

# Laser pulse shaping for high gradient accelerators

F. Villa

on behalf of SPARC\_LAB collaboration

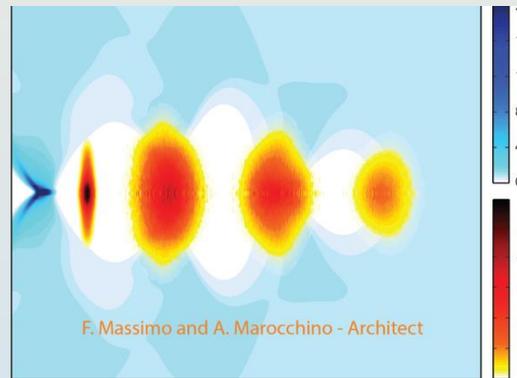


# Outline

- Introduction
- Pulse shaping
- Multibunch configurations
- Hollow beams
- Conclusions

# PWFA with comb beam and velocity bunching

- Laser-comb: multiple electron bunches produced directly at the cathode
  - *Accurate laser pulses delay and duration is fundamental*
  - *Easy setup, (un)balancing (charge ramps...)*



- Velocity bunching for bunch compression
  - Distance and duration tuning by moving linac 1<sup>st</sup> section phase*
  - Different approach with respect to other multi-bunches schemes*

Ferrario, M., et al "Laser comb with velocity bunching: Preliminary results at SPARC." NIM 637.1 2011 S43-S46.

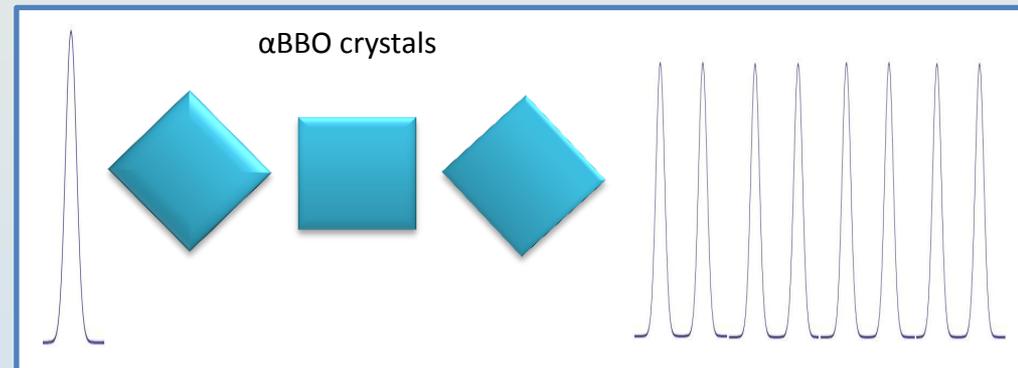
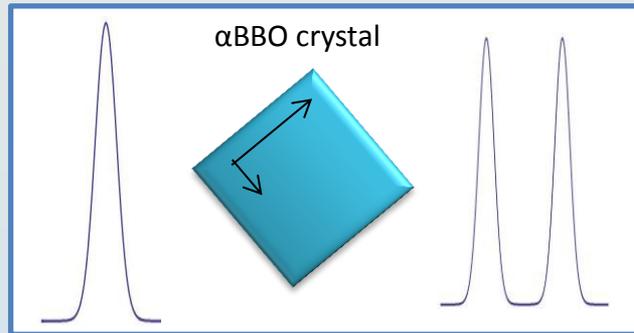
# Pulse shaping with birefringence

- Birefringent crystal technique:

- Fast/slow axes different time propagation  $\Delta T = (n_e - n_o) L/c$

1 crystal => 2 pulses

n crystals =  $2^n$  pulses



- Pros
- Easy and reliable
- Easy to stack

Cons:  
Fixed delays  
Pulse pairing

A. K. Sharma et al., *Phys. Rev. ST Acc. Beam*, n. 12, p. 033501, 2009

C. Jing et al., *Phys. Rev. ST Acc. Beam*, vol. 14, p. 021302, 2011

# Pulse shaping with splitting

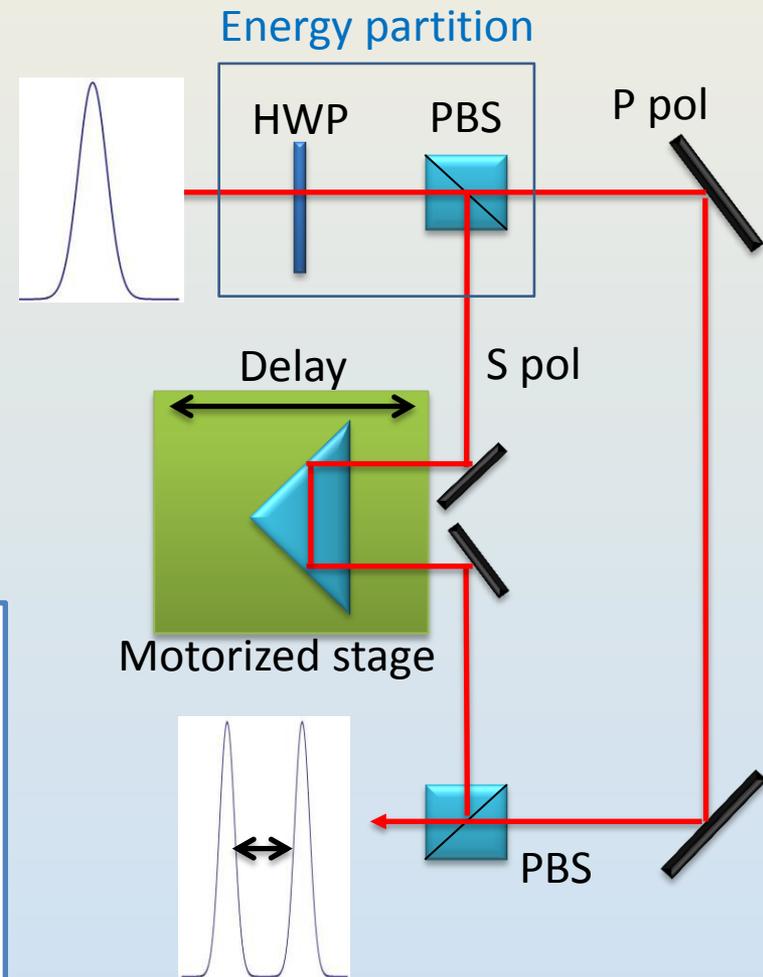
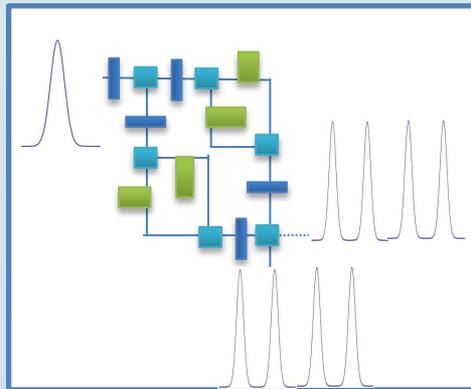
- Interferometer configuration:

- Pros:

- Very flexible

- Cons:

- Transverse alignment
- Complex setup for more than 2 pulses



C. W. Siders et al., *Appl. Opt.*, vol. 37, n. 22, p. 5302, 1998

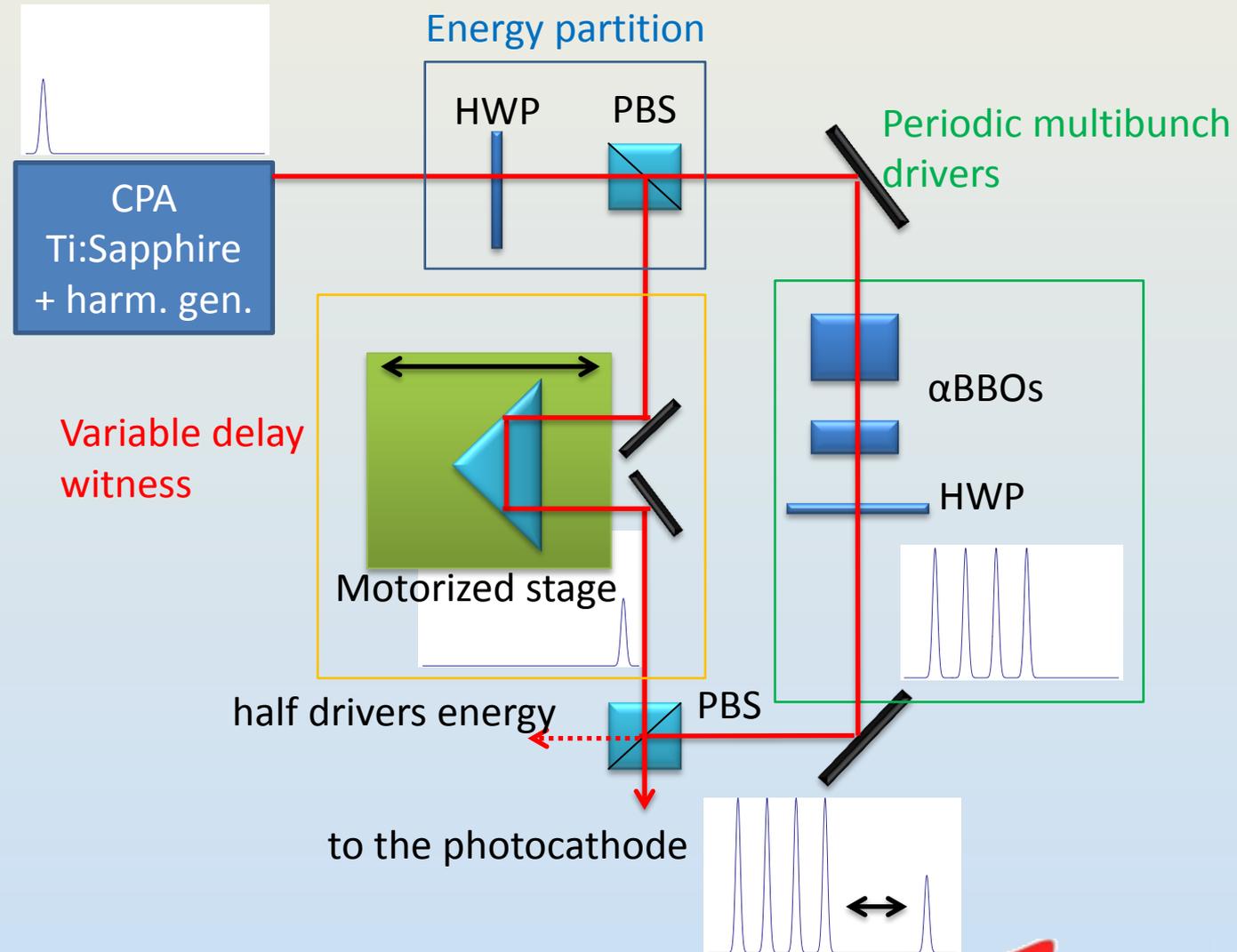
Y. Ding et al., *Phys. Rev. ST Acc. Beam*, vol. 13, p. 060703, 2010

