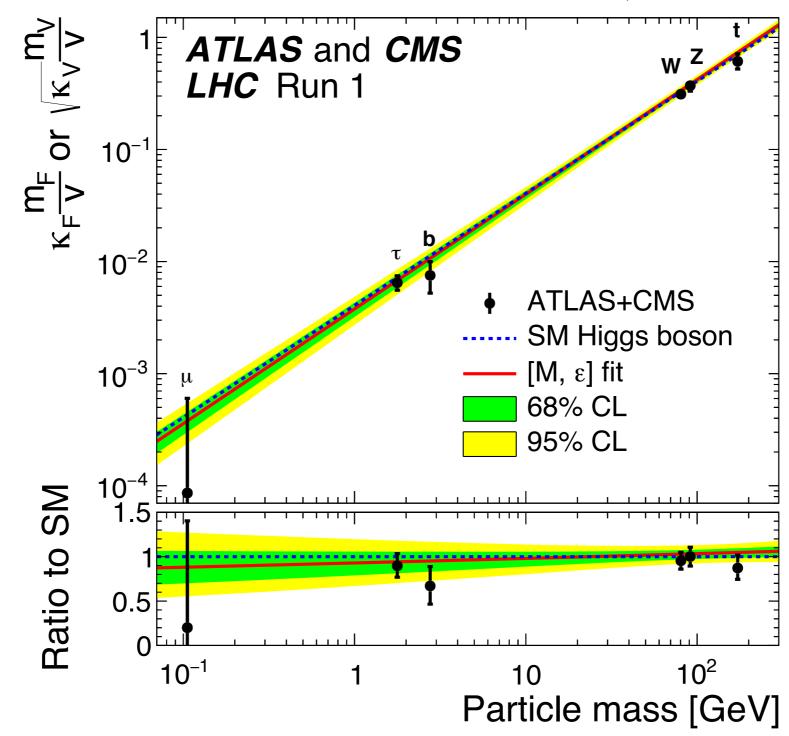
Direct & indirect probes of the Higgs Yukawa couplings

Uli Haisch University of Oxford

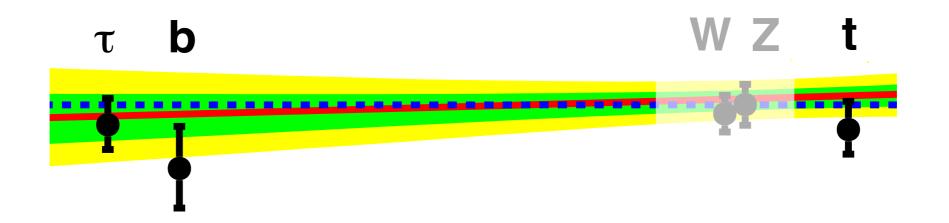
Les XXXI Rencontres de Physique de la Vallée d'Aoste, La Thuile, 25th of February to 3rd of March 2018

Status of Higgs couplings

ATLAS & CMS, 1606.02266



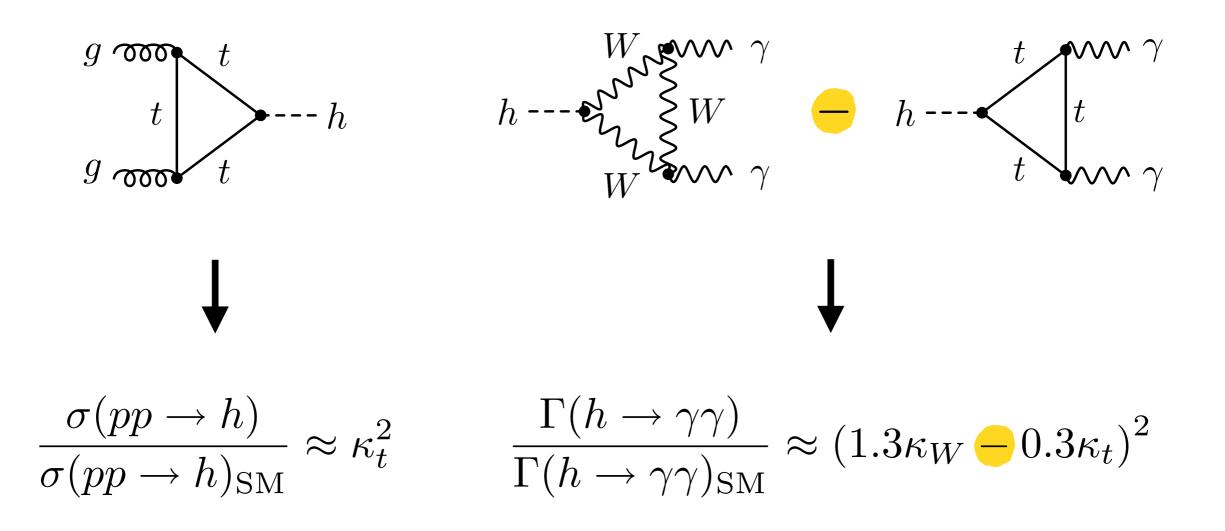
What do we know?



$$\mathcal{L}_{\rm SM} \supset (D_{\mu}H)^{\dagger} (D^{\mu}H) - (Y_f \bar{f}_L H f_R + \text{h.c.}) - V(H)$$

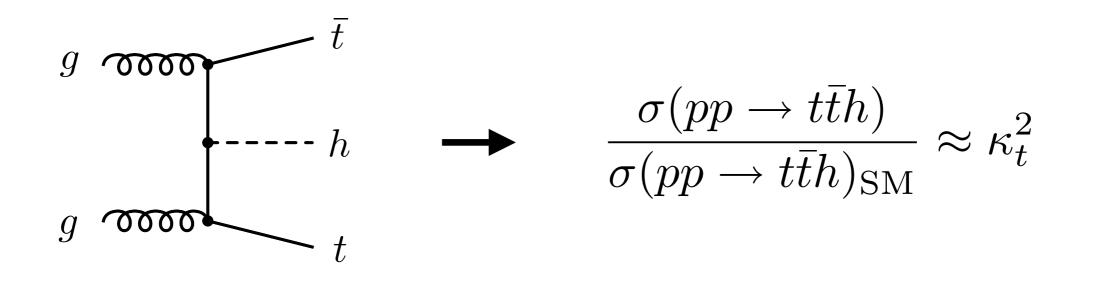
Yukawa interactions: top? gg \rightarrow h, h $\rightarrow \gamma \gamma \equiv$ indirect bottom? Higgs decays \equiv indirect tau? observed \equiv knowledge 1st & 2nd generation \equiv ignorance

Indirect probes of top Yukawa



In LHC analyses of Higgs properties, sensitivity to modifications $\kappa_t = y_t/y_t^{SM}$ of top Yukawa arise indirectly from loop processes

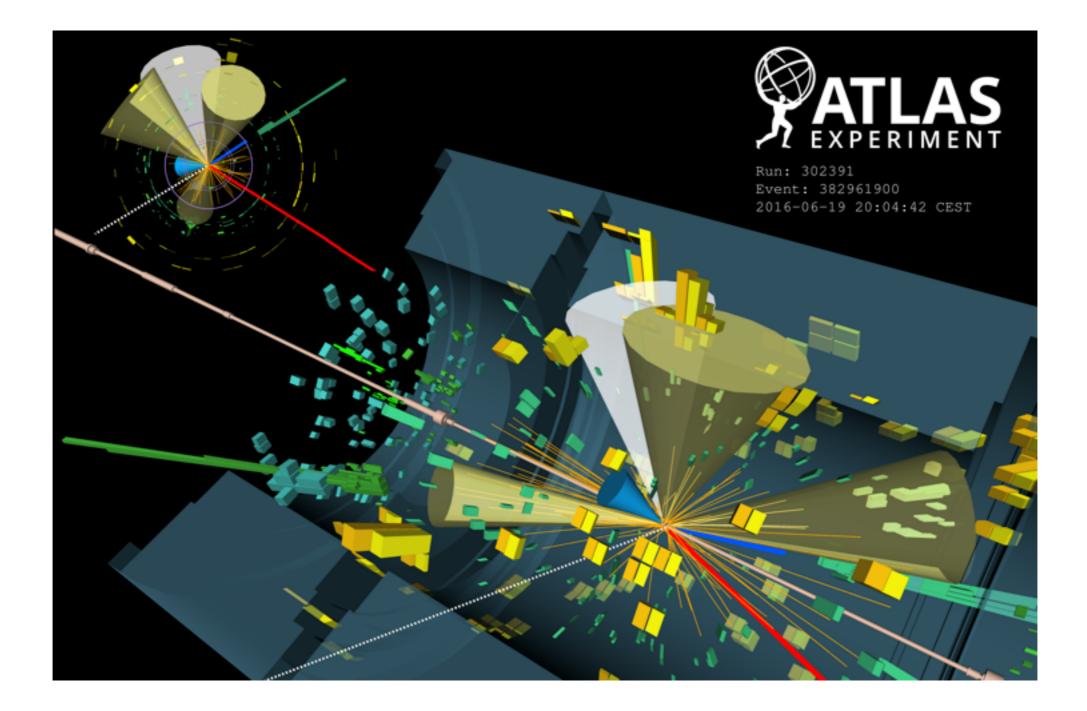
Direct probe of top Yukawa



Tree-level production of Higgs in association with top pairs provides direct excess to top Yukawa. Latest Run II searches by ATLAS & CMS see evidence for this production mode

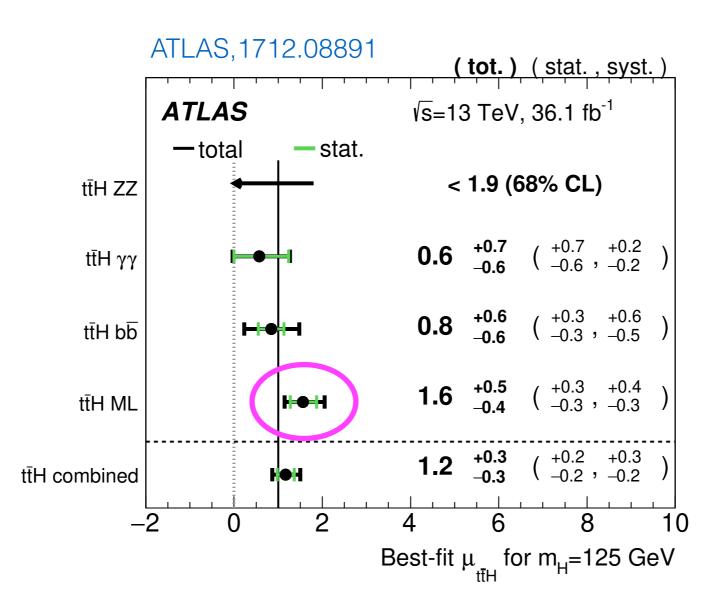
ATLAS, 1712.08891, 1712.08895; CMS-PAS-HIG-17-003; CMS-PAS-HIG-16-038

In reality things are more tricky ...



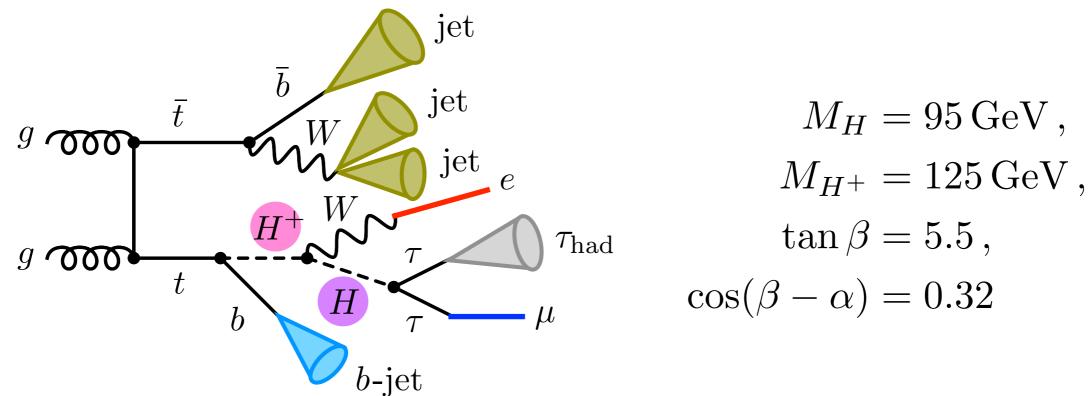
ATLAS event display showing a candidate $e\mu\tau_{had}$ event in $2I1\tau_{had}$ category of the search

Direct probe of top Yukawa



Combined ATLAS th signal strength slightly above SM driven by small excess in multilepton channel. Hint of enhanced yt?

Could mean $\kappa_t > 1$, but ...



b-jet multilepton excess can be nicely explained in fermiophobic type-I two-Higgs doublet model. Model consistent with SM Higgs fit & can simultaneously address other small deviations in Higgs sector at CMS (diphoton), LEP (Zh) & Tevatron (tīh)

Alves et al., 1703.06834; Fox & Weiner, 1710.07649; UH & Malinauskas, 1712.06599

In the remainder of this talk ...

