

**$B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$  and  $B \rightarrow \tau\nu$  in comparison**

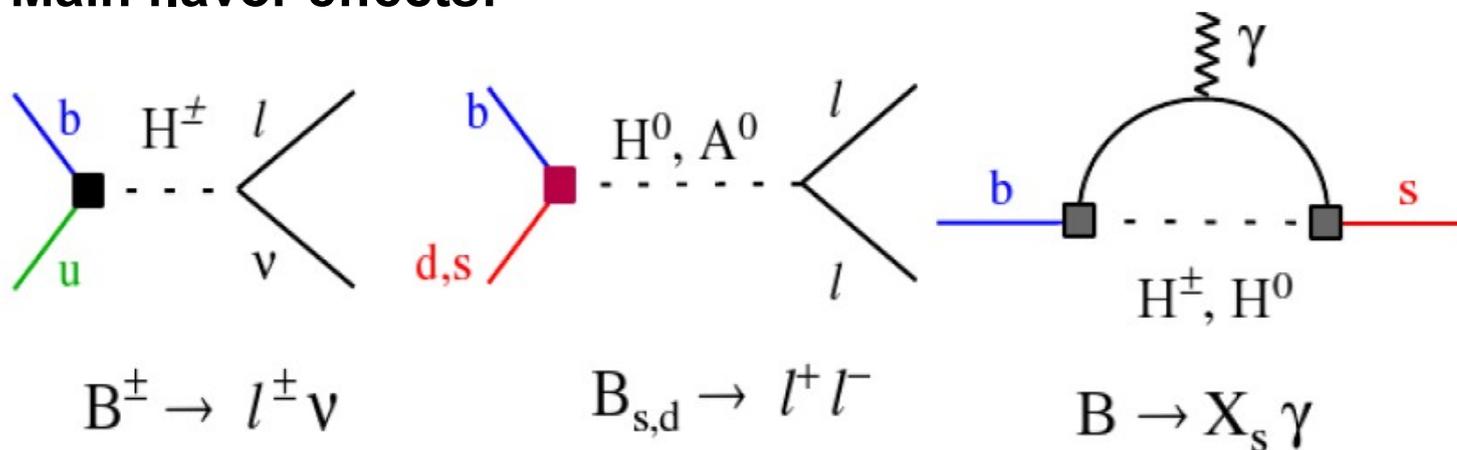
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**Università Roma Tre**

# Goal of the presentation

## MFV at large $\tan\beta$

Main flavor effects:



Other possible relevant effects:

$K \rightarrow \mu \nu$

$mh$

$H \rightarrow \tau \tau$

$g-2$

susy direct search

The measure of two of them will be soon improved:

1) LHCb  $10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ : SM value with 20% error

2) SuperB  $75 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ : 5% error

Observing the SM in  $B \rightarrow \mu \mu$   
 is it possible to observe  
 deviations in  $B \rightarrow \tau \nu$  ?

Which is the parameter space  
 allowed after  $B \rightarrow \mu \mu$   
 accessible through  $B \rightarrow \tau \nu$  ?

# Theories and analysis

## 2HDM-II

- 5 physical higgs:  $h, H^0, A, H^{\pm}$
- $U(1)_{PQ}$  symmetry:  $Hu(d)$  couples only with  $u(d)$  (otherwise too large FCNC with genir couplings)

## MSSM-MFV

- NHUM:  $m$  and  $mH$  free parameters
- First order in MFV  $\rightarrow$  universal common soft terms
- Broken  $U(1)_{PQ} \rightarrow$  loop effects in  $B$  processes

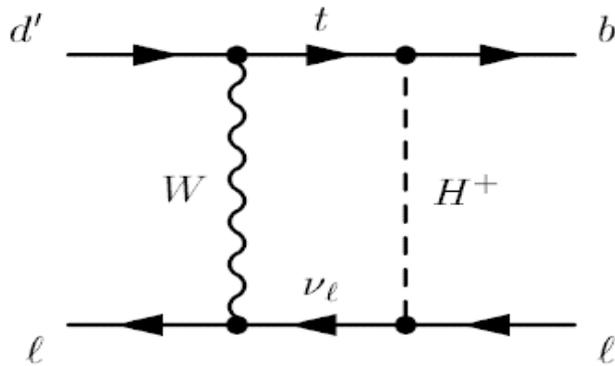
## Preliminary Analysis

- Leading  $\tan\beta$  effects (usually dominant)
- No effects from non-universal soft terms (usually subdominant)
- Flavor constraints:  $B \rightarrow \tau\nu$  (present+future),  $B \rightarrow \mu\mu$  (present+future),  $B \rightarrow Xs \gamma$ ,  $K \rightarrow \mu\nu$
- Higgs constraints (only for MSSM):  $mh, h \rightarrow \tau\tau$  (not jet)
- Addictional constraints:  $g-2$

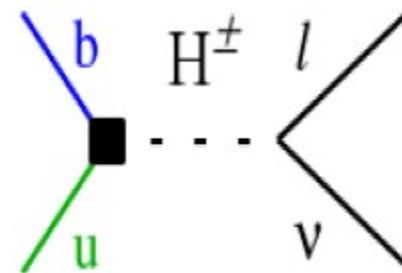
# 2HDM vs MSSM

## 2HDM-II

$H^+ \rightarrow$  new source of charged FC current at tree level



$\tan\beta^4$

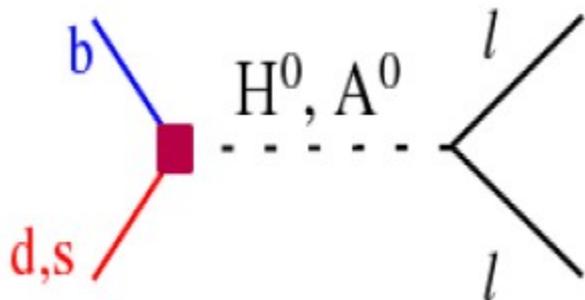


$\tan\beta^4$

## MSSM-MFV

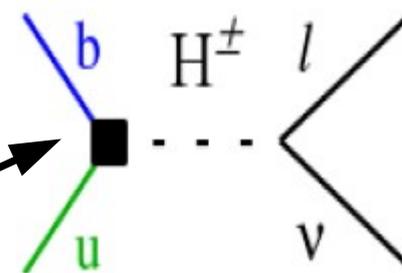
Additional contribution from  $U(1)_{PQ}$  breaking  $\rightarrow$  new source of FCNC at loop level

$\rightarrow$  proportional to susv parameters



$\tan\beta^6$

vertex corrections



$\tan\beta^4$

# B → τν

## SM and experimental

- Today 2σ disagreement between SM and exp → enhancement

$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau\nu)^{\text{SM}} = (0.79 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-4} \text{ [UTfit]}, \quad \mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau\nu)^{\text{exp}} = (1.64 \pm 0.34) \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau\nu)^{\text{SM}} = (0.76 \pm_{-0.06}^{+0.10}) \times 10^{-4} \text{ [CKMfit]}$$

