

Phenomenology: Introduction and News

Sven Heinemeyer, IFCA (CSIC, Santander)

Pisa, 02/2015

Phenomenology studies

The phenomenological studies are coordinated by John Ellis and Christophe Grojean, and are organized in five working groups:

- Working Group 1: QCD and $\gamma\gamma$ physics (joint exp/th). Convener: Peter Skands [✉](#)
- Working Group 2: Precision EW calculations. Convener: Sven Heinemeyer [✉](#)
- Working Group 3: Flavour physics (joint exp/th). Convener: Jernej Kamenik [✉](#)
- Working Group 4: Model building and new physics. Convener: Andreas Weiler [✉](#)
- Working Group 5: Global analysis, combination, complementarity. Convener: John Ellis [✉](#)

⇒ concentrate on WG 2 ...

Experimental situation:

LHC/ILC/FCC-ee/... will provide (high!) accuracy measurements!

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(in various models: SM, MSSM, ...)

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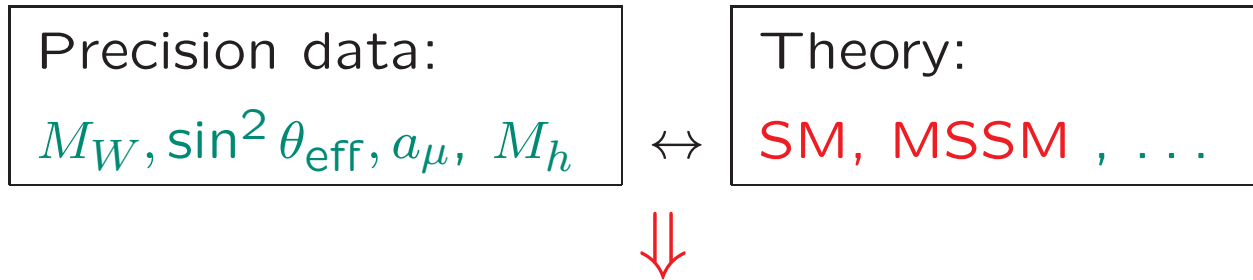
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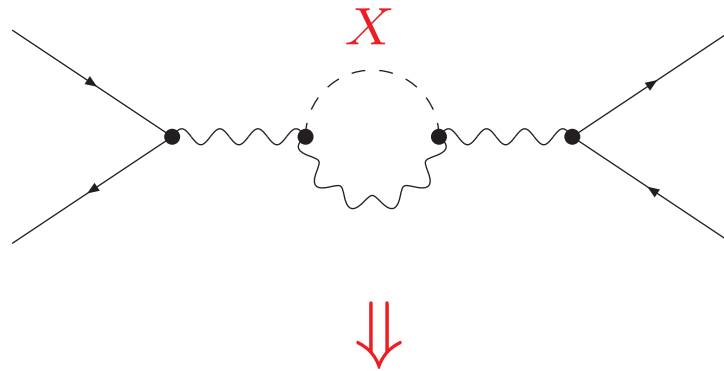
Theoretical calculations should be viewed as
an essential part of all (current and future)
High Energy Physics programs

General idea: Precision Observables

Comparison of observables with theory:



Test of theory at quantum level: Sensitivity to loop corrections, e.g. X



SM: limits on M_H , BSM: limits on M_X

Very high accuracy of measurements and theoretical predictions needed
 \Rightarrow only models “ready” so far: SM, MSSM

WG 2: Precision EW calculations (I)

Theory predictions: assessment of uncertainties, and how to improve on

1) Electroweak precision observables

- W boson mass, M_W
- effective weak leptonic mixing angle, $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}$
- partial and total Z boson widths
- ...

2) Higgs observables

- Higgs boson mass, M_h (in BSM models)
- Production cross sections ???
- branching ratios ???
- ...

