

# **Light Stop Decays**

[arXiv: 1408.4662, 1502.05935]

Ramona Gröber in coll. with Margarete Mühlleitner, Eva Popenda and Alexander Wlotzka | 01.07.2015

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## OUTLINE



### Exclusion limits

2 Flavour-violating decays  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_1^0 / u \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 

(3) Four-body decay  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^0 f \bar{f}'$ 

4 Three-body decay  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bW\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 



### **BOUNDS ON STOPS**



 $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow (c/u) \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ •  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}^0_1 f \bar{f}'$  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow (c/u) \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ •  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^0 W$ 

### **BOUNDS ON STOPS**



In this talk: Decays of light stops with  $m_{\tilde{t}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < m_t$ and LSP:  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NLSP: *t*<sub>1</sub> Possible decays, if  $m_{\tilde{t}_1} < m_W + m_b + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ : •  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow (c/u) \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ •  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^0 f \bar{f}'$ If  $m_{\tilde{t}_1} > m_W + m_b + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ : •  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow (c/u) \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ •  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b \tilde{\chi}_1^0 W$ 

# Flavour-violating decays $ilde{t}_1 o c ilde{\chi}_1^0 / u ilde{\chi}_1^0$

Earlier works:

[Hikasa, Kobayashi '87, Mühlleitner, Popenda '11]

- Computed one-loop process assuming a vanishing  $(c/u) \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{t}_1$  coupling at tree-level
- But: Even if (c/u) X˜<sub>1</sub><sup>0</sup> t˜<sub>1</sub> coupling is zero at one scale, it is generated by RGE running of soft-SUSY breaking masses and couplings at any other scale.
- In [Hikasa, Kobayashi '87]: For  $\Lambda_{Planck} = \Lambda_{noFV}$ , the decay is dominated by  $\log \Lambda_{Planck} / M_W$ . Only these logarithmic terms were computed.
- In [Mühleitner, Popenda '11]: Computation of non-logarithmic terms under assumption of vanishing  $(c/u) \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{t}_1$  coupling at tree-level.

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#### Here:

Computation of the decay widths  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow (c/u) \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  with one-loop sQCD corrections allowing for a flavour-violating  $(c/u) - \tilde{\chi}_1^0 - \tilde{t}_1$  coupling at tree level.

# GENERAL FLAVOUR STRUCTURE OF THE MSSM

In general: MSSM has many new sources of flavour violation  $\rightarrow$  all squark flavour eigenstates can mix

$$\begin{pmatrix} \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_1\\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_2\\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_3\\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_4\\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_5\\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} W_{11}^{\tilde{\mathcal{U}}} & \dots & W_{16}^{\tilde{\mathcal{U}}}\\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots\\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots\\ W_{61}^{\tilde{\mathcal{U}}} & \dots & W_{66}^{\tilde{\mathcal{U}}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_L\\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_L\\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_R\\ \tilde{\mathcal{U$$

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$$\begin{array}{c} \text{mostly stop-like} \longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_1 \\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_2 \\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_3 \\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_4 \\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_5 \\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{W}_{11}^{\tilde{\mathcal{U}}} & \dots & \mathcal{W}_{16}^{\tilde{\mathcal{U}}} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \mathcal{W}_{61}^{\tilde{\mathcal{U}}} & \dots & \cdots & \mathcal{W}_{66}^{\tilde{\mathcal{U}}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_L \\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_L \\ \tilde{\mathcal{U}}_R \\$$

 $\implies$  But: Flavour observables tell us that these new sources must be strongly restricted

#### Ways out:

smaller flavour symmetries, e.g.  $SU(2)_{Q_L} \times SU(2)_{U_R} \times SU(2)_{D_R}$ , can still be consistent with flavour observables [Barbieri, Buttazzo, Sala, Straub '14; ...]

