

Radiative corrections and MC generators for physics at flavor factories

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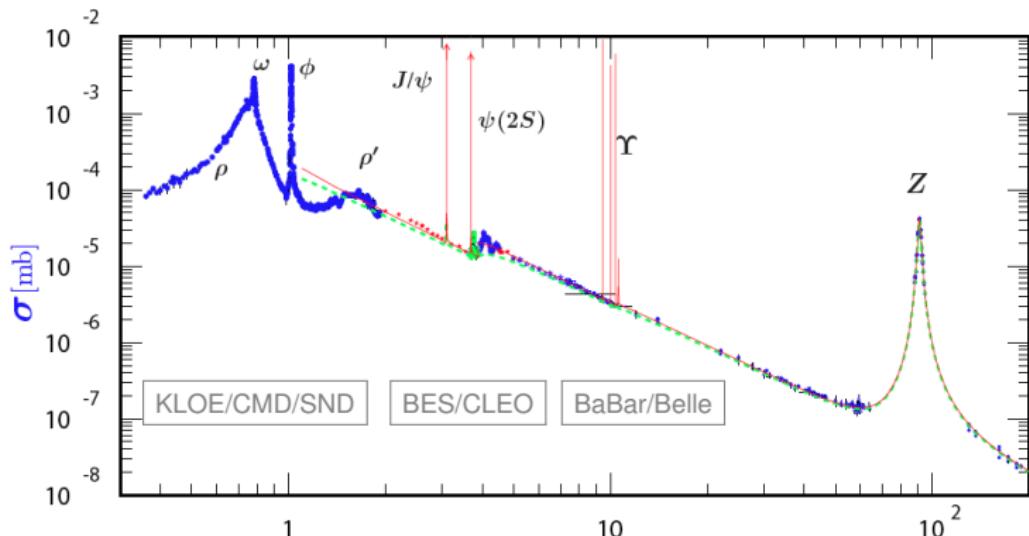
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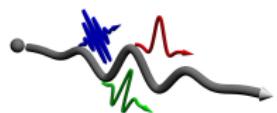
Physics at flavor factories



- Flavor physics
- Measurement of $\sigma_{\text{had}} \rightarrow g - 2$ and $\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}(q^2)$
- Search for QCD exotic states and studies of QCD
- Precision tests of the SM and searches for New Physics (dark photon, light Higgs...)
- Physics of the τ lepton

Radiative corrections and Monte Carlo tools

- Intensity frontier → **precision calculations**
 - ISR and radiative return
 - FSR and bremsstrahlung in decays
 - Precision luminosity (Bhabha scattering / $\gamma\gamma$) and normalization ($\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$)
 - QED processes (signals and backgrounds)



- **Monte Carlo generators** needed for simulations and data–theory comparison under complex selection criteria



- **Theoretical methods**

- Fixed-order: QED at NLO, NNLO
- QED resummation: collinear Structure Functions, Parton Shower, exclusive exponentiation (YFS, CEEX)
- Matching: NLO \otimes resummation

The quest for precision

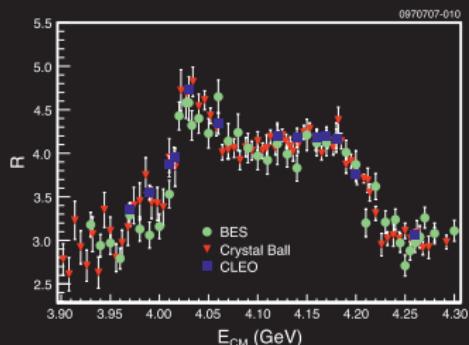
The European Physical Journal

volume 66 · numbers 3–4 · april · 2010

EPJ C

Recognized by European Physical Society

Particles and Fields



Measurements of R , the ratio of cross sections of hadronic to muonic final states in e^+e^- annihilation, in the energy range just above the open charm threshold. From S. Actis et al.: Quest for precision in hadronic cross sections at low energy: Monte Carlo tools vs. experimental data



Springer

S. Actis *et al.*

Quest for precision in hadronic cross sections at low energy: Monte Carlo tools vs. experimental data

