

Diboson Physics at ATLAS

Konstantinos Bachas
on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

Aristotle University of Thessaloniki

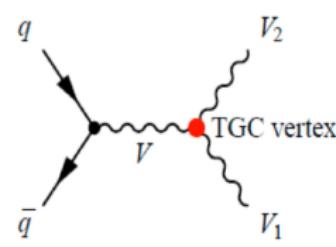
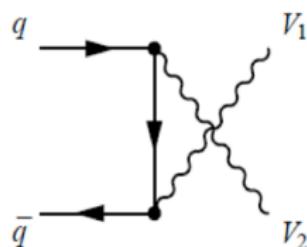
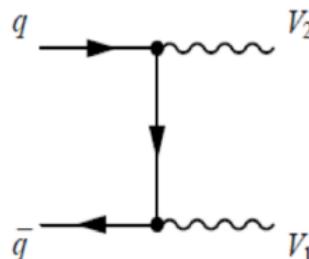
Les Rencontres de Physique de la Vallee d'Aoste
La Thuile, February 27, 2013



Diboson physics overview

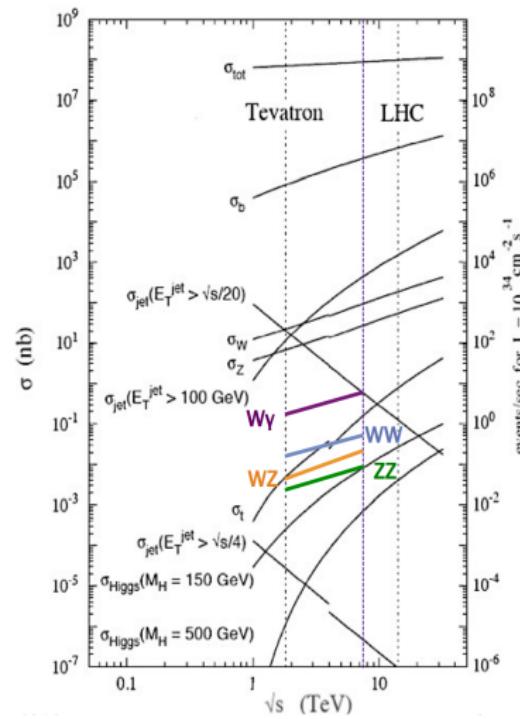
- Diboson production cross-section measurements
 - High energy test of Standard Model(SM) predictions at TeV scale
 - Irreducible background to Higgs
 - Sensitivity to new particles decaying to diboson (Technicolor, SUSY)

- Anomalous Triple Gauge Couplings (aTGC)
 - Vector boson self-couplings fundamental prediction of the Electroweak Sector of SM
 - Probe to new physics through deviations of measured cross sections from predictions



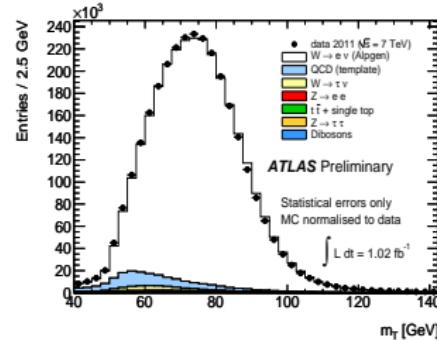
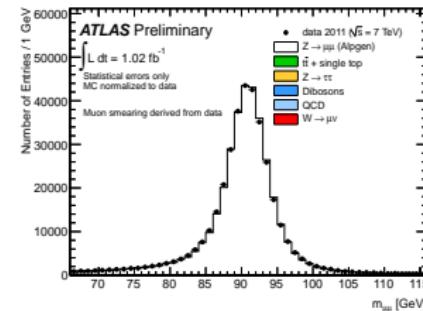
Diboson measurements with ATLAS at the LHC

- Diboson measurements performed at ATLAS with 2011 data @ 7TeV:
 - WW, WZ, ZZ, W/Z γ
 - Using the full dataset available ($\sim 4.7 fb^{-1}$)
- Diboson measurements performed at ATLAS with 2012 data@ 8TeV:
 - ZZ with $5.8 fb^{-1}$
- Leptonic decay channels with clean signals and low background
- Small cross sections O(1-100 pb)



Common signatures and selections

- Leptons
 - High- p_T leptons $> 7 - 20 \text{ GeV}$ in geometrical acceptance of $|\eta| < 2.7(\mu), < 2.47(e)$
 - Calorimeter and track isolation utilised
 - Single lepton triggers
- Photons
 - $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$ in geometrical acceptance of $|\eta| < 2.4$
 - Calorimeter based isolation
- $Z \rightarrow l^+l^-$ selection
 - Invariant mass in windows of 10 to 25 GeV away from PDG mass
- $W \rightarrow l\nu$ selection
 - Large Missing transverse energy, E_T^{miss} cuts starting $> 25 \text{ GeV}$
 - Computed from jets, leptons and calorimetric clusters
 - $|\eta|_{E_T^{\text{miss}}} < 4.5$
 - Transverse mass, m_T , cuts starting $> 20 \text{ GeV}$



Common backgrounds

- Mainly 3 sources of background common to diboson processes

- W/Z+jets

- Genuine isolated high- p_T leptons from boson decay
- Lepton(s) from heavy and light flavour decays
- Lepton-like jets

- $t\bar{t}$ and single-top

- Prompt isolated leptons from W decays
- Large E_T^{miss} and jet(s)

- Diboson processes

- Each diboson process is a background to the others

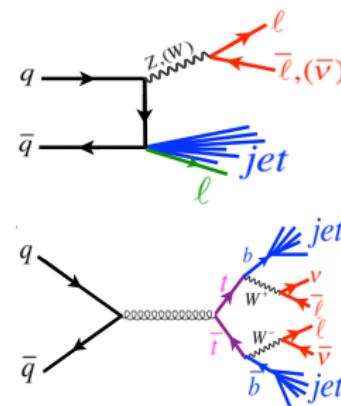
- Background estimation using

- Data driven methods

- MC is weak in describing fragmentation processes
- W/Z+jets and $t\bar{t}$ usually estimated from data driven techniques

- MC based estimation

- Dibosons. MC expectation and shapes enter directly in the analysis.



Cross-section measurement methodology

- 'Cut and count' analysis yields observed events
- Background estimation with data-driven and MC based methods
- Measure the total and fiducial cross-sections

Total x-section

$$\sigma_{tot} = \frac{N_{obs} - N_{bkg}}{A \times C \times L \times BR}$$

Fiducial x-section

$$\sigma_{fiducial} = \frac{N_{obs} - N_{bkg}}{C \times L}$$

N_{obs} : number of observed events passing selection

N_{bkg} : number of estimated background events

A: acceptance

C: efficiency correction

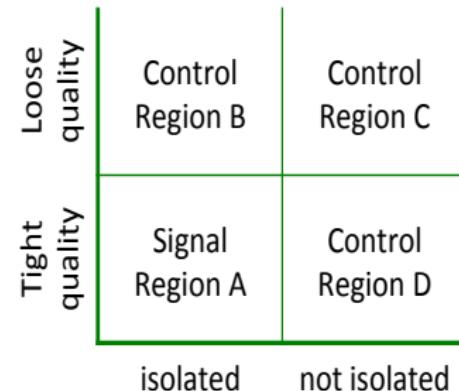
L: integrated luminosity

BR: Branching ratio of bosons decaying to leptons

- Correct for acceptance and efficiency
 - The fiducial acceptance is calculated from truth objects imposing all analysis cuts

