

B-physics @ Belle II

Phillip Urquijo
XIIth B Physics
Workshop, Naples
May 2017

<https://www.facebook.com/belle2collab/>
<https://twitter.com/belle2collab>





Senator Arthur Sinodinos AO, Ambassador H. E. Pier Francesco Zazo
Australia strengthens science and innovation ties with Italy, 22 May 2017
Australia and Italy have signed an agreement that will further strengthen scientific, technological and innovation co-operation between both nations.
Present: Prof. Enrico Cappellaro INAF, Prof. Antonio Masiero INFN etc.

Outline

1. Belle II Status

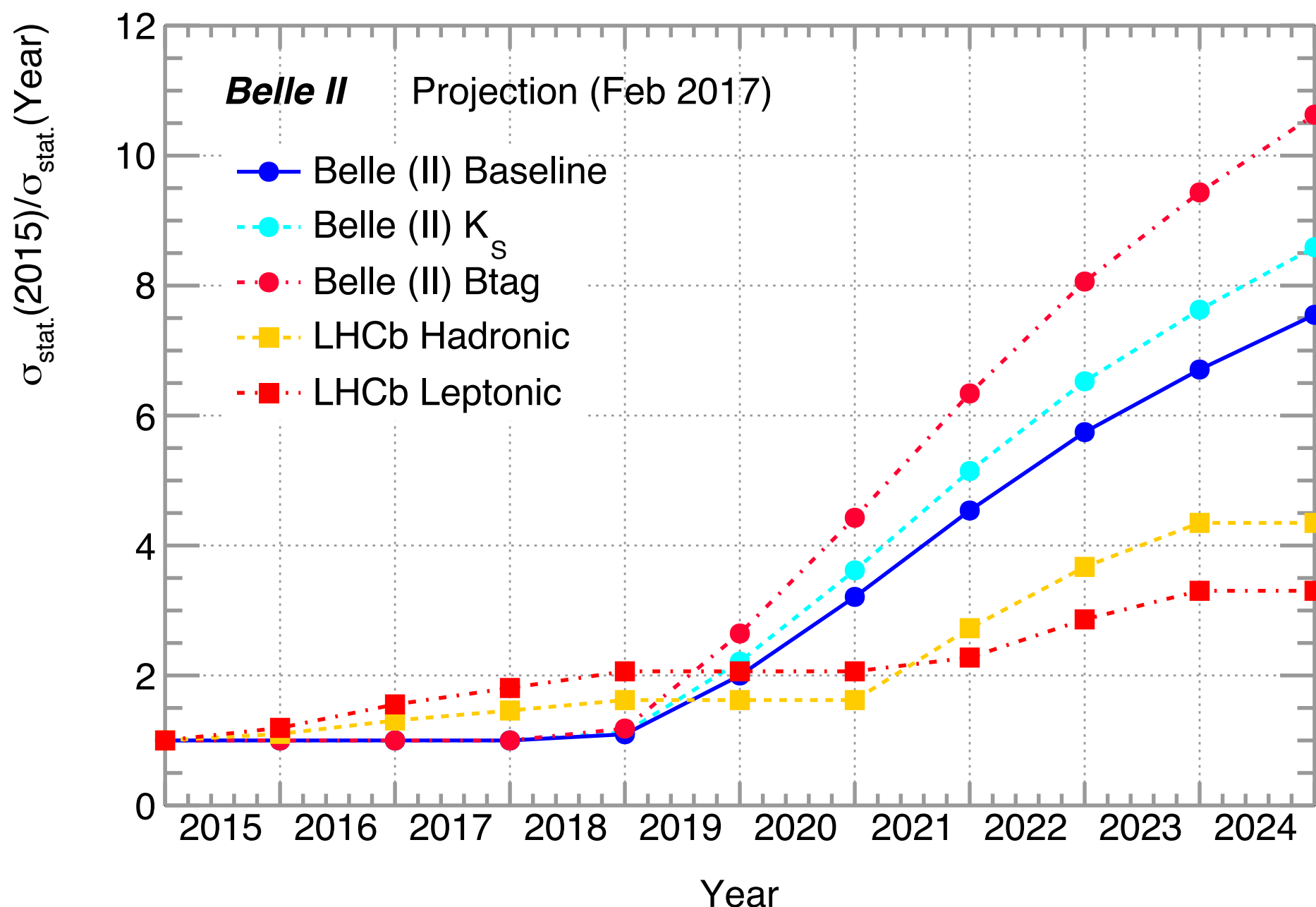
2. Anomalies

$b \rightarrow sll$, $b \rightarrow c\tau\nu$

3. Time Dep. CP Violation

4. UT Precision Tests

5. Early physics in 2018



The case for new physics manifesting in Belle II

Issues (addressable at a Flavour factory)

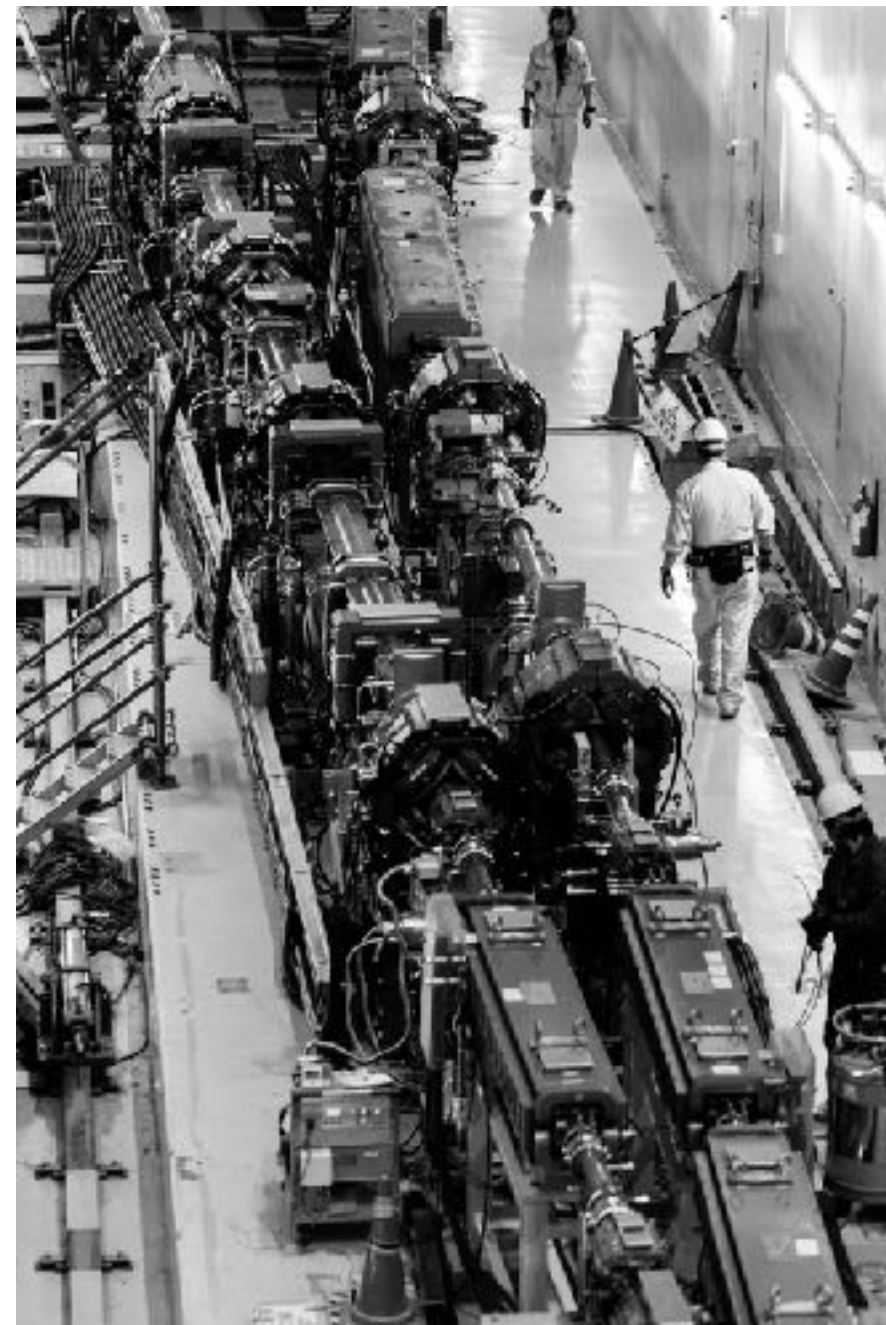
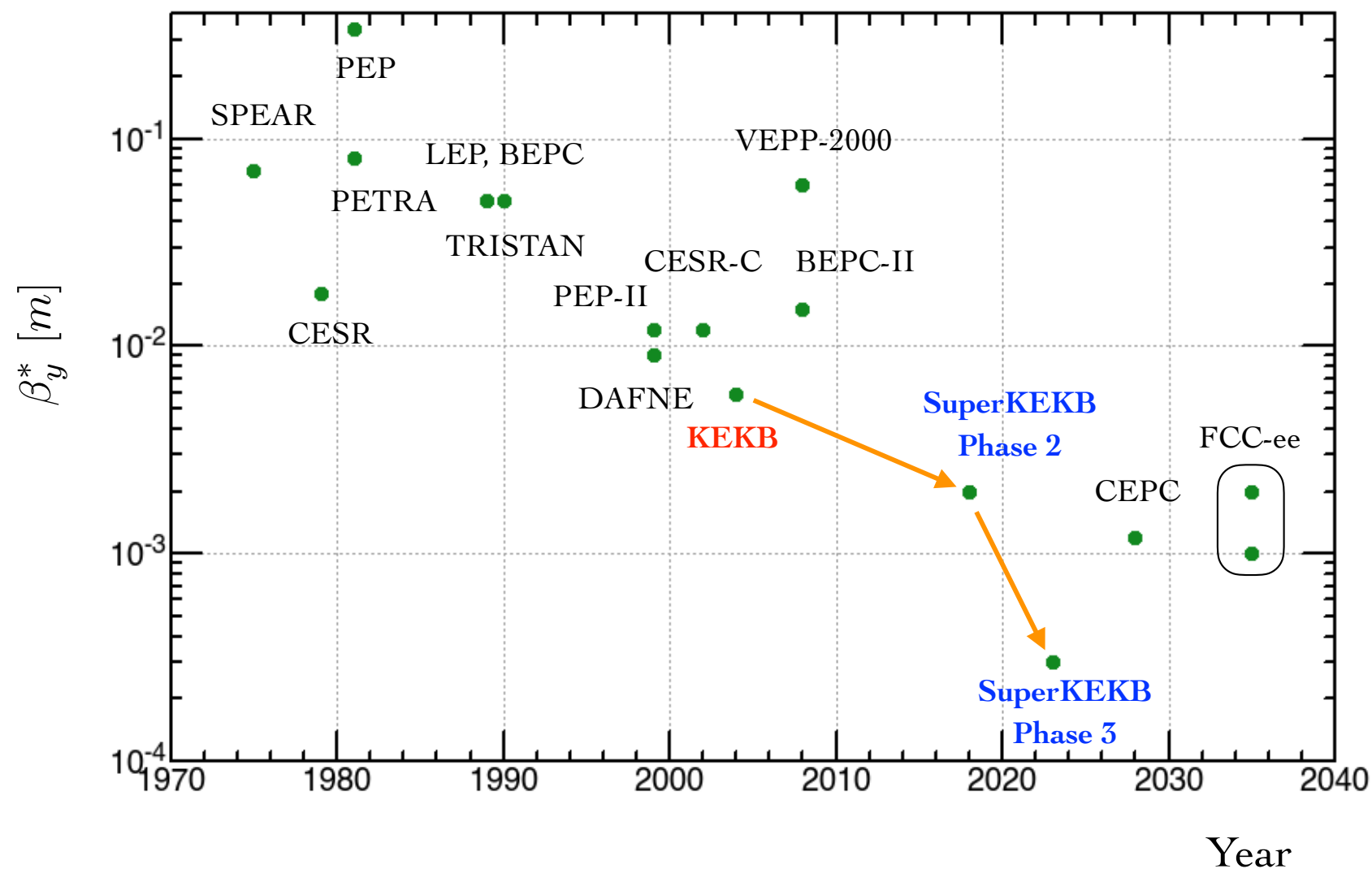
- Baryon asymmetry in cosmology
→ New sources of CPV in quarks and charged leptons
- Quark and Lepton flavour & mass hierarchy
→ L-R symmetry, extended gauge sector, charged Higgs
- Finite neutrino masses
→ Tau LFV.
- 19 free parameters
→ Extensions of SM relate some, (GUTs)
- Puzzling nature of exotic “new” QCD states.
- The hidden universe (dark matter)

B-physics @ Belle II

Observables	Expected th. accuracy	Expected exp. uncertainty	Facility (2025)
UT angles & sides			
ϕ_1 [°]	***	0.4	Belle II
ϕ_2 [°]	**	1.0	Belle II
ϕ_3 [°]	***	1.0	Belle II/LHCb
$ V_{cb} $ incl.	***	1%	Belle II
$ V_{cb} $ excl.	***	1.5%	Belle II
$ V_{ub} $ incl.	**	3%	Belle II
$ V_{ub} $ excl.	**	2%	Belle II/LHCb
CPV			
$S(B \rightarrow \phi K^0)$	***	0.02	Belle II
$S(B \rightarrow \eta' K^0)$	***	0.01	Belle II
$\mathcal{A}(B \rightarrow K^0 \pi^0) [10^{-2}]$	***	4	Belle II
$\mathcal{A}(B \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-) [10^{-2}]$	***	0.20	LHCb/Belle II
(Semi-)leptonic			
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau \nu) [10^{-6}]$	**	3%	Belle II
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \mu \nu) [10^{-6}]$	**	7%	Belle II
$R(B \rightarrow D \tau \nu)$	***	3%	Belle II
$R(B \rightarrow D^* \tau \nu)$	***	2%	Belle II/LHCb
Radiative & EW Penguins			
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma)$	**	4%	Belle II
$A_{CP}(B \rightarrow X_{s,d} \gamma) [10^{-2}]$	***	0.005	Belle II
$S(B \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0 \gamma)$	***	0.03	Belle II
$S(B \rightarrow \rho \gamma)$	**	0.07	Belle II
$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \gamma \gamma) [10^{-6}]$	**	0.3	Belle II
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow K^* \nu \bar{\nu}) [10^{-6}]$	***	15%	Belle II
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow K \nu \bar{\nu}) [10^{-6}]$	***	20%	Belle II
$R(B \rightarrow K^* \ell \ell)$	**	0.03	Belle II/LHCb

Accelerator & Detector status

SuperKEKB



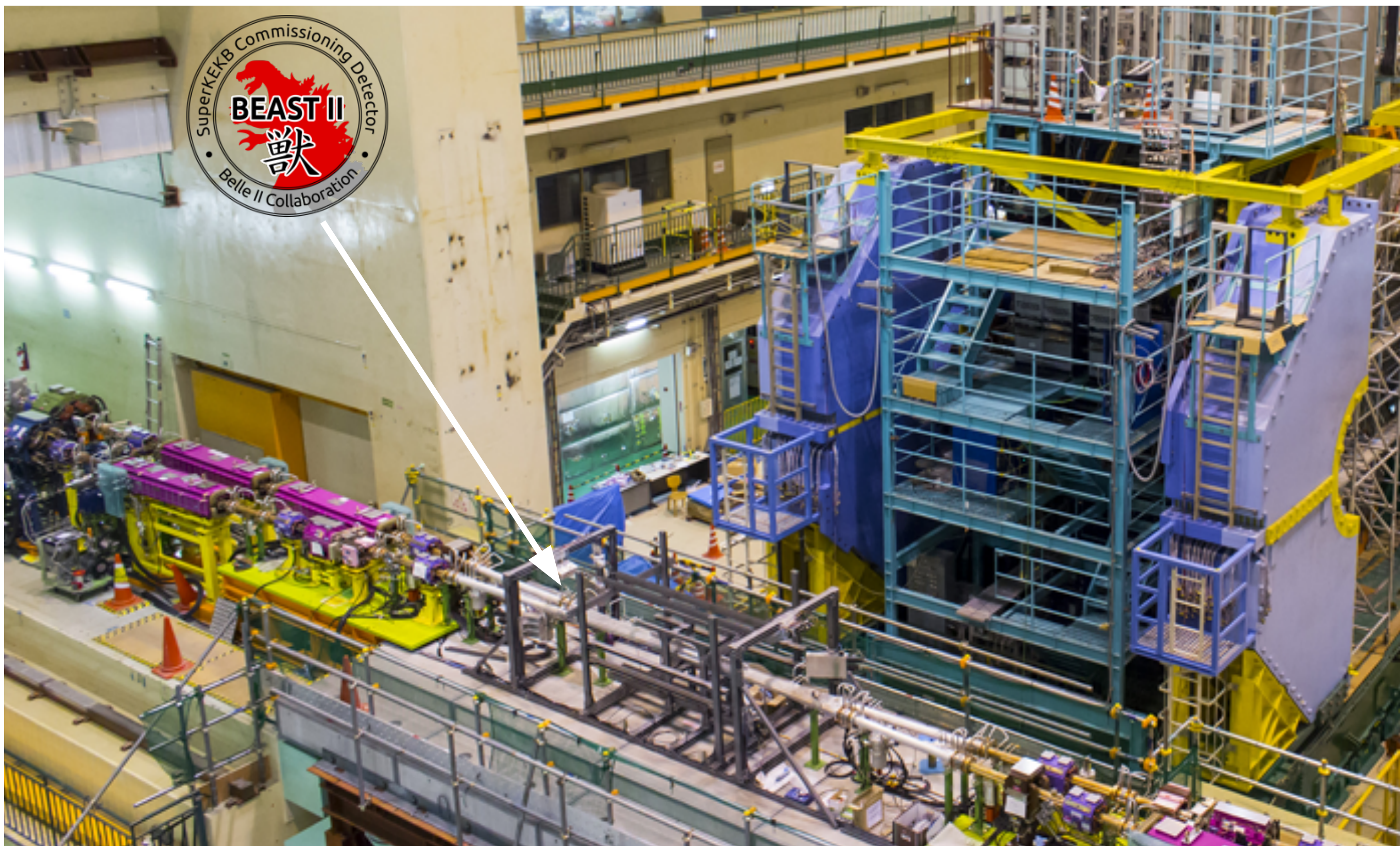
$$L = \frac{\gamma_{\pm}}{2er_e} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*} \right) \left(\frac{I_{\pm} \zeta_{\pm y}}{\beta_y^*} \right) \left(\frac{R_L}{R_y} \right)$$

Labels for the equation components:

- Lorentz factor: γ_{\pm}
- beam current: I_{\pm}
- beam-beam parameter: $\zeta_{\pm y}$
- beam size aspect ratio: $\frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*}$
- vertical β function: β_y^*
- geometric factors: $\left(\frac{R_L}{R_y} \right)$

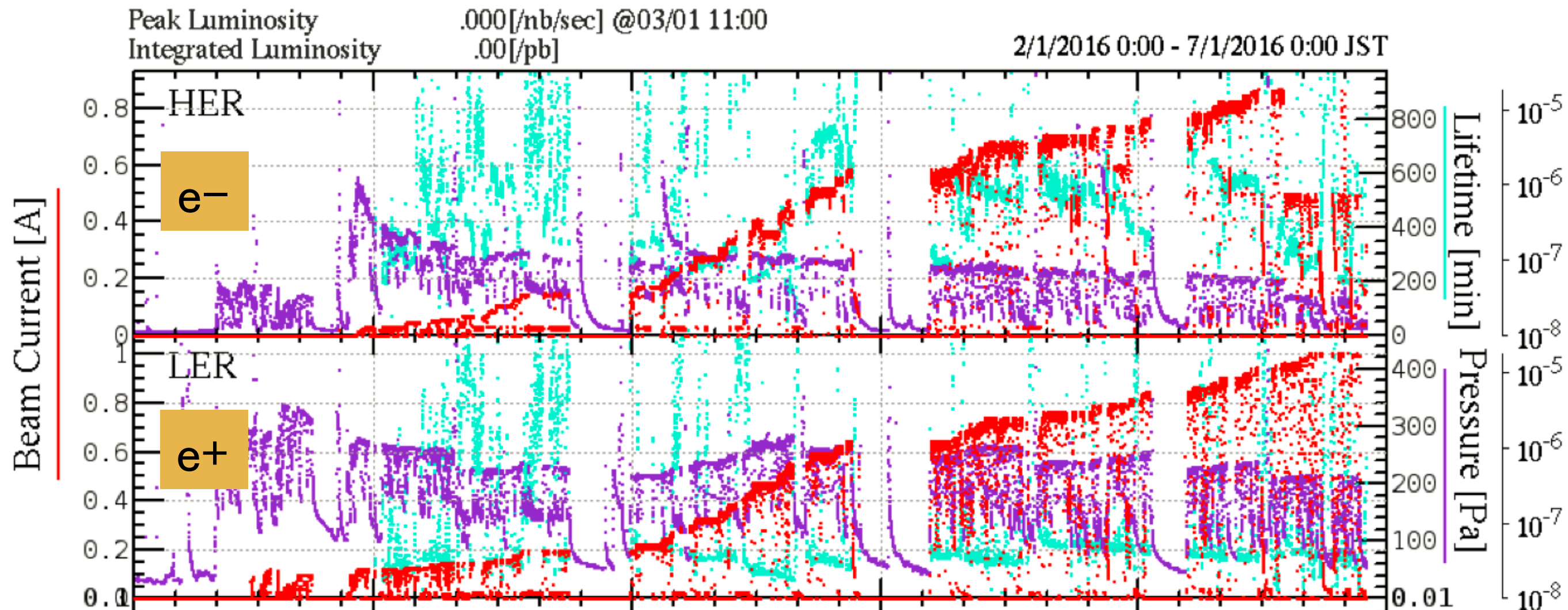
- Compared to KEKB
 - 20x smaller vertical beam size
 - 2x current

BEAST II, Phase I commissioning



First operation of SuperKEKB (4 GeV e^+ 's & 7 GeV e^- 's)

Feb 16 2016 Start



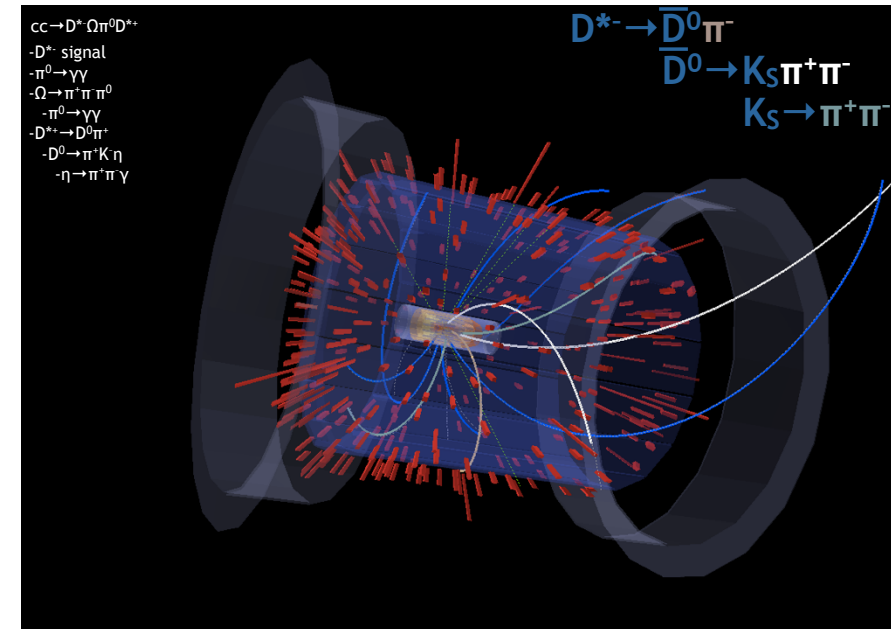
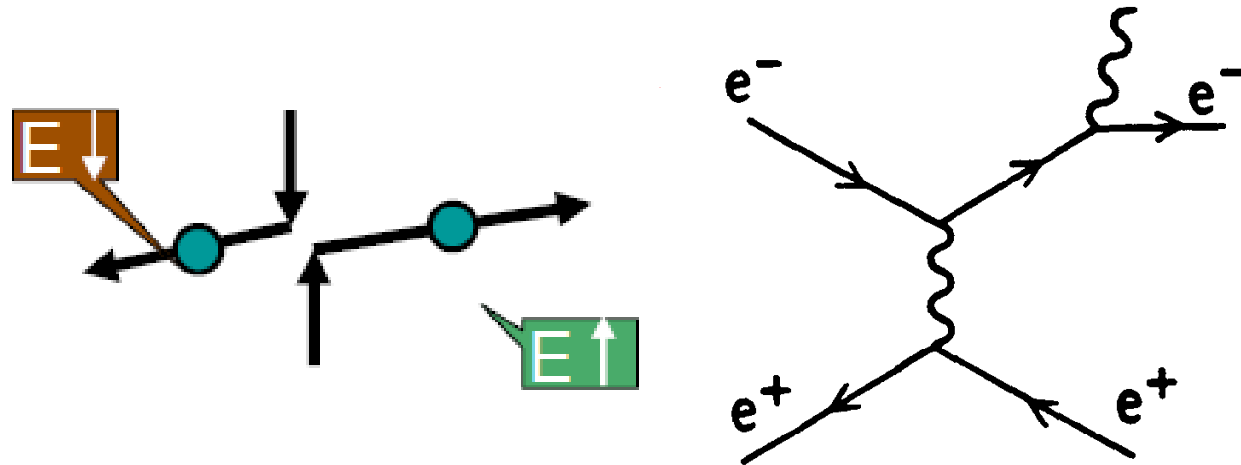
Red: total beam current
Purple: vacuum pressure

LER: 1010 mA, HER 870 mA

5 Months operation

Beam background (Simulation)

- Increases occupancy in inner Si layers - can degrade tracking.
- Increases off-time energy deposition in the calorimeter.



type	source	rate [MHz]
radiative Bhabha	HER	1320
radiative Bhabha	LER	1294
radiative Bhabha (wide angle)	HER	40
radiative Bhabha (wide angle)	LER	85
Touschek scattering	HER	31
Touschek scattering	LER	83
beam-gas interactions	HER	1
beam-gas interactions	LER	156
two-photon QED	-	206

component	background	generic $B\bar{B}$
PXD	10000 (580)	23
SVD	284 (134)	108
CDC	654	810
TOP	150	205
ARICH	191	188
ECL	3470	510
BKLM	484	33
EKLM	142	34

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- Increases off-time energy deposition in the calorimeter.

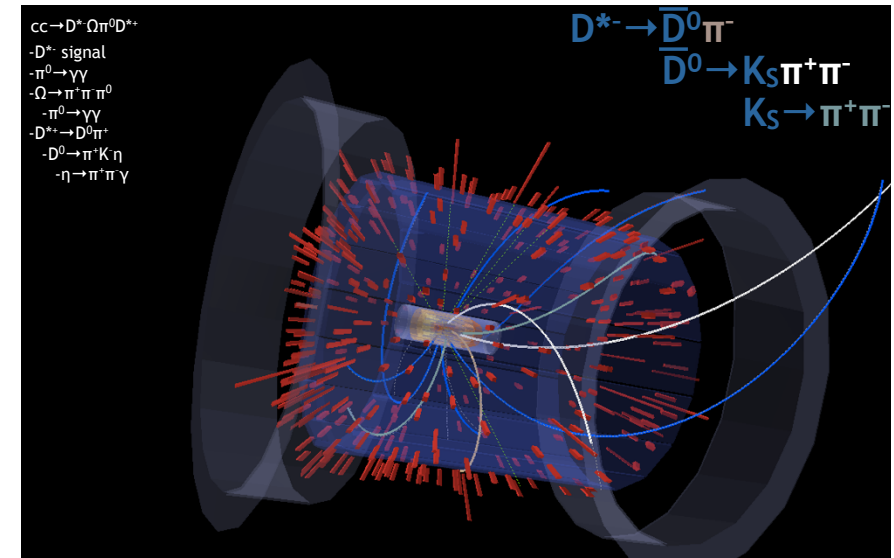
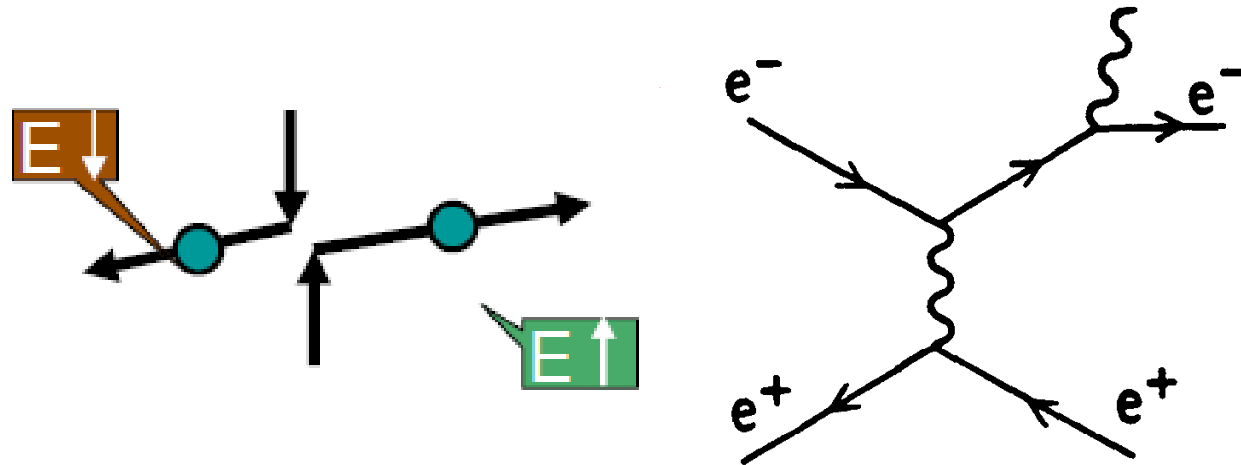
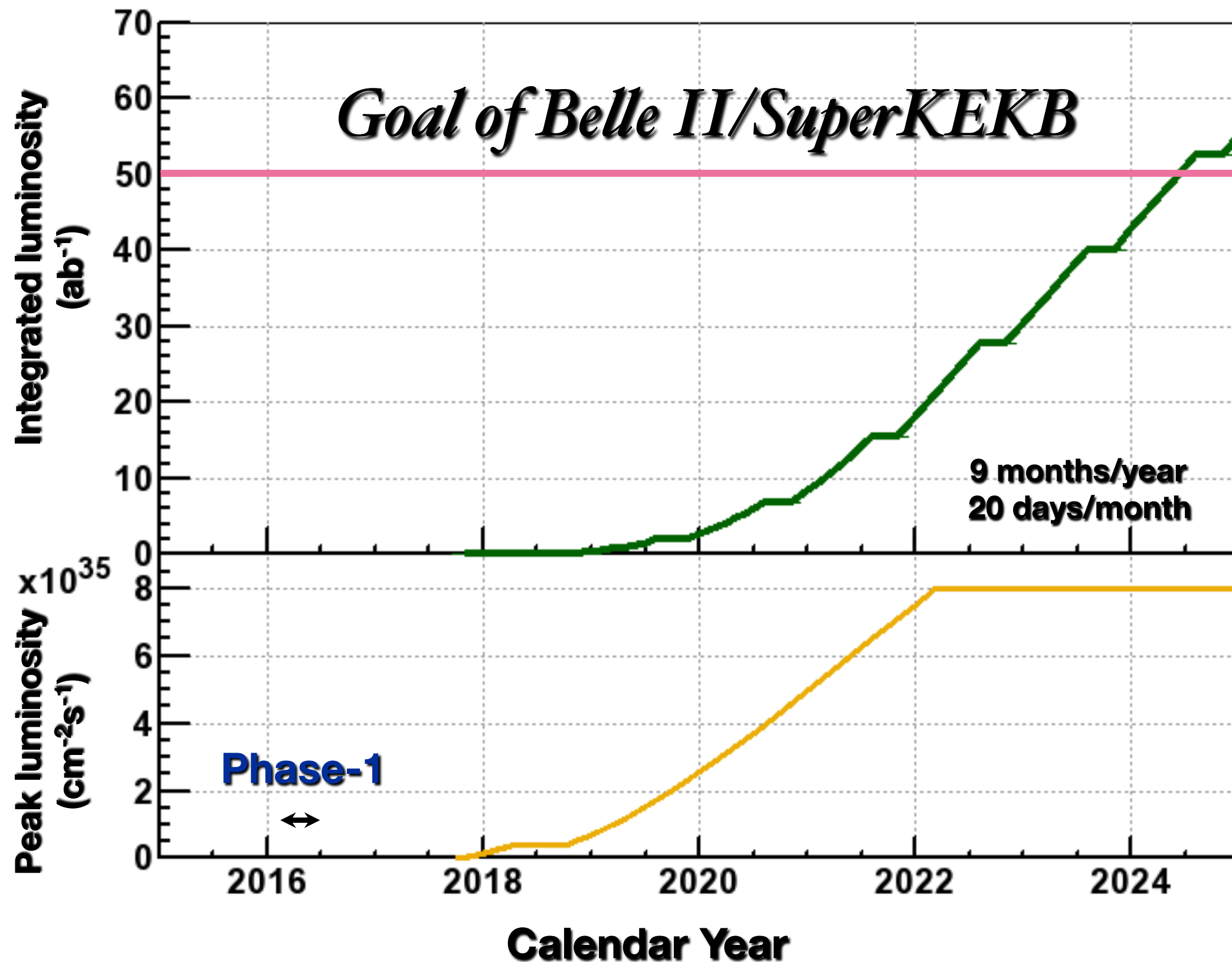


Figure does not include ECL timing or energy threshold requirements

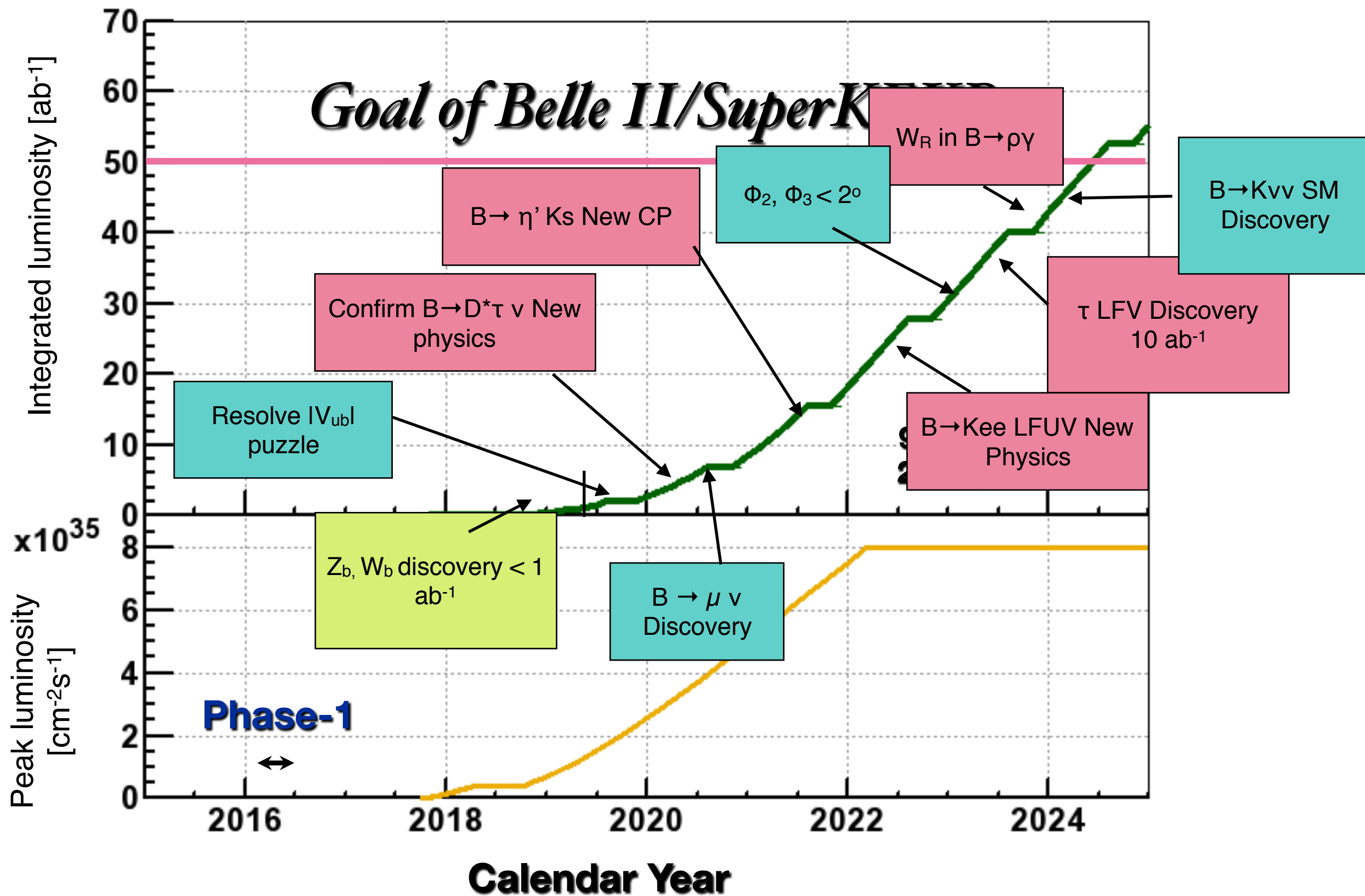
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Latest SuperKEKB Luminosity Profile

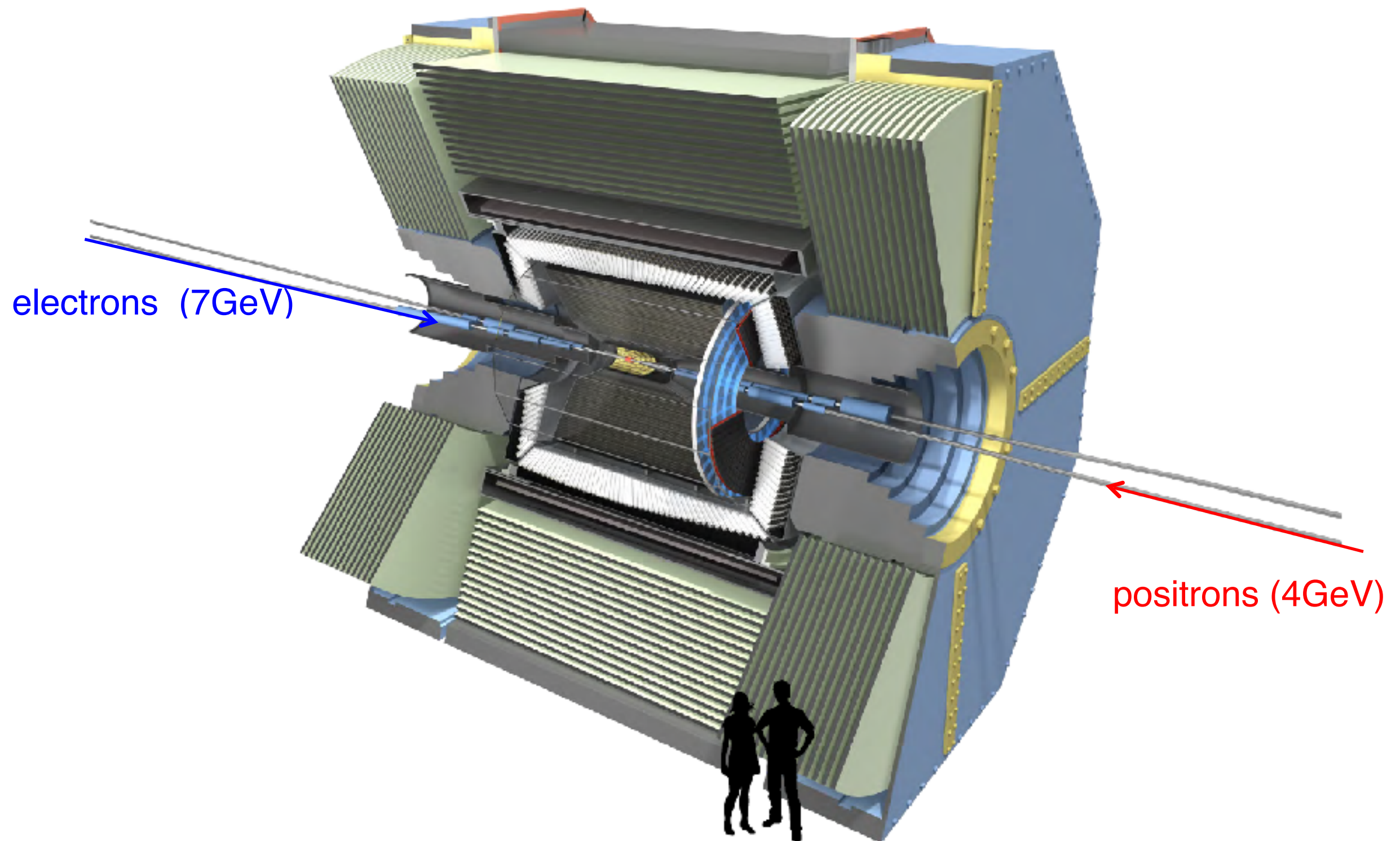


Latest SuperKEKB Luminosity Profile



Belle II Detector [735 collaborators, 101 institutes, 23 nations]