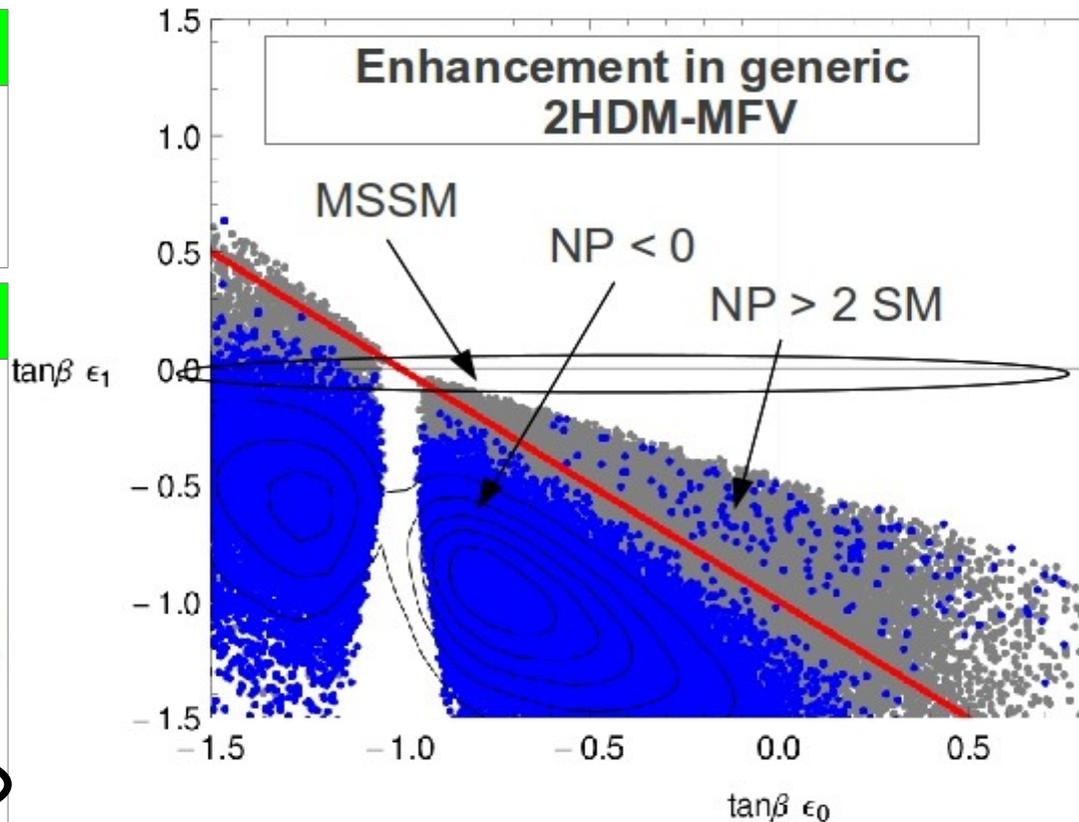
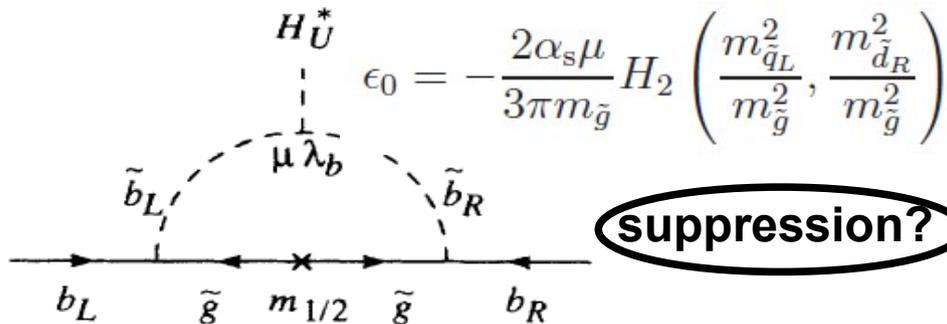
- We take conservative approach →  $R_{B\tau\nu} \in [0.51, 2.51]$

## 2HDM-II

$$R_{B\tau\nu} = \left[ 1 - \frac{m_B^2}{m_H^2} \tan^2 \beta \right]^2 \quad \text{suppression}$$

## MSSM-MFV

$$R_{B\tau\nu} = \left[ 1 - \frac{m_B^2}{m_H^2} \frac{\tan^2 \beta}{1 + \epsilon_0 \tan \beta} \right]^2$$



Lattice improvements:  
Vub, fB

SuperB  
 $\delta BR/BR = 5\%$

# B $\rightarrow$ $\tau\nu$

## SM and experimental

- Today  $2\sigma$  disagreement between SM and exp  $\rightarrow$  enhancement

$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau\nu)^{\text{SM}} = (0.79 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-4} \text{ [UTfit]}, \quad \mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau\nu)^{\text{exp}} = (1.64 \pm 0.34) \times 10^{-4}$$

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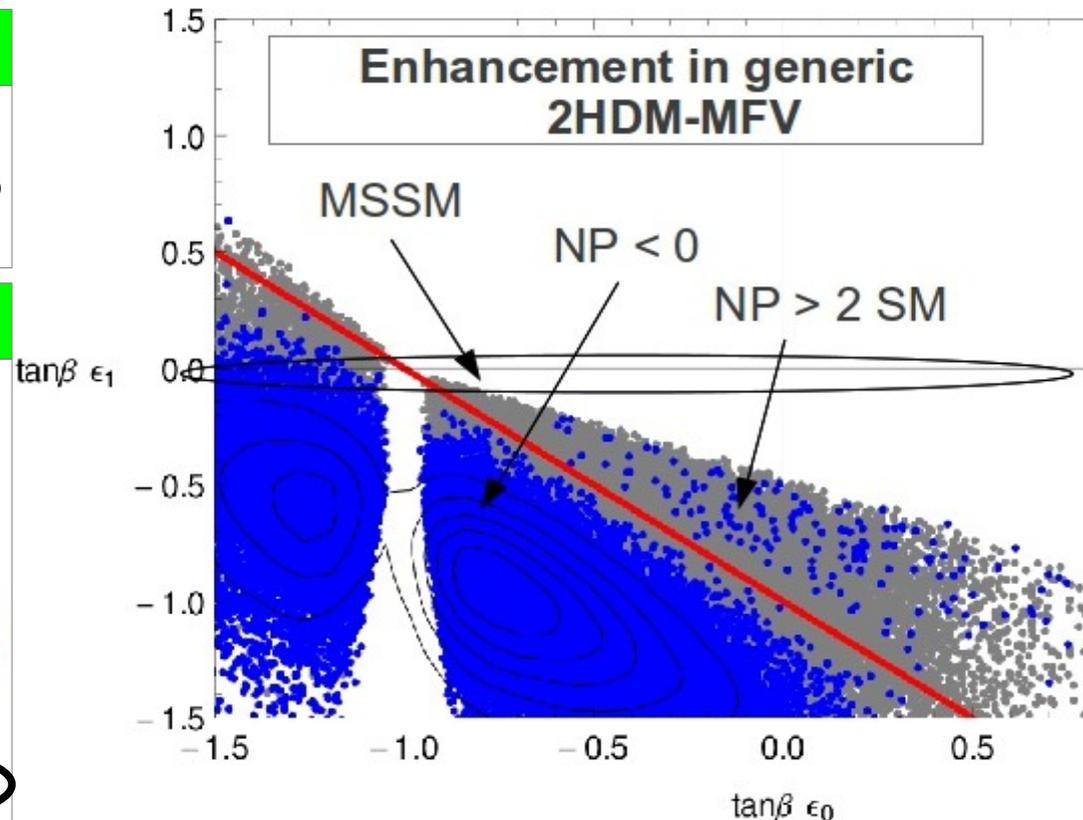
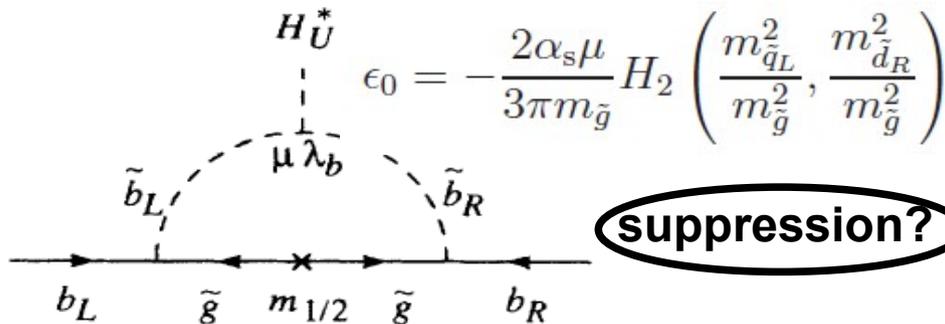
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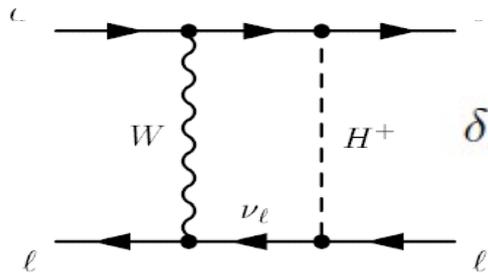
# $B_s \rightarrow \mu \mu$

## SM and experimental

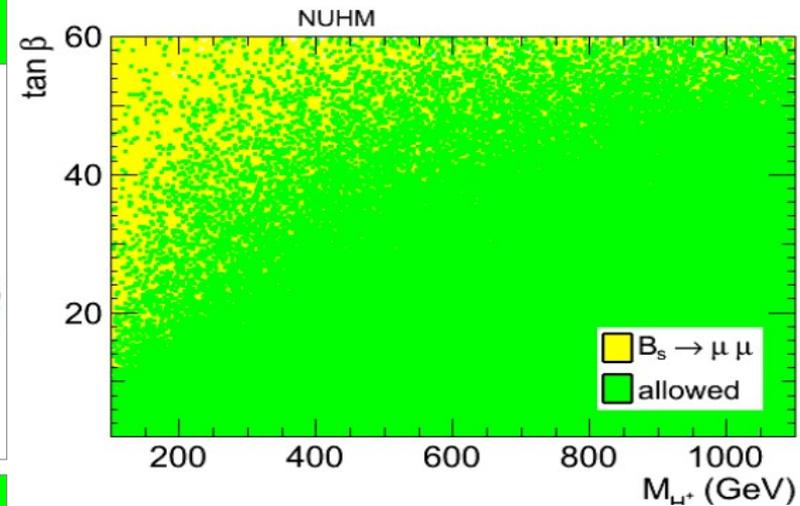
SM:  $\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)^{\text{SM}} = (3.1 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-9}$     LHCb:  $BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu) < 4.5 \times 10^{-9}$