Eur. Phys. J. C66 (2010) 585–686

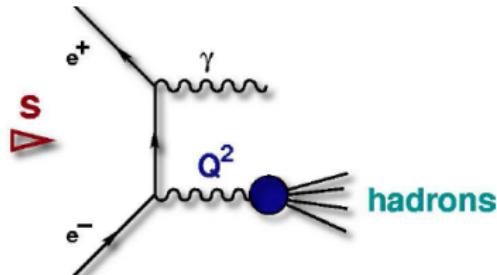
WG coordinated by H. Czyż and G. Venanzoni
<http://www.lnf.infn.it/wg/sighad/>

- Luminosity
- R measurement
- ISR
- Tau
- Hadronic VP, $g - 2$ and $\Delta\alpha$
- $\gamma\gamma$ physics
- FSR models

Radiative return: the PHOKHARA generator

Arbuzov et al., 1998

- ▷ Measurement of σ_{had} over the full range of energies, from threshold to \sqrt{s}
- ▷ Large luminosity compensates α/π from photon radiation



$$d\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons} + \gamma_{\text{ISR}}) =$$

$$d\sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons})(s = Q^2) H(Q^2, \theta_\gamma)$$

Reference MC – **PHOKHARA**

successor of EVA for $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma, 4\pi + \gamma$

<http://iflic.uv.es/~rodrigo/phokhara>

[ISR at LO + QED Structure Functions]

Binner, Kühn and Melnikov, 1999

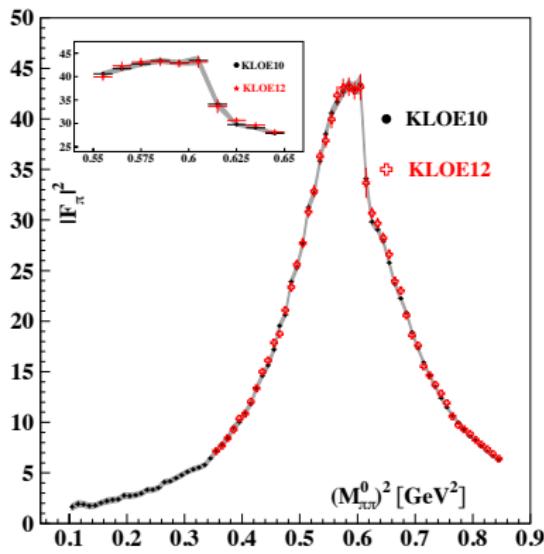
Czyż and Kühn, 2001

- Channels: $\pi^+ \pi^-$, $\mu^+ \mu^-$, 3π , 4π , $N\bar{N}$, KK , $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$, J/ψ , $\psi(2S)$
- Tagged or untagged photons
- ISR at NLO for all channels ($\sim 0.5\%$ precision due to missing h.o. corrections)
- FSR at NLO (point-like approx.): $\pi^+ \pi^-$, $p\bar{p}$, $K^+ K^-$
- Complete NLO corrections to $\mu^+ \mu^- \gamma$

Campanario et al., 2014

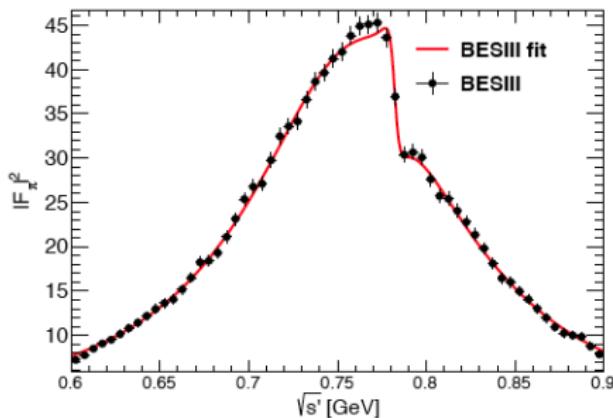
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$: measurements using PHOKHARA

KLOE



The pion form factor from KLOE10 [ArXiv:1006.5313] and KLOE12 [ArXiv:1212.4524] measurements.

BESIII



The pion form factor from BESIII [ArXiv:1507.08188]

Generators for energy scan

- MCGPJ. By Dubna–Novosibirsk group. Used at VEPP–2M.