I will discuss direct & indirect methods to extract information on the charm Yukawa coupling y_c at the LHC — some comments about other quark & lepton Yukawas including CP-violating & flavourchanging ones can be found in the backup

LHC probes of charm Yukawa

- Exclusive $h \rightarrow J/\psi\gamma$ decay
- Vh production & $pp \rightarrow hc$
- Higgs distributions
- W[±]h charge asymmetry
- Radiative h→cc̄γ decay

Bodwin et al., 1306.5770 & 1407.6695; König & Neubert, 1505.03870

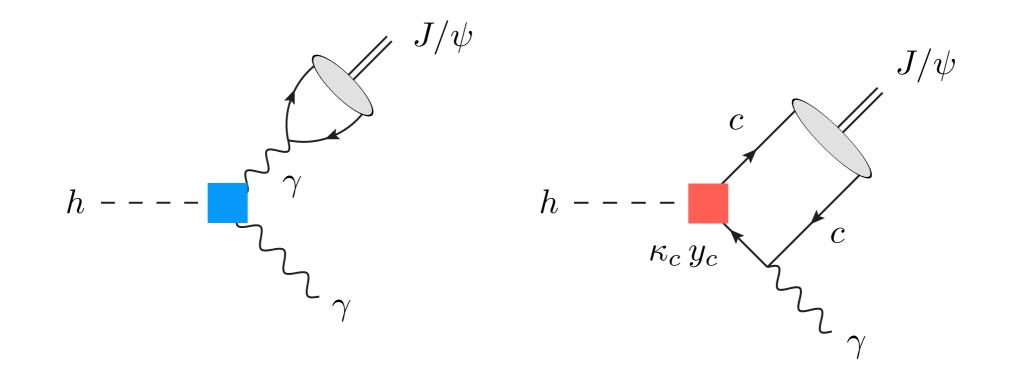
Perez, et al., 1503.00290 & 1505.06689; Brivio et al., 1507.02916; LHCb-CONF-2016-006; ATLAS, 1802.04329

Bishara, UH, Monni & Re, 1606.09253; Soreq, Zhu & Zupan, 1606.09621

Yu, 1609.06592

Han & Wang, 1704.00790

Exclusive Higgs decays: $h \rightarrow J/\psi\gamma$



Br
$$(h \to J/\psi\gamma) = 2.95 \cdot 10^{-6} (1.07 - 0.07 \kappa_c)^2$$

Bodwin et al., 1306.5770 & 1407.6695; König & Neubert, 1505.03870

Exclusive Higgs decays: $h \rightarrow J/\psi\gamma$

Current bound:

 ${
m Br}\left(h o J/\psi\gamma
ight) < 1.5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ atlas, 1501.03276; CMS, 1507.03031

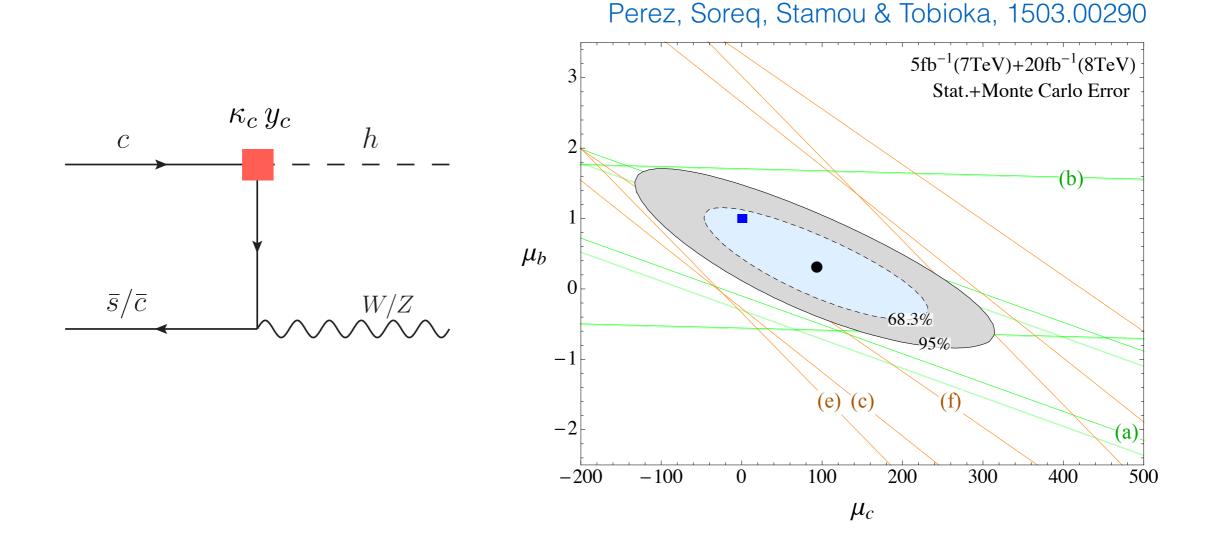
 \longrightarrow $|\kappa_c| < 429$

20% measurement:

Br $(h \to J/\psi\gamma) = 2.95 (1 \pm 0.2) \cdot 10^{-6}$

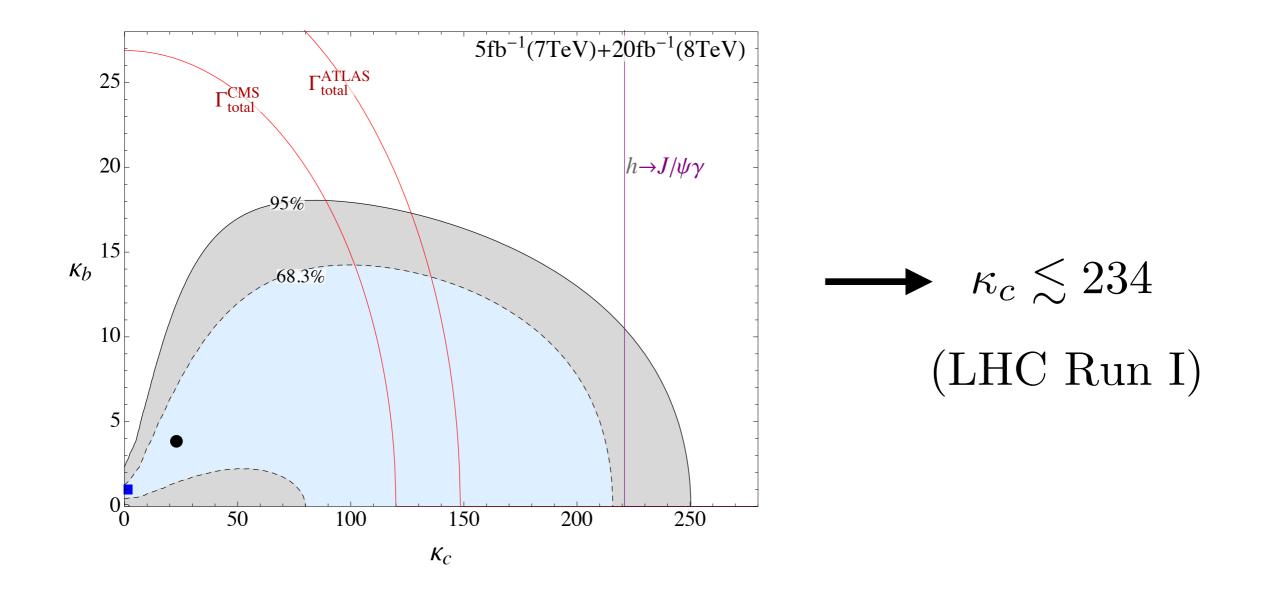
 \blacktriangleright $\kappa_c \in [-0.51, 3.07]$ König & Neubert, 1505.03870

Vh production & flavour tagging



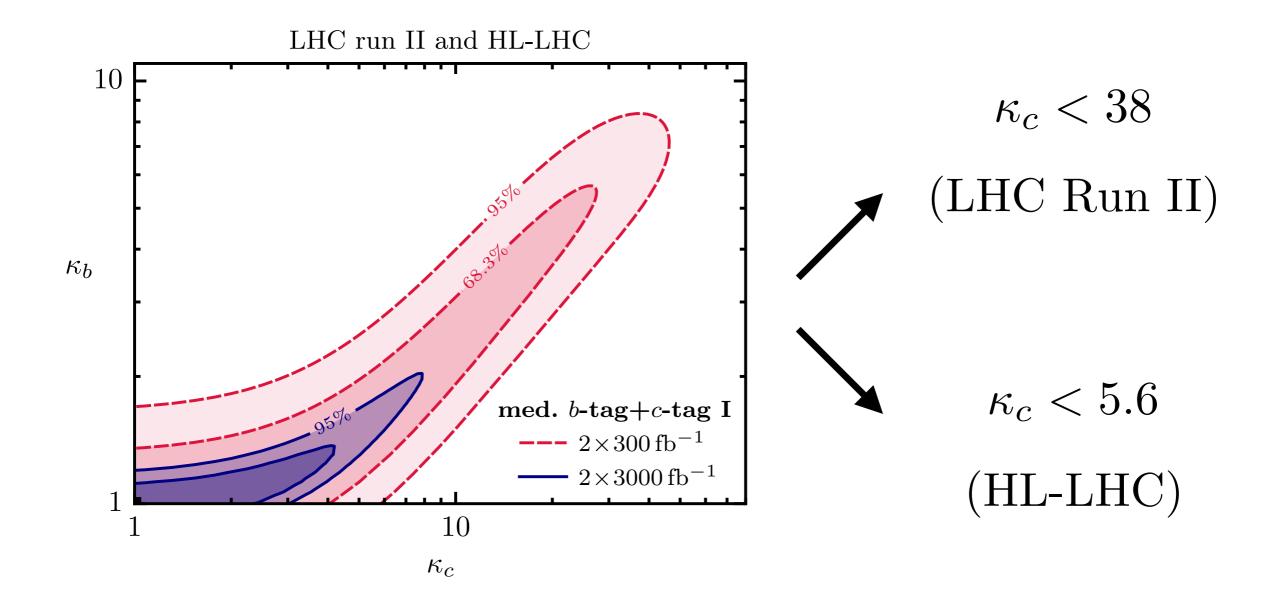
Using several b-tagging algorithms (with different c-jet mistagging) one can recast $h \rightarrow b\overline{b}$ analyses to constrain $h \rightarrow c\overline{c}$ rate

Vh production & flavour tagging



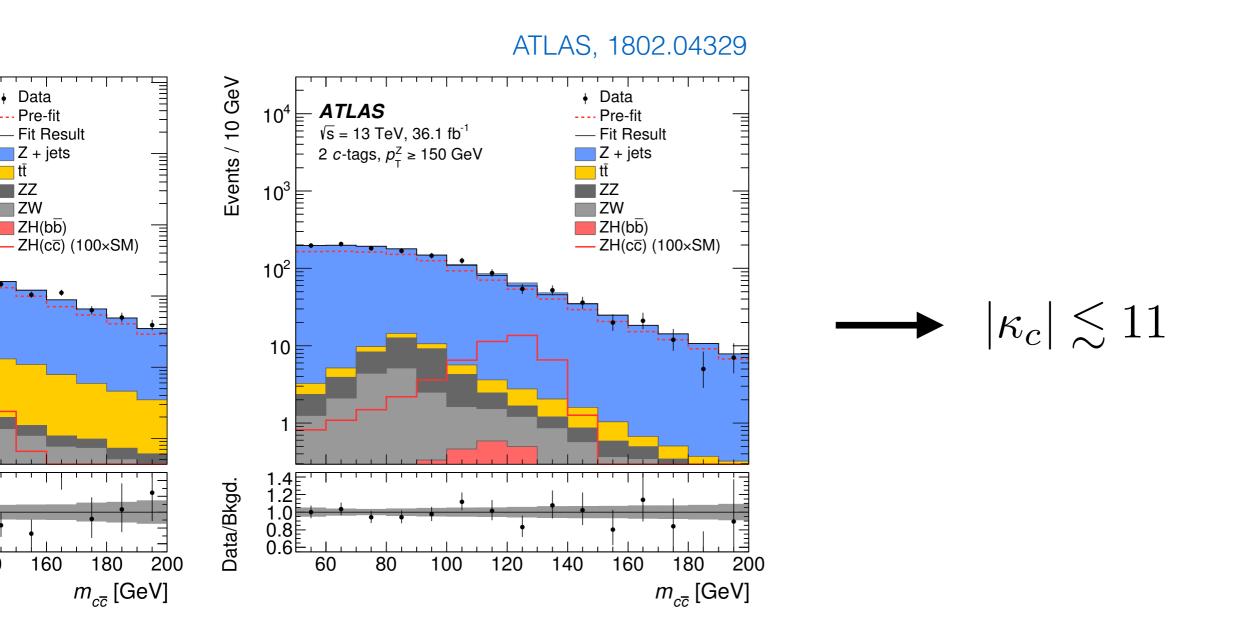
Perez, Soreq, Stamou & Tobioka, 1503.00290

Vh production & flavour tagging



Perez, Soreq, Stamou & Tobioka, 1505.06689

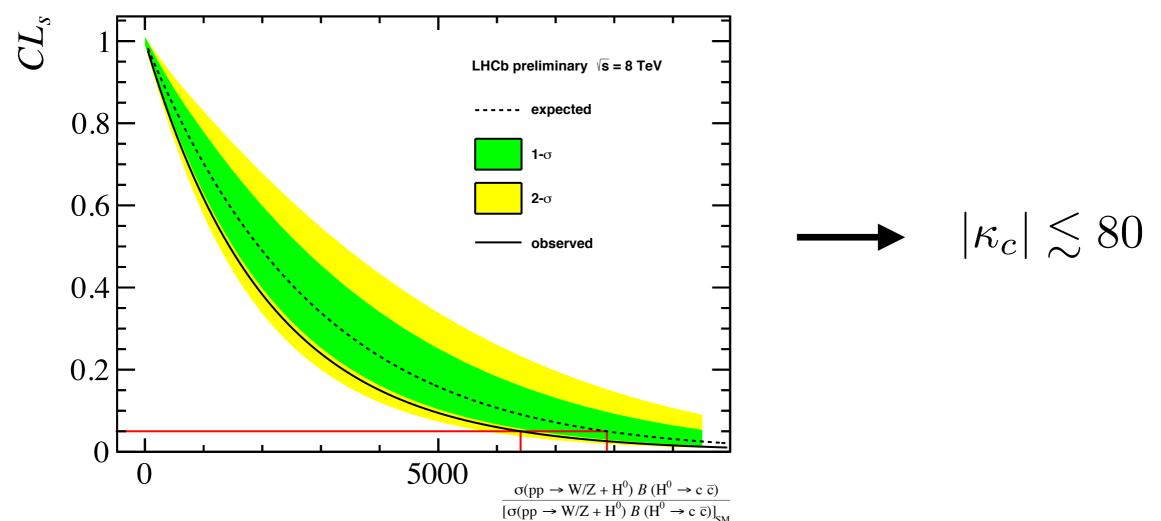
ATLAS search for $pp \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow I^+ c\bar{c}$



ATLAS sets 95% CL limit on $\sigma(pp \rightarrow Zh)$ BR($h \rightarrow c\bar{c}$) of 2.7 pb. Bound largely independent of assumed Zh($b\bar{b}$) background