Background estimation methodology

- Data-driven techniques used for backgrounds containing jets
- Based on the concept of defining control regions in data enriched in the background one wishes to estimate
 - Defined by reversing analysis cuts (e.g isolation, E_T^{miss} , impact parameter significance)



Example:Fake Factor

- The probability of a jet mimicking a lepton
- Used to extrapolate the background from the control to signal region

Example:ABCD method

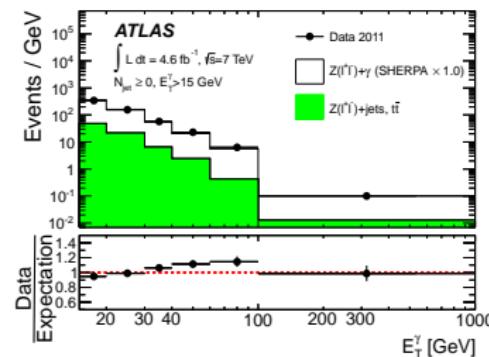
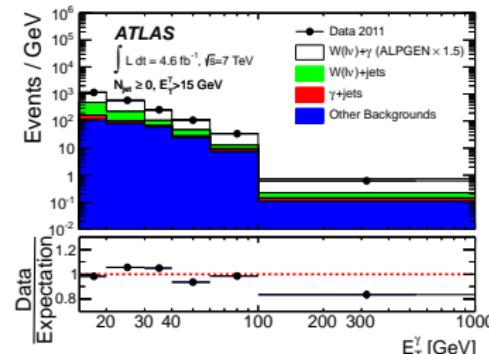
- Background expectation inferred from ratios of 2 uncorrelated variables
- $N_A \sim N_B \frac{N_C}{N_D}$

$Z\gamma, W\gamma$ cross-section measurements

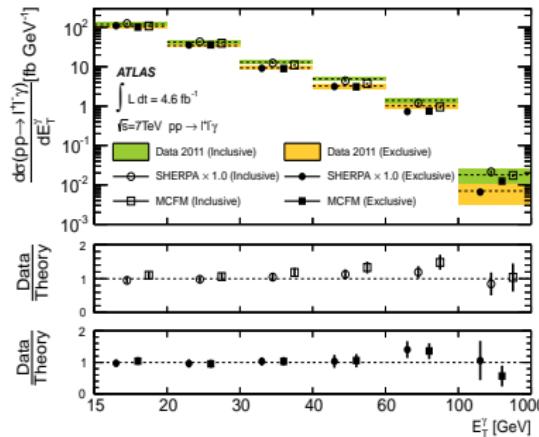
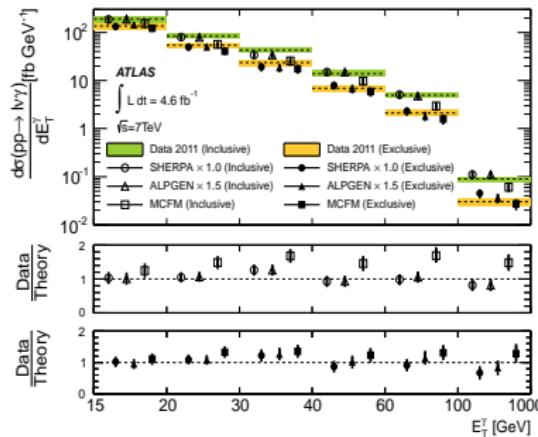
- Analyses of $l\nu\gamma, l^+l^-\gamma$ and $\nu\nu\gamma$ final states
- Backgrounds from $W/Z + \text{jets}$ (dominant), $\gamma+\text{jets}$, $t\bar{t}, WW$

Selection highlights

- Require an isolated high- E_T photon and isolated high- p_T lepton(s)
- Suppress FSR cutting on angular separation of lepton and photon $\Delta R > 0.7$
- For exclusive measurement veto jets with $p_T > 30\text{ GeV}$



$Z\gamma, W\gamma$ cross-section results



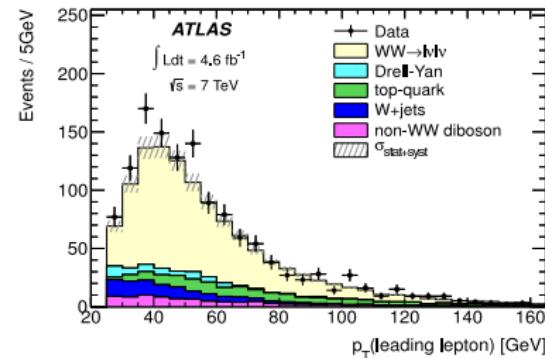
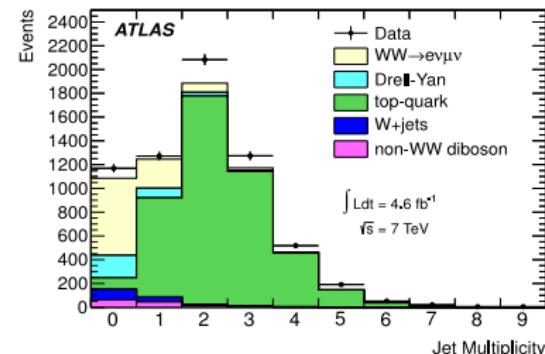
- Alpgen (Sherpa) includes LO diagram for $W + \gamma$ + up to 5 partons ($V + \gamma +$ up to 3 partons). They can describe the $V\gamma$ kinematic distribution in data quite well.
- Inclusive $W\gamma$ measurement above NLO theoretical prediction (from MCFM generator)
- Systematic uncertainty dominates (photon ID, backg normalisation, jet energy scale)
- Fair agreement for $Z\gamma$

WW cross-section measurement

- Analyses of $l^+ l^- \nu \bar{\nu}$ final states
- Backgrounds from Drell-Yan, $W + \text{jets}$, $t\bar{t}$ and single- t , dibosons

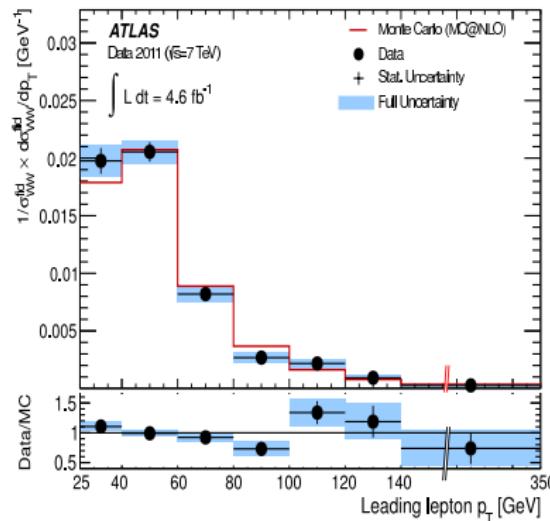
Selection highlights

- Apply Z veto ($|m_Z - m_{ll}| > 15 \text{ GeV}$) to suppress Drell-Yan background
- Apply hard jet veto to reject $t\bar{t}$ and single-top events
- Require exactly two isolated leptons and large E_T^{miss}