# The decay ${ ilde u}_1 o c { ilde \chi}_1^0$ at one loop

Virtual corrections:



Real corrections:



Renormalization of mixing matrix and masses in on-shell scheme. (For DR scheme see [Aebischer, Crivellin, Greub '14])

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### RENORMALIZATION

Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L}_{f\bar{f}\tilde{\chi}_{0}}^{R} = \bar{u}_{i} \left( \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3} g_{1} Z_{l1} \sum_{j=1}^{3} W_{js}^{\tilde{\nu}*} U_{ji}^{L} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v \sin\beta} m_{u_{l}} Z_{l4}^{*} \sum_{j=1}^{3} W_{j+3s}^{\tilde{\nu}*} U_{ji}^{L} \right) P_{L} \tilde{u}_{s}^{\dagger} \tilde{\chi}_{l}^{0} + h.c$$

Mass counterterm

$$m_{u_i}^0 = m_{u_i} + \delta m_{u_i}$$

The bare fields can be expressed by

$$q_{(0)i}^{L/R} = \left(\delta_{ij} + \delta Z_{ij}^{L/R}\right) q_j^{L/R}, \qquad \qquad \widetilde{q}_i^{(0)} = \left(\delta_{ij} + \delta Z_{ij}^{\widetilde{q}}\right) \widetilde{q}_j$$

Renormalization of mixing matrices

$$U_{ij}^{L/R} = (\delta_{in} + \delta u_{in}^{L/R}) U_{nj}^{L/R} , \qquad \qquad W_{ij}^{(0)} = (\delta_{in} + \delta w_{in}) W_{nj}$$

The counterterm can be expressed by [Denner, Sack; Yamada; Degrassi, Gambino, Slavich '06; ...]

$$\delta u_{ij}^{L/R} = \frac{1}{4} \left( \delta Z_{ij}^{L/R} - \delta Z_{ij}^{L/R\dagger} \right) , \qquad \delta w_{ij} = \frac{1}{4} \left( \delta Z_{ij}^{\tilde{q}} - \delta Z_{ij}^{\tilde{q}\dagger} \right)$$

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## NUMERICAL IMPACT OF SQCD CORRECTIONS



# Four-body decays $ilde{u}_1 o ilde{\chi}_1^0 d_i f ar{f}'$

Previous work: Four-body decays  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 b f \bar{f}'$  available in SUSY-HIT

[Boehm, Djouadi, Mambrini '99] [Djouadi, Mühlleitner, Spira '06]

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#### Here:

- Computation of  $\tilde{u}_1 \to \tilde{\chi}_1^0 d_i f \tilde{f}'$  with  $d_i = b, s, d$  and  $f, f' = b, s, d, c, u, \tau, \mu, e, \nu_{\tau}, \nu_{\mu}, \nu_{\theta}$  allowing for flavour violation
- Full dependence on masses of third generation fermions



# Above *W* boson threshold: $ilde{u}_1 ightarrow d_i W ilde{\chi}_1^0$ decays

If  $m_{\tilde{u}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > m_W$ :

W boson can be on-shell, three-body decay  $\tilde{u}_1 
ightarrow d_i W \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 

#### W boson width in 4-body decay

"Overall-factor scheme" for gauge independent result: multiply tree-level amplitude by

$$\prod_{\text{W propagators}} \frac{p_W^2 - m_W^2}{p_W^2 - m_W^2 + i m_W \Gamma_W}$$

[Baur, Vermaseren, Zeppenfeld '92, Baur, Zeppenfeld '95, Denner, Dittmaier, Roth, Wackeroth '99, ]

• In SUSY-HIT:  $\tilde{u}_1 \rightarrow d_i W \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ decays extended to general flavour structure, for  $m_{\tilde{u}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < m_W + 30 \text{ GeV}$ 4-body decays are computed [Porod, Wohrmann '97, Porod '99, Djouadi, Mambrini '00]



#### SCAN OVER PARAMETER SPACE

Spectrum generated with SPHENO

[Porod '03; Porod, Staub '11]

Light stop decays implemented into SUSY-HIT [RG, Mühlleitner, Popenda, Wlotzka '14 & '15]

#### Compatibility checks:

- Higgs results: Checked with HiggsBounds and HiggsSignals [Bechtle, Brein, Heinemeyer, Stal, Stefaniak, Weiglein, Williams '08, '11, '13]
   For Higgs branching ratios: HDECAY [Djouadi, Kalinowski, Mühlleitner, Spira '97]
- Relic density  $\Omega_c h^2 < 0.12$  [Planck Collaboration '13] with SuperIsoRelic[Arbey, Mahmoudi '09,'11]
- Some B flavour observables with SuperIsoRelic
- Masses of sparticles are chosen such that they evade direct searches by ATLAS and CMS

### **EXCLUSIONS DUE TO DIRECT SEARCHES**

ATLAS and CMS results: Exclusions assume BRs of 100% in either decay into  $c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ [ATLAS-CONF-2013-068, ATLAS 1407.0608, CMS-PAS-SUS-13-009] or 4-body decay [ATLAS 1407.0583] Monday's exclusion paper of ATLAS [ATLAS 1506.08616] also for reduced BRs!