Vh production at LHCb

LHCb-CONF-2016-006



Given its good b/c-tagging capabilities LHCb able to bound pp→Vh→Vcc̄ cross section despite lower acceptance

LHCb, 1504.07670

A simple observation

ATLAS & CMS, 1606.02266

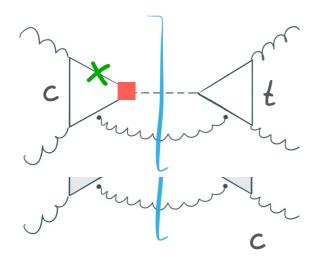
			Effective	Resolved
Production	Loops	Interference	scaling factor	scaling factor
$\sigma(ggF)$	\checkmark	t–b	κ_g^2	$1.06 \cdot \kappa_t^2 + 0.01 \cdot \kappa_t - 0.07 \cdot \kappa_t \kappa_b$
$\sigma(\text{VBF})$	_	_		$0.74 \cdot \kappa_W^2 + 0.26 \cdot \kappa_Z^2$
$\sigma(WH)$	_	_		κ_W^2
$\sigma(qq/qg \to ZH)$	_	_		κ_Z^2
$\sigma(gg \to ZH)$	\checkmark	t–Z		$2.27 \cdot \kappa_Z^2 + 0.37 \cdot \kappa_t^2 - 1.64 \cdot \kappa_K \kappa_t$
$\sigma(ttH)$	—	_		κ_t^2
$\sigma(gb \to tHW)$	—	t–W		$1.84 \cdot \kappa_t^2 + 1.57 \cdot \kappa_W^2 - 2.41 \cdot \kappa_t \kappa_W$
$\sigma(qq/qb \to tHq)$	—	t–W		$3.40 \cdot \kappa_t^2 + 3.56 \cdot \kappa_W^2 - 5.96 \cdot \kappa_t \kappa_W$
$\sigma(bbH)$	_	-		κ_b^2
Partial decay width				
Γ^{ZZ}	_	_		κ_Z^2
Γ^{WW}	_	_		κ_W^2
Γγγ	\checkmark	t–W	κ_{γ}^2	$1.59 \cdot \kappa_W^2 + 0.07 \cdot \kappa_t^2 - 0.66 \cdot \kappa_W \kappa_t$
$\Gamma^{\tau\tau}$	_	_		$\kappa_{ au}^2$
Γ^{bb}	_	_		κ_b^2
$\Gamma^{\mu\mu}$	_	_		κ_{μ}^2
Total width ($B_{BSM} =$	0)			
				$0.57 \cdot \kappa_b^2 + 0.22 \cdot \kappa_W^2 + 0.09 \cdot \kappa_g^2 +$
Γ_H	\checkmark	_	κ_{H}^{2}	$0.06 \cdot \kappa_{\tau}^2 + 0.03 \cdot \kappa_Z^2 + 0.03 \cdot \kappa_c^2 +$
				$0.0023 \cdot \kappa_{\gamma}^2 + 0.0016 \cdot \kappa_{(Z\gamma)}^2 +$
				$0.0001 \cdot \kappa_s^2 + 0.00022 \cdot \kappa_\mu^2$

A simple observation

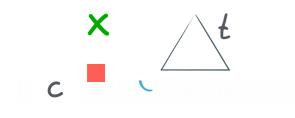
- In the SM, the interference between top & bottom loops does not only change the total Higgs production cross section but also distributions in pp→hj, e.g. p_{T,h}, y_h, p_{T,j}, ...
- Potential to constrain Yukawa modifications $\kappa_c = y_c/y_c^{SM}$ from measurements of shapes of distributions at moderate $p_{T,h}$
- At HL-LHC with 3 ab⁻¹, low-p_{T,h} measurements are not statistics limited. Future bounds on κ_c from Higgs spectra thus depend sensitively on size of systematic & theory uncertainties

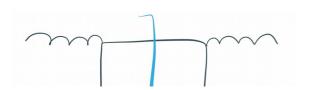
Charm contributions to $pp \rightarrow hj$

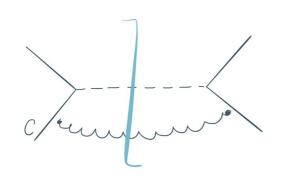
/



$$\sim \alpha_s^3 y_c m_c \ln^2 \left(\frac{p_T^2}{m_c^2}\right)$$
$$\sim \alpha_s \alpha_s^2 y_c m_c \quad (=0 \text{ in } 4, 5 \text{ flavour scheme})$$

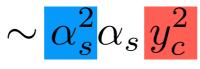








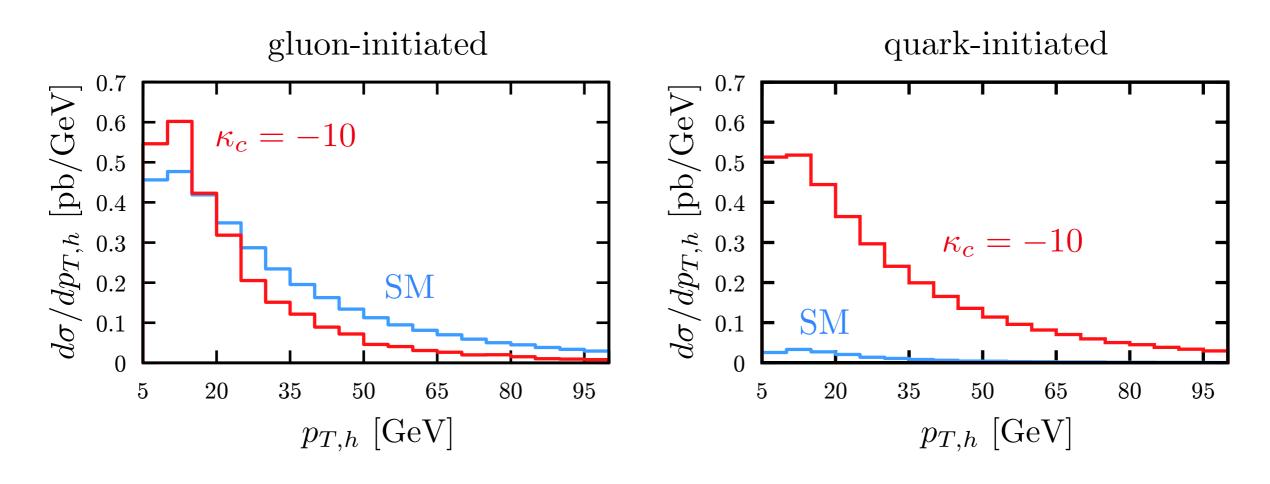
 $\alpha_s \alpha_s$



chirality flip

extra powers of α_s from charm PDF

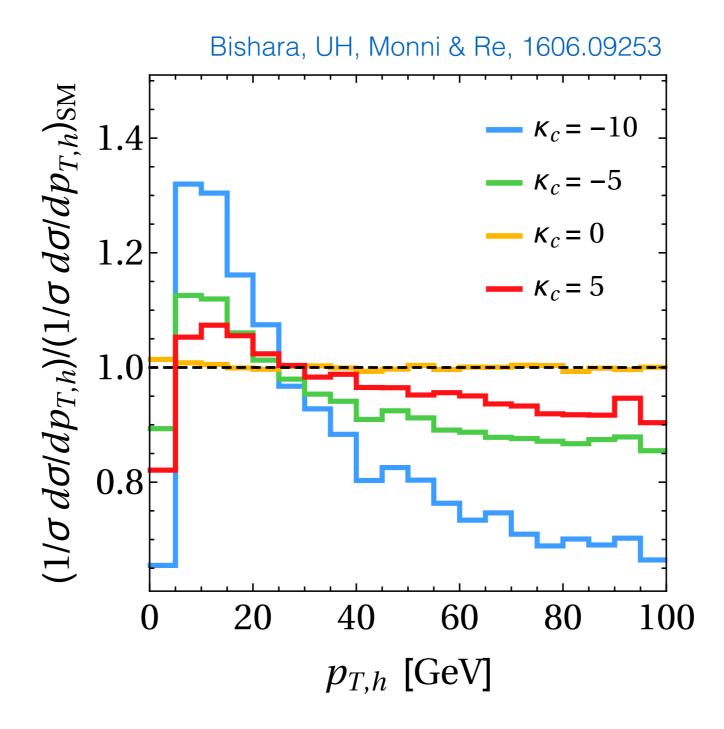
Charm contributions to pp→hj



For $|\kappa_c| < O(10)$ gg-channel dominates, while for $|\kappa_c| > O(10)$ gq- & q \overline{q} -production become as relevant. For $y_{s,d,u}$, quark-channels dominate given LHC sensitivities of $|\kappa_{s,d,u}| \gg 10$