??? : still not clear who takes care

WG 2: Precision EW calculations (II)

Theory predictions: assessment of uncertainties, and how to improve in

- **SM** : obviously . . .
- **MSSM** : taken as showcase, gives approximations for missing corrections in other SUSY models

Models to be kept in mind, but without detailed investigation:

- SM + Higgs singlet
- 2HDM(s)
- NMSSM + other extensions
- . . .

⇒ coordination with “Model building and New Physics” subgroup!

⇒ check with LHCHSWG SWG3 ?!

WG 2: Precision EW calculations (II)

Theory predictions: assessment of uncertainties, and how to improve in

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WG 2: Precision EW calculations (III)

Another model to be investigated:

SM + dim 6 Ops.

→ “extreme case” with all new physics scales heavy

– evaluate EWPO

– which dim 6 Ops. are relevant wrt. future precision?

⇒ more in Ayres' talk

General idea to match the experimental uncertainties:

Evaluate intrinsic uncertainties

Evaluate parametric uncertainties

Intrinsic and parametric uncertainties added **linearly** or in **quadrature**?

- analyze various sources of missing higher-order corrections
- analyze them depending on where you are in the parameter space
- based on **implemented/coded** corrections rather than on theoretically available calculations ??
 - ⇒ at least take **consistency of various calculations** into account!

⇒ **Observable by observable**

Compare to anticipated experimental accuracy

⇒ **Physics gain ?**

(“zero uncertainties” as limit ??)

Higgs observables

1. Higgs boson masses in BSM models
→ MSSM is prime example (and show case)
⇒ KUTS will take care?!
2. Higgs boson production cross sections
(concentrate on H_{125} ?!)
3. Higgs boson branching ratios
(concentrate on H_{125} ?!)
⇒ LHCHSWG BR subgroup will take care?!
4. What is needed for tripple (or quartic??) Higgs coupling?
5. ???

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⇒ Theory prediction must be improved
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⇒ dedicated working group has been formed to take care ... (KUTS)

