

STUDY OF THE ENERGY RESOLUTION FOR DIFFERENT MATERIALS

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Work made & in progress

Dependence of the energy resolution from:

- **GAP** (proton @1TeV: CsI , BGO)
- **MATERIAL** (proton @1TeV: CsI , BGO , BaF₂ , YAP , LYSO)
- **ENERGY** (proton @ 1, 10, 10², 10³ TeV: CsI, BGO)

	CsI:TI	BGO	BaF₂	YAP:Yb	LYSO:Ce
density (g/cm ³)	4,53	7,13	4,89	5,50	7,40
interaction lenght (cm)	39,90	22,80	30,50	21,78	20,90
interaction lenght (g/cm ²)	180,75	162,56	149,15	119,79	154,66
radiation lenght (cm)	1,85	1,12	2,03	2,69	1,17
radiation lenght (g/cm ²)	8,39	7,97	9,91	14,81	8,67
R _M (cm)	3,53	2,26	3,12	2,40	2,07
Light Yield (p.e./MeV)	5,4E+04	8,0E+03	1,0E+04	1,8E+04	3,0E+04
refractive index	1,79	2,15	1,47	1,95	1,82
Cube side (cm)	3,60	2,30	3,20	2,40	2,10
Gap (cm)	0,30	0,19	0,27	0,20	0,18
Nside	20	27	22	28	30
Calorimeter side (cm)	78,00	67,23	76,34	72,80	68,40
Total interaction lenght (λ_I)	1,80	2,72	2,31	3,09	3,01
Total radiation lenght (X_0)	38,88	55,54	34,73	24,96	53,75
Nominal GF (m ² sr)	11,47	8,52	10,99	9,99	8,82

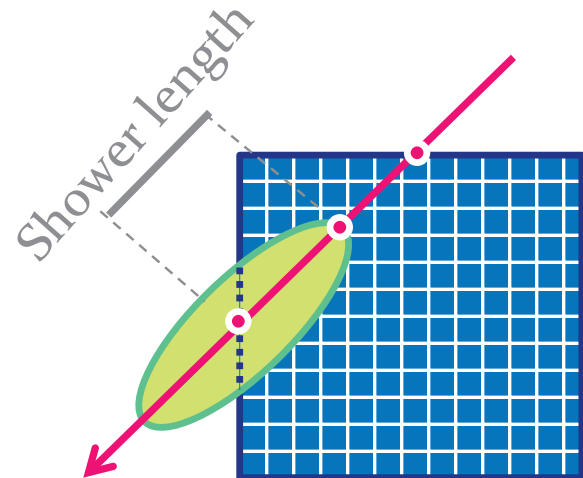
MC Simulations - FLUKA based

- Number of crystals → Mass limit **2 ton**
(mechanical structure included, Carbon fiber 1.8 g/cm³)
- Gap dependence → mechanical structure mass constant
- Material dependence → Gap/CubeSide constant
- Simulated particles: **protons** 1TeV → 1PeV
(isotropic generation on the top surface)

Data Analysis

- **20000 Ev** sample
- **1st cut:** non interacting (number of sensors & shower threshold)
- **2nd cut:** maximum point containment
- **3rd cut:** longitudinal containment (shower length)
(fixed efficiency: 100%, 75%, 50%, 25%)

N.B.: light collection (80%) and quantum efficiency of PD (68%) are taken into account