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EAAC 2015

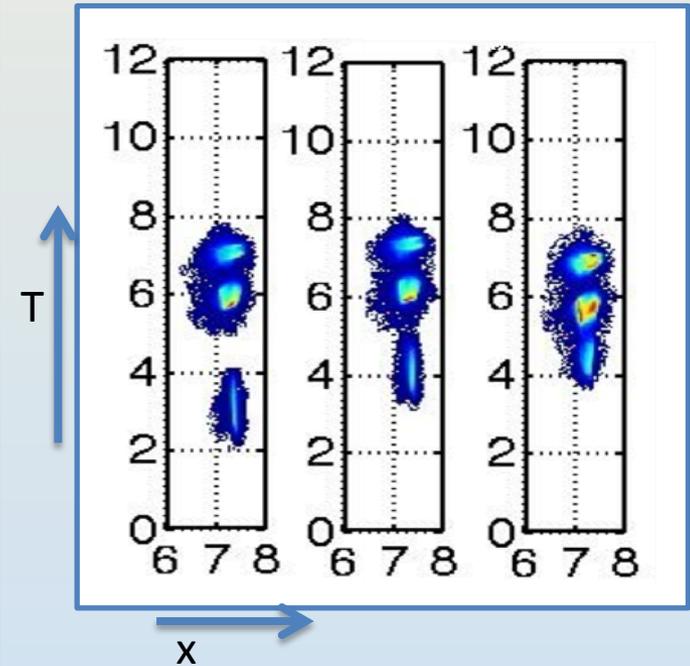
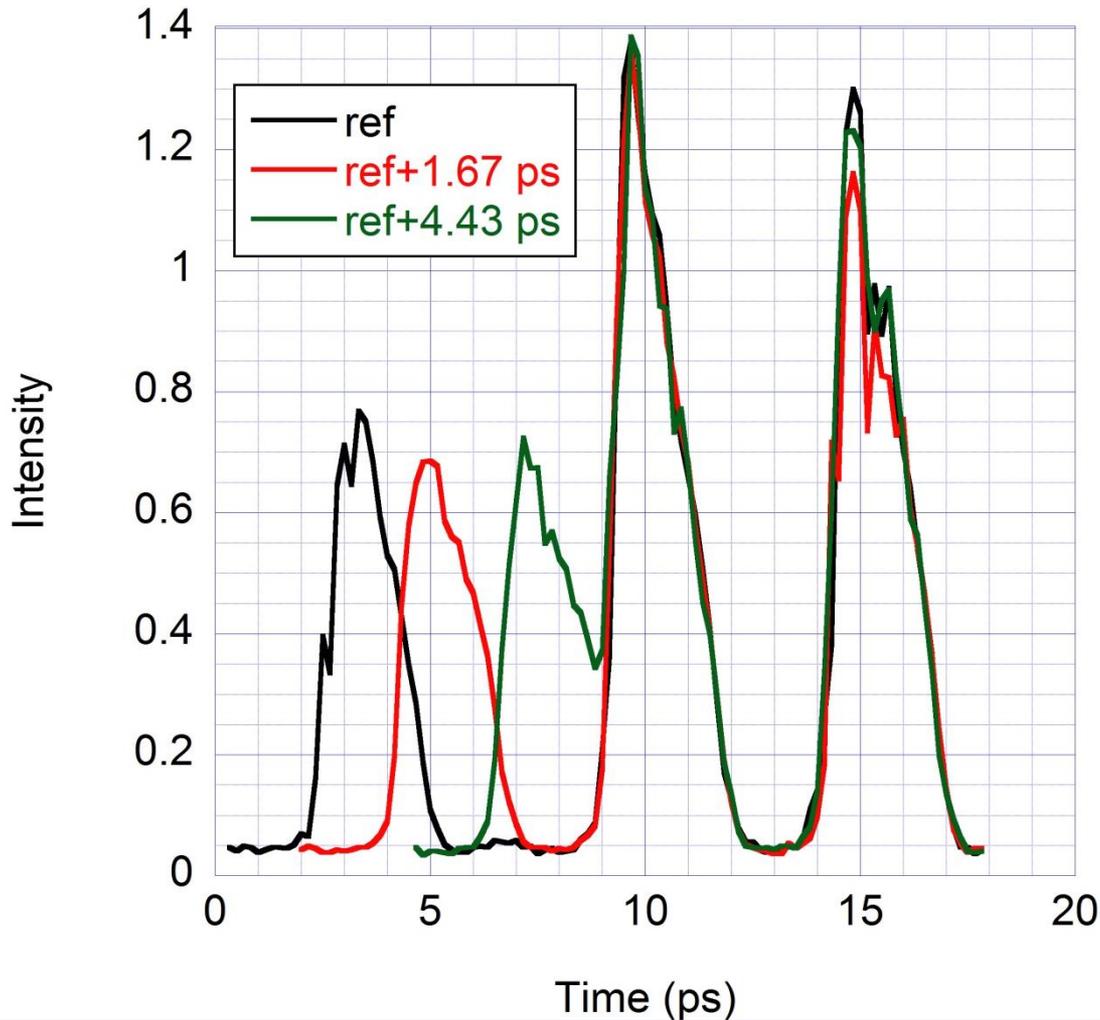
# Flexible pulse shaping