Arbuzov *et al.*, 2005

- Channels: $\pi^+\pi^-$, K^+K^- , $K^0\bar{K}^0$. New multihadron final states in progress.
- Complete NLO plus collinear Structure Functions.
- FSR using scalar QED. Coulomb correction.
- Theoretical accuracy: $\sim 0.2\%$

- PHOKHARA 8.0

Czyż *et al.*, 2013

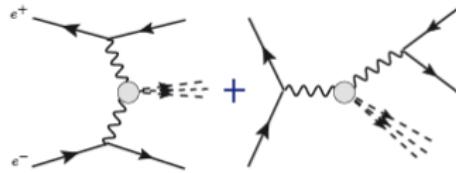
- Channels: same as in PHOKHARA.
- ISR at NNLO w/o multiple photon emission. No FSR.
- Few 0.1% agreement with MCGPJ and KKMC (muon pair).

- carlomat 3.0 – Automatic tool for complex topologies.

Kolodziej, 2015

- Channels: hadrons + photons + lepton pairs, based on Resonance Chiral Lagrangian ($R_\chi L$) Theory or Hidden Local Symmetry model.
- No radiative corrections.

$\gamma\gamma$ physics

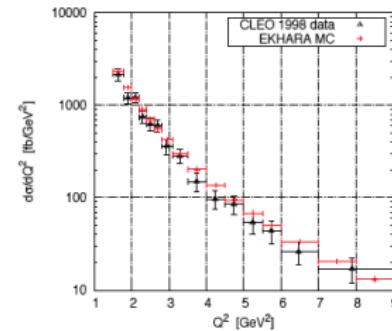
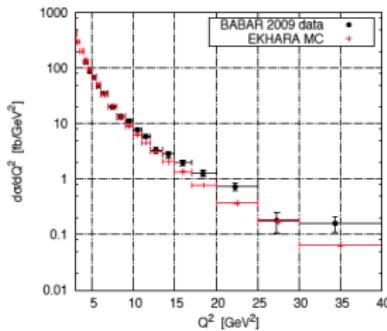


- 2 ▷ Test of QCD and measurement of photon–meson transition form factors
- ▷ Constrain models for LbyL contribution to $g - 2$

- Various codes using Equivalent Photon Approximation (EPA), among which TREPS (Uherea, 2013) used by Belle.
- Reference MC – EKHARA

<http://prac.us.edu.pl/~ekhara>
Czyż and Ivashyn, 2008-2012

- Channels: $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^+\pi^-$ and $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^0, \eta, \eta'$ beyond EPA.
- Forthcoming feature: inclusion of radiative corrections.



Luminosity/QED generators

Luminosity measured with $0.1 \div 1\%$ precision using **large-angle Bhabha** (and $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$) as reference process, **simulated with two independent generators**

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{N_{\text{obs}}}{\sigma_{\text{theory}}}$$

Generator	Processes	Theory	Accuracy
BabaYaga 3.5	e^+e^- , $\gamma\gamma$, $\mu^+\mu^-$	QED Parton Shower	$\sim 0.5\%$
BabaYaga@NLO	e^+e^- , $\gamma\gamma$, $\mu^+\mu^-$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha) + \text{QED PS}$	$\sim 0.1\%$
BHWIDE	e^+e^-	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha) \text{ YFS}$	$\sim 0.1\%$
MCGPJ	e^+e^- , $\gamma\gamma$, $\mu^+\mu^-$	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha) + \text{coll. SF}$	$\sim 0.2\%$
KKMC	$\mu^+\mu^-$, $\tau^+\tau^-$, ...	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha) \text{ CEEX}$	$\sim 0.1\%$