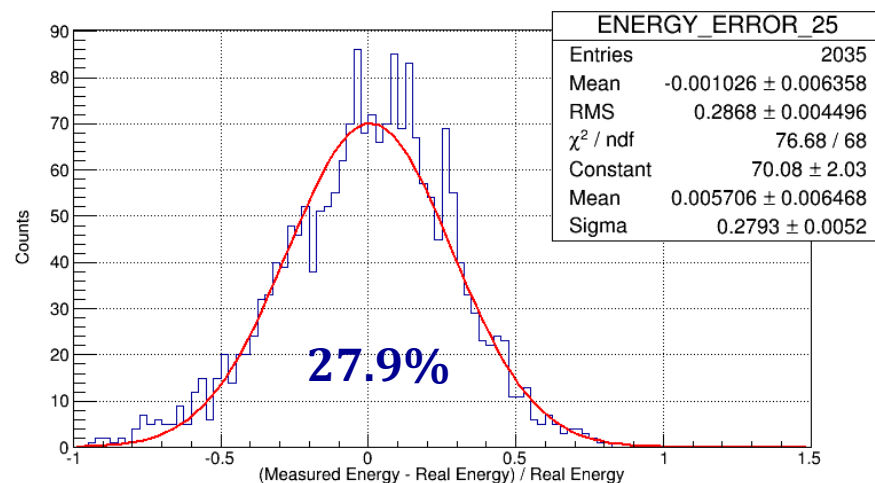
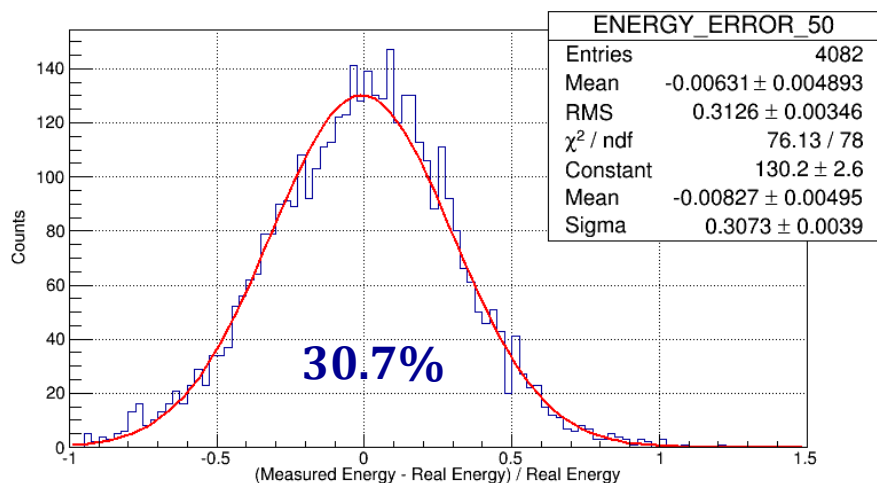
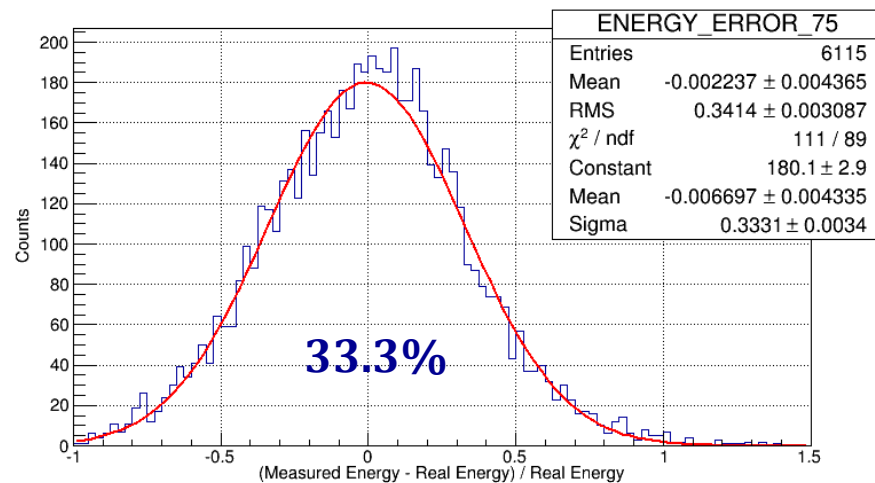
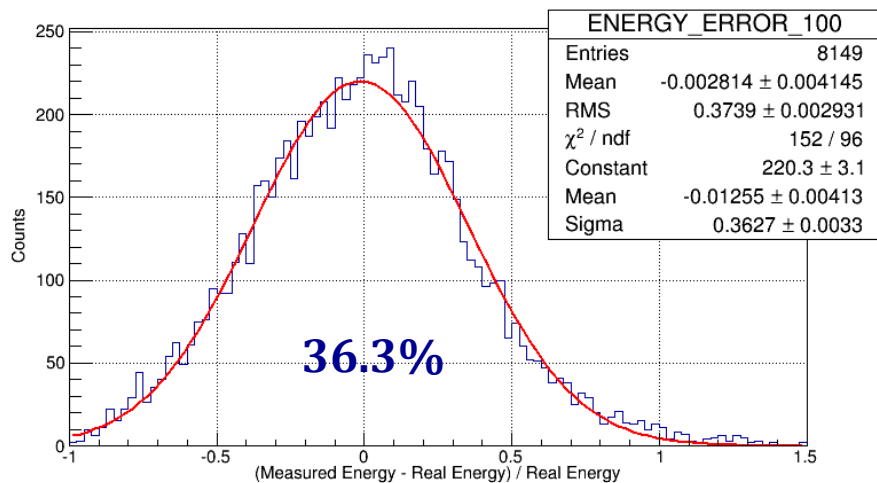