WW cross-section results

- Using unfolded distributions
- Total cross-section:
 - $51.9 \pm 2.0(\text{stat}) \pm 3.9(\text{syst}) \pm 2.0(\text{lumi})\text{pb}$
- Theory:
 - $44.7^{+2.1}_{-1.9}\text{pb}$
- Measurement slightly higher than theoretical prediction (MCFM generator)
- Higgs contribution of the order of 3% (not considered in this plot)

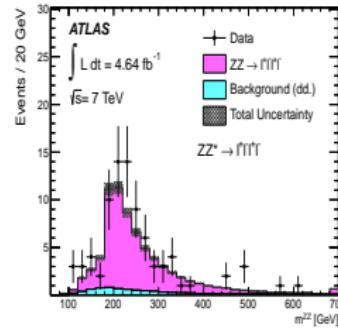
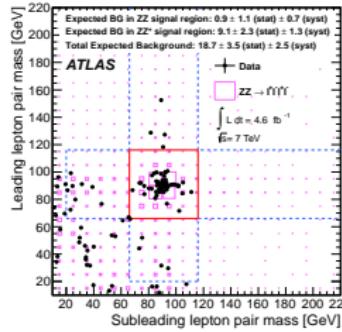
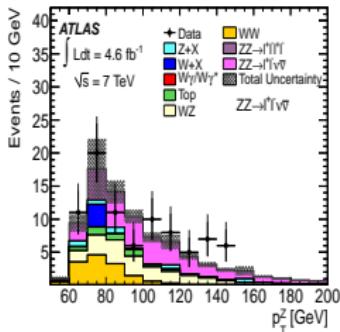


ZZ cross-section measurement

- Analyses of 4l and 2l2 ν final states
- Very clean signature
- Backgrounds only significant for 2l2 ν process: Drell-Yan, $t\bar{t}$, dibosons

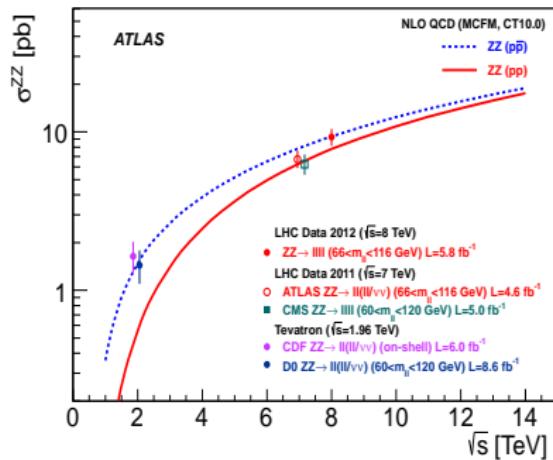
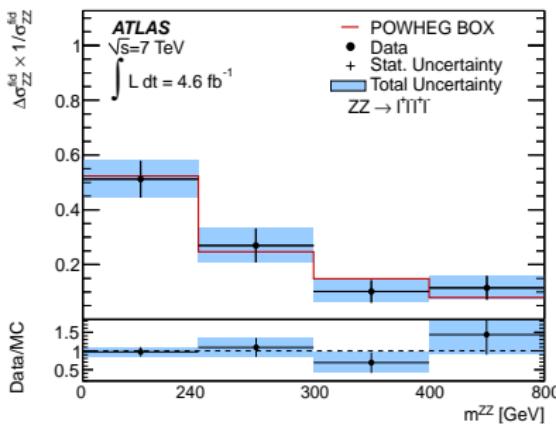
Selection highlights

- 4l: 4 isolated high- p_T leptons - enhanced muon acceptance $|\eta| < 2.7$
- 2l2 ν : Require axial- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 80 \text{ GeV}$ to suppress Drell-Yan background (for 2l2 ν)
- 2l2 ν : Apply jet veto $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$ to reject $t\bar{t}$ events



ZZ cross-section results

- Statistical uncertainty dominant
- 7 TeV analysis:
 - Using unfolded distributions
 - Total cross-section: 6.7 ± 0.7 (stat) $\pm {}^{+0.4}_{-0.3}$ (syst) ± 0.3 (lumi) pb
 - Theoretical cross-section: $5.89 {}^{+0.22}_{-0.18}$ pb



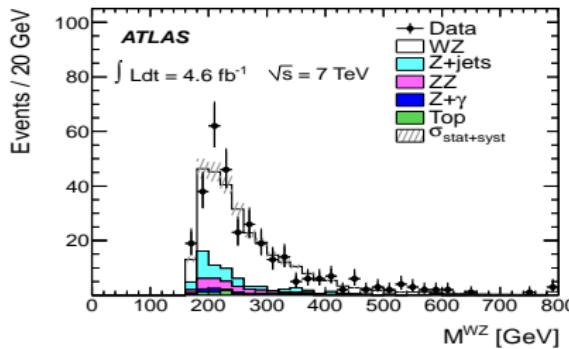
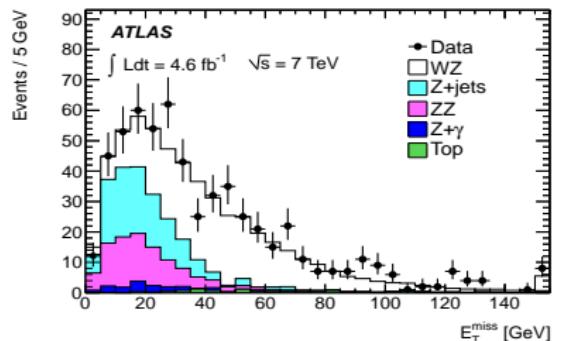
- 8 TeV analysis:
 - Total cross-section: $9.3 {}^{+1.1}_{-1.0}$ (stat) ${}^{+0.4}_{-0.3}$ (syst) ± 0.3 (lumi) pb
 - Theoretical cross-section: $7.4 {}^{+0.4}_{-0.4}$ pb

WZ cross-section measurement

- Analyses of $3/\nu$ final states
- Backgrounds $Z + jets$, $t\bar{t}$ and ZZ

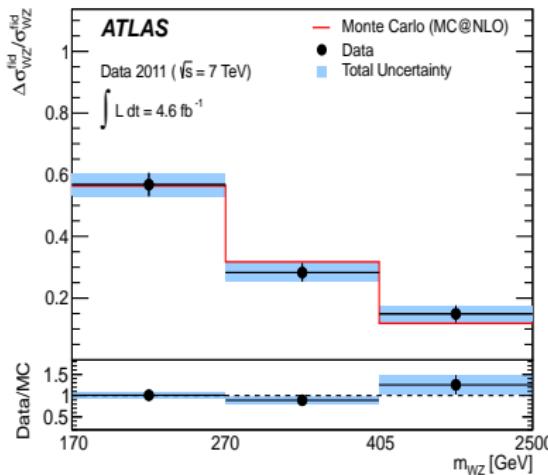
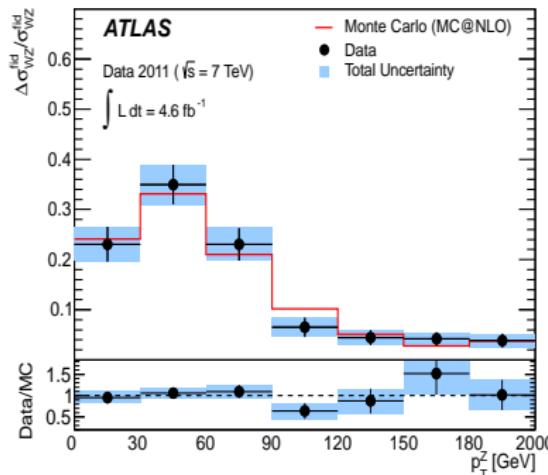
Selection highlights

