



# Status of the NA62 Experiment

FCCP 2015, Anacapri

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*On Behalf of NA62 Collaboration*

# Outline

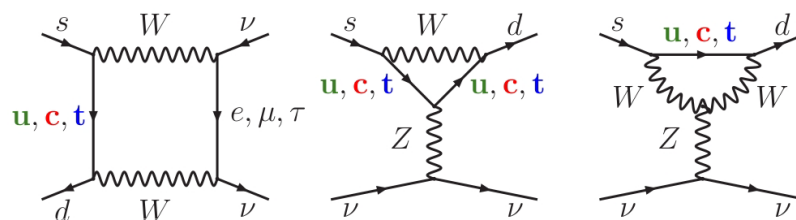
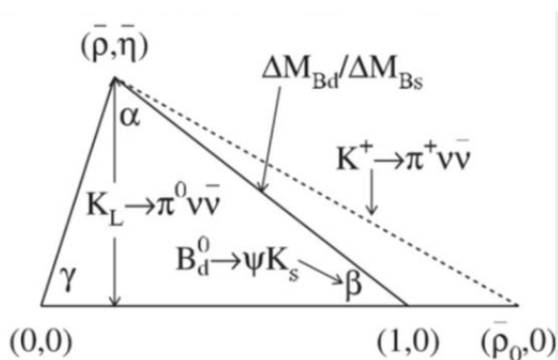
- Theoretical and experimental status
- The NA62 experiment
- Analysis strategy
- NA62 main detectors
- First look at 2014 data
- Conclusions

# Theory

- Very clean scenario
  - Short-distance contribution (top quark) dominance
  - No hadronic uncertainties
- SM suppression (proportionality to powers of  $V_{ts}^*V_{td}$ ) allows high sensitivity to new physics

$$\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) = (3.00 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-11}$$

$$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = (9.11 \pm 0.72) \times 10^{-11}$$



# New Physics Sensitivity

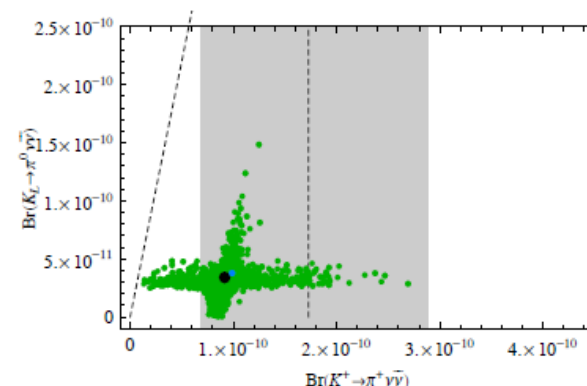
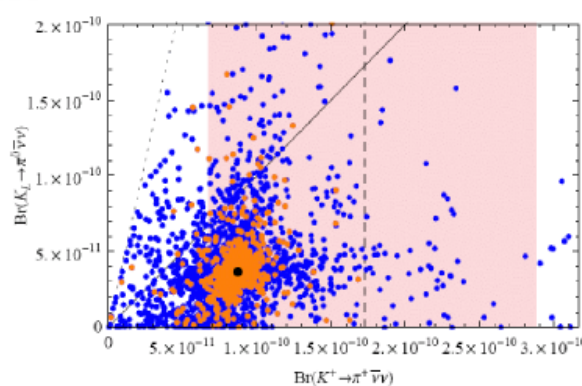
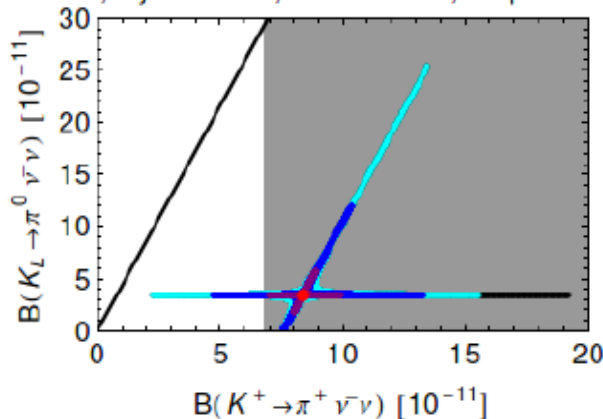
- **Z' gauge boson mediating FCNC at tree level**  
 [A.J.Buras et al., *JHEP* 1302 (2013) 116; A.J.Buras et al. *Eur. Phys. J. C* 74 (2014) 039]
- **Littlest Higgs with T-parity**  
 [M. Blanke et al., *Acta Phys. Polon. B* 41 (2010) 657]
- **Custodial Randall-Sundrum**  
 [M. Blanke et al., *JHEP* 0903 (2009) 108]
- **Best probe of MSSM non-MFV (still not excluded by LHC)**  
 [G. Isidori et al., *JHEP* 0608 (2006) 088]

*Z' model*

*Randall - Sundrum*

*Littlest Higgs*

LHS2, Cyan: 5TeV, Blue: 10TeV, Purple: 30TeV



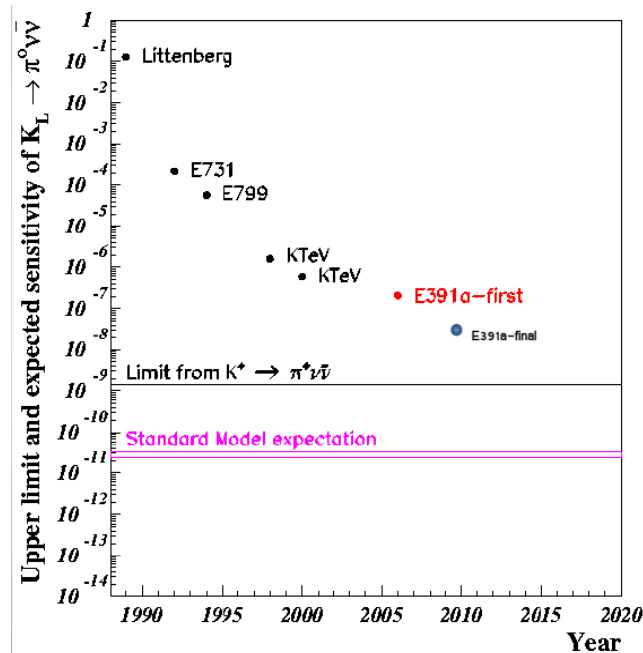
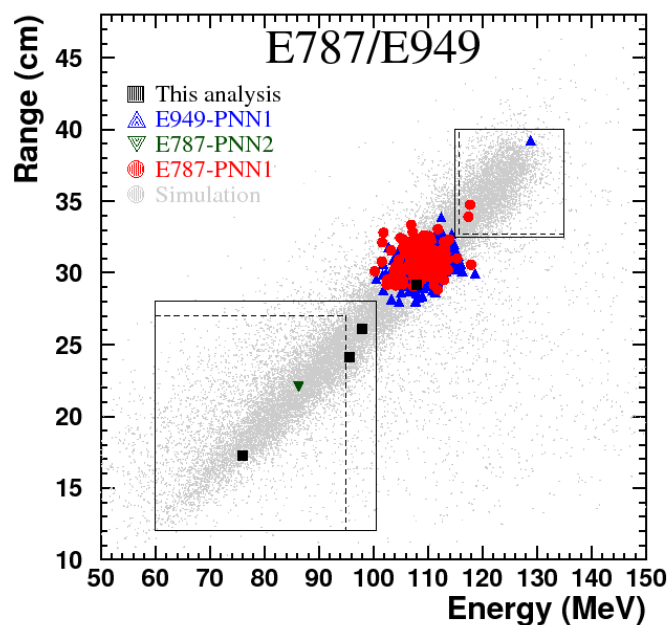
# Experimental Status

- $BR(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu) = (17.3^{+11.5}_{-10.5}) \times 10^{-10}$

[E747/E949 collaborations, *Phys. Rev. D* 77, 052003 (2008), *Phys. Rev. D* 79, 092004 (2009)]

- $BR(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \nu) < 2600 \times 10^{-11}$

[E391a Collaboration, *Phys. Rev.* 100, 201802 (2008)]



