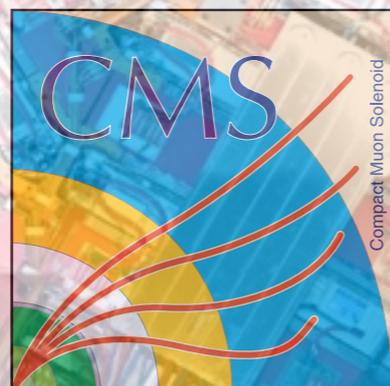


CMS Supersymmetry and Exotic Higgs Results

Rachel Yohay

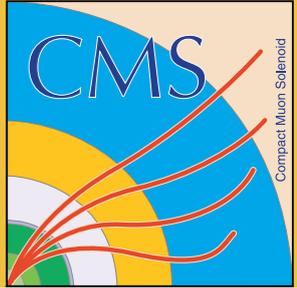
University of California, Davis

Les Rencontres de Physique de la Vallée d'Aoste
XXIX: Results and Perspectives in Particle Physics
March 6, 2015



UC DAVIS
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

Supersymmetry today



- Supersymmetry (SUSY) offers a clear and elegant solution to the hierarchy problem
- Many null results, but...
 - ...searches targeting third generation sfermions yield important insights into naturalness
 - ...many viable extensions of the minimal model (MSSM) exist
 - ...the 125-GeV Higgs boson gives new impetus to searches targeting the SUSY Higgs sector

SUSY2215
SUSY: THE NEW HOPE

- QUANTUM MECHANICS AND QFT STILL HOLD
- THE ORBITAL COLLIDER STILL SEES NOTHING
- THREE CENTURIES OF TRIUMPH FOR SUSY AND STRINGS!

The seasonal trends
Extremely-weeny constrained SUSY
NSFWMSSM
FF3C10ACBA9-MSSM
MSSM retrograde
Anthropic landscaping and trimming it down
The problem of condensed matter: They still don't get it
Strings - The Perpetual Revolution
Number of free parameters: P or NP complete?

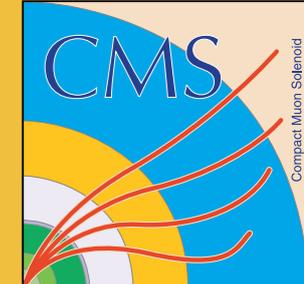
Invited seminar
How to ensure your model remains predictability-free

Forum
Is choice moral?
"Every time you choose a path of action, a multiverse is killed"

Special topic
If the universe is not supersymmetric is it necessarily existing?

The perpetual conference
5 Jan - 5 Mar: Chamonix
15 Mar - 30 June: Hainan Island
1 July - 15 Sep: Wailea, Maui
15 Sep - 20 Nov: Jumeirah 1
21 Nov - 24 Dec: Hainan Island

Sponsored by:
The Milner-Zuckerberg Institution



SUSY

- **M_{T2} all-hadronic**
 - Inclusive search with enormous reach in squark and gluino mass
 - Use of robust data-driven background estimations
- **Dilepton edge fit**
 - Mostly independent of jet energy scale and resolution uncertainties
 - Broad applicability within SUSY
- **4-W final state combination**
 - Demonstrates the power of combining channels to extend exclusion limits
- **b-tagged razor**
 - Novel discriminating variables allow the SM background to be parametrized by a simple function
 - Excellent rejection of QCD multijet backgrounds

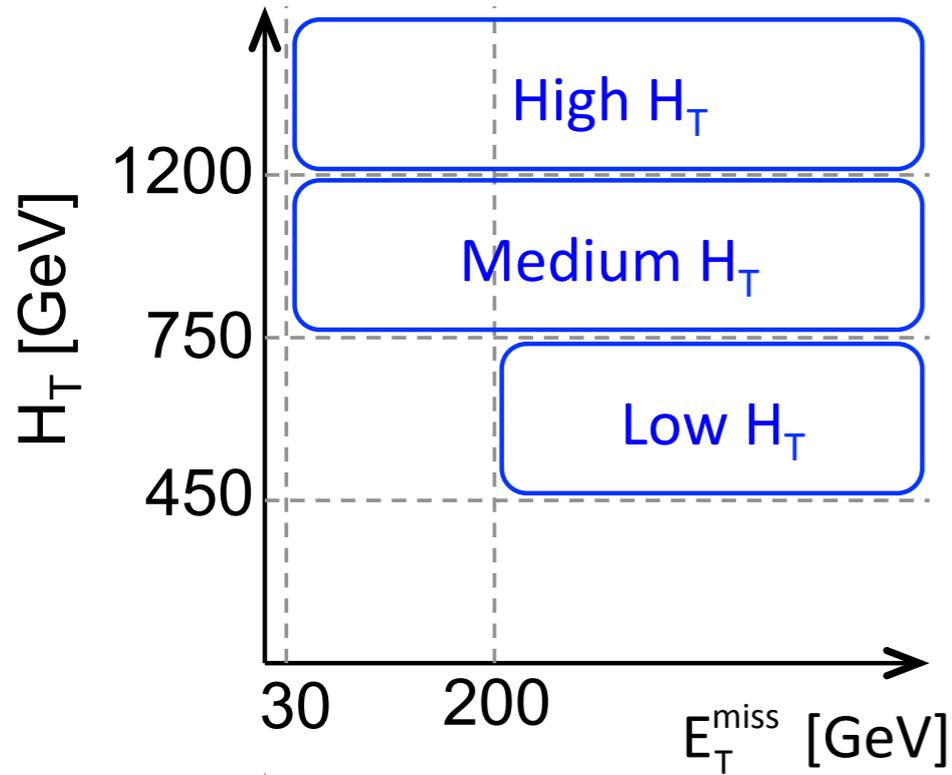
Exotic Higgs

- **Lepton flavor violating Higgs**
 - Direct search with order of magnitude better reach than previous indirect limit
 - Standard control region techniques and data-driven backgrounds
- **Low- E_T mono-photon**
 - Difficult kinematic region to trigger \Rightarrow dedicated parked data trigger
- **Higgs + single top**
 - Very small cross section \Rightarrow multivariate discriminators necessary
- **High mass pseudoscalar $A \rightarrow Z\gamma$**
 - Clean signal well suited to CMS's strengths

