#### Upgrade of the CMS Muon System with Triple-GEM Detectors



#### **B. Dorney** On behalf of the CMS Collaboration

### CMS Trigger and Original Muon System Design



- Redundant muon system
  - Drift tubes (DT); |η| < 1.2</li>
  - Resistive plate chambers (RPC);
    |η| < 1.6</li>
  - Cathode strip chambers (CSC);
    1.0 < |η| < 2.4</li>
- Original RPC's coverage planned to extend to entire CSC range
  - Un-instrumented due to rate capability concerns
- Only CSC system provides muon information beyond |η| > 1.6



- Two part trigger system
  - Hardware: Level 1 (L1) R≈100kHz
  - Software: High-level-trigger (HLT) R≈1kHz

#### Brian L. Dorney

# CMS GE1/1 System

۲ (m)

5

2

MPGD 2015

- GEM technology
- 36 superchambers per CMS endcap
  - Two detectors per superchamber
  - Spanning 10° in φ
  - Detectors per endcap: 72
- Maximum η coverage
   1.6 < |η| < 2.2</li>
- Additional wheels planned for Phase II Upgrade
  - GE2/1 and ME0
  - Not covered in this talk





#### Brian L. Dorney

### **Original Muon System Limitations**

- Cannot measure muon direction at trigger level
  - i.e. bending angle
  - Low magnetic field
  - Small lever arm (11cm)



ĆÉRN

CMS Collaboration, CERN-LHCC-2015-012, CMS-TDR-013

- Challenge to distinguish between low and high transverse momentum  $\mathbf{p}_{\mathsf{T}}$  muons
  - Scattering in iron return yoke

# GE1/1 Improvements

- Improves muon p<sub>T</sub> measurement
- Allows measurement of muon bending angle at trigger level





CERN

 Overall reduction in L1 trigger rate

# GE1/1 Detector Design





CMS Collaboration, CERN-LHCC-2015-012, CMS-TDR-013





- Size: 1-1.2 × 0.22-0.45 cm<sup>2</sup>
- Single-mask GEM foil × 3
- Gap configuration: 3/1/2/1 mm
- Readout sectors 3 × 8 in φη-plane
- Total channel count: 3072
- Passive resistive divider
  - All fields change *simultaneously*
- Final gas mixture still under study



MPGD 2015

## GE1/1 Detector Performance 1



- Effective gain constant up to 1e5 kHz/cm<sup>2</sup>
  - CMS only requires 10 kHz/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Discharge probability P<sub>D</sub> measured to be 10<sup>-3</sup> to 10<sup>-5</sup>
- Effective gain in CMS is 5 × 10<sup>3</sup>; extrapolating gives P<sub>D</sub> = 9×10<sup>-10</sup>





### GE1/1 Detector Performance 2

- **Test beam measurements** conduction at CERN and Fermilab
- **Detection efficiency** ≈98%
- **Excellent time and spatial** resolutions





ERN

Entries

### **GEM Electronics**





Brian L. Dorney

MPGD 2015

#### Front-End Electronics: VFAT3

- Successor to VFAT2
- Tracking & trigger data
  - Fixed latency trigger bits
  - Full granularity of track data after receipt of level 1 accept (input trigger)
- Improvements with respect to VFAT2
  - Increased S/N ratio due to programmable shaping time

VFAT3

ADC

Shaper

×128 channels

Preamp

CBM Unit (Calibration, Bias &

Monitorina)

- Decreased time walk via CFD
- Increased L1 latency to beyond 12.5  $\mu$ s (up from 6.5  $\mu$ s)
- Communication @ 320 Mbps; 8 × VFAT2 rate!
- Increased granularity at trigger level (8 × S-bits as VFAT2)



SRAM2

SRAM1

Control Logic + Data Formatter

**Trigger path** 

Unit

Comm

Port

### Front-End Electronics: Optohybrid (OH)

- Xilinx Virtex 6 FPGA
- Two bidirectional optical link
  - Slow control signals
  - Tracking & trigger packets to back-end electronics