GAP DEPENDENCE

RESULTS

GAP dependence - Proton @1TeV Csl

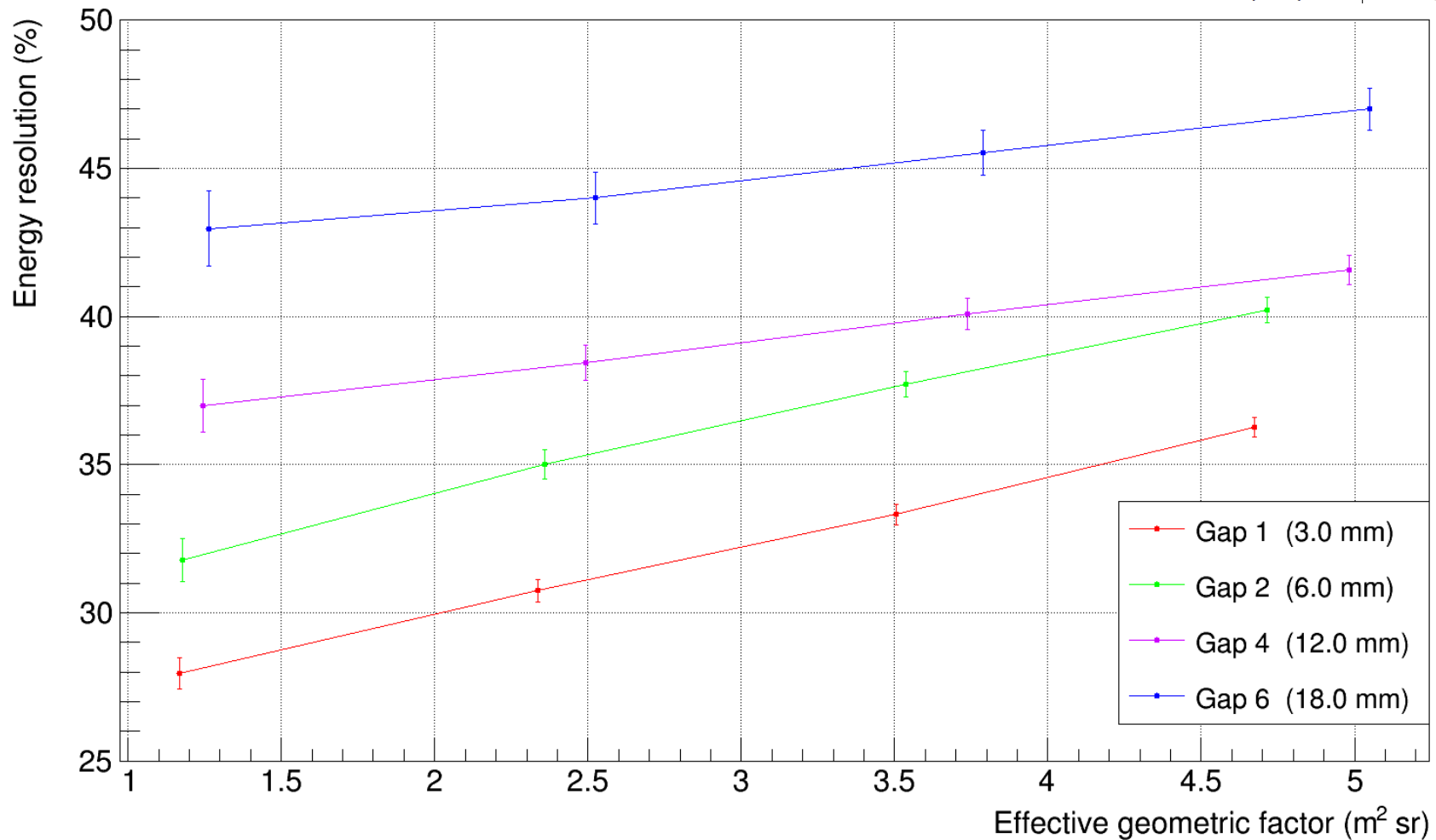
GAP 1 - 3.0 mm



GAP dependence

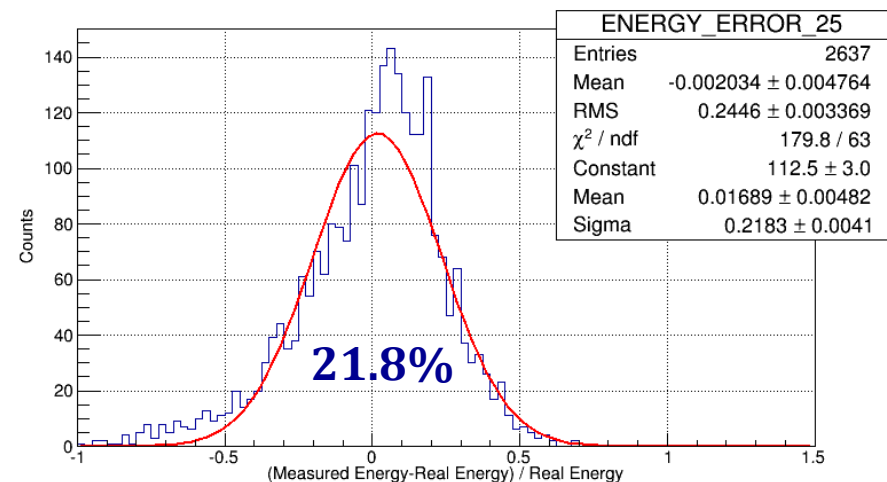
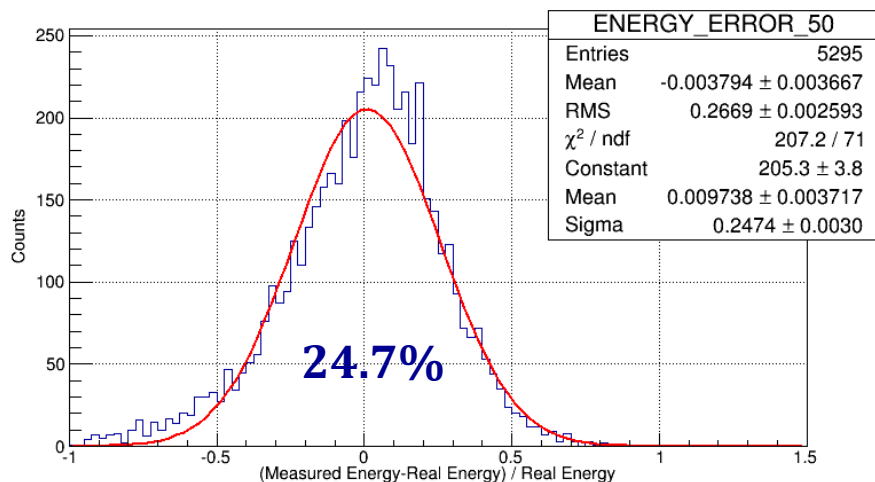
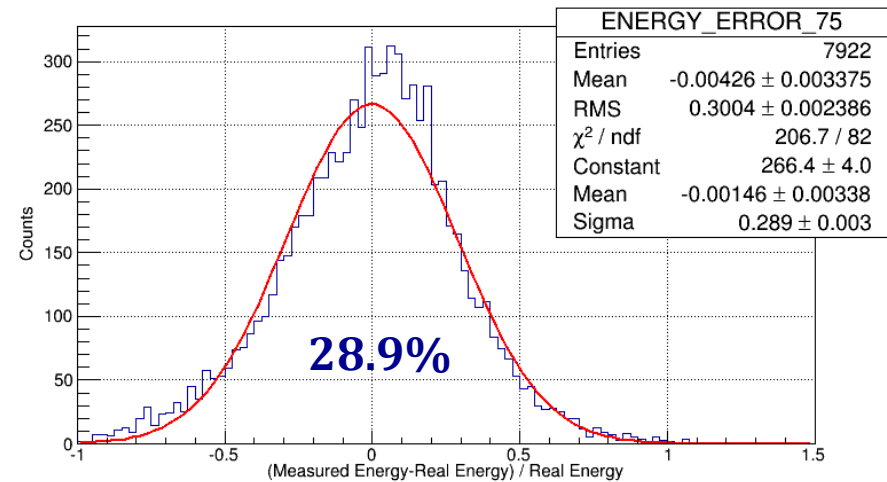
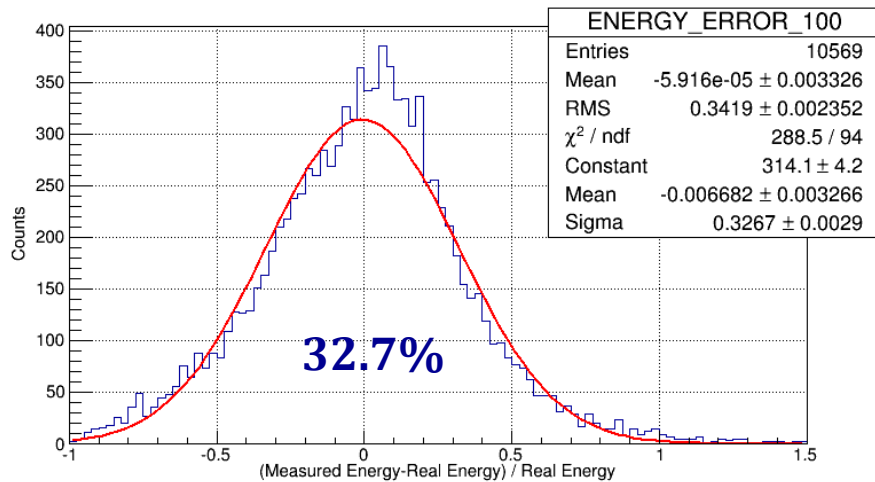
Cube side (cm)	3,60
Gap (cm)	0,30
Nside	20
Calorimeter side (cm)	78,00
Total interaction length (λ_i)	1,80
Total radiation length (X_0)	38,88
Nominal GF ($m^2 sr$)	11,47