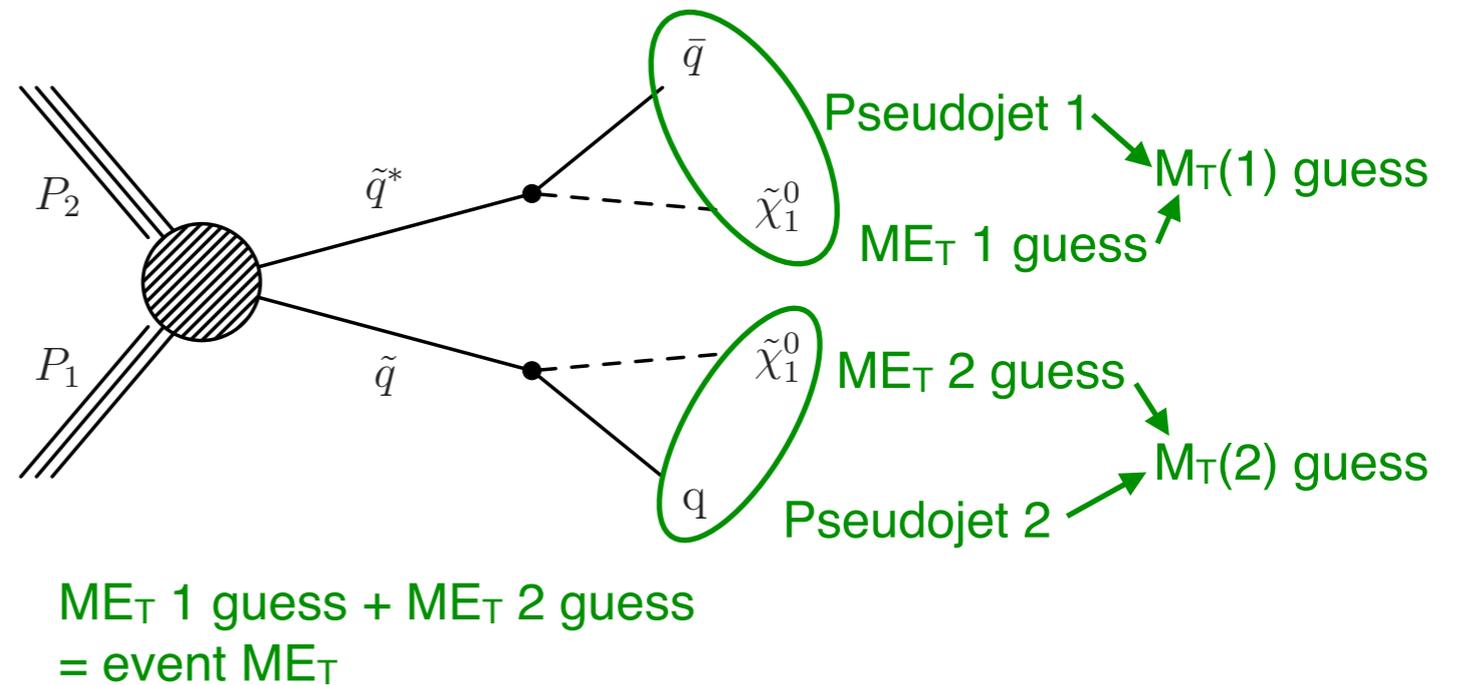
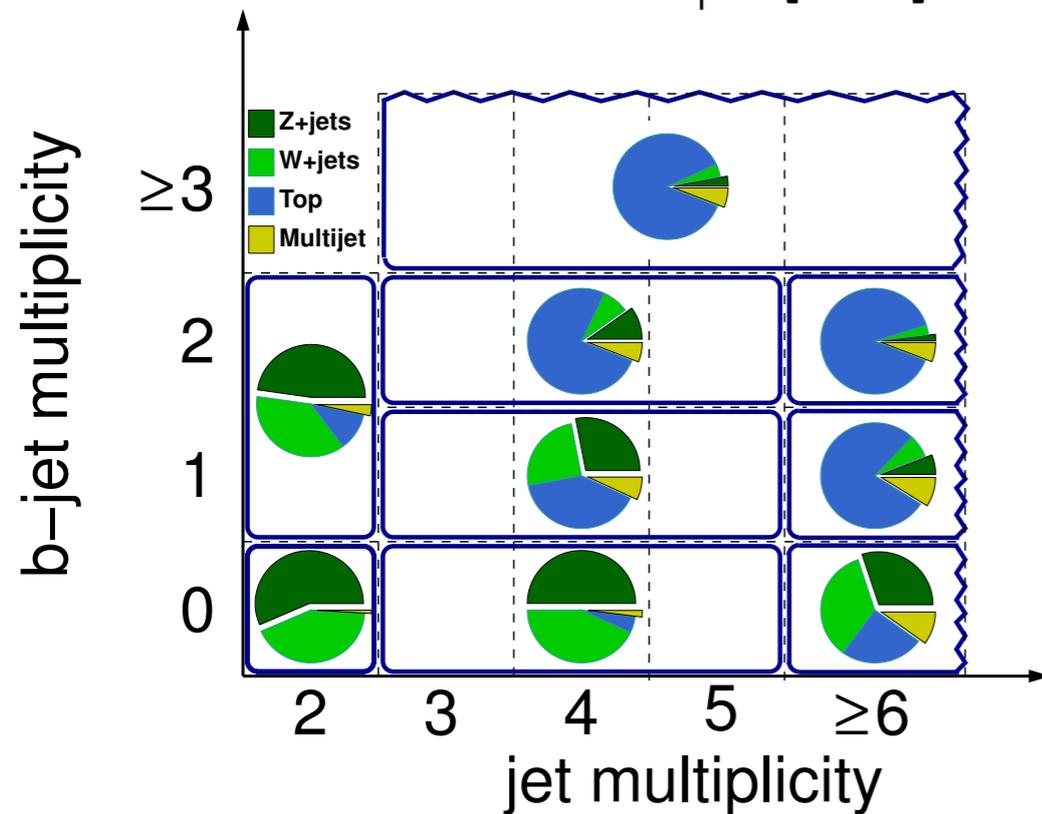
For the latest CMS results on SUSY and related topics, see <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResults>

M_{T2} all-hadronic

New

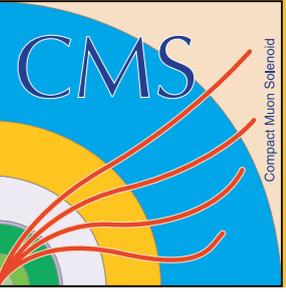


- **Combination of 123 signal regions defined by light jet multiplicity, b jet multiplicity, ME_T , H_T , and M_{T2}**
 - M_{T2} accesses the mass of pair-produced particles that both decay via an undetected massive particle
- **H_T and ME_T triggers**
- Anti- k_T $R = 0.5$ (“AK5”) particle flow jets corrected for charged and neutral energy from overlapping pp interactions (“pileup”)
- **Isolated charged lepton veto**
 - Critical background from $W/Z/\text{top} \rightarrow \text{leptons}$ where the lepton is lost