# The NA62 Experiment

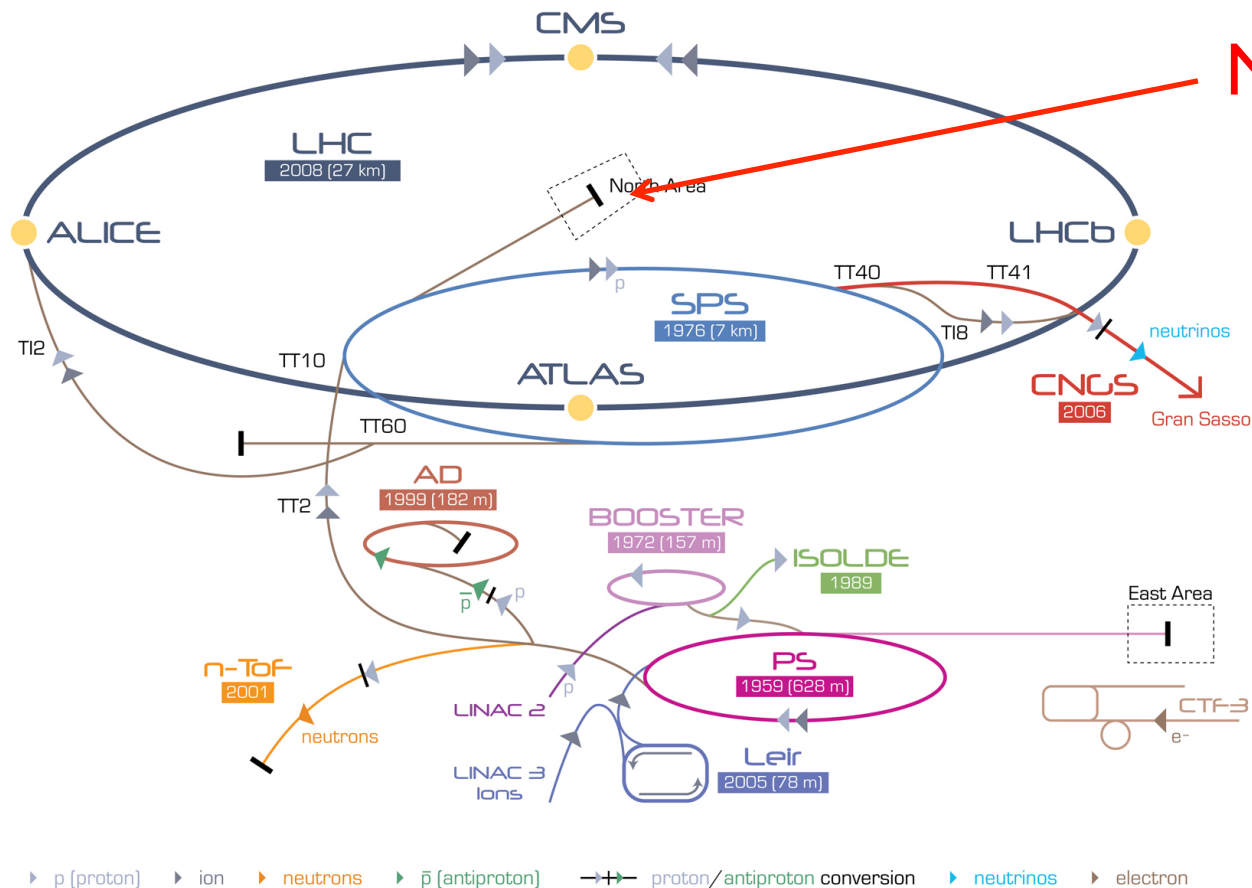
- 2005 Proposal
- 2009 Approved
- 2010 Technical design
- 2012 Technical run (partial layout)
- 2014 Pilot Run
- 2015-18 Physics Runs ←



# NA62 Goal

- The Experiment aims at
  - ~10% precision measurement of the  $\text{BR}(\text{K}^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu)$  in 2 years of data taking
  
- Requirements:
  - Statistics:  $\mathcal{O}(100)$  events
  - $10^{13}$  Kaon decays
  - Systematics: <10% precision background measurement
  - $>10^{12}$  background rejection
  
- Technique:
  - In flight K-decay

# The NA62 Apparatus



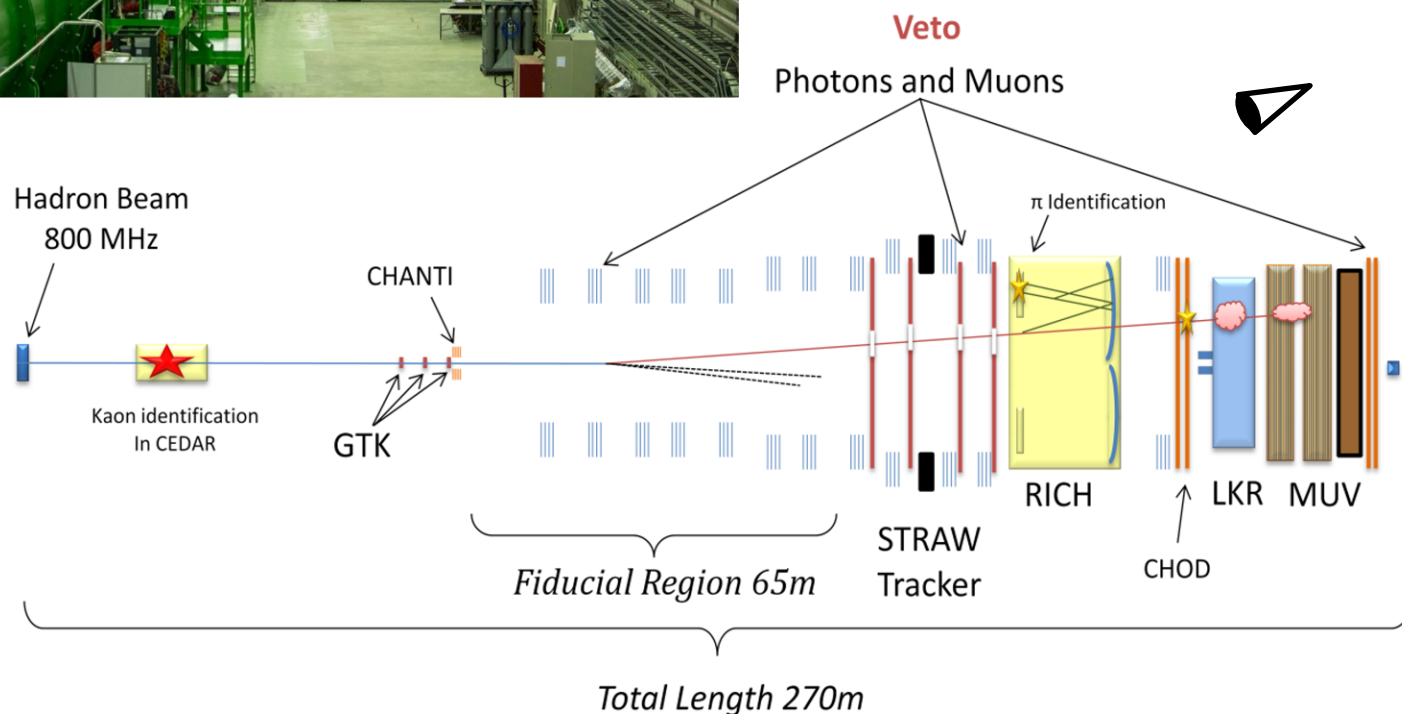
LHC Large Hadron Collider SPS Super Proton Synchrotron PS Proton Synchrotron  
 AD Antiproton Decelerator CTF-3 Clic Test Facility CNGS Cem Neutrinos to Gran Sasso ISOLDE Isotope Separator OnLine DEvice  
 LEIR Low Energy Ion Ring LINAC LINear ACcelerator n-ToF Neutrons Time Of Flight



# The NA62 Apparatus

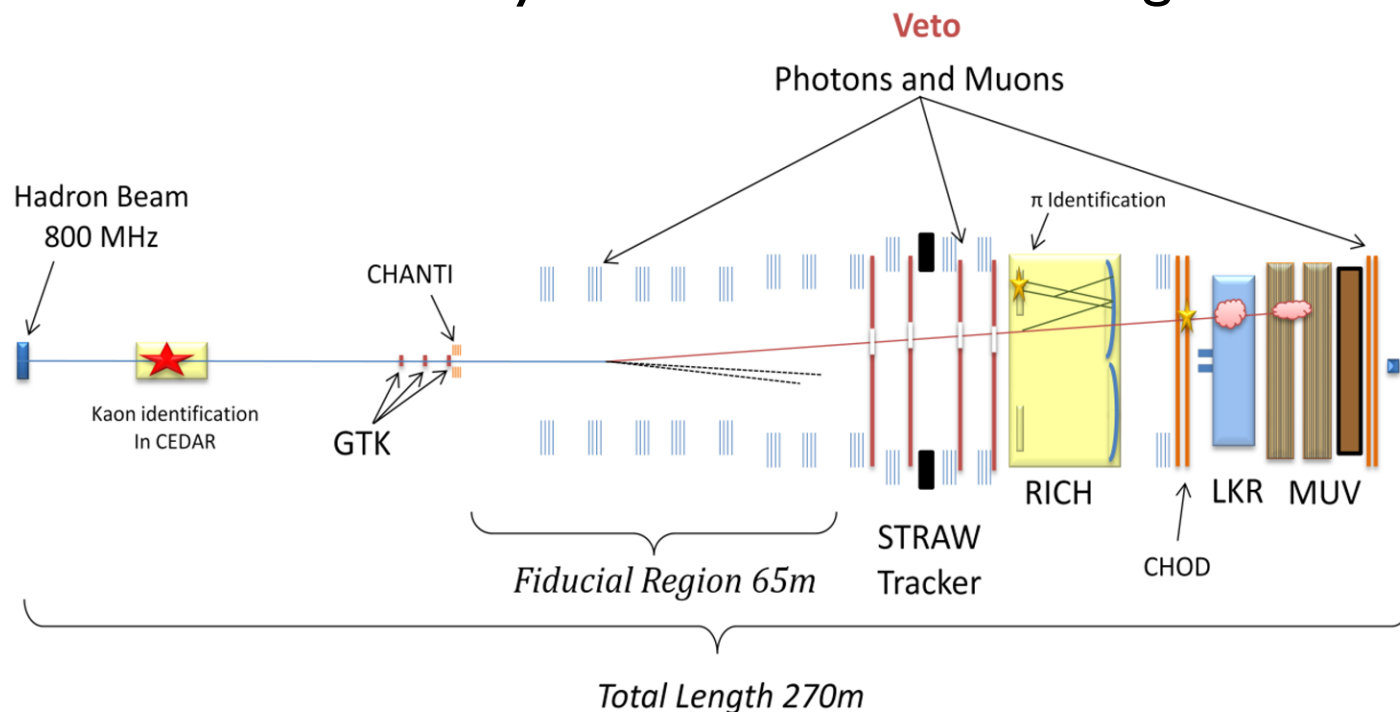


- 5 MHz Kaons decay rate
- 1 MHz L0 HW trigger output
- 100 KHz L1 SW trigger output
- <1 KHz L2 SW trigger output