Proton 1 TeV CsI



GAP dependence - Proton @1TeV BGO

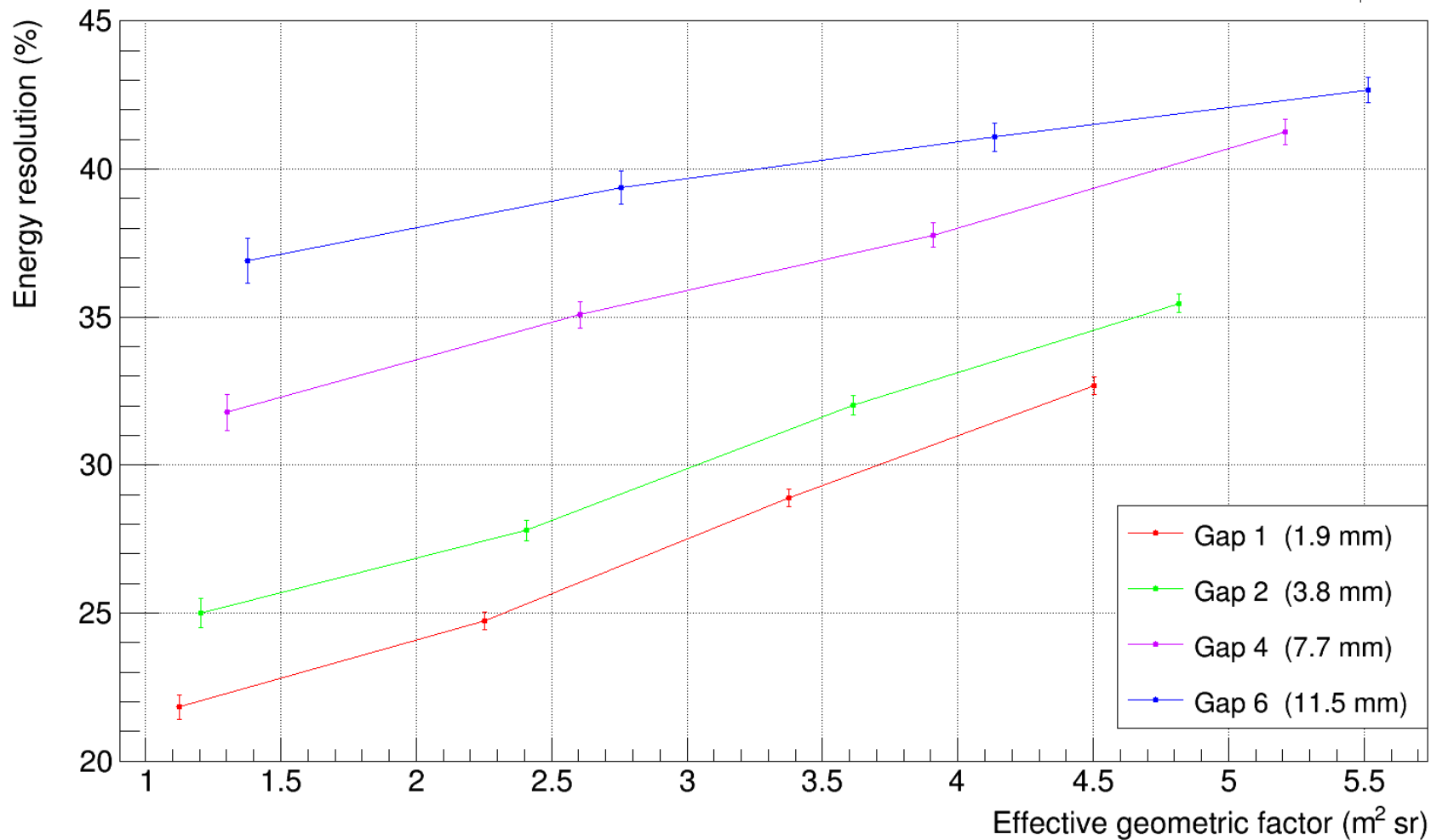
GAP 1 - 1.9 mm



GAP dependence

Cube side (cm)	2,30
Gap (cm)	0,19
Nside	27
Calorimeter side (cm)	67,23
Total interaction length (λ_i)	2,72
Total radiation length (X_0)	55,54
Nominal GF ($m^2 sr$)	8,52

Proton 1 TeV BGO



GAP dependence - Conclusions

The energy resolution is worse with increasing gap.

Gap as small as possible!