## 2HDM-II

$$R_{B\mu\mu} = (1 + \delta_S)^2 + \left(1 - \frac{4m_\mu^2}{M_B^2}\right) \delta_S^2$$

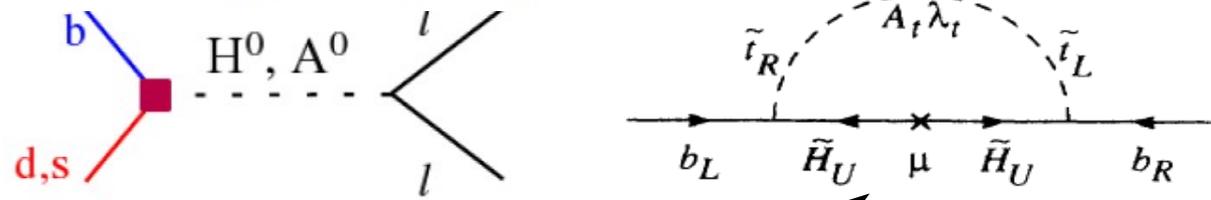


$$\delta_S = -\frac{m_B^2 \log(M_H^2/m_t^2)}{8 M_W^2 (M_H^2/m_t^2 - 1)} \tan^2 \beta$$

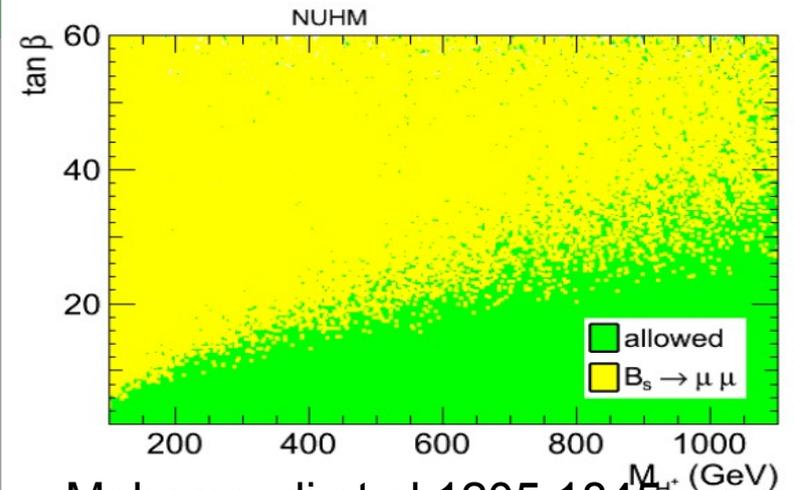


## MSSM-MFV

$$\delta_S = \frac{\pi \sin^2 \theta_W M_B^2}{\alpha M_H^2 (1 + \epsilon_0 \tan \beta)^2} \epsilon_2 \tan^3 \beta$$



$$\epsilon_2 = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \frac{\mu A}{m_{\tilde{q}_L}^2} H_2 \left( \frac{\mu^2}{m_{\tilde{q}_L}^2}, \frac{m_{\tilde{u}_R}^2}{m_{\tilde{q}_L}^2} \right)$$



# $B_s \rightarrow \mu \mu$

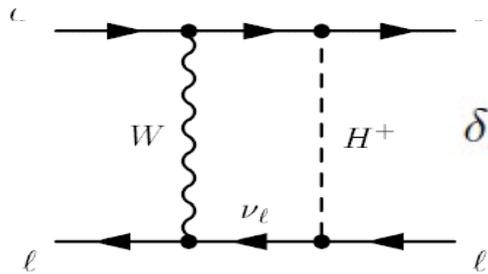
LHCb ( $10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ):  
 $\delta \text{BR}/\text{BR} = 20\%$

## SM and experimental

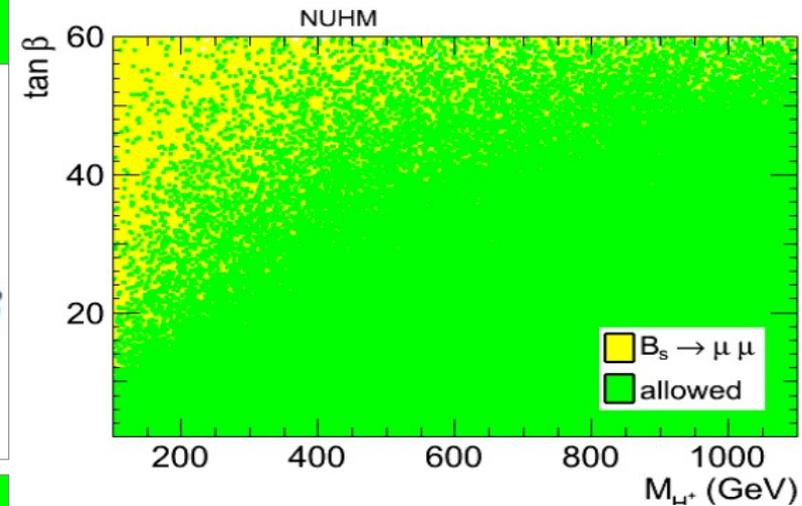
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### 2HDM-II

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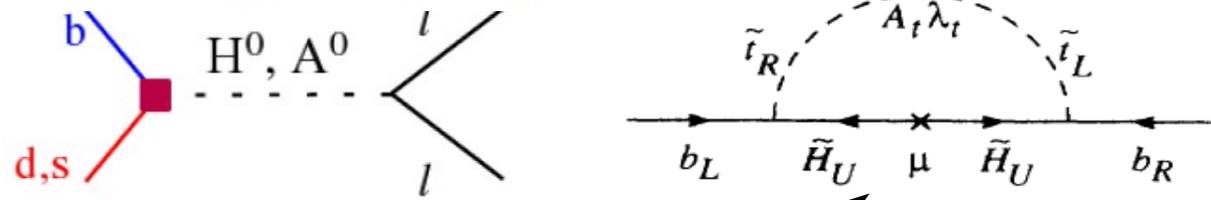


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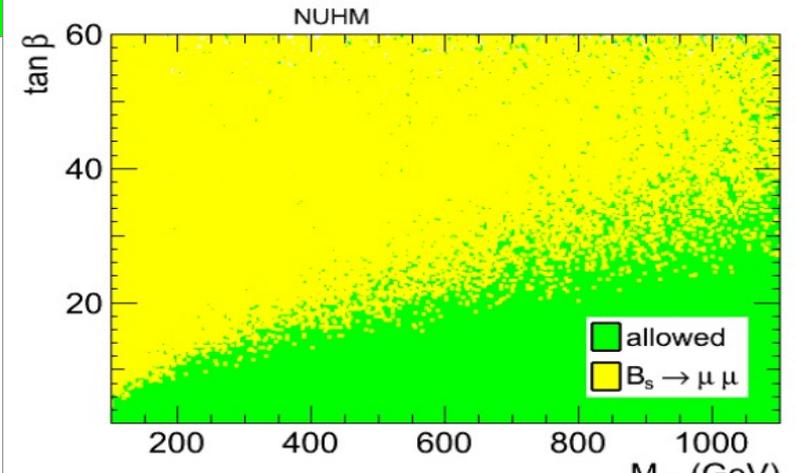


### MSSM-MFV

$$\delta_S = \frac{\pi \sin^2 \theta_W M_B^2}{\alpha M_H^2 (1 + \epsilon_0 \tan \beta)^2} \epsilon_2 \tan^3 \beta$$