Belle II TDR, arXiv:
1011.0352



Belle II Detector [735 collaborators, 101 institutes, 23 nations]

Belle II TDR, arXiv:
1011.0352

EM Calorimeter

CsI(Tl), waveform sampling electronics (barrel)
Pure CsI + waveform sampling (end-caps) *later*

KL and muon detector

Resistive Plate Counter (barrel outer layers)
Scintillator + WLSF + MPPC (end-caps, inner 2 barrel layers)

electrons (7GeV)

Vertex Detector

2 layers Si Pixels (DEPFET) +
4 layers Si double sided strip DSSD

Particle Identification

Time-of-Propagation counter (barrel)
Prox. focusing Aerogel RICH (forward)
Fake rate >2 x lower than in Belle

Central Drift Chamber

Smaller cell size, long lever arm

positrons (4GeV)



Electromagnetic Calorimeter (ECL) endcap installation

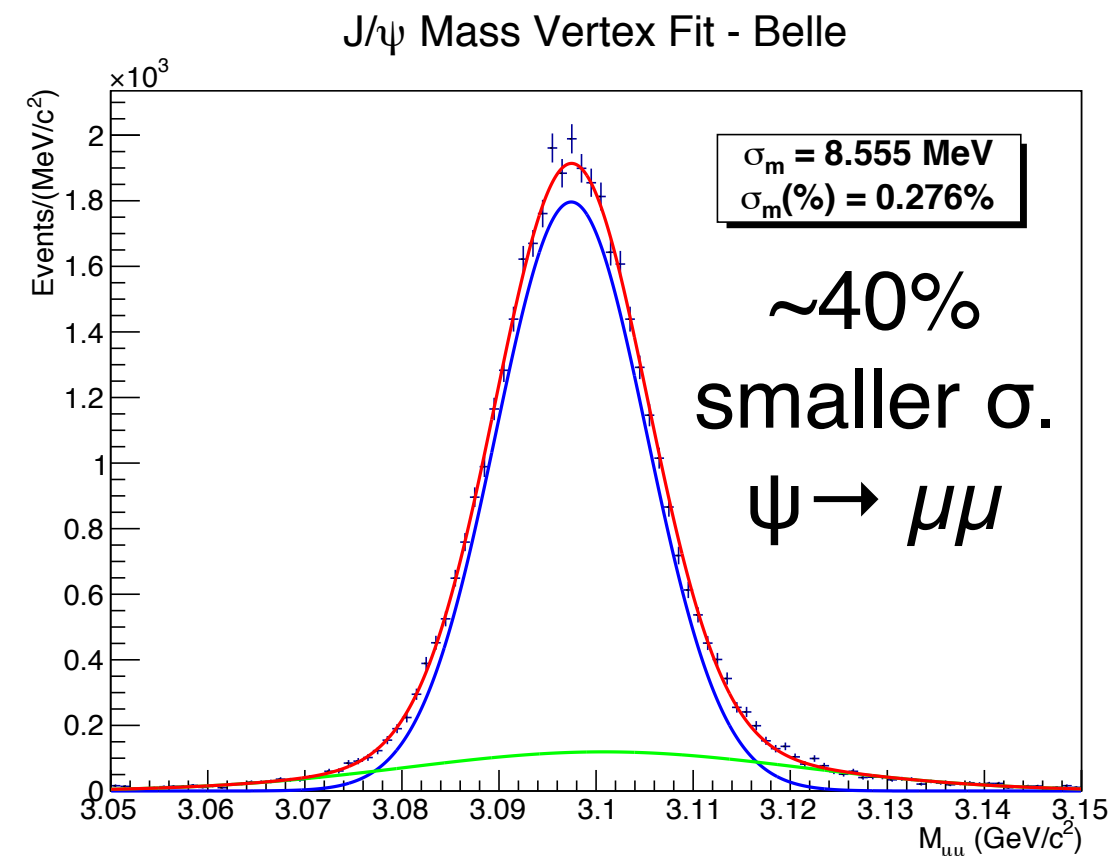
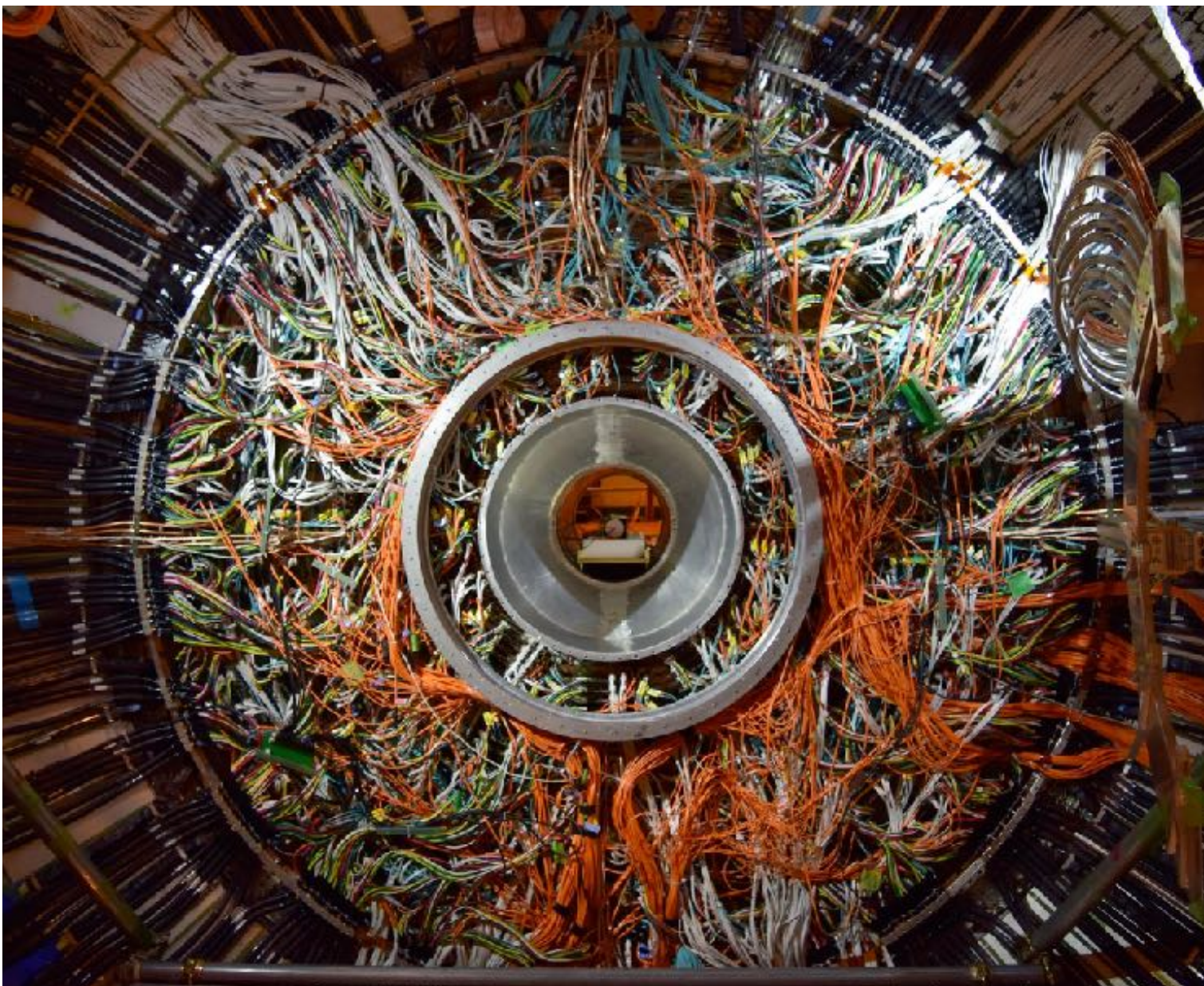


Electromagnetic Calorimeter (ECL) endcap installation



CDC fully instrumented

- CDC backward view on Jan 10th, 2017. After all cables, cooling pipe and dry air are connected.
- Smaller segments \rightarrow better mass resolution.

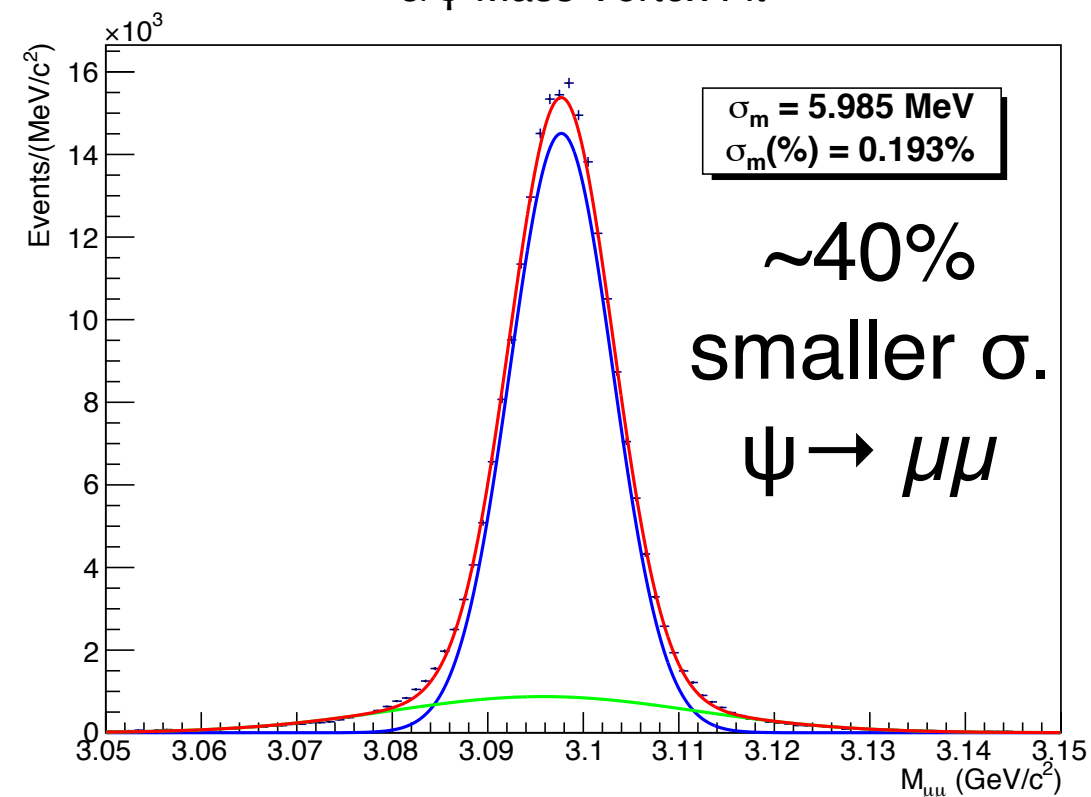


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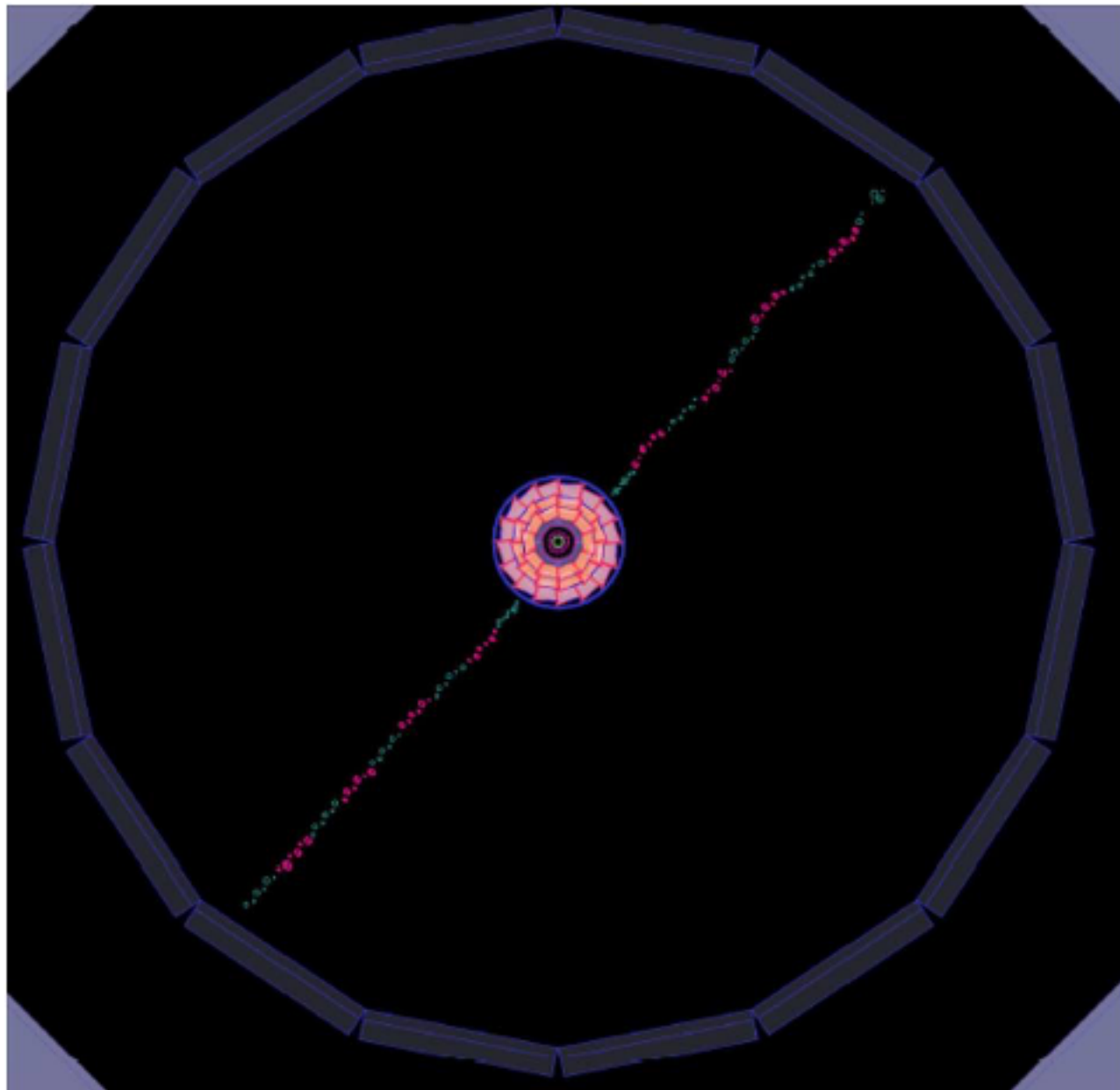
J/ψ Mass Vertex Fit



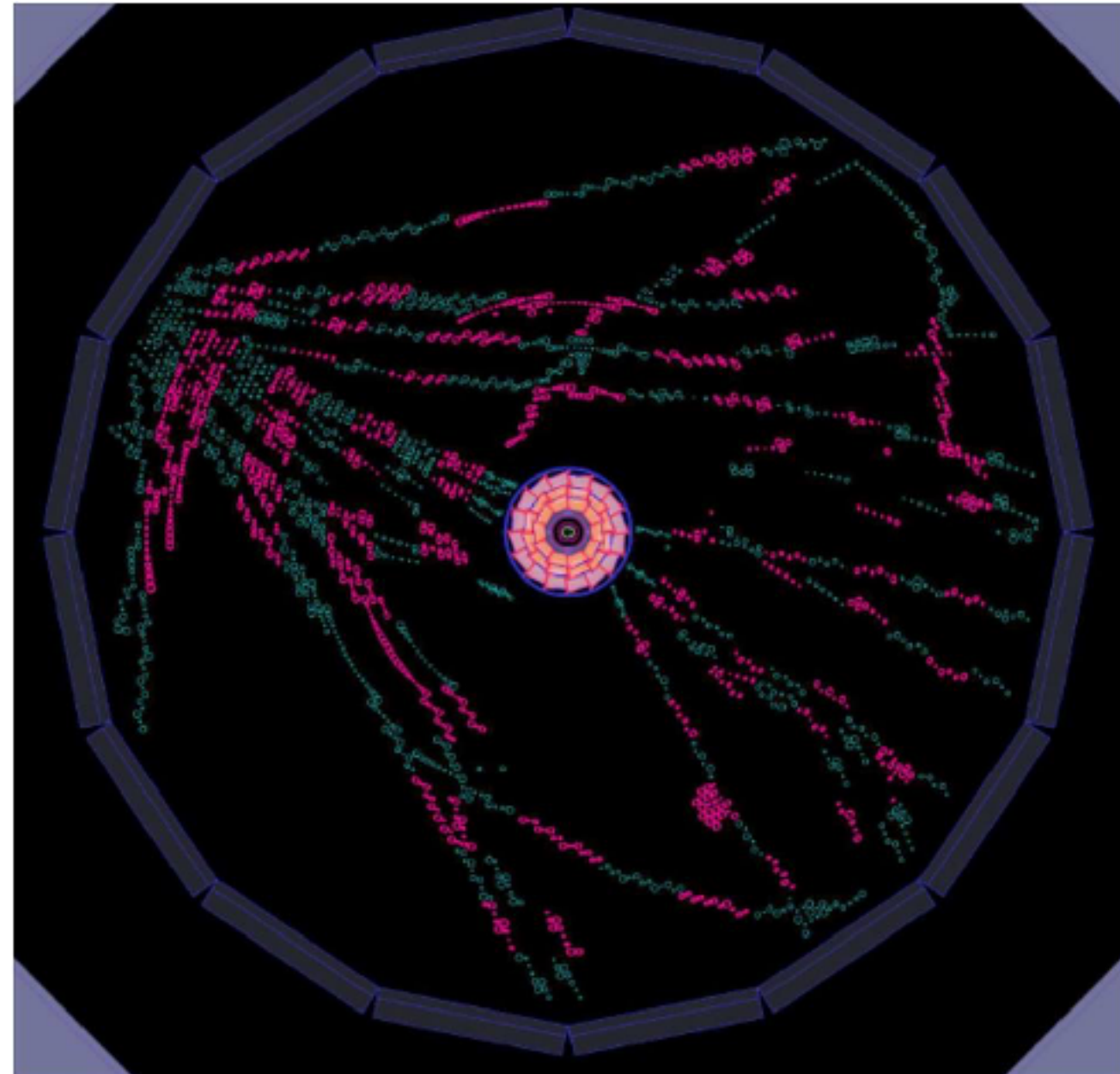
CDC (Central Drift Chamber) Fully instrumented

- Cosmic run (Feb 7, 2017)

Single cosmic ray track

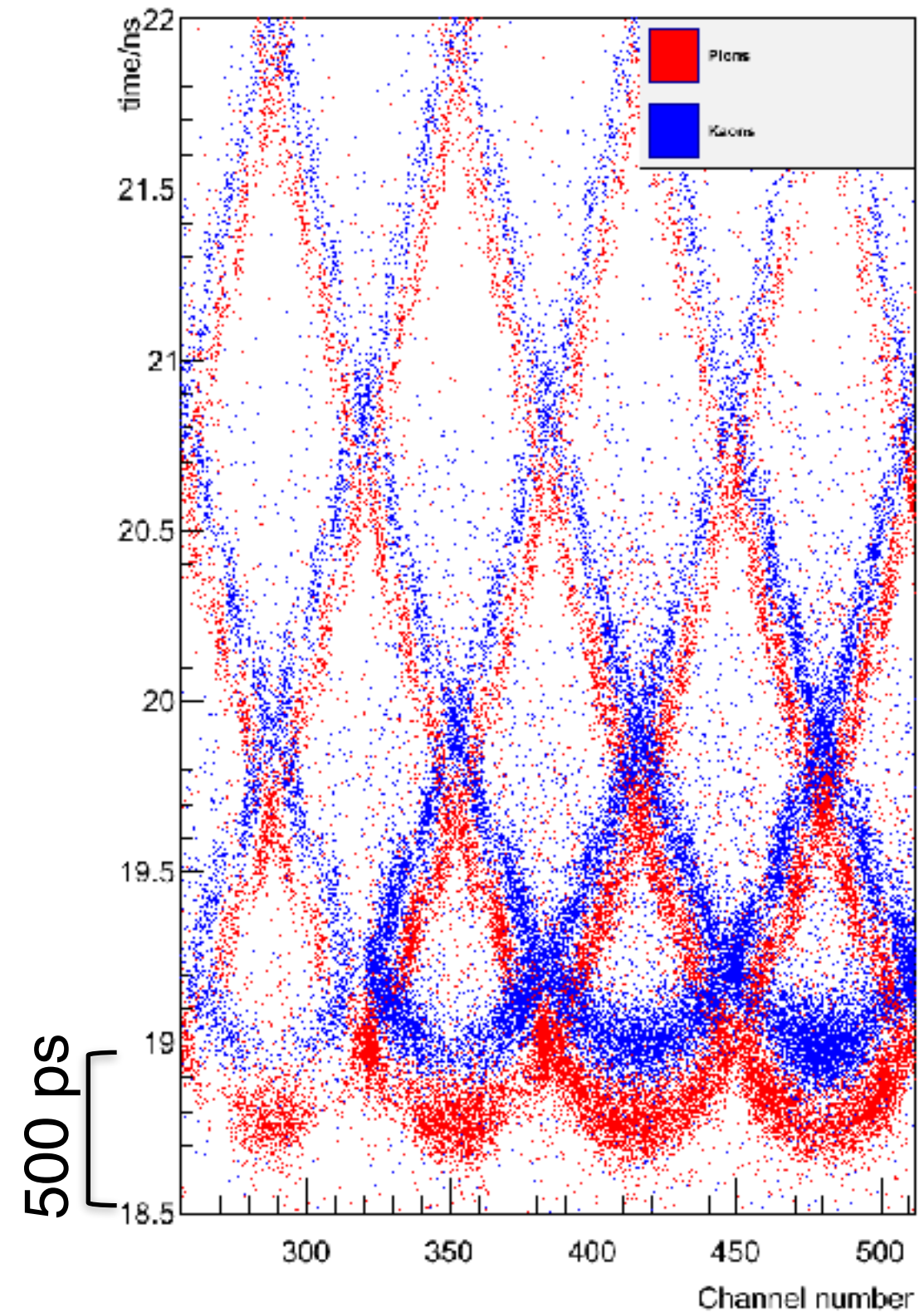
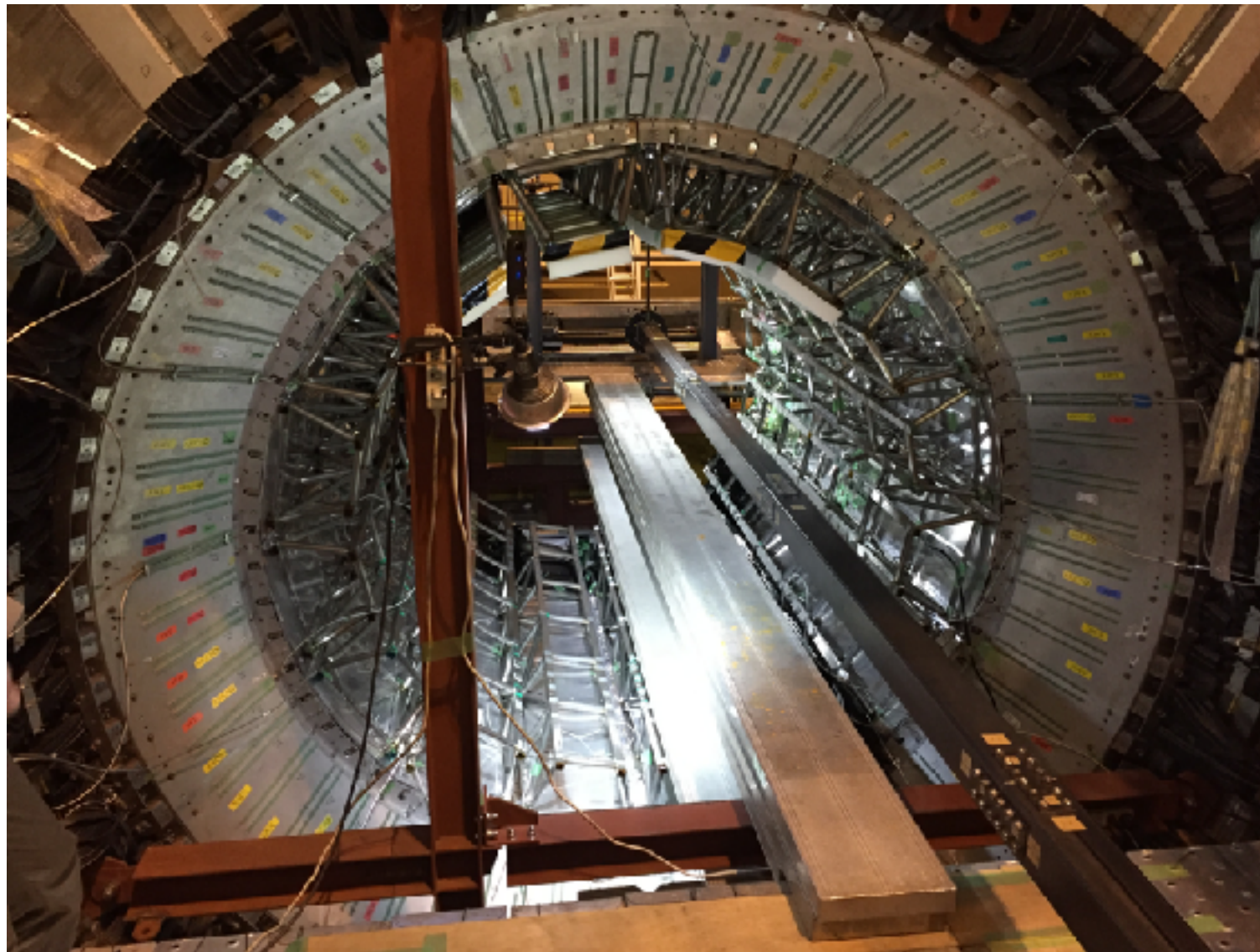
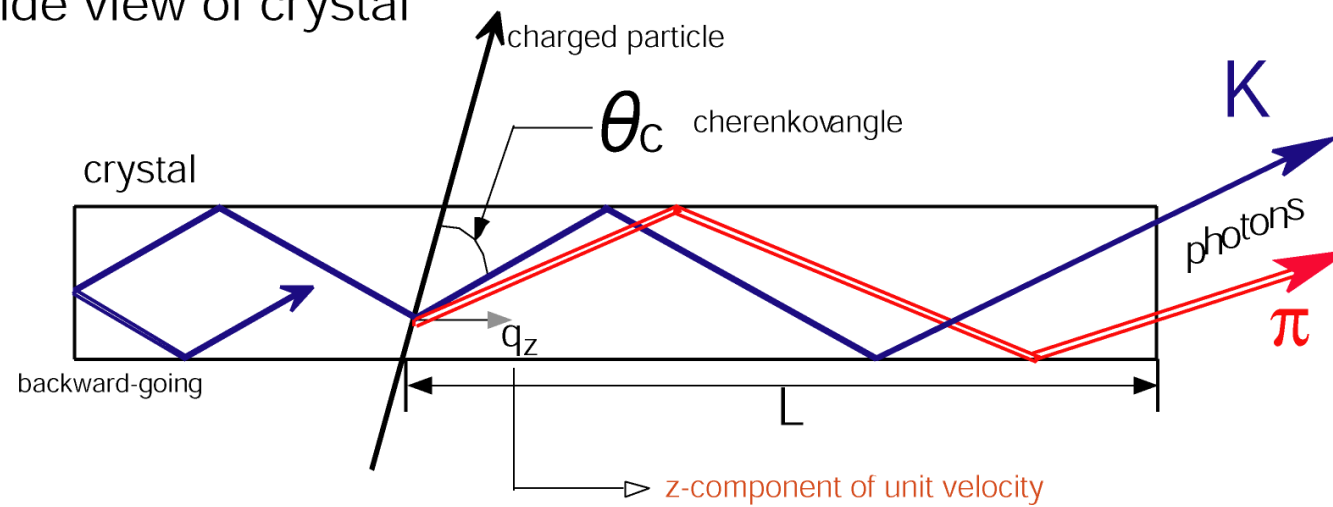


Multiple tracks
(showering cosmic ray event)



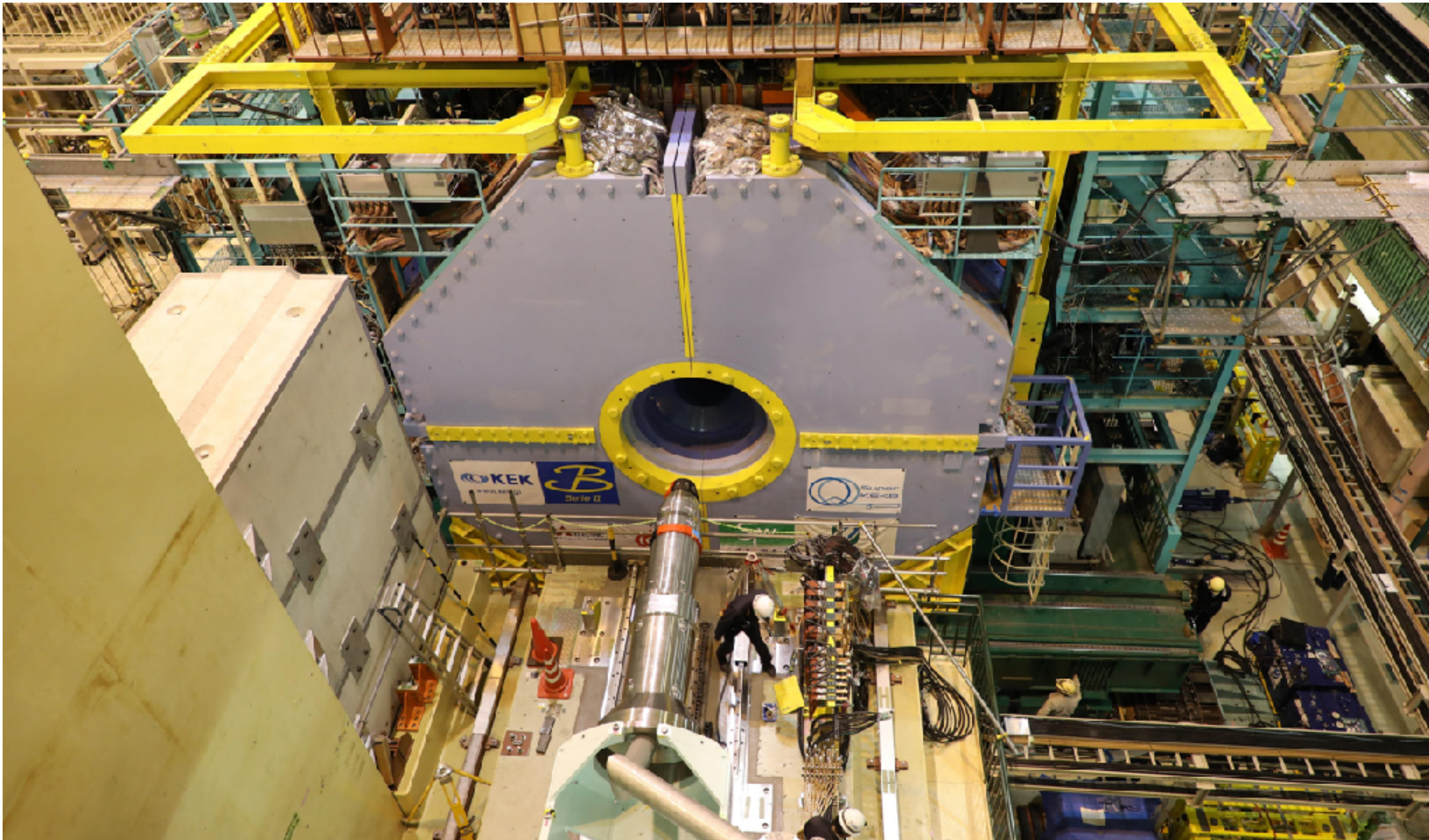
Time-of-Propagation Cherenkov Detector

Side view of crystal



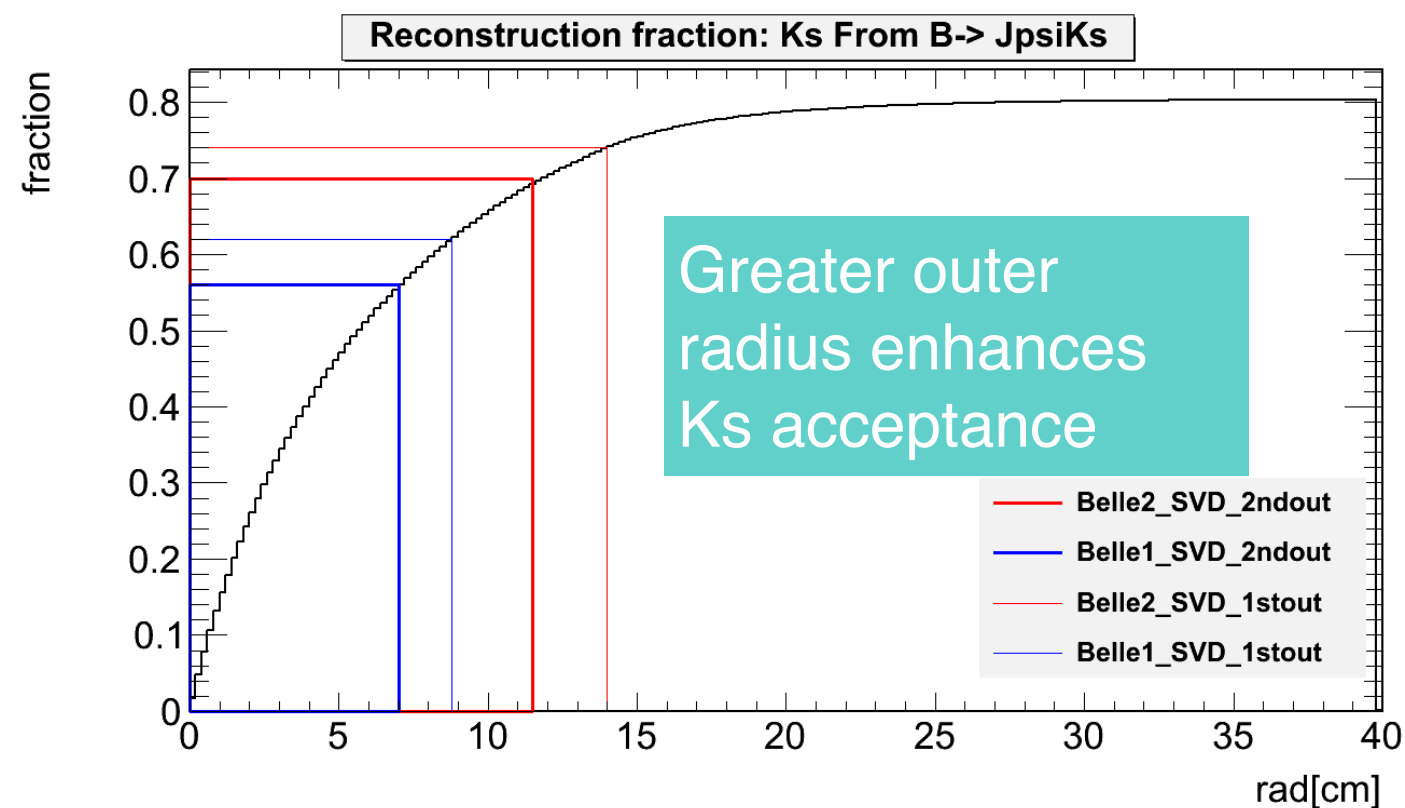
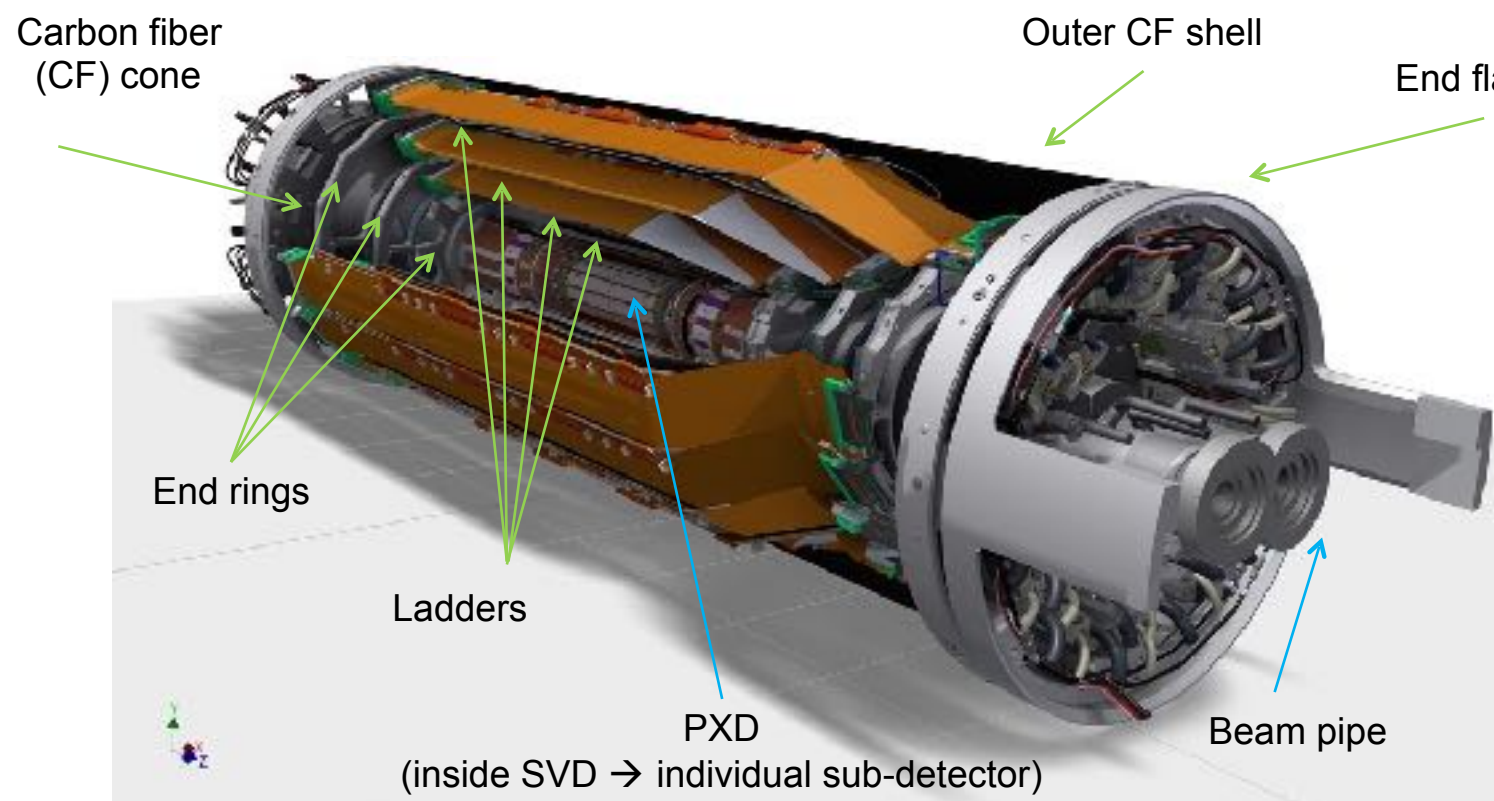
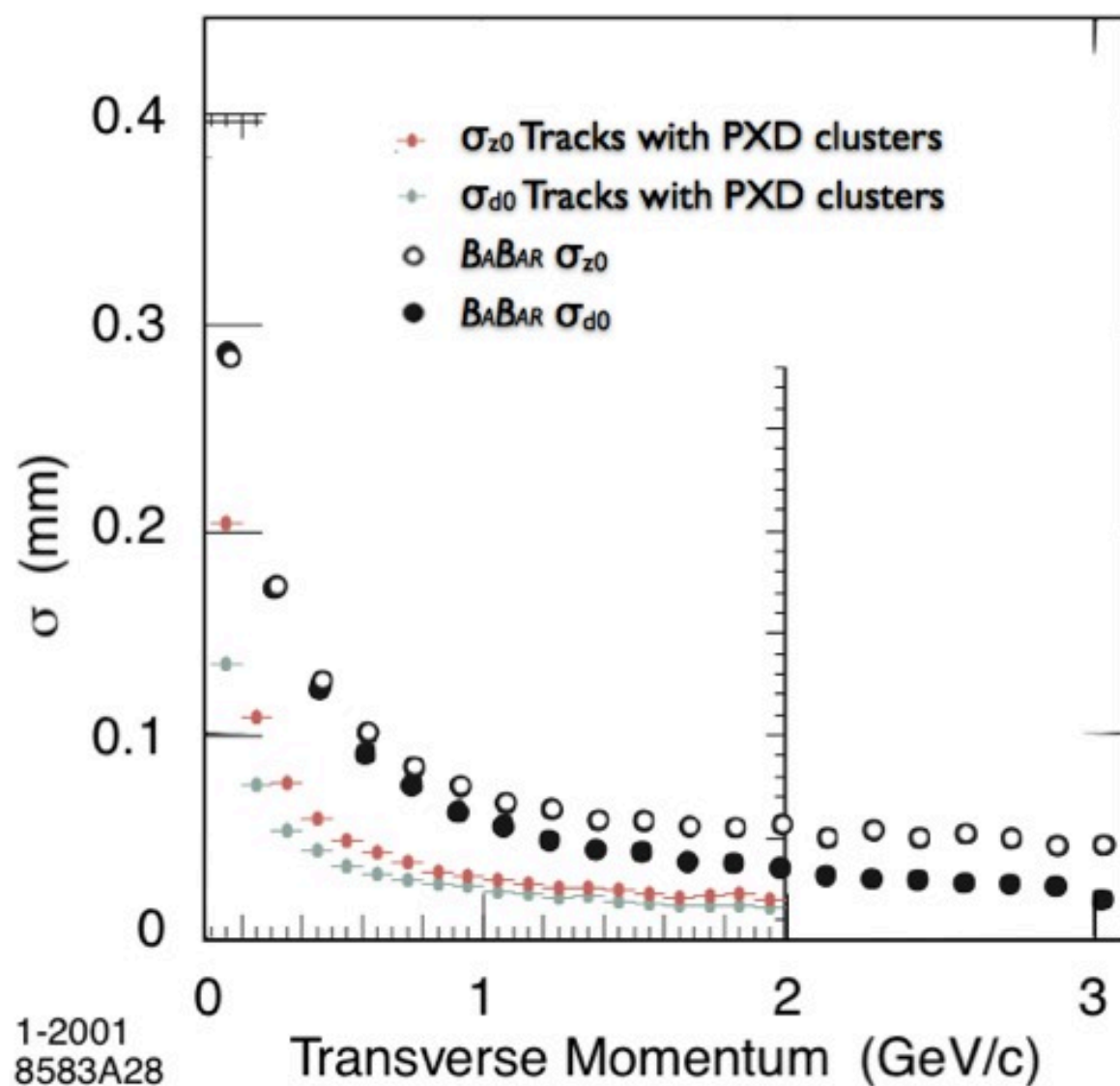
Belle II in place