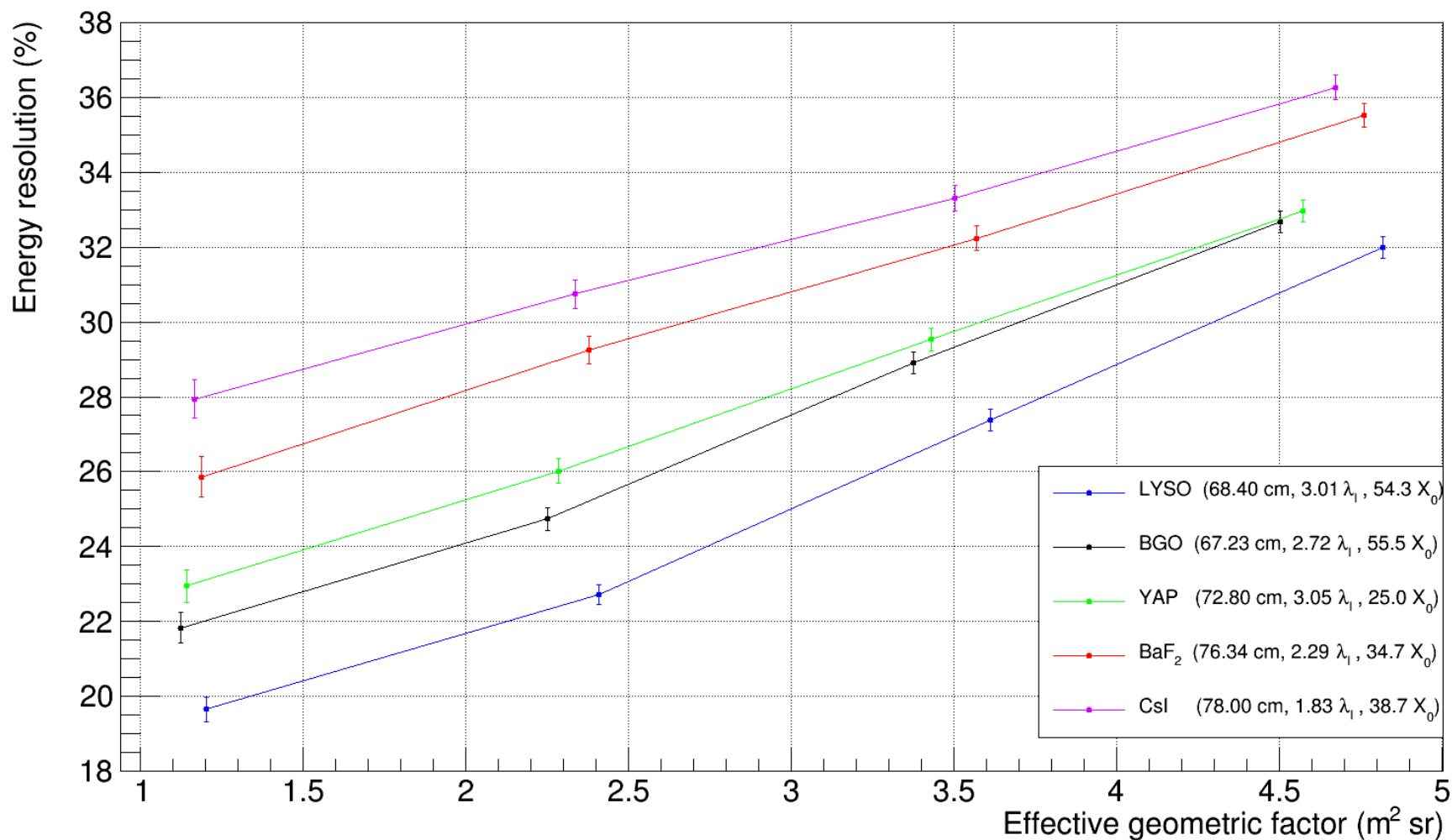
(consistent with mechanical requirements)

MATERIAL DEPENDENCE

RESULTS

MATERIAL dependence - Proton @1TeV

GAP 1



MATERIAL dependence - Conclusions

LYSO is the best ... but it is radioactive!

High density materials are, in general, better.

Which is the minimum energy resolution required to identify the “knee” in the cosmic rays spectrum?

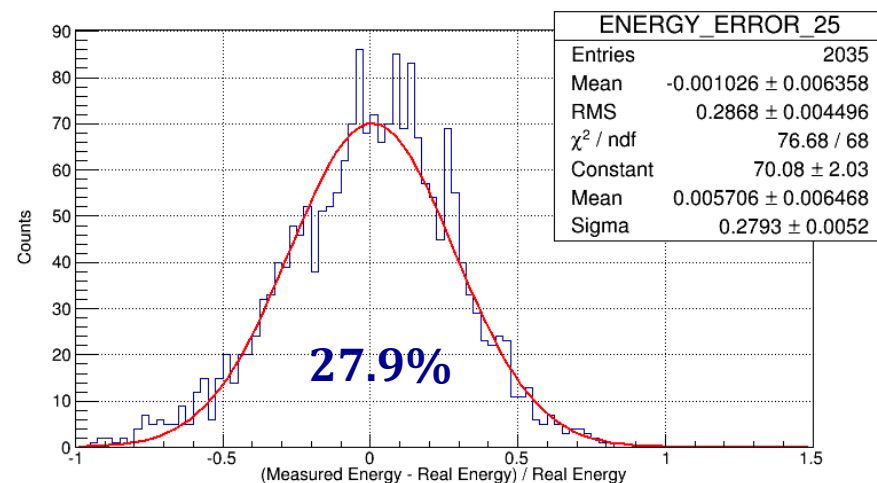
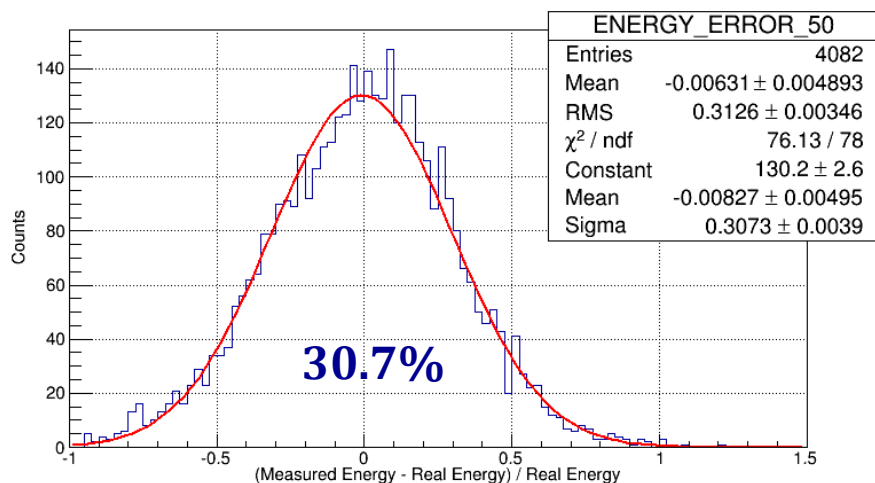
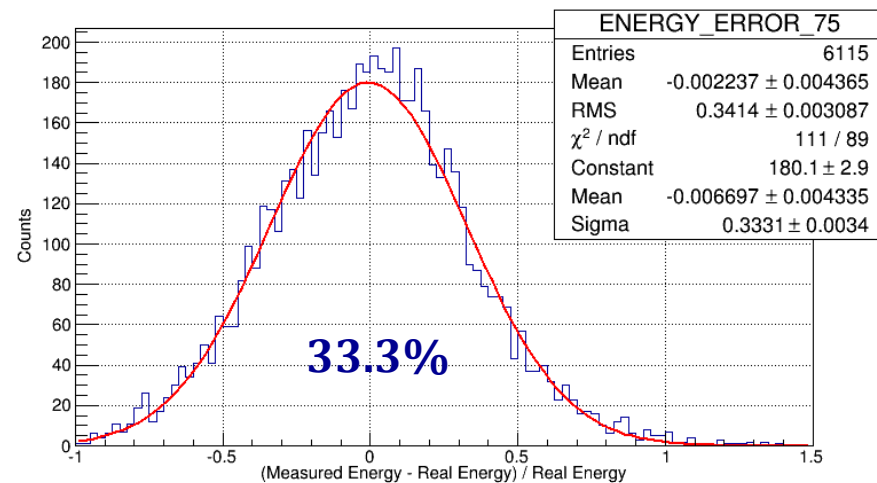
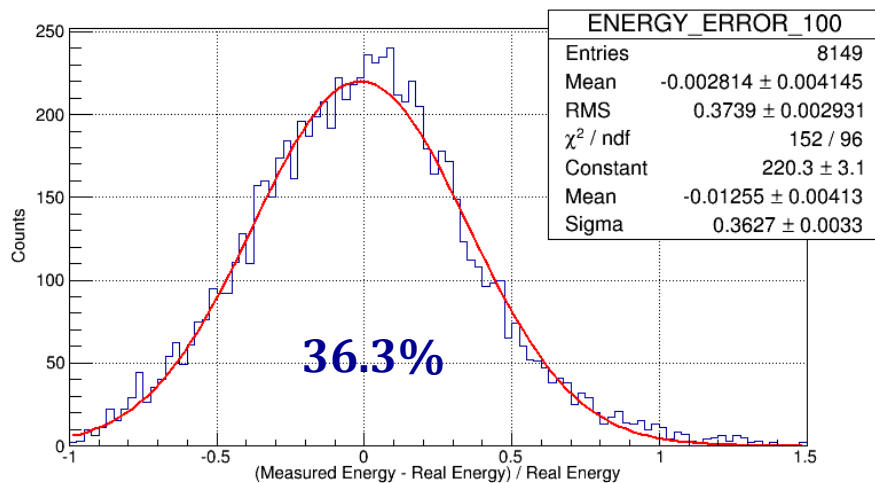
Maybe CsI has a sufficient energy resolution...