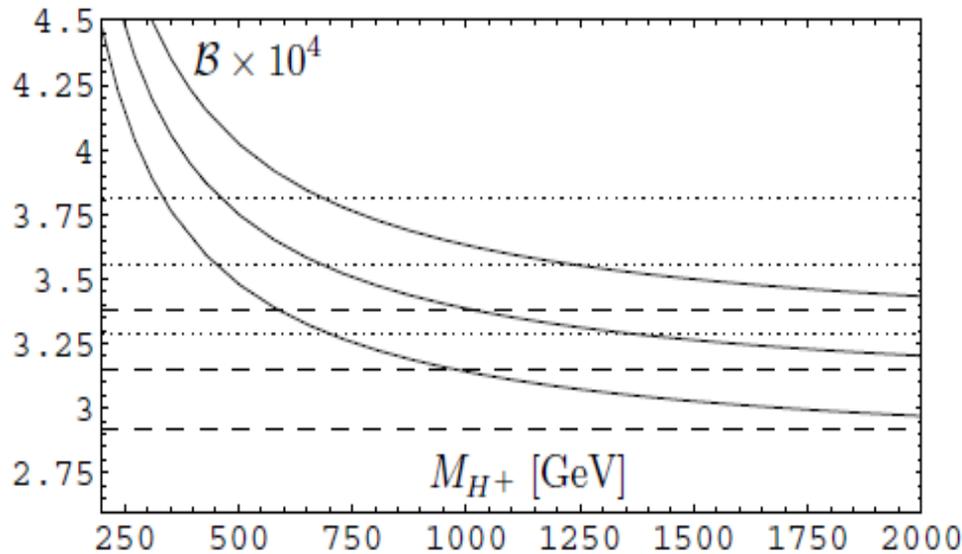
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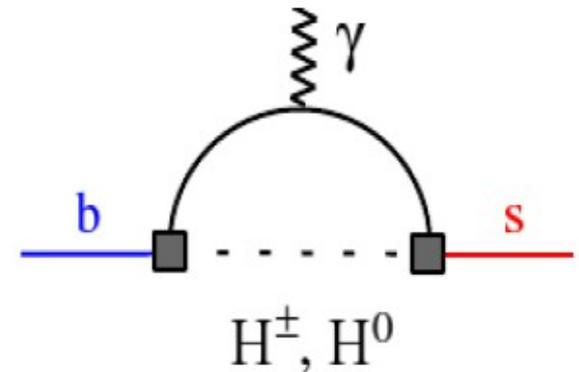
Mahamoudi et al 1205.1845

# Other flavor constraints

## $B \rightarrow Xs \gamma$



2HDM  $\rightarrow$  lower bound on  $m_{H^+} > 290$  GeV  
Misiak et al ('06)

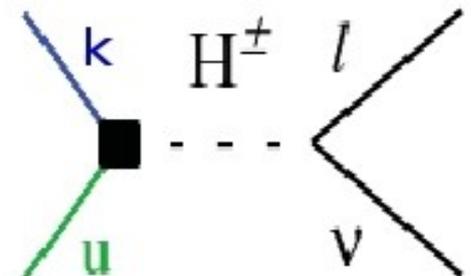


$\delta C_7 \in (-0.14, 0.06)$   
Hurth et al ('08)

## $K \rightarrow \mu \nu$

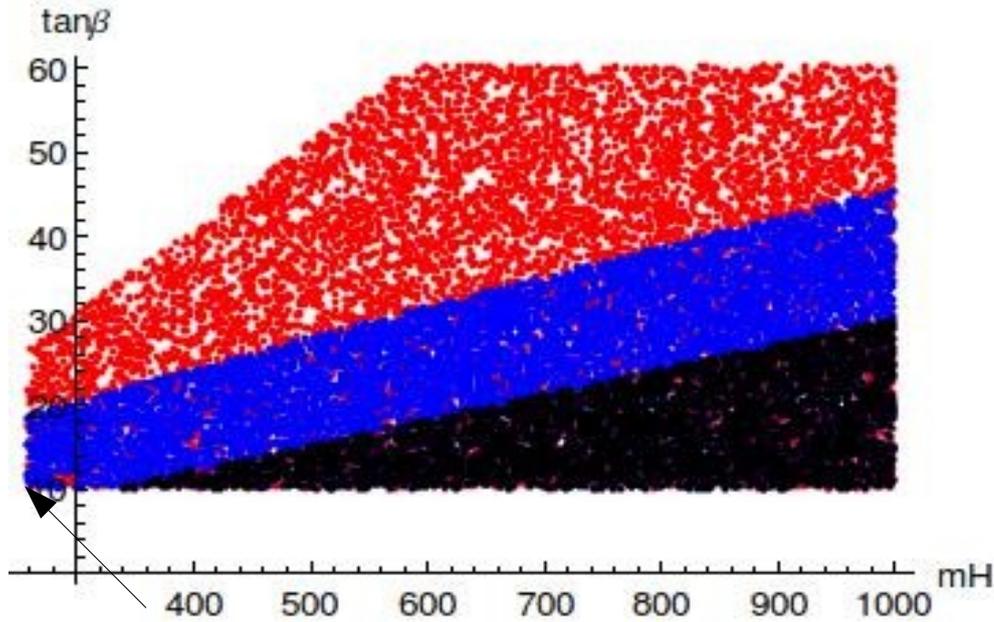
$$R_{K\mu\nu} = \left[ 1 - \frac{m_K^2}{m_H^2} \frac{\tan^2 \beta}{1 + \epsilon_0 \tan \beta} \right]^2$$

$$R_{K\mu\nu} \in (0.98, 1.02)$$

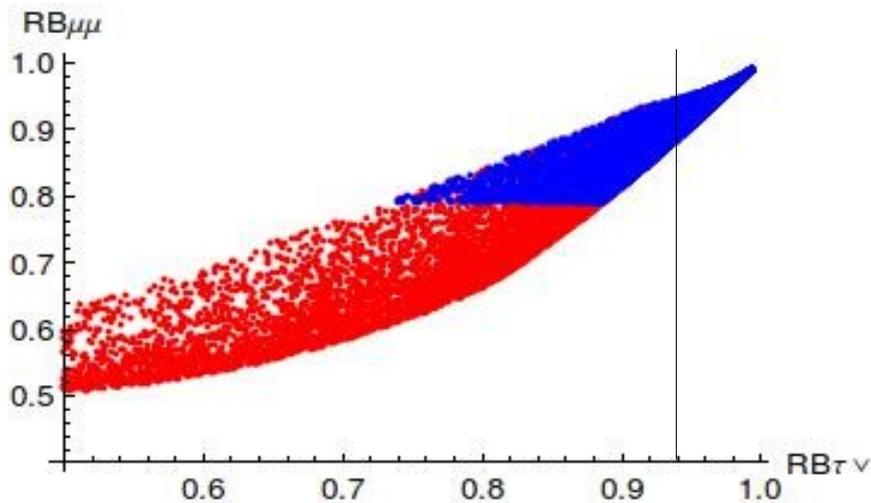


# Plots 2HDM

Red: pres LHCb  
 Blue: LHCb 10 fb<sup>-1</sup>  
 Black: SuperB 75 ab<sup>-1</sup>



lower bound from  $B \rightarrow Xs \gamma$



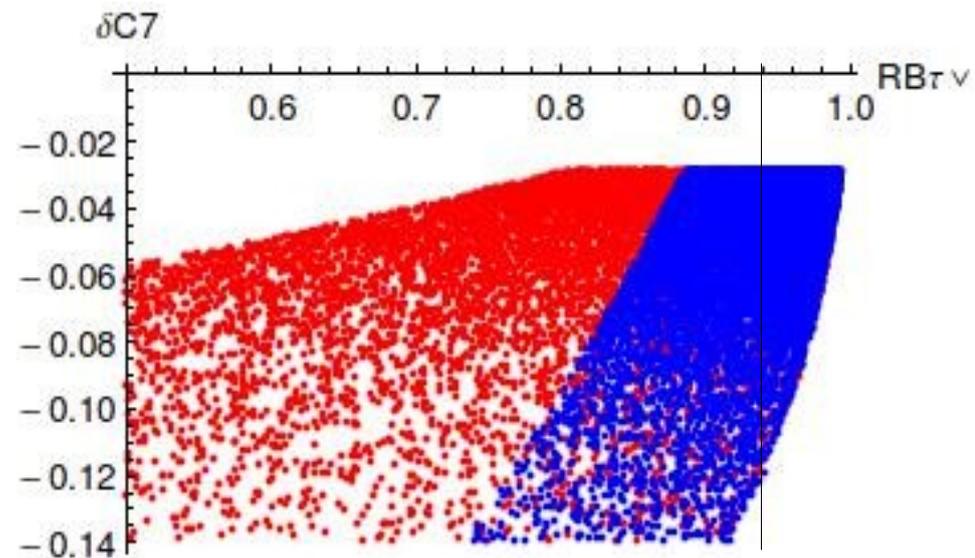
## $B \rightarrow \tau \nu$

• 2 $\sigma$  bound:  $R_{B\tau\nu} \in [0.51, 2.51]$

• Only suppression: NP > 2 SM excluded by  $K \rightarrow \mu \nu$  and  $B \rightarrow Xs \gamma$