April 1, Belle II “roll-in”



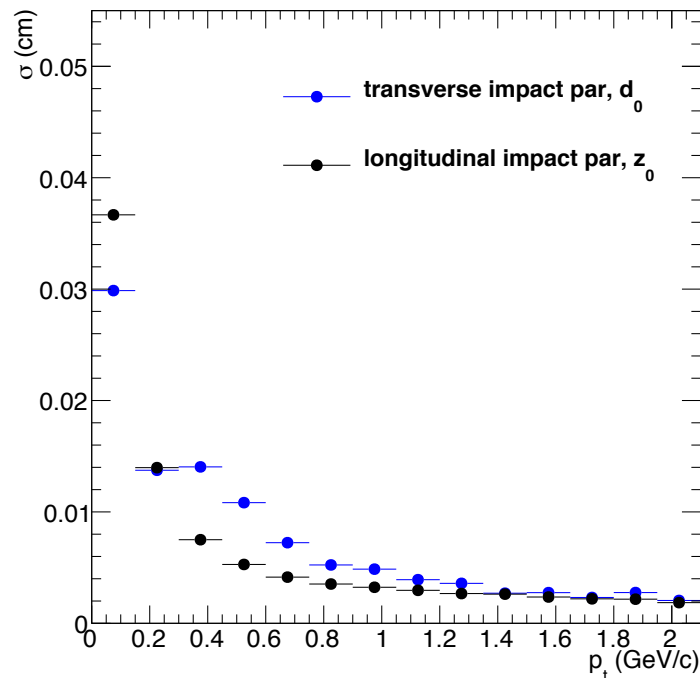
Vertex Detector

IP resolution much better than Belle & Babar → much better vertexing

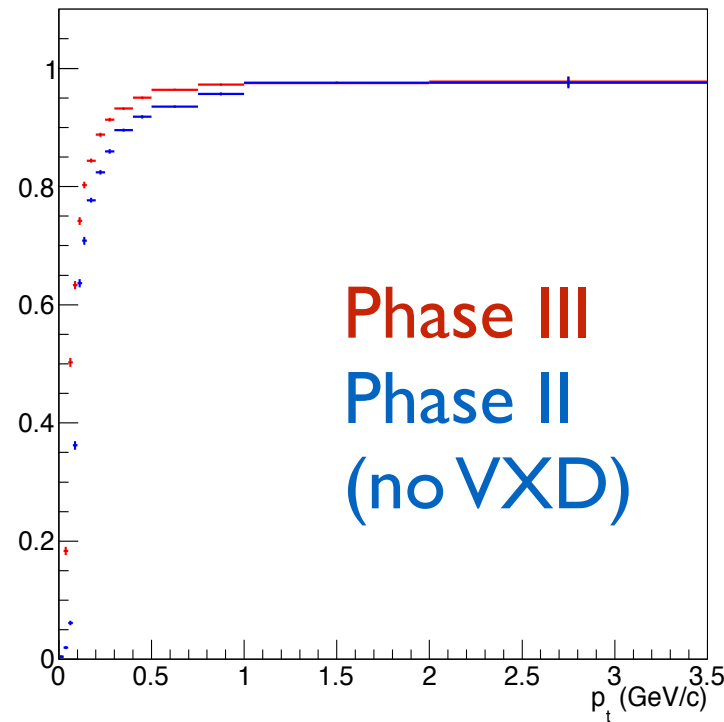


Performance Snapshot: Reconstructed Particles

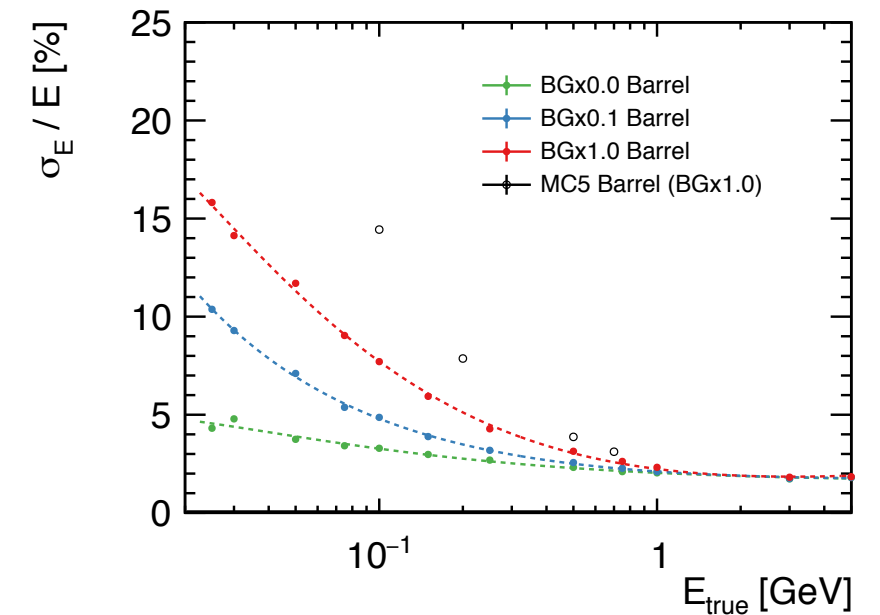
Tracking IP resolution, Rel7



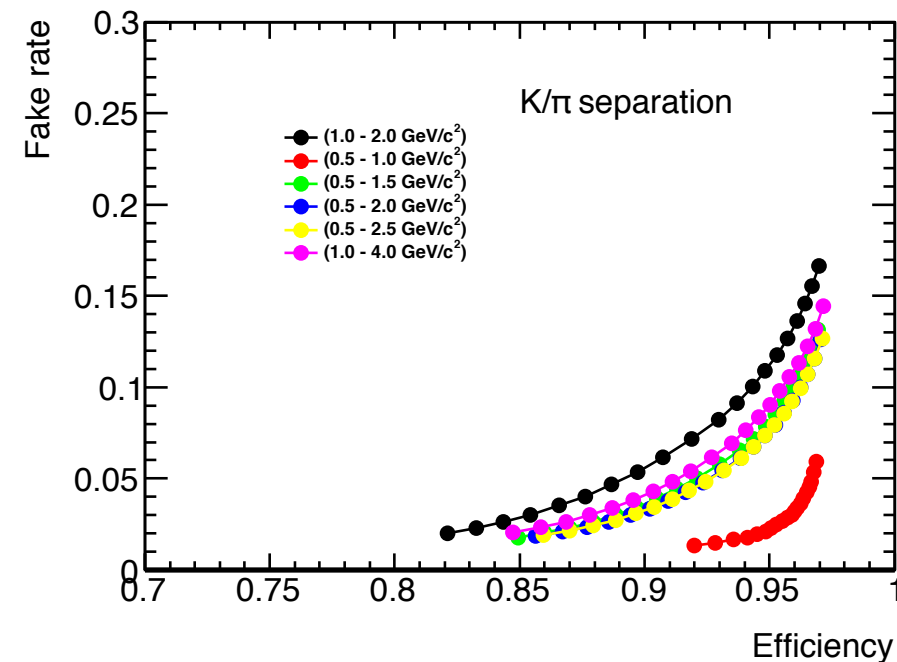
Tracking efficiency vs Pt, Rel7



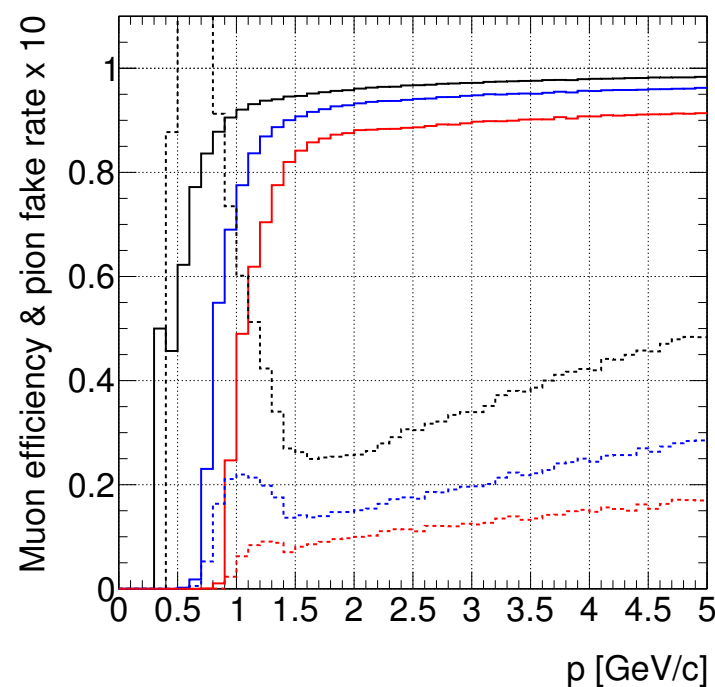
Photon energy resolution, Rel7



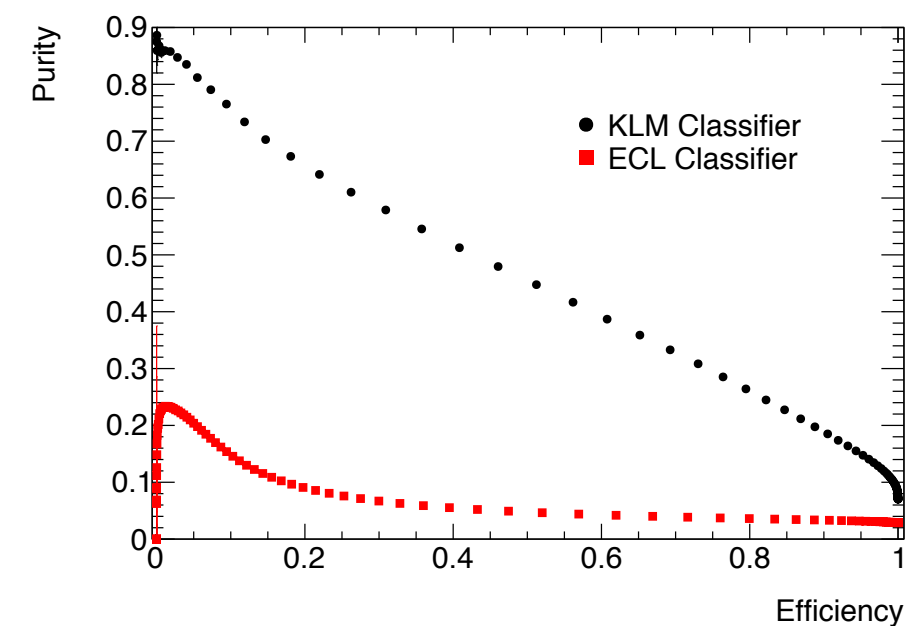
K/ π separation ROC, Rel7



Muon ID efficiency, Rel7



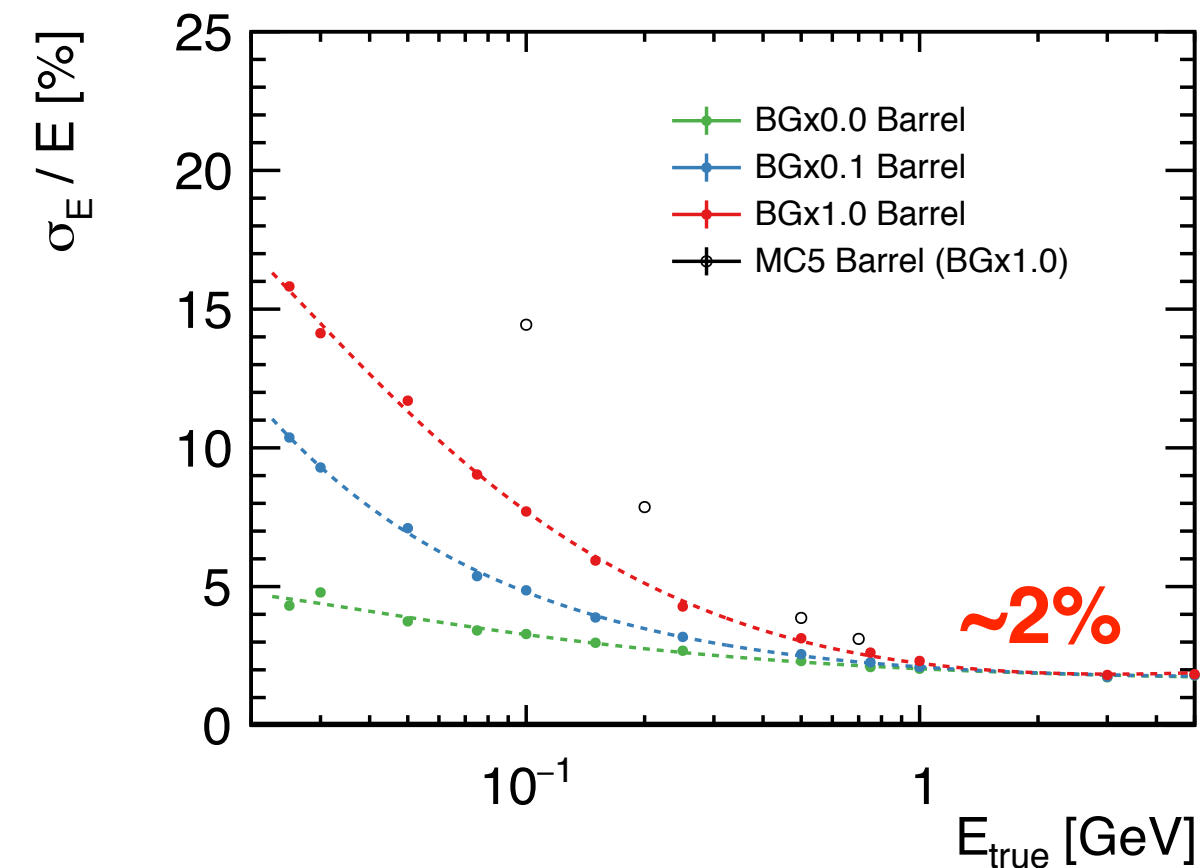
K_L ID ROC, Rel7



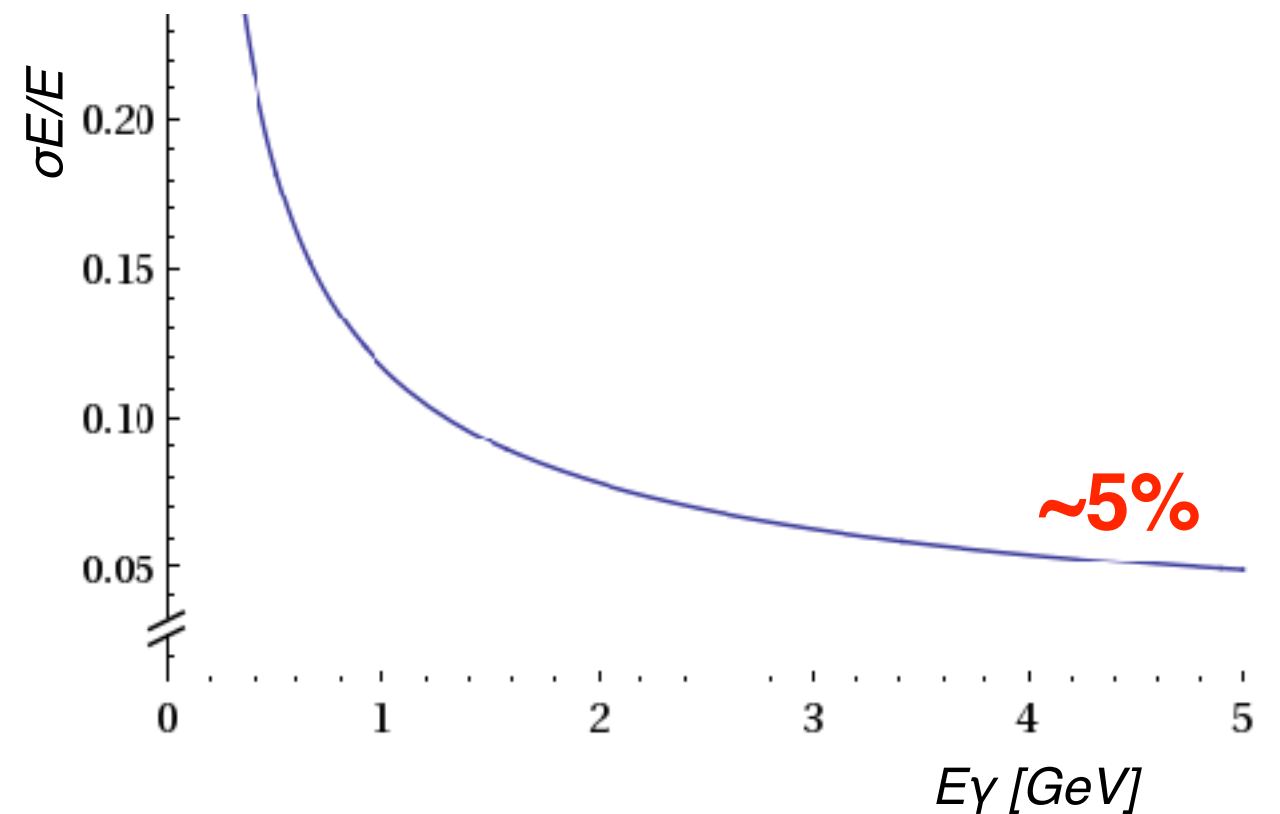
Electromagnetic interactions

- Far fewer background & pileup photons than hadron collider
- Higher performance calorimeter
- Much less material in front (important for electrons)

Photon energy resolution, Rel7



LHCb upgrade full simulation (parametrisation)



So when do we start Belle II ?

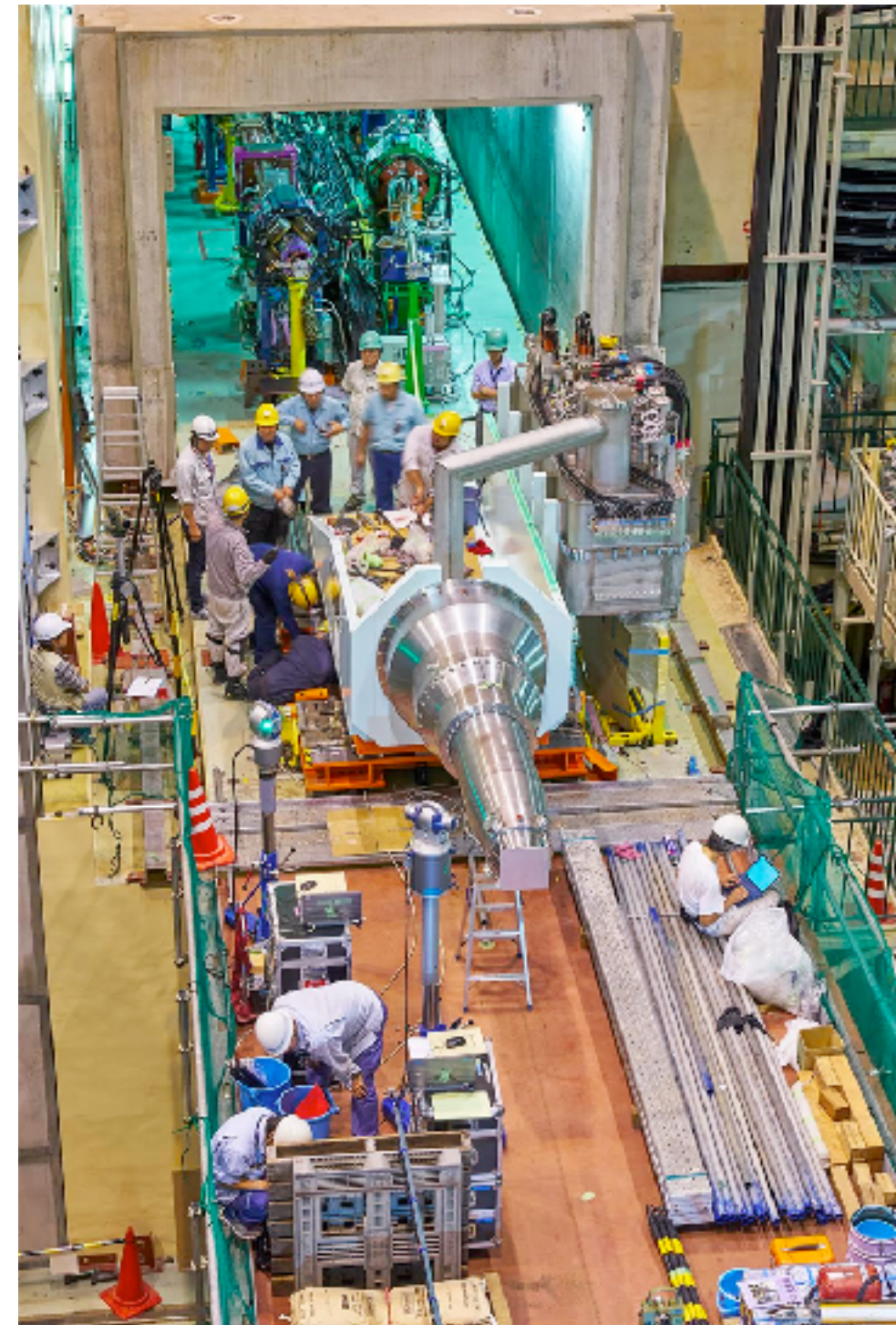
BEAST PHASE I:

Feb-June 2016

(Belle II roll-in in March 2017).

PHASE II Operation: **Starts in ~Jan 2018** [Begin with damping ring commissioning; First collisions; *limited physics without vertex detectors*]

Phase III: Belle II Physics Running:
late 2018 [vertex detectors in]



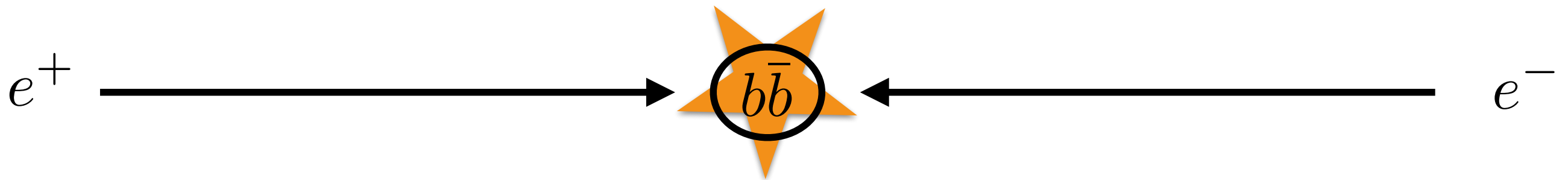
QCSL at the IP, Aug 2016

**Anomalies in $b \rightarrow s \ell \ell$
& $b \rightarrow c \tau \nu$**

Missing energy decays an e^+e^- collider

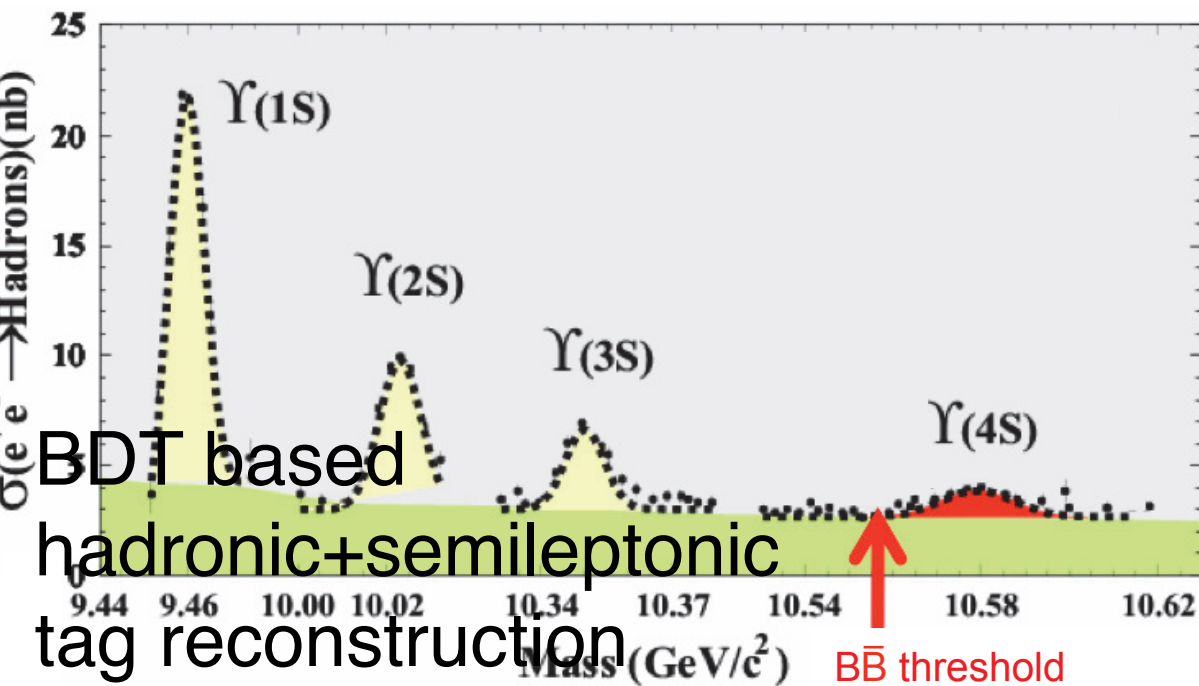
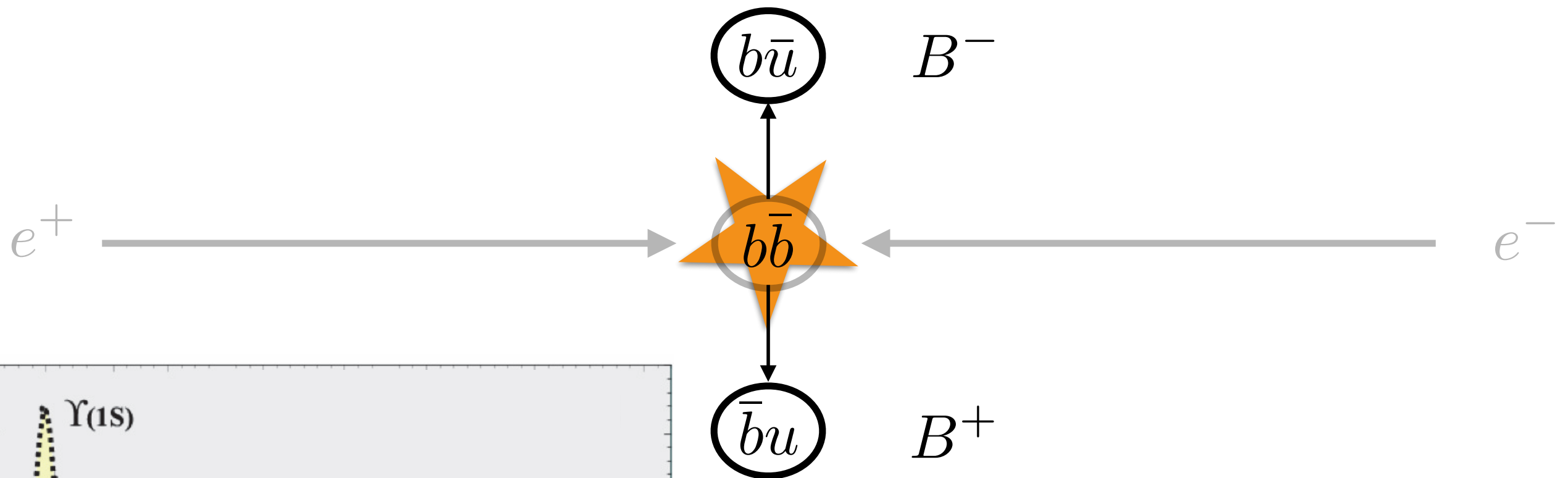
BDT based
hadronic+semileptonic
tag reconstruction
implemented.

Missing energy decays an e^+e^- collider



BDT based
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Missing energy decays an e^+e^- collider

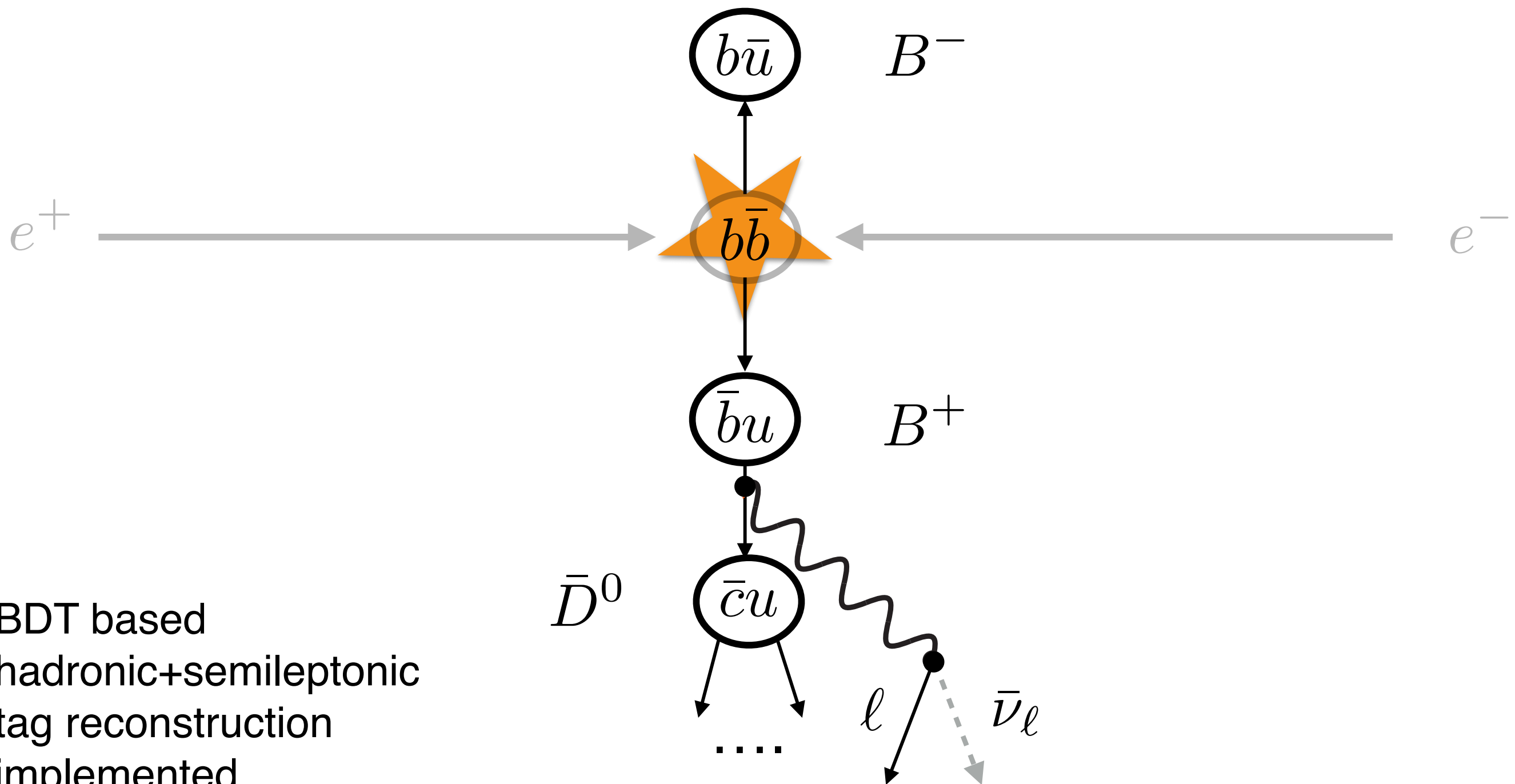


BDT based
hadronic+semileptonic
tag reconstruction
implemented.

$$\Upsilon(1S) = \langle b\bar{b} \rangle$$

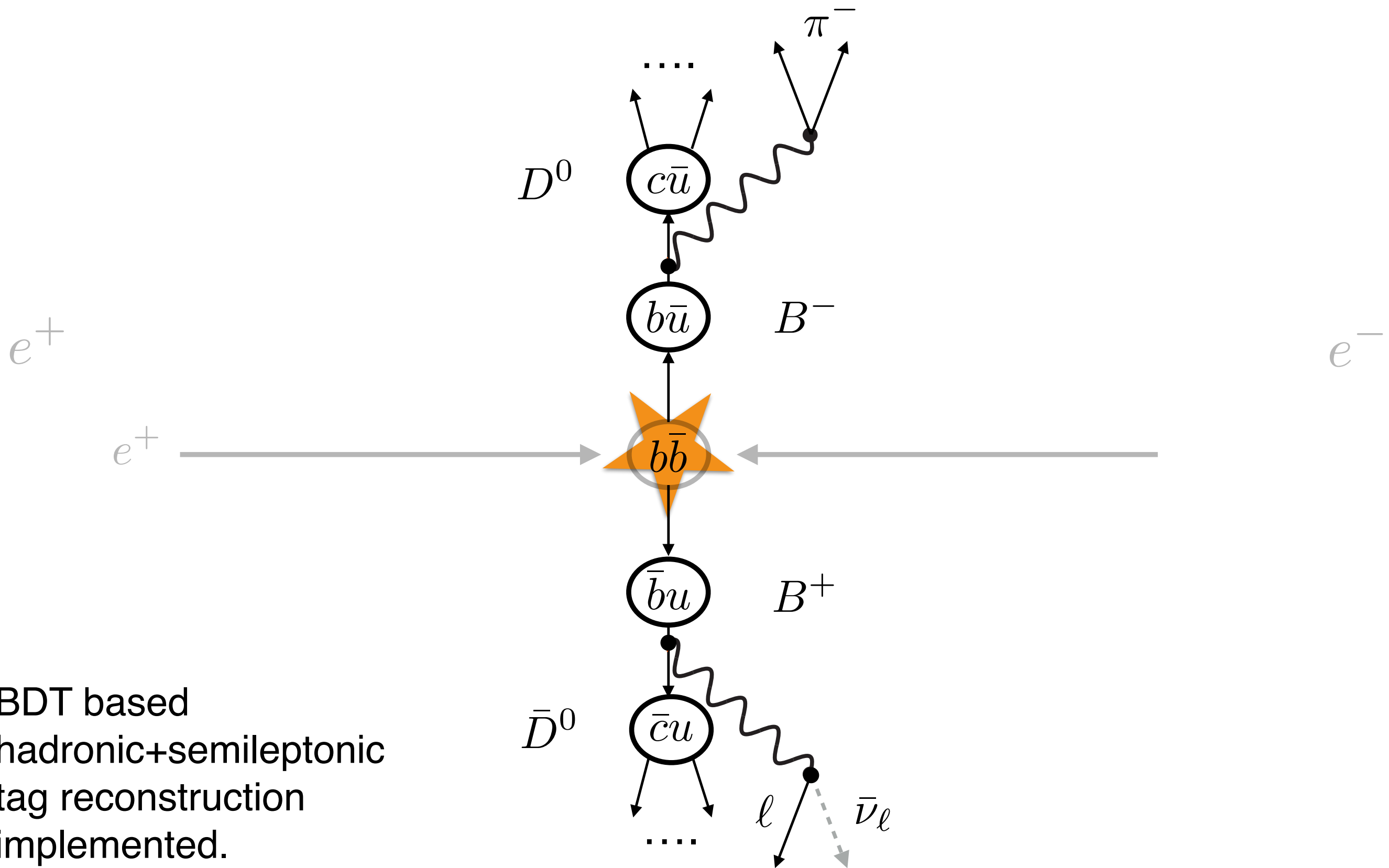
$$\Upsilon(4S) = \langle b\bar{b} \rangle$$

Missing energy decays an e^+e^- collider

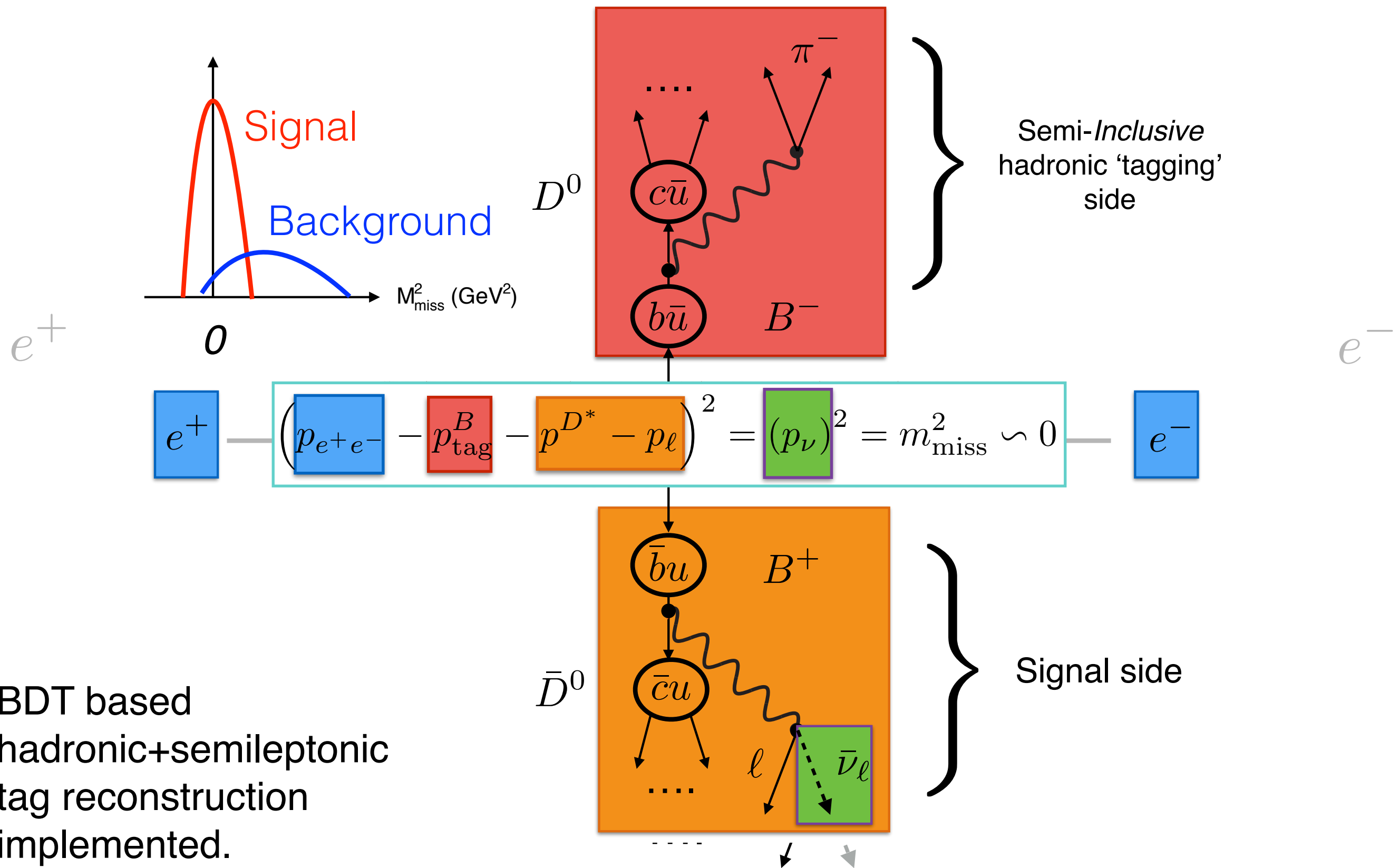


BDT based
hadronic+semileptonic
tag reconstruction
implemented.