- 3 isolated high- p_T leptons, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- Tight Z mass window requirement ($|M_{ll} - M_{pdg}| < 10 \text{ GeV}$)
- Tight isolation and ID criteria on the W-lepton



WZ cross-section results

- Using unfolded distributions
- Total cross-section:
 - $19.0^{+1.4}_{-1.3}(\text{stat}) \pm 0.9(\text{syst}) \pm 0.4(\text{lumi})\text{pb}$
- Theoretical cross-section:
 - $17.6^{+1.1}_{-1.0}$
- Statistical uncertainty dominant



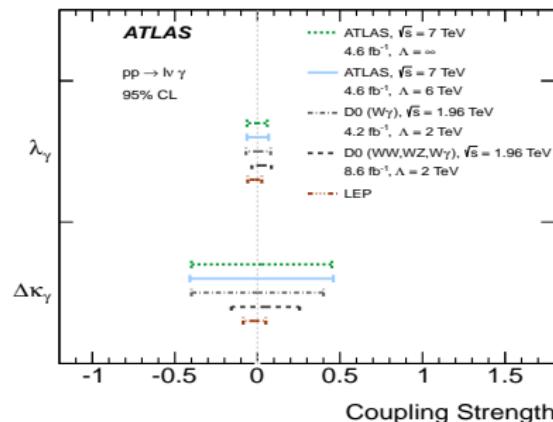
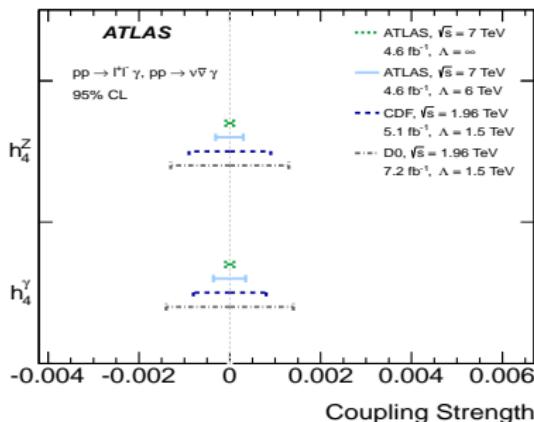
Anomalous couplings

- The s-channel diagrams contain the triple gauge coupling vertex
- New physics may modify these couplings.
- Effect of aTGCs are modelled using an effective Lagrangian which depends on few parameters

coupling	parameters	channel
$WW\gamma$	$\lambda_\gamma, \Delta\kappa_\gamma$	$WW, W\gamma$
WWZ	$\lambda_Z, \Delta\kappa_Z, \Delta g_1^Z$	WW, WZ
$ZZ\gamma$	h_3^Z, h_4^Z	$Z\gamma$
$Z\gamma\gamma$	h_3^γ, h_4^γ	$Z\gamma$
$Z\gamma Z$	f_{40}^Z, f_{50}^Z	ZZ
ZZZ	$f_{40}^\gamma, f_{50}^\gamma$	ZZ

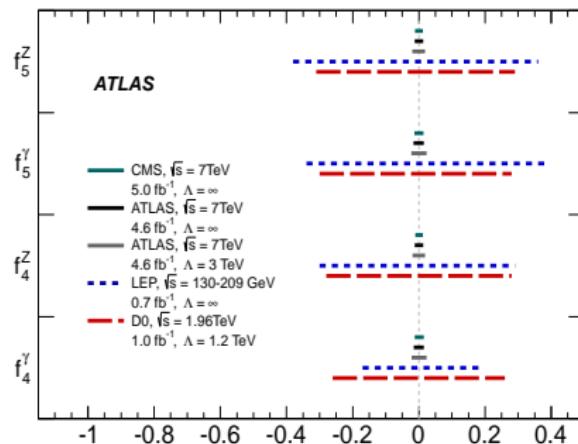
- aTGCs modify total production rates and kinematics
- Increase of cross section at high invariant mass and high transverse momentum
- Neutral TGC are not allowed in the SM
- In SM all parameters are 0 except g_1^V and κ^V which are 1

aTGC in $W\gamma, Z\gamma$



- Analysis on 2011 dataset
- Study performed where highest sensitivity is expected \rightarrow highest E_T^γ bin
- Make use of exclusive $V\gamma$ measurement (with jet veto) in high photon E_T regions (> 100 GeV)
- No deviation from SM seen

aTGC in ZZ



- Analysis on 2011 dataset
- No deviation from SM values observed
- Significantly tighter limits than LEP and D0

Conclusions

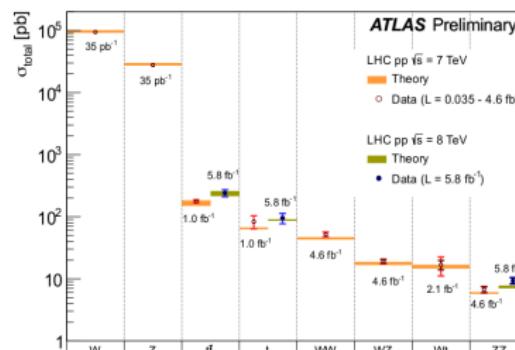
- Excellent performance of the LHC has provided high quality/quantity data
- Studies on diboson production utilised 7 and 8 TeV dataset. More results in the pipeline!

- Cross-section measurements

- Measurements have been performed in WW, ZZ, WZ, $W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ channels
- SM predictions verified in all channels

- aTGC measurements

- All diboson channels investigated with no apparent deviation from SM prediction
- Limited statistics does not allow to probe deeper
- Sensitivity is expected to increase with increased centre-of-mass energy and integrated luminosity



Backup slides

$Z/W\gamma$ selections and fiducial volume

- Single lepton or photon triggers:
 - Electrons: 20-22 GeV
 - Muons: 18 GeV
 - Photons: 80 GeV
- $|d_0|/\sigma_{d_0} < 10(3)$ e(μ)
- $|z_0| < 1mm$
- Calorimeter isolation in cone $\Delta R < 0.3$ less than 6 GeV (e)
- p_T isolation in cone $\Delta R < 0.3$ less than 15% of the μ p_T
- $W\gamma$ modelled with ALPGEN (CTEQ6L1)
- $Z\gamma, \nu\nu\gamma$ modelled with Sherpa (CTEQ6.6M)

Cuts	$pp \rightarrow \ell\nu\gamma$	$pp \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma$	$pp \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}\gamma$
Lepton	$p_T^\ell > 25$ GeV $ \eta_\ell < 2.47$ $N_\ell = 1$ $p_T^\nu > 35$ GeV	$p_T^\ell > 25$ GeV $ \eta_\ell < 2.47$ $N_{\ell^+} = 1, N_{\ell^-} = 1$ —	—
Boson	—	$m_{\ell^+\ell^-} > 40$ GeV	$p_T^{\nu\bar{\nu}} > 90$ GeV
Photon	$E_T^\gamma > 15$ GeV	$E_T^\gamma > 15$ GeV $ \eta^\gamma < 2.37, \Delta R(\ell, \gamma) > 0.7$	$E_T^\gamma > 100$ GeV $\epsilon_h^p < 0.5$
Jet	—	$E_T^{\text{jet}} > 30$ GeV, $ \eta^{\text{jet}} < 4.4$ $\Delta R(e/\mu/\gamma, \text{jet}) > 0.3$	Inclusive : $N_{\text{jet}} \geq 0$, Exclusive : $N_{\text{jet}} = 0$

