



Self-healing percolation

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Summary

- Self Healing Networks
- Cavity Method
- Self Healing Percolation
- Perspectives







Self Healing Networks





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IEEE test feeder (US, medium voltage)









Self-healing Networks







(a) Initial configuration

(b) Link failure

(C) Recovered Network

- Inspired by real distribution networks
- Routing Algorithms for Smart Networks

Self-Healing Networks: Redundancy and Structure PLoS ONE 9 (2), e87986







Cavity Method





k



Message Passing & Cavity Equations

Self consistent equation set for:



- up_{ik} probability of being connected when father k fails
- $redund_{il}$ probability of being connected when neighbour l fails







Simulations & theory



r recoveries – f failures – FoS fraction of served nodes

Self-consistent equations for messages running on the edges of the tree and on redundant edges







Corrections to the Cavity Method



- Blackouts
- Decrease of the FoS







Self-healing Percolation







Self-Healing percolation



World topology

Spanning tree

Redundant links

- Failures happen only on the SPANNING TREE
- Percolation = Survived links + redundant links









Given the failure of a fraction **f** of links, which fraction **r** of redundant links is needed to keep most of the system connected (existence of a *giant component*) ?

SIF 2015





Topology of the distribution tree





For random nets:

- Chain is the most fragile
- Star is the most robust







Self-healing for planar lattices









Optimal trees on SQ lattice











Failure-recovery dual mapping









Conclusions

distribution networks have often built-in redundancies;
"smartness" can be introduced and accomplished customizing
"on the market" routing protocols

smartness = stat-mech + distributed algorithms ?

- Self-healing as a message passing problem
- Self-healing as a percolation problem

much yet to do !!!

- optimising the topology
- optimising the redundancies
- considering fluxes
- multiple/competing sources

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