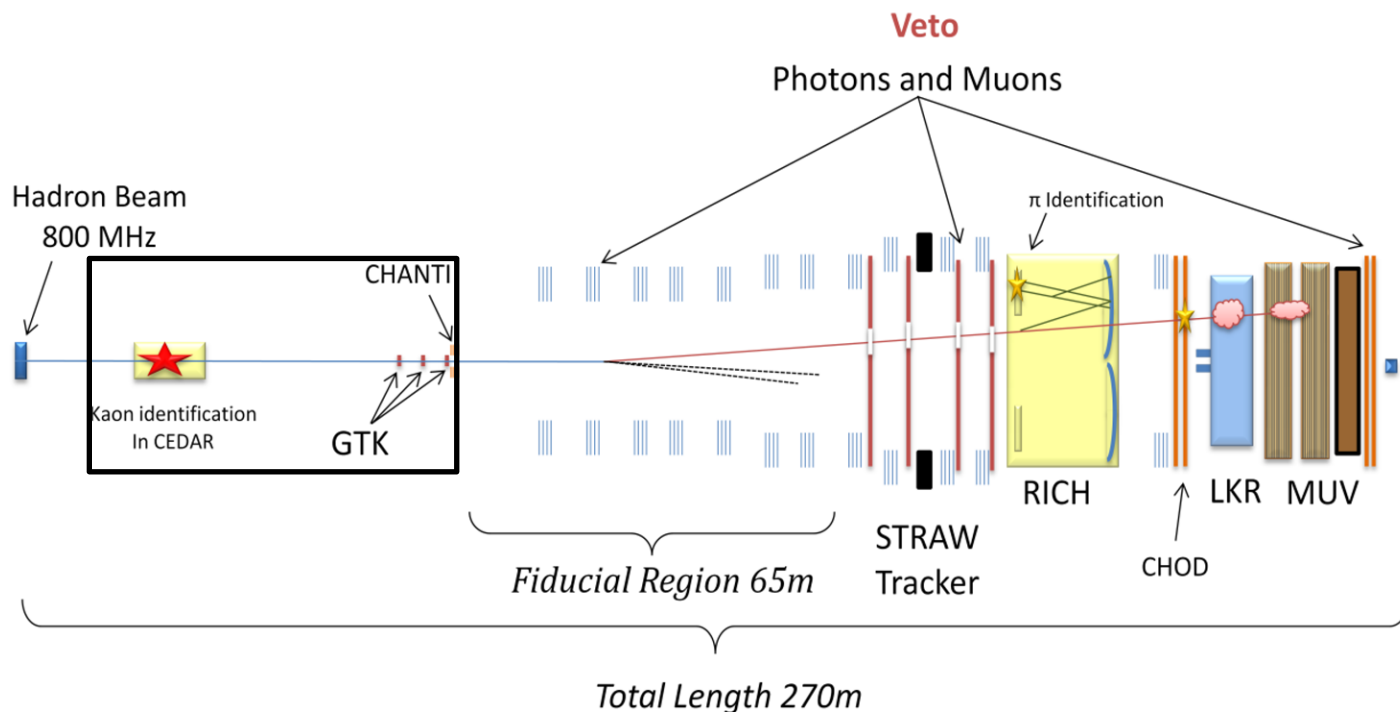
# The Beam

- Positive unseparated hadron beam (6% of Kaons)
- 800MHz intensity
- 75( $\pm 1\%$ )GeV Momentum
- ~5MHz Kaon decays within the Fiducial Region



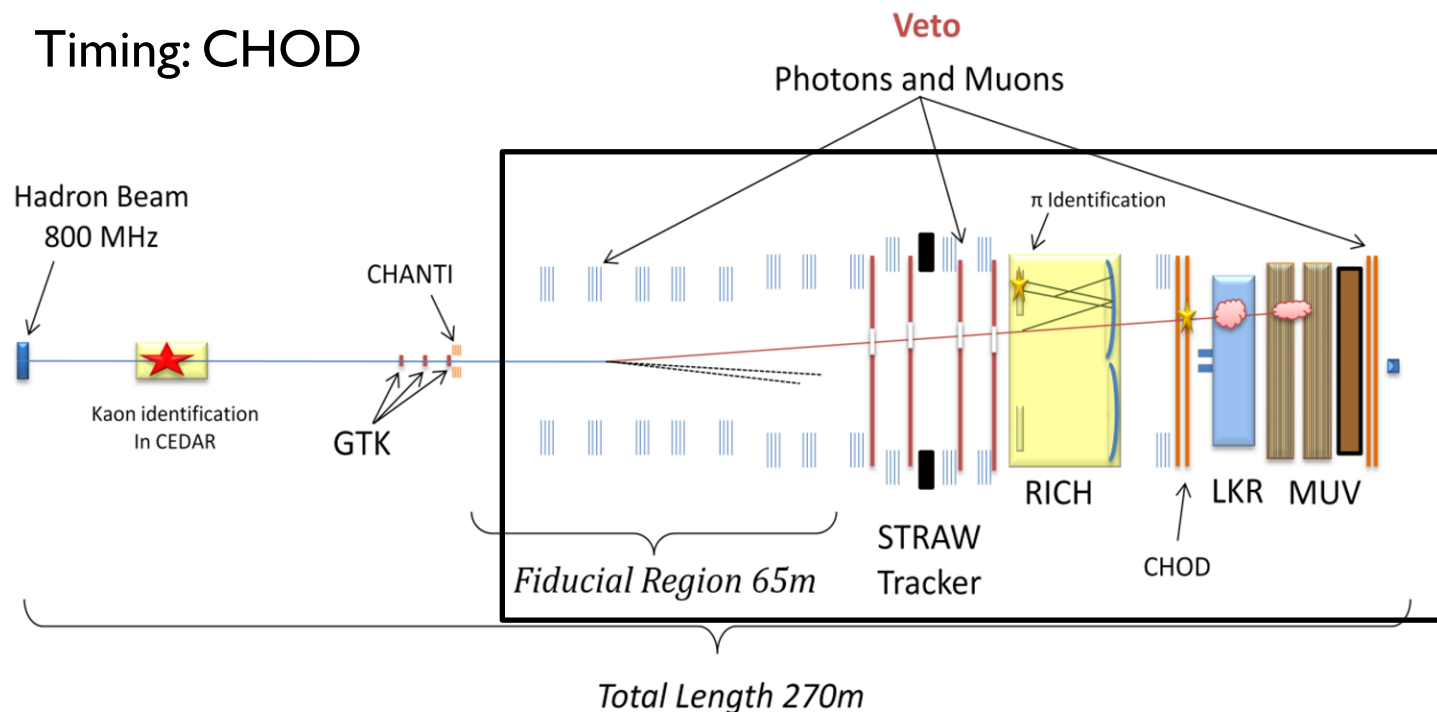
# NA62 Detectors

- Beam Kaon oriented detectors: KTAG and GTK
  - Identification and 4-momentum measurement of the beam particles



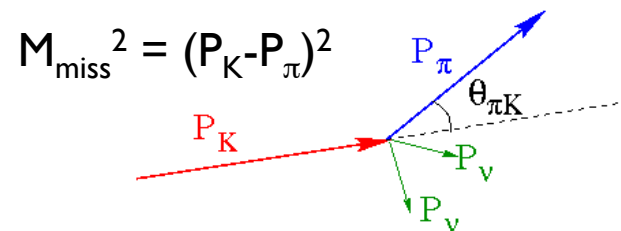
# NA62 Detectors

- Decay products oriented detectors (PID): Straw, RICH, LKr and MUVs
  - Identification and 4-momentum measurement of the decay products
- Photon veto systems: LAV, IRC and SAC
- Charged particles veto systems: CHANTI and CHOD
- Timing: CHOD

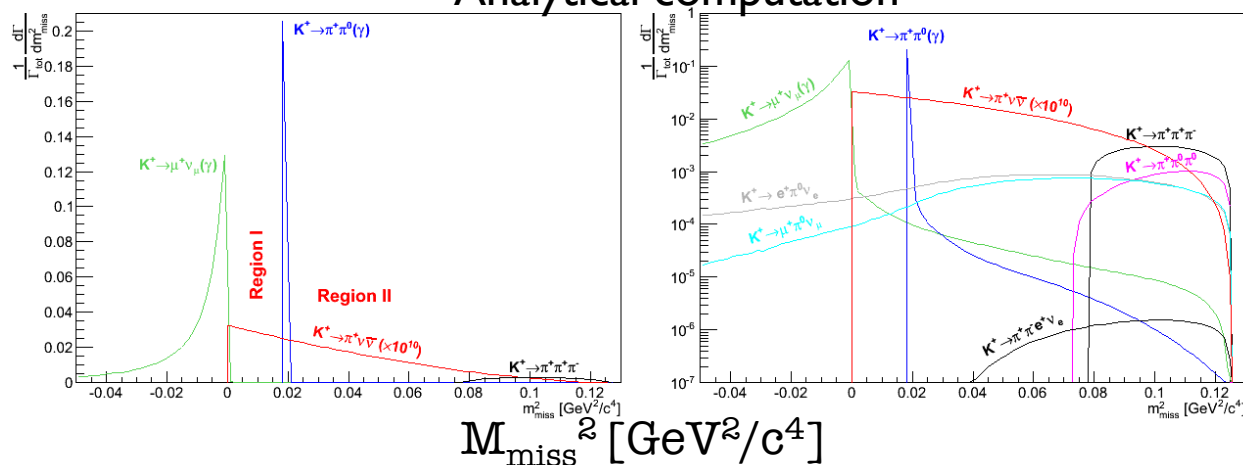


# The Analysis Strategy

- Signal:
  - Single Pion in the final state matching a beam Kaon (timing and spatial association)
- Background suppression factors:
  - Kinematics  $O(10^4-10^5)$
  - Charged Particle ID  $O(10^7)$
  - $\gamma$  detection  $O(10^8)$
  - Timing  $O(10^2)$