- One unidirectional optical link
  - Fixed latency trigger packets to CSC trigger motherboard for combined CSC-GEM L1 trigger



### Front-End Electronics: GEM Electronics Board (GEB)

- Six layer PCB; 1mm thick
- Tight space requirements in GE1/1 envelope
  - No room for cable routing to each VFAT
- GEB provides:
  - Power to VFATs
  - Signal routing between VFAT3's and optohybrid





#### Back-End Electronics: µTCA Architecture

- MicroTCA carrier hub (MCH) for comm. and slow control
- Custom MCH: AMC13
  - Link with CMS central DAQ
  - Provides trigger timing & control signals down link
- MP7 Advanced Mezzanine Card
  - Xilinx Virtex 7 FPGA
  - Each card provides 72 optical transceivers and receivers operating above 10 Gbps
  - Eight cards in 1  $\mu$ TCA crate needed to readout entire GE1/1 system





### GE1/1 Performance: Trigger Efficiency



 ME1/1 Level-1 trigger motherboard builds "local charged track" stubs
 – Uses GE1/1 & ME1/1 CSC hits
 ME1/1 transition 0.6



- Improvement on stub reconstruction over full GE1/1 |η| coverage observed
  - Added redundancy of GE1/1 system also removes dip in efficiency at ME1/1 transition region
- Recall L1 trigger rate is also significantly reduced!

### GE1/1 Performance: Muon Reconstruction – Efficiency

- Standalone muons
  - Muons reconstructed with only the muon system
- Standalone muon efficiency is improved with addition of GE1/1
- Pessimistic scenario of loss of ME1/1 system due to aging was studied
  - Significant recovery in performance from added redundancy of GE1/1 system is observed



CERN

### GE1/1 Performance: Muon Reconstruction – Fake Rate

- Fake rate (aka misidentification probability) caused by:
  - Charged hadrons transiting calorimeters into muon system
  - Decays in flight of kaons, pions, etc...
- Pessimistic scenario of loss of ME1/1 system due to aging was studied
  - Reduction in standalone muon fake rate observed due to added redundancy of GE1/1 system is observed



CERN

# GE1/1 Slice Test



- During 2016-2017 year end technical stop of LHC we will install a 40° wedge of GE1/1 in CMS
- Invaluable operations experience before full installation in LS2

• Finally experience real collision data!



## Further Details This Week...



#### • Jeremie Merlin's talk:

- "Aging and outgassing studies for GEM detectors in the LHC high-rate environment"
- Michael Tytgat's poster:
  - "Quality Control for the first large areas of triple GEM chambers for the CMS endcaps"

#### • Archie Sharma's poster:

- "Simulation of the CMS GEM System"
- Marek Gruchala's poster:
  - "Charge particle detection performance of large area triple-GEM detectors for the forward muon upgrade of the CMS detector"

#### Luigi Benussi's two posters:

- "A novel application of Fiber Bragg Grating (FBG) sensors in MPGD"
- "Characterization of GEM foils and materials: simulation, measurements and interferometric monitoring tools"

#### • Waqar Ahmed's poster:

 "Status of the electronics & DAQ for the Triple-GEM project for the upgrade of the CMS forward muon spectrometer"

#### Giovanna Saviano's poster:

"Candidate eco-friendly gas mixture for MPGDs"

## Summary



- GE1/1 is a mature upgrade for the forward muon system of CMS
- GE1/1 will maintain, and extend, the current reach of the CMS physics program
- We will install a 40° wedge of GE1/1 in CMS within the next 14 months
- And with the approval of the LHCC and the CERN Research Board we are go for installation in LS2!!!



### BACK – UP

# CMS GE1/1 System

CERN

- GEM technology
- 36 superchambers per CMS endcap
  - Two detectors per superchamber
  - Spanning 10° in φ
  - Detectors per endcap: 72
- Maximum η coverage
  - 1.6 < |η| < 2.2
- Additional wheels planned for Phase II Upgrade
  - GE2/1 and ME0
  - Not covered in this talk