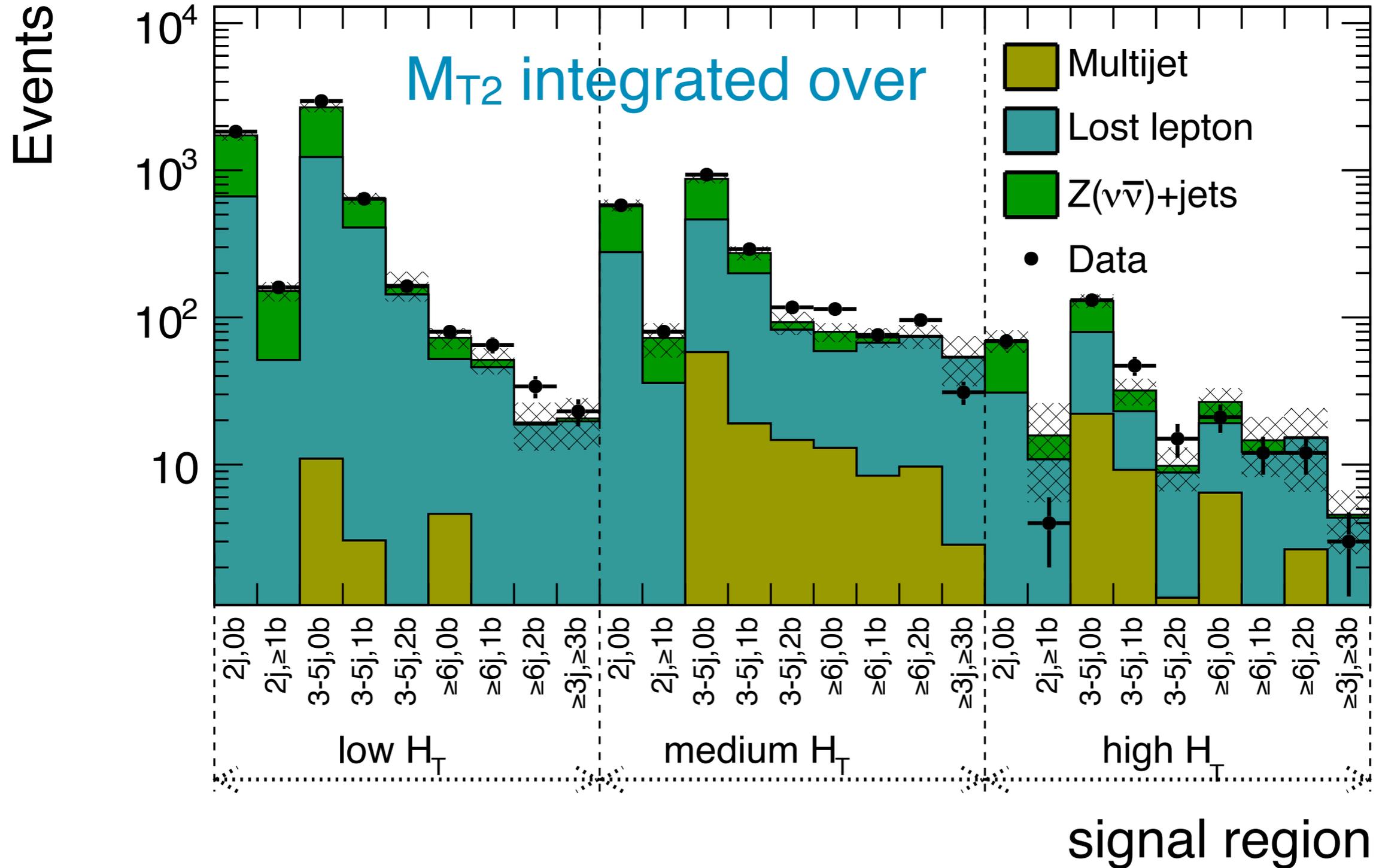
[arXiv:1502.04358 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1502.04358)