Here: reinterpretation necessary to give exclusions for different BRs.

[RG, Mühlleitner, Popenda, Wlotzka '14]



- BRs with values above the associated color are excluded
- For BRs smaller than 1 the exclusions can be weakened
- For compatiblity with the searches [ATLAS 1407.0583, 1403.4853, CMS 1308.1586 ] for  $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ decays: SModelS [Krami, Kulkarni, Laa, Lessa, Mageri, Proschofsky, Waltenberger '13]

Results

## **RESULTS: BELOW W BOSON THRESHOLD**



 $\implies$  Assumption of BRs of 100% wrong in large parts of the parameter space.

⇒ Points with lower masses than the exclusion still viable, if they have reduced BRs.

 $\implies$  Decay channels depend on flavour model.

Results

### ABOVE W BOSON THRESHOLD



 $\implies$  For U(2) flavour model:  $\tilde{u}_1 \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  can still be dominant decay channel above W threshold

#### Results

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### TOTAL DECAY WIDTH



#### BRANCHING RATIOS OF THE FOUR-BODY DECAY



- BRs in the different 4-body decay final states correspond to the W decay
- Slepton exchange diagrams negligibly small  $\implies \tilde{\chi}_1^0 b \bar{\mu} \nu_{\mu}$  and  $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 b \bar{e} \nu_e$  final states have the same BRs
- Final states in 4-body decay only possible due to FV give very small contribution

Results

#### Stop decays into

- $c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ,  $u\tilde{\chi}_1^0$  (with SUSY-QCD corrections)
- $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 d_i f \bar{f}'$  (with full dependence on masses of 3rd generation fermions)
- $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 d_i W$  (including off-shell effects)

#### included in $\ensuremath{\texttt{SUSY-HIT}}$ allowing for FV couplings.

- Simplified assumptions of BRs of 100% in large parameter space not true ⇒ Weaker exclusion limits.
  - Since Monday's ATLAS paper this is also taken into account in the experimental analysis.
- Above *W* boson threshold also decay into  $\tilde{u}_1 \rightarrow c \tilde{\chi}_1^0$  can be sizeable. Has to be considered by experiments.

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# Thanks for your attention!

# RENORMALIZATION

#### Quark self-energy:



Squark self-energy:



### SCAN OVER PARAMETER SPACE

$$\begin{array}{l} 75 \ \mathrm{GeV} \geq m_{\tilde{\nu}_1} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} \geq 5 \ \mathrm{GeV} \\ \tilde{m}_{\tilde{Q}_3} \in [1000, 1500] \ \mathrm{GeV} \\ \tilde{m}_{\tilde{Q}_3} \in [300, 600] \ \mathrm{GeV} \\ A_t \in [1000, 2000] \ \mathrm{GeV} \\ A_t \in [1000, 2000] \ \mathrm{GeV} \\ M_1 \in [75, 500] \ \mathrm{GeV} \\ m_A \in [150, 1000] \ \mathrm{GeV} \\ \mathrm{tan} \ \beta \in [1, 15] \\ \mu = 900 \ \mathrm{GeV} \\ \mathrm{tan} \ \beta \in [1, 15] \\ \mu = 900 \ \mathrm{GeV} \\ M_2 = 650 \ \mathrm{GeV} \\ M_3 = 1530 \ \mathrm{GeV} \\ A_u = A_c = A_d = A_s = A_b = 0 \\ (\tilde{m}_{\tilde{Q}})_{11} = (\tilde{m}_{\tilde{Q}})_{22} = (\tilde{m}_{\tilde{u}})_{11} = (\tilde{m}_{\tilde{u}})_{22} = 1500 \ \mathrm{GeV} \\ (\tilde{m}_{\tilde{d}})_{ii} = 1500 \ \mathrm{GeV} \\ \end{array}$$

### FOUR-BODY DECAY: ALL CONTRIBUTIONS



### **FEYNMAN DIAGRAMS 3-BODY DECAY**



## ATLAS EXCLUSION [ARXIV: 1506.08616]