Bishara, UH, Monni & Re, 1606.09253; Soreq, Zhu & Zupan, 1606.09621

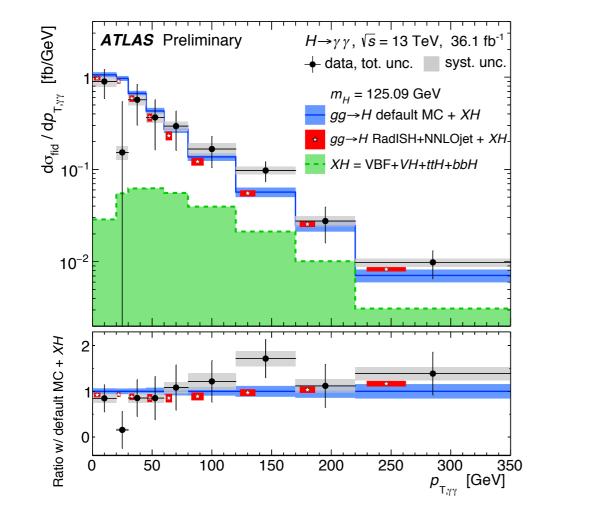
Normalised p_{T,h} spectra



O(1) deviations in κ_c lead to few % effects in $p_{T,h}$ distribution

p_{T,h} spectra at 13 TeV

ATLAS-CONF-2017-045

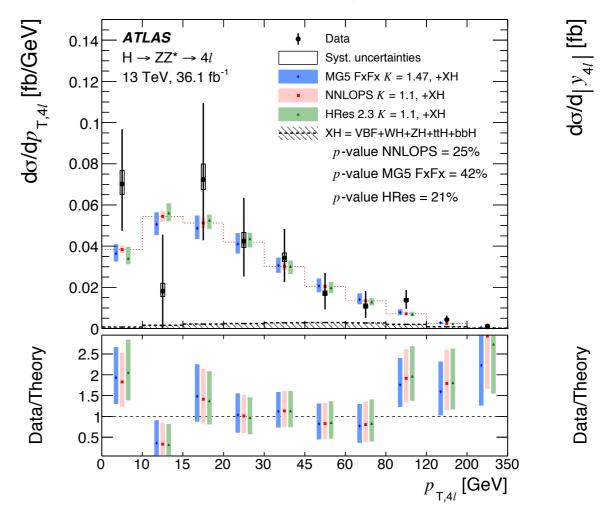


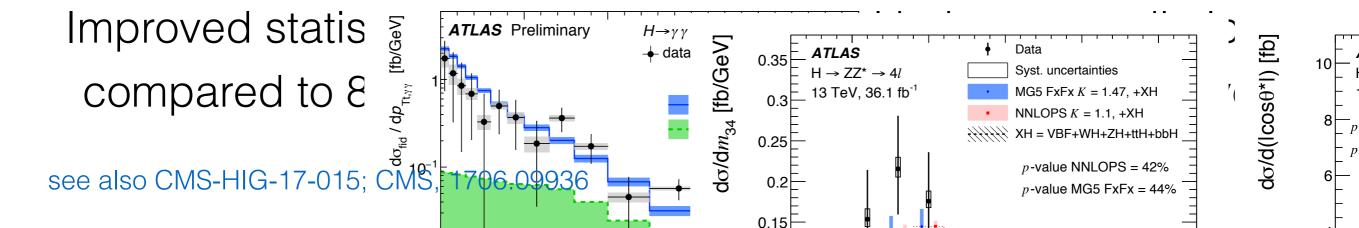
ATLAS, 1708.02810

2.5

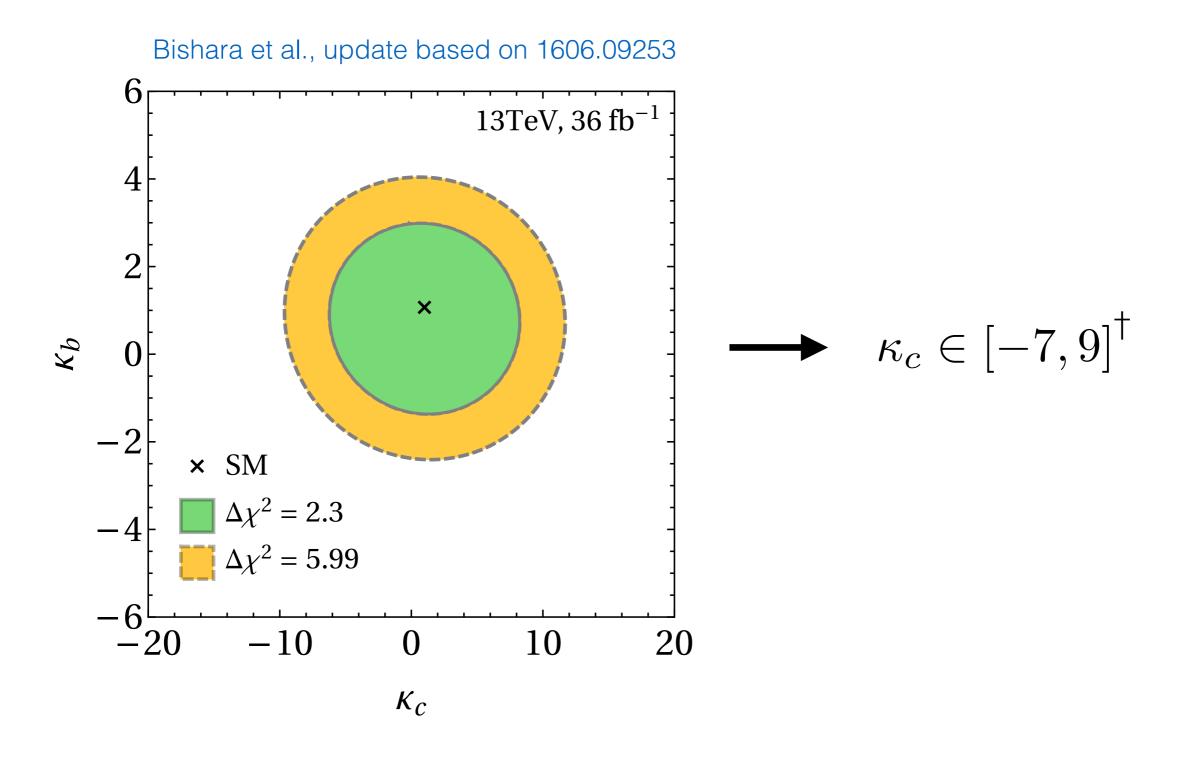
1.5

0.5



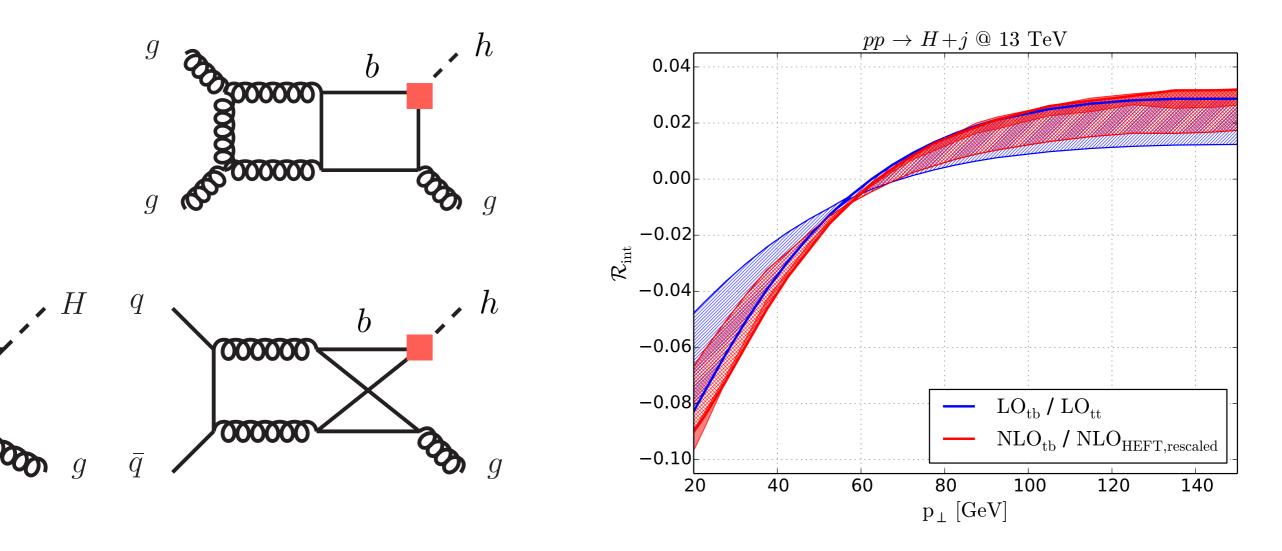


Current $\kappa_{c,b}$ bounds from $p_{T,h}$



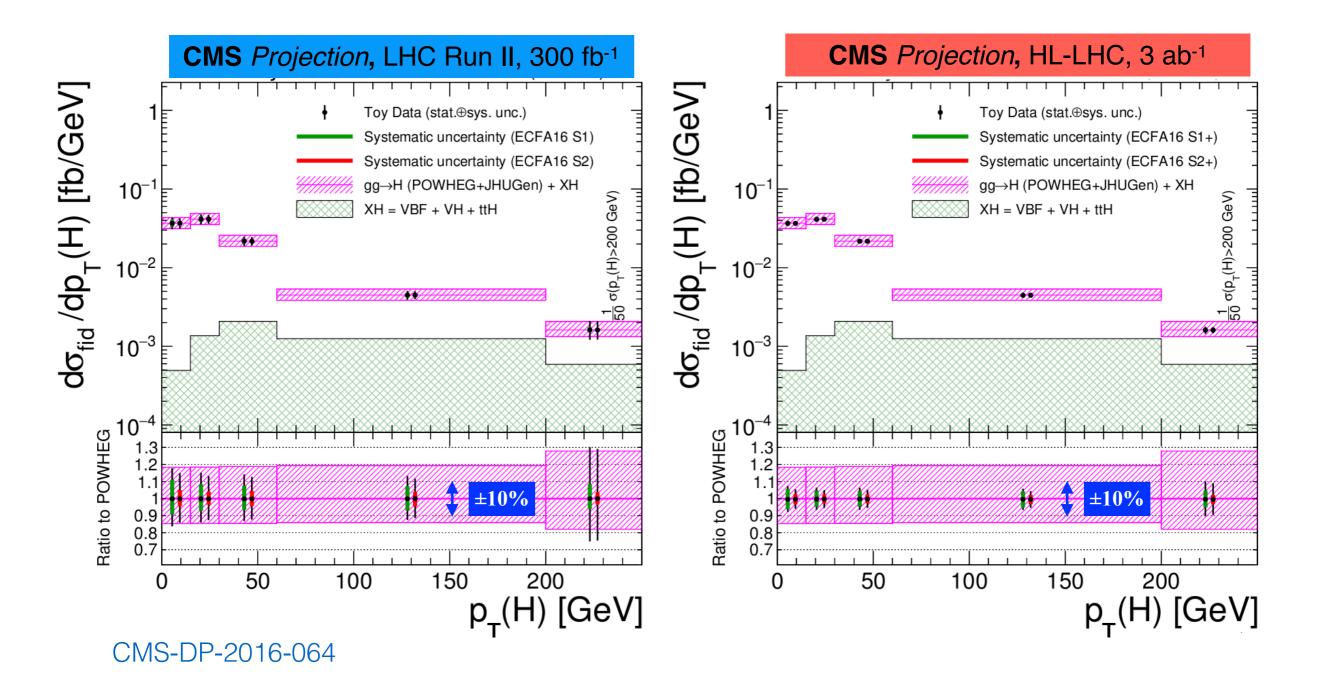
⁺95% CL bound at LHC Run I was $\kappa_c \in$ [-16, 18]

Top-bottom interference at NLO



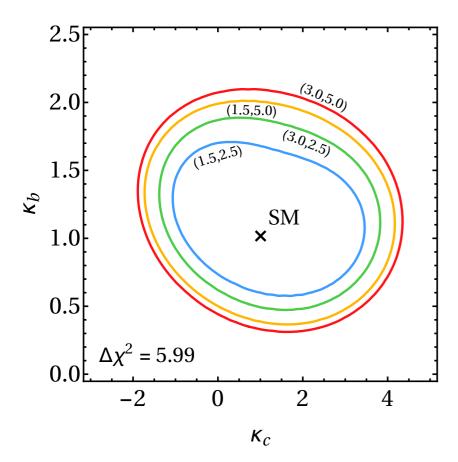
NLO corrections of O(50%) but closely track QCD effects to topmediated contribution. For $p_{T,h} < 30$ GeV inclusion of NLO effects lead to a O(2) reduction of scheme ambiguity related to m_b

p_{T,h} spectra at future LHC runs



Systematic errors of a few % should be achievable at HL-LHC

$K_{C,b}$ bounds: HL-LHC



	experimental $[\%]$	theoretical $[\%]$	$\kappa_c \in$
S_1	1.5	2.5	[-0.6, 3.0]
S_2	3.0	2.5	[-0.9, 3.3]
S_3	1.5	5.0	[-1.2, 3.6]
S_4	3.0	5.0	[-1.3, 3.7]

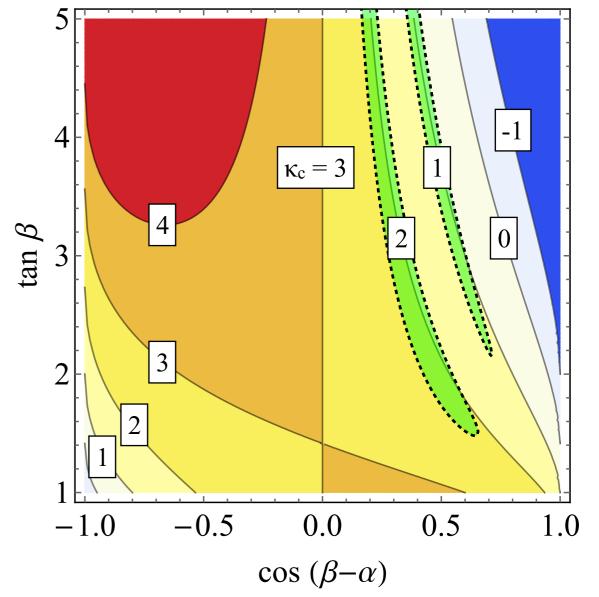
Under realistic assumptions about experimental & theoretical progress possible to probe $|\kappa_c| = O(\text{few})$ using $p_{T,h}$ spectrum

Models with Higgs-dependent yc

$$\mathcal{L} \supset y_{ij}^u \left(\frac{H_u H_d}{\Lambda^2}\right)^{a_i - a_{u_j} - a_{H_u}} \bar{Q}_i H_u u_{Rj}$$

allowed by global fit to LHC Run I Higgs data

In models with Higgs-dependent Yukawa couplings, one can obtain O(few) modifications of y_c & while satisfying Higgs measurements UH based on Bauer et al., 1506.01719



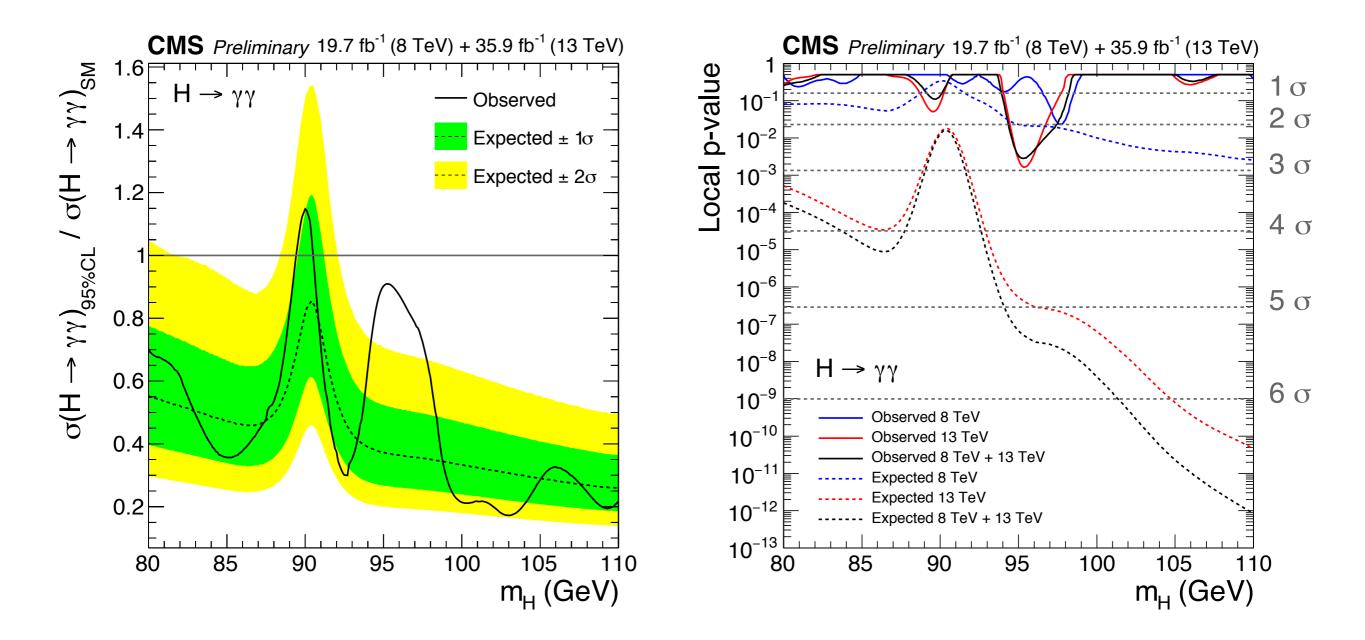
Conclusions

- In my opinion no hard separation between direct & indirect probes of Higgs Yukawa couplings.
 Even direct tests such as extractions of κ_t using th production depend on assumptions
- Sensitivity of LHC to charm Yukawa higher than anticipated. Complementary strategies exist that should be combined to tighten bounds on κ_c