Katharsis of Ultimate Theory Standards

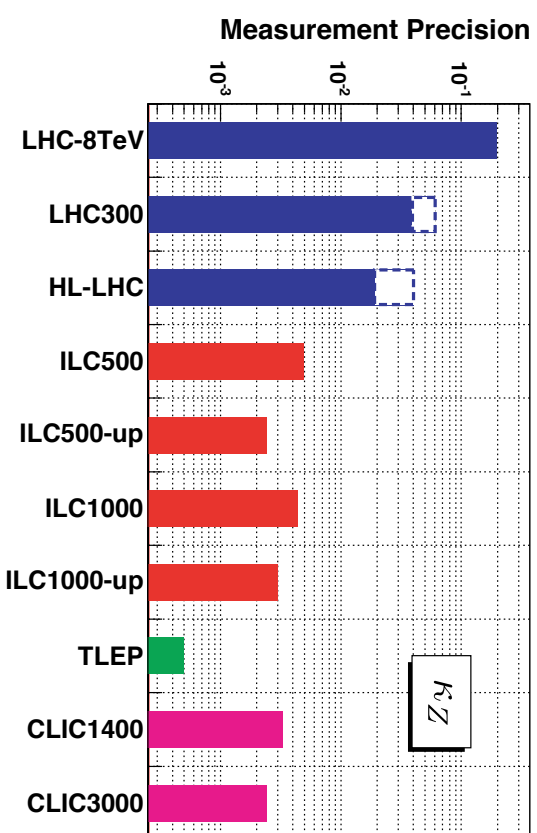
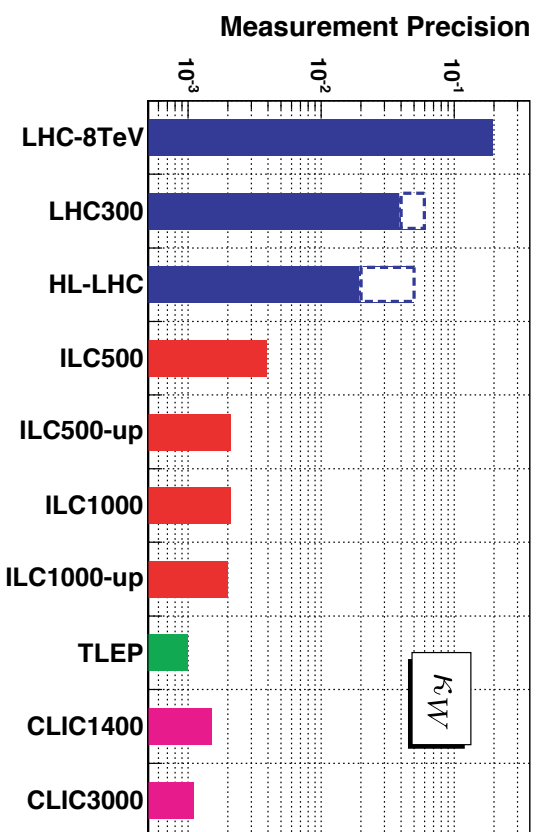
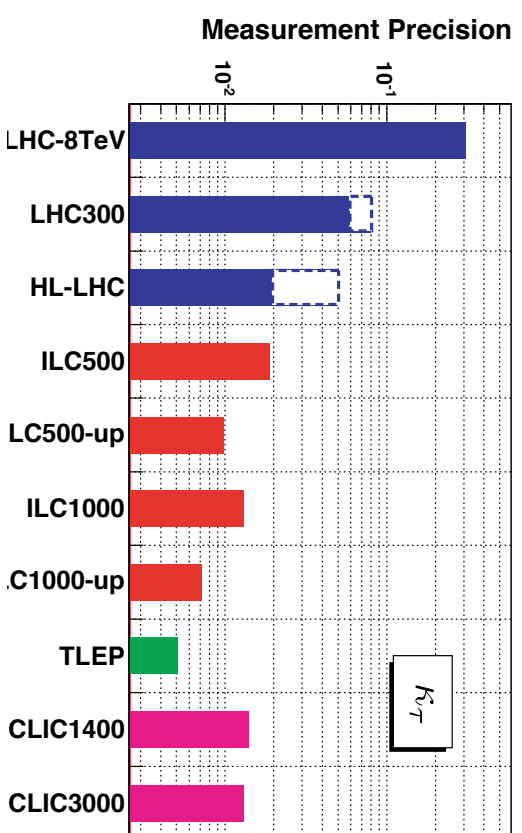
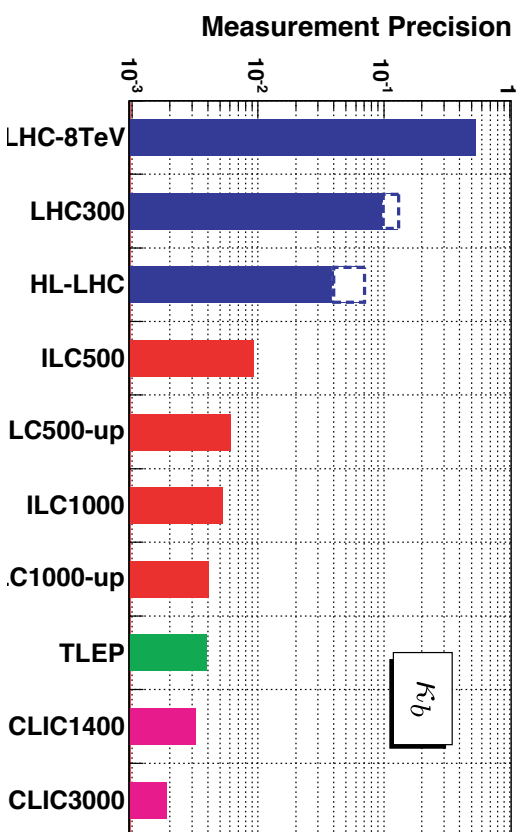
3rd meeting: May 18-20, 2015 LPTHE (Paris)

Precise Calculation of

(N)

Higgs Boson masses

Organized by:
M. Carena, H. Haber
R. Harlander, S. Heinemeyer
W. Hollik, P. Slavich, G. Weiglein



⇒ can the sub-percent/permille level be matched by theory?