M_{T2} all-hadronic: results



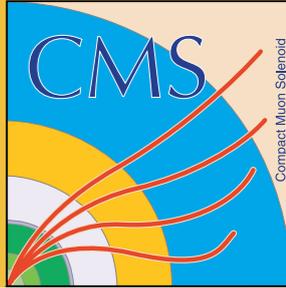
New

CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, $L = 19.5$ fb $^{-1}$

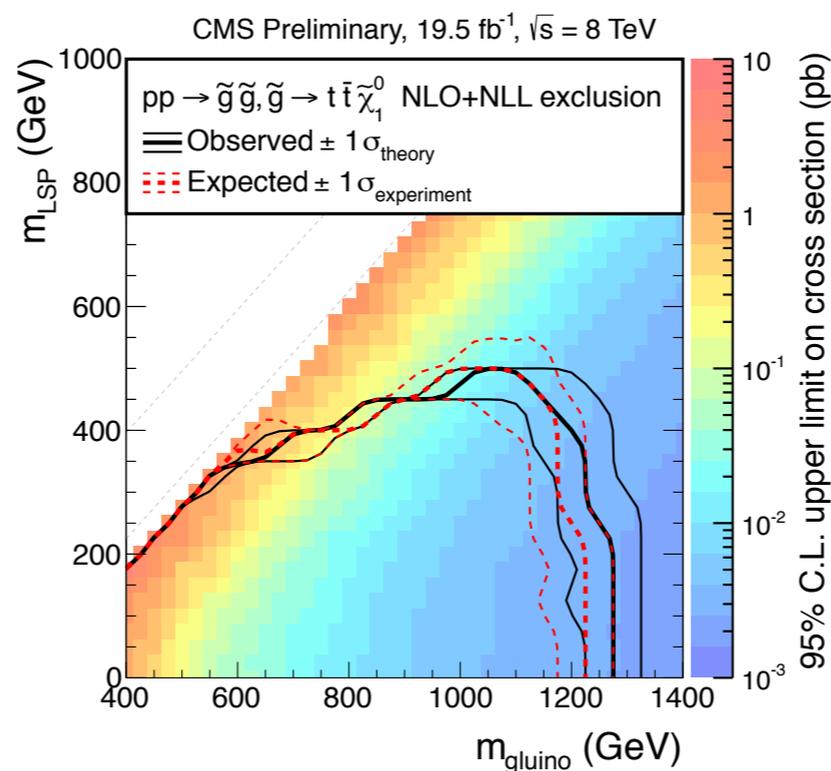
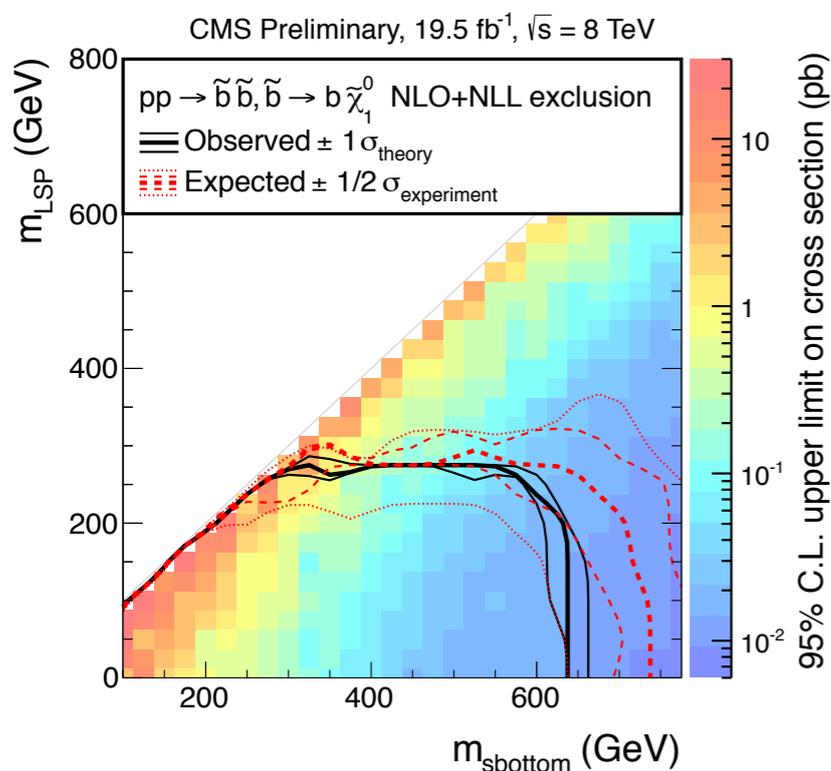
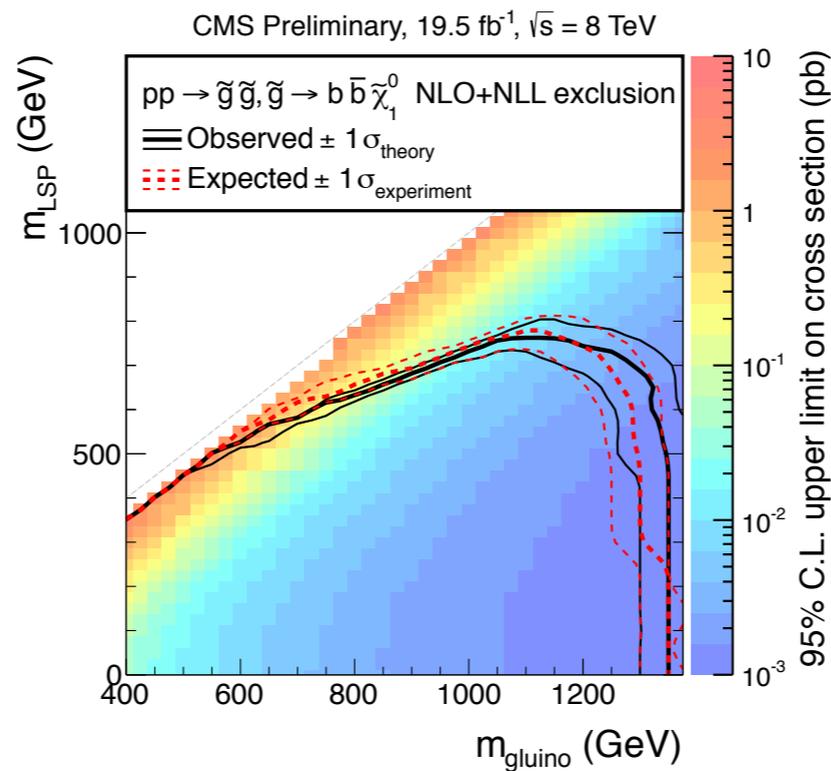
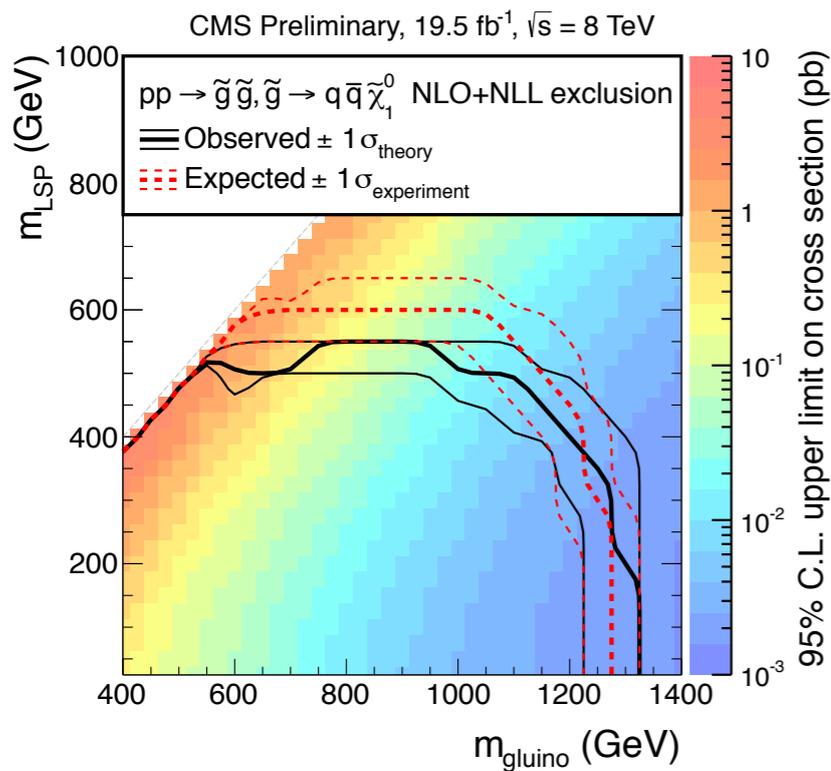


[arXiv:1502.04358 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1502.04358)