Backup

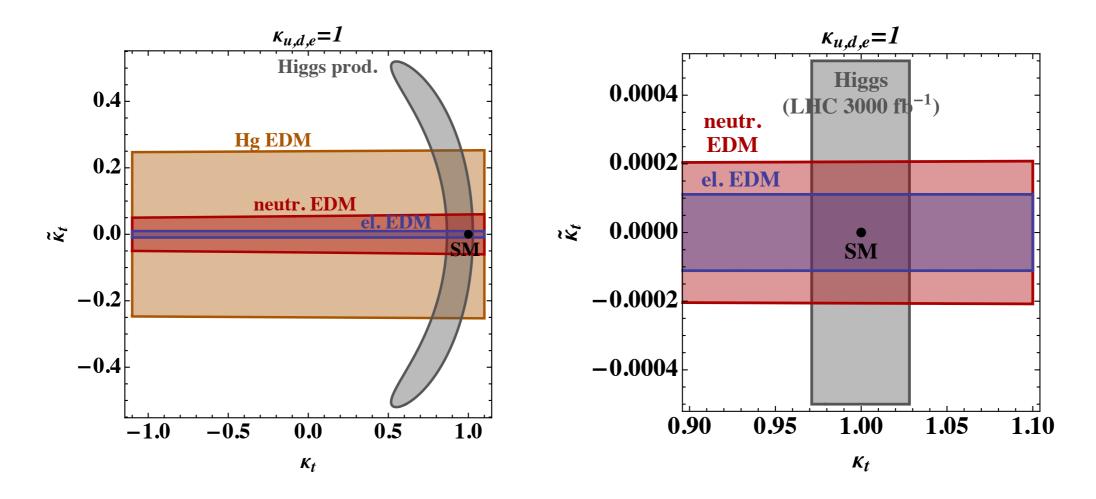


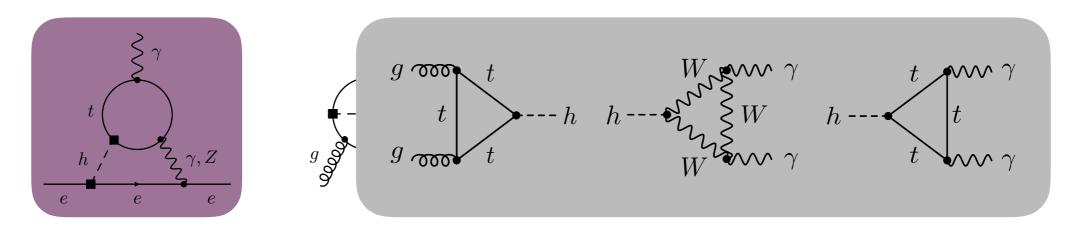
CMS diphoton excess



CMS-PAS-HIG-17-013

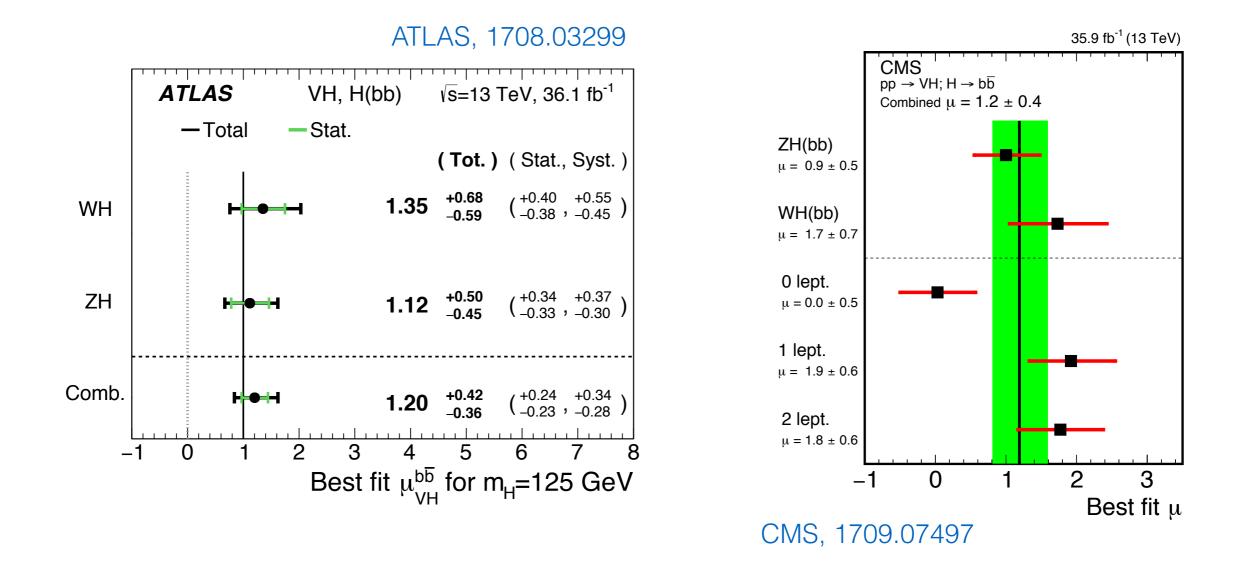
CP-violating top-Higgs coupling





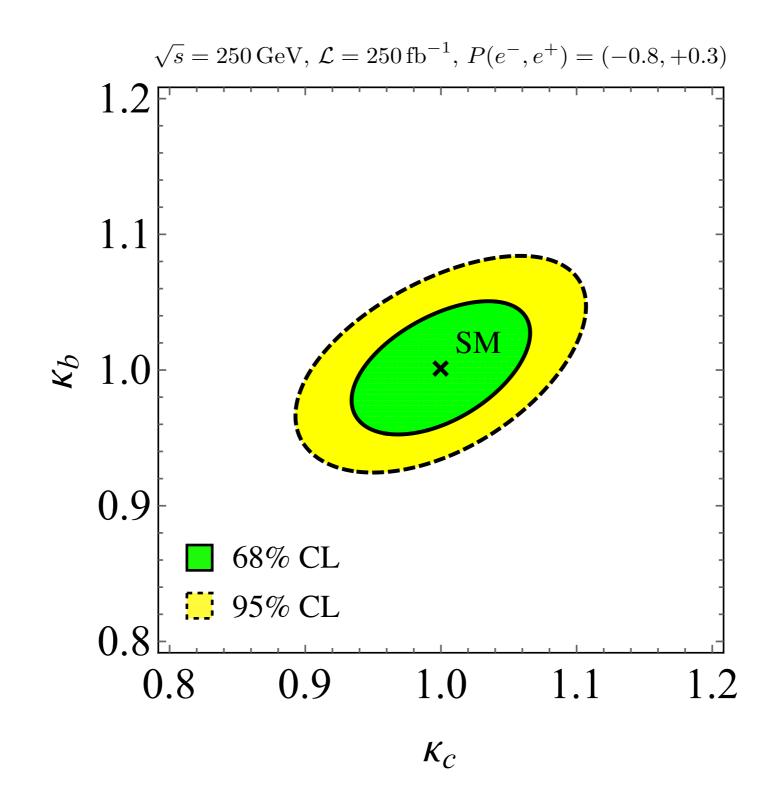
Brod, UH & Zupan, 1310.1385

Searches for bb in Vh production



Both ATLAS & CMS find evidence for (Vh)bb signature in Run II. Combinations with Run I lead to results that agree to 30% (1) with SM

K_{c,b} bounds: ILC



UH based on Ono & Miyamoto, 1207.0300

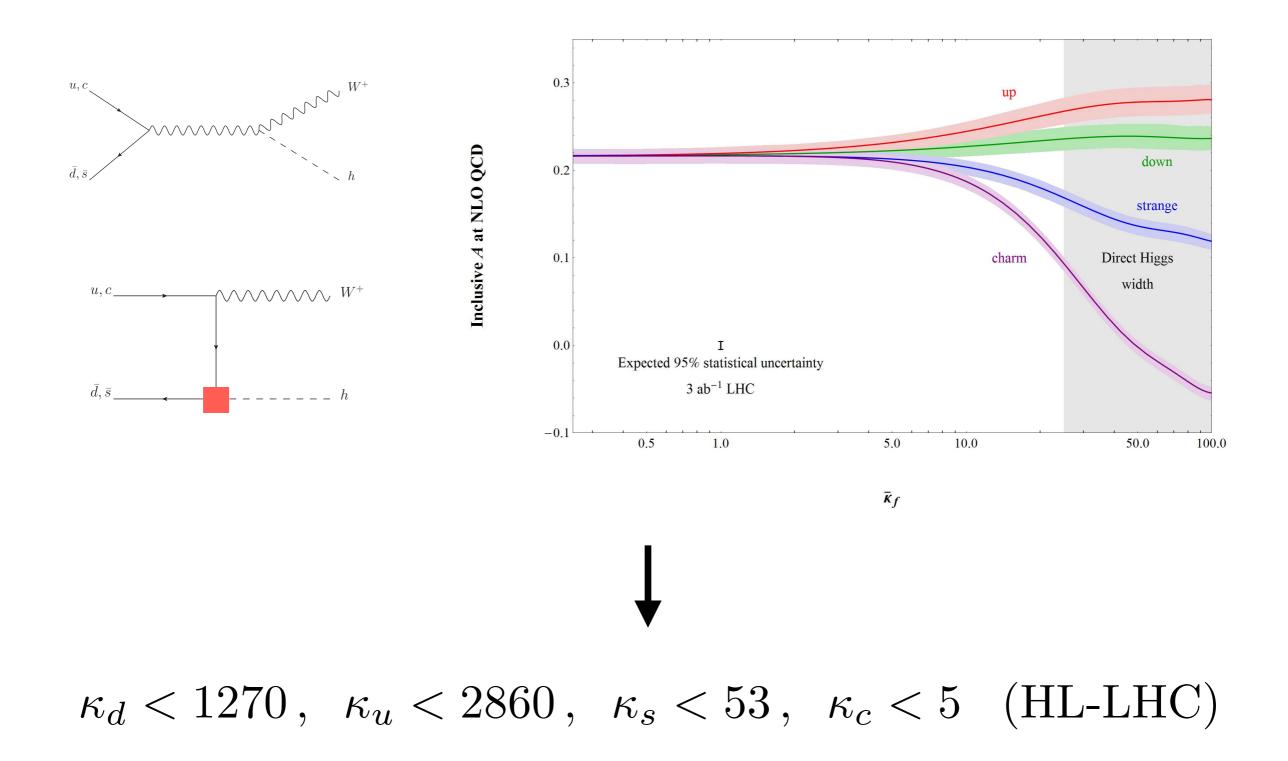
Searches for $h \rightarrow \phi/\rho\gamma$

ATLAS, 1712.02758

Branching Fraction Limit (95% CL)	Expected	Observed
$\mathcal{B}(H \to \phi \gamma) \left[\ 10^{-4} \ \right]$	$4.2^{+1.8}_{-1.2}$	4.8
$\mathcal{B}\left(Z \to \phi \gamma\right) \left[\begin{array}{c} 10^{-6} \end{array} \right]$	$1.3^{+0.6}_{-0.4}$	0.9
$\mathcal{B}\left(H\to\rho\gamma\right)\left[\ 10^{-4}\ \right]$	$8.4^{+4.1}_{-2.4}$	8.8
$\mathcal{B}\left(Z\to\rho\gamma\right)\left[\begin{array}{c}10^{-6}\end{array}\right]$	33^{+13}_{-9}	25

$$\frac{\mathrm{BR}(h \to \phi \gamma)}{\mathrm{BR}(h \to \phi \gamma)_{\mathrm{SM}}} \lesssim 200 \quad \longrightarrow \quad |\kappa_s| \lesssim 10000$$