$$R_{B\tau\nu} = \left[ 1 - \frac{m_B^2}{m_H^2} \tan^2 \beta \right]^2$$

• Possible large effects: after LHCb 10 fb<sup>-1</sup> even at 20 %



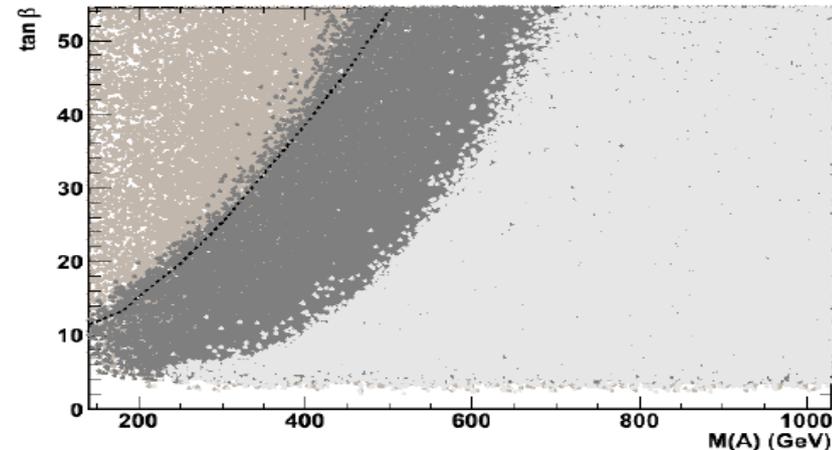
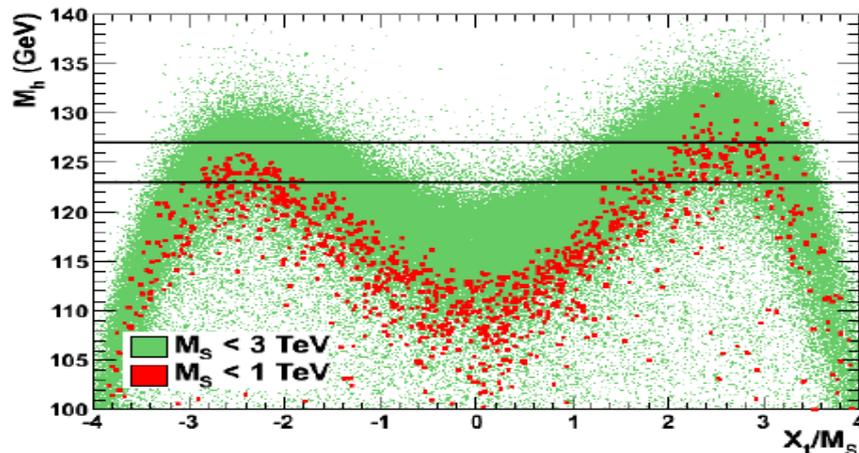
# Addictional constraints in MSSM

## Higgs sector

- **Light higgs mass**  $\rightarrow 123 < m_h < 127$ 
  - Large A term (and squark mass)
- **In MSSM at large  $\tan\beta$  enhanced higgs coupling to b and  $\tau$  + heavy higgs contributions**
  - Model dependent analysis in  $m_h^{\max}$   $\rightarrow$  not jet included in our analysis

## Soft sector

- $M_s > 800$  GeV
- $M_g > 600$  GeV
- $M_{X_c} > 94$  GeV



Arbey et al  
1112.3028  
1112.3032

## Muon g-2

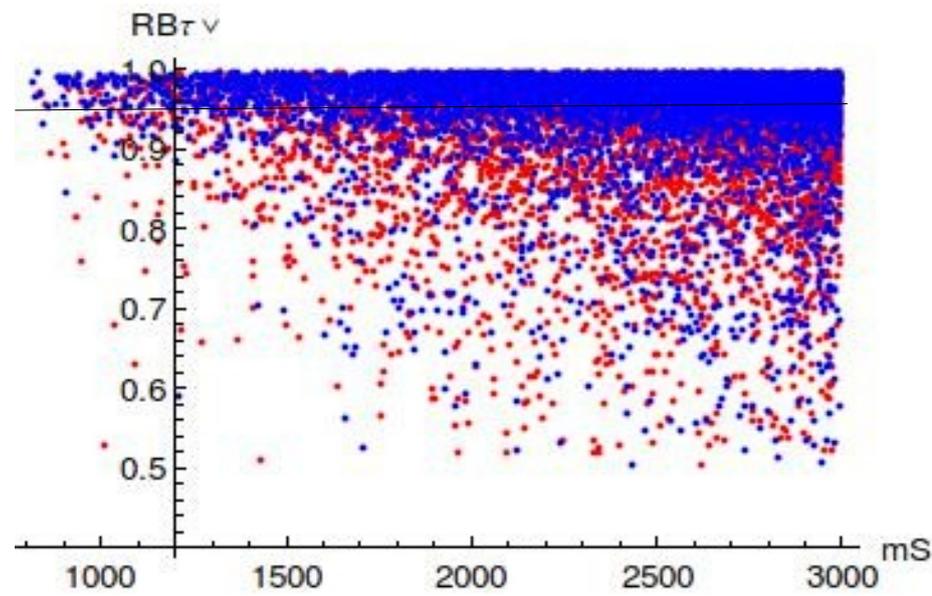
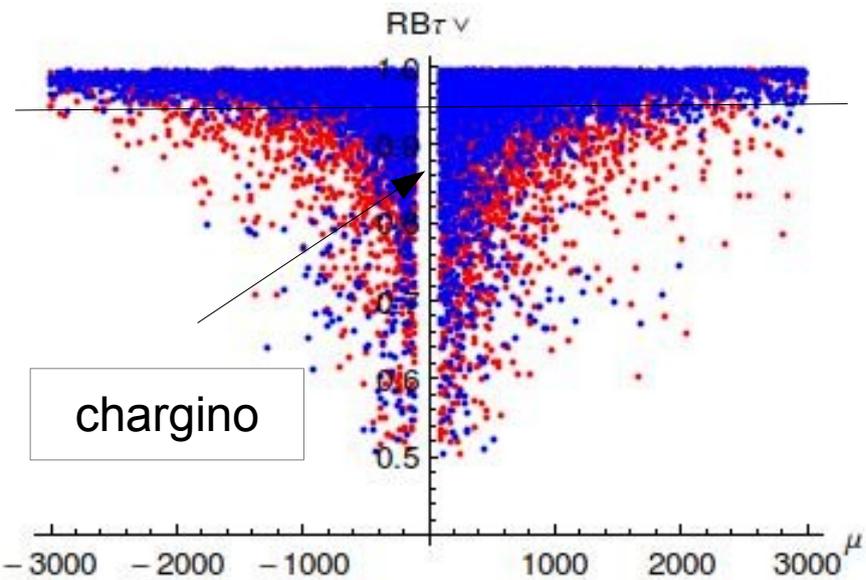
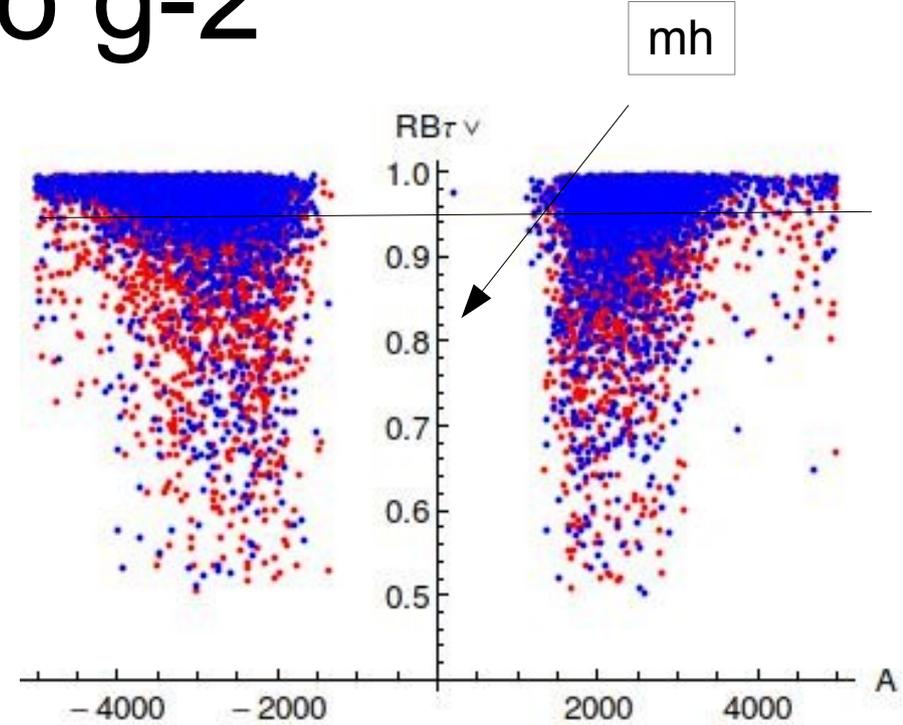
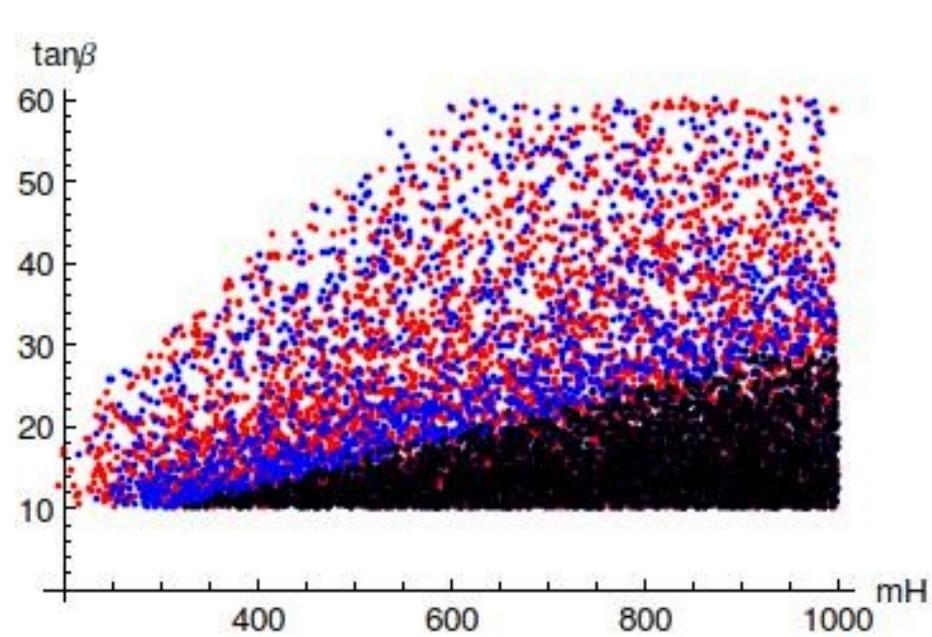
- **3-4 $\sigma$  disagreement with the SM**
  - $\rightarrow$  separate plots

