





IFAE 2017

NA62 High Level Trigger strategy

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NA62 is a fixed target experiment located at CERN Super Proton Synchrotron (SPS). NA62 is designed to measure the branching ratio of:

$$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$$

This decay is a neutral weak current with a quark flavor violation, highly suppressed by the GIM mechanism.

It is a strong indication of presence of new physics beyond the Standard Model.

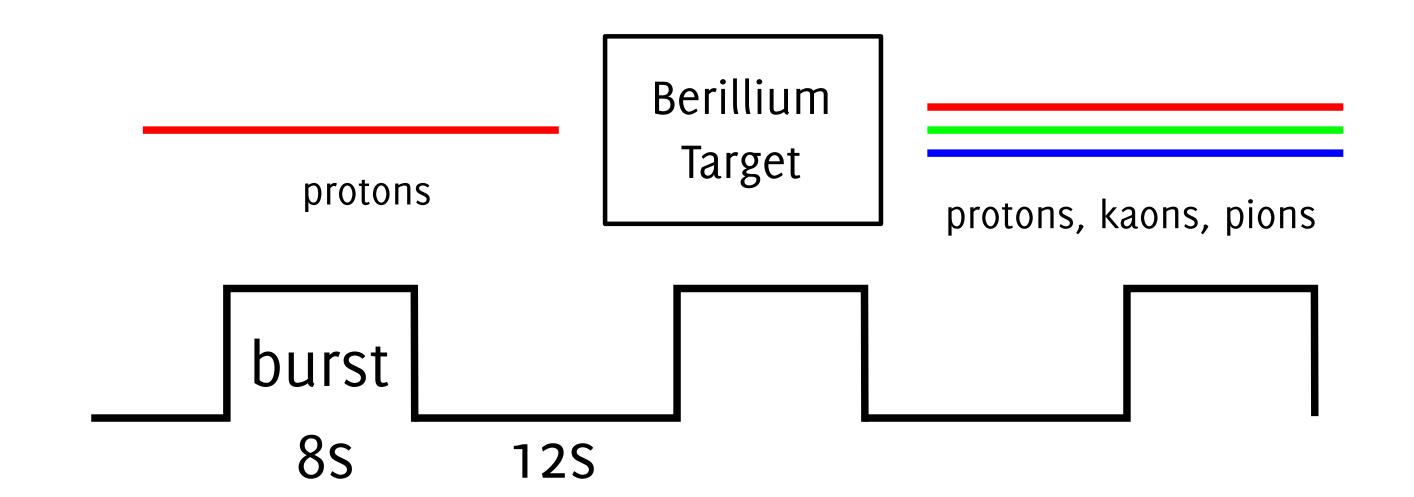
The experiment goal is to measure the $K+\rightarrow +\nu \nu$ Branching Ratio (BR) with 10% of accuracy.