Missing energy decays an e^+e^- collider



Missing energy decays an e⁺e⁻ collider



BDT based
hadronic+semileptonic
tag reconstruction
implemented.

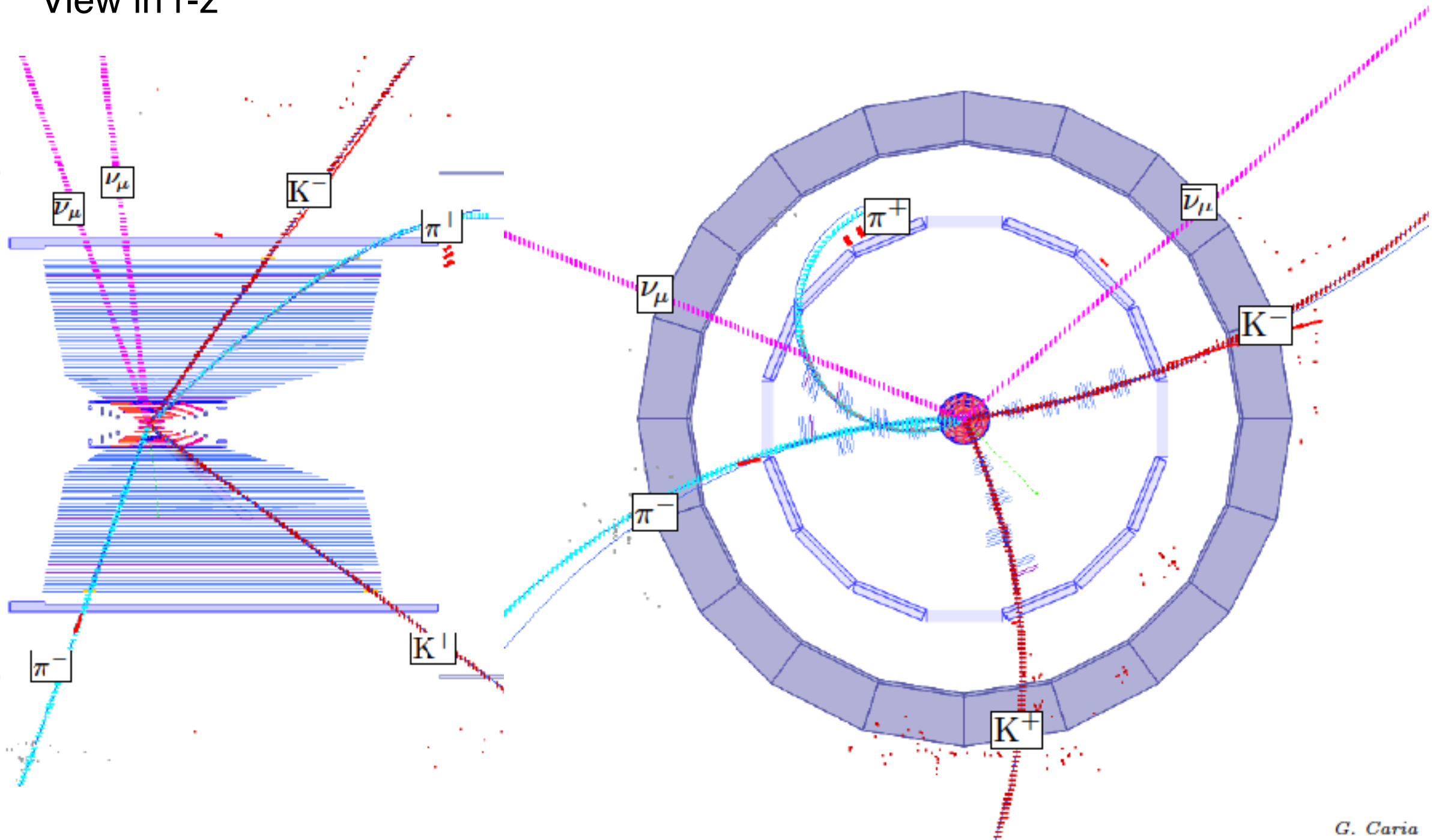
“Missing Energy Decay” in a Belle II GEANT4 simulation

Signal $B \rightarrow K \nu \nu$

tag mode: $B \rightarrow D\pi$; $D \rightarrow K\pi$

Zoomed view of the vertex
region in r--phi

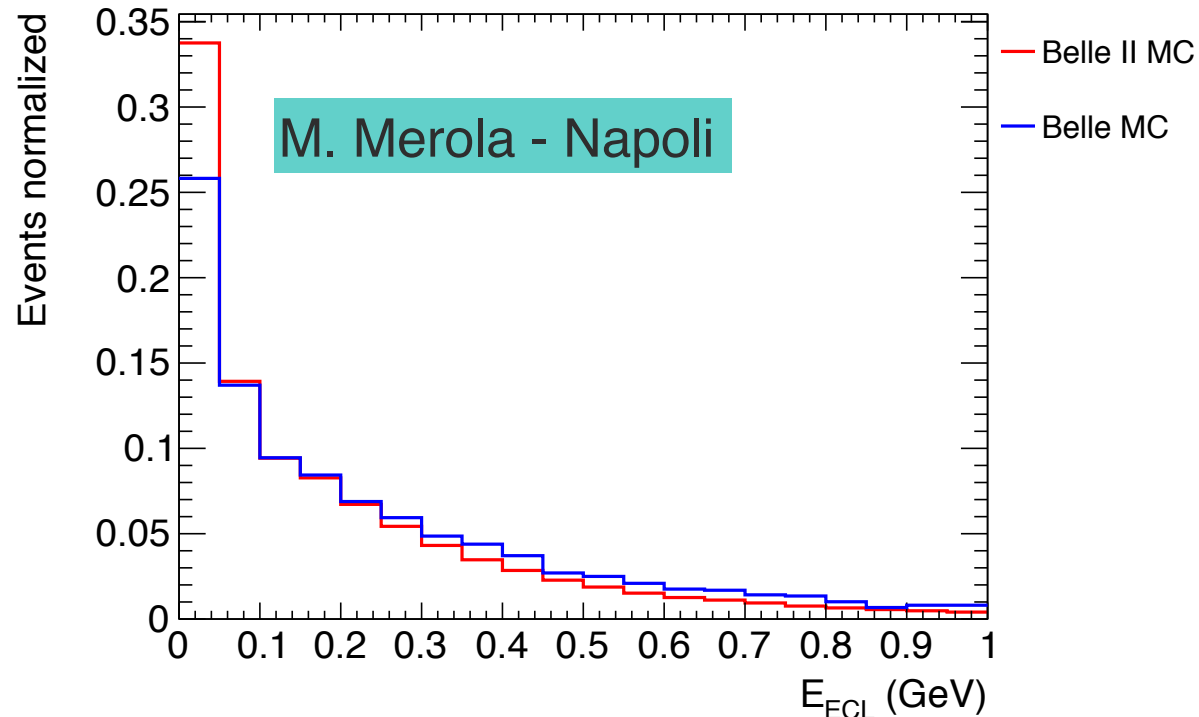
View in r-z



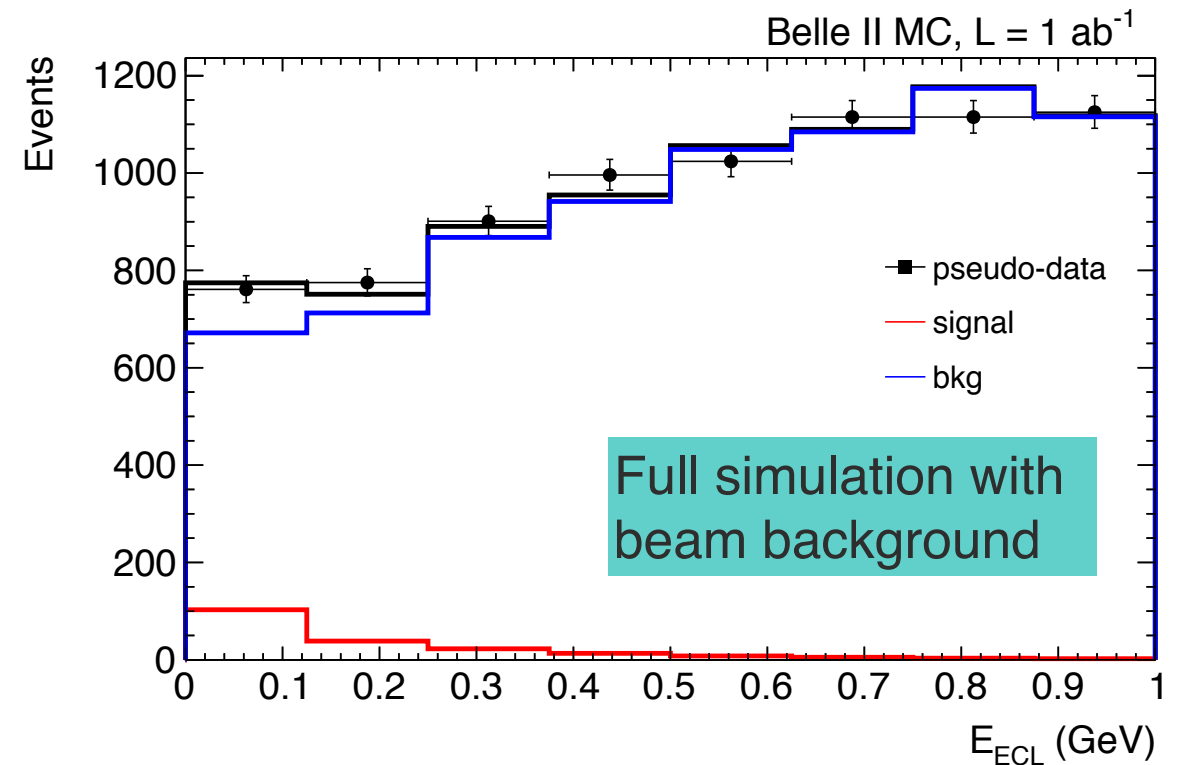
G. Caria

$B \rightarrow \tau (\rightarrow l \nu \nu) \nu$ with FEI

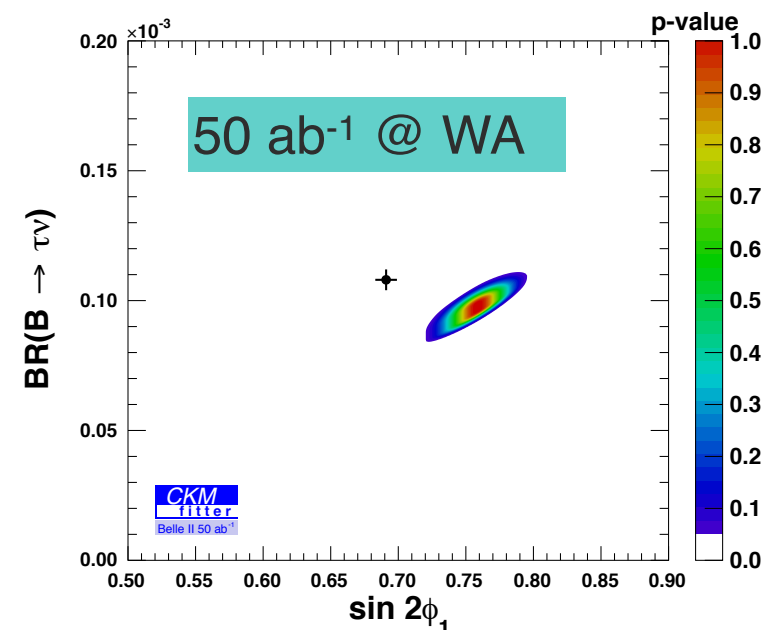
- MC6, BDT Signal optimisation,
- Even with nominal beam background sensitivity comparable to Belle.



$E_{extra} < 1$ GeV	Babar PRD 88, 031102 (2013)	Belle PRL 110, 131801 (2013)	Belle II (this analysis)
Signal Efficiency (‰)	0.72	1.1	2.2



ab^{-1}	1		5		50	
	Had	SL	Had	SL	Had	SL
Stat [%]	29	19	13	9	4	3
Sys[%]	13	18	7	9	5	5
Total[%]	32	26	15	12	6	5

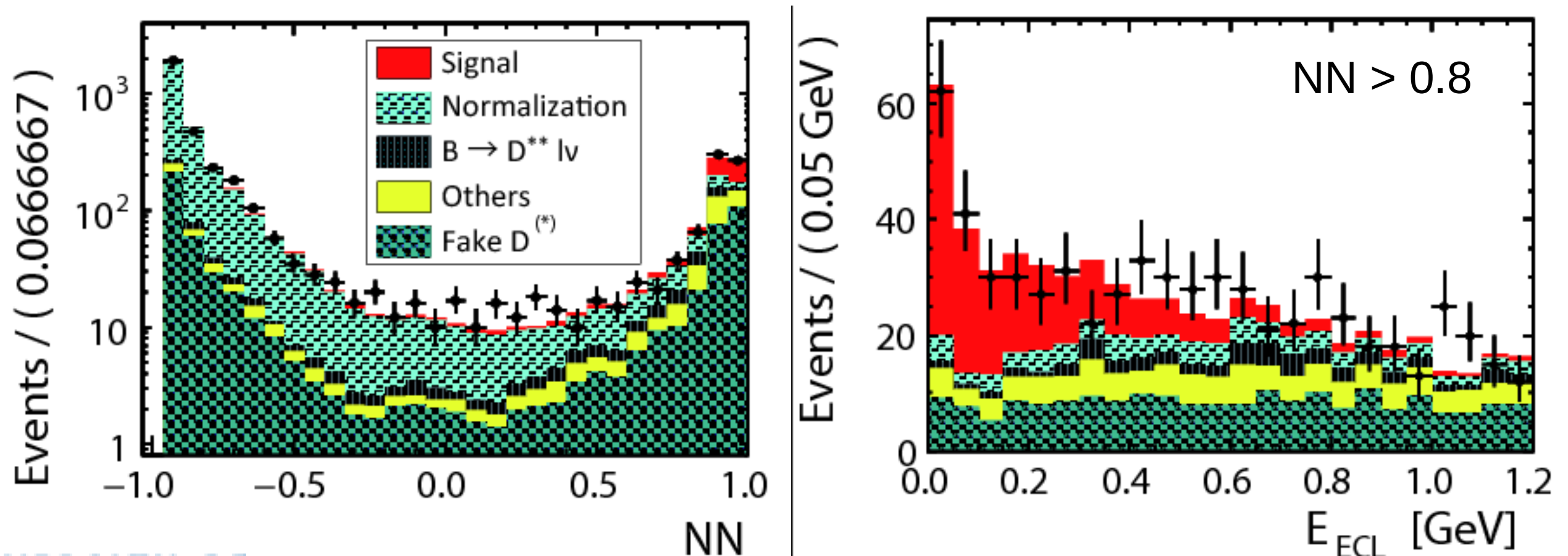


$B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \nu$

Belle, Phys.Rev.D 92, 072014 (2015)
Belle, Phys.Rev.D 94, 072007 (2016)
Belle, arXiv:1612.00529 (to PRL)

- Belle has 4 approaches
 - $\tau \rightarrow l \nu \nu$ [had tag, SL tag, untagged]
 - $\tau \rightarrow h \nu$ [had tag]
- First application of semileptonic tagging for $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \nu$

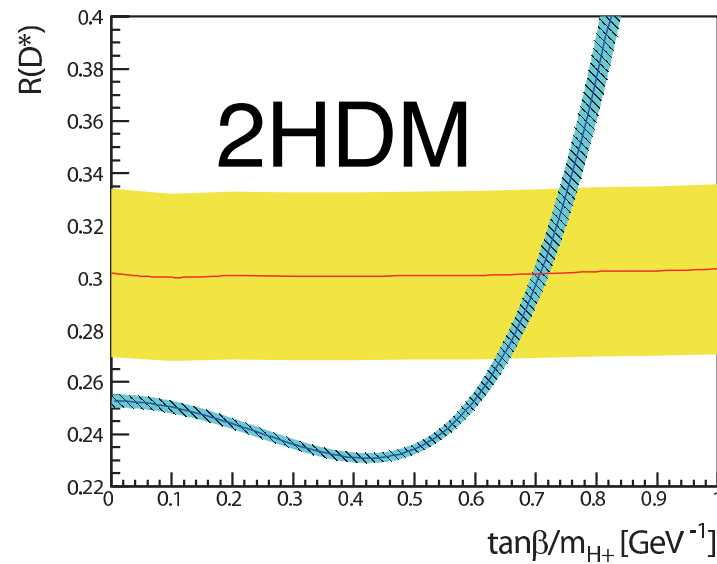
$$R(D^*) = 0.302 \pm 0.030 \pm 0.011$$



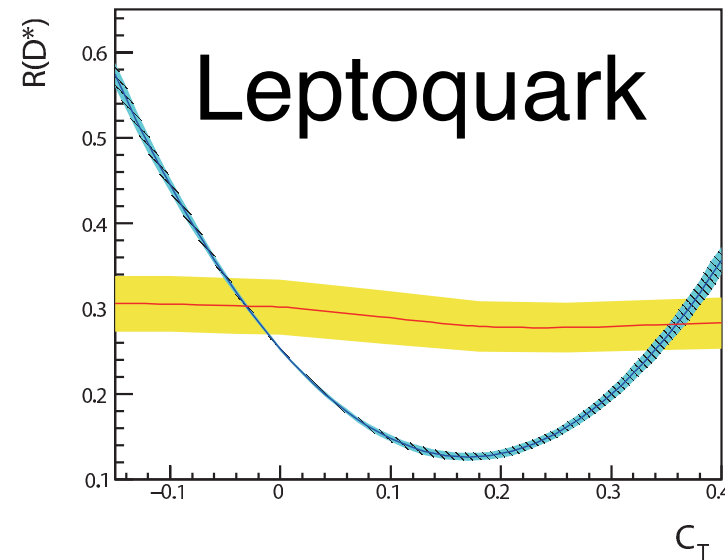
Limits on Type II 2HDM From Belle

Belle, Phys.Rev.D 94, 072007 (2016)

$B \rightarrow D^* \tau \nu$



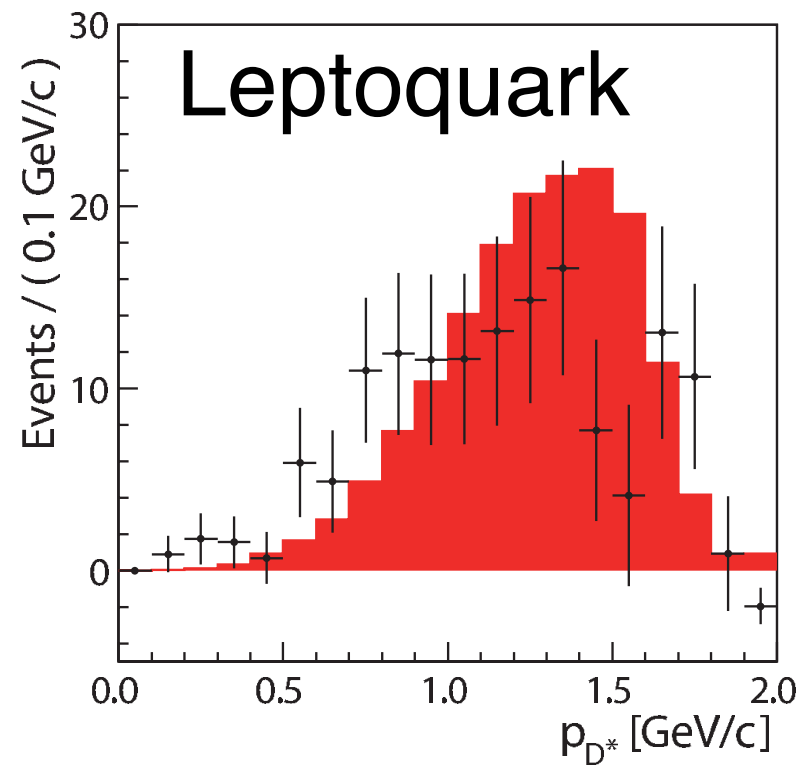
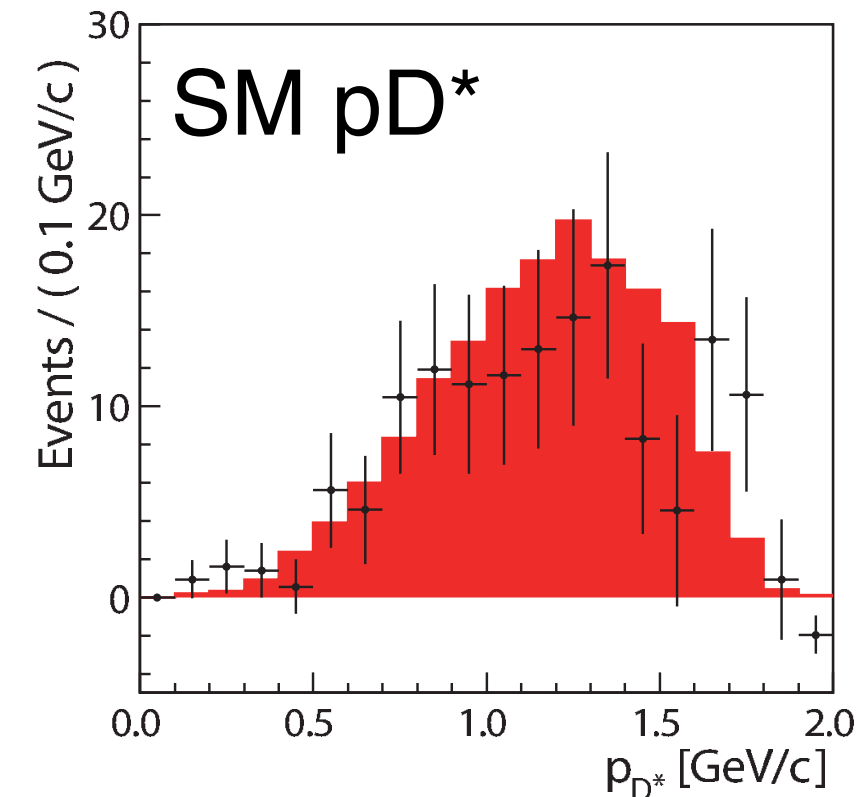
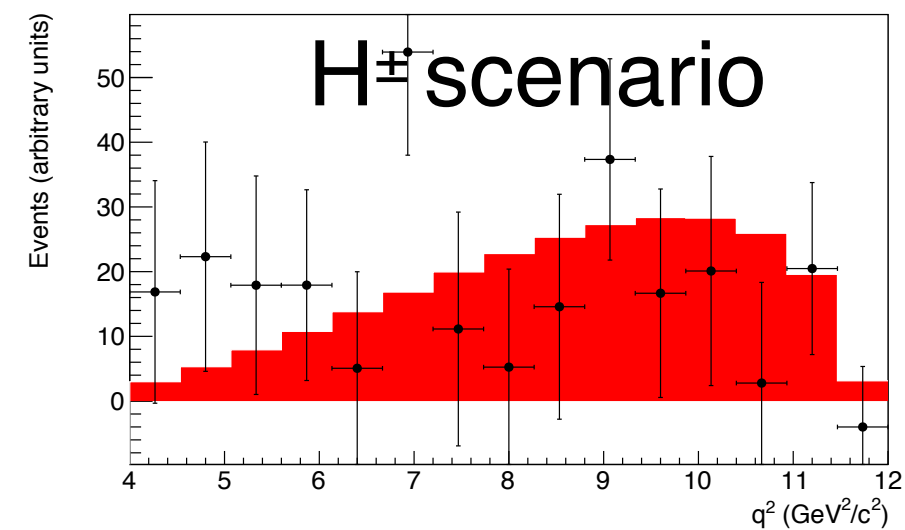
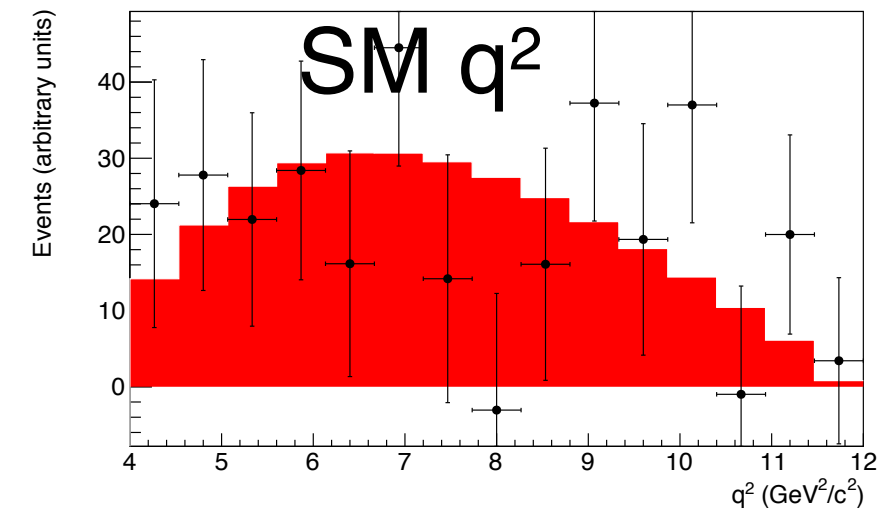
$\chi^2/\text{ndf} = 20.3/19, p = 37.6 \%$



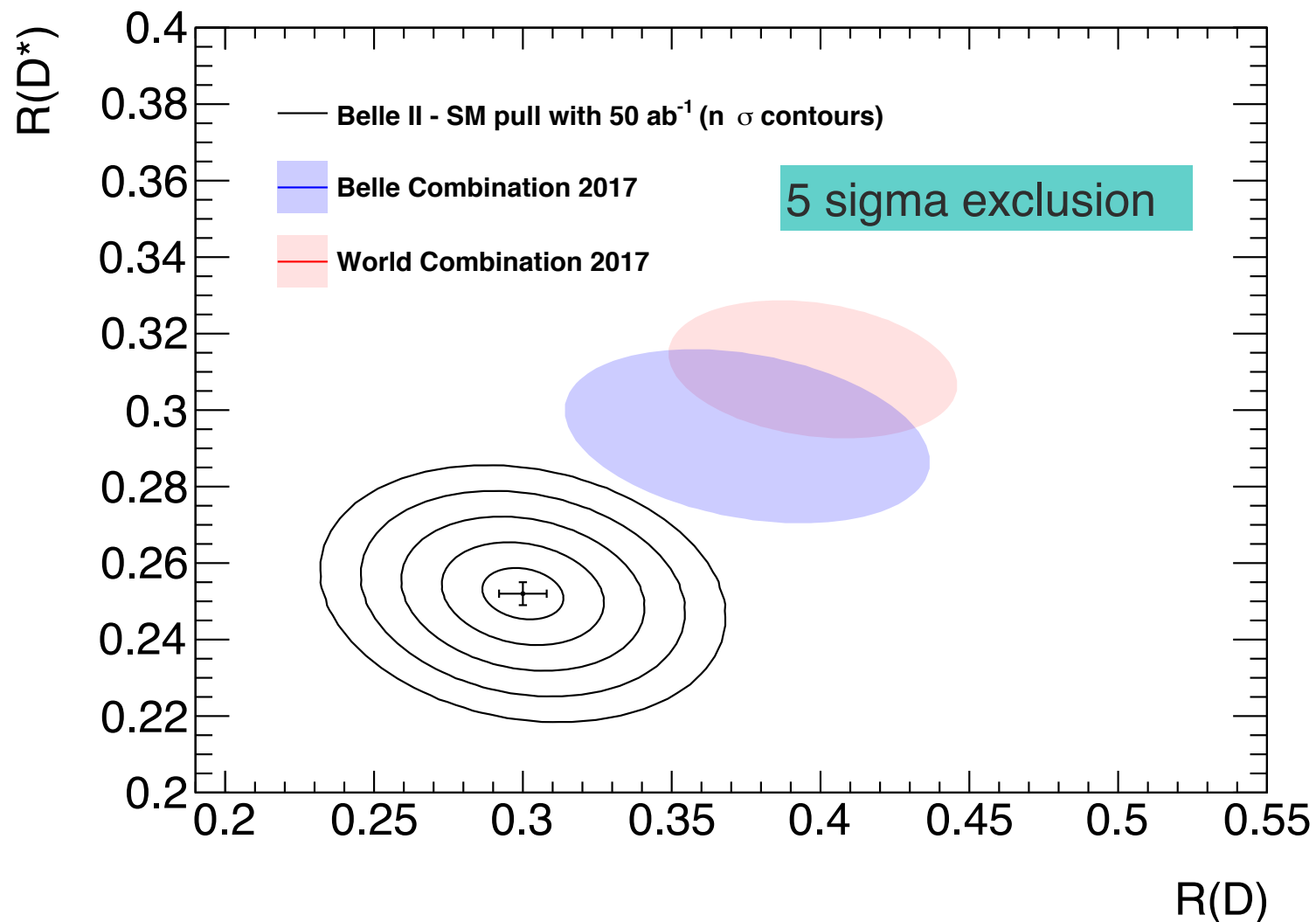
$\chi^2/\text{ndf} = 35.1/19, p = 1.4 \%$

Belle, Phys.Rev.D 92, 072014 (2015)

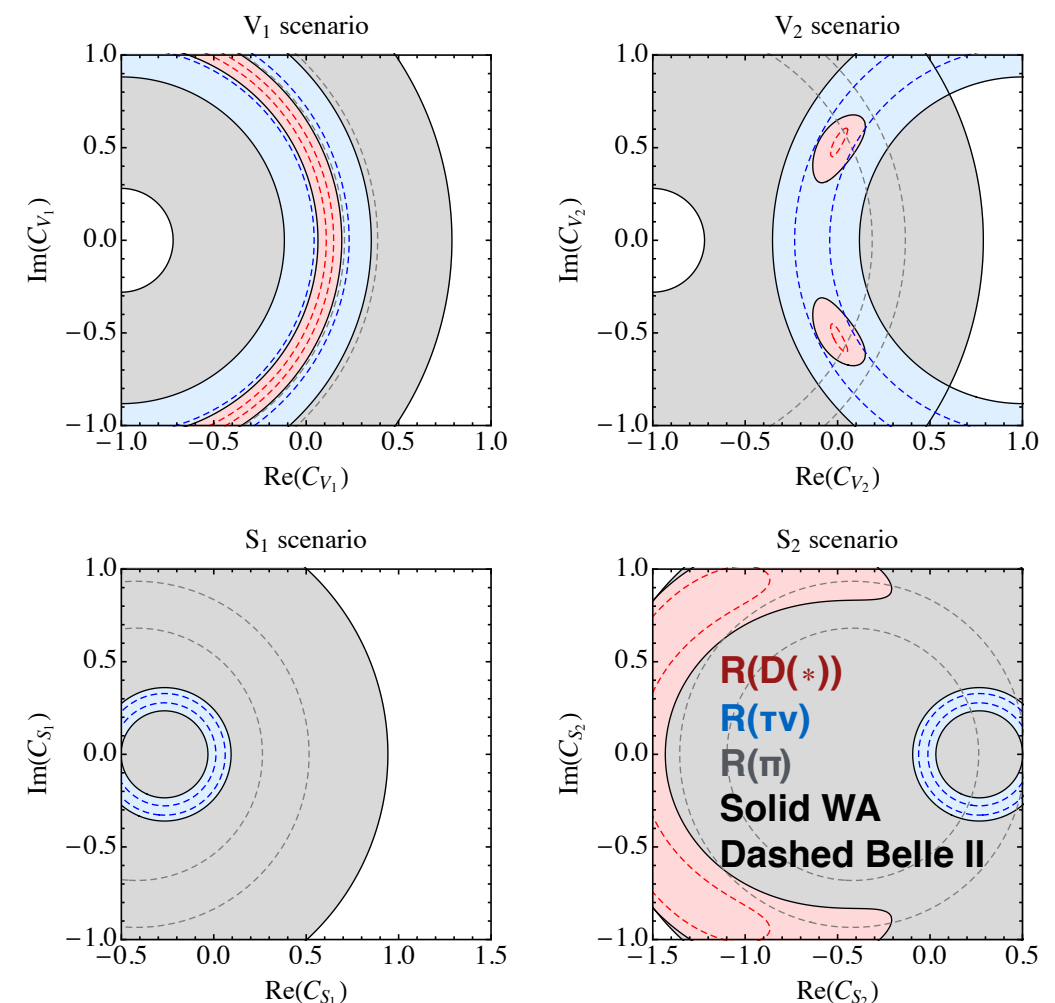
$B \rightarrow D \tau \nu$



$B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \nu$



$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{O}_{V_1}^{(q,\nu_\ell)} &= (\bar{q}\gamma^\mu P_L b)(\bar{\tau}\gamma_\mu P_L \nu_\ell), \\ \mathcal{O}_{V_2}^{(q,\nu_\ell)} &= (\bar{q}\gamma^\mu P_R b)(\bar{\tau}\gamma_\mu P_L \nu_\ell), \\ \mathcal{O}_{S_1}^{(q,\nu_\ell)} &= (\bar{q}P_R b)(\bar{\tau}P_L \nu_\ell), \\ \mathcal{O}_{S_2}^{(q,\nu_\ell)} &= (\bar{q}P_L b)(\bar{\tau}P_L \nu_\ell), \\ \mathcal{O}_T^{(q,\nu_\ell)} &= (\bar{q}\sigma^{\mu\nu} P_L b)(\bar{\tau}\sigma_{\mu\nu} P_L \nu_\ell),\end{aligned}$$