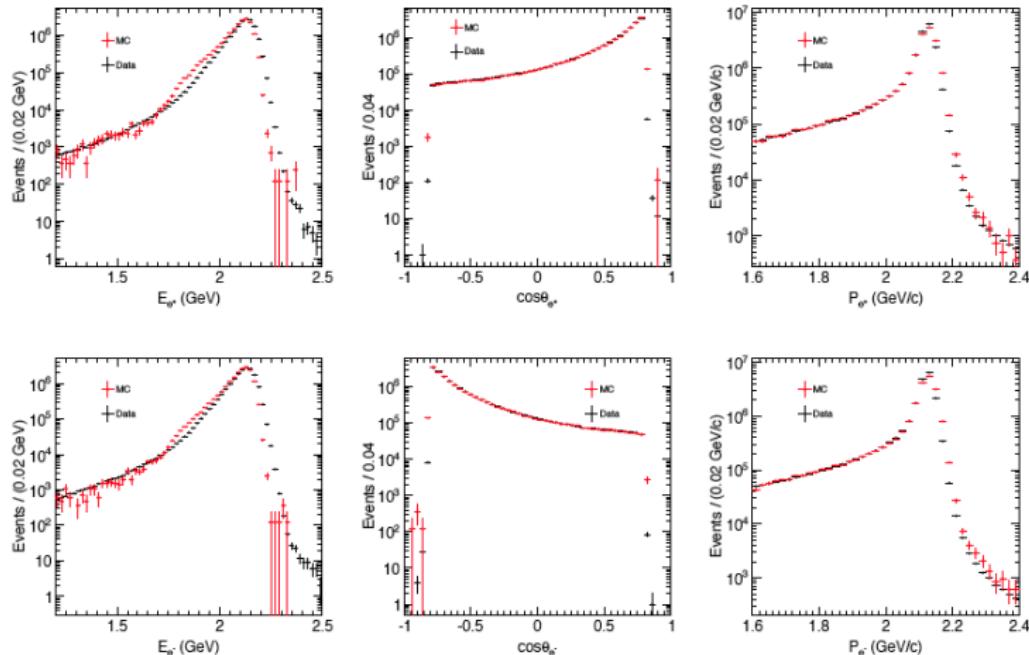
- BabaYaga 3.5/BabaYaga@NLO <http://www2.pv.infn.it/~hepcosplex/babayaga.html>
Used by BaBar, Belle, BESIII, CLEO, KEDR and KLOE. Carloni Calame *et al.*, 2000 / 2006, 2008
- BHWIDE <http://placzek.web.cern.ch/placzek/bhwid/>
Used by BaBar, BESIII, KEDR, KLOE and SND. Jadach, Placzek and Ward, 1997
- MCGPJ <http://cmd.inp.nsk.su/~sibid/>
Used by CMD, Belle and SND. Arbuzov *et al.*, 2005 / Eidelman *et al.*, 2011
- KKMC <http://jadach.web.cern.ch/jadach/KKindex.html>
Used by BaBar, Belle and BESIII (τ physics, ISR and NP studies). Jadach *et al.*, 2000

Luminosity measurement using BabaYaga

BESIII Coll., ArXiv:1503.03408

\mathcal{L} to 1% precision using Bhabha events

+ MC = BabaYaga 3.5



- ▷ New BESIII measurement of $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ cross section based on \mathcal{L} measurement with total 5% uncertainty (BabaYaga@NLO)

BESIII Coll., ArXiv:1507.08188

Sources of uncertainty and Bhabha at NNLO in QED

- Most important h.o. corrections beyond NLO included in the generators:

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \alpha^n / n! L^n, \quad L = \text{coll. log} \simeq 15 \quad (\text{exponentiation})$$

$$\alpha^2 / 2L \quad (\text{fact. matching/approximated})$$

- **Sources of uncertainty:** vacuum polarization (parametric, driven by σ_{had}) and incomplete NNLO corrections
- **NNLO QED corrections to Bhabha available** → **benchmark for MC accuracy**

- Photonic corrections (dominant contribution)

Penin, 2005 / 2006

Becher and Melnikov, 2007

- Electron loop corrections

Bonciani *et al.*, 2004 / 2005

Actis *et al.*, 2007

- Heavy fermion and hadronic loops

Becher and Melnikov, 2007

Bonciani *et al.*, 2008

Actis *et al.*, 2008

Kühn and Uccirati, 2009

- Soft+Virtual corrections to hard bremsstrahlung

Jadach, Ward *et al.*, 1996, 2001

Actis *et al.*, 2010

Luminosity: total theoretical uncertainty

Updated from: Actis *et al.*, EPJ C66 (2010) 585

arXiv:0912.0749

Source of unc. (%)	1–2 GeV	BESIII	BaBar/Belle
Vacuum Polarization¹			
$ \delta_{\text{VP}} $ [Jegerlehner]	—	0.01	0.03
$ \delta_{\text{VP}} $ [HMNT]	0.02	0.01	0.02
NNLO			
$ \delta_{\text{photonic}}^{\alpha^2} $ ²	0.02	0.02	0.02
$ \delta_{\text{pairs}}^{\alpha^2} $ ³	0.03	0.02	0.03 \div 0.07
$ \delta_{\text{SV,H}}^{\alpha^2} $ ⁴	0.05 / 0.03	0.05 / 0.03	0.05 / 0.03
$ \delta_{\text{HH}}^{\alpha^2} $	—	—	—
$ \delta_{\text{total}} $ quadrature	0.07/0.05	0.06/0.04	$\sim 0.07 \div 0.09$

- ▷ Comparable to luminosity theoretical uncertainty at LEP
- ▷ In proximity of ψ/Υ 's resonances, accuracy deteriorates: \mathcal{L} affected by σ_{had} uncertainty!