ENERGY DEPENDENCE

RESULTS

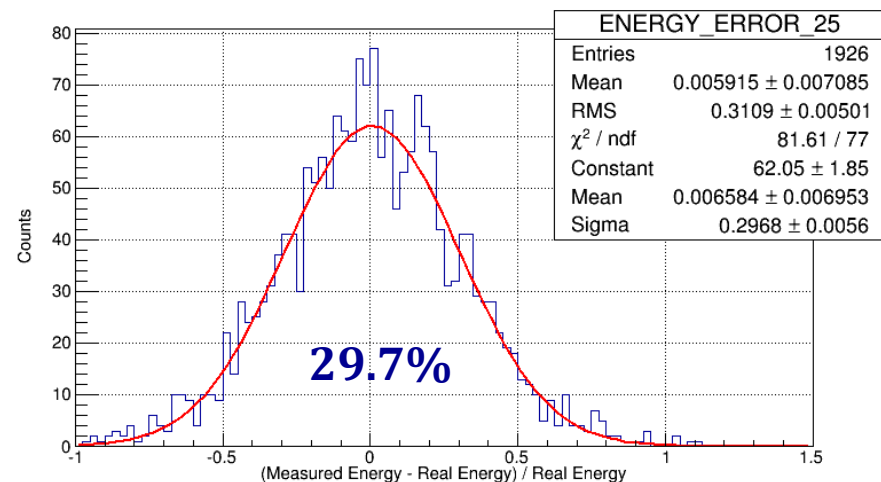
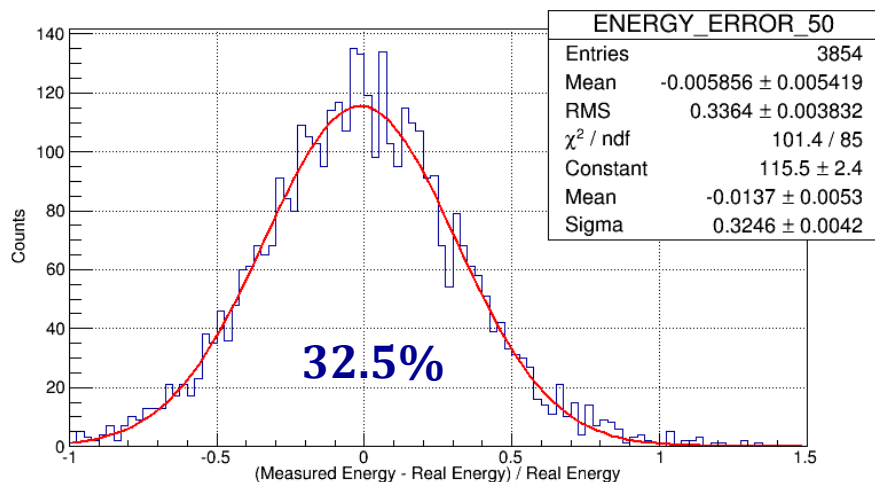
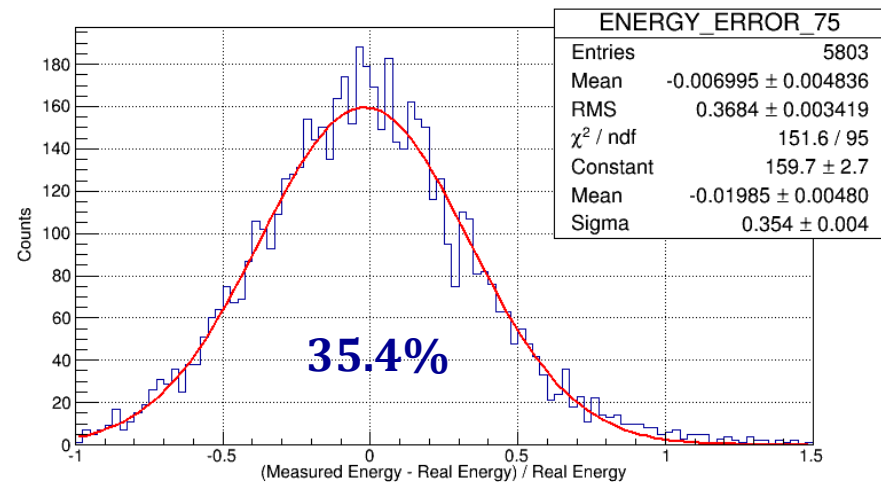
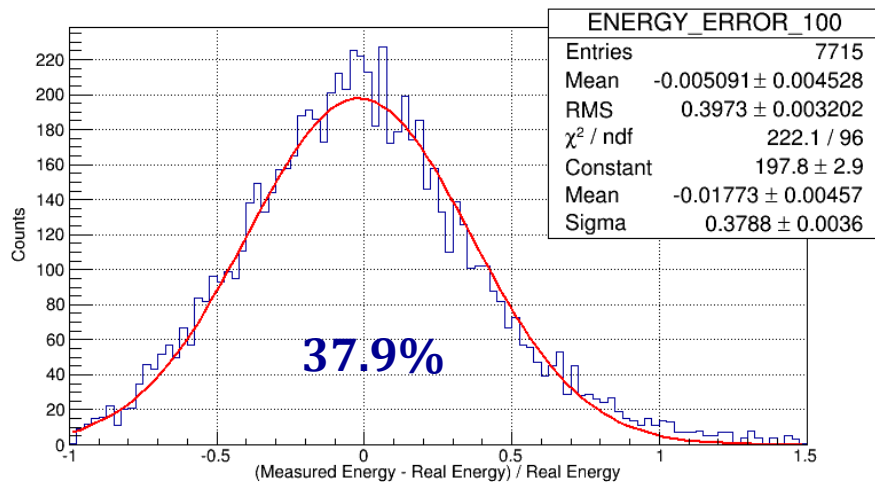
ENERGY dependence - Proton @1TeV Csl