- Witness with variable delay
- Many drivers

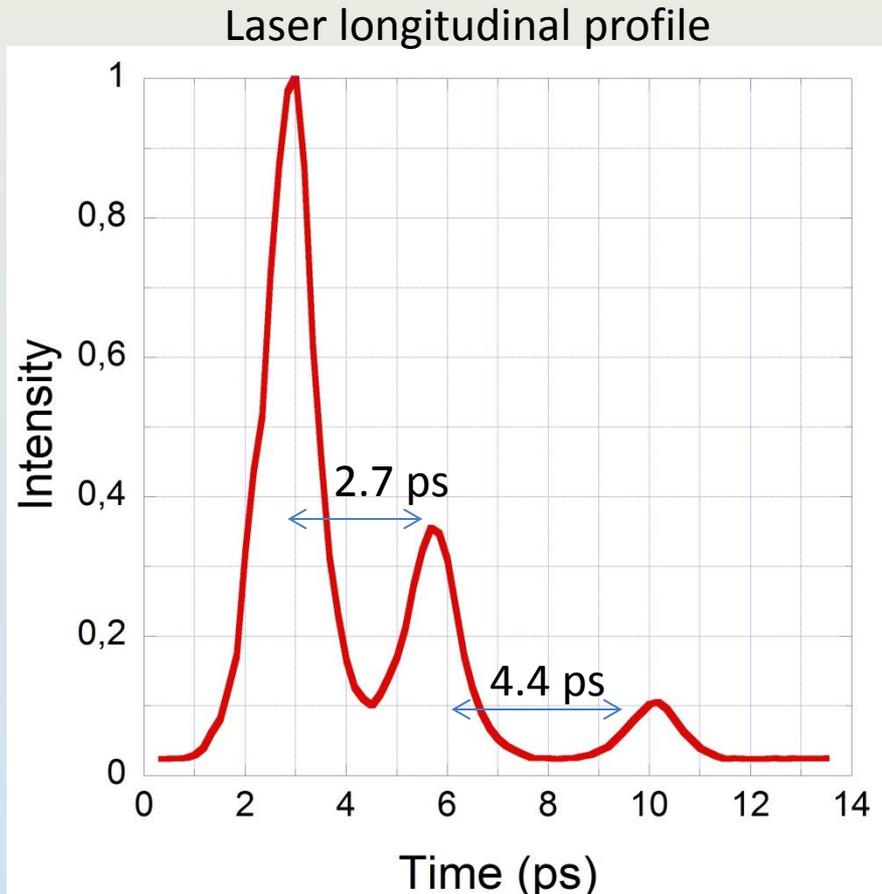


# Witness delay fine tuning

Laser longitudinal profile

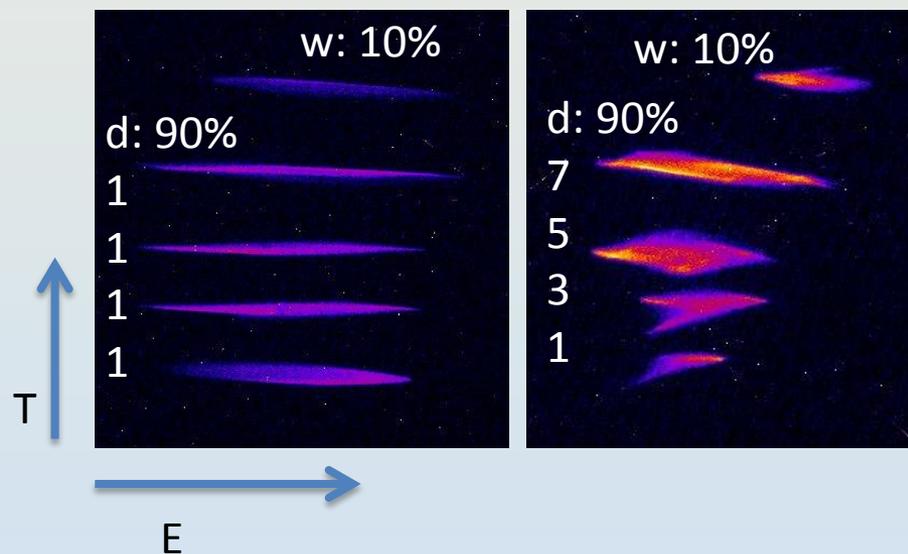
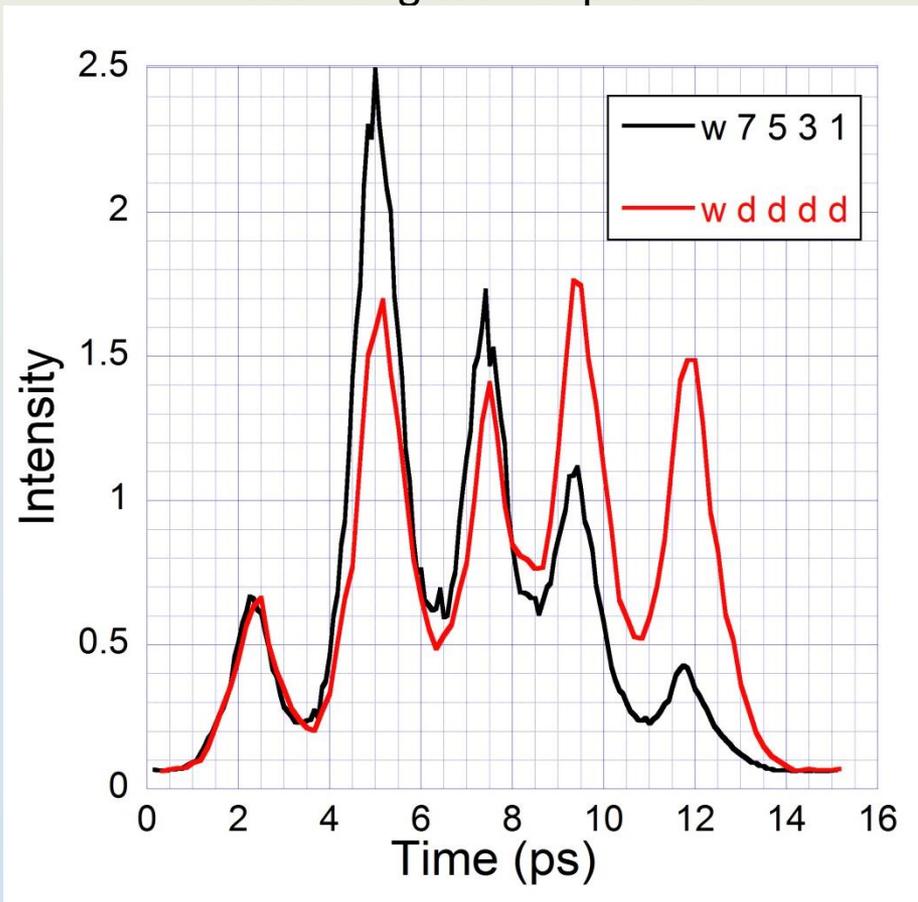