Some specifics on Higgs coupling determination at e^+e^- collider:

recoil method: $e^+e^- \rightarrow ZH, Z \rightarrow e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$

⇒ total measurement of Higgs production cross section

⇒ **NO** additional theoretical assumptions needed for absolute determination of partial widths (disentangle XS and BR!)

⇒ all observable channels can be measured with high accuracy

Cross section calculations:

⇒ SM cross section predictions at the 1% accuracy level

⇒ improvements necessary ... full 2-loop calculations and more ... ?!

Branching ratio calculations:

Current accuracy: at the “few per-cent” level (depending on channel)

⇒ improvements necessary ... LHCHXWSG BR subgroup ... ?!

Future Plans for uncertainty evaluation (all observables):

⇒ more in Ayres' talk!

Options for the evaluation of the parametric uncertainties:

Relevant SM parameters:

$$m_t, \quad m_b(?), \quad \alpha_s, \quad \alpha, \dots ???$$

⇒ model dependent choice ?!

⇒ assessment of future accuracy ?!

Options for the evaluation of intrinsic uncertainties:

1. Take the known contribution at n -loop and $(n - 1)$ -loop and thus estimate the $n + 1$ -loop contribution:

$$\frac{(n + 1)(\text{estimated})}{n(\text{known})} \approx \frac{n(\text{known})}{(n - 1)(\text{known})}$$

⇒ simplified example! Has to be done
“coupling constant by coupling constant”

2. Variation of $\mu^{\overline{\text{DR}}}$ (QCD, EW!)
3. Compare different renormalizations
4. ???

Pheno session is going in the right direction! :-)

14:00 - 15:40

Phenomenology

Fitting the EW/Higgs/TGC precision measurements and sensitivity to new physics, with past and prospective data, in effective field theory and in specific new physics models.

14:00 **Introduction and news** 15'

Speaker: Sven Heinemeyer

14:20 **About projected theory uncertainties** 15'

Speaker: Aryes Freitas

14:40 **Precision observables in the Standard Model: a reexamination** 25'

Speaker: Giuseppe Degrossi (ROMA3)

15:10 **EFT analysis of Higgs and EW data** 25'

Speaker: Yotam Soreq

15:40 - 16:10

Coffee break

16:10 - 18:00

Phenomenology

Fitting the EW/Higgs/TGC precision measurements and sensitivity to new physics, with past and prospective data, in effective field theory and in specific new physics models.

16:10 **1-loop EW constraints on composite Higgs** 15'

Speaker: Matteo Salvarezza

16:30 **Direct and indirect constraints on composite Higgs models** 25'

Speaker: Oleksii Matsedonskyi (P)

17:00 **Exclusive Higgs decays and light quark Yukawa couplings** 25'