GAP 1



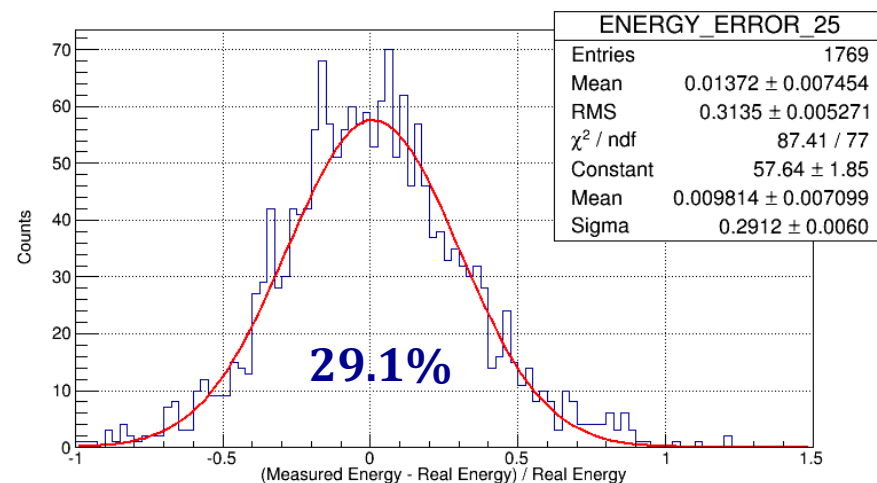
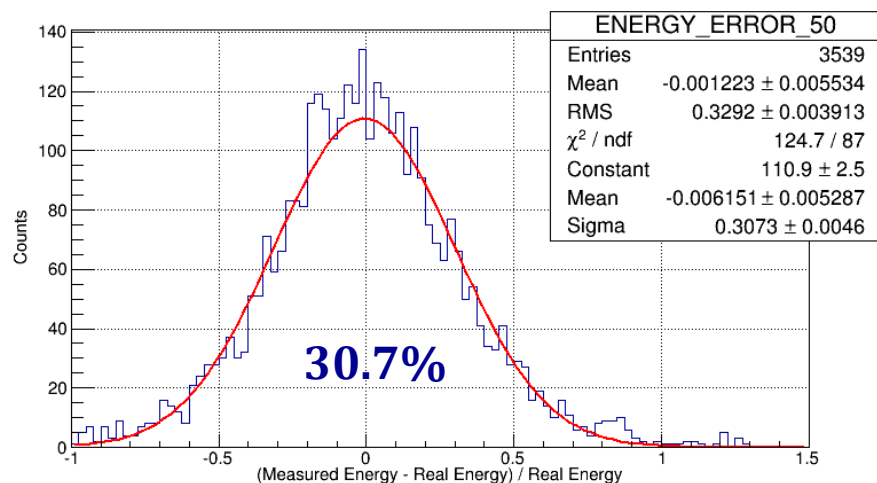
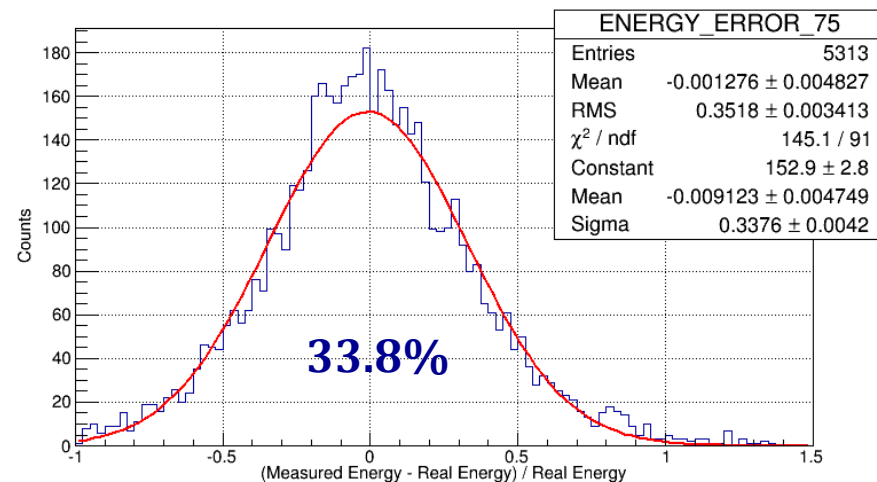
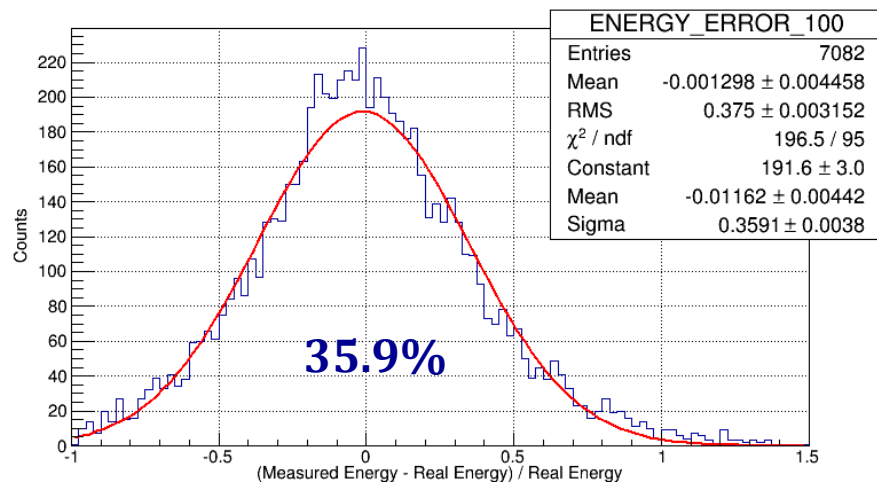
ENERGY dependence - Proton @10TeV Csl