$Z/W\gamma$ event yields and x-section results

	$e\nu\gamma$	$\mu\nu\gamma$	$e\nu\gamma$	$\mu\nu\gamma$
	$N_{\text{jet}} \geq 0$		$N_{\text{jet}} = 0$	
$N_{W\gamma}^{\text{obs}}$	7399	10914	4449	6578
$W(\nu) + \text{jets}$	$1240 \pm 160 \pm 210$	$2560 \pm 270 \pm 580$	$910 \pm 160 \pm 160$	$1690 \pm 210 \pm 270$
$Z(\ell^+\ell^-) + X$	$678 \pm 18 \pm 86$	$779 \pm 19 \pm 93$	$411 \pm 13 \pm 51$	$577 \pm 16 \pm 73$
$\gamma + \text{jets}$	$625 \pm 80 \pm 86$	$184 \pm 9 \pm 15$	$267 \pm 79 \pm 54$	$87 \pm 7 \pm 14$
$t\bar{t}$	$320 \pm 8 \pm 28$	$653 \pm 11 \pm 57$	$22 \pm 2 \pm 4$	$44 \pm 3 \pm 6$
other background	$141 \pm 16 \pm 13$	$291 \pm 29 \pm 26$	$52 \pm 5 \pm 6$	$140 \pm 22 \pm 18$
$N_{W\gamma}^{\text{sig}}$	$4390 \pm 200 \pm 250$	$6440 \pm 300 \pm 590$	$2780 \pm 190 \pm 180$	$4040 \pm 230 \pm 280$

	$e^+e^-\gamma$	$\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$	$e^+e^-\gamma$	$\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$
	$N_{\text{jet}} \geq 0$		$N_{\text{jet}} = 0$	
$N_{Z\gamma}^{\text{obs}}$	1908	2756	1417	2032
$N_{Z\gamma}^{\text{BG}}$	$311 \pm 57 \pm 68$	$366 \pm 83 \pm 73$	$156 \pm 43 \pm 32$	$244 \pm 41 \pm 49$
$N_{Z\gamma}^{\text{sig}}$	$1600 \pm 71 \pm 68$	$2390 \pm 97 \pm 73$	$1260 \pm 56 \pm 32$	$1790 \pm 59 \pm 49$
	$\sigma^{\text{ext-fid}}[\text{pb}]$		$\sigma^{\text{ext-fid}}[\text{pb}]$	
	Measurement		MCFM Prediction	
	$N_{\text{jet}} \geq 0$		$N_{\text{jet}} = 0$	
$e\nu\gamma$	$2.74 \pm 0.05 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.32 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.14 \text{ (lumi)}$		1.96 ± 0.17	
$\mu\nu\gamma$	$2.80 \pm 0.05 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.37 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.14 \text{ (lumi)}$		1.96 ± 0.17	
$\ell\nu\gamma$	$2.77 \pm 0.03 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.33 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.14 \text{ (lumi)}$		1.96 ± 0.17	
$e^+e^-\gamma$	$1.30 \pm 0.03 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.13 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.05 \text{ (lumi)}$		1.18 ± 0.05	
$\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$	$1.32 \pm 0.03 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.11 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.05 \text{ (lumi)}$		1.18 ± 0.05	
$\ell^+\ell^-\gamma$	$1.31 \pm 0.02 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.11 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.05 \text{ (lumi)}$		1.18 ± 0.05	
$\nu\bar{\nu}\gamma$	$0.133 \pm 0.013 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.020 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.005 \text{ (lumi)}$		0.156 ± 0.012	
	$N_{\text{jet}} = 0$		$N_{\text{jet}} = 0$	
$e\nu\gamma$	$1.77 \pm 0.04 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.24 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.08 \text{ (lumi)}$		1.39 ± 0.13	
$\mu\nu\gamma$	$1.74 \pm 0.04 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.22 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.08 \text{ (lumi)}$		1.39 ± 0.13	
$\ell\nu\gamma$	$1.76 \pm 0.03 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.21 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.08 \text{ (lumi)}$		1.39 ± 0.13	
$e^+e^-\gamma$	$1.07 \pm 0.03 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.12 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.04 \text{ (lumi)}$		1.06 ± 0.05	
$\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$	$1.04 \pm 0.03 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.10 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.04 \text{ (lumi)}$		1.06 ± 0.05	
$\ell^+\ell^-\gamma$	$1.05 \pm 0.02 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.10 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.04 \text{ (lumi)}$		1.06 ± 0.05	
$\nu\bar{\nu}\gamma$	$0.116 \pm 0.010 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.013 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.004 \text{ (lumi)}$		0.115 ± 0.009	

$Z/W\gamma$ systematic uncertainties

Systematic uncertainties on $C_{V\gamma}$

Source	$pp \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$	$pp \rightarrow \mu\nu\gamma$	$pp \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma$	$pp \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$	$pp \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}\gamma$
Relative systematic uncertainties on the signal correction factor $C_{V\gamma}$ [%]					
γ identification efficiency	6.0 (6.0)	6.0 (6.0)	6.0 (6.0)	6.0 (6.0)	5.3 (5.3)
γ isolation efficiency	1.9 (1.8)	1.9 (1.7)	1.4 (1.4)	1.4 (1.4)	2.8 (2.8)
Jet energy scale	0.4 (2.9)	0.4 (3.2)	- (2.2)	- (2.4)	0.6 (2.0)
Jet energy resolution	0.4 (1.5)	0.6 (1.7)	- (1.7)	- (1.8)	0.1 (0.5)
unassociated energy cluster in E_T^{miss}	1.5 (1.6)	0.5 (1.0)	- (-)	- (-)	0.3 (0.2)
μ momentum scale and resolution	- (-)	0.5 (0.4)	- (-)	1.0 (0.8)	- (-)
EM scale and resolution	2.3 (3.0)	1.3 (1.6)	2.8 (2.8)	1.5 (1.5)	2.6 (2.7)
Lepton identification efficiency	1.5 (1.6)	0.4 (0.4)	2.9 (2.5)	0.8 (0.8)	- (-)
Lepton isolation efficiency	0.8 (0.8)	0.3 (0.2)	2.0 (1.6)	0.5 (0.4)	- (-)
Trigger efficiency	0.8 (0.1)	2.2 (2.1)	0.1 (0.1)	0.6 (0.6)	1.0 (1.0)
Total	7.1 (8.0)	6.8 (7.8)	7.6 (7.9)	6.5 (7.1)	6.6 (7.0)