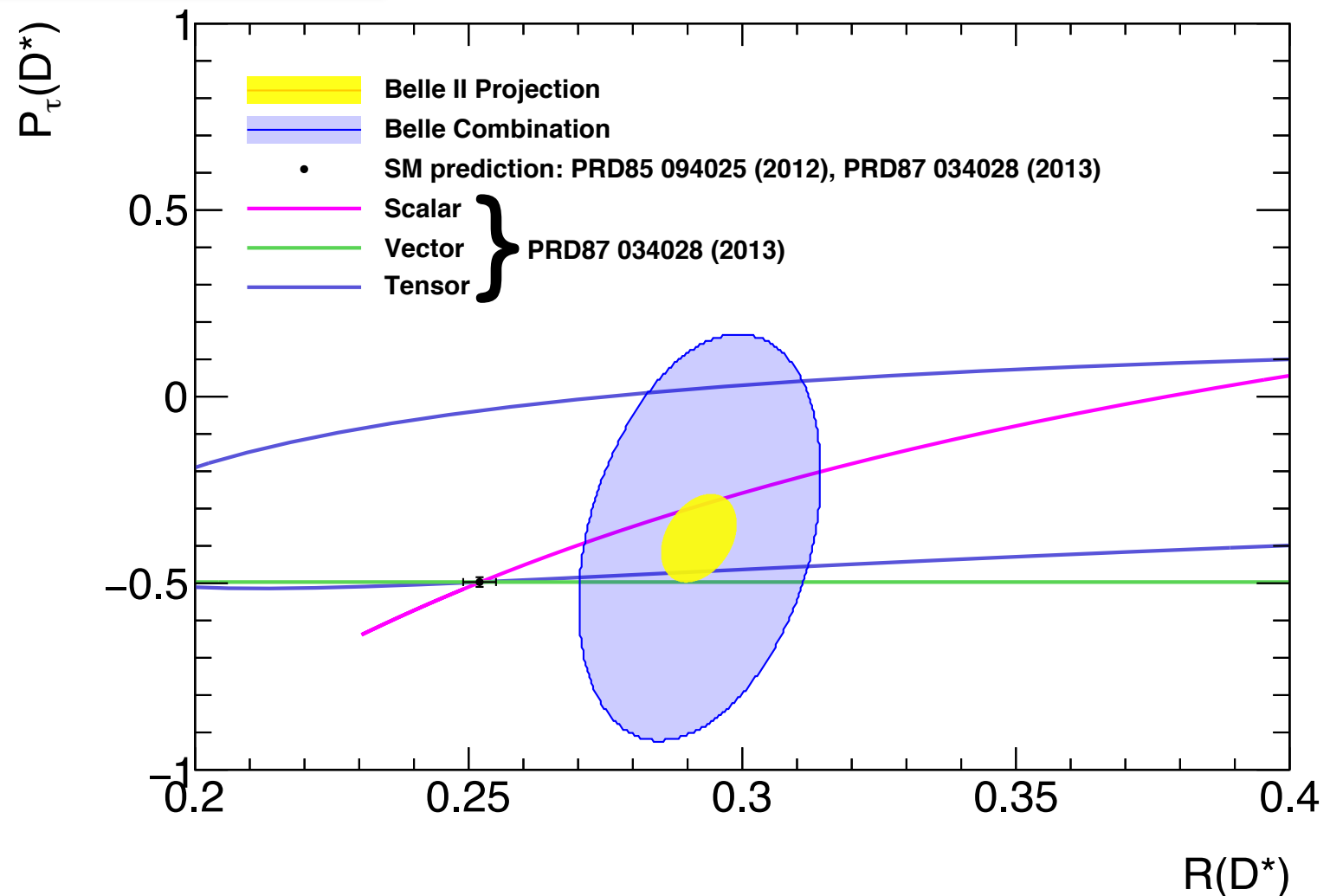
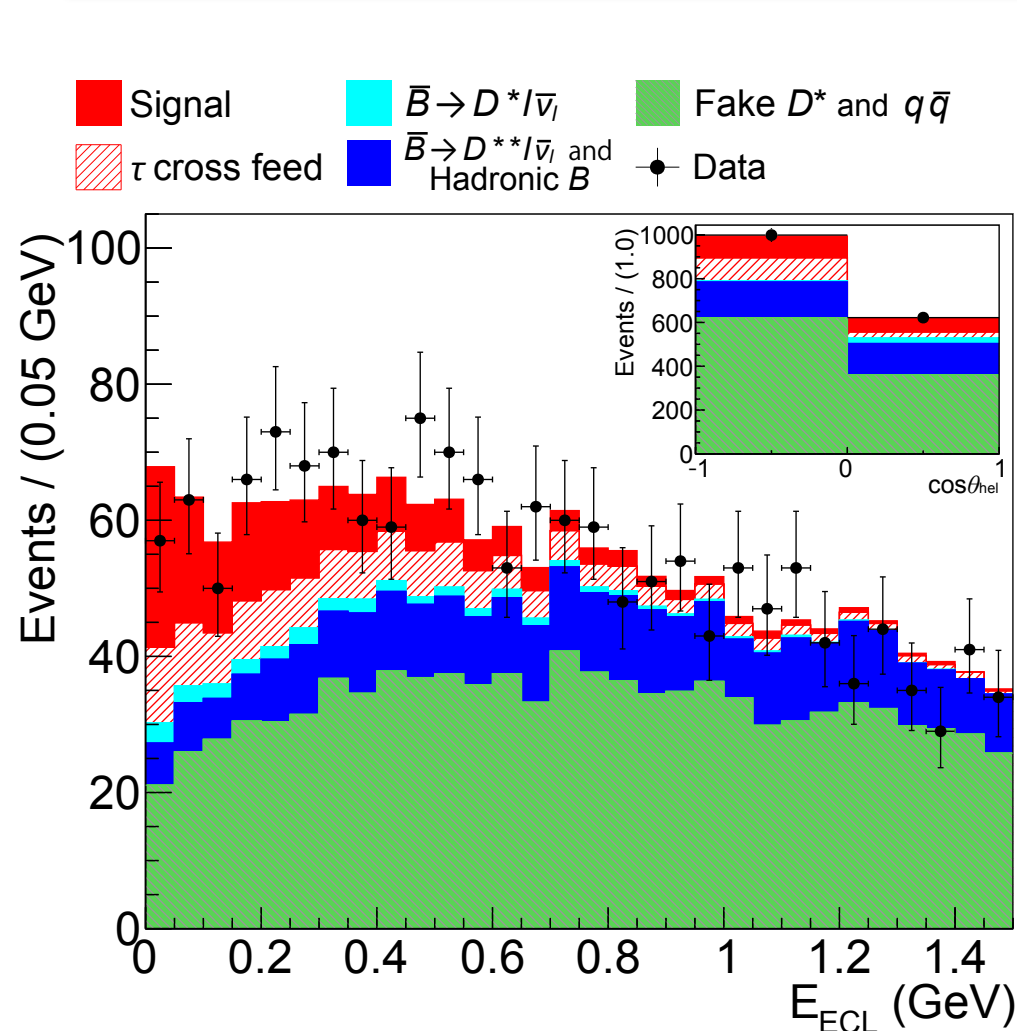


- Reaching this goal needs focus on $B \rightarrow D^{**} \ell \nu$ background.
See: <https://agenda.hepl.phys.nagoya-u.ac.jp/indico/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=702>

- $P(\tau)$ measured.
 - Strongly stat. limited. & only done in hadronic tag.
- $P(D^*)$ possible too

$$R(D^*) = 0.270 \pm 0.035(\text{stat.}) {}^{+0.028}_{-0.025}(\text{syst.})$$

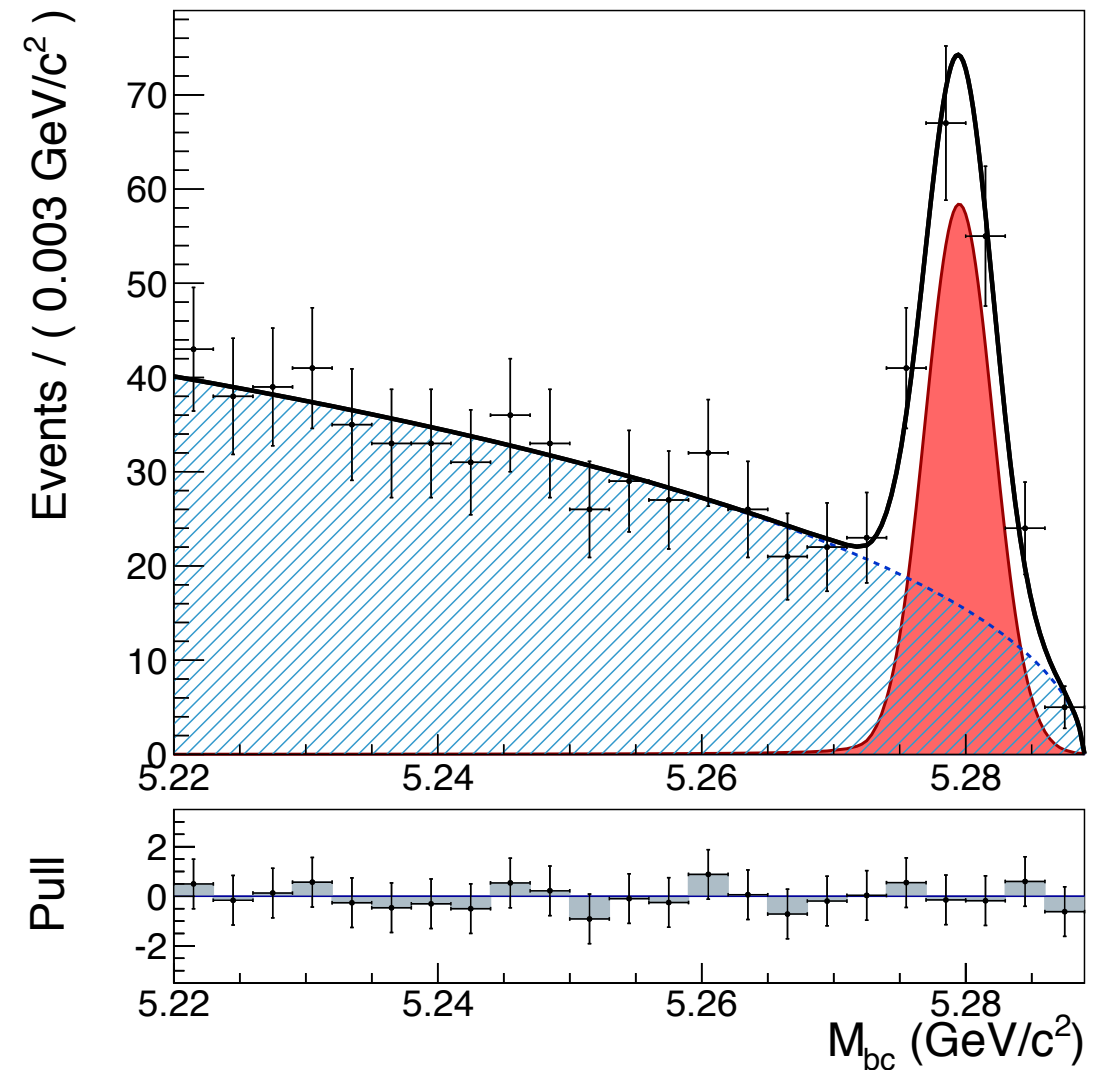
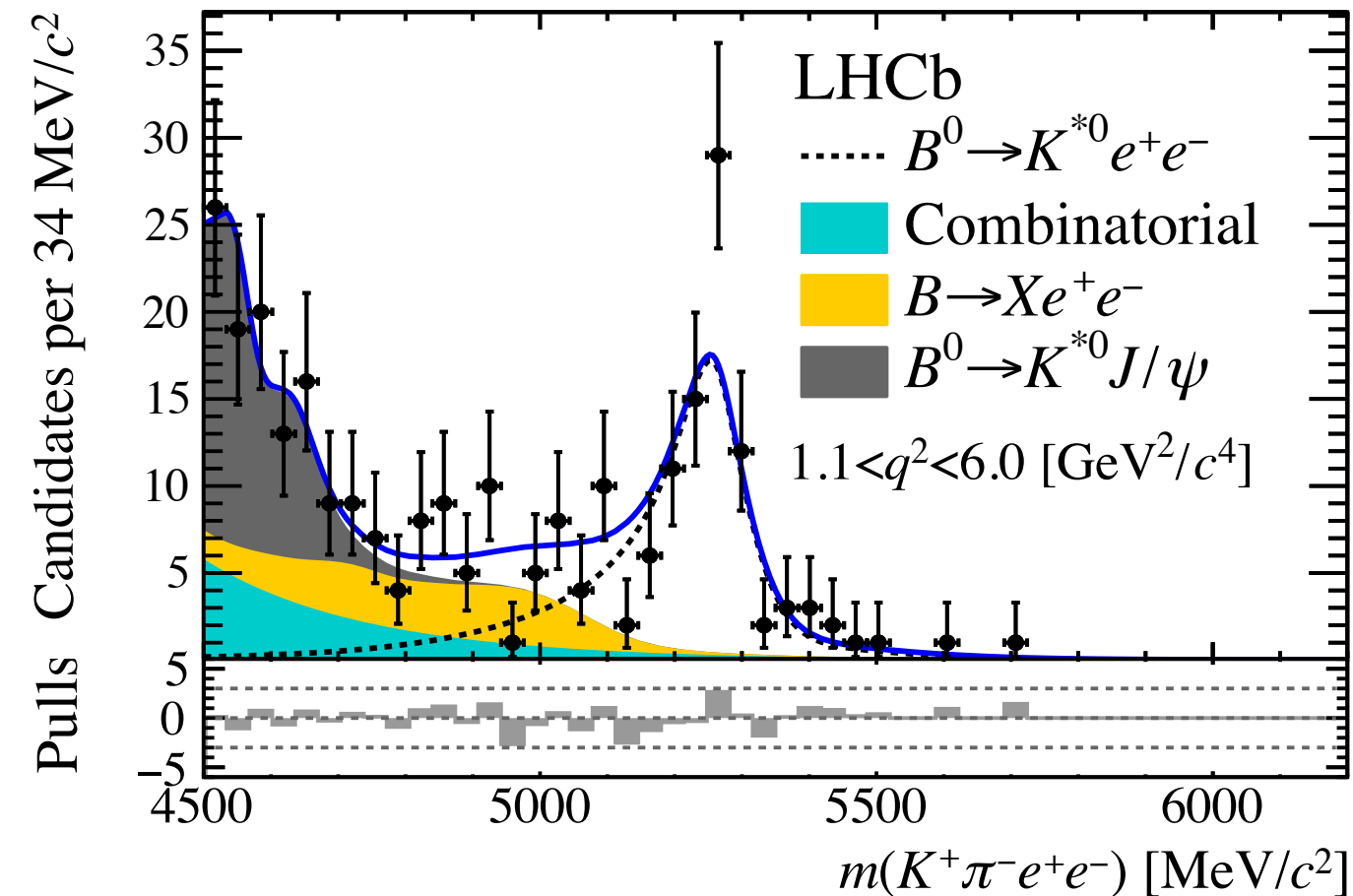
$$P_\tau(D^*) = -0.38 \pm 0.51(\text{stat.}) {}^{+0.21}_{-0.16}(\text{syst.})$$



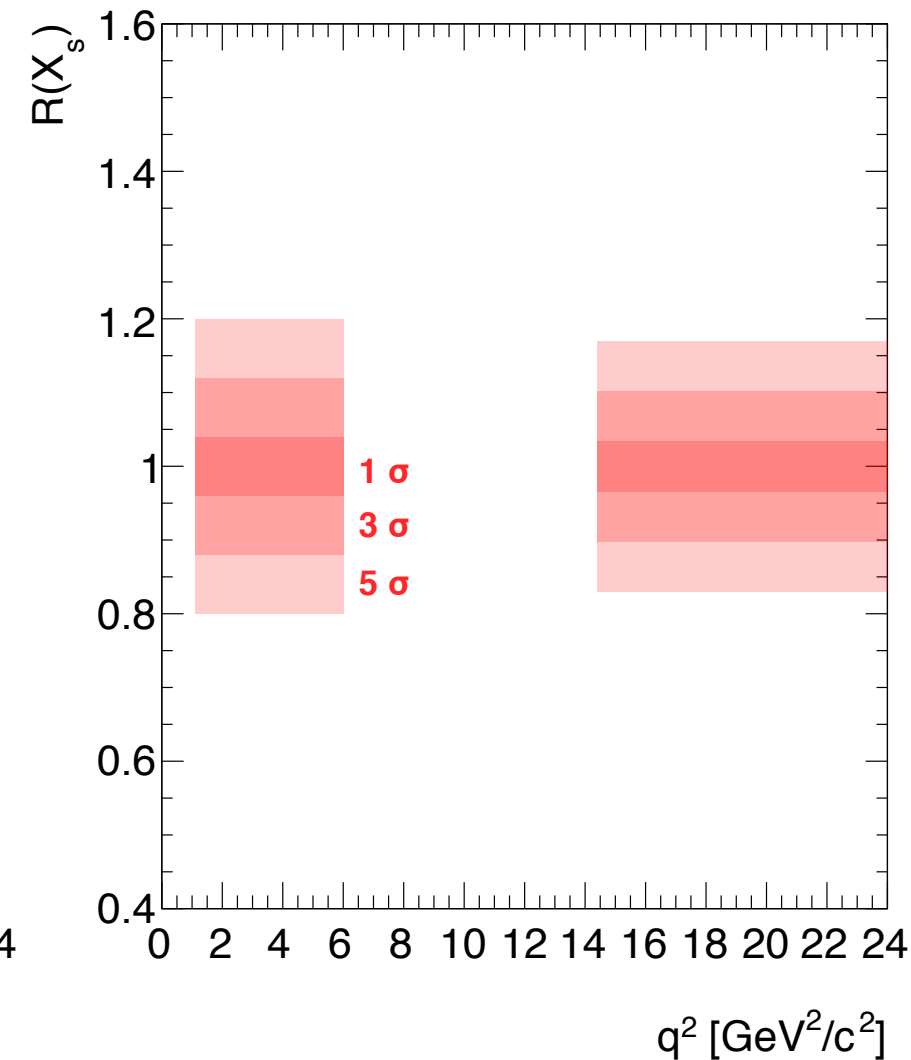
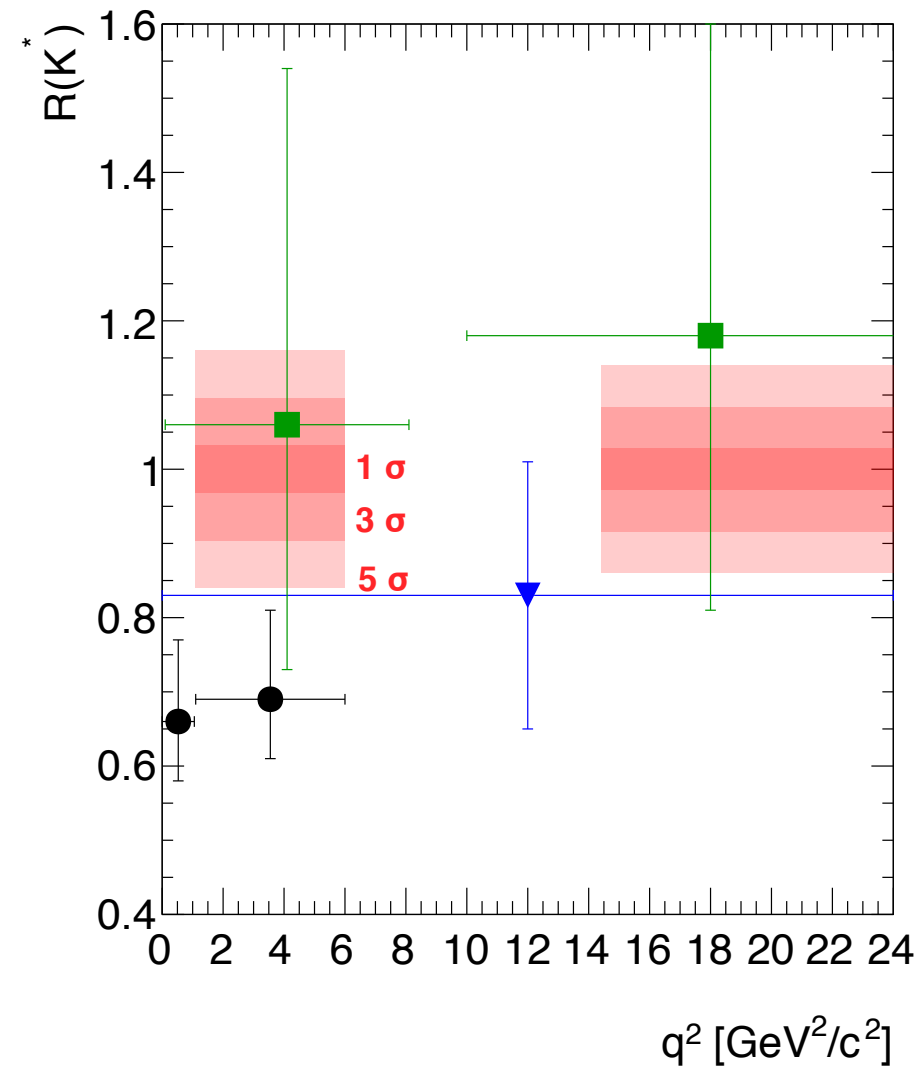
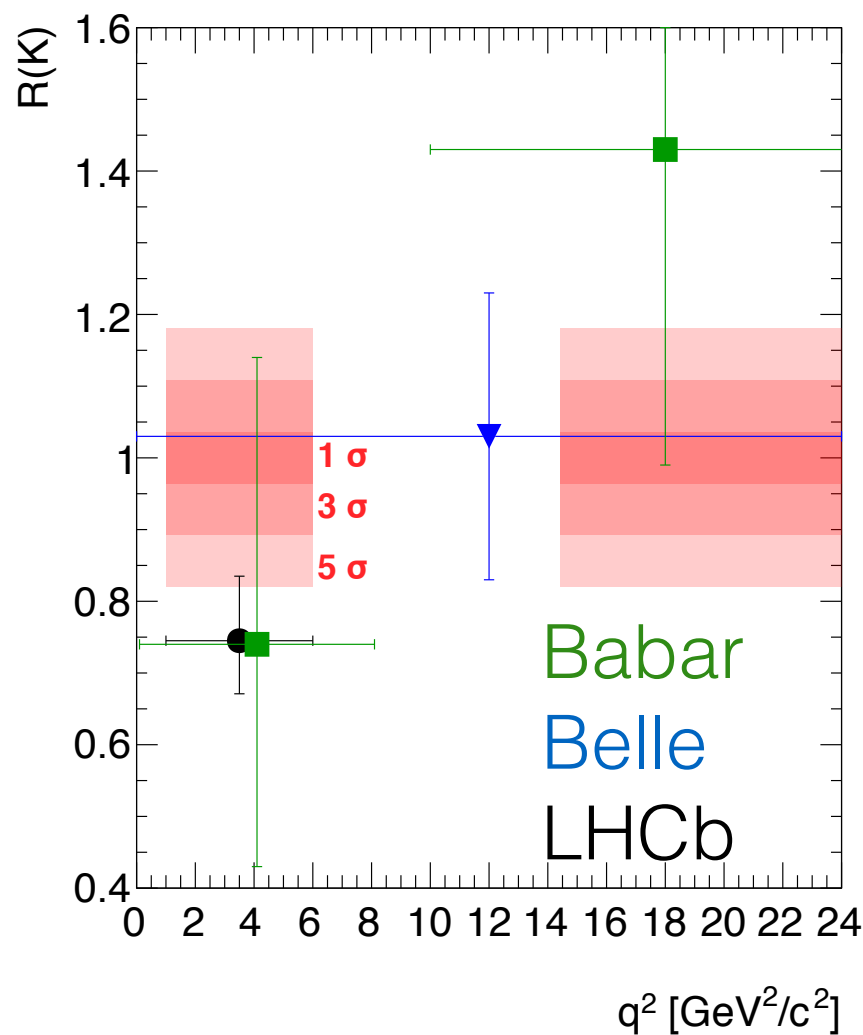
$B \rightarrow K^* e^+ e^-$

Belle PRL. 118 (2017) no.11, 111801
LHCb, arXiv:1705.05802
LHCb, PRL 113, 151601 (2014)

Belle (II) Electron reconstruction is minimally affected by material effects and pile-up

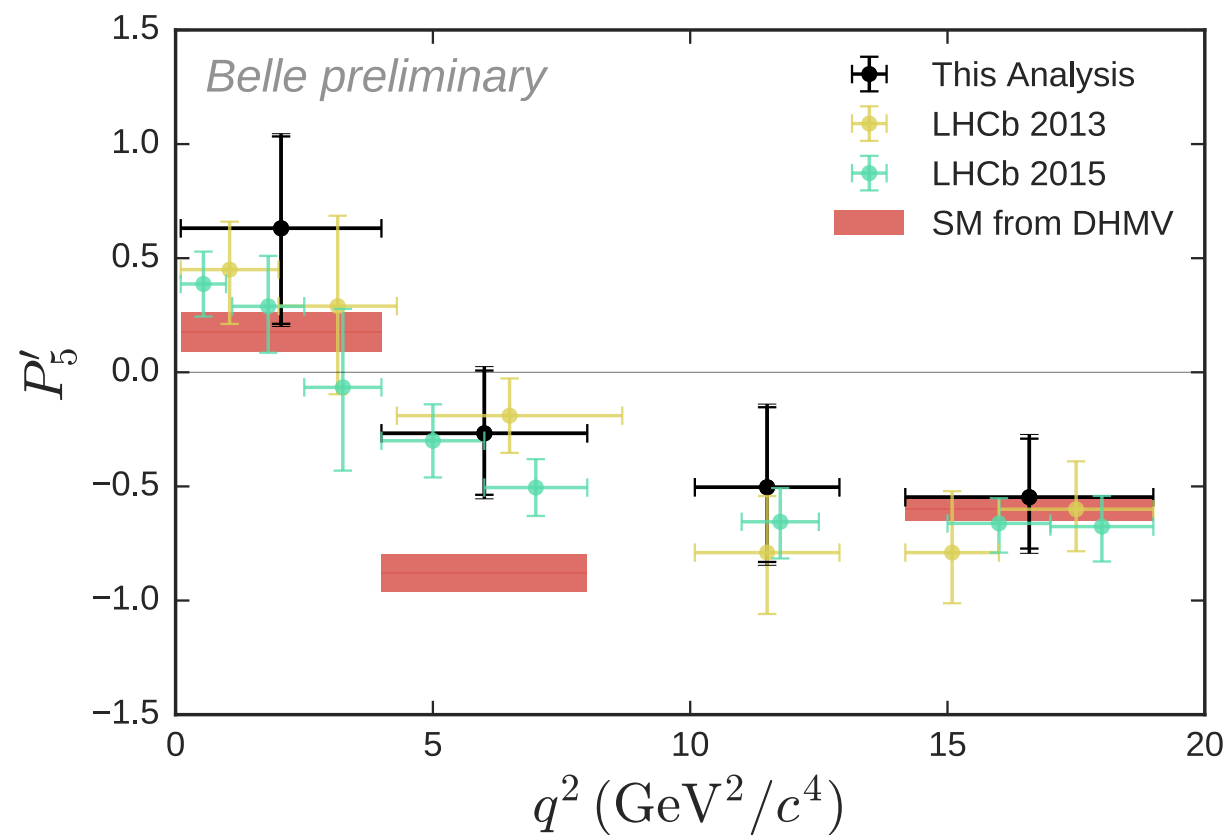


- $R\{K, K^*, X_s\}$: Expect 3-4% precision in each bin.

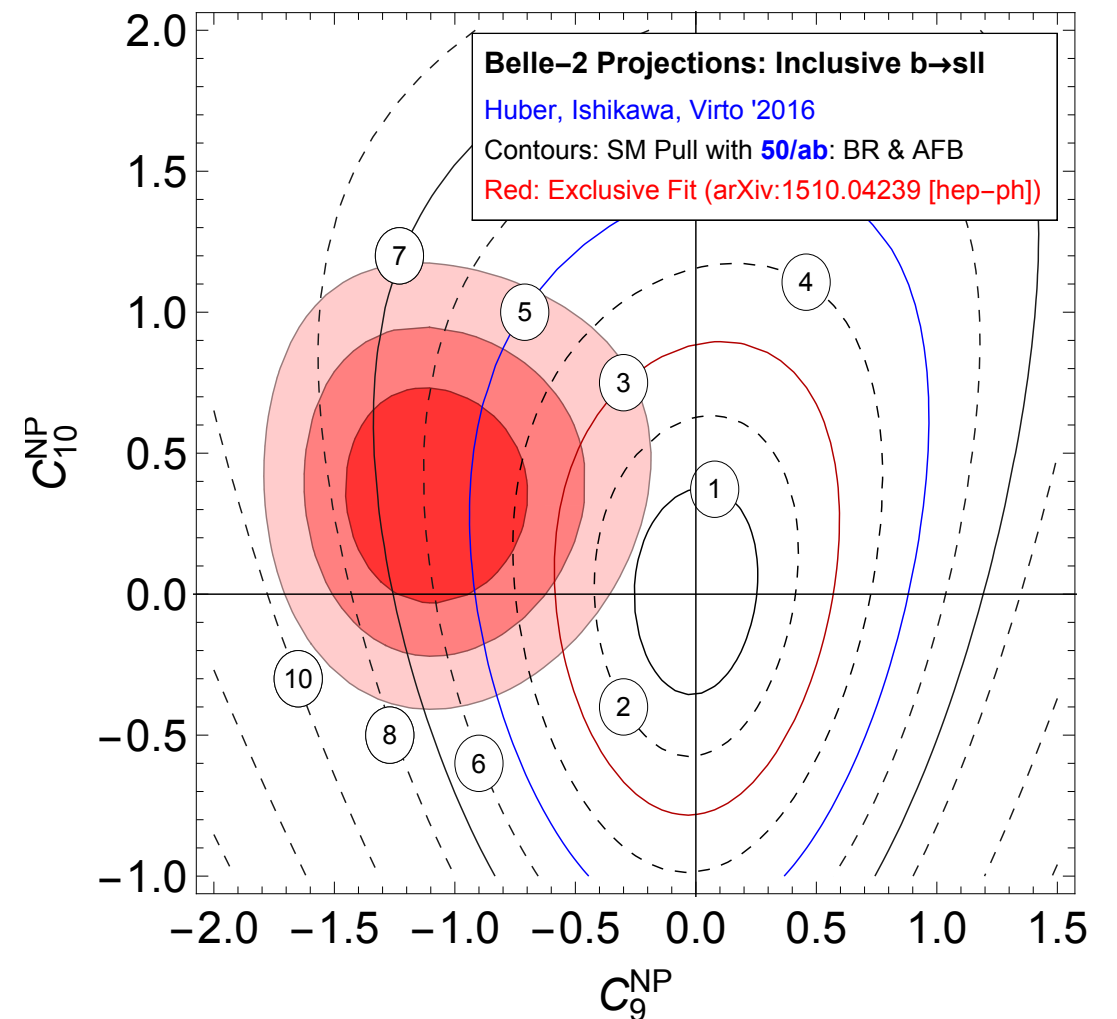


LHCb & Belle results on $B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^- (q^2)$

$$P'_5 = \sqrt{2} \frac{\text{Re}(A_0^L A_{\perp}^{L*} - A_0^R A_{\perp}^{R*})}{\sqrt{(|A_0^L|^2 + |A_0^R|^2)(|A_{\parallel}^L|^2 + |A_{\parallel}^R|^2 + |A_{\perp}^L|^2 + |A_{\perp}^R|^2)}}$$



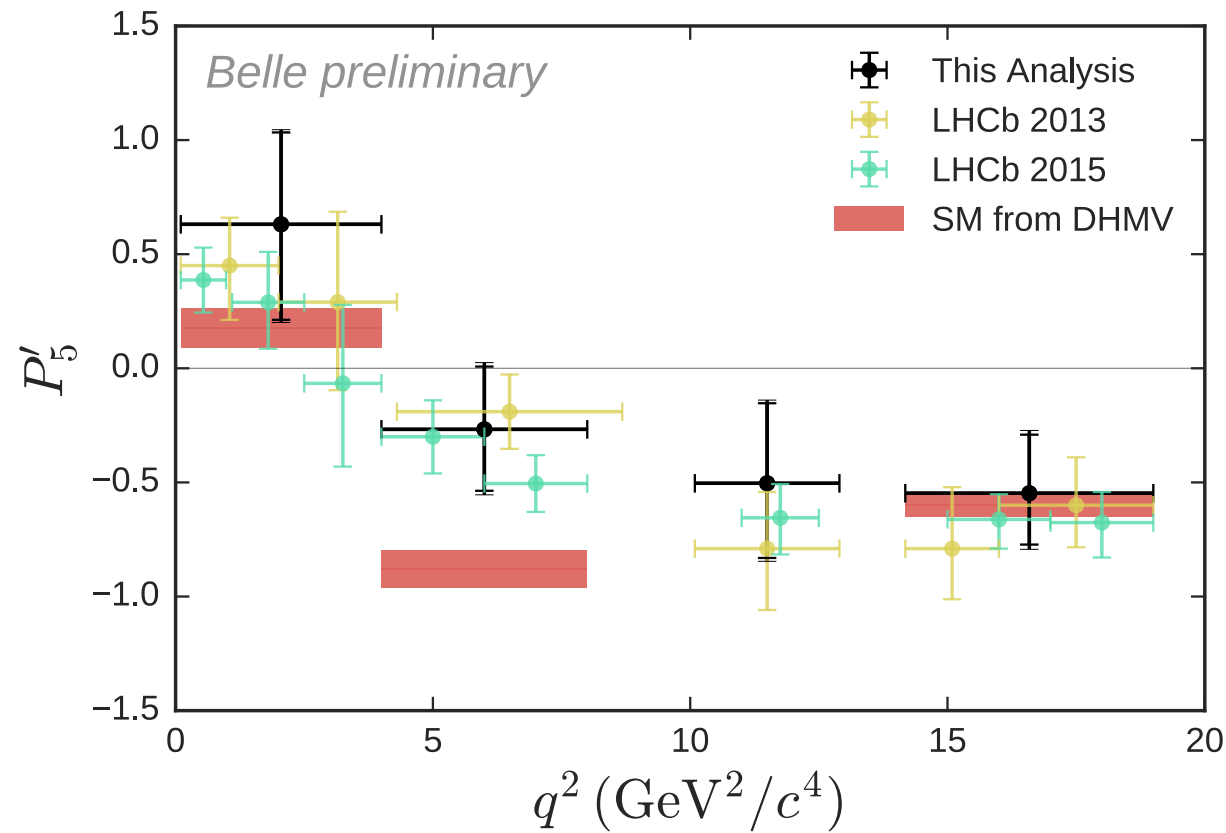
Belle PRL. 118 (2017) no.11, 111801



$q^2 \text{ GeV}^2/c^2$	Belle	LHCb 3fb^{-1}	Belle II 50 ab^{-1}
0.1-4	0.416	0.109	-
4.00-8.00	0.277	0.099	0.024
10.09-12.0	0.344	0.155	-
14.18-19.00	0.248	0.092	0.027

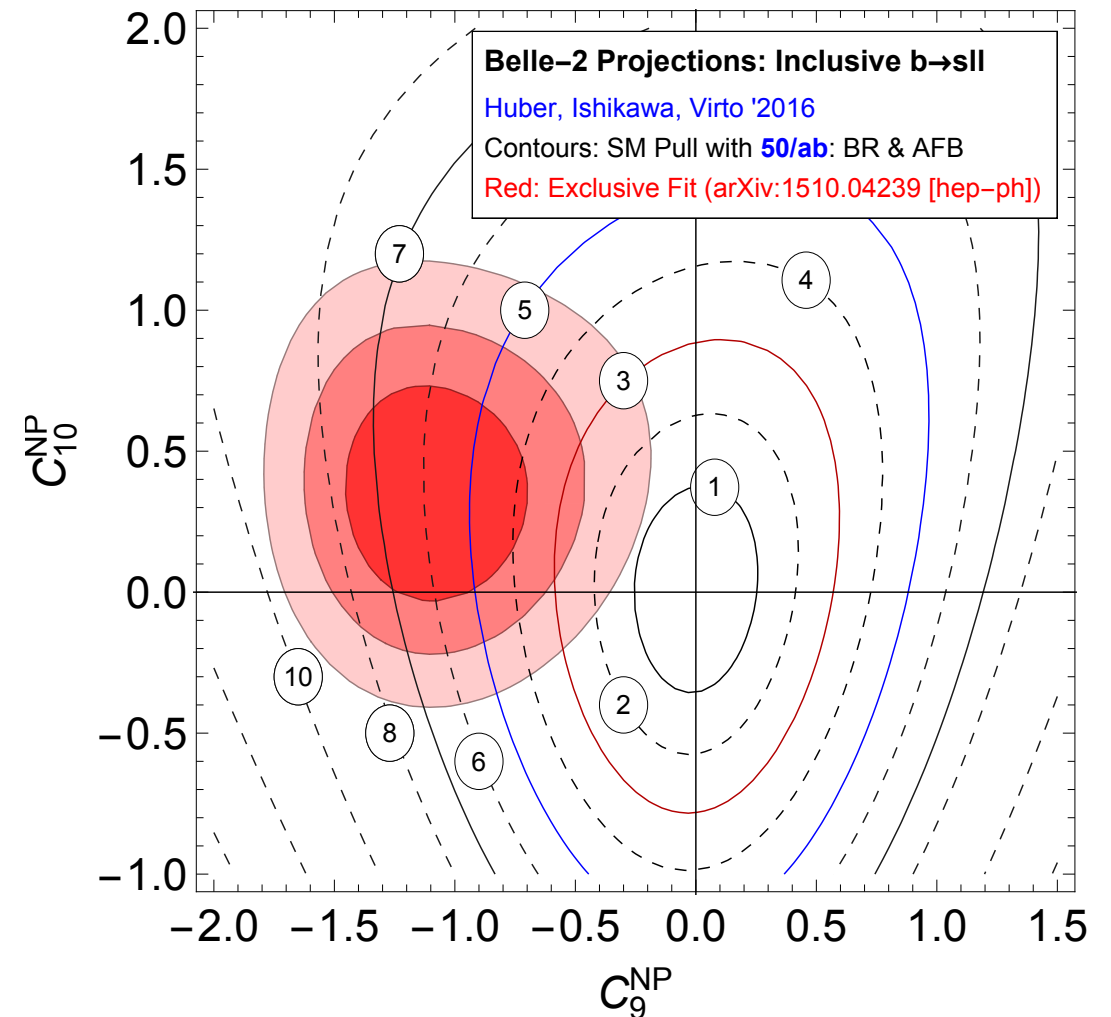
LHCb & Belle results on $B \rightarrow K^* l^+ l^- (q^2)$

$$P'_5 = \sqrt{2} \frac{\text{Re}(A_0^L A_{\perp}^{L*} - A_0^R A_{\perp}^{R*})}{\sqrt{(|A_0^L|^2 + |A_0^R|^2)(|A_{\parallel}^L|^2 + |A_{\parallel}^R|^2 + |A_{\perp}^L|^2 + |A_{\perp}^R|^2)}}$$