$$\Delta a_\mu = a_\mu^{\text{exp}} - a_\mu^{\text{SM}} = (25.5 \pm 8.0) \times 10^{-10}$$

$$\Delta A_\mu = \frac{\alpha_2}{4\pi} m_\mu^2 \tan\beta \frac{\mu M_2}{m_S^4} f_4(x_2, x_\mu)$$

Red: pres LHCb  
Blue: LHCb 10 fb<sup>-1</sup>  
Black: SuperB 75 ab<sup>-1</sup>

# MSSM – no g-2



Red: pres  
Blue: LHC  
Black: Su

## B → τ ν

- Only suppression

$$R_{B\tau\nu} = \left[ 1 - \frac{m_B^2}{m_H^2} \frac{\tan^2 \beta}{1 + \epsilon_0 \tan \beta} \right]^2$$

- Interesting regions after B

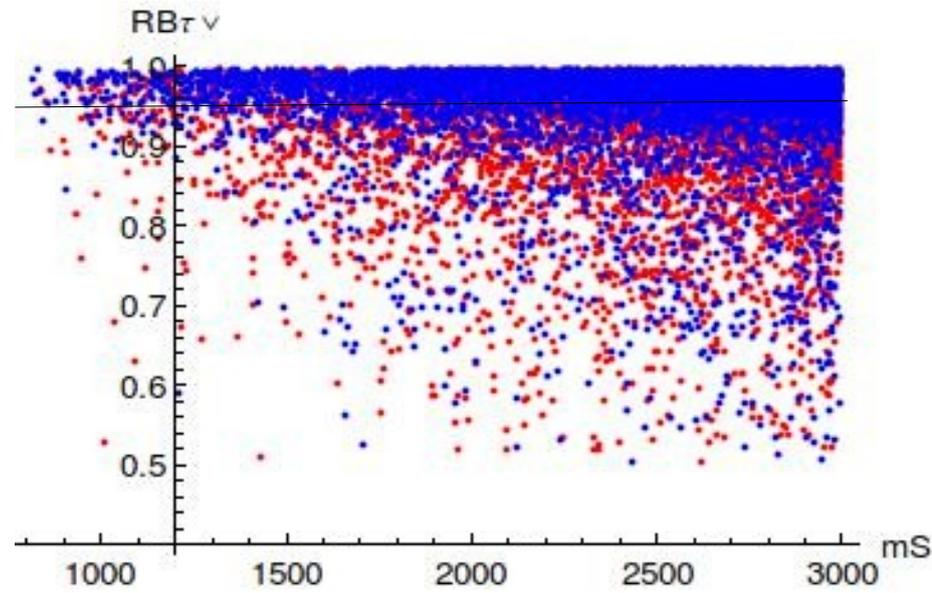
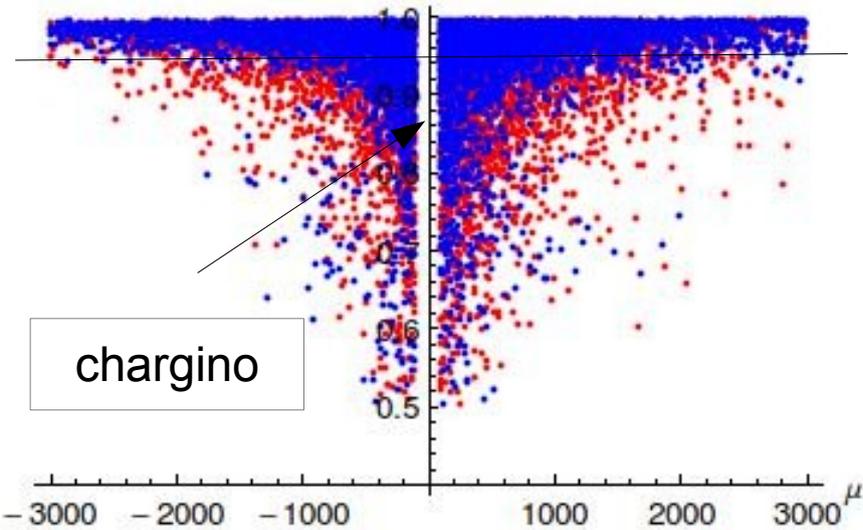
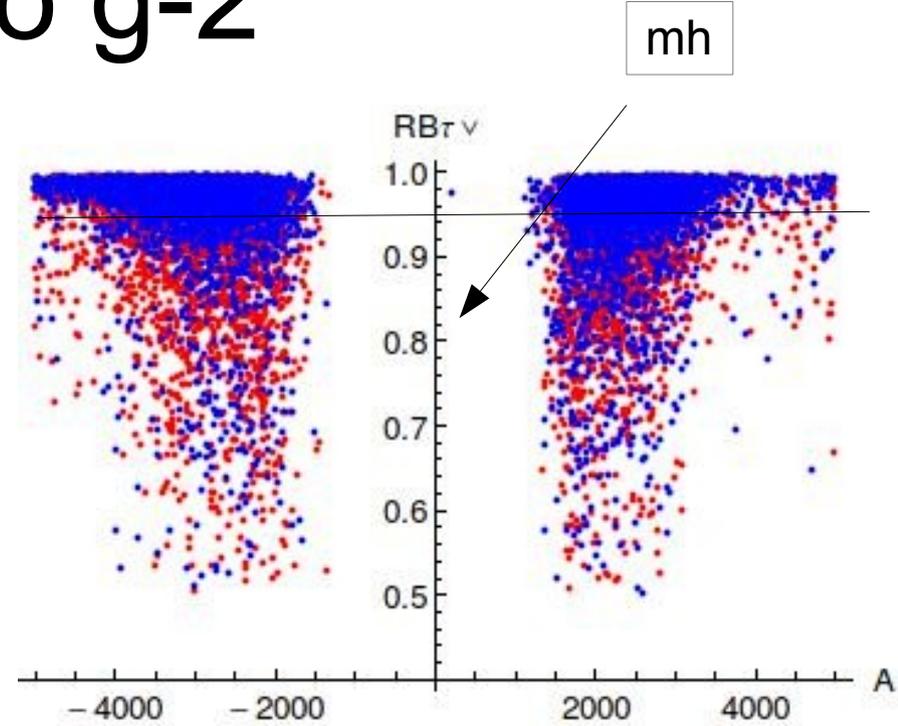
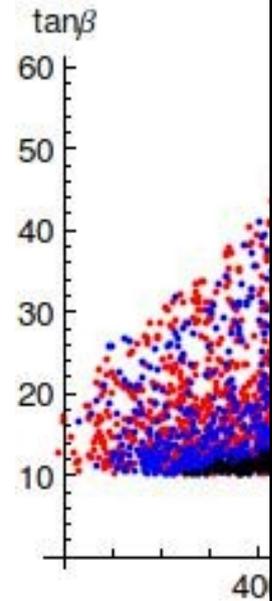
→ μμ