# Equal pulse separations



# Ramped beams

Laser longitudinal profile

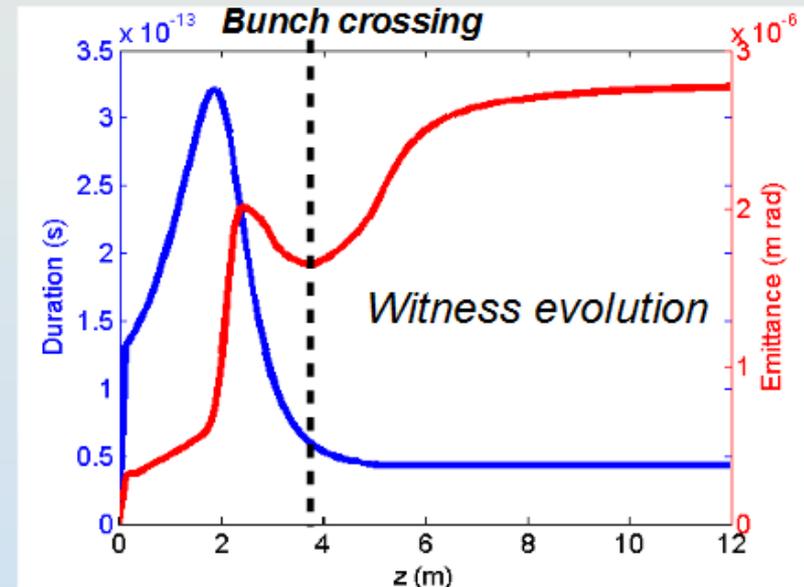
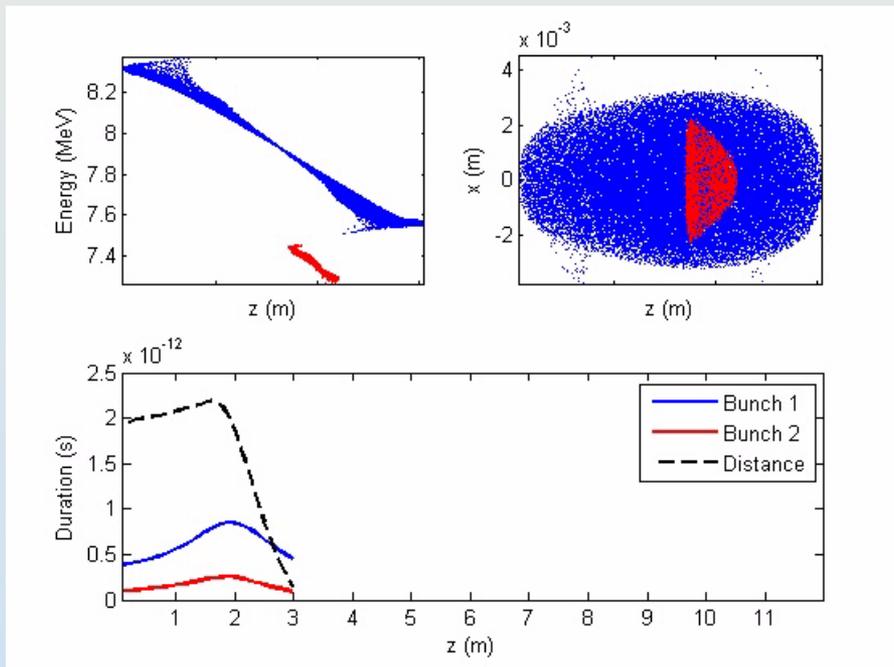