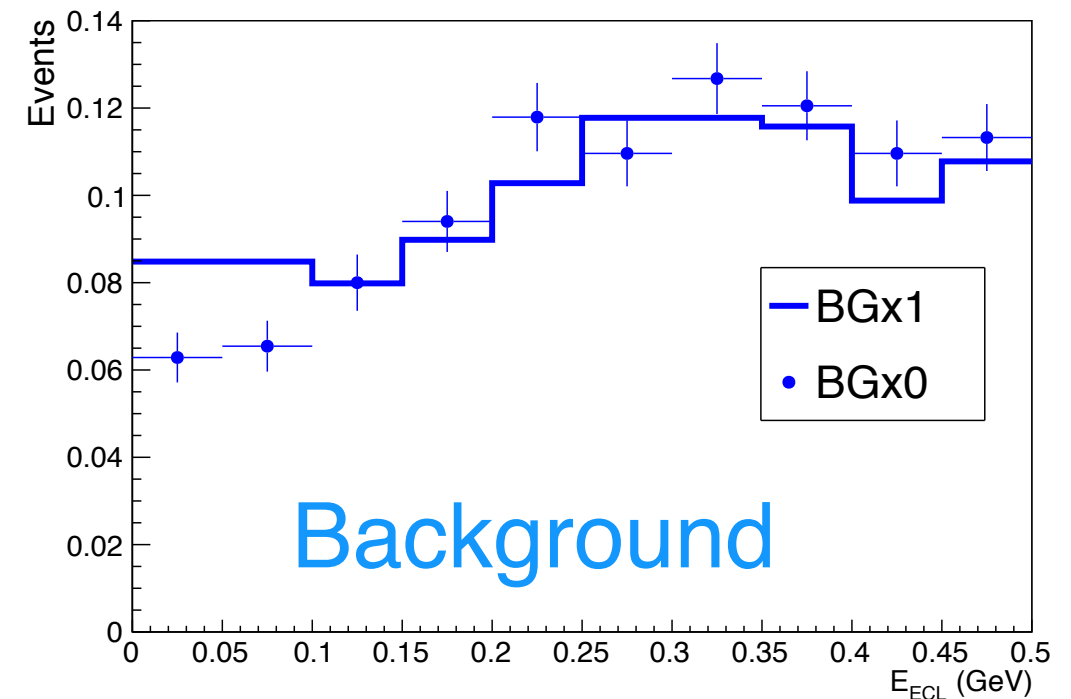
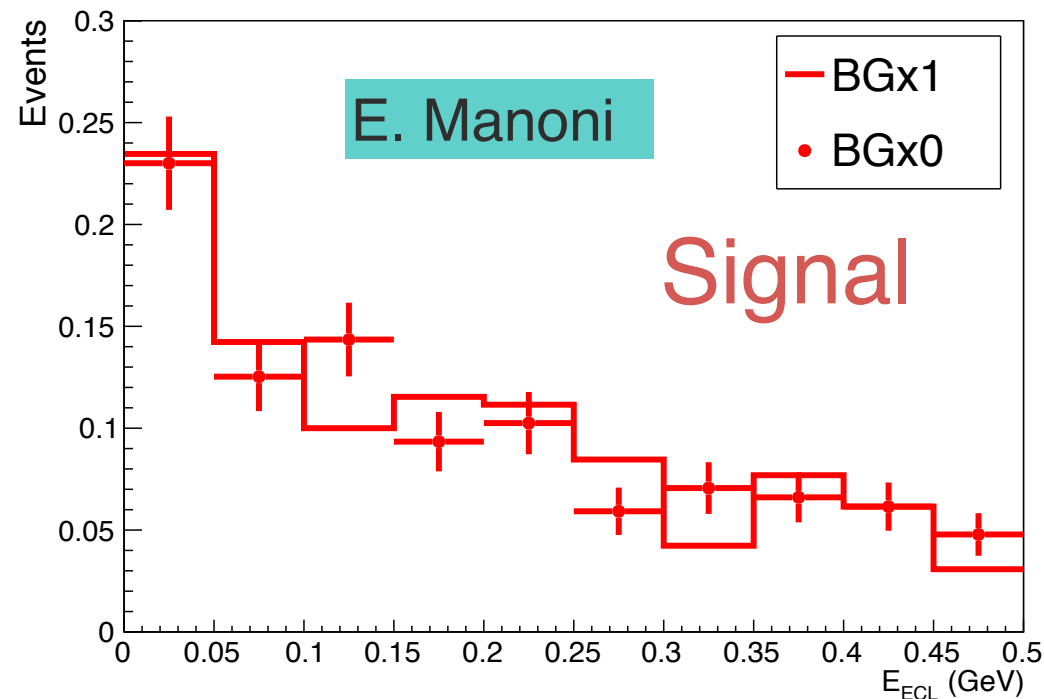


Belle PRL. 118 (2017) no.11, 111801

→ Belle II will also study inclusive

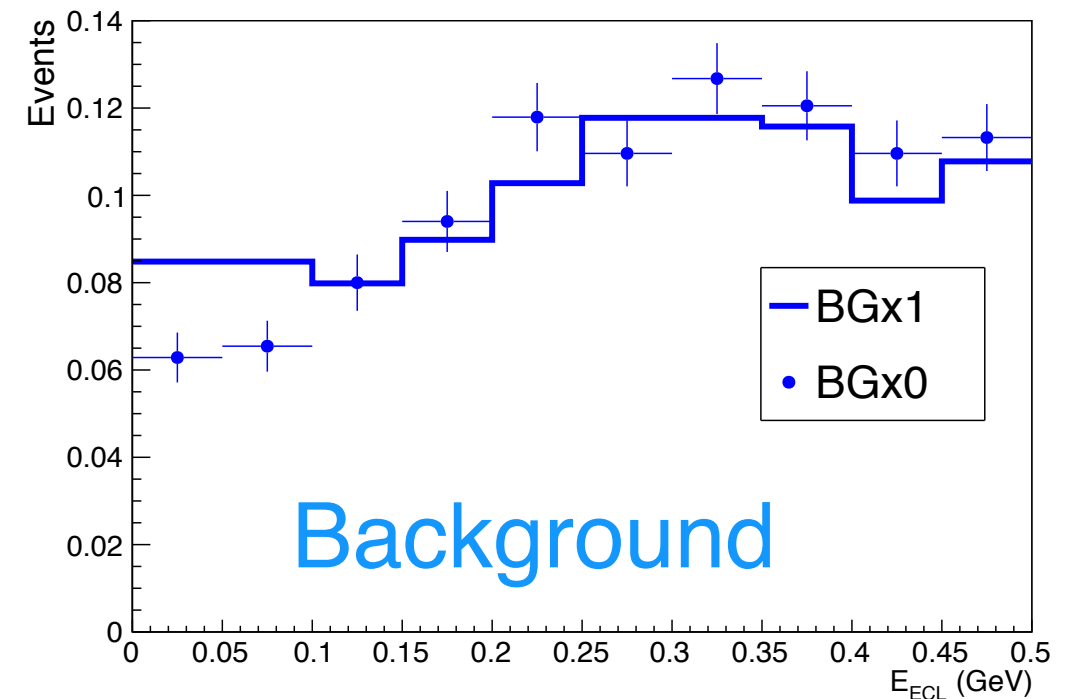
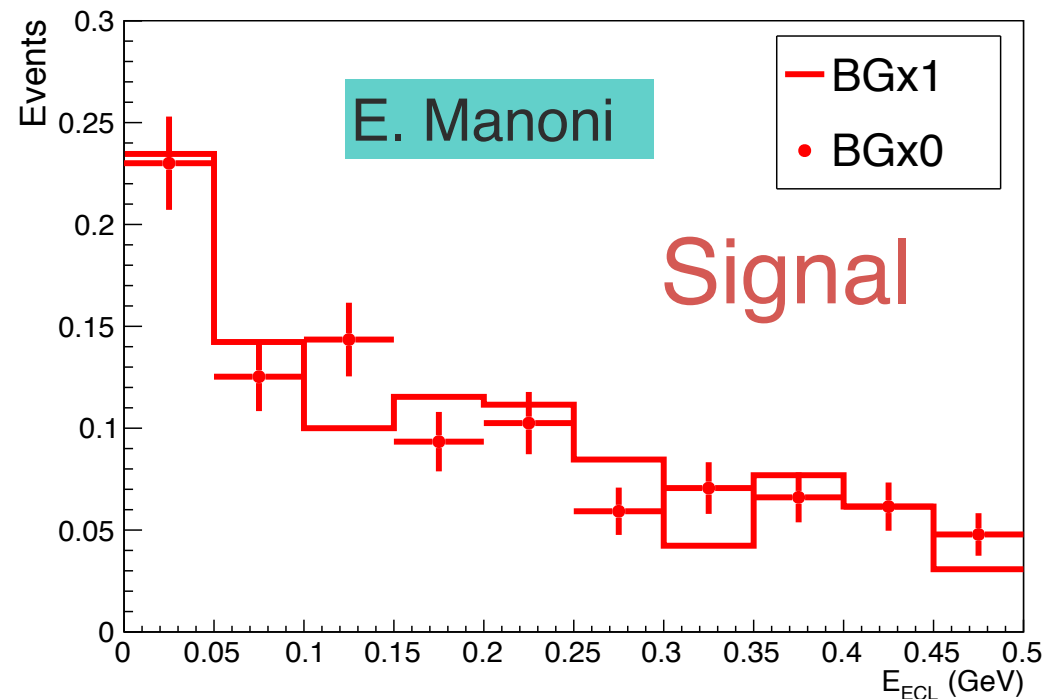


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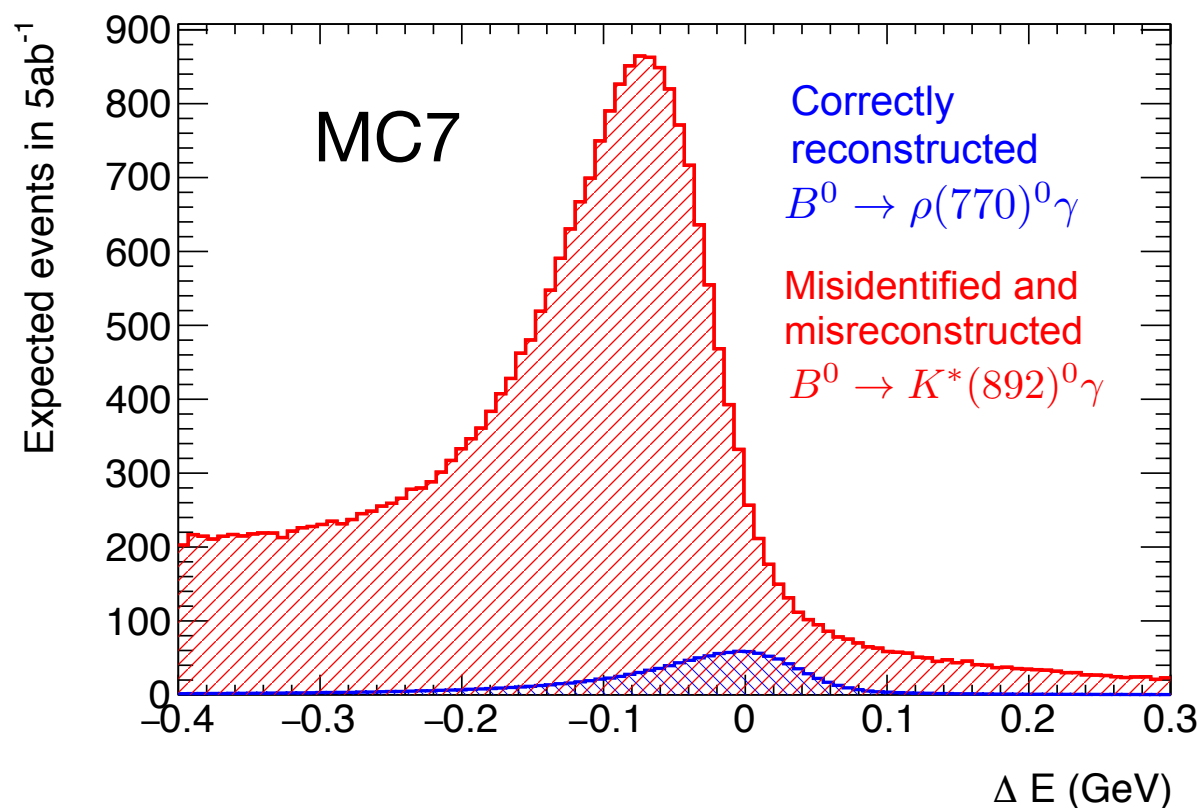
Observables	Belle 0.71 ab ⁻¹	Belle II 5 ab ⁻¹	Belle II 50 ab ⁻¹
$B(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu \bar{\nu})$	< 450%	38%	12%
$B(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \nu \bar{\nu})$	< 180%	35%	11%
$F_L(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \nu \bar{\nu})$	—	—	0.11
$B(B^0 \rightarrow \nu \bar{\nu}) \times 10^6$	< 14	< 5.0	< 1.5
$B(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \tau^+ \tau^-) \times 10^5$	< 32	< 6.5	< 2.0
$B(B^0 \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-) \times 10^5$	< 140	< 30	< 9.6

B → K ν ν: Do not expect large loss of resolution in E_{ECL} with background.

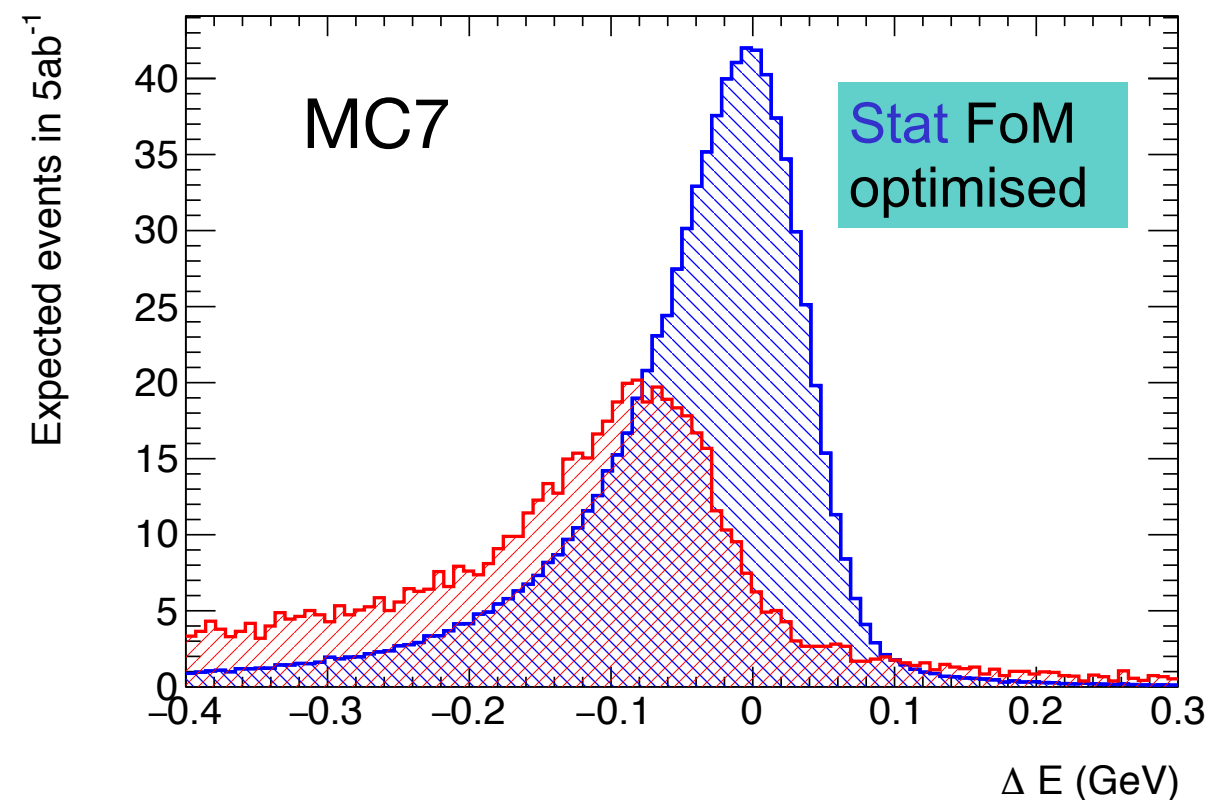


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- Without K/π ID



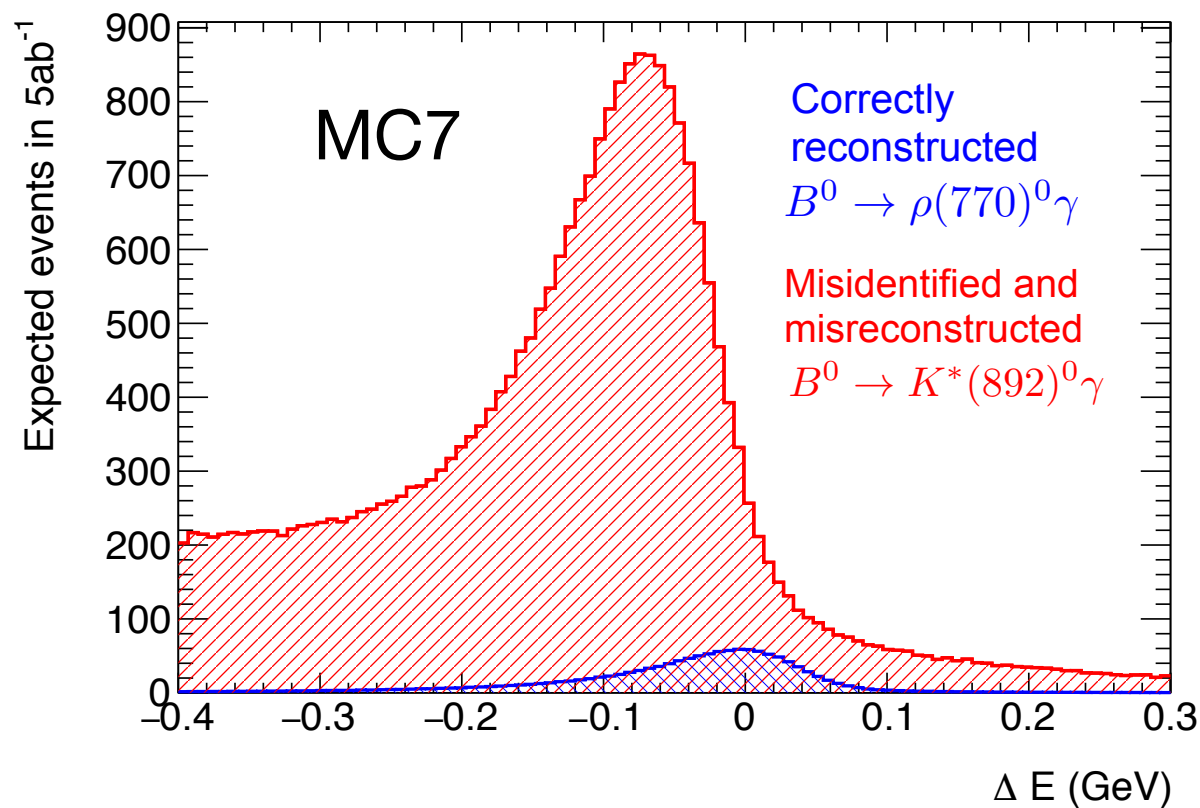
- Belle II K/π ID



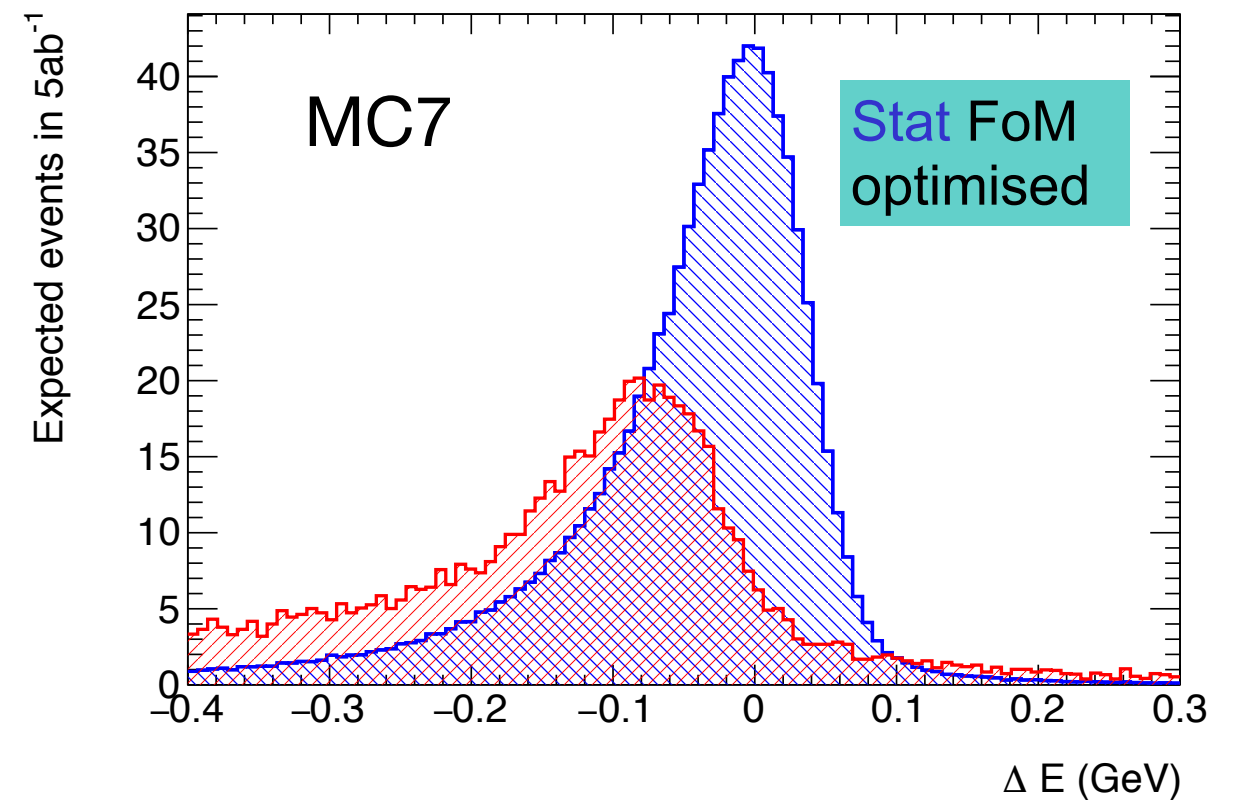
Observables	Belle 0.71 ab^{-1}	Belle II 5 ab^{-1}	Belle II 50 ab^{-1}
$\Delta_{0+}(B \rightarrow \rho \gamma)$	39%	12%	3.9%
$A_{CP}(B^+ \rightarrow \rho^+ \gamma)$	30%	9.6%	3.0%
$S_{CP}(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \gamma)$	63%	19%	6.4%
$A_{CP}(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \gamma)$	44%	12%	3.8%
$\Delta A_{CP}(B \rightarrow \rho \gamma)$	77%	16%	4.8%

K/ π fake rates < 2x smaller in Belle II: separates $b \rightarrow d$ from $b \rightarrow s$

- Without K/ π ID



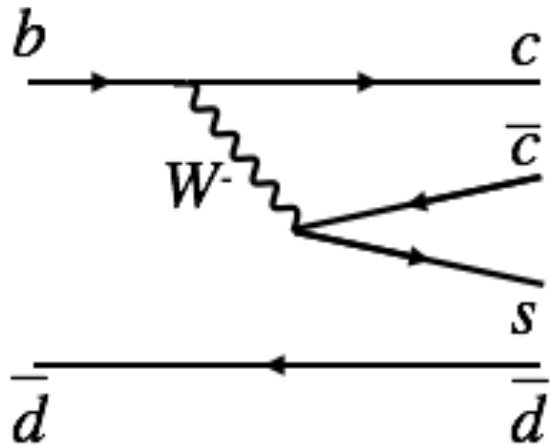
- Belle II K/ π ID



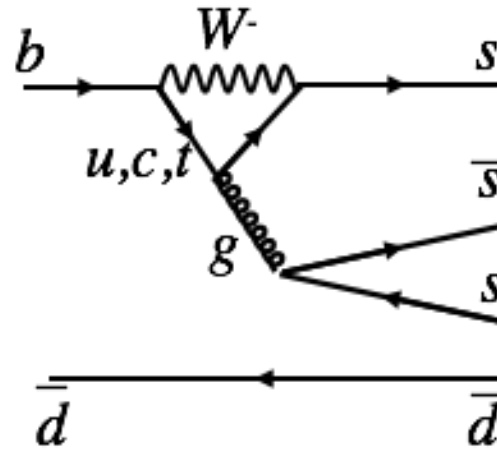
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Time dependent CP violation

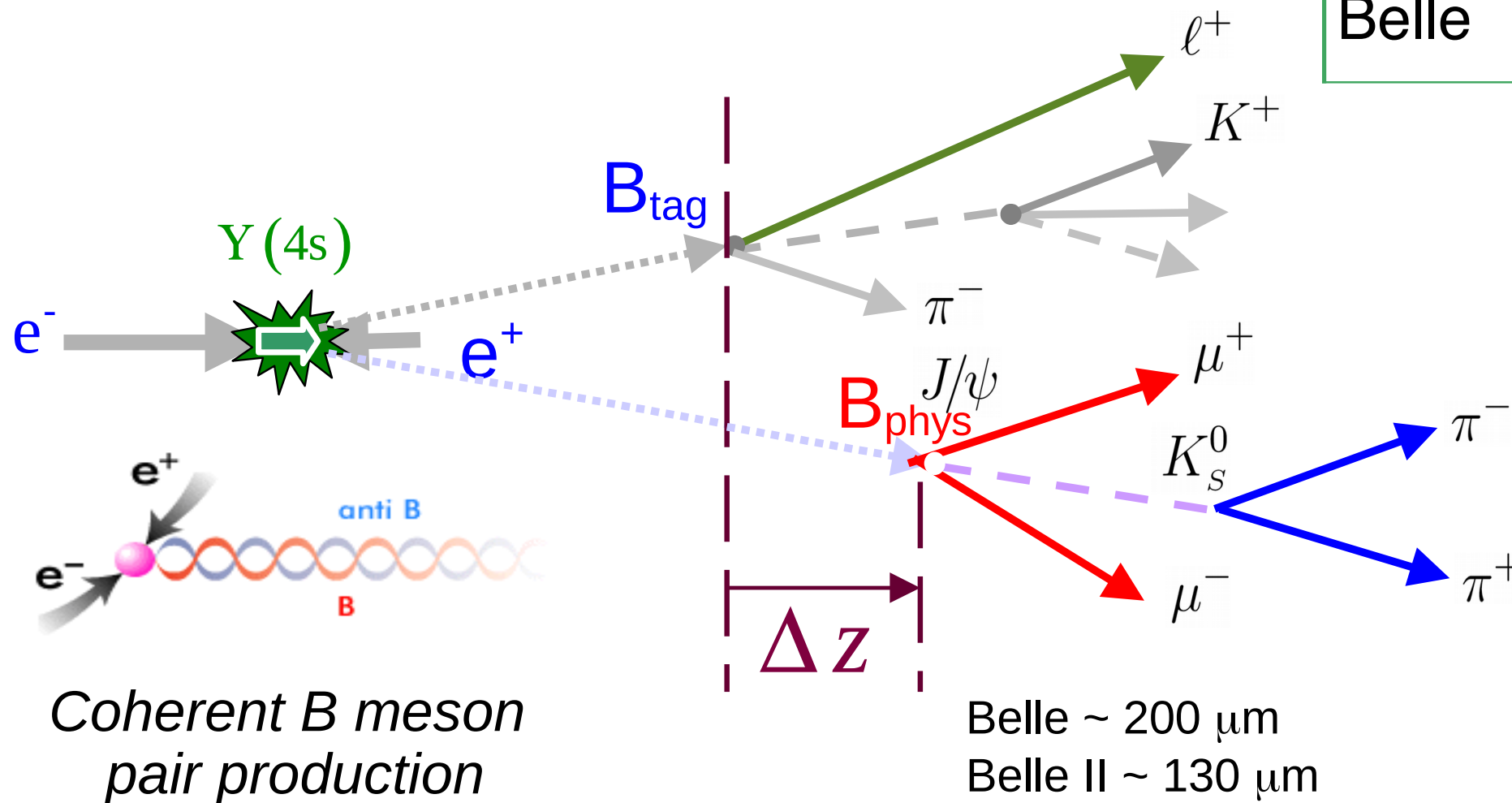
- Tree



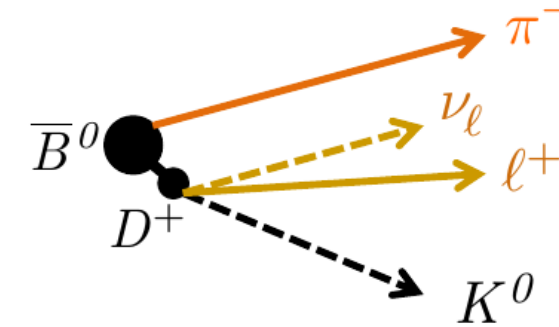
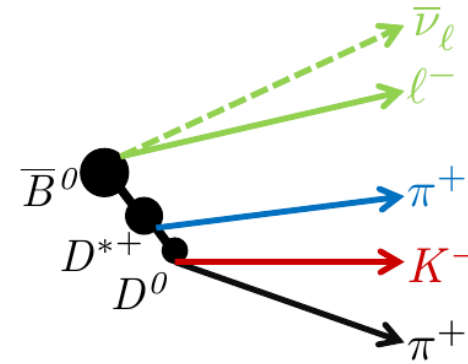
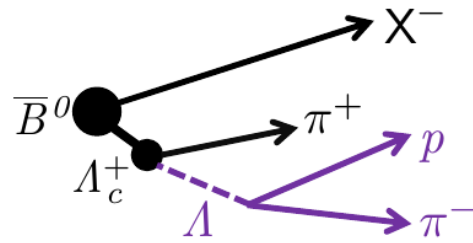
- Gluonic Penguin (NP sensitive)



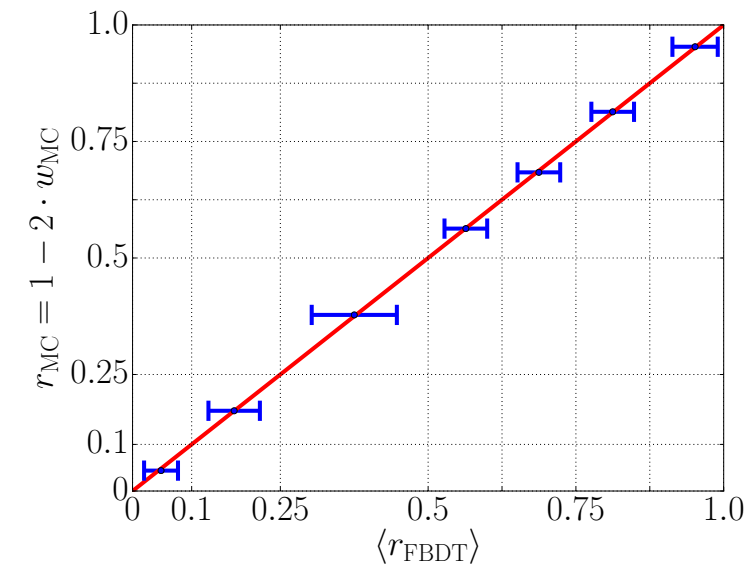
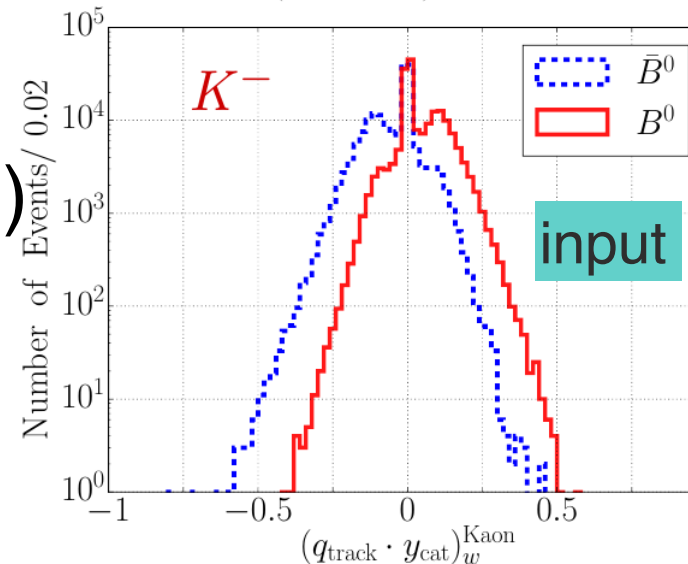
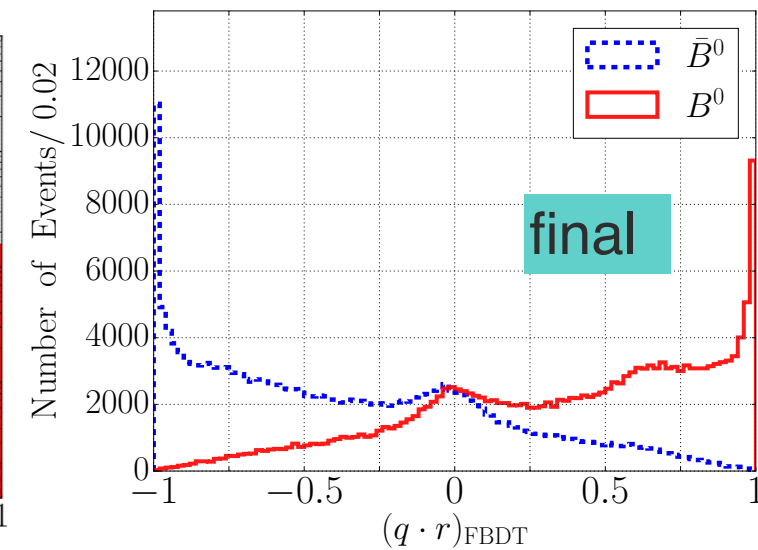
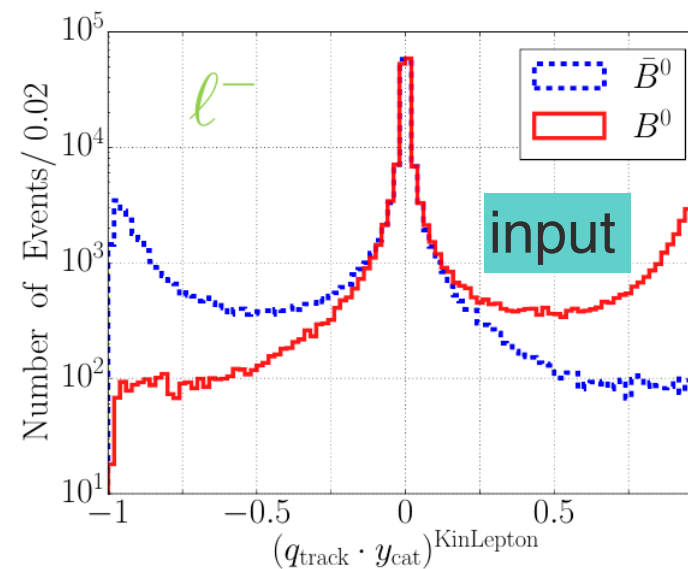
$B \rightarrow J/\psi K_s$	B_{CP} μm	B_{tag} μm	Δt ps
Belle II	22	52	0.71
Belle	63	89	0.92



Categories based on different signatures



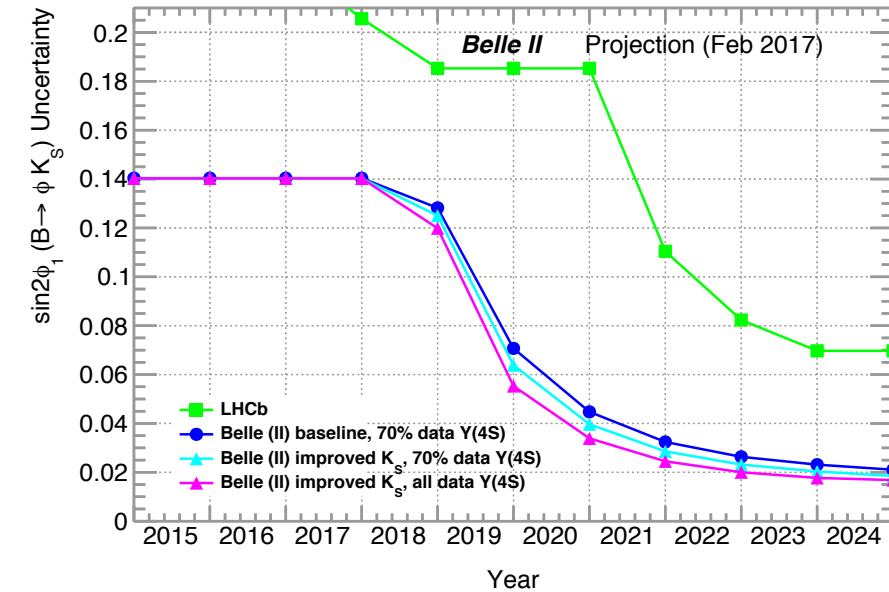
Categories	$\varepsilon_{\text{eff}}(\%)$	$\Delta\varepsilon_{\text{eff}}(\%)$
Electron	5.26	-0.05
IntermediateElectron	1.06	-0.02
Muon	5.55	-0.02
IntermediateMuon	0.17	-0.01
KinLepton	10.86	-0.07
IntermediateKinLepton	0.98	-0.04
Kaon	21.83	-1.72
KaonPion	15.12	-0.87
SlowPion	7.96	-0.23
FSC	13.11	-0.33
MaximumPstar	13.24	0.39
FastPion	2.58	-0.06
Lambda	1.98	0.36



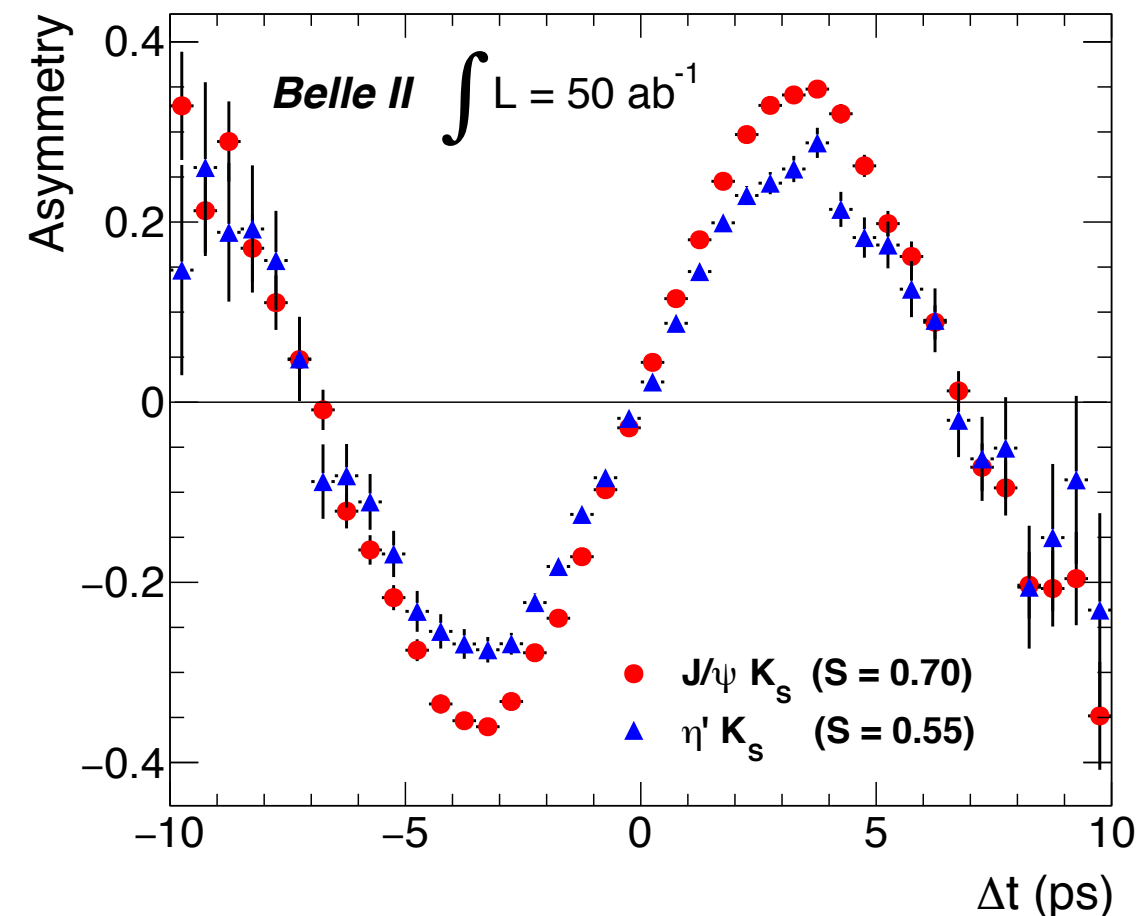
- Belle II: 35% (varies with release)
 - few% less w/ beam bkg
- Belle (this algo): 32%
- Belle (old algo): 29%

Time dependent CP Violation with Penguins

Channel	$\int \mathcal{L}$	Event yield	$\sigma(S)$	$\sigma(S)_{2017}$	$\sigma(A)$	$\sigma(A)_{2017}$
$J/\psi K^0$	50 ab^{-1}	$1.4 \cdot 10^6$	0.0052	0.022	0.0050	0.021
ϕK^0	5 ab^{-1}	5590	0.048	0.12	0.035	0.14
$\eta' K^0$	5 ab^{-1}	27200	0.027	0.06	0.020	0.04
ωK_S^0	5 ab^{-1}	1670	0.08	0.21	0.06	0.14
$K_S \pi^0 \gamma$	5 ab^{-1}	1400	0.10	0.20	0.07	0.12
$K_S \pi^0$	5 ab^{-1}	5699	0.09	0.17	0.06	0.10