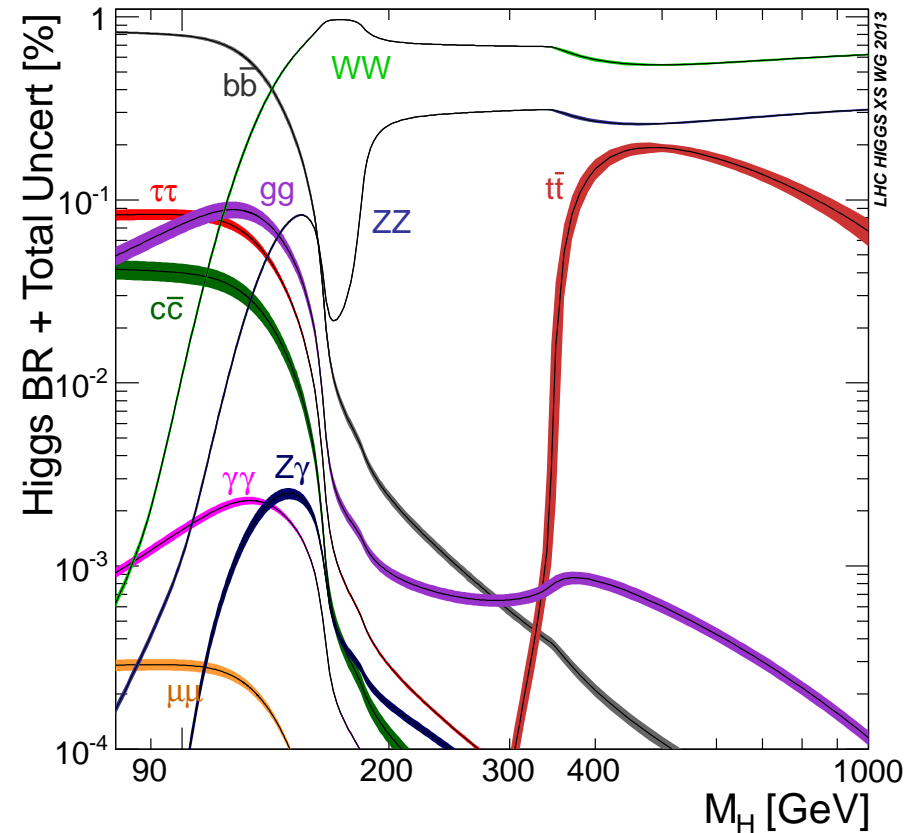
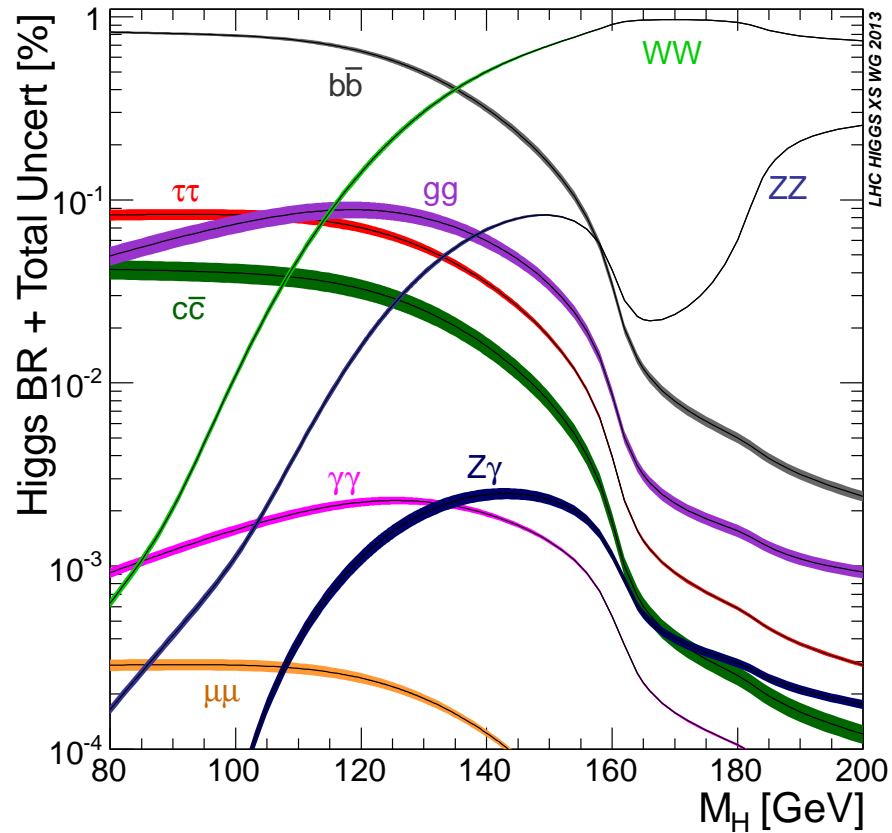
Speaker: Yotam Soreq