¹ From $\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}(q^2) \pm \delta_{\text{had}}$, δ_{had} returned by VP parameterization.

² Carloni Calame *et al.*, 2006: BabaYaga@NLO vs. NNLO photonic by Penin

³ Carloni Calame *et al.*, 2011: BabaYaga@NLO vs. NNLO (leptonic and hadronic) pairs by DESY Zeuthen – Katowice

⁴ Estimated from LEP studies by Jadach, Ward *et al.*

Conservative, WG Report / Less conservative, Jadach *et al.* 1999, 2001

QED processes and New Physics

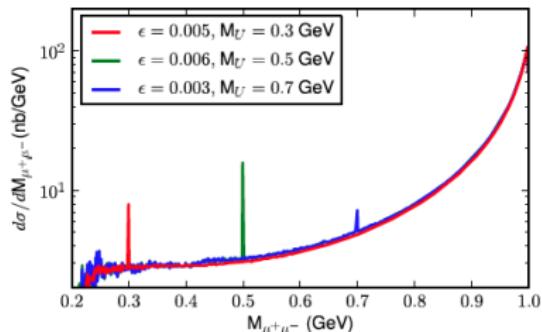
Signal: $e^+e^- \rightarrow A'\gamma, A' \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^- (\ell = e, \mu)$

A' : massive dark photon

ϵ : kinetic mixing parameter

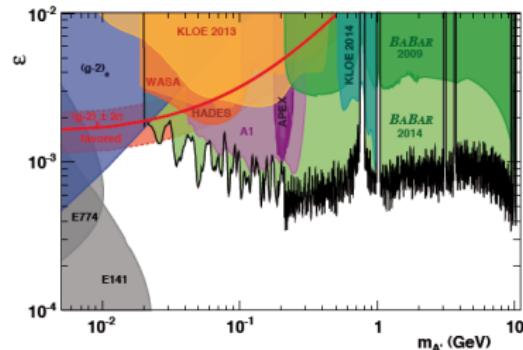
Backgrounds: QED radiative processes

Signature: narrow bump in the $\ell^+\ell^-$ invariant mass spectrum



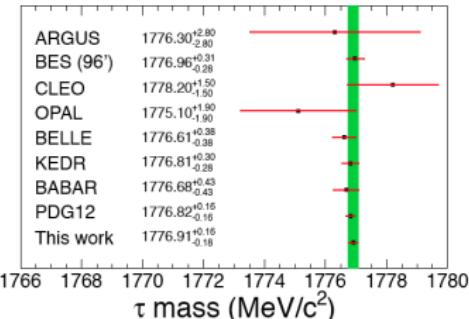
Reference MCs

- KLOE: upgrade of BabaYaga for signal and backgrounds (Barzè *et al.*, 2011)
- BABAR: MadGraph/MadEvent (Alwall *et al.*, 2007) for signal, BHWIDE/KKMC for backgrounds



Physics of the τ lepton

- ▷ τ mass and lifetime
- ▷ Branching fractions, spectral functions, rare and forbidden decays...



Reference MCs (BaBar, Belle, BESIII)

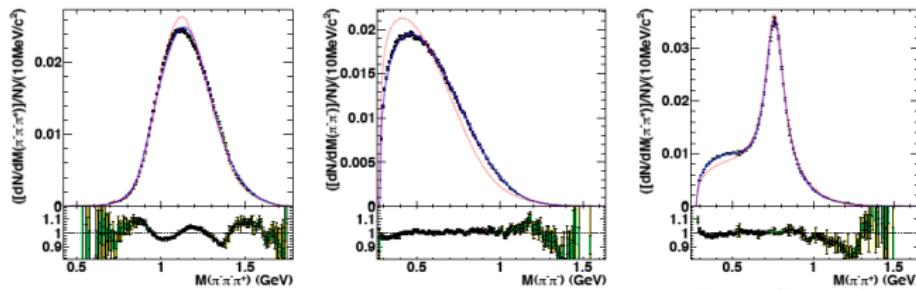
- $\tau\tau$ production: KKMC / KORALB (Jadach and Was, 1985, 1995)
- τ decays: TAUOLA + PHOTOS