M_{T2} all-hadronic: interpretation



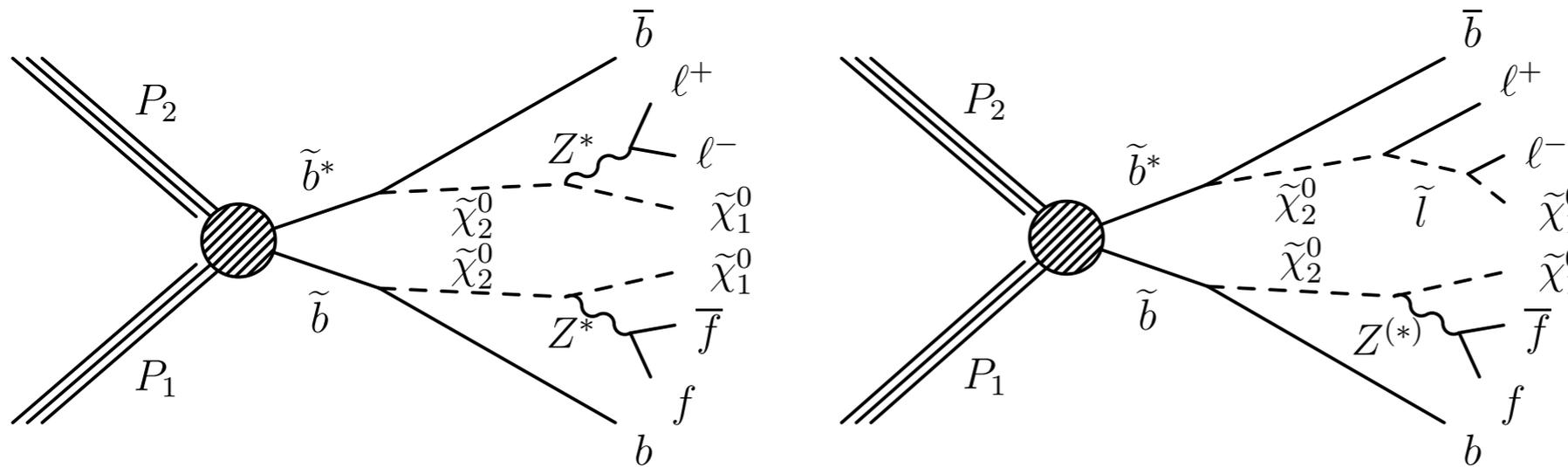
New



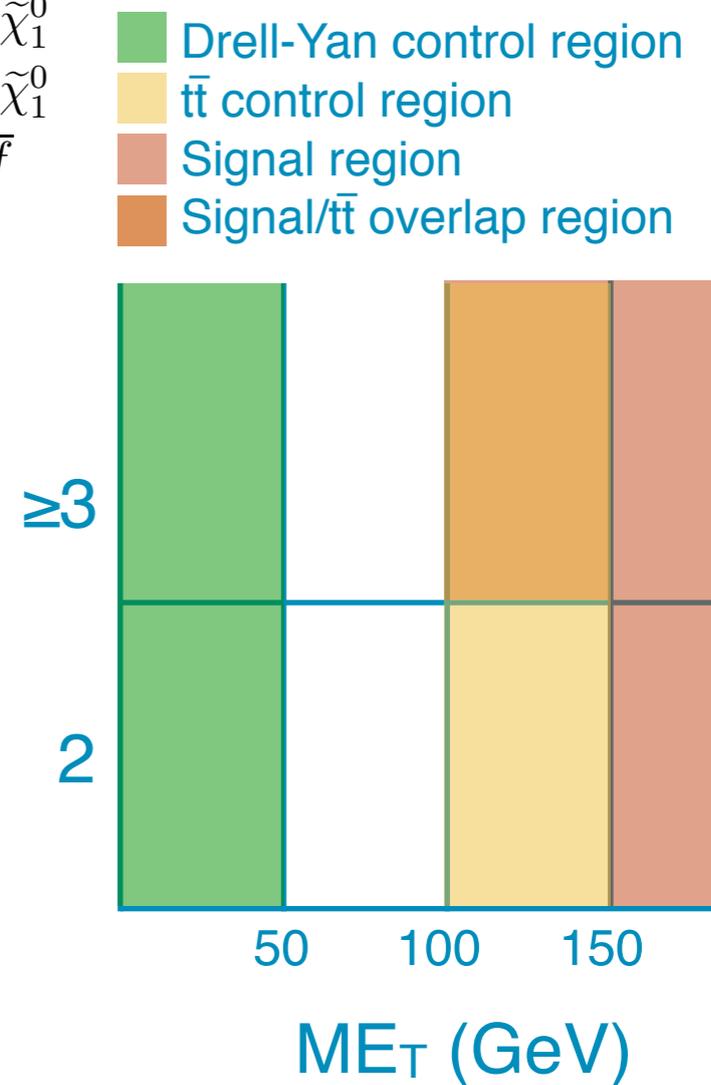
- Limits from a combination of relevant signal regions
- Furthest reach in gluino mass
- Observed limit worse than expected limit for sbottom mass likely due to downward fluctuation in lost lepton control sample

[arXiv:1502.04358 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1502.04358)

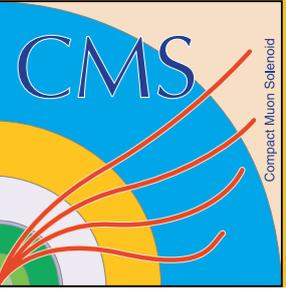
Dilepton edge fit



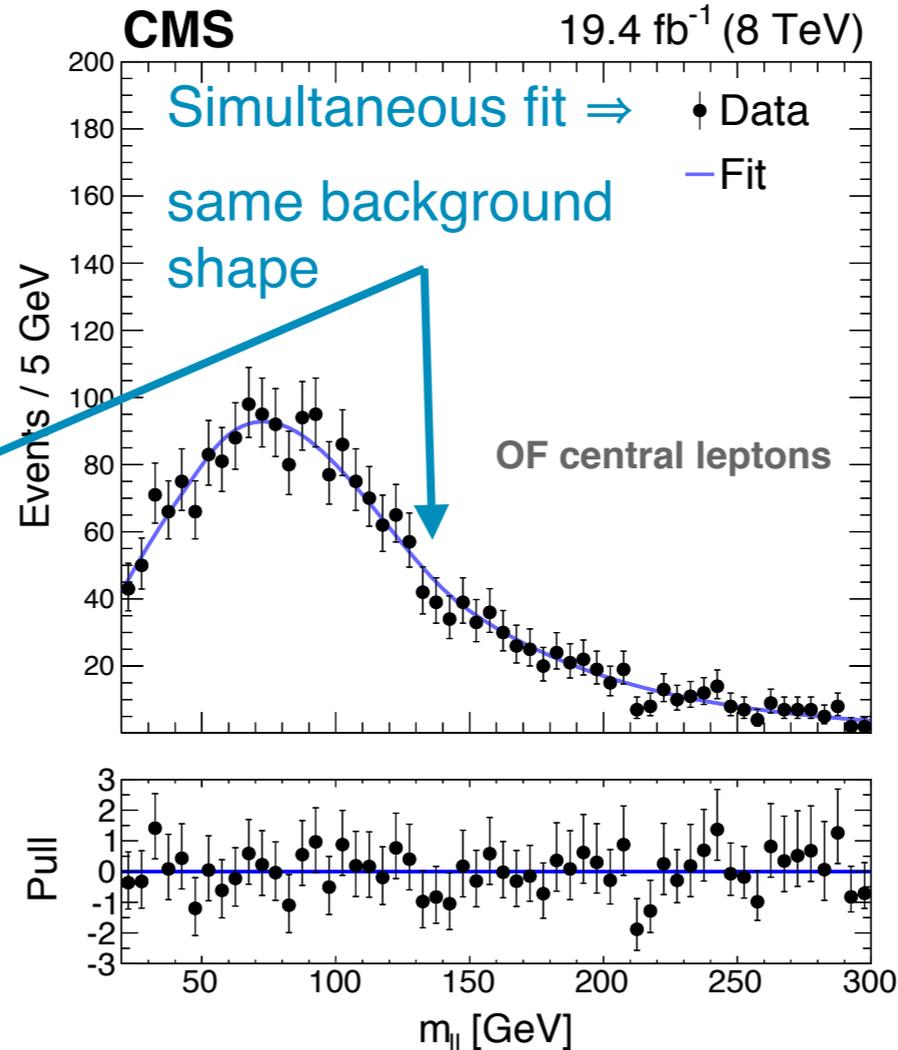