- A small → mh tension
- M small (→ chargino bound)
- Heavy squarks → 2hdm-like

$$\delta S \propto \epsilon_2 = \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \frac{\mu A}{m_{\tilde{q}_L}^2} H_2 \left( \frac{\mu^2}{m_{\tilde{q}_L}^2}, \frac{m_{\tilde{u}_R}^2}{m_{\tilde{q}_L}^2} \right)$$

- Possible large effects: after LHCb 10 fb<sup>-1</sup> even > 20

no g-2



Red: pres  
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## B → τ ν

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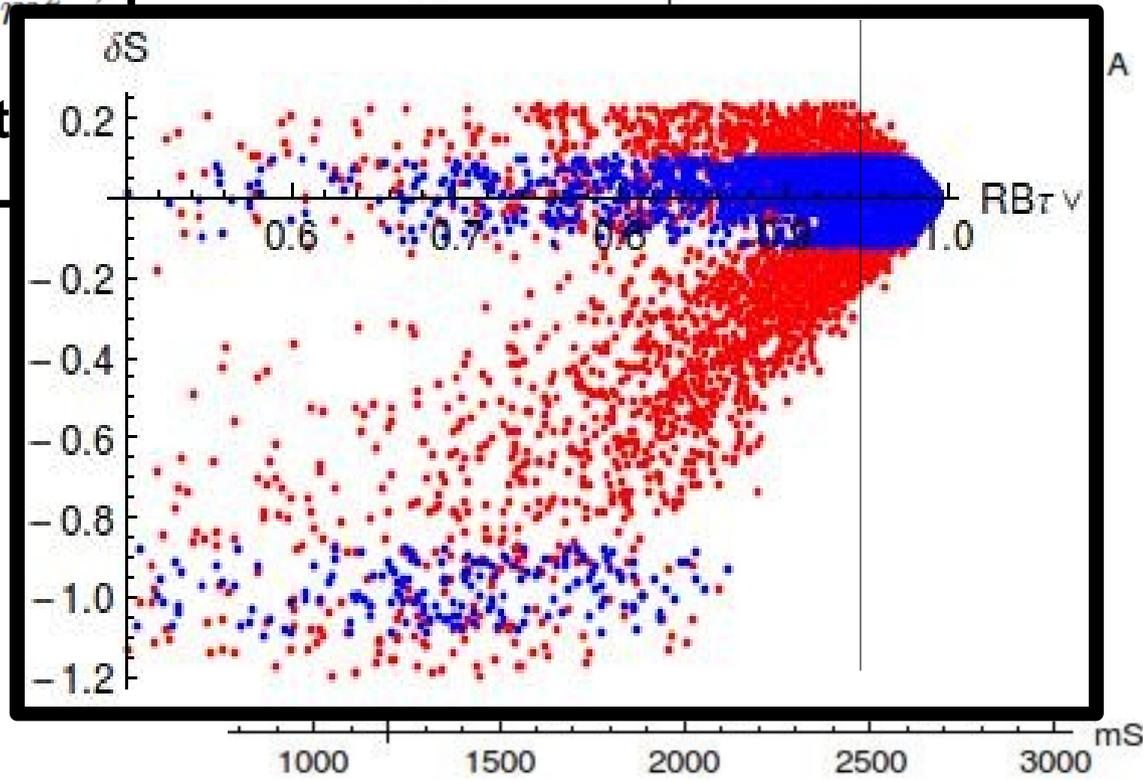
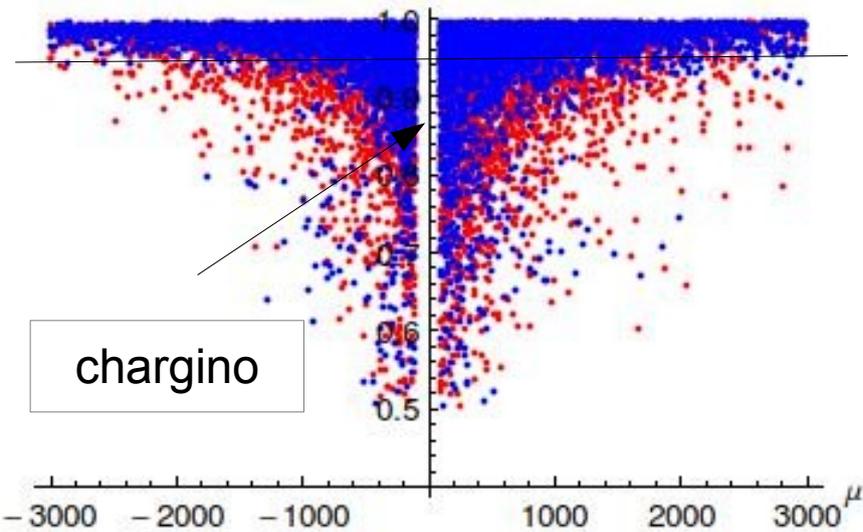
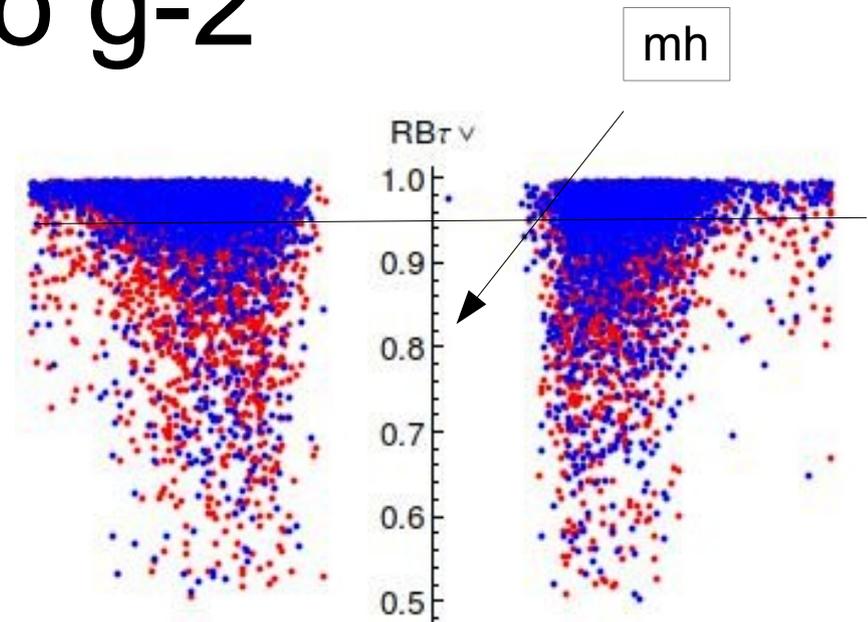
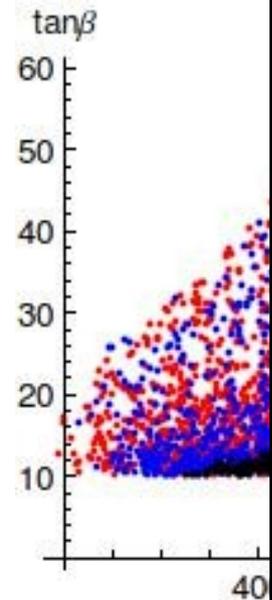
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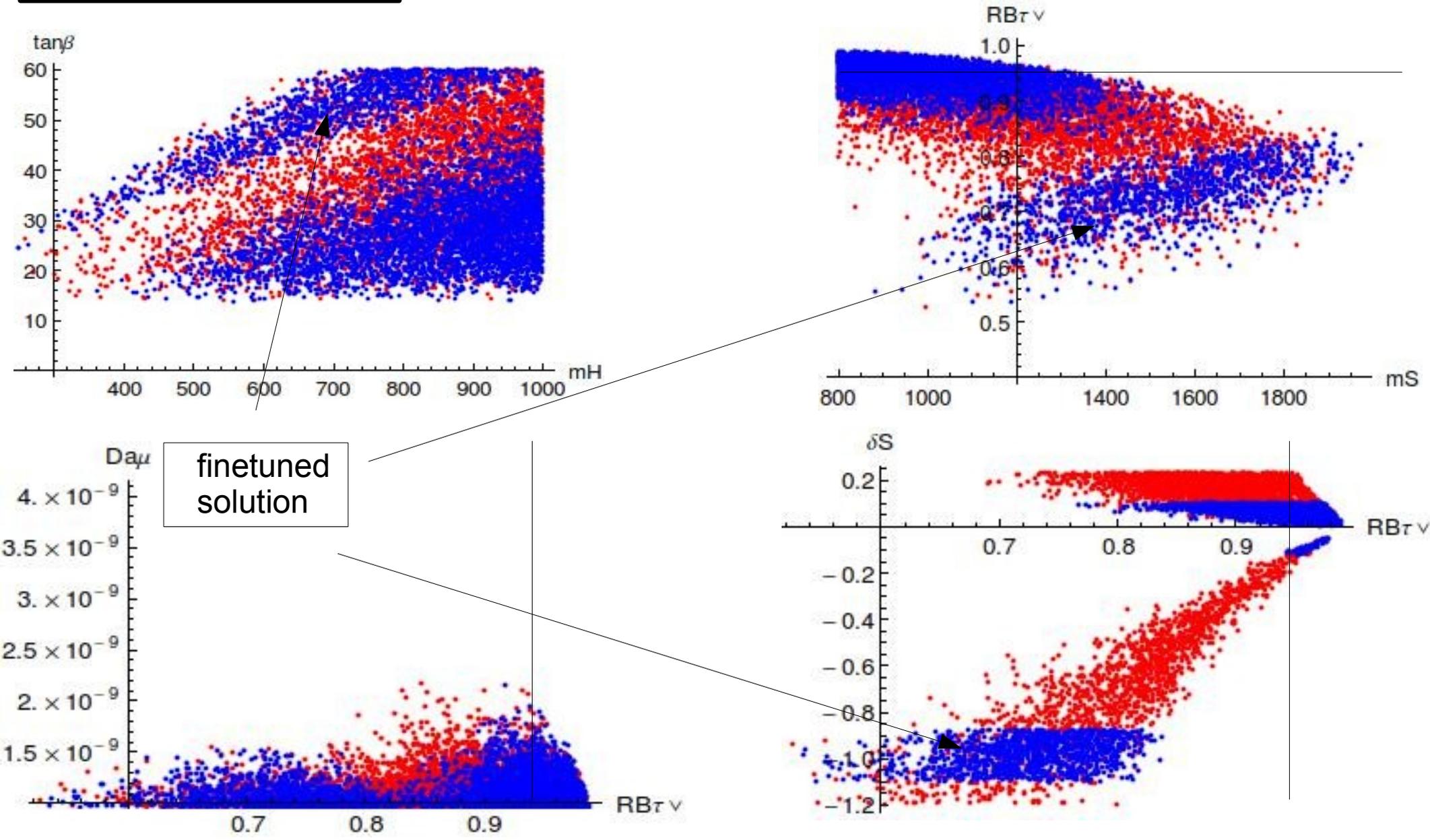
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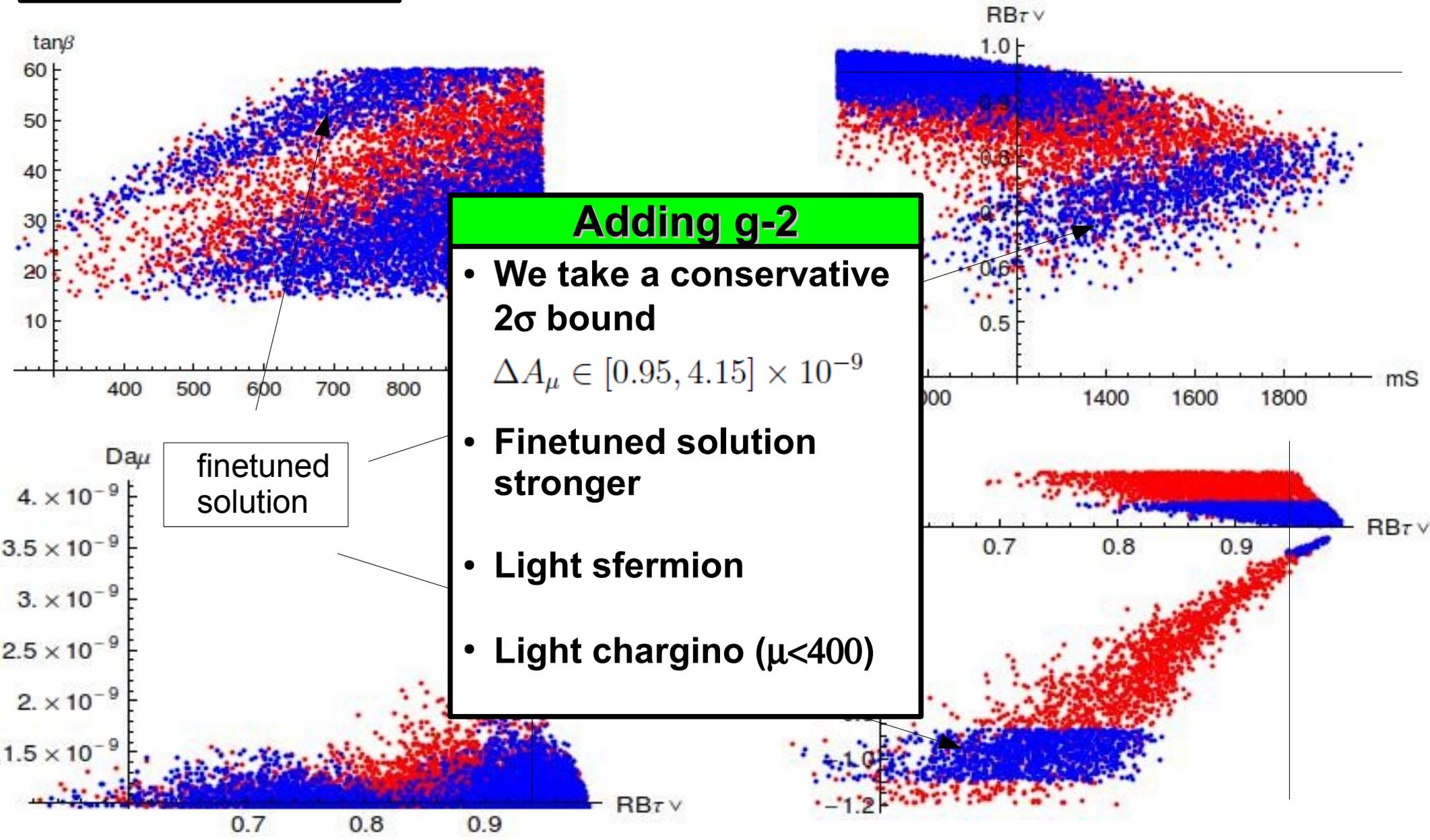
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# MSSM – with g-2