A. Cianchi et al., Phys. Rev. ST Acc. Beam, vol. 18, p. 082804, 2015.

A. Mostacci et al., SPIE Optics + Optoelectronics, Prague, 2015.

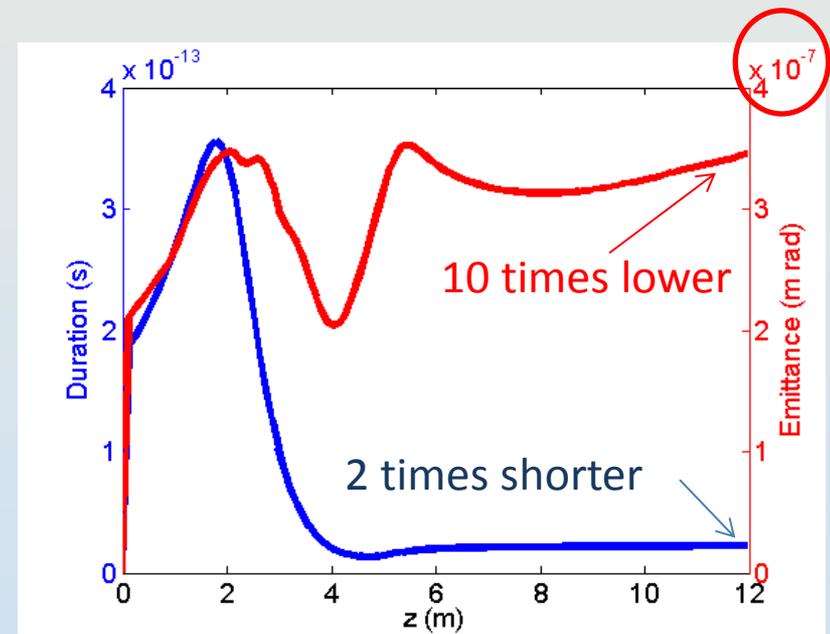
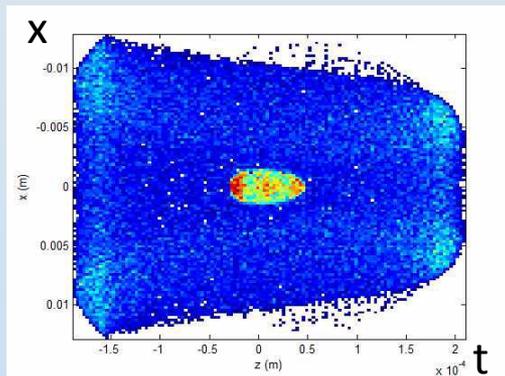
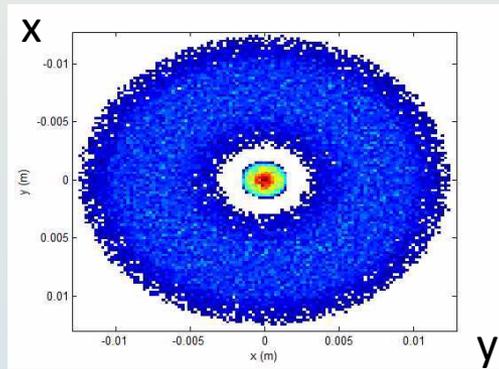
# Hollow beam: Why hollow?

- Witness cross the driver during compression:
  - Larger emittance and longer compressed pulse



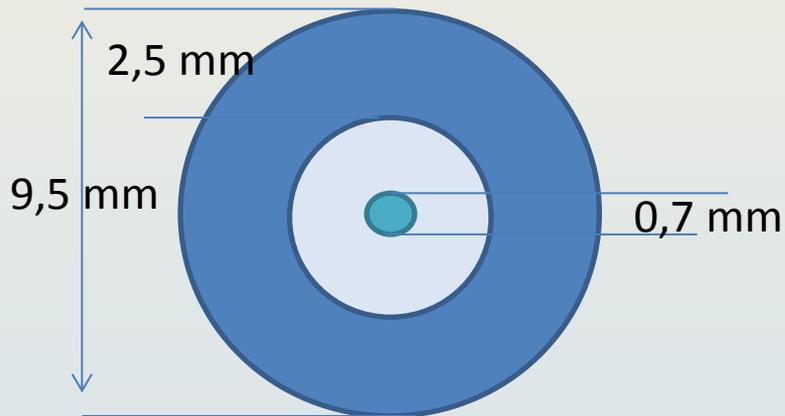
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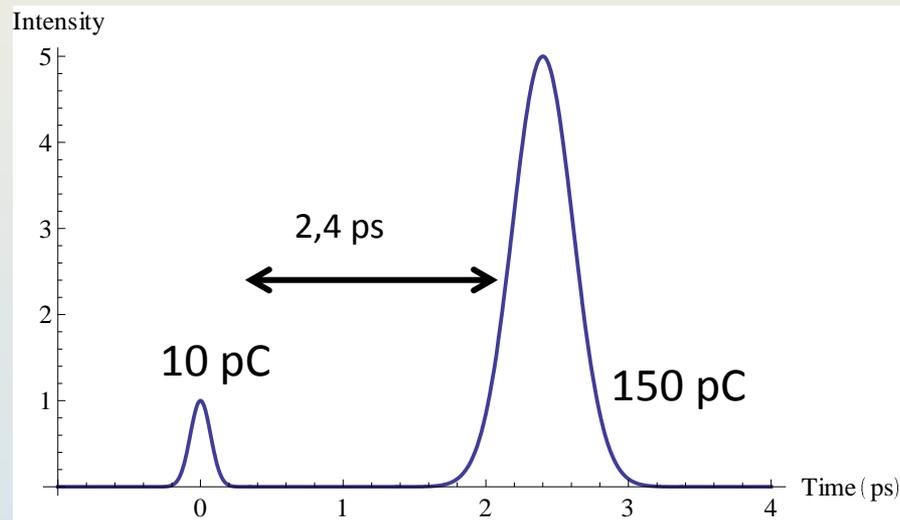