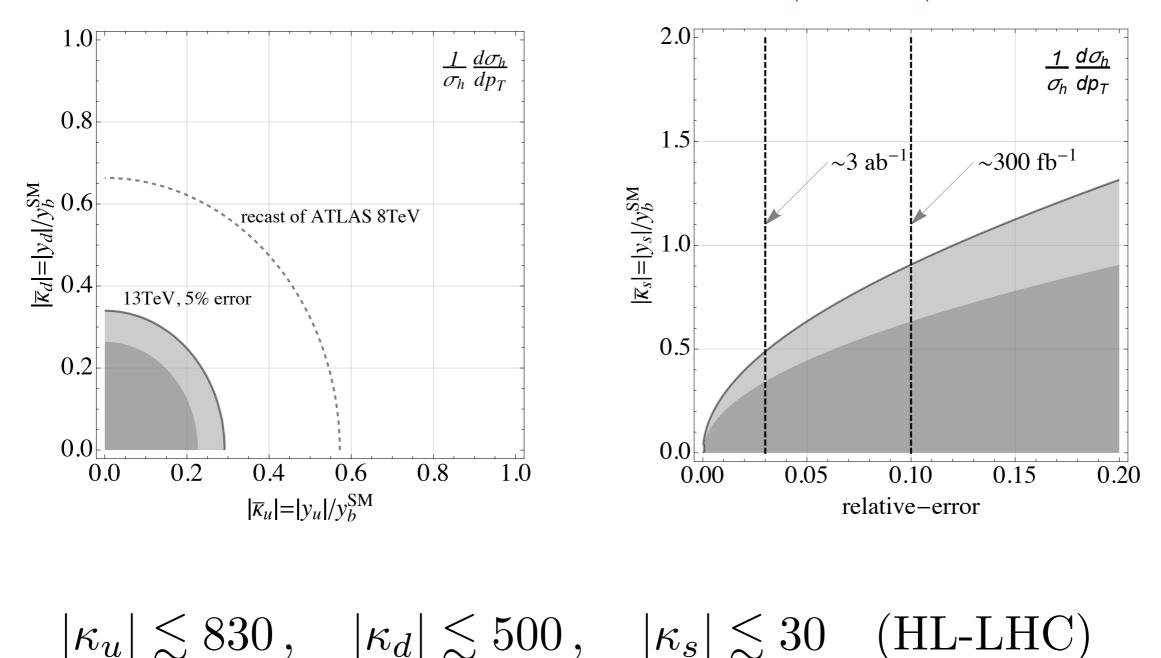
W[±]h charge asymmetry



Yu, 1609.06592

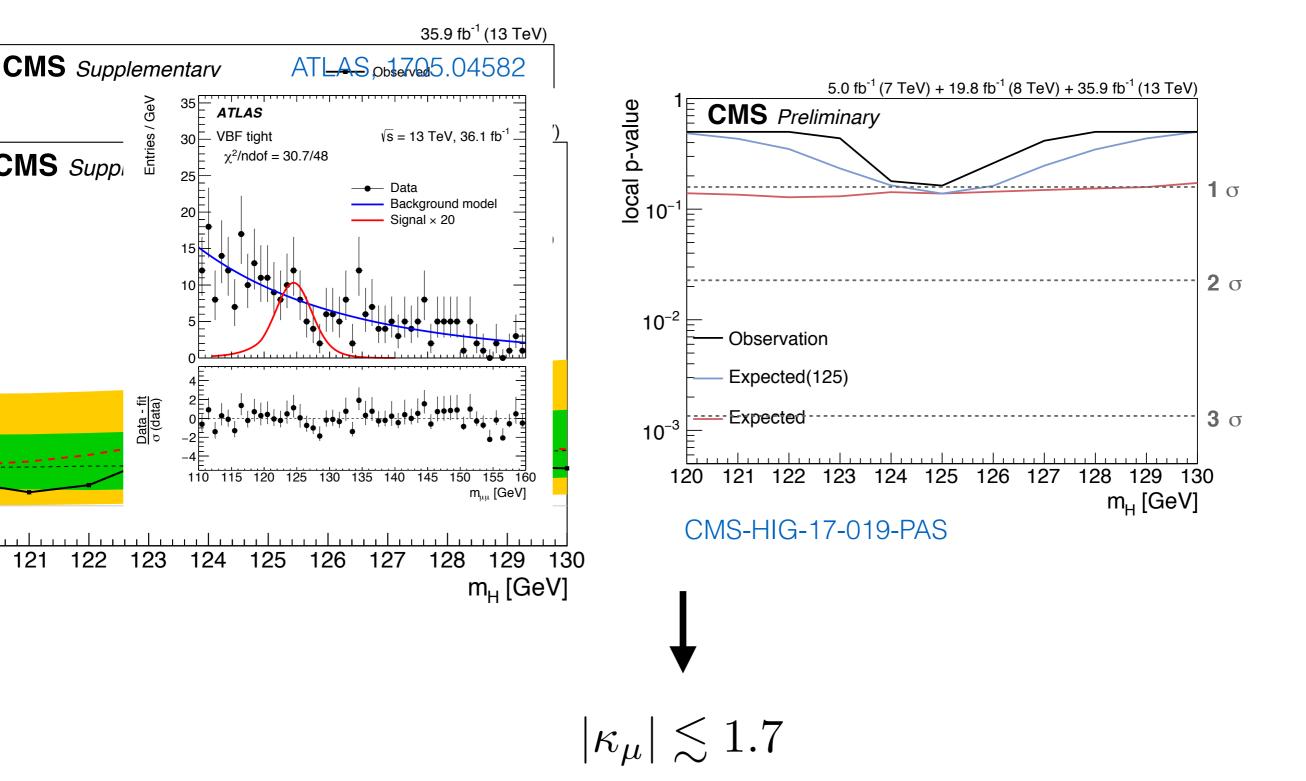
Ku,d,s from Higgs distributions

Soreq, Zhu & Zupan, 1606.09621



Bishara, UH, Monni & Re, 1606.09253; Soreq, Zhu & Zupan, 1606.09621

Bounds on muon Yukawa



Bounds on electron Yukawa

Altmannshofer, Brod & Schmaltz, 1503.04830

$h \rightarrow e^+ e^-$	LHC8 $(25/fb)$	$ \kappa_e \lesssim 600$	$M\gtrsim 6~{ m TeV}$
	LHC14 $(300/fb)$	$ \kappa_e \sim 260$	$M \sim 9 { m TeV}$
	LHC14 $(3/ab)$	$ \kappa_e \sim 150$	$M \sim 12 { m ~TeV}$
	$100 { m TeV} (3/{ m ab})$	$ \kappa_e \sim 75$	$M \sim 17 { m ~TeV}$
$e^+e^- \rightarrow h$	LEP II	$ \kappa_e \lesssim 2000$	$M\gtrsim 3~{\rm TeV}$
	TLEP $(1/fb)$	$ \kappa_e \sim 50$	$M \sim 20 { m ~TeV}$
	TLEP $(100/fb)$	$ \kappa_e \sim 10$	$M \sim 50 { m ~TeV}$
d_e	current	$\mathrm{Im}\kappa_e \lesssim 0.017$	$M \gtrsim 1000 { m TeV}$
	future	$\mathrm{Im}\kappa_e\sim 0.0001$	$M \sim 10^4 { m ~TeV}$
$(g - 2)_e$	current	$\operatorname{Re}\kappa_e \lesssim 3000$	$M\gtrsim 2.5~{\rm TeV}$
	future	$\operatorname{Re}\kappa_e\sim 300$	$M \sim 8 { m ~TeV}$

LHC8 bound obtained from CMS, 1410.6679

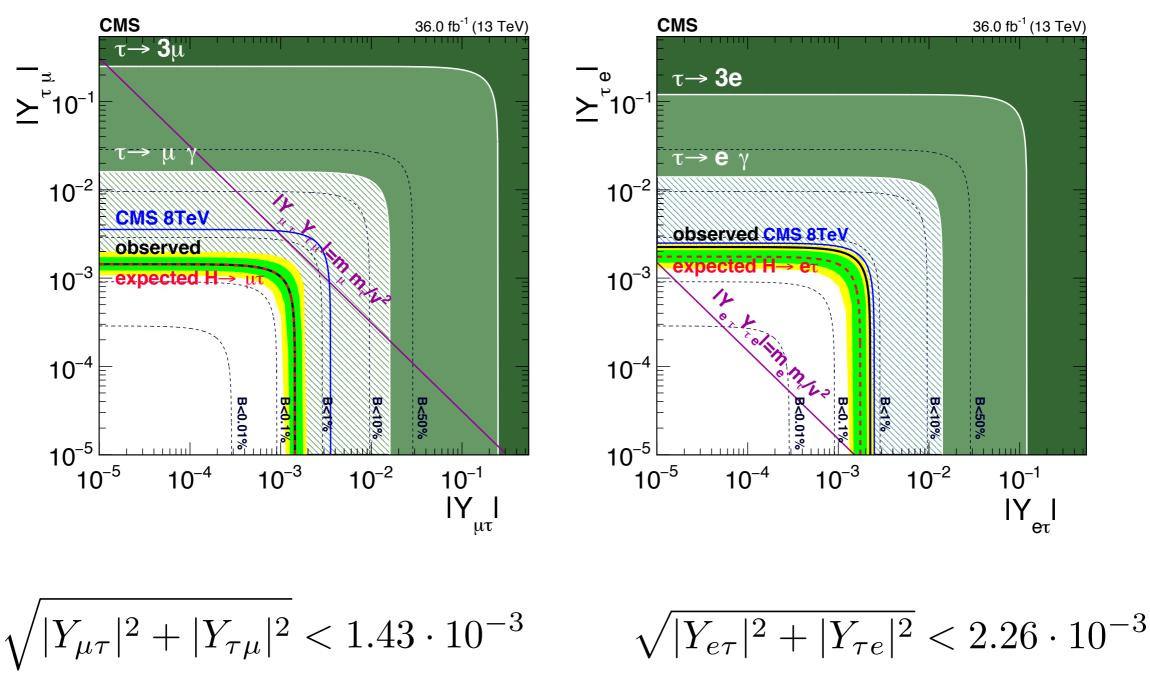
Top flavour-changing Yukawas

Observable	Coupling	Present bound	Future sensitivity
LHC searches	$\frac{\sqrt{ Y_{tc} ^2 + Y_{ct} ^2}}{\sqrt{ Y_{tu} ^2 + Y_{ut} ^2}}$	$9.0 \cdot 10^{-2}$ $9.4 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$2.8 \cdot 10^{-2}$ $2.8 \cdot 10^{-2}$
d_n	$ \operatorname{Im} (Y_{tc}Y_{ct}) $ $ \operatorname{Im} (Y_{tu}Y_{ut}) $ $ \operatorname{Im} (Y_{tc}Y_{ct}) $	$5.0 \cdot 10^{-4}$ $4.3 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$1.7 \cdot 10^{-6}$ $1.5 \cdot 10^{-9}$ $1.7 \cdot 10^{-7}$
d_D	$\left \operatorname{Im}\left(Y_{tu}Y_{ut}\right)\right $		$1.7 \cdot 10^{-11}$
$\Delta A_{\rm CP}$ $D - \overline{D}$ mixing	$\frac{\left \operatorname{Im}\left(Y_{ut}^{*}Y_{ct}\right)\right }{\sqrt{\left \operatorname{Im}\left(Y_{tc}^{*}Y_{ut}^{*}Y_{tu}Y_{ct}\right)\right }}$	$4.0 \cdot 10^{-4}$ $4.1 \cdot 10^{-4}$	 $1.3 \cdot 10^{-4}$

update of Gorbahn & UH, 1404.4873; present LHC bounds from ATLAS, 1707.01404

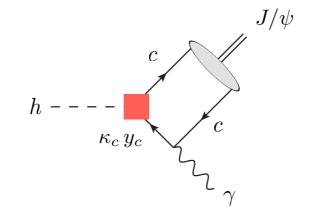
Leptonic flavour-changing Yukawas

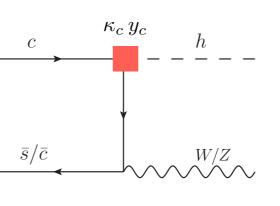
CMS,1712.07173

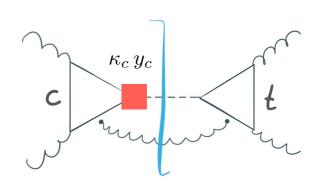


see also ATLAS, 1604.07730

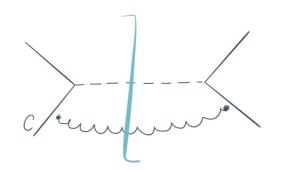
Assortment of bounds on $\kappa_{\rm c}$





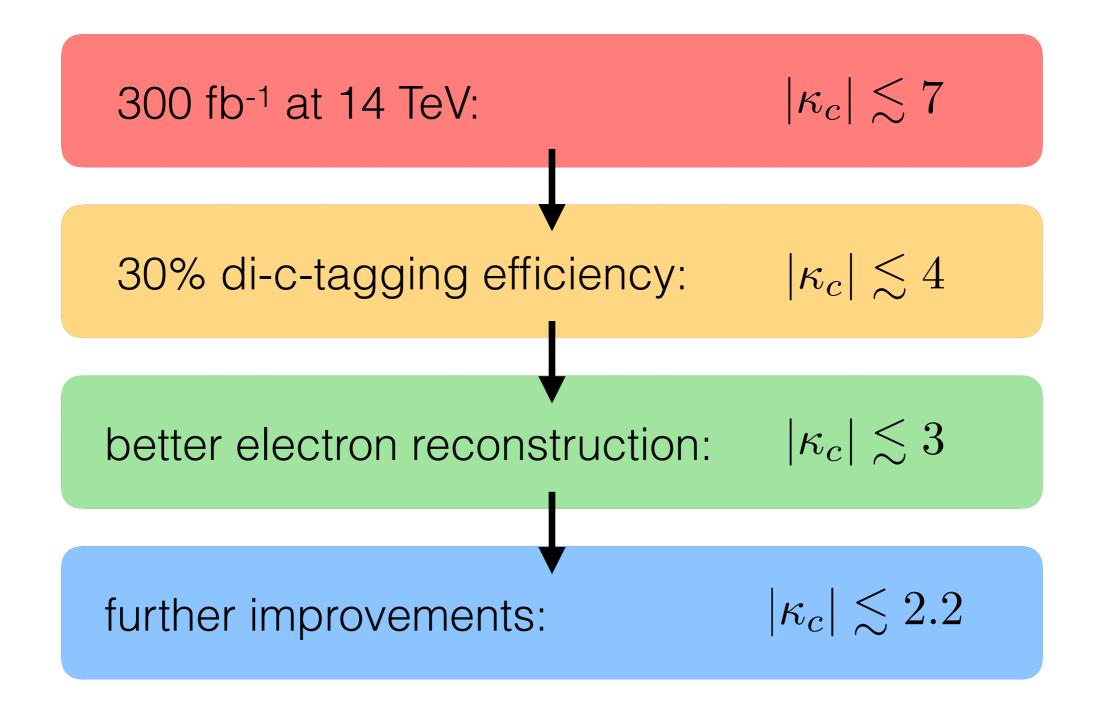


LHC Run I $|\kappa_c| < 429$ $|\kappa_c| < 234$ $\kappa_c \in [-16, 18]$ LHC Run II $|\kappa_c| \lesssim 80$ $|\kappa_c| < 21$ $\kappa_c \in [-1.4, 3.8]$ HL-LHC $|\kappa_c| \lesssim 45$ $|\kappa_c| < 3.7$ $\kappa_c \in [-0.6, 3.0]$



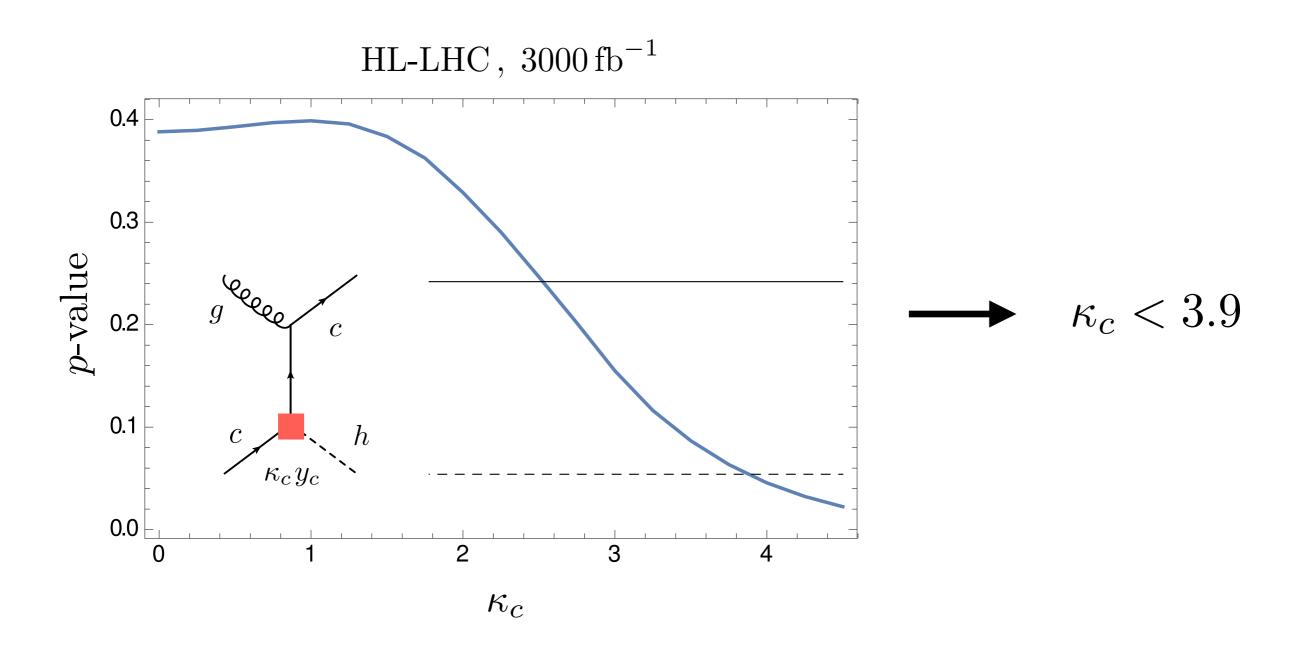
Perez et al., 1503.00290, 1505.06689; König & Neubert, 1505.03870; Bishara