## Analytical computation

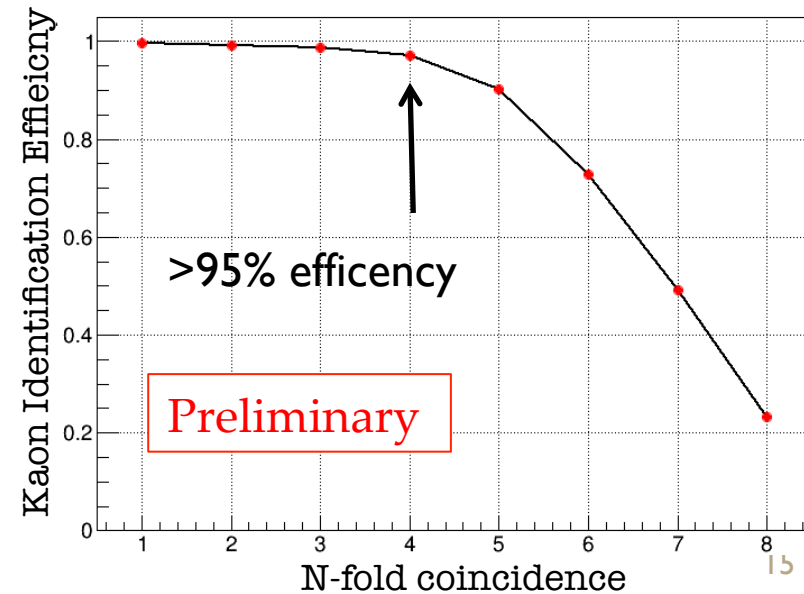
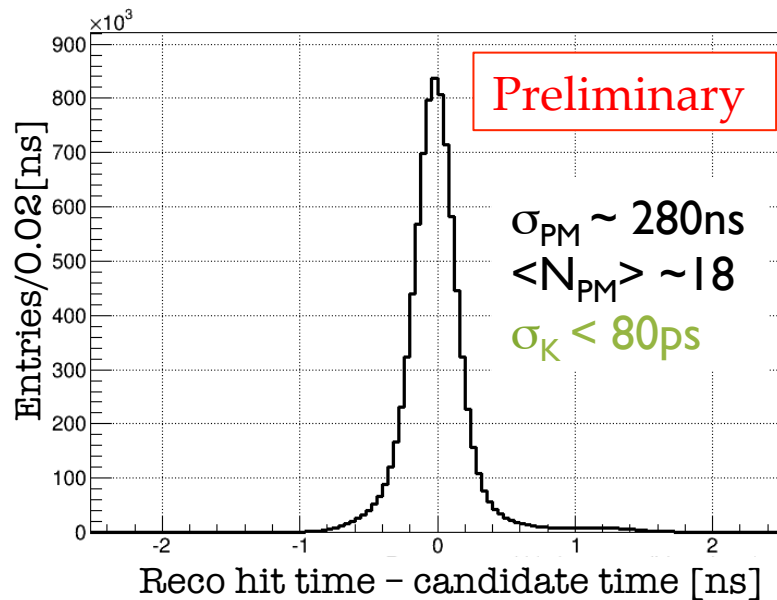
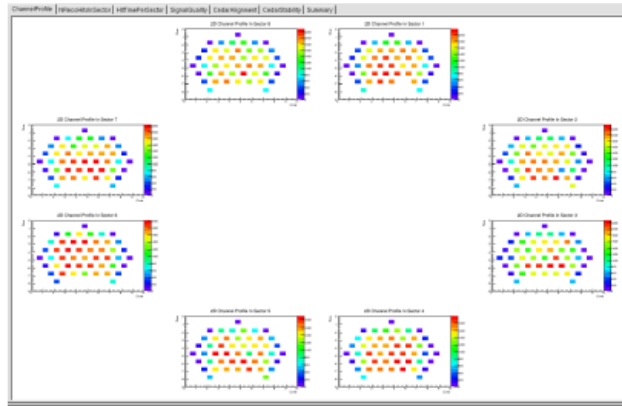


# The Analysis Sensitivity (MC)

Decay	event/year
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$ [SM] (flux $4.5 \times 10^{12}$ K-decay/y)	45
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$	5
$K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$	1
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	< 1
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu$ + other 3 tracks decays	< 1
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 \gamma$ (IB)	1.5
$K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu \gamma$ (IB)	0.5
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ (\mu^+) \nu$ , others	negligible
Total background	< 10

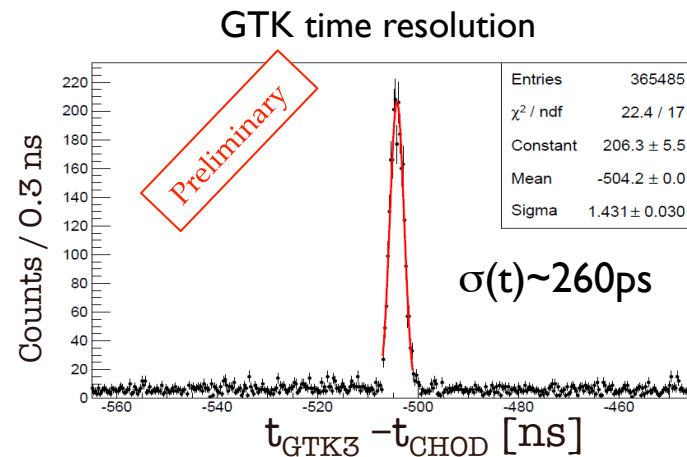
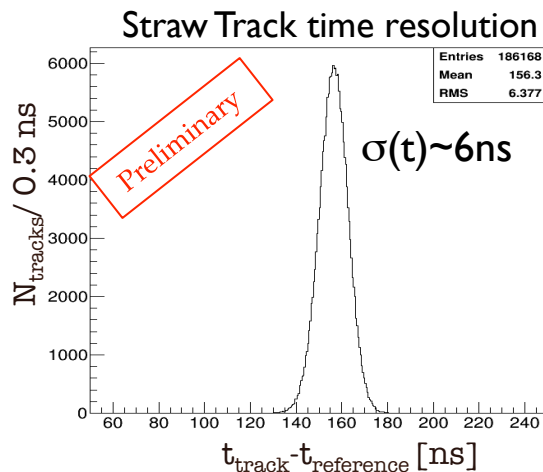
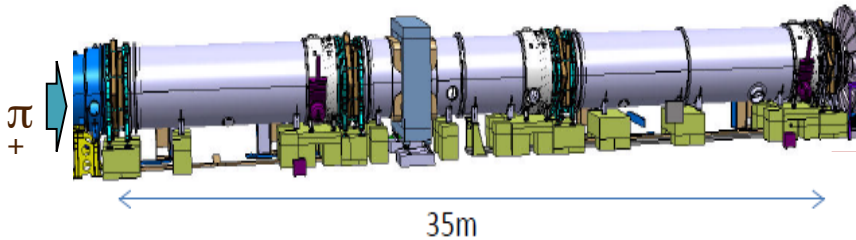
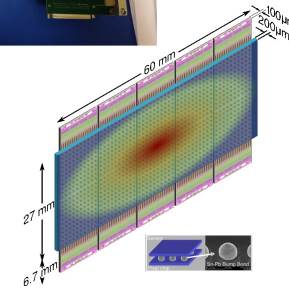
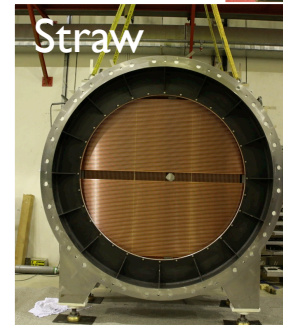
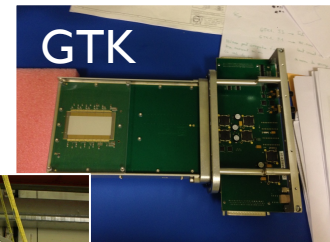
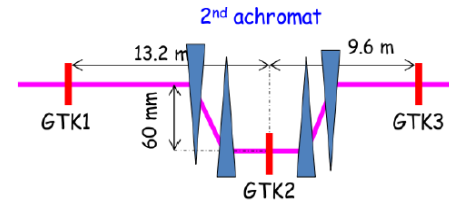
# Kaon Identification KTAG

PMTs illumination



# Kinematical Rejection: GTK and Straw

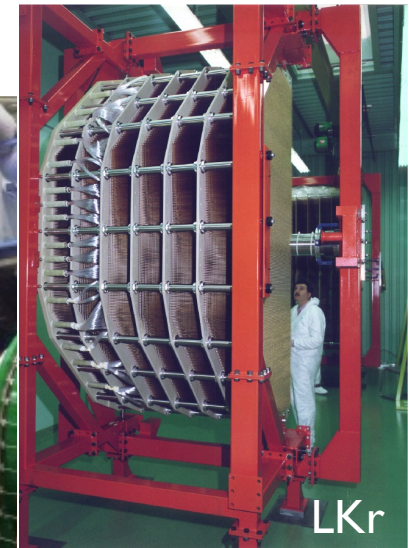
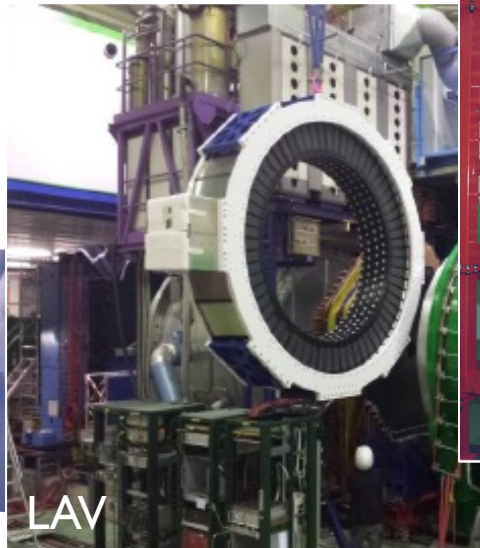
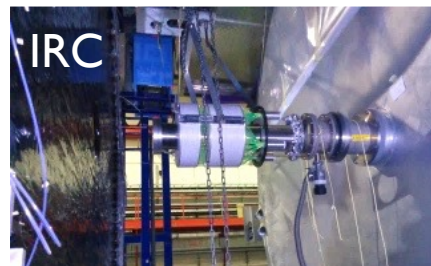
- Kinematical variable
  - $M_{\text{miss}}^2 = (P_K - P_\pi)^2$
- Requirements:
  - $\sigma(P_K)/P_K \leq 0.2\%$  and  $\sigma(\Theta_K) \leq 20\mu\text{rad}$
  - $\sigma(P_\pi)/P_\pi \leq 1\%$  and  $\sigma(\Theta_\pi) \leq 60\mu\text{rad}$