[http://wasm.web.cern.ch/wasm/WELCOME.html](http://wasm.web.cern.ch/wasm/Welcome.html)

TAUOLA: Jadach, Was *et al.*, 1990s / PHOTOS: Barberio, Was *et al.*, 1990s

Recent work in TAUOLA: hadronic currents from $R\chi L$ theory

Roig, Shekhovtsova and Was, 2012–2015



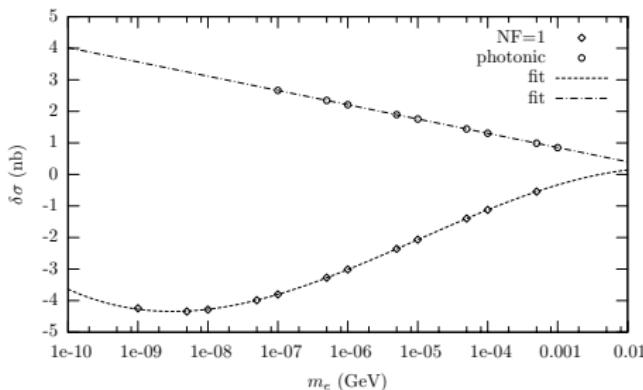
Summary

- Physics at flavor factories needs for **precision calculations** encoded into **MC generators** for
 - hadronic signal processes
 - luminosity and normalization
 - QED processes
 - New Physics searches and physics of the τ lepton
- **Significant progress** over the last decade(s) in predictions and generators for
 - **radiative return**
 - **Bhabha scattering** (Bhabha at NNLO in QED)
- Theory and generators for **luminosity, QED processes, New Physics searches and τ physics** greatly benefited from **LEP experience**
- **Progress expected** in
 - generators for energy scan and $\gamma\gamma$ physics
 - luminosity theoretical precision at the sub-per mille level

Extra

Comparison to NNLO Bhabha: accuracy of BabaYaga@NLO

□ NNLO Photonic (Penin)



Carloni Calame *et al.*, 2006

- ▷ $\delta\sigma \doteq \sigma_{\text{Penin}}^{\text{NNLO}} - \sigma_{\text{BabaYaga@NLO}}^{\text{NNLO}}$
- $\delta\sigma \leq 0.2\% \sigma_{\text{LO}}$
- ▷ $\delta\sigma/\sigma_{\text{LO}} \propto \alpha^2 L$ and infrared-safe

□ Leptonic and hadronic pairs

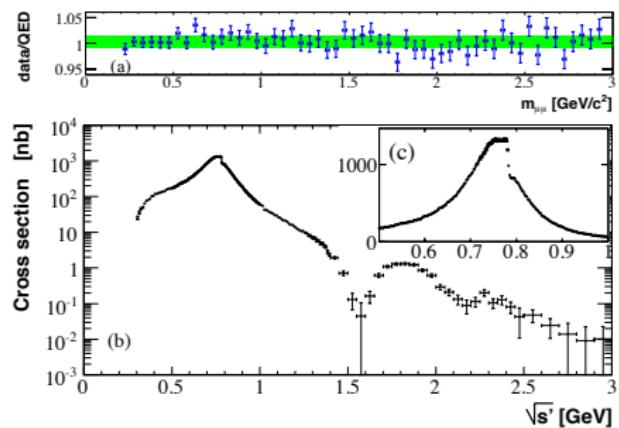
Carloni Calame *et al.*, 2011

	\sqrt{s}	$\sigma_{\text{BY}} (\text{nb})$	$S_{e^+e^-} [\%]$	$S_{\text{lep}} [\%]$	$S_{\text{had}} [\%]$	$S_{\text{tot}} [\%]$
KLOE	1.020	NNLO	-3.935(5)	-4.472(5)	1.02(4)	-3.45(4)
		BabaYaga	455.71	-3.445(2)	-4.001(2)	0.876(5)
BES	3.650	NNLO	-1.469(9)	-1.913(9)	-1.3(1)	-3.2(1)
		BabaYaga	116.41	-1.521(4)	-1.971(4)	-1.071(4)
BaBar	10.56	NNLO	-1.48(2)	-2.17(2)	-1.69(8)	-3.86(8)
		BabaYaga	5.195	-1.40(1)	-2.09(1)	-1.49(1)
Belle	10.58	NNLO	-4.93(2)	-6.84(2)	-4.1(1)	-10.9(1)
		BabaYaga	5.501	-4.42(1)	-6.38(1)	-3.86(1)