# Hollow beam requirements

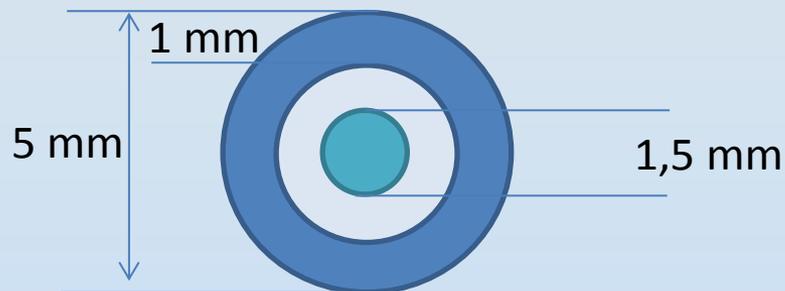
Single driver transverse profiles



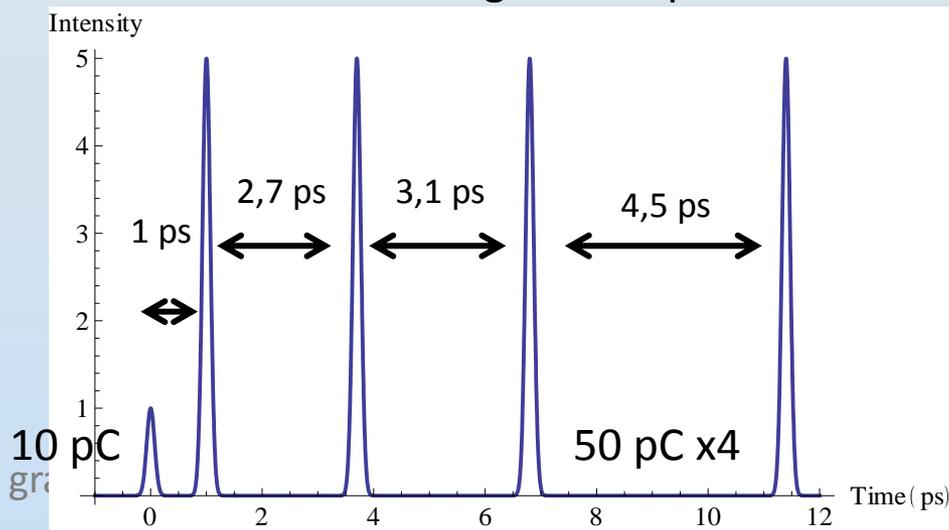
Single driver longitudinal profiles



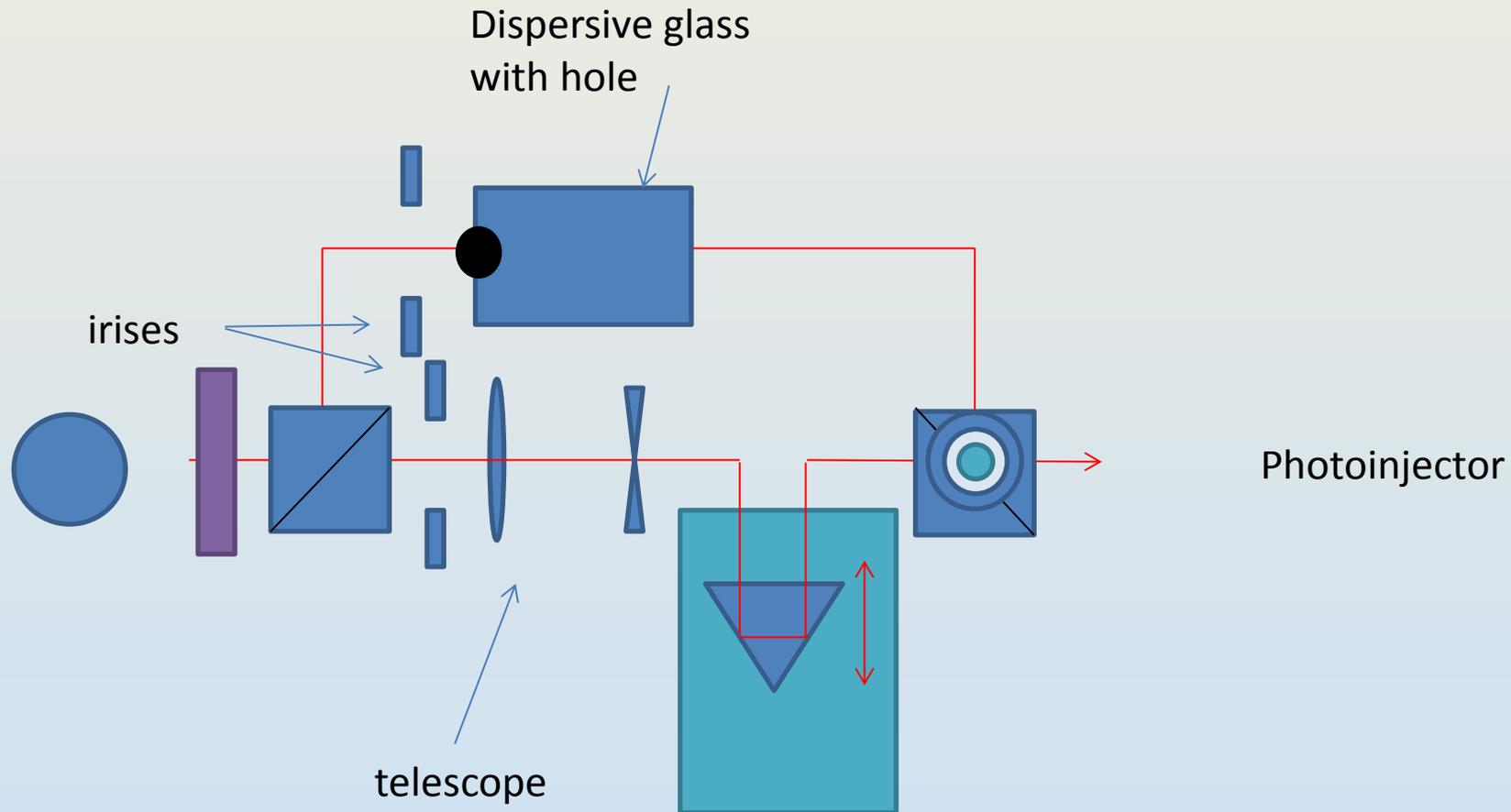
Multi-driver transverse profiles



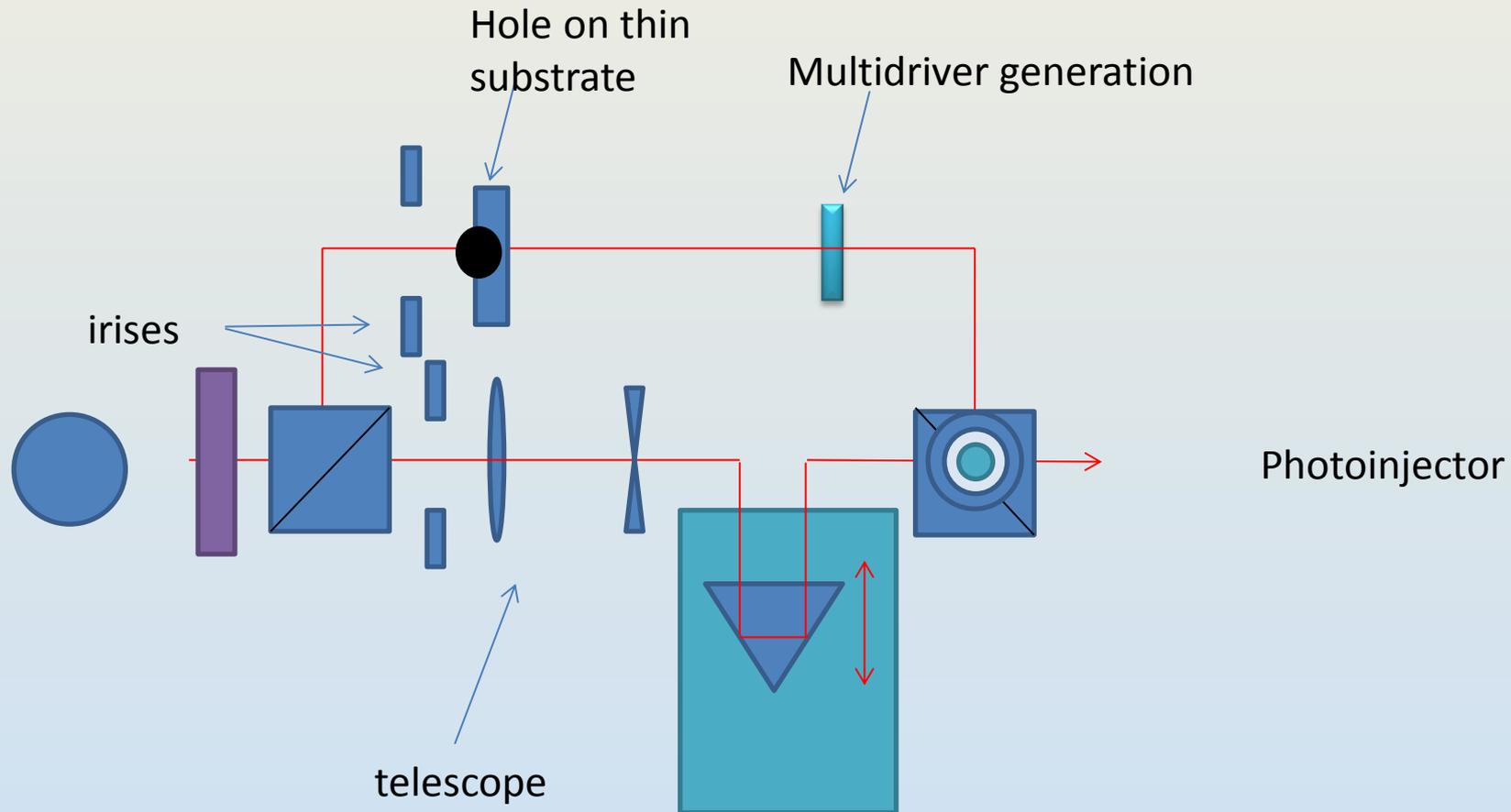
Multi-driver longitudinal profiles



# Hollow beam laser shaping scheme



# Hollow beam laser shaping scheme



# Conclusion

- Pulse shaping:
  - Control of delays between pulses
  - Fine tuning of each pulse amplitude (charge)
  - Flexibility for different configurations
- Hollow beams:
  - new possibilities for PWFA

# Thank you!

- Sparc\_lab collaboration

- D. Alesini, M.P. Anania, M. Bellaveglia, A. Biagioni, F. Bisesto, M. Castellano, E. Chiadroni, M. Croia, D. Di Giovenale, M. Ferrario, G. Di Pirro, R. Pompili, S. Romeo, J. Scifo, V. Shpakov, B. Spataro, C. Vaccarezza (INFN, Frascati)
- A. Cianchi (Tor Vergata University of Rome)
- F. Filippi, F. Giorgianni, A. Giribono, S. Lupi, A. Marocchino, F. Massimo, F. Mira, A. Mostacci, M. Petrarca (Sapienza University of Rome)
- F. Ciocci, A. Petralia (ENEA, Frascati)
- A. Bacci, V. Petrillo, A.R. Rossi, L. Serafini (INFN, Milano)