GAP 1

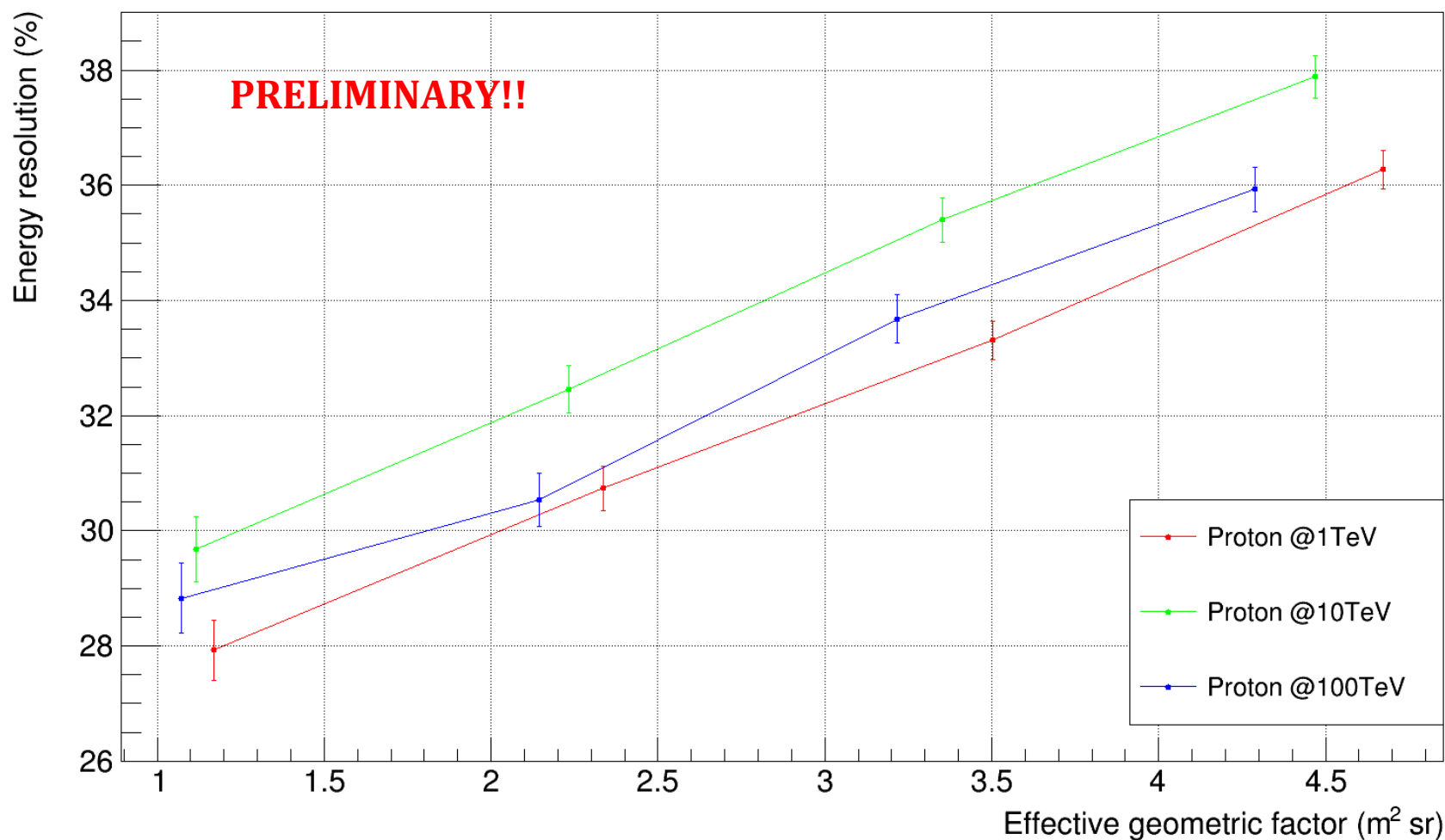


ENERGY dependence - Proton @100TeV Csl

GAP 1



ENERGY dependence - Proton CsI (20x20x20 GAP 1)





Correction with Shower Length