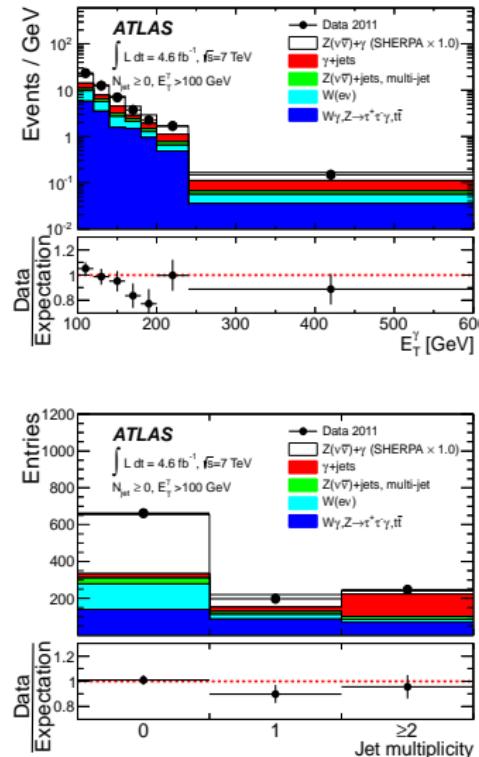
Systematic uncertainties on $A_{V\gamma}$

- PDF: $\sim 0.8\%$ estimated using the CT10 error eigenvectors at their 90% CL limits rescaled to 68% CL with variation of α_s in $0.116 - 0.120$
- Scale μ_F, μ_R : $\sim 0.5\%$ obtained by varying $\times 2$ around their nominal value

Systematic uncertainties on parton-level x-section

- PDF: 3%-4%
- Scale μ_F, μ_R : 3%-7%
- γ isolation definition: 1%-5%

$\nu\nu\gamma$ final states



	$\nu\bar{\nu}\gamma$ $N_{\text{jet}} \geq 0$	$\nu\bar{\nu}\gamma$ $N_{\text{jet}} = 0$
$N_{Z\gamma}^{\text{obs}}$	1094	662
$W(e\nu)$	$171 \pm 2 \pm 17$	$132 \pm 2 \pm 13$
$Z(\bar{\nu}\nu)+\text{jets, multi-jet}$	$70 \pm 13 \pm 14$	$29 \pm 5 \pm 3$
$W\gamma$	$238 \pm 12 \pm 37$	$104 \pm 9 \pm 24$
$\gamma+\text{jets}$	$168 \pm 20 \pm 42$	$26 \pm 7 \pm 11$
$Z(\tau^+\tau^-)\gamma$	$11.7 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.9$	$6.5 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.6$
$t\bar{t}$	$11 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.0$	$0.9 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.1$
$N_{Z\gamma}^{\text{sig}}$	$420 \pm 42 \pm 60$	$360 \pm 29 \pm 30$

aTGCs in $W/Z\gamma$

processes	Measured	Expected
	$pp \rightarrow \ell\nu\gamma$	
Λ	∞	∞
$\Delta\kappa_\gamma$	(-0.41, 0.46)	(-0.38, 0.43)
λ_γ	(-0.065, 0.061)	(-0.060, 0.056)
Λ	6 TeV	6 TeV
$\Delta\kappa_\gamma$	(-0.41, 0.47)	(-0.38, 0.43)
λ_γ	(-0.068, 0.063)	(-0.063, 0.059)
processes	$pp \rightarrow \nu\nu\gamma$ and $pp \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma$	
Λ	∞	∞
h_3^γ	(-0.015, 0.016)	(-0.017, 0.018)
h_3^Z	(-0.013, 0.014)	(-0.015, 0.016)
h_4^γ	(-0.000094, 0.000092)	(-0.00010, 0.00010)
h_4^Z	(-0.000087, 0.000087)	(-0.000097, 0.000097)
Λ	3 TeV	3 TeV
h_3^γ	(-0.023, 0.024)	(-0.027, 0.028)
h_3^Z	(-0.018, 0.020)	(-0.022, 0.024)
h_4^γ	(-0.00037, 0.00036)	(-0.00043, 0.00042)
h_4^Z	(-0.00031, 0.00031)	(-0.00037, 0.00036)

$WW/WZ \rightarrow l\nu jj$ cross-section measurement

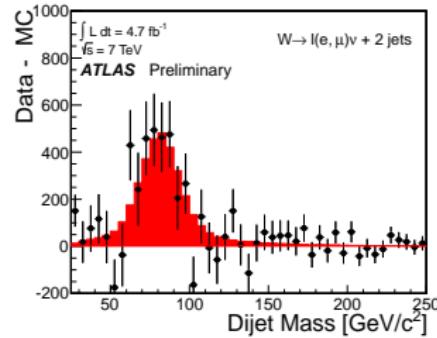
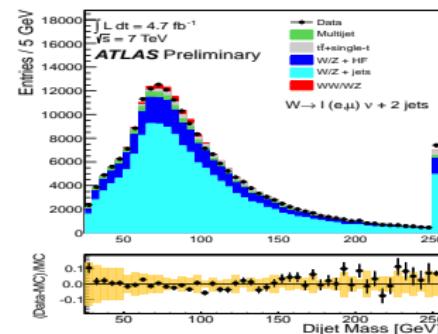
- Analyses of semi-leptonic final state
- Main backgrounds $W, Z + jets, t\bar{t}$ and other dibosons

Selection highlights

- Exactly 1 reconstructed lepton suppresses $Z+jets$ background
- Restrict multi-jet background by requiring exactly 2 jets and angular separation of leading jet and E_T^{miss} of $\Delta\phi(E_T^{miss}, j_1) > 0.8$

Cross-section results

$\sigma(WW + WZ) = 72 \pm 9(\text{stat.}) \pm 15(\text{syst.}) \pm 13(\text{MCstat.}) \text{ pb}$,
consistent with the Standard Model expectation of $63.4 \pm 2.6 \text{ pb}$



WW Event Selection

- Single lepton triggers:
 - Electrons: 20-22 GeV
 - Muons: 18 GeV
- $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- $|d_0|/\sigma_{d_0} < 10(3) \text{ e}(\mu)$
- $|z_0| < 1 \text{ mm}$
- Calorimeter isolation in cone $\Delta R < 0.3$ less than 14% of the lepton p_T
- p_T isolation in cone $\Delta R < 0.3$ less than 13%(15%) of the e (μ) p_T
- $|m_{\parallel} - m_Z| > 15, 15, 0 (\text{ee}, \mu\mu, e\mu)$
- $E_{T,\text{rel}}^{\text{miss}} > 45, 45, 25 (\text{ee}, \mu\mu, e\mu)$
- jet veto ($p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 4.5$)

WW Event yield and x-section result

Event yield

	ee	$\mu\mu$	$e\mu$	Combined
Data	174	330	821	1325
WW	$100 \pm 2 \pm 9$	$186 \pm 2 \pm 15$	$538 \pm 3 \pm 45$	$824 \pm 4 \pm 69$
Top	$22 \pm 12 \pm 3$	$32 \pm 14 \pm 5$	$87 \pm 23 \pm 13$	$141 \pm 30 \pm 22$
$W+jets$	$21 \pm 1 \pm 11$	$7 \pm 1 \pm 3$	$70 \pm 2 \pm 31$	$98 \pm 2 \pm 43$
Drell-Yan	$12 \pm 3 \pm 3$	$34 \pm 6 \pm 10$	$5 \pm 2 \pm 1$	$51 \pm 7 \pm 12$
Other dibosons	$13 \pm 1 \pm 2$	$21 \pm 1 \pm 2$	$44 \pm 2 \pm 6$	$78 \pm 2 \pm 10$
Total background	$68 \pm 12 \pm 13$	$94 \pm 15 \pm 13$	$206 \pm 24 \pm 35$	$369 \pm 31 \pm 53$
Total expected	$169 \pm 12 \pm 16$	$280 \pm 16 \pm 20$	$744 \pm 24 \pm 57$	$1192 \pm 31 \pm 87$