Red: pres LHCb  
 Blue: LHCb 10 fb<sup>-1</sup>  
 Black: SuperB 75 ab<sup>-1</sup>

# MSSM – with g-2



## Adding g-2

- We take a conservative 2 $\sigma$  bound

$$\Delta A_\mu \in [0.95, 4.15] \times 10^{-9}$$

- Finetuned solution stronger
- Light sfermion
- Light chargino ( $\mu < 400$ )

# Possible improvements

## “subleading” contributions

We are looking for regions where the usually dominant  $\tan\beta$  enhanced effects are small

other susy contributions from beyond leading MFV usually subleading

general models  
(eg pMSSM)

running effects in  
constrained models

- Third families splitting
- Off-diagonal squarks

→ possible cancellations with  $\tan\beta$  enhanced contributions

## Other models

Different Higgs bounds → no large  $A$  needed (eg NMSSM)

Enhancement in  $B \rightarrow \tau\nu$

# Conclusions

## Future prospects

- A SM measurement of  $B \rightarrow \mu\mu$  at LHCb will strongly constrain the large  $\tan\beta$  region
- $B \rightarrow \tau\nu$  at SuperB will further investigate the large  $\tan\beta$  region

## 2HDM-II

- detectable deviations can be found in  $B \rightarrow \tau\nu$  ( $B \rightarrow \mu\mu$  is loop process  $\propto \mu \tan\beta^4$  while  $B \rightarrow \tau\nu$  is tree level  $\propto \mu \tan\beta^4$ )
- but only a suppression is possible

## MSSM-MFV

- $B \rightarrow \mu\mu$  can be more enhanced than in 2HDM (loop process  $\propto \mu \tan\beta^6$ )
- detectable deviations in  $B \rightarrow \tau\nu$  is possible, for
  - $\mu$  small  $\rightarrow$  chargino bound
  - $A$  small  $\rightarrow$  mh measurement
  - $M_s$  large  $\rightarrow$  2HDM-like
- again only a suppression is possible