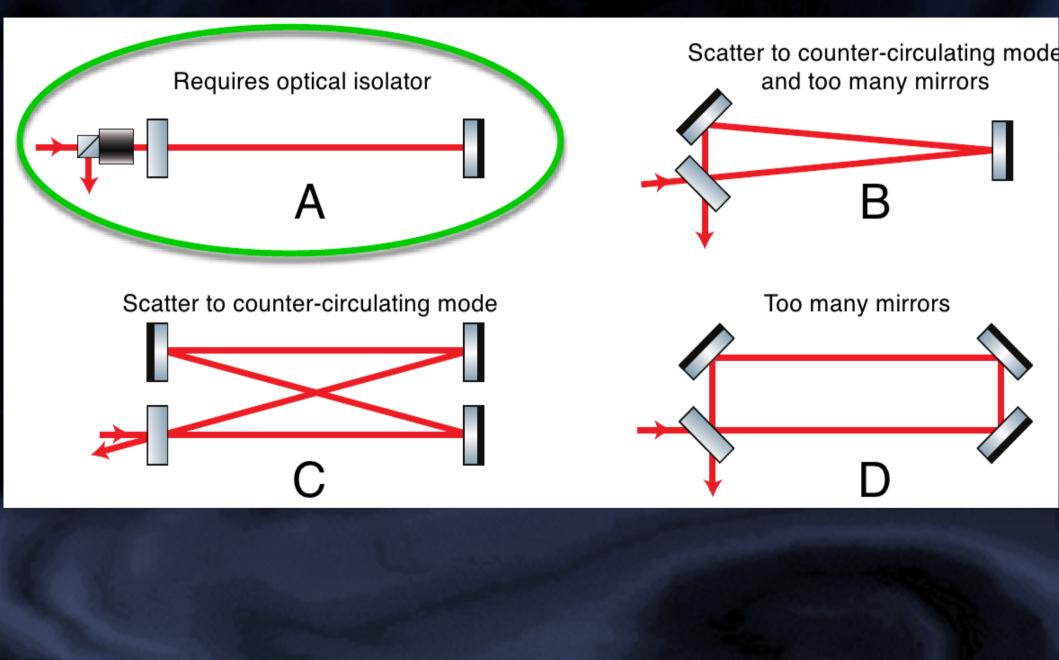
- Better PBSs (<0.2%Loss) and other optics
- Extremely good modematchings (>~99%)

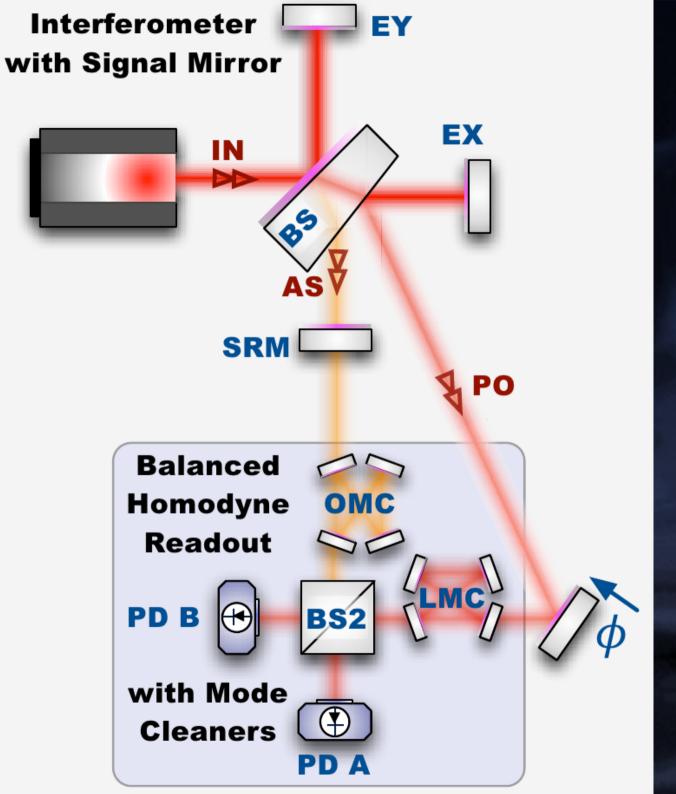
Longer filter cavities

Squeezing source in vacuum?
And/or very good control signals

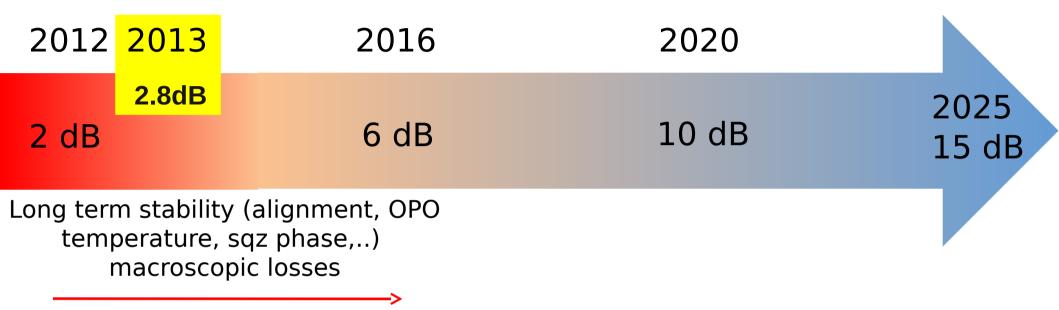


### What type of Filter Cavity ?





### The Quantum Future (1 dB/year) (L. Barsotti, 2012)



1-2% losses in Faradays, >98% mode matching, OMC > 99%

Filter cavity to mitigate additional quantum noise at low frequency

Everything <<1% losses (Faradays, OPO, OMC , IFO, ..) Filter cavities to beat radiation pressure noise

...or some new idea!

LIGO-G1200571

L.Barsotti - GWADW2012

### Recent: ~2.8dB