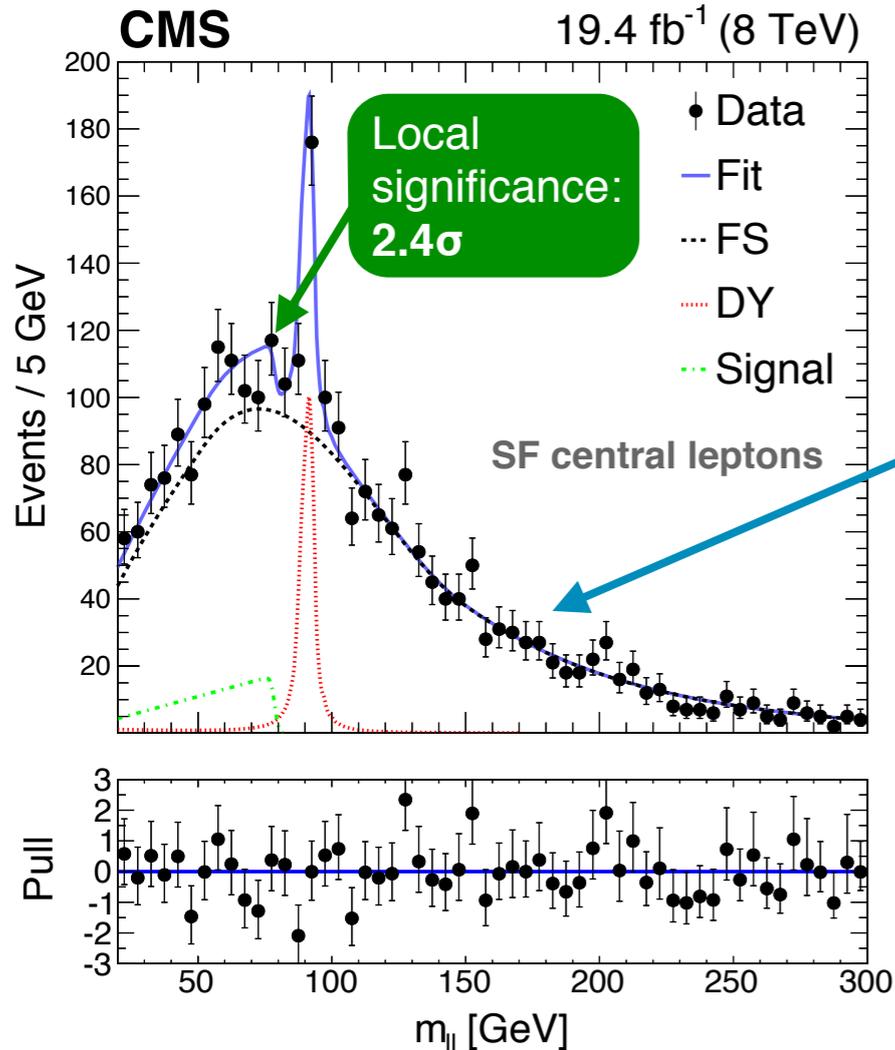
- $e^+e^-/\mu^+\mu^-$ (Z^* decay or decay via slepton) + jets (sbottom decay) + ME_T (lightest neutralino)
- Isolated, non-overlapping leptons with $p_T > 20$ GeV
- AK5 particle flow jets with corrected $p_T > 40$ GeV and $|\ln_j| < 3.0$
- Focus here on the central region ($|\ln_j| < 1.4$)
- Backgrounds
 - Drell-Yan di-electron and di-muon pairs
 - $t\bar{t}$, WW, Drell-Yan di-tau, tW, b/c decays to leptons, and jet fakes: all result in $ee/\mu\mu$ as often as $e\mu$