17:30 **Sterile Neutrinos at Future Lepton Colliders** 25'

Speaker: Oliver Fischer

Back-up

Latest SM Higgs BR predictions:



Based on **HDECAY** and **Prophecy4f**:

$$\Gamma_H = \Gamma^{HD} - \Gamma_{ZZ}^{HD} - \Gamma_{WW}^{HD} + \Gamma_{4f}^{P4f}$$

1. Parametric Uncertainties: $p \pm \Delta p$

- Evaluate partial widths and BRs with p , $p + \Delta p$, $p - \Delta p$ and take the differences w.r.t. central values
- Upper ($p + \Delta p$) and lower ($p - \Delta p$) uncertainties summed in quadrature to obtain the **Combined Parametric Uncertainty**

2. Theoretical Uncertainties:

- Calculate uncertainty for partial widths and corresponding BRs for each theoretical uncertainty
 - Combine the individual theoretical uncertainties linearly to obtain the **Total Theoretical Uncertainty**
- ⇒ estimate based on “what is included in the codes”!

3. Total Uncertainty:

Linear sum of the **Combined Parametric Uncertainty** and the **Total Theoretical Uncertainties**

Current parametric uncertainties:

Parameter	Central Value	Uncertainty	$m_q(m_q)$
$\alpha_s(M_Z)$	0.119	± 0.002 (90% CL)	
m_c	1.42 GeV	± 0.03 GeV (2σ)	1.28 GeV
m_b	4.49 GeV	± 0.06 GeV (2σ)	4.16 GeV
m_t	172.5 GeV	± 2.5 GeV	165.4 GeV

- m_b, m_c : one-loop pole masses

those masses accidentally show negligible dependence on α_s , so that their variation can be done independently from α_s

- m_b, m_c uncertainties:

[*K. Chetyrkin, J. Kühn, A. Maier, P. Maierhöfer, P. Marquard, M. Steinhauser, C. Sturm [arXiv:0907.2110]*]

⇒ Lattice data much more optimistic ...

⇒ but no consensus, not even in the lattice community ... ?!

Current theoretical uncertainties:

Partial Width	QCD	Electroweak	Total
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}/c\bar{c}$	$\sim 0.1\%$	$\sim 1\text{--}2\%$ for $M_H \lesssim 135$ GeV	$\sim 2\%$
$H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-/\mu^+\mu^-$		$\sim 1\text{--}2\%$ for $M_H \lesssim 135$ GeV	$\sim 2\%$
$H \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	$\lesssim 5\%$	$\lesssim 2\text{--}5\%$ for $M_H < 500$ GeV $\sim 0.1(\frac{M_H}{1\text{TeV}})^4$ for $M_H > 500$ GeV	$\sim 5\%$ $\sim 5\text{--}10\%$
$H \rightarrow gg$	$\sim 3\%$	$\sim 1\%$	$\sim 3\%$
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$< 1\%$	$< 1\%$	$\sim 1\%$
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	$< 1\%$	$\sim 5\%$	$\sim 5\%$
$H \rightarrow WW/ZZ \rightarrow 4f$	$< 0.5\%$	$\sim 0.5\%$ for $M_H < 500$ GeV $\sim 0.17(\frac{M_H}{1\text{TeV}})^4$ for $M_H > 500$ GeV	$\sim 0.5\%$ $\sim 0.5\text{--}15\%$

- QCD corrections: scale change by factor 2 and 1/2
- EW corrections: **UPDATE:** now included in Hdecay
 \Rightarrow re-analysis of intrinsic uncertainties by LHCHSWG-BR!
- Different uncertainties on a given channel added linearly
- \Rightarrow Strong improvement in ~ 20 years possible, but ...
 ... they have to be consistently implemented into codes!
- \Rightarrow intrinsic uncertainty can/will be sufficiently under control?!