- ▷ BabaYaga@NLO accuracy (well) below 1%

Radiative return

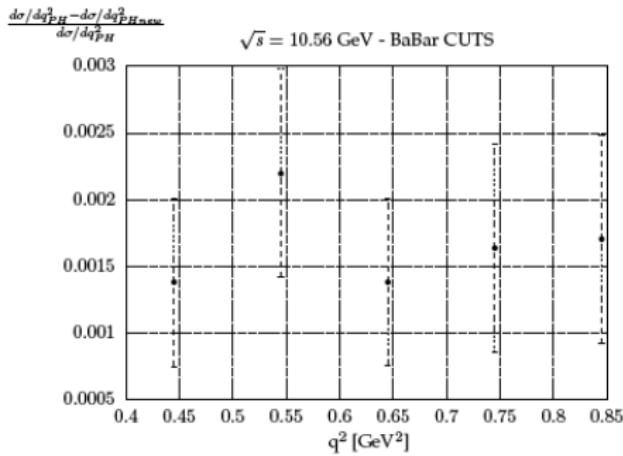
BABAR DATA



$\pi^+\pi^-$ cross section from $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ normalized to $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$. ArXiv:0908.3589

Phokhara test of $\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$ at NLO

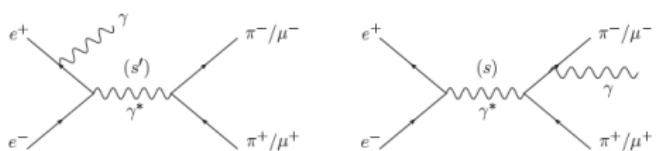
ArXiv:1312.3610



Radiative return: QED tests

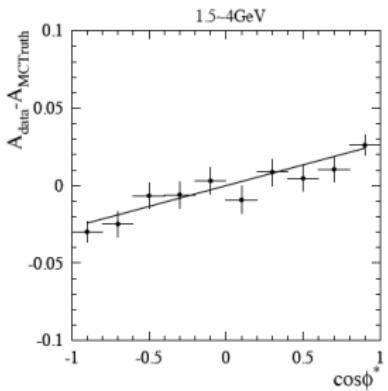
BABAR Coll., 1508.040080

with AfkQed, Arbuzov *et al.*, 1997 + PHOKHARA

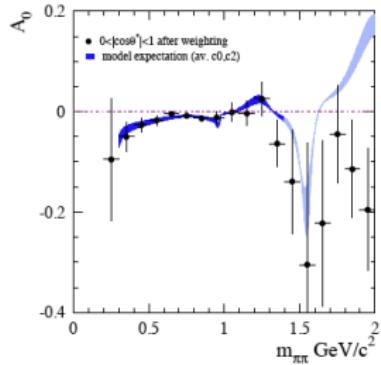


$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{A} &= \frac{|\mathcal{M}|^2 - |\mathcal{M}(\mu^+/\pi^+ \leftrightarrow \mu^-/\pi^-)|^2}{|\mathcal{M}|^2 + |\mathcal{M}(\mu^+/\pi^+ \leftrightarrow \mu^-/\pi^-)|^2} \\ &= \frac{2 \operatorname{Re} \mathcal{M}_{\text{ISR}} \mathcal{M}_{\text{FSR}}^*}{|\mathcal{M}_{\text{ISR}}|^2 + |\mathcal{M}_{\text{FSR}}|^2} \end{aligned}$$

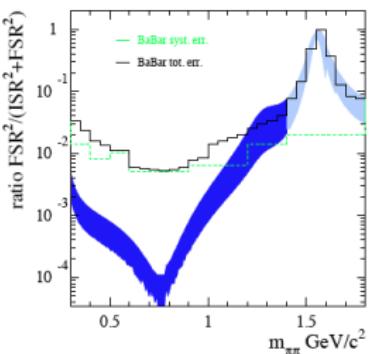
Muon Asymmetry



Pion Asymmetry



Pion FSR



- ▷ Muon ISR-FSR interference in substantial agreement with QED, but with some deviation
- ▷ Pion FSR: inconsistency with scalar QED around ρ / negligible contribution to $a_\mu^{\text{had,LO}}$