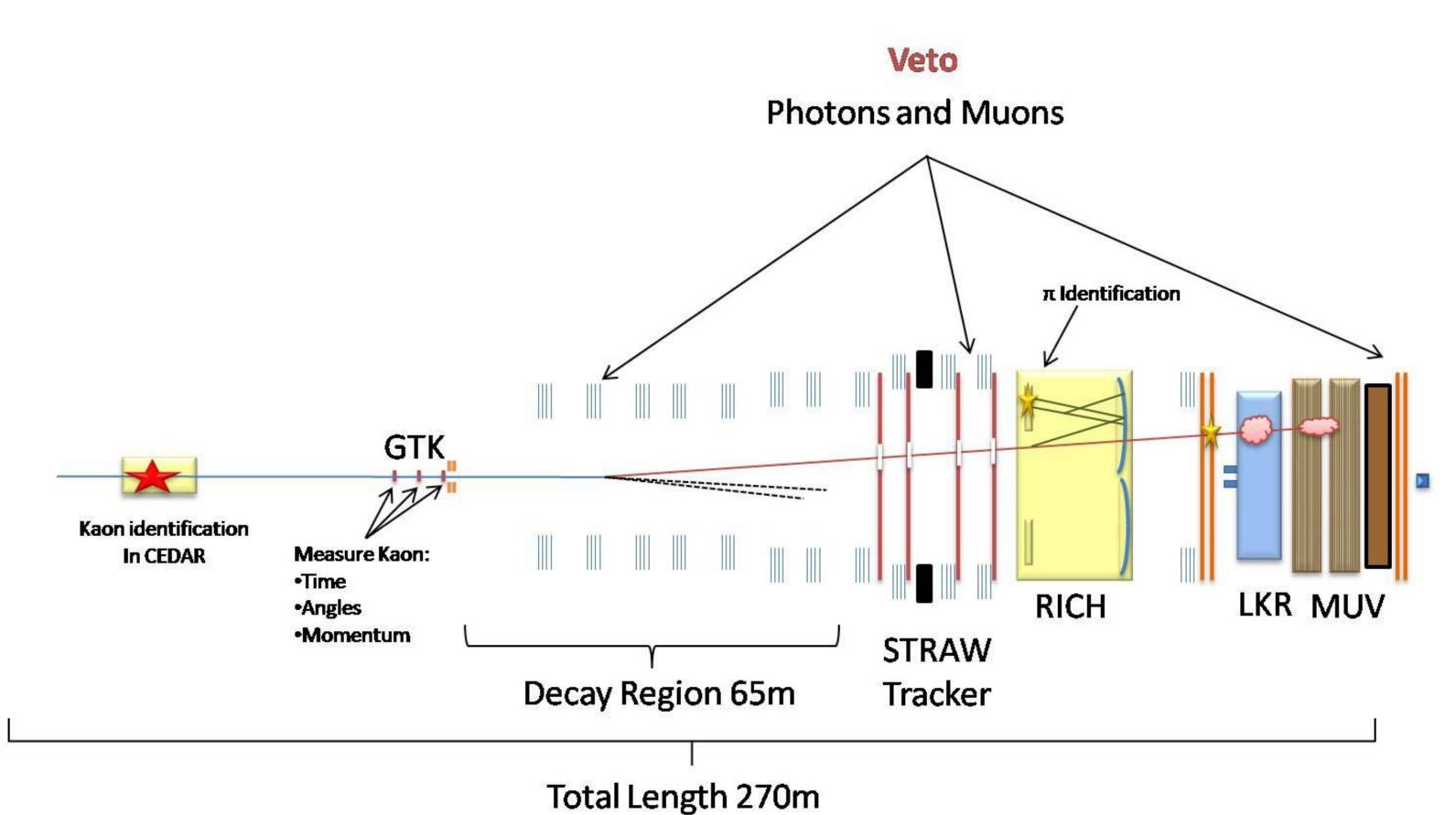
BR Main Kaons decays mode
$$0.63\%$$
 $K^+ \to \mu^+ \nu$ 0.21% $K^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^0$ 0.06% $K^+ \to \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^ \vdots$ $10^{-11}\%$ $K^+ \to \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$

In order to measure this tiny branching ratio an high intensity kaons beam and a very efficient Trigger and Data Acquisition (TDAQ) chain is mandatory.

High intensity Kaons beam

Flux of protons rely on SPS cycle

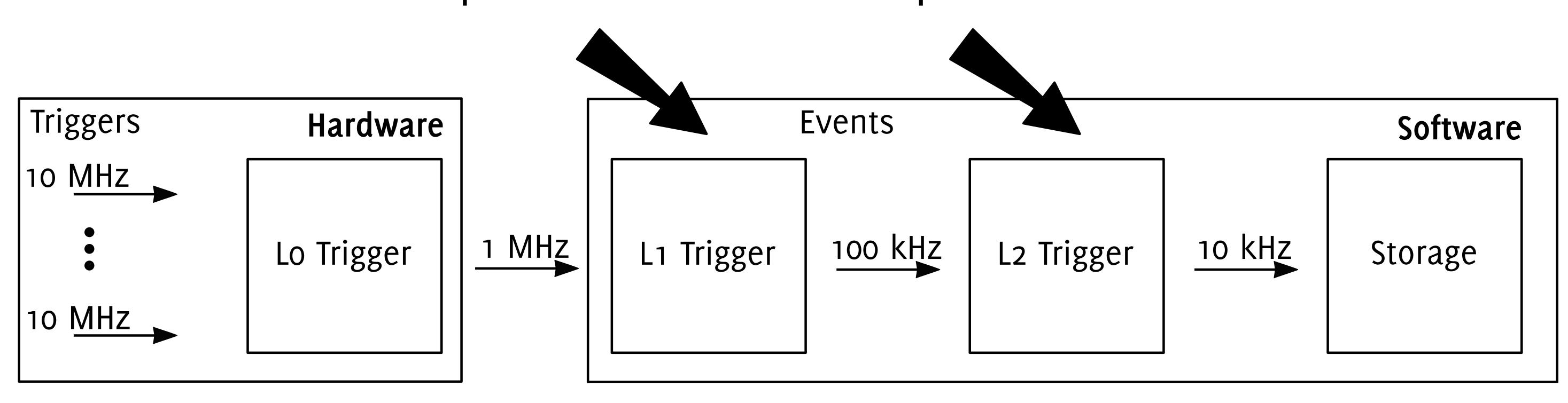




The multi-level trigger system

Fetch partial events

Fetch complete events



Lo Hardware (real time) Trigger: Reduces the input rate from 10MHz to 1MHz. Latency 1ms

L1 Software Trigger: Algorithms exploit information from single detectors. Latency O(1)

L2 Software Trigger: Algorithms exploit information from all detectors. Latency O(1) (bust)