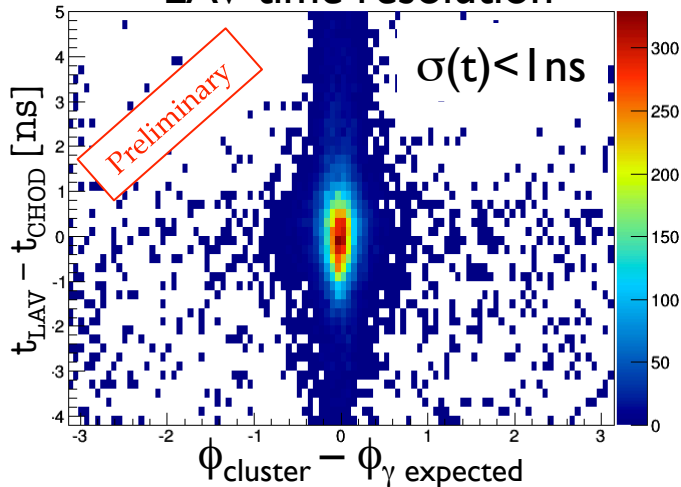
# Photon Rejection: LAV, LKr, IRC and SAC

- LAV:
  - 12 stations made of 4/5 leadglass detectors layers
  - $[10^{-3}, 10^{-4}]$  photon inefficiency down to 150MeV
  - $\sim 1$ ns time resolution
  - 1MHz particle rate (full intensity)
- Liquid Krypton calorimeter (LKr):
  - Quasi homogeneous calorimeter (former NA48 main calorimeter)
  - $10^{-5}$  inefficiency  $\gamma > 10$ GeV
  - 10MHz particle rate (full intensity)
- IRC and SAC:
  - Shashlik technology
  - $10^{-4}$  inefficiency  $\gamma > 1$ GeV

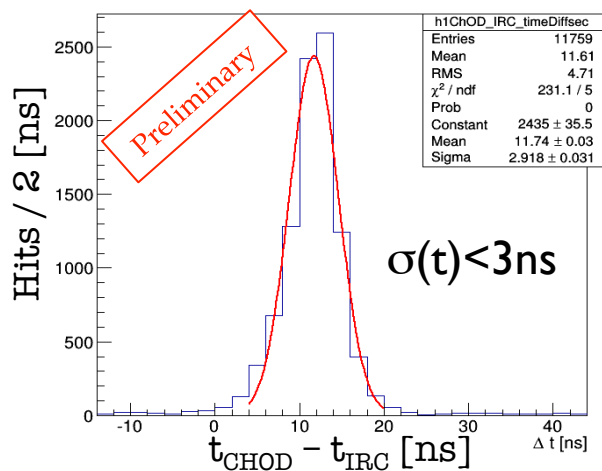


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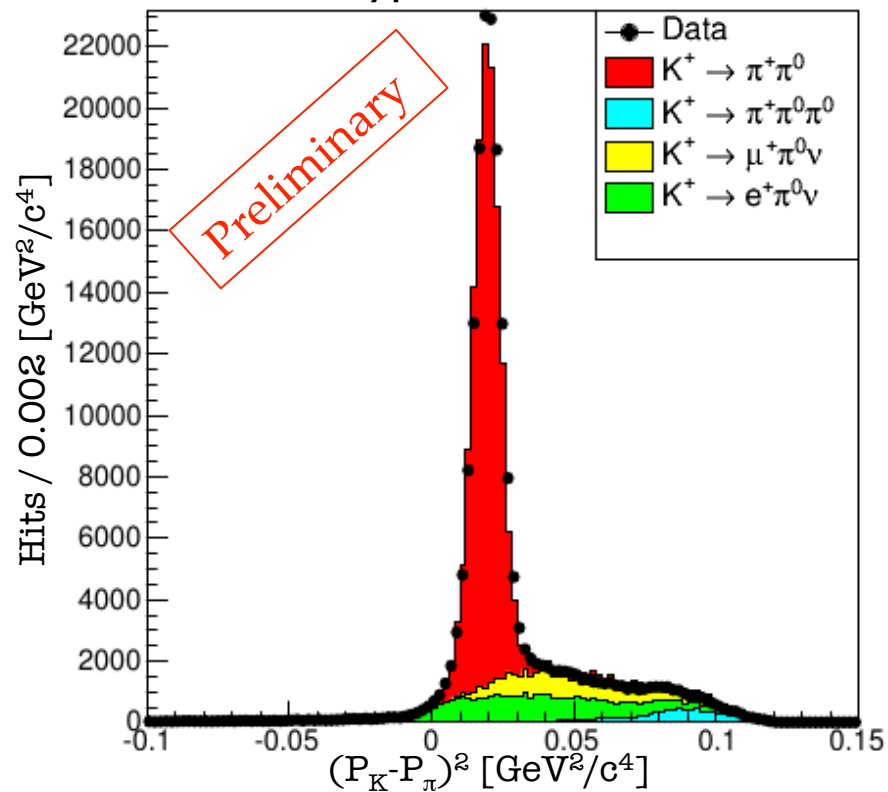
LAV time resolution



IRC time resolution

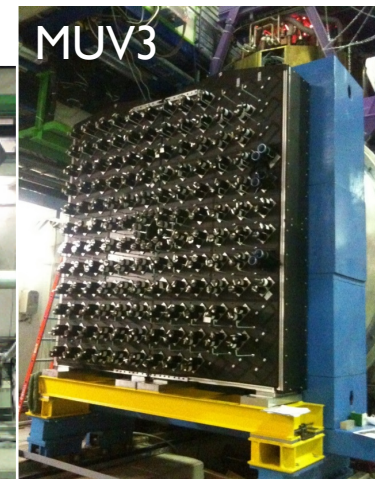
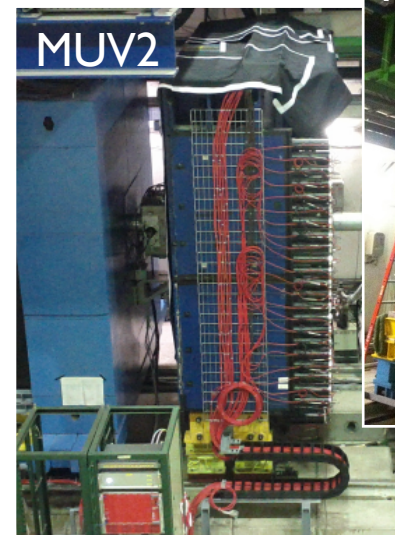


Krypton Calibration



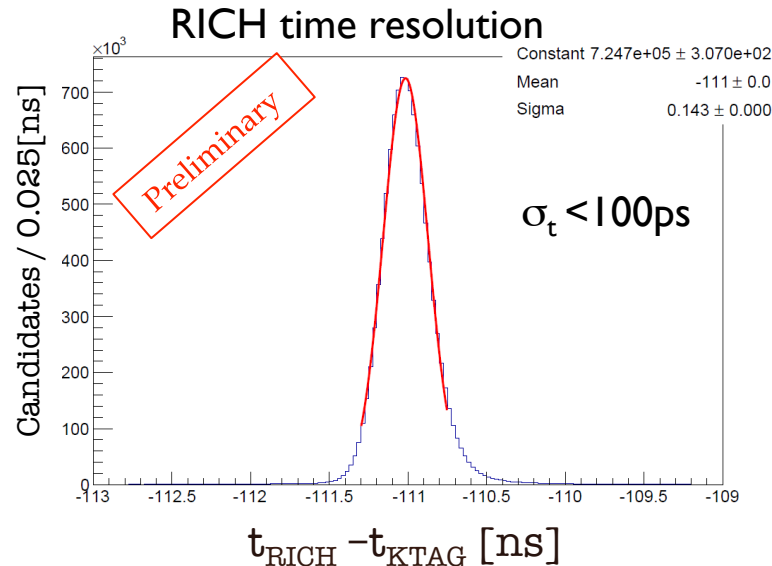
# PID: MUV and RICH

- MUVI-2:
  - 2 hadron calorimeter modules (iron-scintillator plates+ PMT readout) for  $\pi/\mu$  separation
- RICH:
  - 17m long vessel (Ne at 1 atm ) for  $\pi/\mu/e$  separation up to 35 GeV/c momentum
- MUV3:
  - scintillator tiles array, each readout by 2 PMT's for muon-ID (10MHz muon rate)