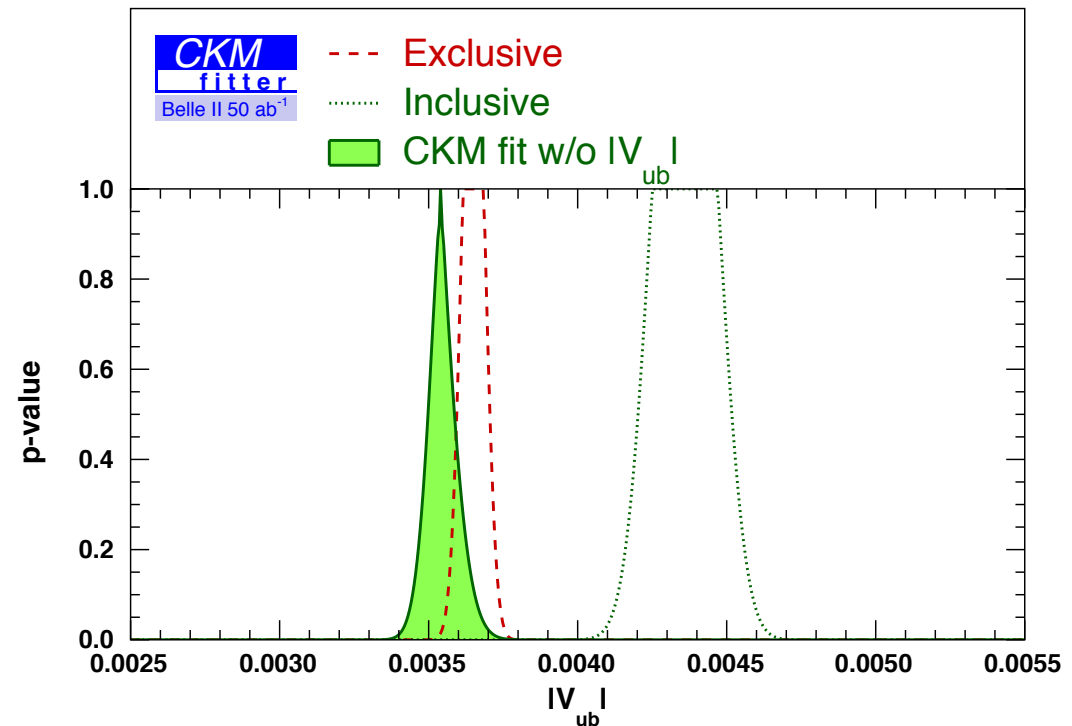
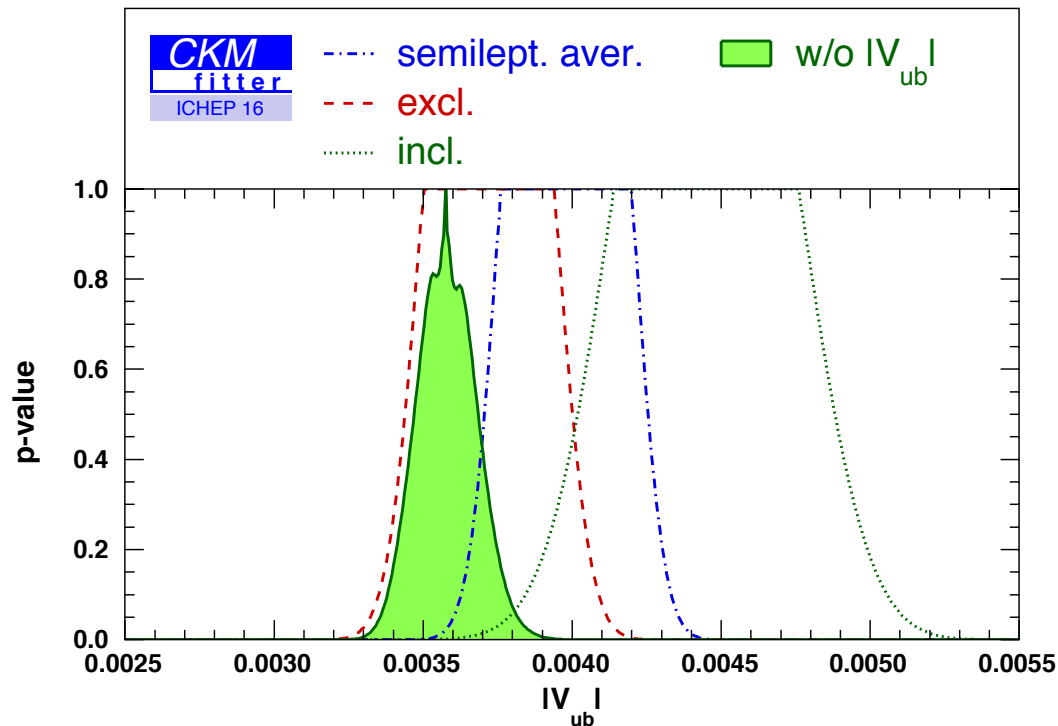
Error on sin(2 β) from $B \rightarrow J/\psi K_S$	tot.
LHCb 22/fb	0.014
Belle II 50/ab	0.007



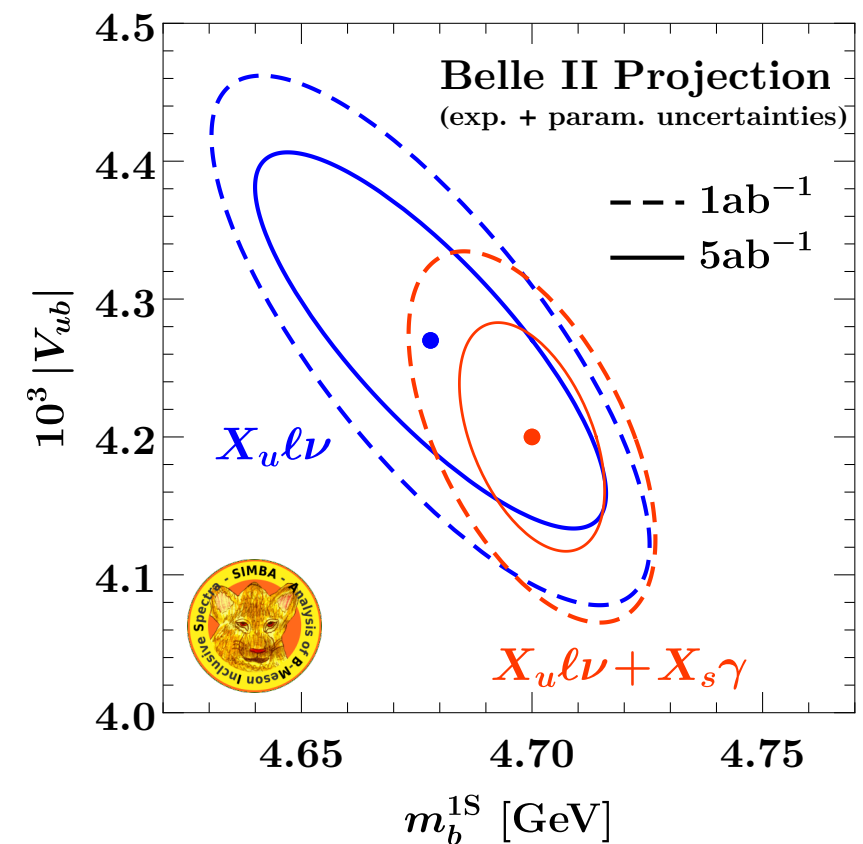
Mode	QCDF [27]	QCDF (scan) [27]	$SU(3)$	Data
$\pi^0 K_S$	$0.07^{+0.05}_{-0.04}$	[0.02, 0.15]	$[-0.11, 0.12]$ [41]	$-0.11^{+0.17}_{-0.17}$
$\rho^0 K_S$	$-0.08^{+0.08}_{-0.12}$	$[-0.29, 0.02]$		$-0.14^{+0.18}_{-0.21}$
$\eta' K_S$	$0.01^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	[0.00, 0.03]	$(0 \pm 0.36) \times 2 \cos(\phi_1) \sin \gamma$ [42]	-0.05 ± 0.06
ηK_S	$0.10^{+0.11}_{-0.07}$	$[-1.67, 0.27]$		—
ϕK_S	$0.02^{+0.01}_{-0.01}$	[0.01, 0.05]	$(0 \pm 0.25) \times 2 \cos(\phi_1) \sin \gamma$ [42]	$0.06^{+0.11}_{-0.13}$
ωK_S	$0.13^{+0.08}_{-0.08}$	[0.01, 0.21]		$0.03^{+0.21}_{-0.21}$

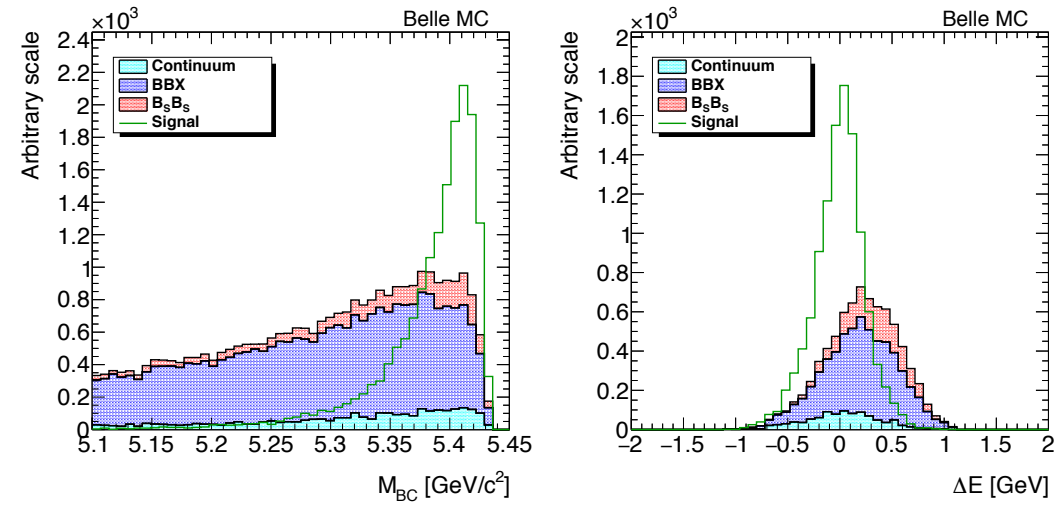
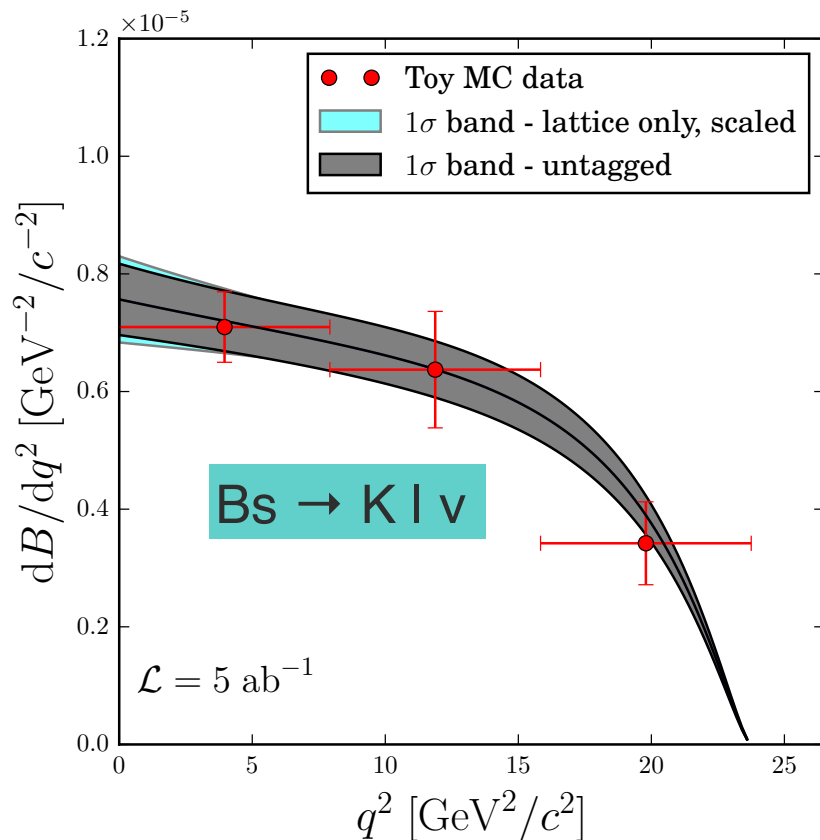
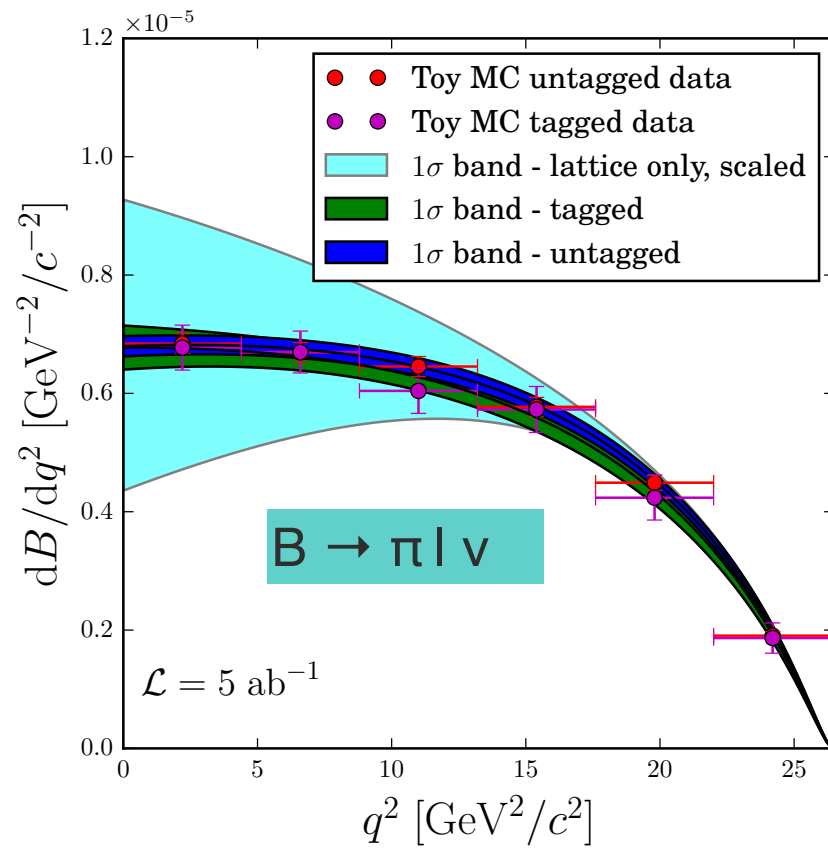
UT Precision Tests

The $|V_{ub}|$ puzzle



- Critical input on inclusive $B \rightarrow X_u l \nu$ comes from
 - M_{X^2} fit for $m_b/\mu_\pi^2/|V_{ub}|$
 - Fitting for fragmentation of X_u
 - $\Delta \sim 3\%$



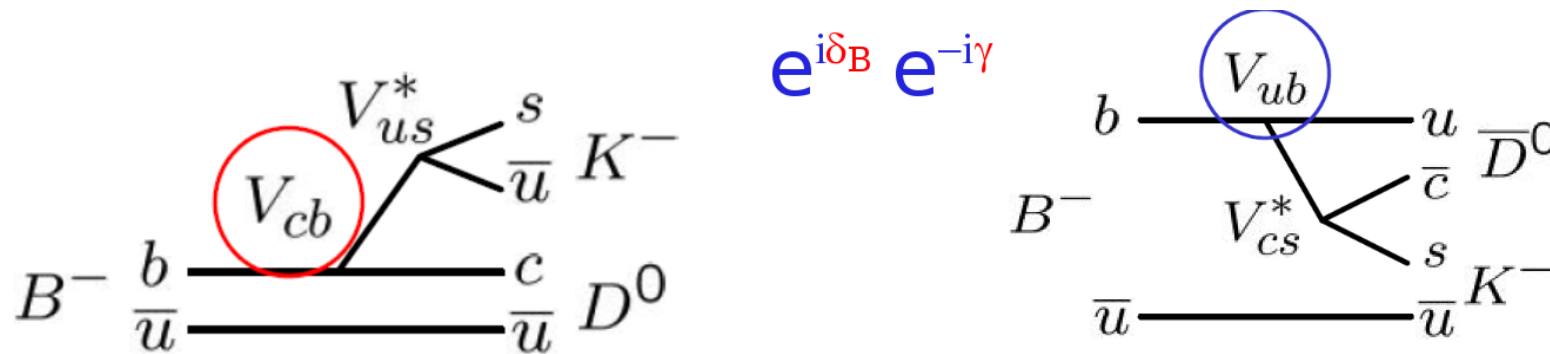


$\mathcal{L} [\text{ab}^{-1}]$	$\sigma_B (\text{stat} \pm \text{sys})$	$\sigma_{LQCD}^{\text{forecast}}$	$\sigma_{V_{ub}}$
1	tagged 3.6 ± 4.4	current	6.2
	untagged 1.3 ± 3.6		3.6
5	1.6 ± 2.7	in 5 yrs	3.2
	0.6 ± 2.2		2.1
10	1.2 ± 2.4	in 5 yrs	2.7
	0.4 ± 1.9		1.9
50	0.5 ± 2.1	in 10 yrs	1.7
	0.2 ± 1.7		1.3

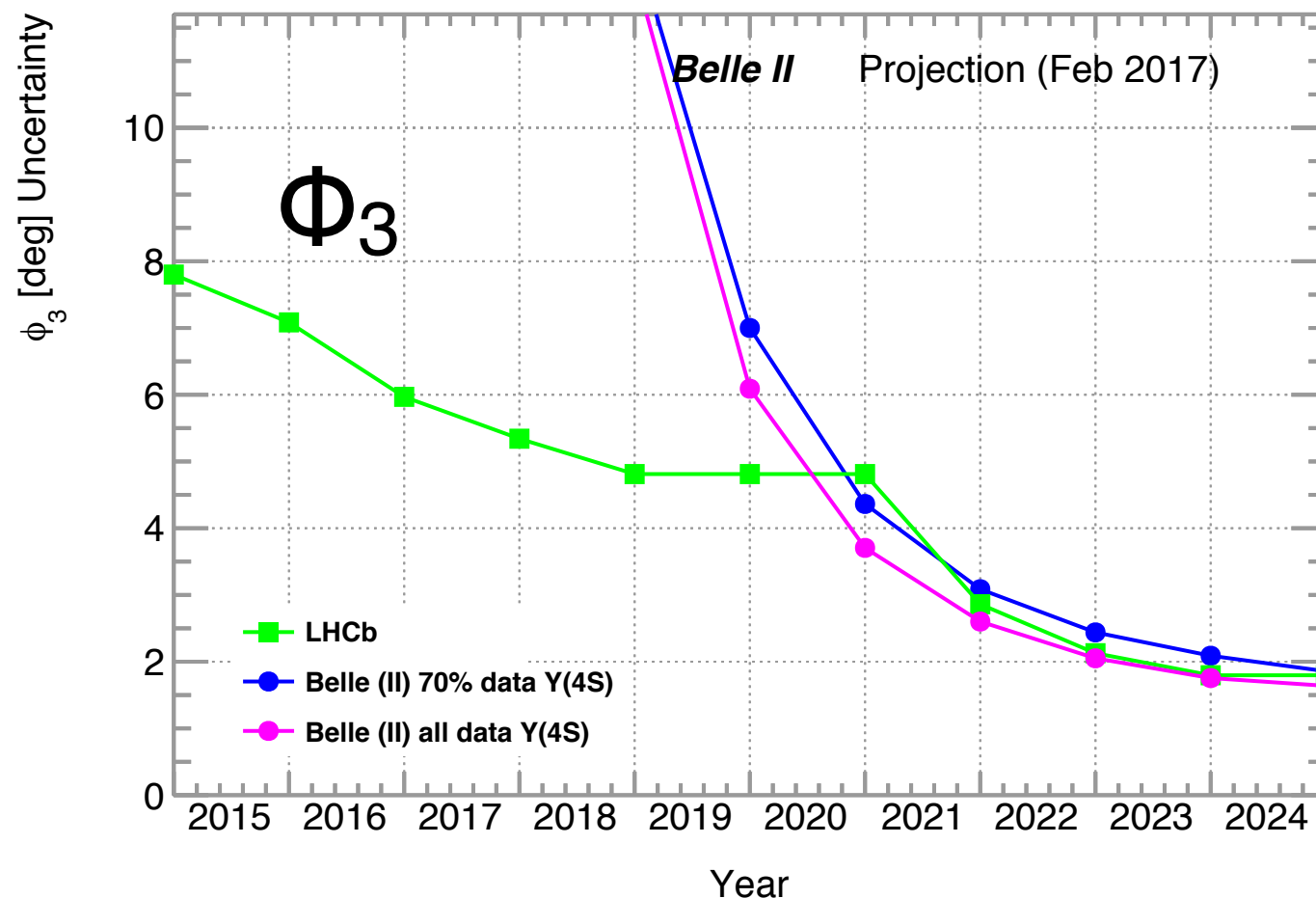
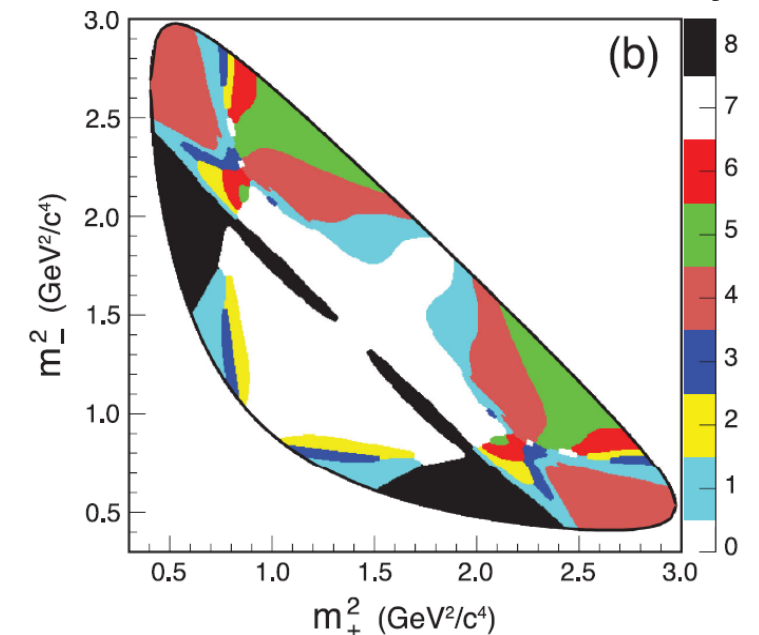
$\mathcal{L} [\text{ab}^{-1}]$	$\sigma_B (\text{stat} \pm \text{sys})$	$\sigma_{LQCD}^{\text{forecast}}$	$\sigma_{V_{ub}}$
1	6.5 ± 3.6	current	6.5
5	2.9 ± 2.2	in 5 yrs	4.7

Φ_3 from $B \rightarrow DK$

- Phase between $b \rightarrow u$ and $b \rightarrow c$



Strong phase differences can be measured at a charm factory



$$\Phi_3 \text{ Belle} = (73^{+13}_{-15})^\circ$$

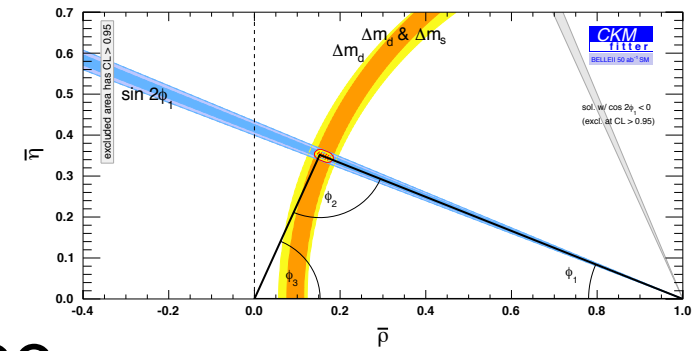
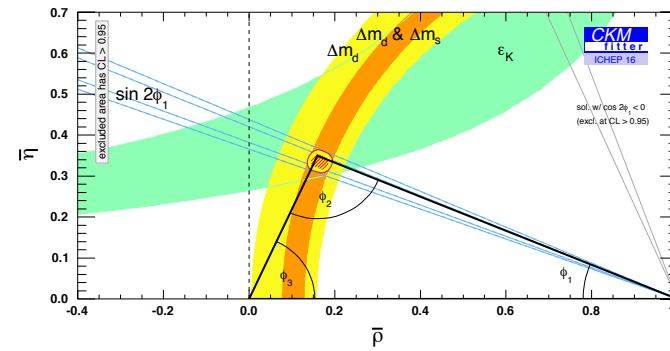
$$\Phi_3 \text{ WA} = (72.2^{+5.3}_{-5.8})^\circ$$

- 1.6° expected at Belle II
- Include neutral D modes
- Assume BES III collects 10 fb⁻¹

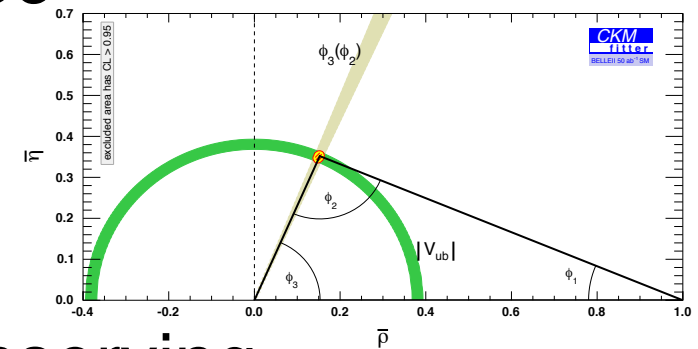
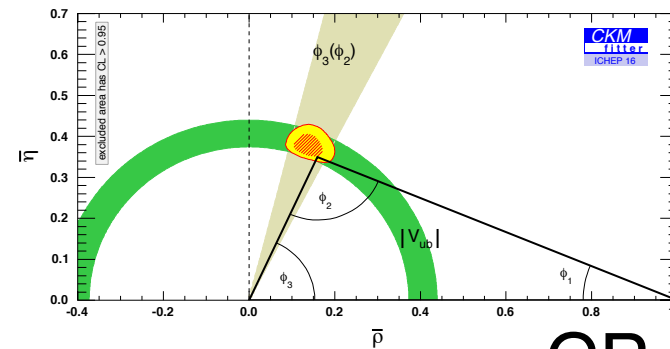
Input	2016	World average Belle II (+LHCb) 2025
$ V_{ub} (\text{semileptonic})[10^{-3}]$	$4.01 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.22$	± 0.10
$ V_{cb} (\text{semileptonic})[10^{-3}]$	$41.00 \pm 0.33 \pm 0.74$	± 0.57
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau \nu)$	1.08 ± 0.21	± 0.04
$\sin 2\beta$	0.691 ± 0.017	± 0.008
$\gamma[^\circ]$	$73.2^{+6.3}_{-7.0}$	± 1.5 (± 1.0)
$\alpha[^\circ]$	$87.6^{+3.5}_{-3.3}$	± 1.0
Δm_d	0.510 ± 0.003	-
Δm_s	17.757 ± 0.021	-
$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu \mu)$	$2.8^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$	(± 0.5)
f_{B_s}	$0.224 \pm 0.001 \pm 0.002$	0.001
B_{B_s}	$1.320 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.030$	0.010
f_{B_s}/f_{B_d}	$1.205 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.006$	0.005
B_{B_s}/B_{B_d}	$1.023 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.014$	0.005

Expect substantial improvements to tree constraints!

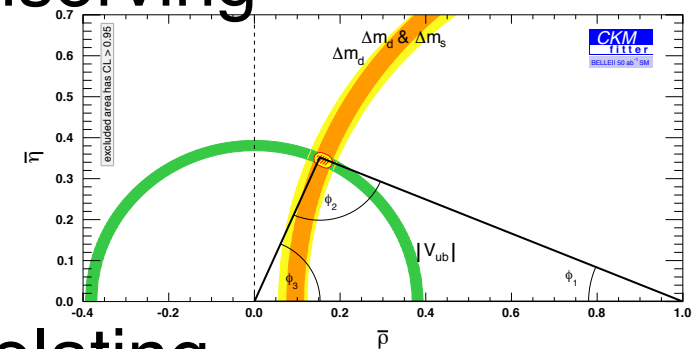
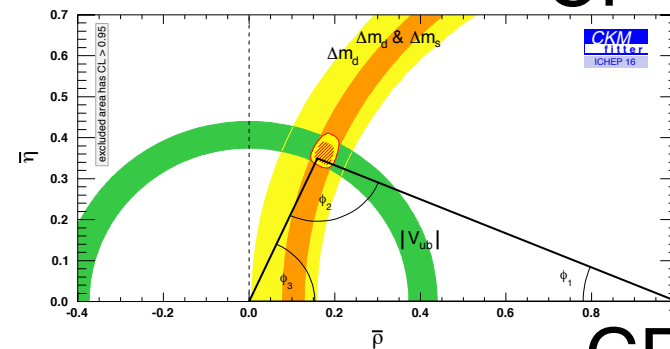
Loop



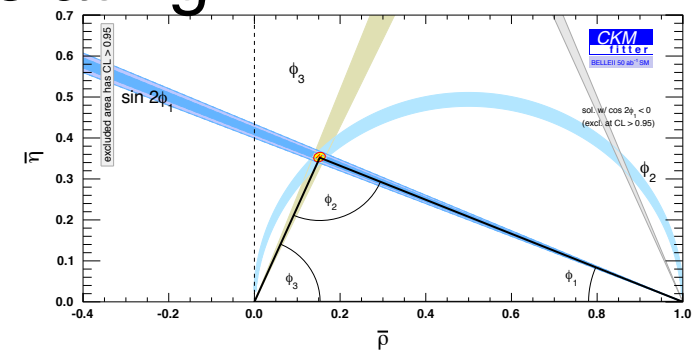
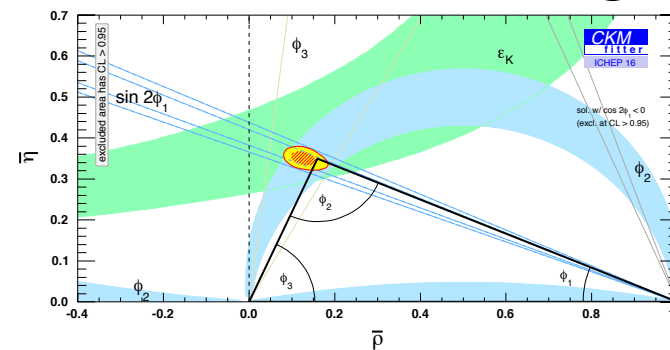
Tree



CP conserving



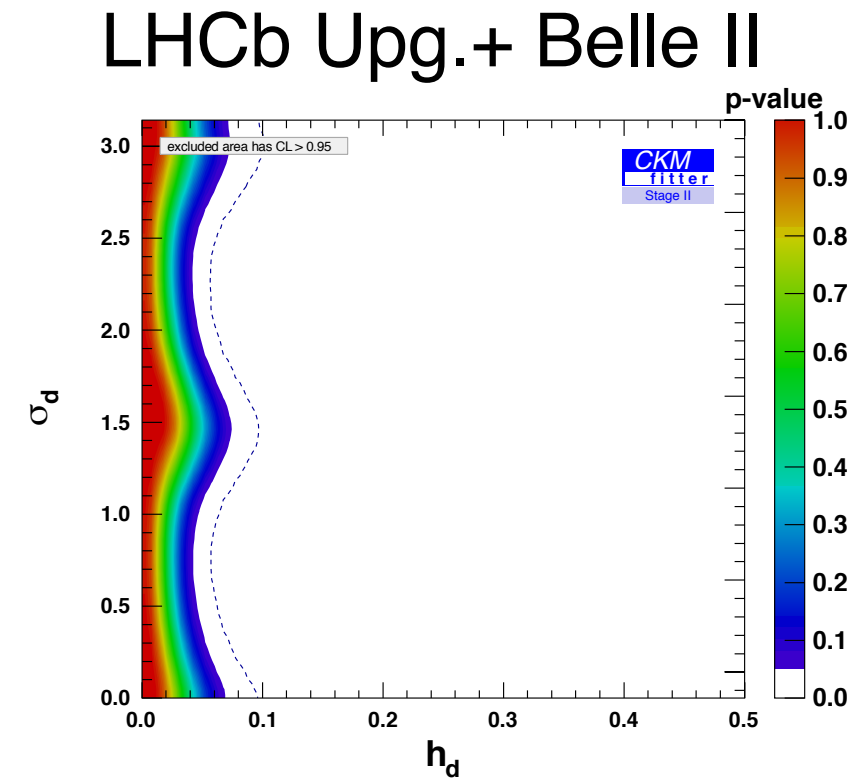
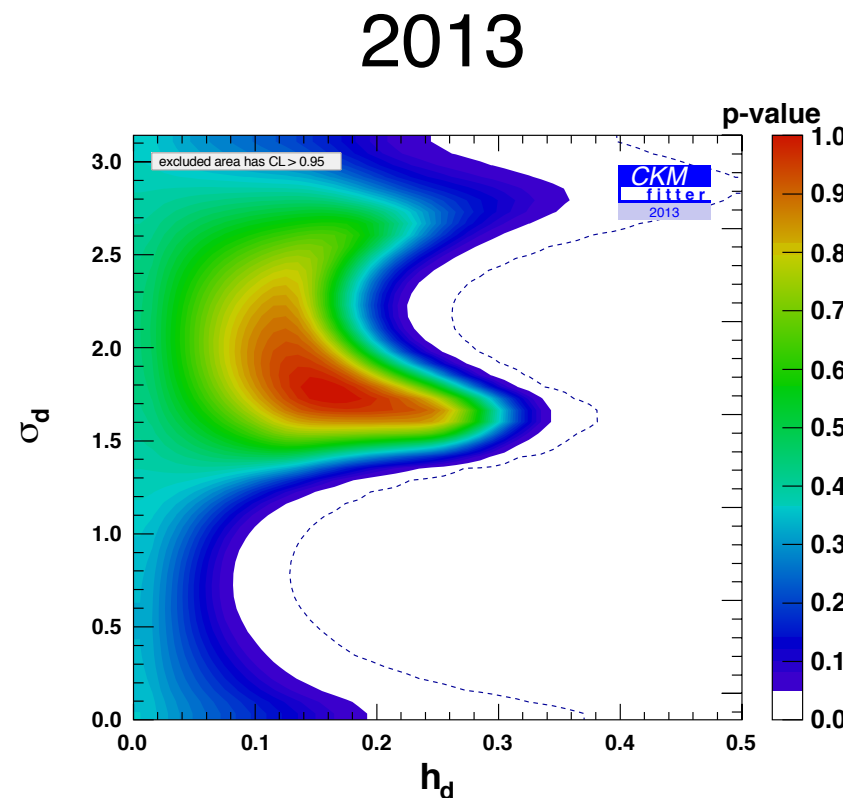
CP violating



By Stage II,

- $\Lambda \sim 20$ TeV (**tree**)
- Mixing $\Lambda \sim 2$ TeV (**loop**)
- Parameterise NP.

$$M_{12} = M_{12}^{SM} \times (1 + h e^{2i\sigma})$$



- 95% CL, $NP \approx (\text{many} \times SM) \implies NP \approx (0.05 \times SM)$

$$h \simeq 1.5 \frac{|C_{ij}|^2}{|\lambda_{ij}^t|^2} \frac{(4\pi)^2}{G_F \Lambda^2} \simeq \frac{|C_{ij}|^2}{|\lambda_{ij}^t|^2} \left(\frac{4.5 \text{ TeV}}{\Lambda} \right)^2$$

$$\sigma = \arg(C_{ij} \lambda_{ij}^{t*})$$

Physics in 2018

Phase II: First collision Run, Feb-Jun 2018

Phase 1 2016

“BEAST”/SuperKEKB & cosmics

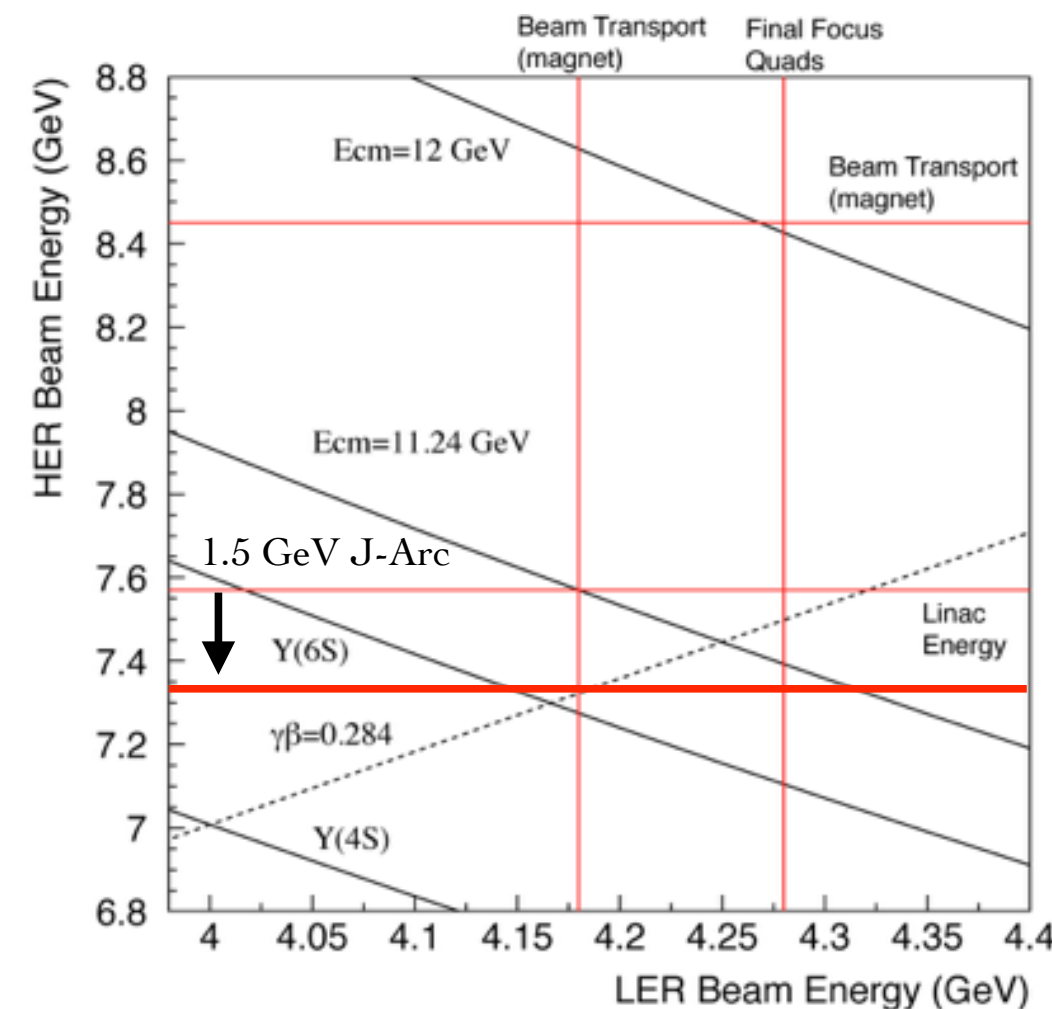
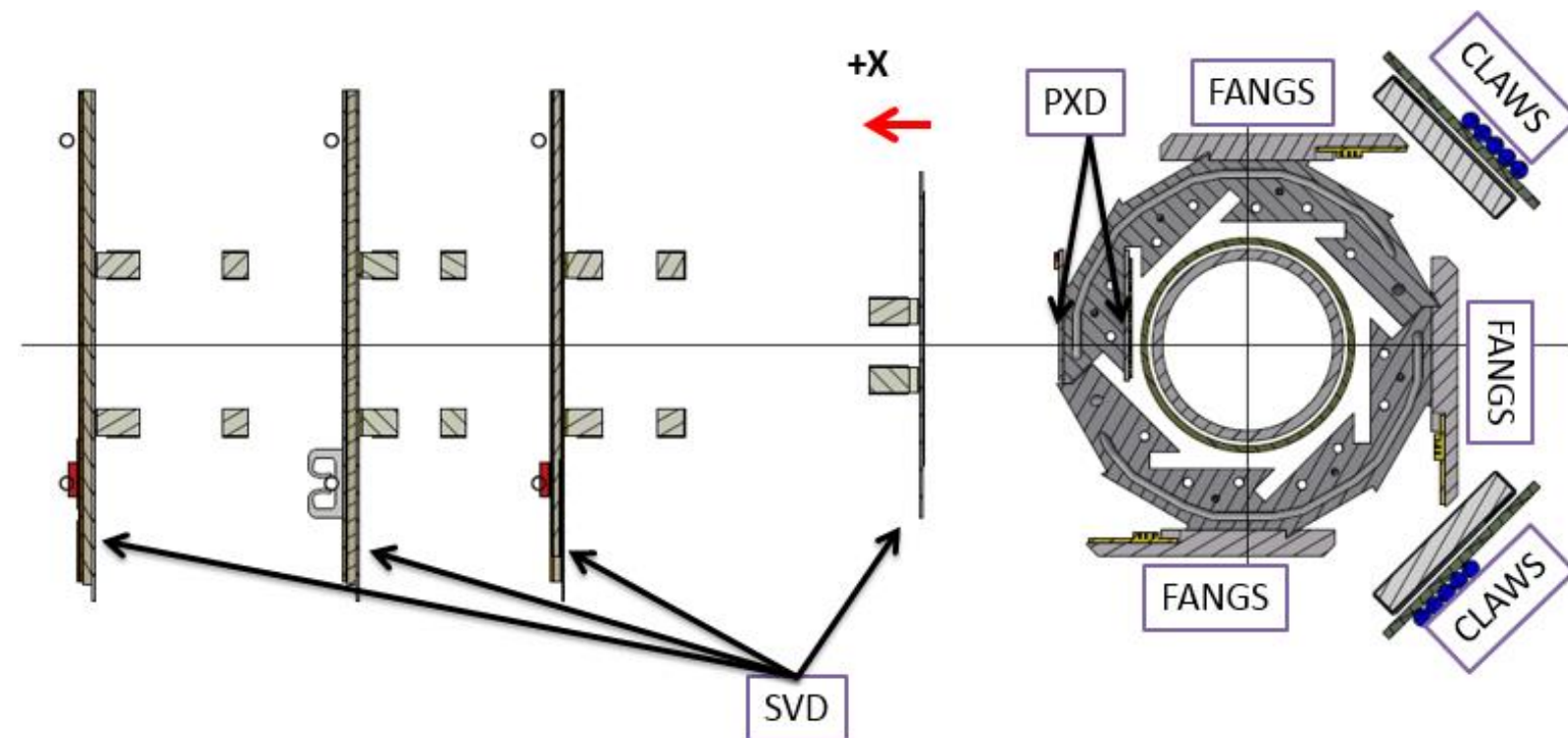
Phase 2 Feb 2018- July 2018