Cross-section results

	Measured σ_{WW}^{fid} (fb)	Predicted σ_{WW}^{fid} (fb)	Measured σ_{WW} (pb)	Predicted σ_{WW} (pb)
ee	$56.4 \pm 6.8 \pm 9.8 \pm 2.2$	54.6 ± 3.7	$46.9 \pm 5.7 \pm 8.2 \pm 1.8$	44.7 ± 2.8
$\mu\mu$	$73.9 \pm 5.9 \pm 6.9 \pm 2.9$	58.9 ± 4.0	$56.7 \pm 4.5 \pm 5.5 \pm 2.2$	44.7 ± 2.8
$e\mu$	$262.3 \pm 12.3 \pm 20.7 \pm 10.2$	231.4 ± 15.7	$51.1 \pm 2.4 \pm 4.2 \pm 2.0$	44.7 ± 2.8
Combined	$51.9 \pm 2.0 \pm 3.9 \pm 2.0$	44.7 ± 2.8

WW systematic uncertainties

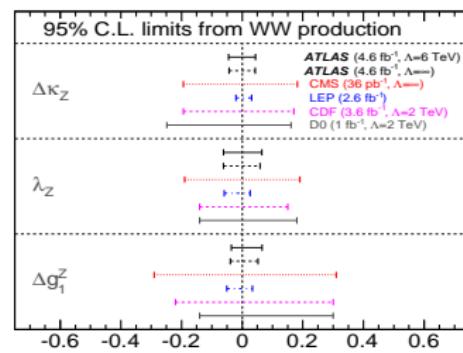
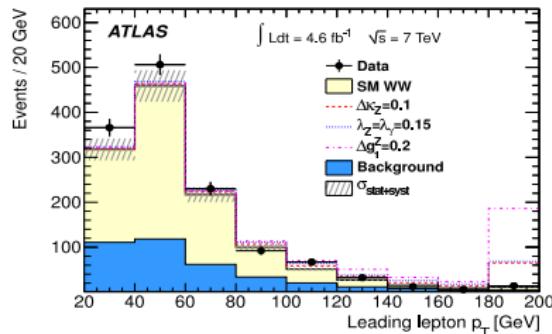
A_{WW}

Source of uncertainty	Relative uncertainty		
	ee	$\mu\mu$	$e\mu$
PDFs	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%
μ_R and μ_F scales	0.5%	0.5%	0.6%
Jet veto	5.6%	5.6%	5.6%
Total	5.7%	5.7%	5.7%

C_{WW}

Source of uncertainty	Relative uncertainty		
	ee	$\mu\mu$	$e\mu$
Trigger efficiency	0.1%	0.6%	0.3%
Lepton efficiency	2.9%	0.7%	1.4%
Lepton p_T scale and resolution	0.9%	0.8%	0.6%
Jet energy scale and resolution	0.6%	0.5%	0.5%
E_T^{miss} modeling	0.5%	0.2%	0.4%
Jet veto scale factor	2.8%	2.8%	2.7%
PDFs, μ_R and μ_F scales	0.7%	0.7%	0.3%
Total	4.2%	3.1%	3.2%

aTGC in WW



- Analysis on full 2011 dataset
- Maximum likelihood fit performed for events in bin $p_T^{lep} > 120 \text{ GeV}$
- No sign of deviation from SM predictions

Parameter	Expected ($\Lambda = \infty$)	Observed ($\Lambda = \infty$)
$\Delta\kappa_Z$	[-0.077, 0.086]	[-0.078, 0.092]
λ_Z	[-0.071, 0.069]	[-0.074, 0.073]
λ_γ	[-0.144, 0.135]	[-0.152, 0.146]
Δg_1^Z	[-0.449, 0.546]	[-0.373, 0.562]
$\Delta\kappa_\gamma$	[-0.128, 0.176]	[-0.135, 0.190]

TGC scenarios in WW

- Equal Couplings scenario assumes WWZ and $WW\gamma$ are equal.
 $(\Delta\kappa_Z = \Delta\kappa_\gamma, \lambda_Z = \lambda_\gamma, g_1^Z = 1)$
- LEP scenario assumes $\Delta\kappa_\gamma = (\cos^2\theta_W/\sin^2\theta_W)(\Delta g_1^Z - \Delta\kappa_Z)$ and $\lambda_Z = \lambda_\gamma$
- HISZ scenario assumes $\Delta g_1^Z = \Delta\kappa_Z/(\cos^2\theta_W - \sin^2\theta_W)$,
 $\Delta\kappa_\gamma = 2\Delta\kappa_Z \cos^2\theta_W/(\cos^2\theta_W - \sin^2\theta_W)$ and $\lambda_Z = \lambda_\gamma$

ZZ event selection and yields

- $p_T > 7\text{GeV}$, SA muons
- $p_T > 10\text{GeV}$, calo muons and fwd e
- $p_T > 20\text{GeV}$
- Calorimeter isolation in cone
 $\Delta R < 0.2(0.3)$ less than 30%(15%)
of the lepton p_T for
 $ZZ \rightarrow 4l (ZZ \rightarrow 2l2\nu)$
- p_T isolation in cone $\Delta R < 0.2(0.3)$
less than 15% of the lepton p_T for
 $ZZ \rightarrow 4l (ZZ \rightarrow 2l2\nu)$
- $|d_0|/\sigma_{d_0} < 6(3.5) \text{ e}(\mu)$
- $|z_0| < 2\text{mm}$

$ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$

- $\Delta R(l_1, l_2) > 0.2$
- $|m_{ll} - m_Z| < 25$ on shell $m_{ll} > 20$
off-shell

$ZZ \rightarrow 2l2\nu$

- $\Delta R(l_1, l_2) > 0.3$
- $76 < |m_{ll} - m_Z| < 106$
- axial- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 75\text{ GeV}$
- jet veto $p_T > 25\text{ GeV}$