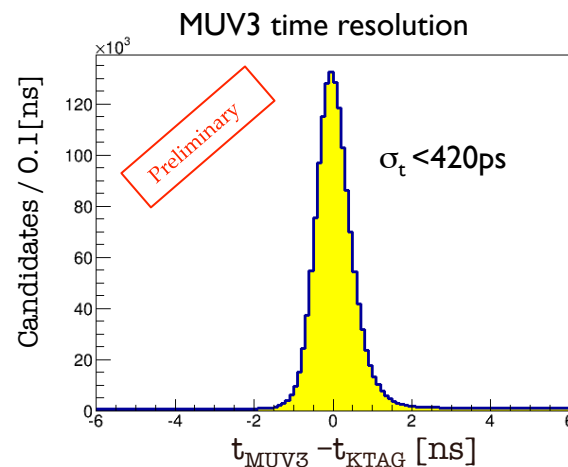
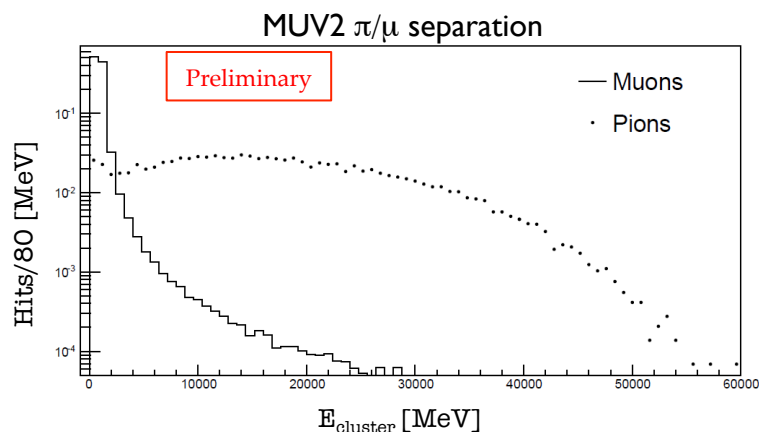
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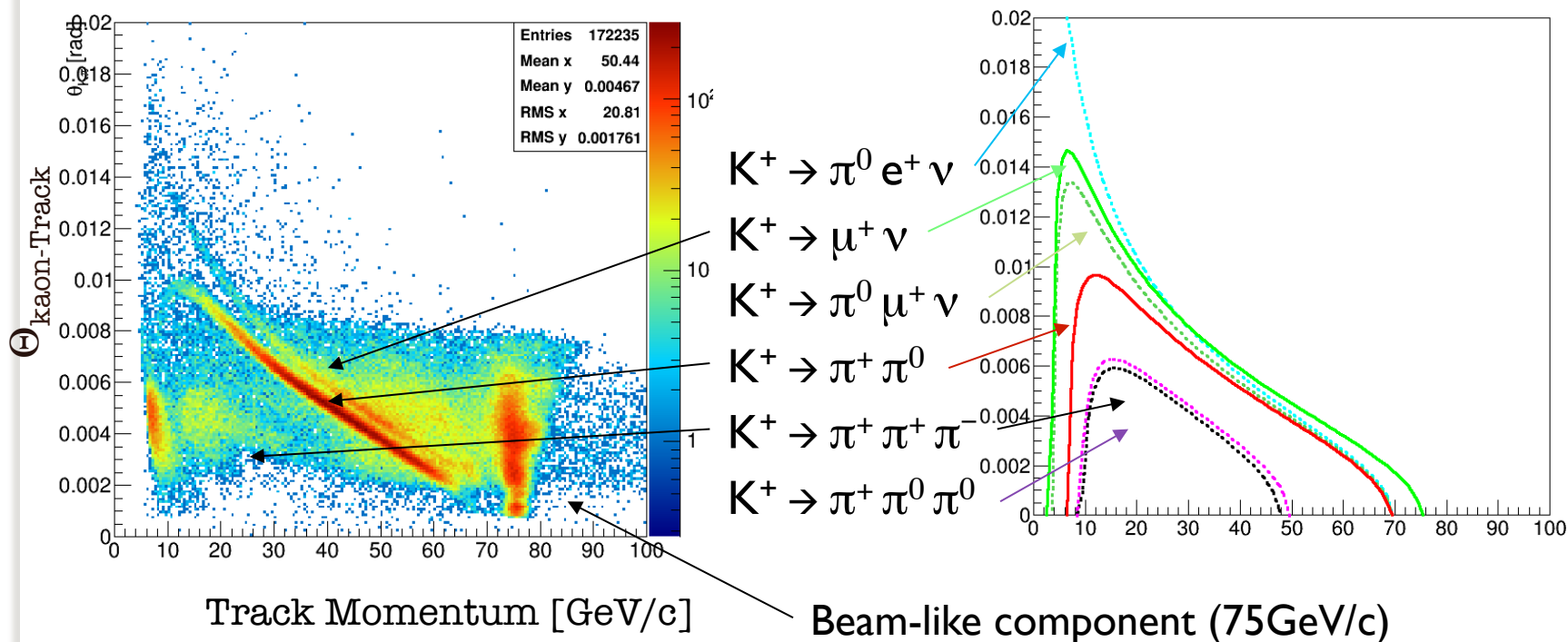
# PID: MUV and RICH

- MUV1-2:
  - 2 hadron calorimeter modules (iron-scintillator plates+ PMT readout) for p/m separation
- RICH:
  - 17m long vessel (Ne at 1 atm ) for  $\pi/\mu/e$  separation up to 35 GeV/c momentum
- MUV3:
  - scintillator tiles array, each readout by 2 PMT's for muon-ID (10MHz muon rate)



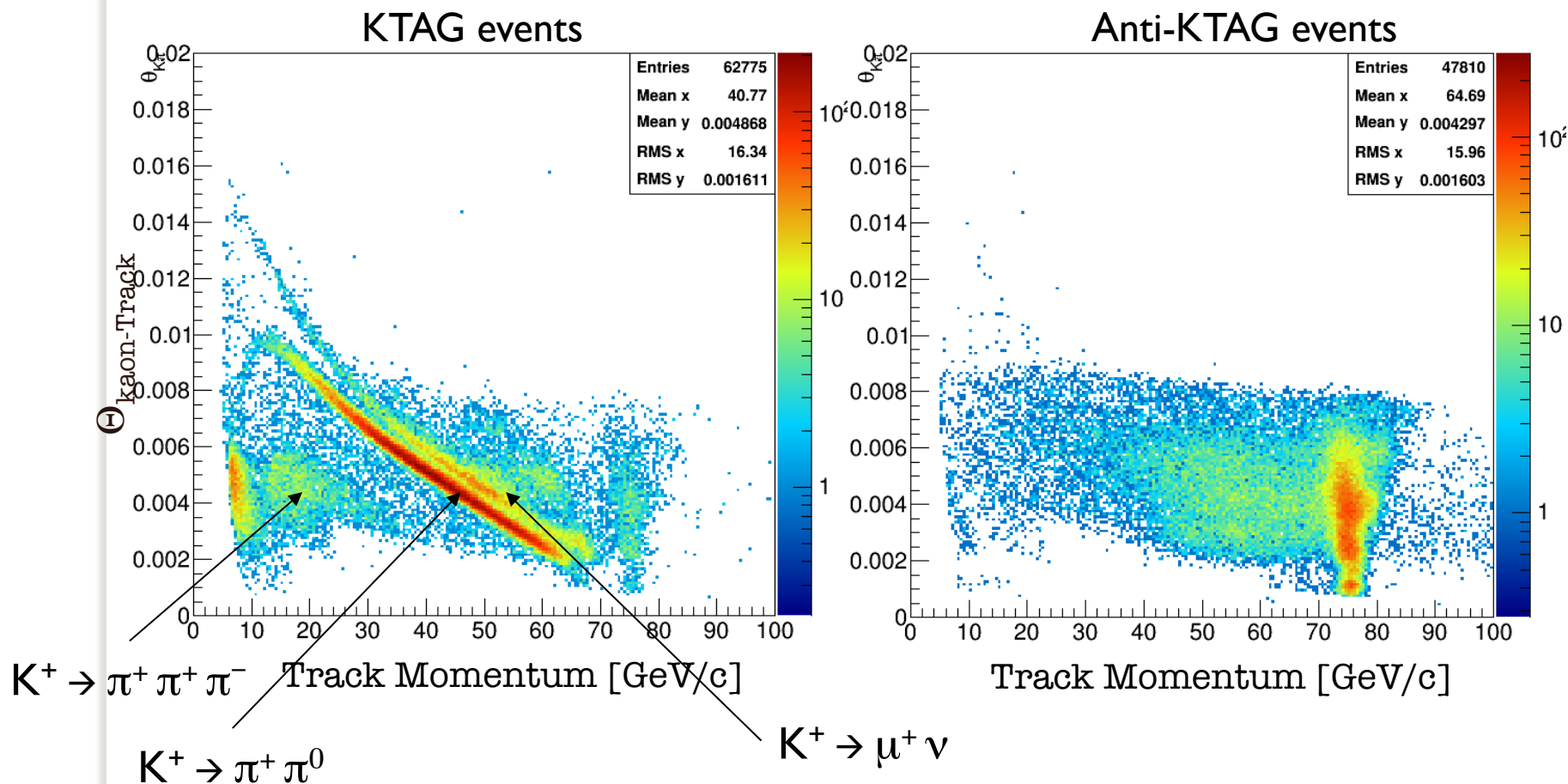
# First Look at 2014 Data

- 1 track in the straw detector (window 40ns)