Belle II no VXD, commissioning data

Full physics Dec 2018-

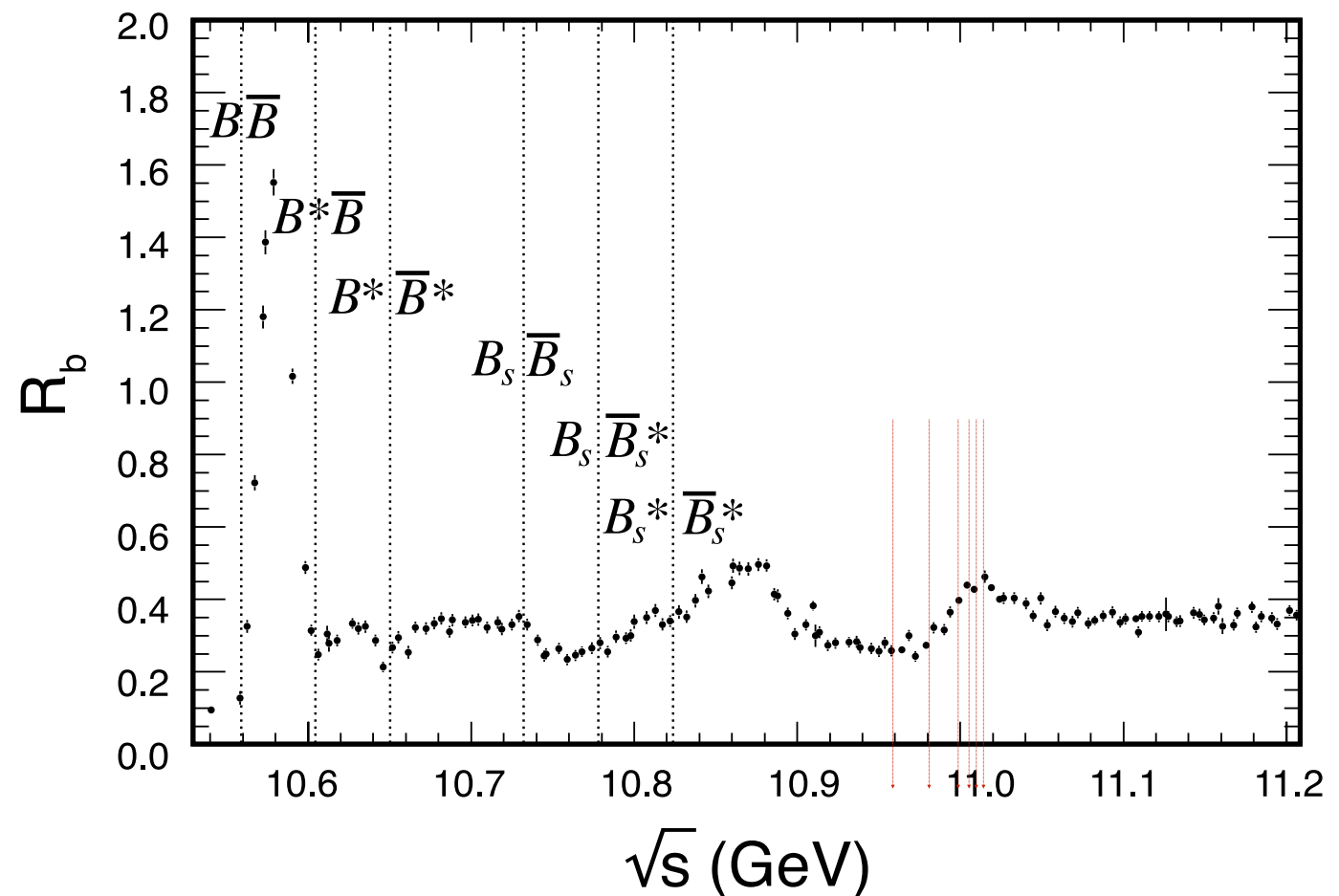
Vertex detectors in

- 4-5 months of machine study, 1~2 months may contain usable data.
- Target luminosity $1 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$



Phase II Unique data sets

- **Only $\sim 20\text{-}40 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ in Phase II**
 - Unique E_{CM} , e.g. $\Upsilon(6S)$ for bottomonium - strong interaction studies
 - New trigger menu to greatly enhance low multiplicity & dark sector physics



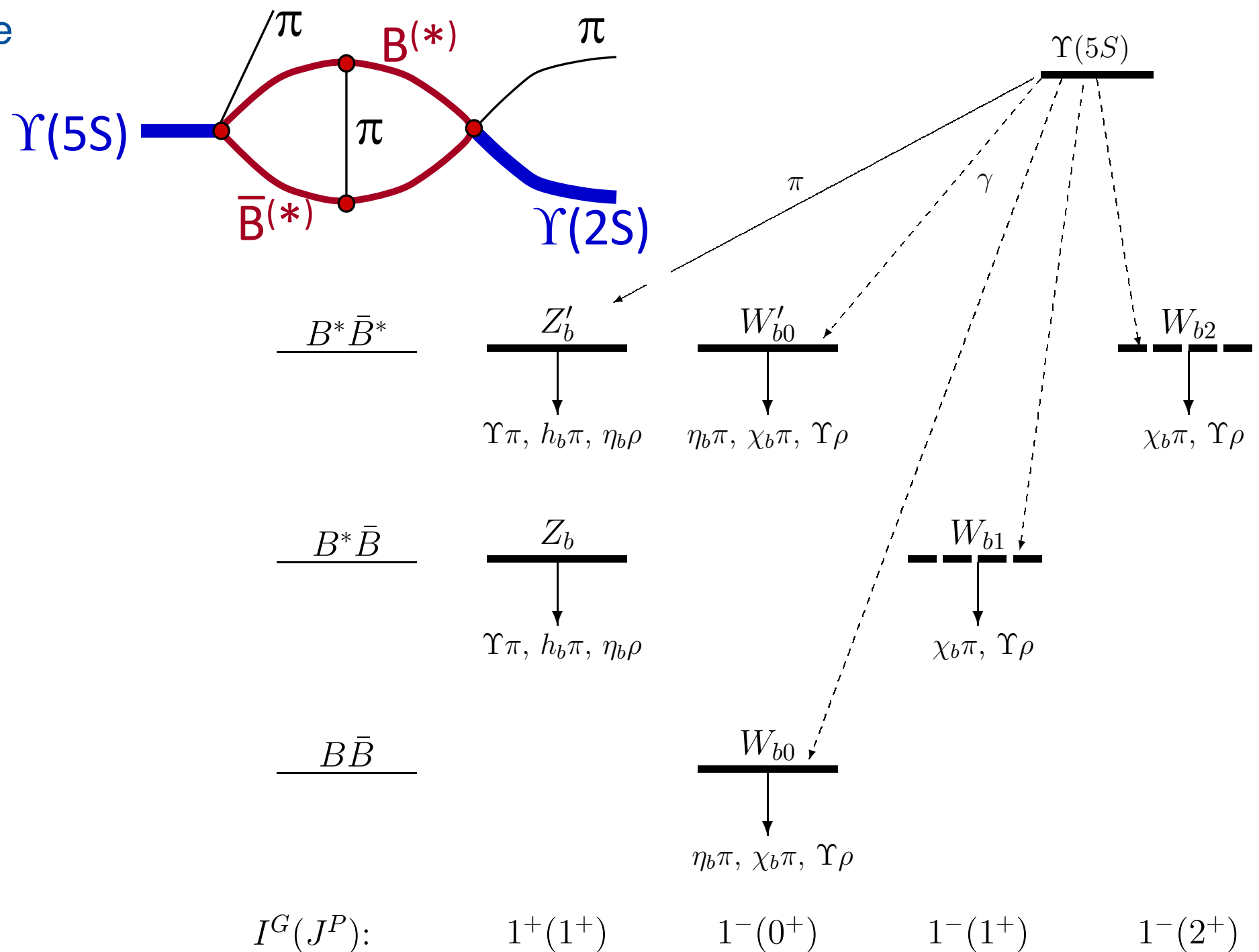
Experiment	Scans Off. Res.	$\Upsilon(6S)$ fb^{-1}	$\Upsilon(5S)$ $\text{fb}^{-1} \quad 10^6$	$\Upsilon(4S)$ $\text{fb}^{-1} \quad 10^6$	$\Upsilon(3S)$ $\text{fb}^{-1} \quad 10^6$	$\Upsilon(2S)$ $\text{fb}^{-1} \quad 10^6$	$\Upsilon(1S)$ $\text{fb}^{-1} \quad 10^6$
CLEO	17.1	-	0.1 0.4	16 17.1	1.2 5	1.2 10	1.2 21
BaBar	54	R_b scan		433 471	30 122	14 99	—
Belle	100	~ 5.5	36 121	711 772	3 12	25 158	6 102

Belle arXiv:1508.06562

Bottomonium-like - additional quark pair

Z_b, W_{bx} — postulated states

$\pi, \rho, \omega, \sigma$ exchange

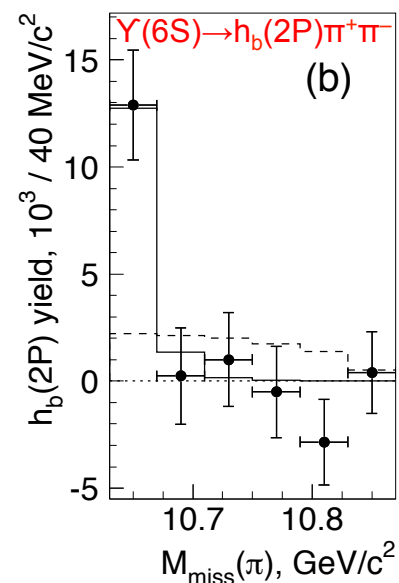
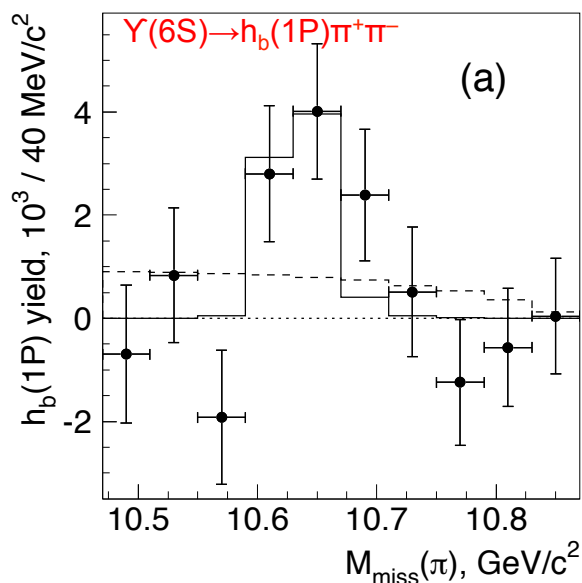
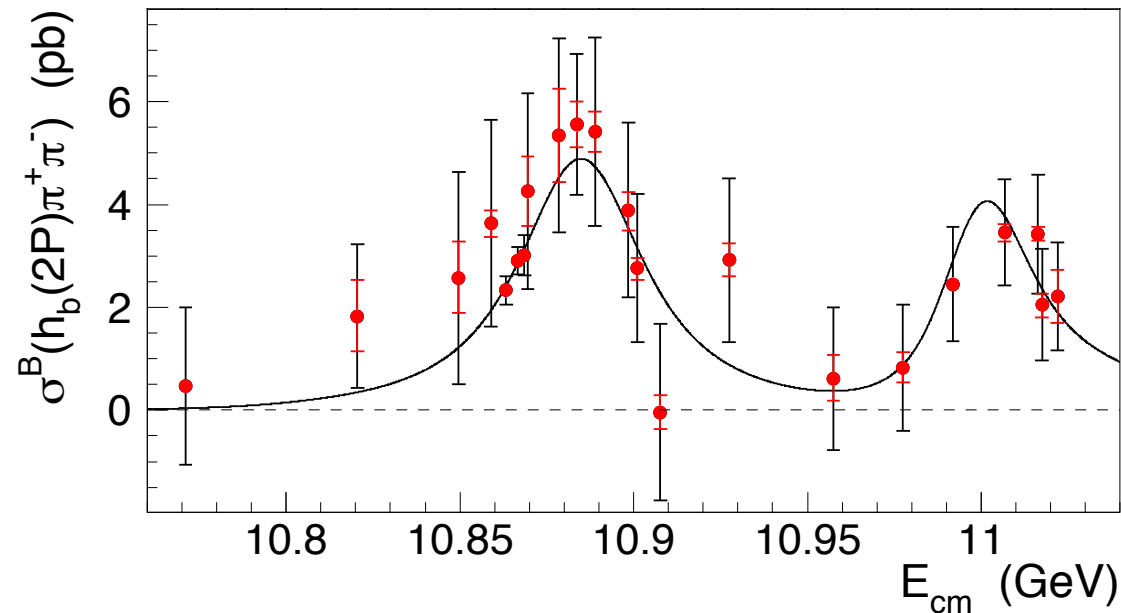


Bottomonium-like resonances above open B threshold

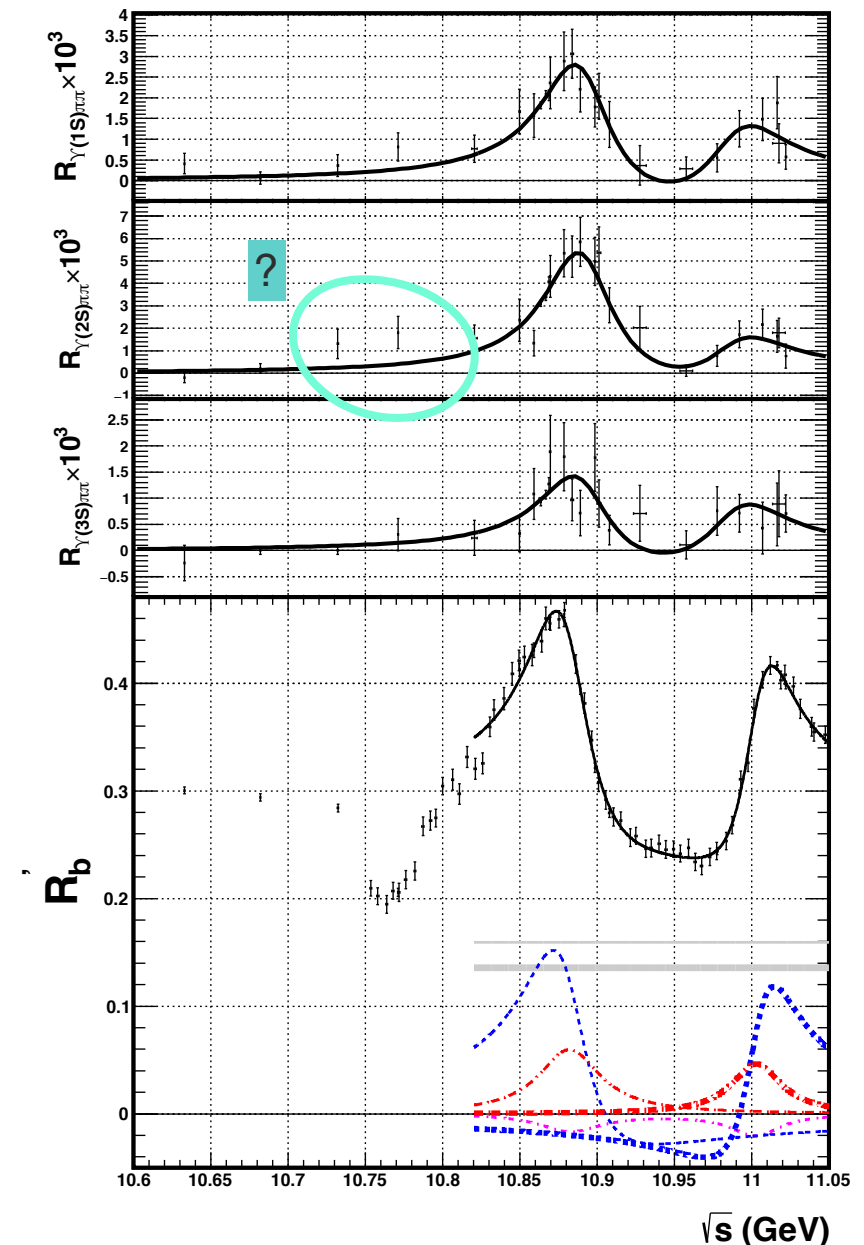
- $Y(6S) \rightarrow h_b(mP)\pi\pi$ vs CMS energy, evidence for $Z_b \rightarrow h_b \pi$,
- $\pi\pi$ tagged, analyse missing mass

- $\sigma(Y(nS)\pi\pi)$, $\sigma(bb)$ vs CMS

Belle PRL 117, 142001 (2016)



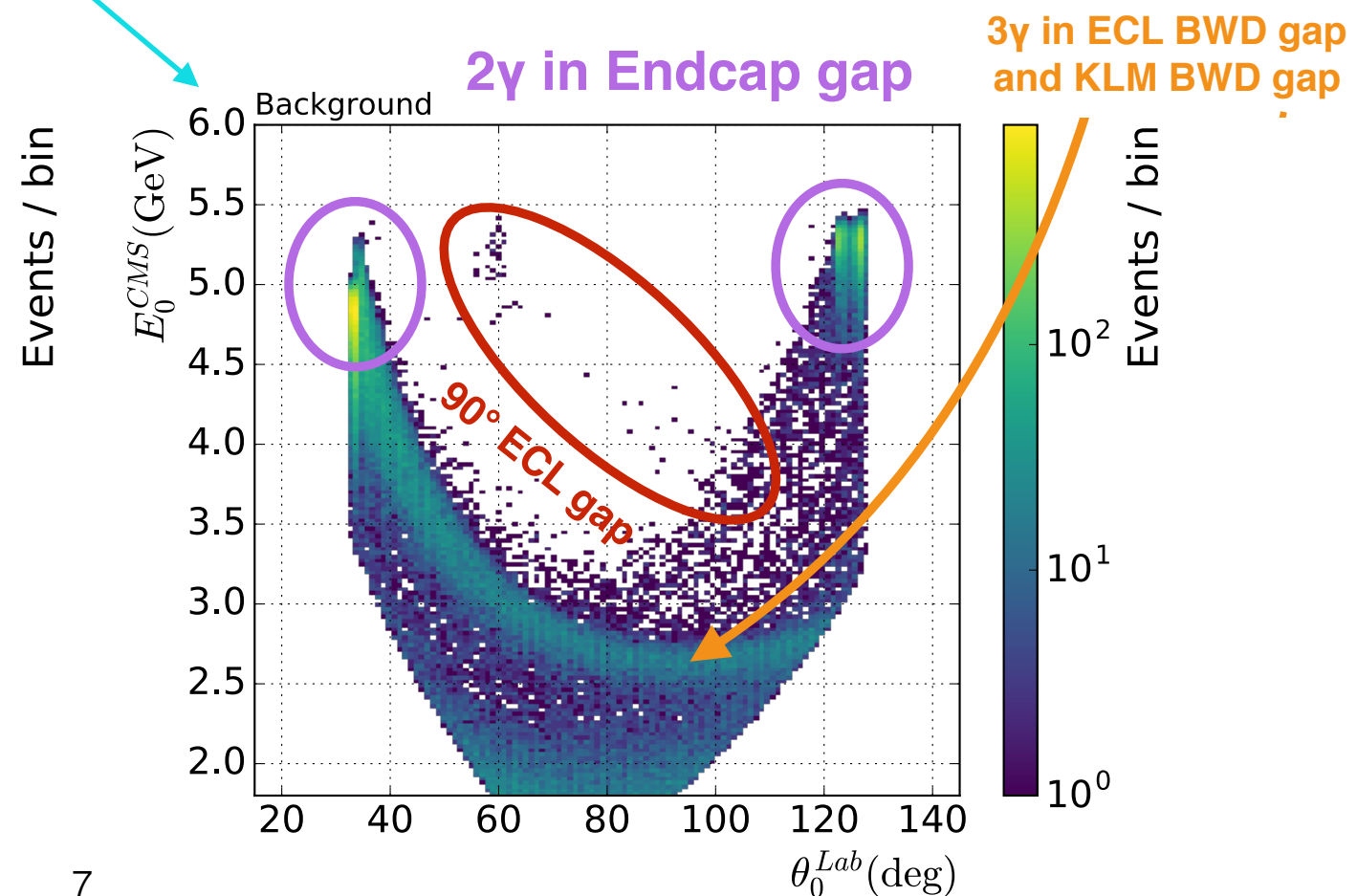
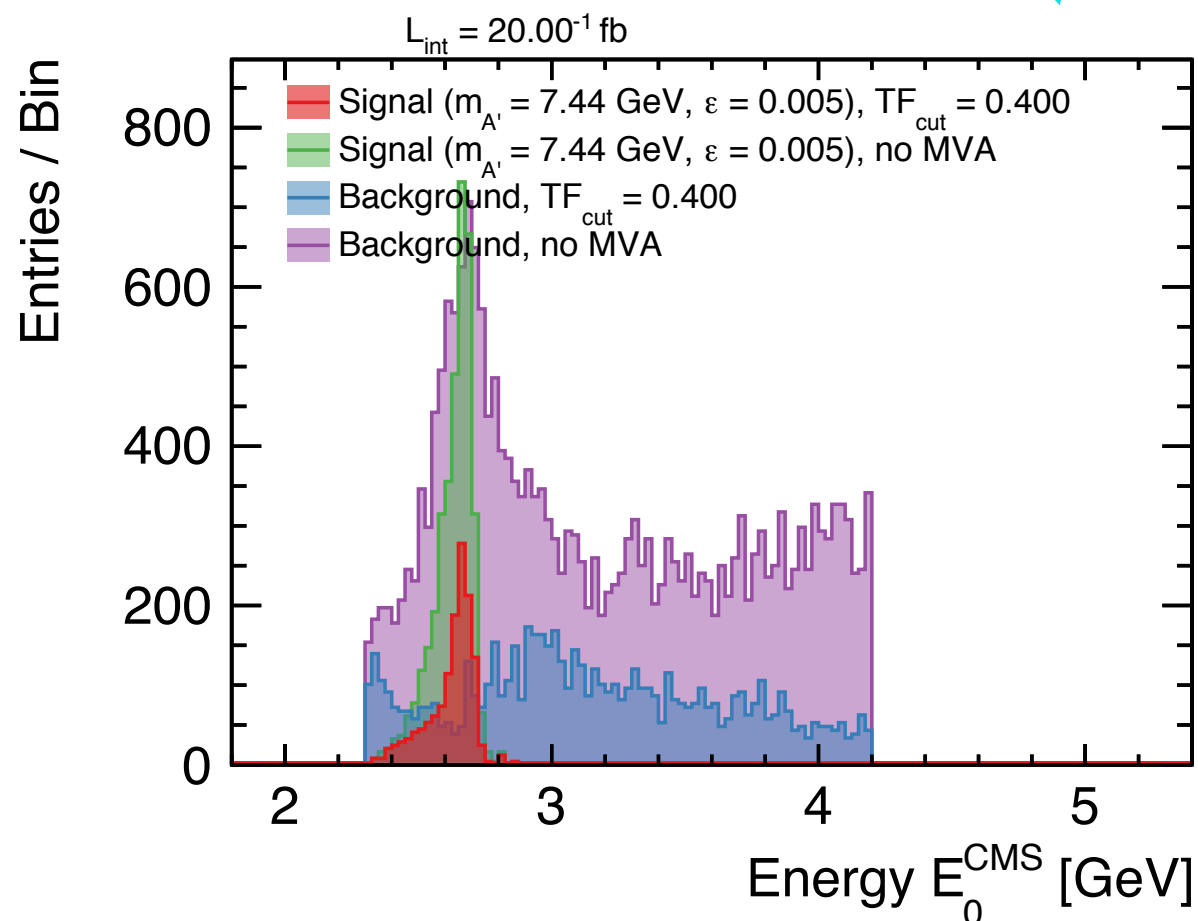
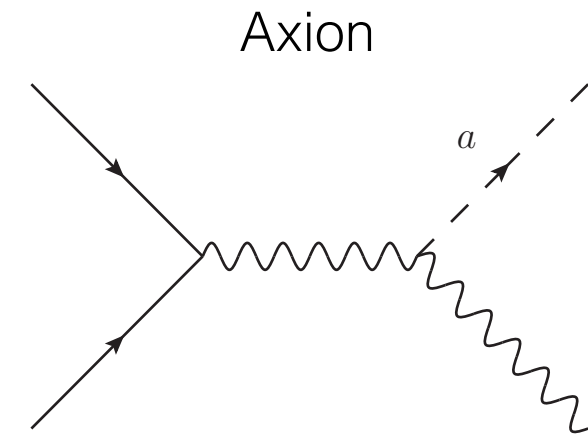
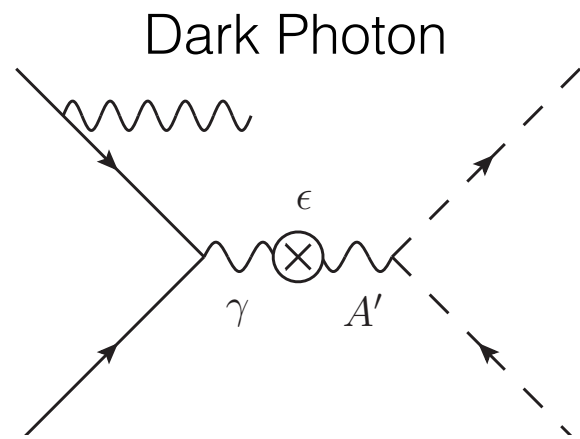
Belle PRD 93, 011101 (2016)



Need to study dipion kinematics near $Z_b \pi$ threshold

- Dark photon search with NN.

- $ee \rightarrow \gamma a [a \rightarrow \gamma \gamma] \text{ *New*}$



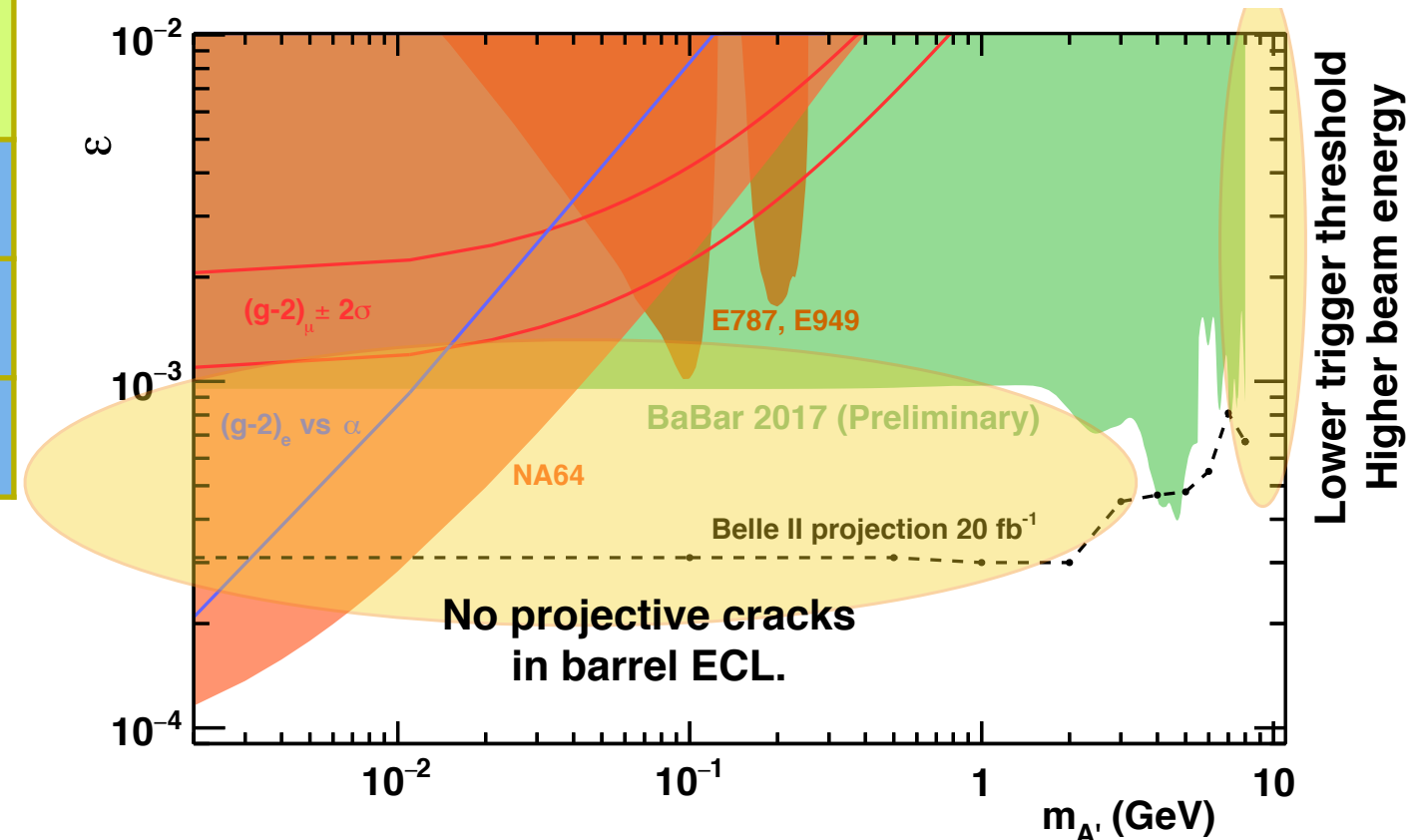
Triggering dark sector physics

- 2 stage trigger: **Hardware** (L1) then **Software**.

	Hardware Trigger accept	Physics output rate	Raw event size
Belle	500 Hz	90 Hz	
Belle II	30 kHz	3-10kHz	~200 kB
ATLAS	100 kHz	1 kHz	1.6MB

Physics process	Cross section (nb)	Rate (Hz)
$\Upsilon(4S) \rightarrow B\bar{B}$	1.2	960
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{continuum}$	2.8	2200
$\mu^+\mu^-$	0.8	640
$\tau^+\tau^-$	0.8	640
Bhabha ($\theta_{\text{lab}} \geq 17^\circ$)	44	350 ^a
$\gamma\gamma$ ($\theta_{\text{lab}} \geq 17^\circ$)	2.4	19 ^a
2γ processes ^b	~ 80	~ 15000
Total	~ 130	~ 20000

^a The rate is pre-scaled by a factor of 1/100.
^b $\theta_{\text{lab}} \geq 17^\circ$, $p_t \geq 0.1\text{GeV}/c$



Summary

- SuperKEKB has been brought to life.
- Phase II collisions start January 2018, Phase III Late 2018
- **Rich physics program at SuperKEKB/Belle II**
 - New sources of CPV, New gauge bosons, Lepton Flavour Violation, Dark Sectors.
 - **Numerous anomalies to probe with the first 5 ab⁻¹**
- **Strong case for phase II physics.**
- **The Belle II physics book to be published in 2017 (ed. PU & E. Kou)**

Backup

Belle II Physics Book

- B2TiP Report (600p)
 - <https://confluence.desy.de/display/BI/B2TiP+ReportStatus>
- To be published in PTEP / Oxford University Press & printed.
 - Belle II Detector, Simulation, Reconstruction, Analysis tools
 - Physics working groups
 - New physics prospects and global fit code

PTEP

Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. **2015**, 00000 (319 pages)
DOI: 10.1093/ptep/0000000000

The Belle II Physics Book

Emi Kou¹, Phillip Urquijo², The Belle II collaboration³, and The B2TiP theory community⁴

¹*LAL*

**E-mail: kou@lal.in2p3.fr*

²*Melbourne*

**E-mail: purquijo@unimelb.edu.au*

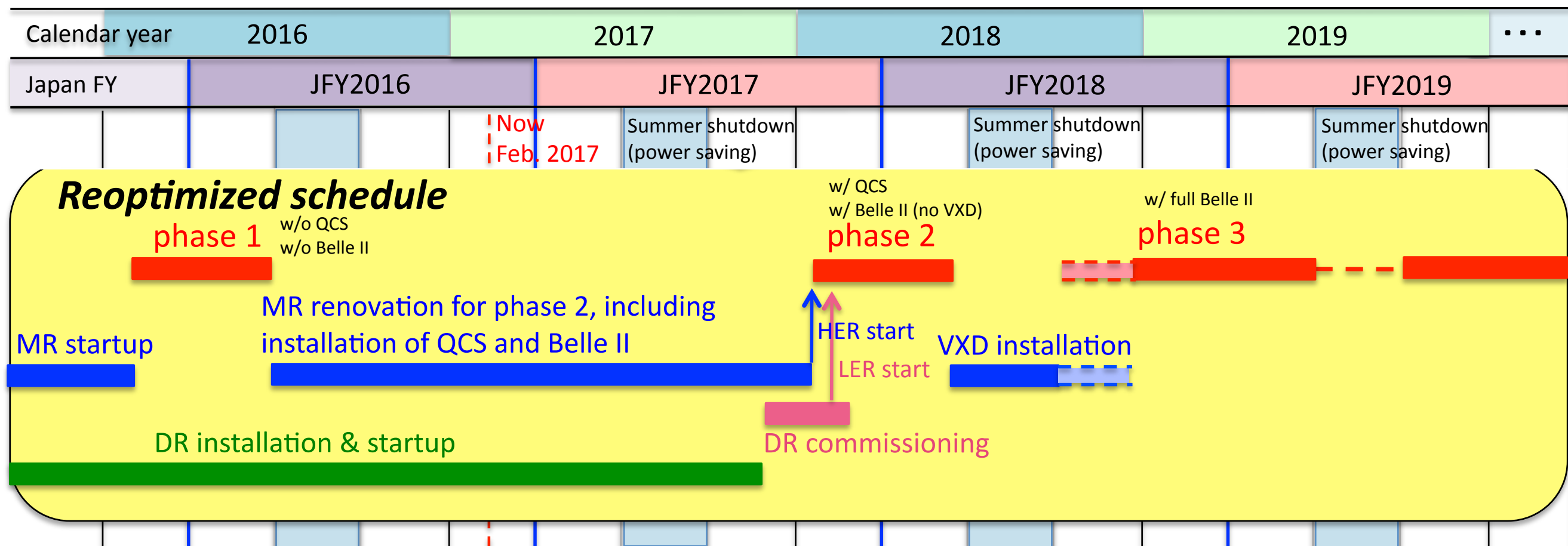
³*Addresses of authors*

⁴*Addresses of authors*

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The report of the Belle II Theory Interface Platform is presented in this document.

	Contents	PAGE
1	Introduction	6
1.1	Goals	6
1.2	Particle physics after the <i>B</i> -factories and LHC run I (and run II first data)	7
1.3	Flavour physics questions to be addressed by Belle II	7
1.4	Advantages of SuperKEKB and Belle II	8
1.5	Overview of SuperKEKB	9
1.6	Data taking overview	10
1.7	The Belle II Golden channels	10
2	Belle II Simulation	11
2.1	Introduction	11
2.2	Cross Sections	11
2.3	Generators	11
2.4	Beam-induced background	15
2.5	Detector Simulation	17

Schedule as of Feb 2017



**February 13,
QCSR arrived in
Tsukuba Hall**



$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_s$	Belle	Belle II	leptonic categories
$S (50 \text{ ab}^{-1})$			
stat.	0.0035	0.0035	0.0060
syst. reducible	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012
syst. irreducible	0.0082	0.0044	0.0040
$A (50 \text{ ab}^{-1})$			
stat.	0.0025	0.0025	0.0043
syst. reducible	0.0007	0.0007	0.0007
syst. irreducible	$+0.043$ -0.022	$+0.042$ -0.011	0.011

$b \rightarrow c \bar{c} s$	Belle	Belle II	leptonic categories
$S (50 \text{ ab}^{-1})$			
stat.	0.0027	0.0027	0.0048
syst. reducible	0.0026	0.0026	0.0026
syst. irreducible	0.0070	0.0036	0.0035
$A (50 \text{ ab}^{-1})$			
stat.	0.0019	0.0019	0.0033
syst. reducible	0.0014	0.0014	0.0014
syst. irreducible	0.0106	0.0087	0.0035

- $\sin(2\Phi_1)$ will remain the most precise measurement in the UT
- In Belle II the measurement will be dominated by systematics
- Dominated by vertex related uncertainties.

Error on $\sin(2\beta)$ from $B \rightarrow J/\psi K_s$	tot.
LHCb 22/fb	0.014
Belle II 50/ab	0.007