Dilepton edge fit: results



New



Drell-Yan component

- Exponential (low-mass side) + Breit-Wigner ⊗ crystal ball
- **Shape parameters fixed to values determined in fit to control region**
- Normalization left floating

$t\bar{t}$ (i.e. $e\mu$) component

- Power law for the low-mass side
- Exponential for the high-mass side
- Low → high mass transition
- **ee , $\mu\mu$, and $e\mu$ regions fit simultaneously**

Signal component

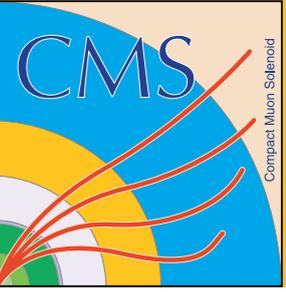
- Triangle convolved with Gaussian
- Edge position and normalization left floating

Simultaneous extended un-binned maximum likelihood fit to di-lepton invariant mass

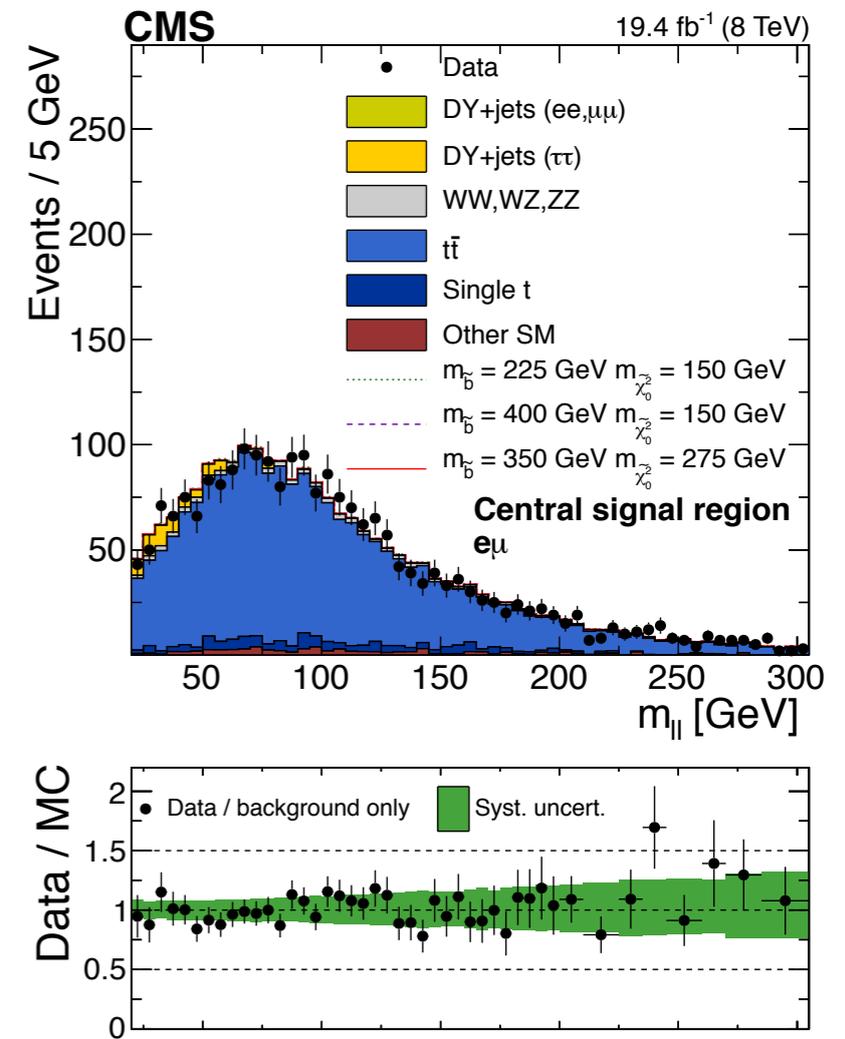
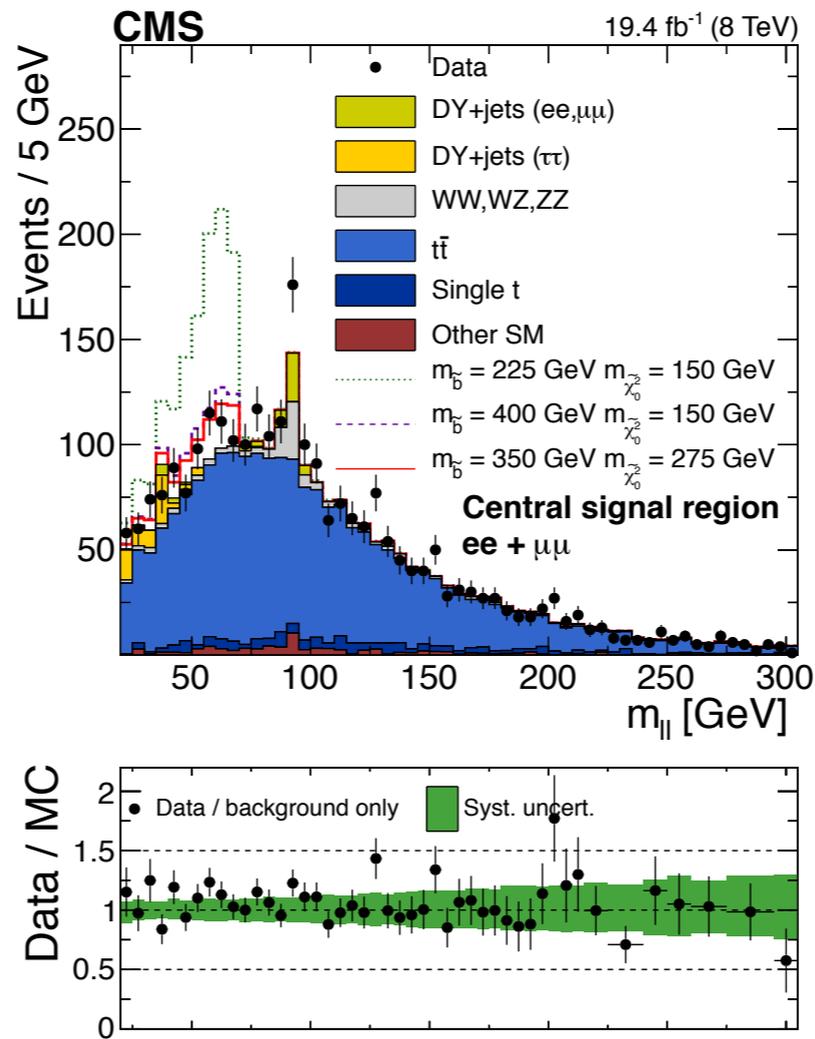
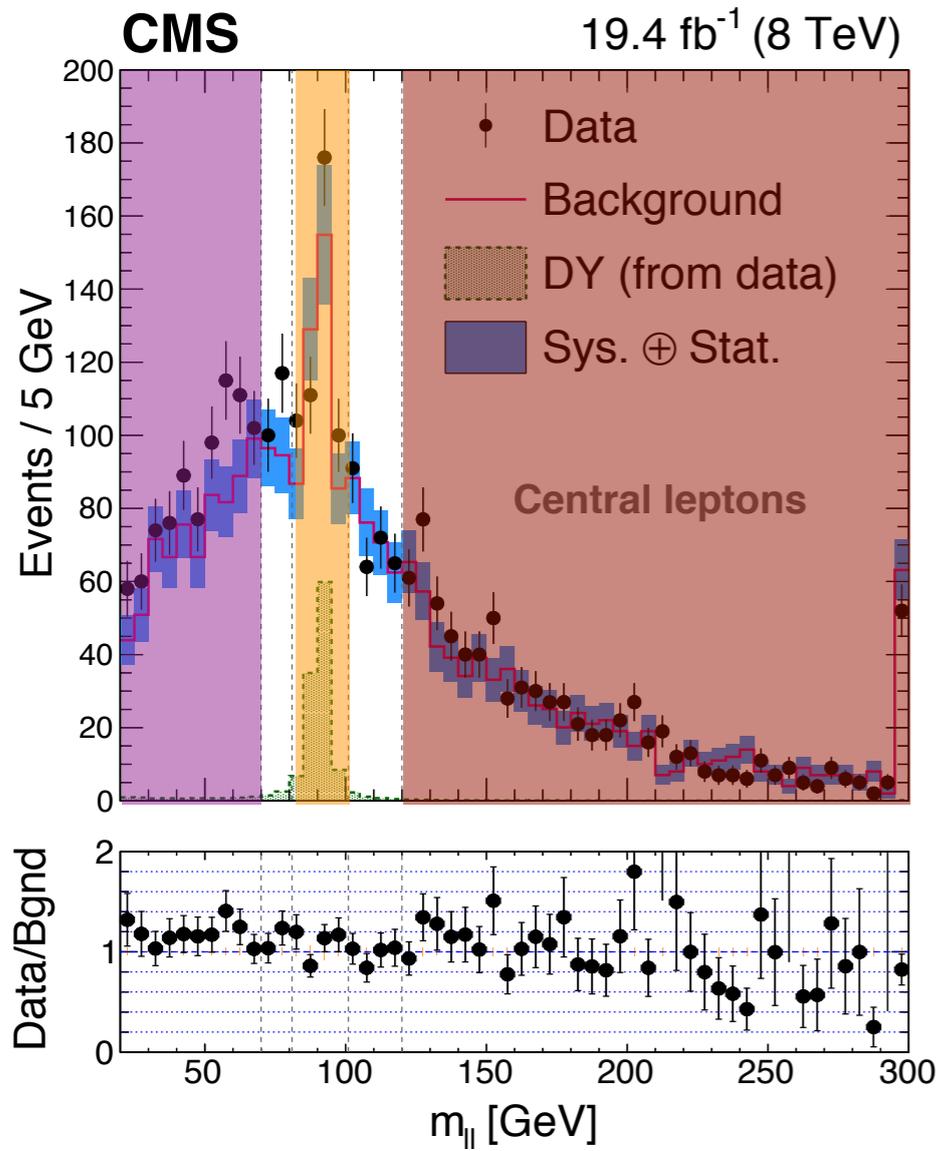
Best-fit edge position ($\sim m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$): **78.7 ± 1.4 GeV**

[arXiv:1502.06031 \[hepex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1502.06031)

Dilepton edge fit: cross checks



New



Backgrounds from simulation

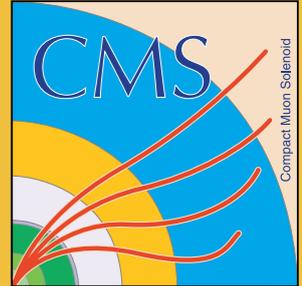
Counting experiment
(backgrounds from
control samples)