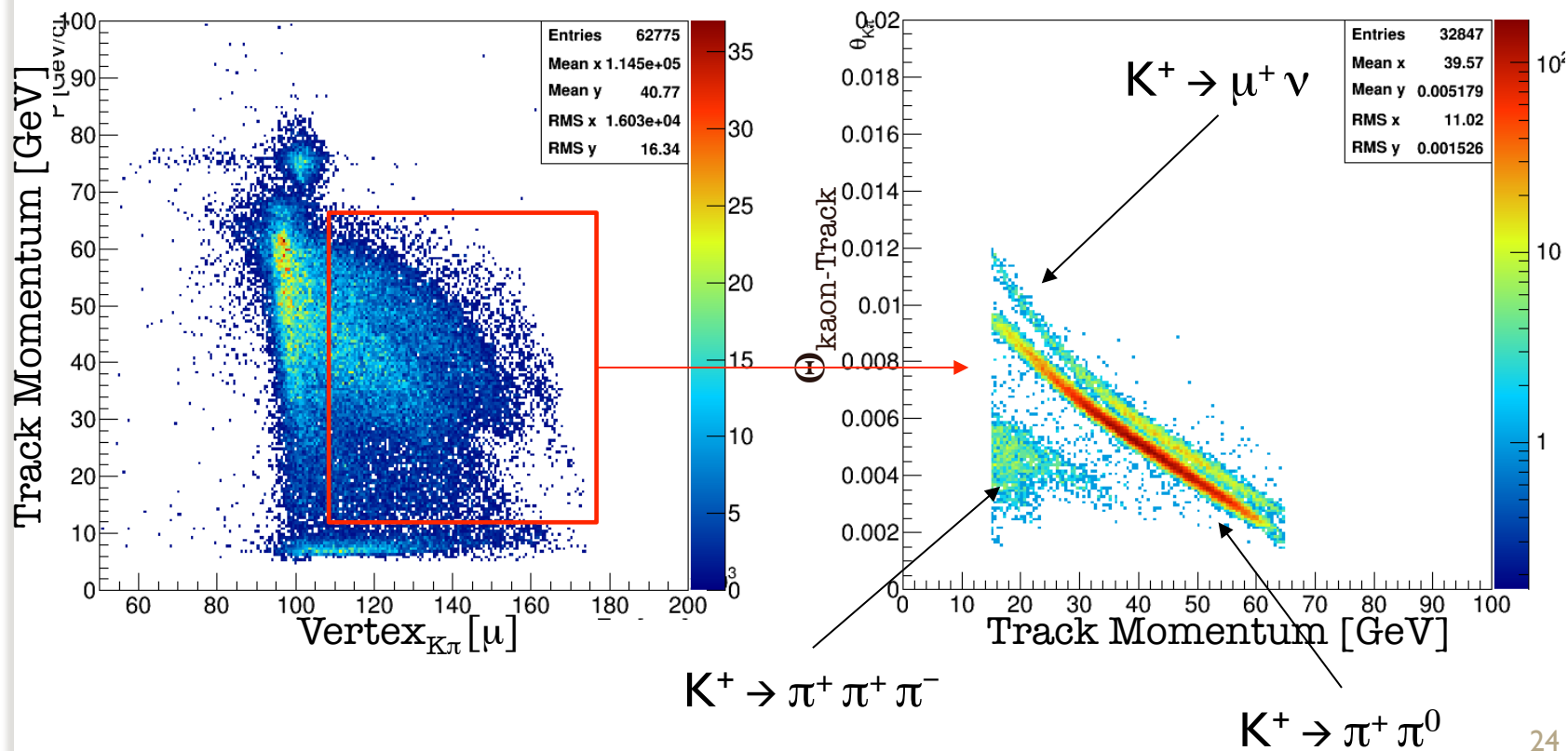
# First Look at 2014 Data

- Apply Kaon identification (KTAG)



# First Look at 2014 Data

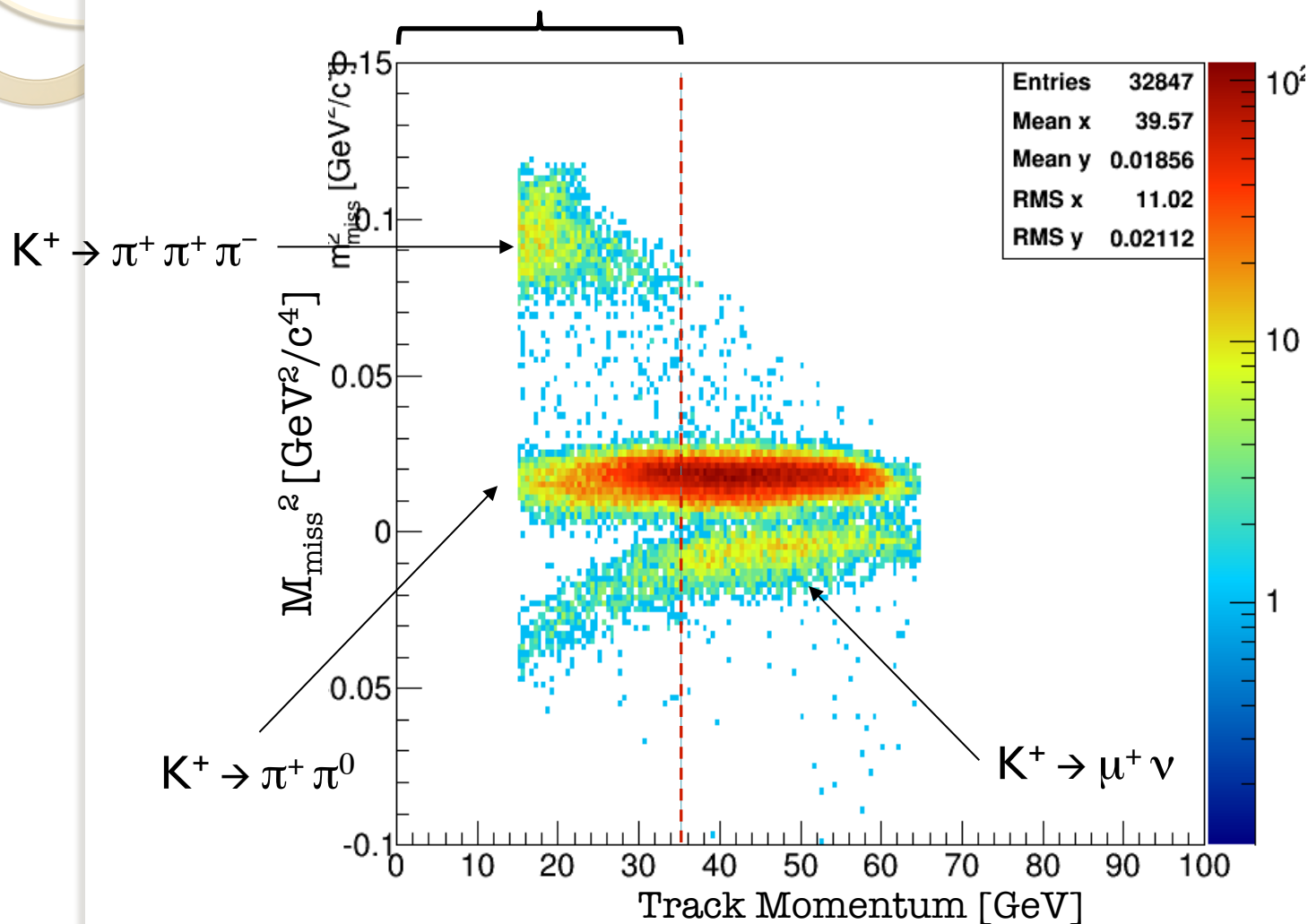
- Vertex reconstructed to suppress background from Kaon interactions outside the decay volume. Used nominal beam direction (no GTK).



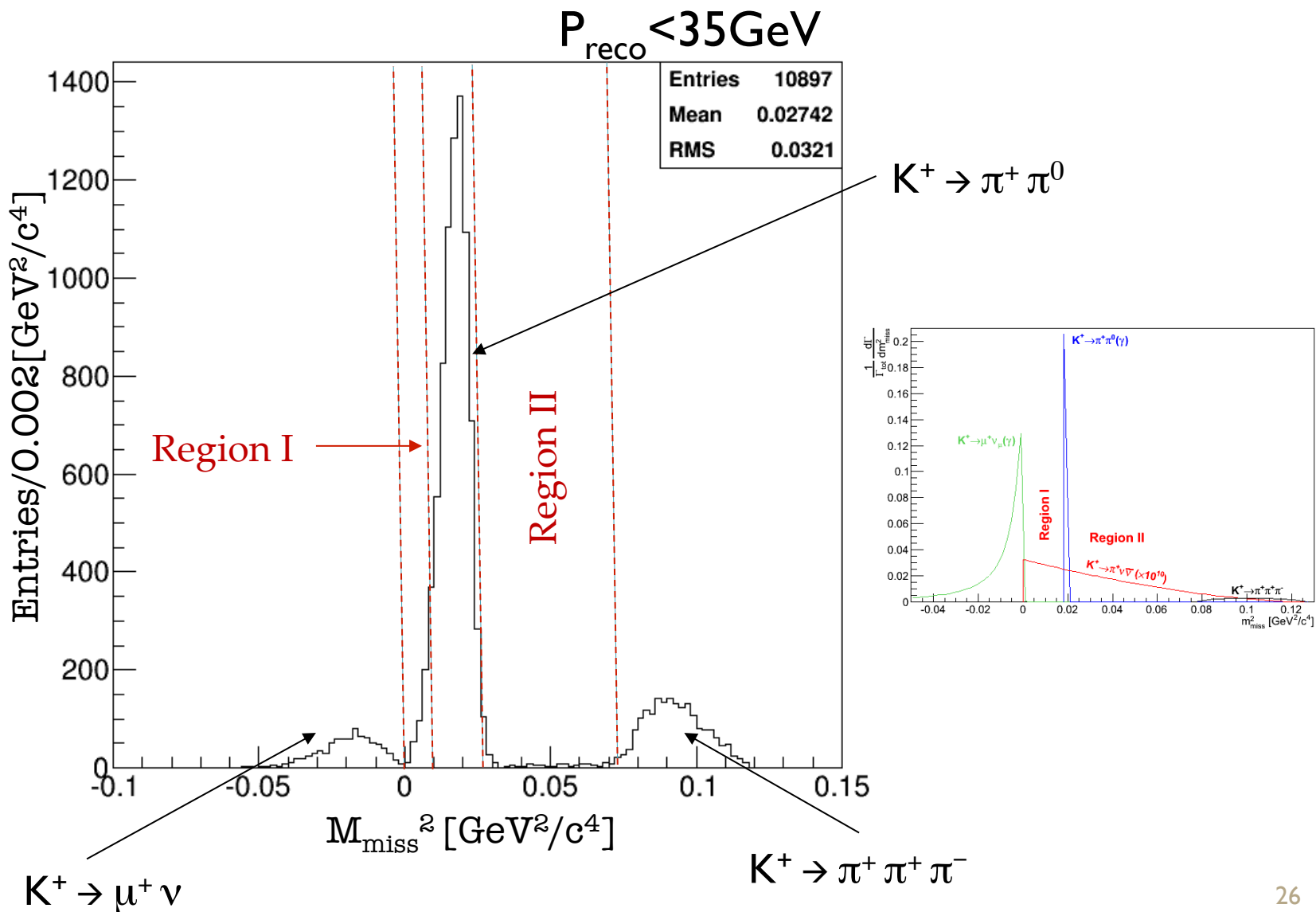


# First Look at 2014 Data

Signal region ( $P < 35 \text{ GeV}/c$ )