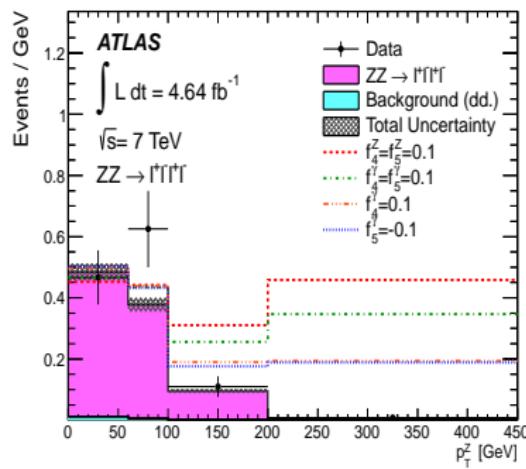
$ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\ell'^+\ell'^-$	$e^+e^-e^+e^-$	$\mu^+\mu^-\mu^+\mu^-$	$e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$	$\ell^+\ell^-\ell'^+\ell'^-$
Observed ZZ	16	23	27	66
Observed ZZ^*	21	30	33	84
Expected ZZ signal	$10.3 \pm 0.1 \pm 1.0$	$16.5 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.9$	$26.7 \pm 0.2 \pm 1.7$	$53.4 \pm 0.3 \pm 3.2$
Expected ZZ^* signal	$12.3 \pm 0.2 \pm 1.2$	$20.5 \pm 0.2 \pm 1.1$	$31.6 \pm 0.3 \pm 2.0$	$64.4 \pm 0.4 \pm 4.0$
Expected ZZ background	$0.5 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.3$	< 0.6	$0.7 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.6$	$0.9 \pm 1.1 \pm 0.7$
Expected ZZ^* background	$4.3 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.6$	< 0.9	$5.8 \pm 1.6 \pm 0.9$	$9.1 \pm 2.3 \pm 1.3$
$ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\nu\bar{\nu}$	$e^+e^-E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$\mu^+\mu^-E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$\ell^+\ell^-E_T^{\text{miss}}$	
Observed ZZ	35	52		87

ZZ summary of systematic uncertainties

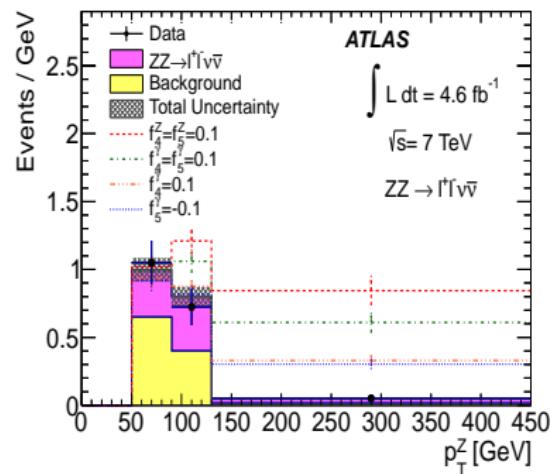
Source	$ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^+ \ell'^-$	$ZZ^* \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^+ \ell'^-$	$ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \nu \bar{\nu}$
C_{ZZ}			
Lepton efficiency	3.0%	3.1%	1.3%
Lepton energy/momentum	0.2%	0.3%	1.1%
Lepton isolation and impact parameter	1.9%	2.0%	0.6%
Jet+ E_T^{miss} modelling	—	—	0.8%
Jet veto	—	—	0.9%
Trigger efficiency	0.2%	0.2%	0.4%
PDF and scale	1.6%	1.5%	0.4%
A_{ZZ}			
Jet veto	—	—	2.3%
PDF and scale	0.6%	—	1.9%
Generator modelling and parton shower	1.1%	—	4.6%

aTGCs in ZZ

$ZZ \rightarrow 4l$



$ZZ \rightarrow 2l2\nu$



Λ	f_{40}^γ	f_{40}^Z	f_{50}^γ	f_{50}^Z
3 TeV	$[-0.022, 0.023]$	$[-0.019, 0.019]$	$[-0.023, 0.023]$	$[-0.020, 0.019]$
∞	$[-0.015, 0.015]$	$[-0.013, 0.013]$	$[-0.016, 0.015]$	$[-0.013, 0.013]$

WZ Event Selection

- $p_T > 15\text{GeV}$ and $p_T > 20\text{GeV}$ for the W lepton
- $|\eta| < 2.5(\mu), |\eta| < 2.47|(e)$
- $|m_{ll} - m_Z| < 10$
- $E_{T,\text{rel}}^{\text{miss}} > 25\text{GeV}$
- $m_T^W > 20\text{GeV}$
- p_T isolation in cone $\Delta R < 0.3$ less than 13%(15%) of the e (μ) p_T
- Calorimeter isolation in cone $\Delta R < 0.3$ less than 14% of the lepton p_T
- $|d_0|/\sigma_{d_0} < 10(3)$ e(μ)
- $|z_0| < 1mm$

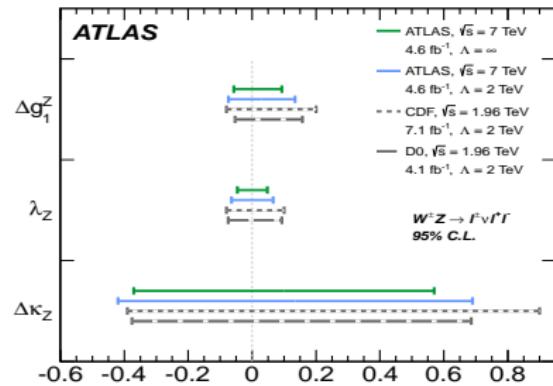
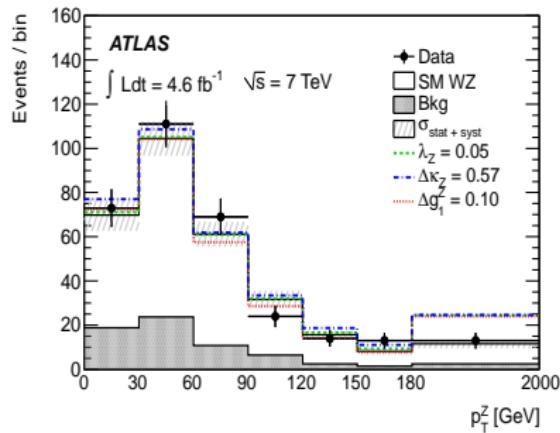
	eee	μee	$e \mu \mu$	$\mu \mu \mu$
N_{obs}	56	75	78	108
N_{sig}	38.9 ± 2.1	54.0 ± 2.2	56.6 ± 1.7	81.7 ± 2.1
N_{bkg}	14.5 ± 2.9	11.5 ± 2.5	21.0 ± 3.5	21.0 ± 5.6

WZ summary of systematic uncertainties

Source	eee	μee	$e\mu\mu$	$\mu\mu\mu$
μ reconstruction efficiency	—	0.3	0.5	0.8
μp_T scale & resolution	—	< 0.1	0.1	0.1
μ isolation & impact param.	—	0.2	0.4	0.6
e reconstruction efficiency	2.5	1.7	0.8	—
e identification efficiency	3.5	2.3	1.2	—
e isolation & impact param.	1.5	1.1	0.4	—
e energy scale	0.5	0.3	0.3	—
e energy resolution	0.1	0.1	< 0.1	—
E_T^{miss} cluster energy scale	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.2
E_T^{miss} jet energy scale	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
E_T^{miss} jet energy resolution	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.2
E_T^{miss} pile-up	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1
Muon trigger	—	0.1	0.1	0.3
Electron trigger	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	—
Event generator	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
PDF	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
QCD scale	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Luminosity	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8

Source	σ_{WZ}^{fid}	σ_{WZ}^{tot}
μ reconstruction	0.7	0.7
e reconstruction	2.1	2.0
E_T^{miss} reconstruction	0.5	0.5
Trigger	0.2	0.2
Signal MC statistics	0.5	0.5
Background data-driven	4.0	4.0
Background MC estimates	0.4	0.4
Event generator	—	0.4
PDF	—	1.2
QCD scale	—	0.4
Total	4.6	4.8
Luminosity	1.8	1.8

aTGC in WZ



- No deviation from SM predictions observed
- Analysis performed with 2011 dataset