LHCb upgrade II: bounds on κ_{c}

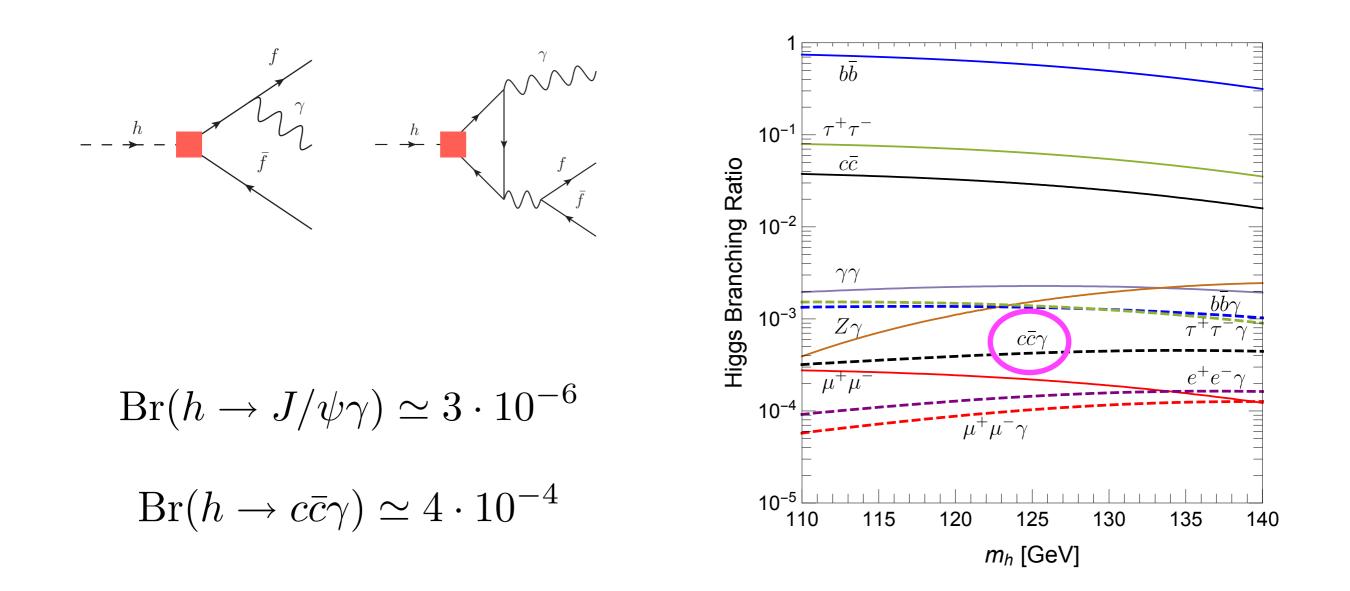


projections taken from "Beyond the LHCb Phase-I Upgrade" talk by Williams

Higgs & charm production

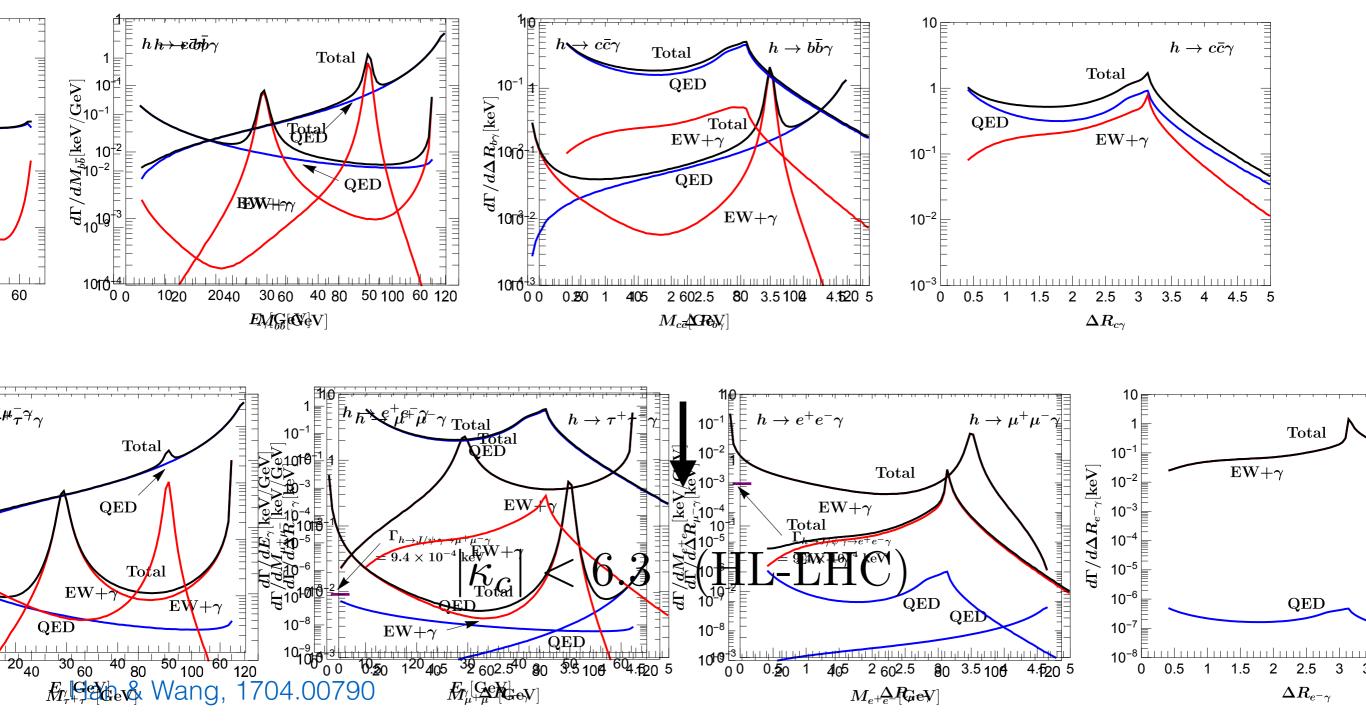


Charm Yukawa from $h \rightarrow c \bar{c} \gamma$

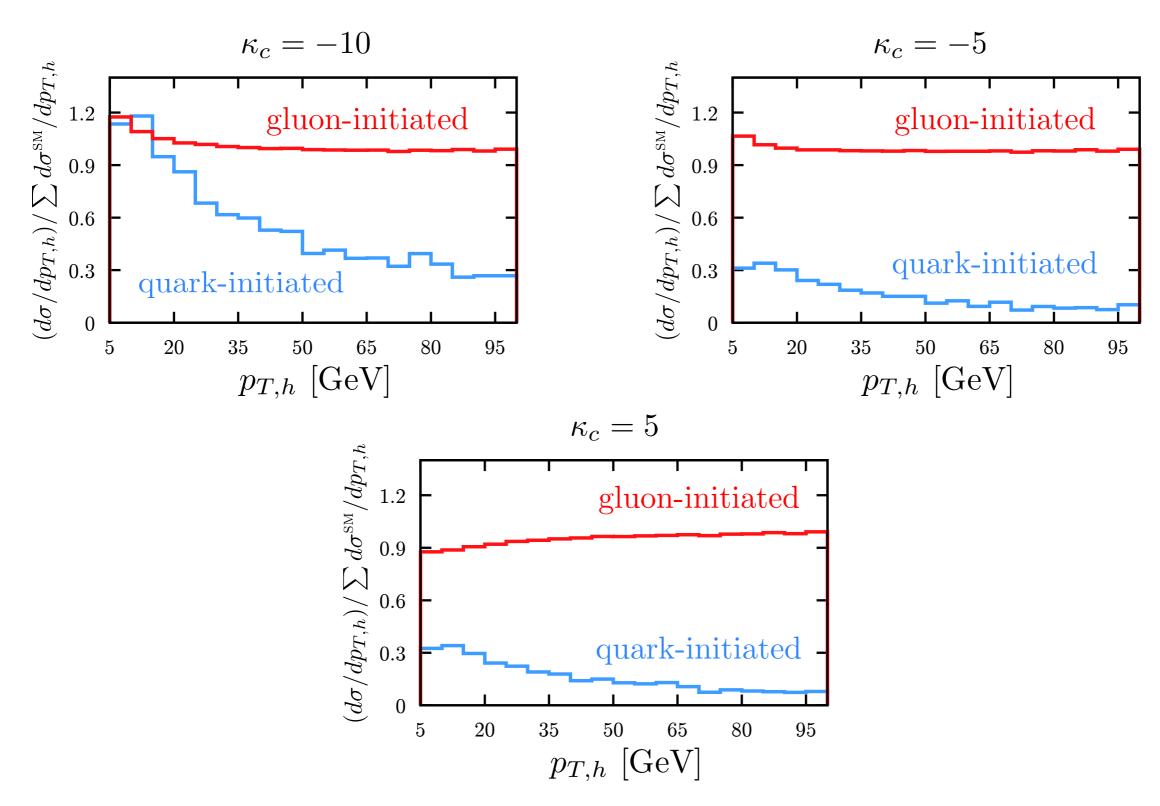


Han & Wang, 1704.00790

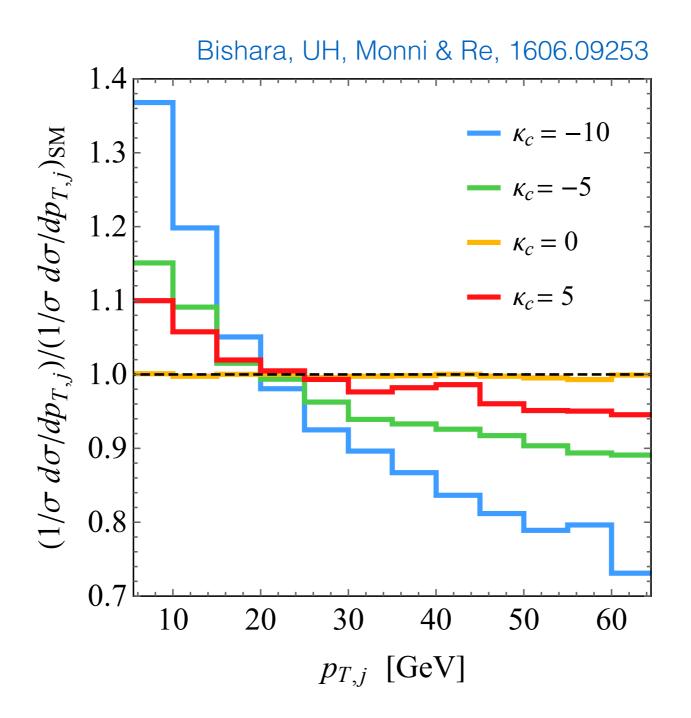
Charm Yukawa from $h \rightarrow c \bar{c} \gamma$



Charm contributions to $pp \rightarrow hj$

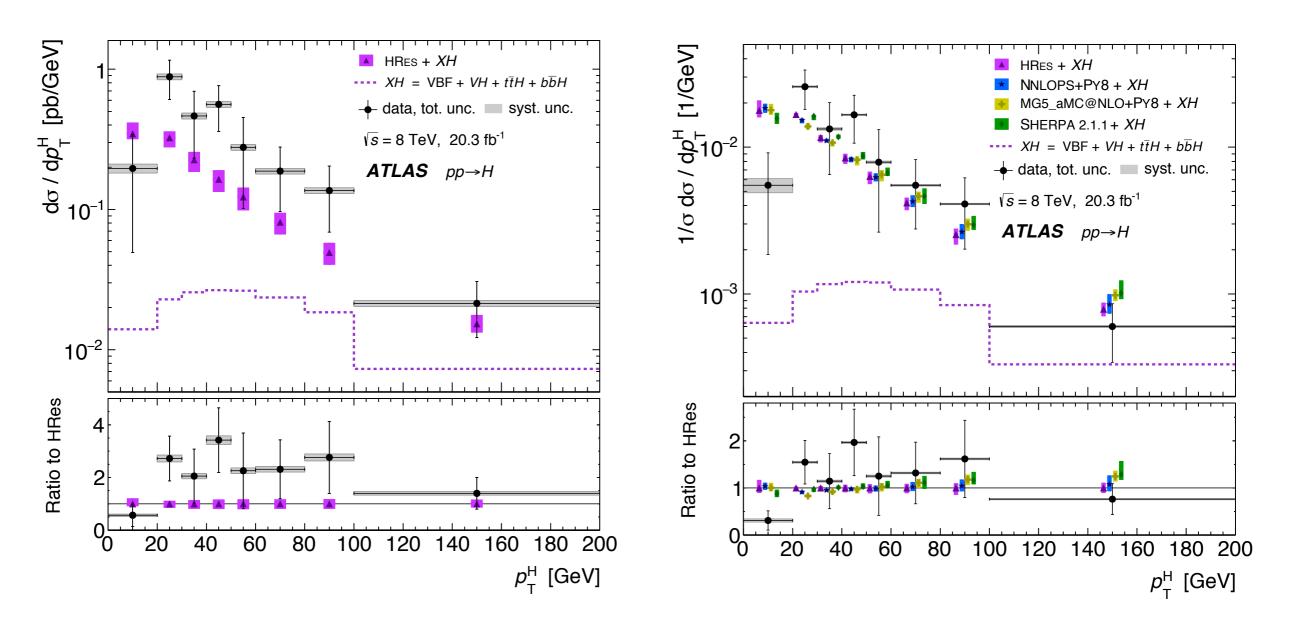


Normalised p_{T,j} spectra



O(1) deviations in κ_c lead to few % effects in $p_{T,j}$ distribution

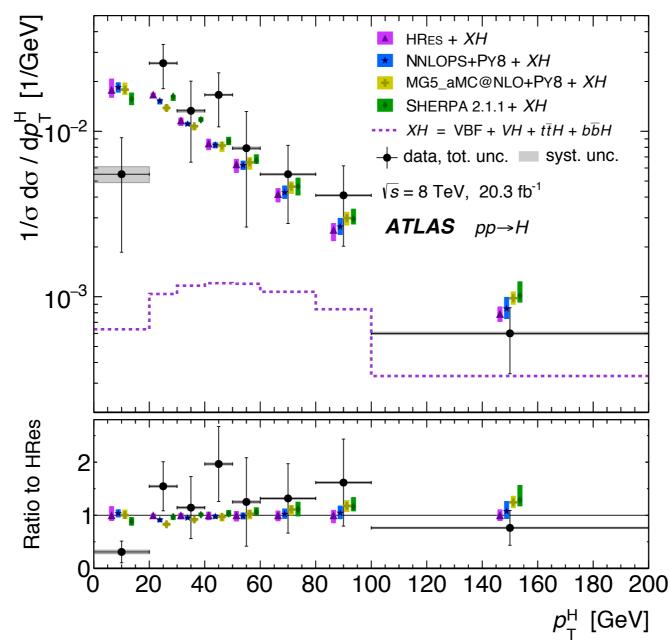
(Un)Normalised pt,h spectra



Systematic uncertainties largely cancel in normalised p_{T,h} distribution. Same is true for some of the theory errors