# Missing Mass



# Next Steps

- Resolution improvement expected from:
  - GTK Kaon spectrometer information (instead of nominal beam momentum/direction)
  - Fine STRAW spectrometer alignment/calibration
  - Detailed B field map (instead of simple  $P_t$  kick)
  
- Background rejection improvements from:
  - RICH particle identification ( $\pi/\mu/e$ )
  - Photon rejection (LK<sub>r</sub>, LAV, IRC and SAC)
  - Muon rejection (MUVs)

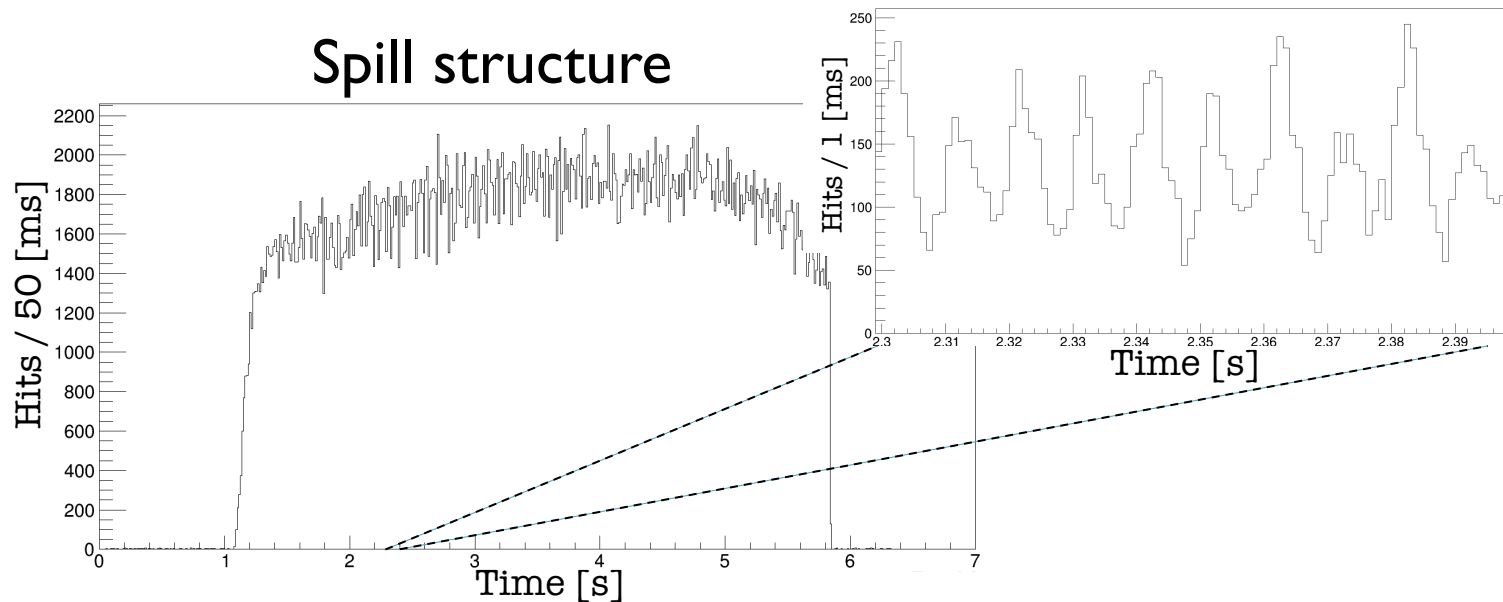
# NA62 Potentials

Decay	Physics	Present limit (90% C.L.) / Result	NA62
$\pi^+ \mu^+ e^-$	LFV	$1.3 \times 10^{-11}$	$0.7 \times 10^{-12}$
$\pi^+ \mu^- e^+$	LFV	$5.2 \times 10^{-10}$	$0.7 \times 10^{-12}$
$\pi^- \mu^+ e^+$	LNV	$5.0 \times 10^{-10}$	$0.7 \times 10^{-12}$
$\pi^- e^+ e^+$	LNV	$6.4 \times 10^{-10}$	$2 \times 10^{-12}$
$\pi^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	LNV	$1.1 \times 10^{-9}$	$0.4 \times 10^{-12}$
$\mu^- \nu e^+ e^+$	LNV/LFV	$2.0 \times 10^{-8}$	$4 \times 10^{-12}$
$e^- \nu \mu^+ \mu^+$	LNV	No data	$1 \times 10^{-12}$
$\pi^+ X^0$	New Particle	$5.9 \times 10^{-11} m_\chi = 0$	$1 \times 10^{-12}$
$\pi^+ \chi \chi$	New Particle	-	$1 \times 10^{-12}$
$\pi^+ \pi^+ e^- \nu$	$\Delta S \neq \Delta Q$	$1.2 \times 10^{-8}$	$1 \times 10^{-11}$
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \mu^- \nu$	$\Delta S \neq \Delta Q$	$3.0 \times 10^{-6}$	$1 \times 10^{-11}$
$\pi^+ \gamma$	Angular Mom.	$2.3 \times 10^{-9}$	$1 \times 10^{-12}$
$\mu^+ \nu_{hr} \nu_h \rightarrow \nu \gamma$	Heavy neutrino	Limits up to $m_\nu \sim 350 \text{ MeV}$	
$R_K$	LU	$(2.488 \pm 0.010) \times 10^{-5}$	>x2 better
$\pi^+ \gamma \gamma$	$\chi$ PT	< 500 events	$10^5$ events
$\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu$	$\chi$ PT	66000 events	$O(10^6)$
$\pi^0 \pi^0 \mu^- \nu$	$\chi$ PT	-	$O(10^5)$

# Conclusions

- The successful Pilot run has officially started the NA62 experiment physics program
- Almost all the detectors have been fully commissioned
- Detectors performances measurement are ongoing, preliminary results within expectation
- Analysis technique has be exercised on the a small dataset
- NA62 Run I started end of June
- Beam intensity at 30% of nominal value

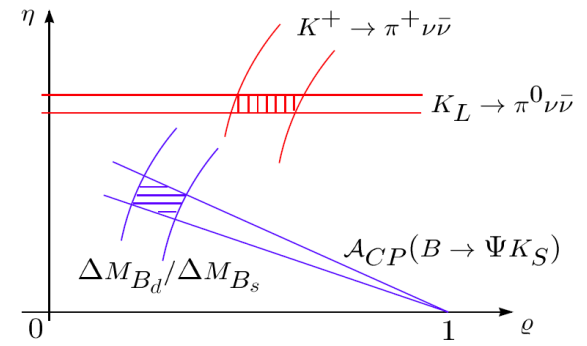
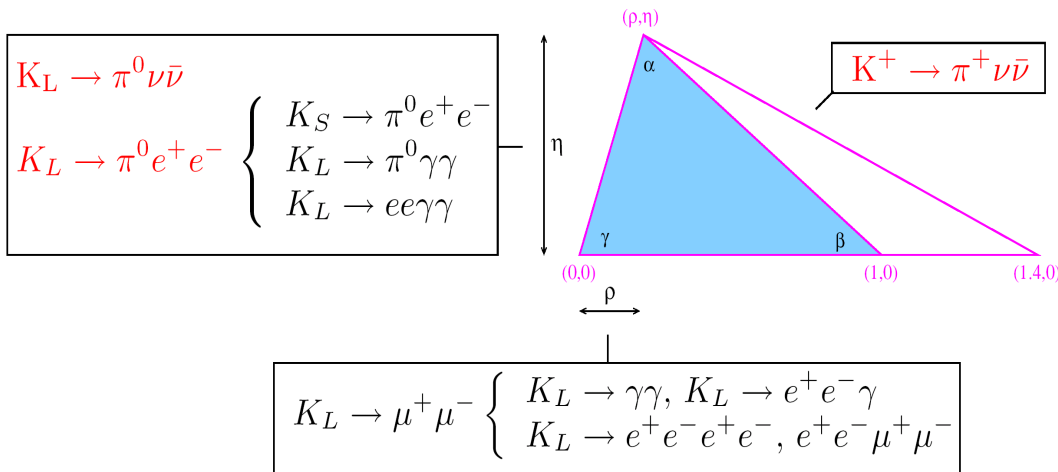
# Pilot Run Conditions



- Duty cycle: 4.8/16.8 s spill
- 5% nominal beam intensity (0.025MHz K-decays)
- 2 weeks dedicated to physics studies

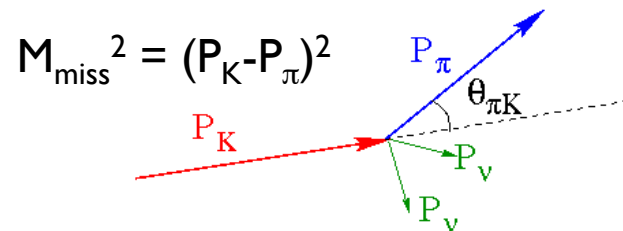
# Connection With Flavour Physics

- Kaon physics can fully constrain CKM unitary triangle
  - Direct  $V_{td}$  measurement
- Comparison with B physics can provide description of NP flavour dynamics



# The Analysis Strategy

- **Signal:**
  - Single Pion in the final state
  
- **Main requirements:**
  - Kaon-Pion timing and spatal matching
  - $P_\pi < 35 \text{ GeV}/c$
  
- **Background suppression factors:**
  - Kinematics  $O(10^4\text{-}10^5)$
  - Charged Particle ID  $O(10^7)$
  - $\gamma$  detection  $O(10^8)$
  - Timing  $O(10^2)$



<i>K decay background</i>	<i>BR</i>
$K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$	0.6355
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$	0.2066
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	0.0559
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	0.0176
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ \nu$	0.0507
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 \mu^+ \nu$	0.0335
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \epsilon^+ \nu$	$4.257 \times 10^{-5}$

~92% ~8%