Channel	Γ [MeV]	$\Delta\alpha_s$	Δm_b	Δm_c	Δm_t	THU
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	2.36	-2.3% +2.3%	+3.3% -3.2%	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	+2.0% -2.0%
$H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	$2.59 \cdot 10^{-1}$	+0.0% +0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.1% -0.1%	+2.0% -2.0%
$H \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	$8.99 \cdot 10^{-4}$	+0.0% +0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	-0.1% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.1%	+2.0% -2.0%
$H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	$1.19 \cdot 10^{-1}$	-7.1% +7.0%	-0.1% -0.1%	+6.2% -6.1%	+0.0% -0.1%	+2.0% -2.0%
$H \rightarrow gg$	$3.57 \cdot 10^{-1}$	+4.2% -4.1%	-0.1% -0.1%	+0.0% -0.0%	-0.2% +0.2%	+3.0% -3.0%
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$9.59 \cdot 10^{-3}$	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	+1.0% -1.0%
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	$6.84 \cdot 10^{-3}$	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.1%	+0.0% -0.1%	+5.0% -5.0%
$H \rightarrow WW^*$	$9.73 \cdot 10^{-1}$	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.5% -0.5%
$H \rightarrow ZZ^*$	$1.22 \cdot 10^{-1}$	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.0% -0.0%	+0.5% -0.5%

Data available for $M_H = 122$ GeV, 126 GeV, 130 GeV

⇒ used for ATLAS and CMS evaluations

Future theory uncertainties?

Parametric uncertainties:

- largely driven by $\delta m_b \Rightarrow$ improvement unclear (to me)
lattice community does not seem to agree
- some improvement in α_s possible

Intrinsic uncertainties:

$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}, H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$: **UPDATE:** EW corrections are included
(were known at 1L for long time)

$H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-, H \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$: **UPDATE:** EW corrections are included
(were known at 1L for long time)

$H \rightarrow gg$: improvement difficult

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: already very precise ...

$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$: EW corrections could help (also known!) ...

$H \rightarrow WW^*, H \rightarrow ZZ^*$: already very precise, two-loop corrections unclear

\Rightarrow intrinsic uncertainty can/will be sufficiently under control?!

Optimistic(?!) lattice expectations for the future:

Input Parameters

Lepage, Mackenzie, Peskin [arXiv:1404.0319]

- How well can the **Higgs BRs** be predicted **in the future?**
- **Limitation** due to **parametric errors?**
- use **lattice** gauge theory **to improve** α_s , m_b , and m_c
(e.g. using current-current correlators)
(stated errors already now quite small)
- **optimistic projection** for lattice improvements:

	$\delta m_b(10)$	$\delta \alpha_s(m_Z)$	$\delta m_c(3)$	δ_b	δ_c	δ_g	
current errors [10]	0.70	0.63	0.61	0.77	0.89	0.78	
+ PT	0.69	0.40	0.34	0.74	0.57	0.49	
+ LS	0.30	0.53	0.53	0.38	0.74	0.65	
+ LS ²	0.14	0.35	0.53	0.20	0.65	0.43	
+ PT + LS	0.28	0.17	0.21	0.30	0.27	0.21	
+ PT + LS ²	0.12	0.14	0.20	0.13	0.24	0.17	
+ PT + LS ² + ST	0.09	0.08	0.20	0.10	0.22	0.09	
ILC goal				0.30	0.70	0.60	(errors in %)

time-scale: 10-15 years

BR report – Alexander Mück – p.7/ 13