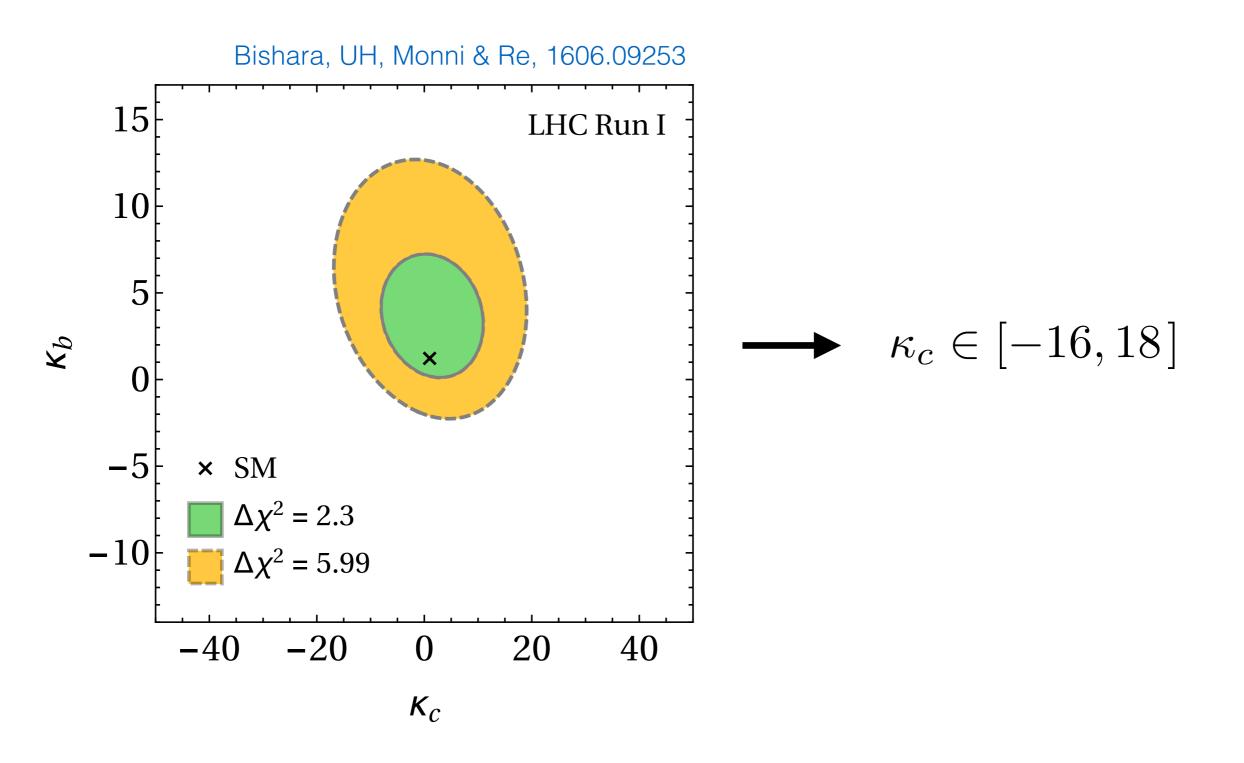
p_{T,h} spectra at 8 TeV

ATLAS, 1504.05833

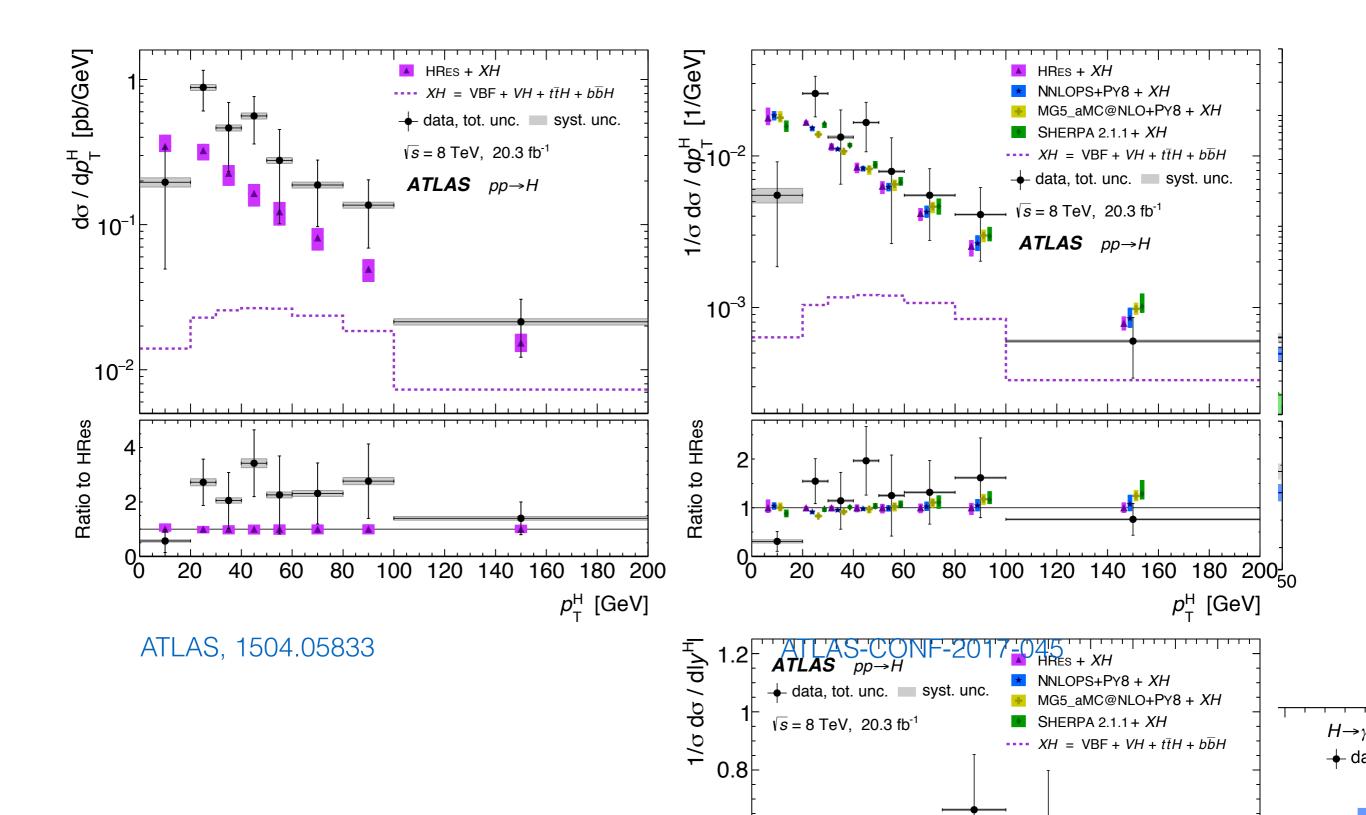


Statistics limited & ATLAS data not in full agreement with theory

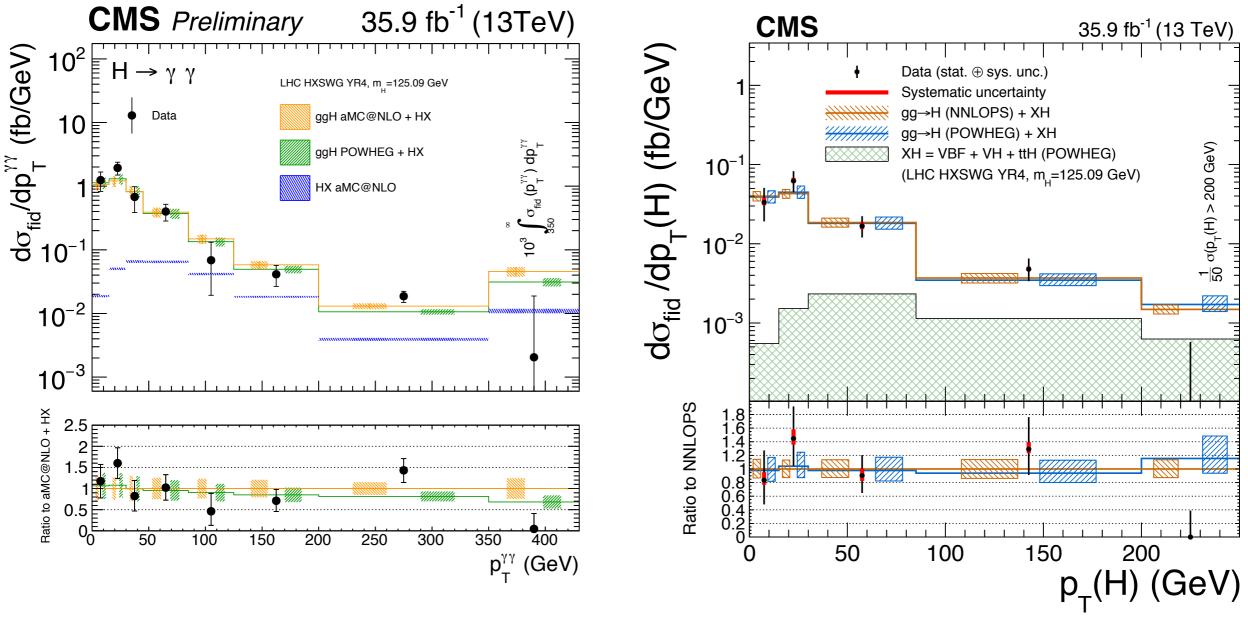
Kc,b bounds: LHC Run I



ATLAS pT,h spectra: 8 TeV vs.13 TeV



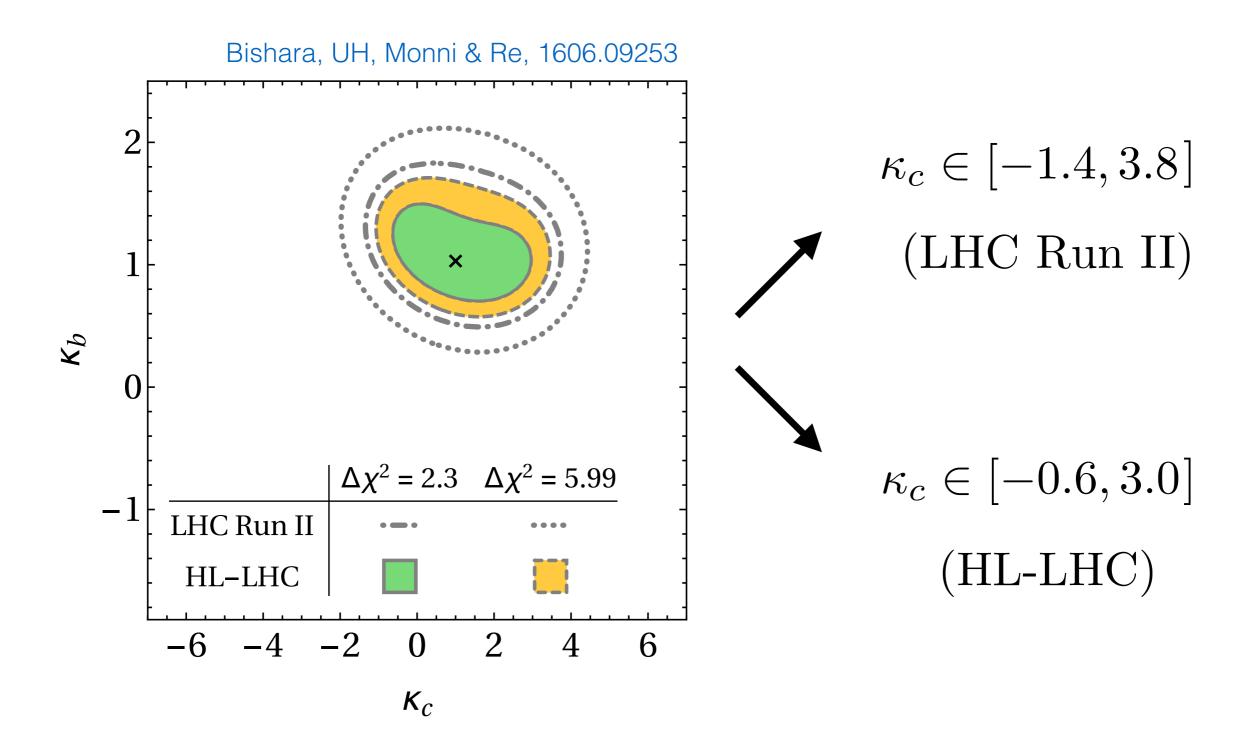
CMS p_{T,h} spectra at 13 TeV



CMS-HIG-17-015

CMS, 1706.09936

Constraints on Kc,b: prospects



Impact of theory error at HL-LHC