Counting experiment local significance

- 20-70 GeV: 2.6 σ
- 81-101 GeV: 0.4 σ
- >120 GeV: 0.9 σ

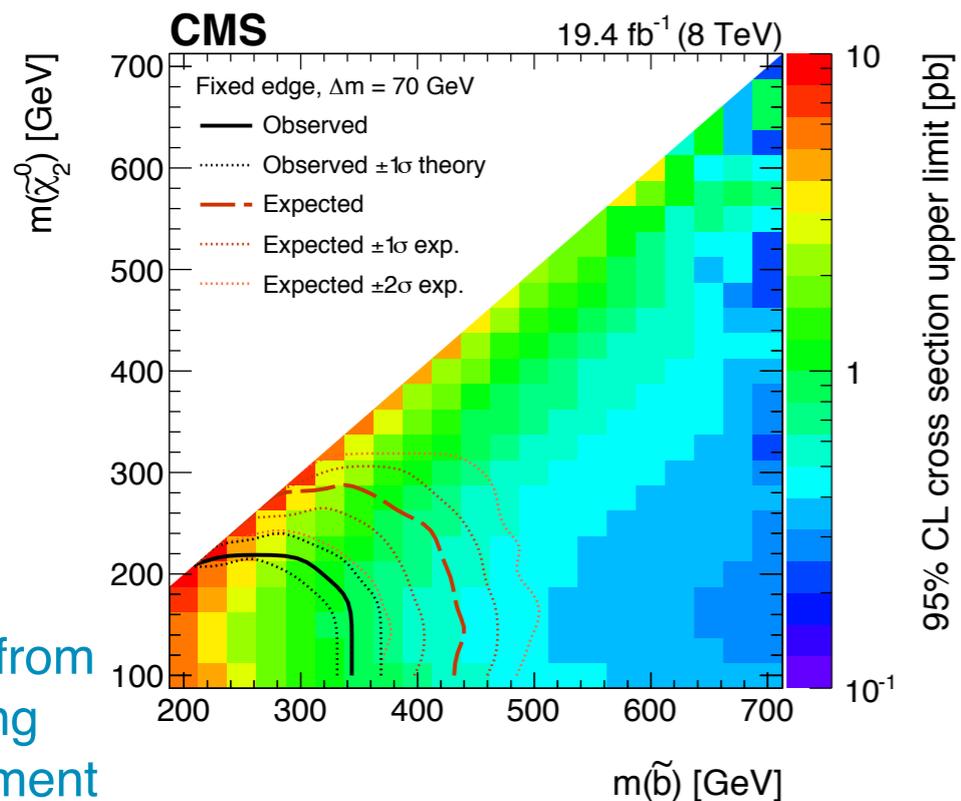
[arXiv:1502.06031 \[hepex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1502.06031)

Dilepton edge fit: interpretation

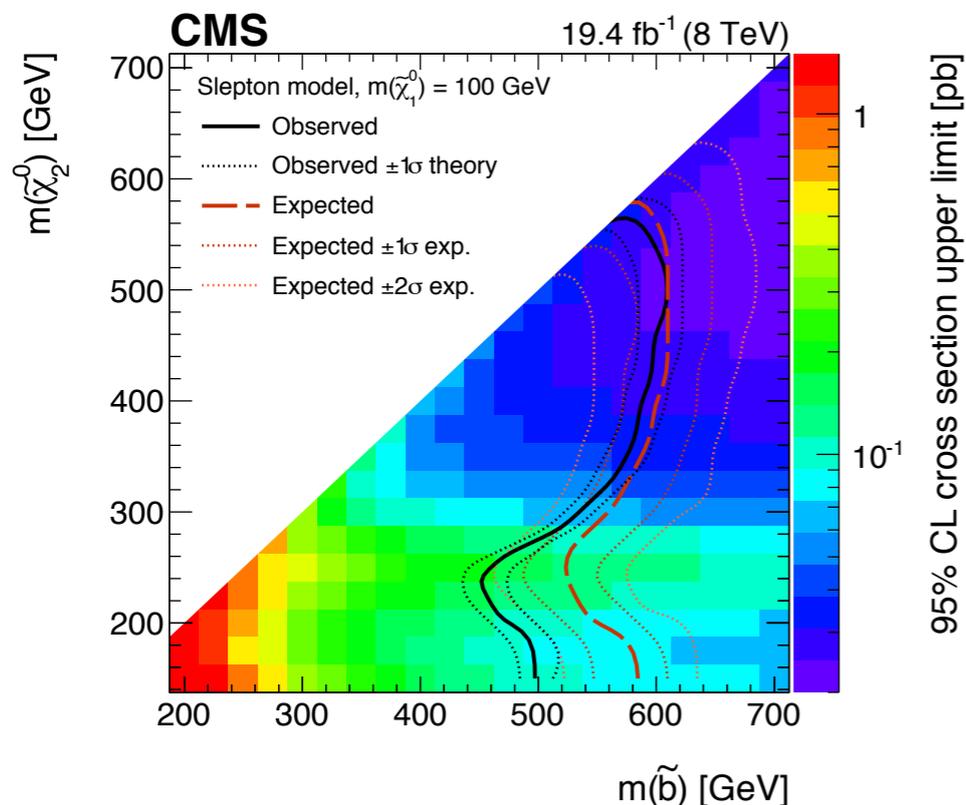


New

Limits from counting experiment



- $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 70 \text{ GeV}$ (motivated by fit result)
- Kinematic phase space limitation in $\text{BR}(\tilde{b} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_2^0 b)$ as $\tilde{\chi}_2^0$ gets heavier



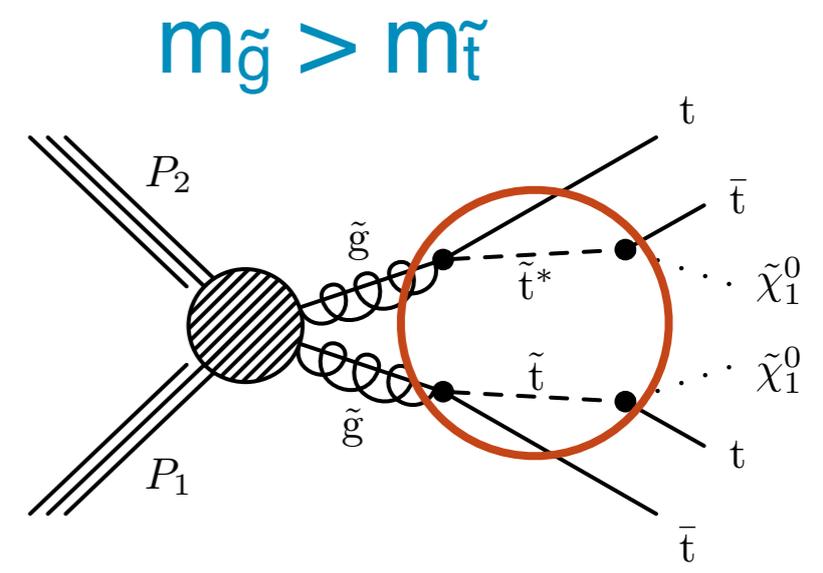
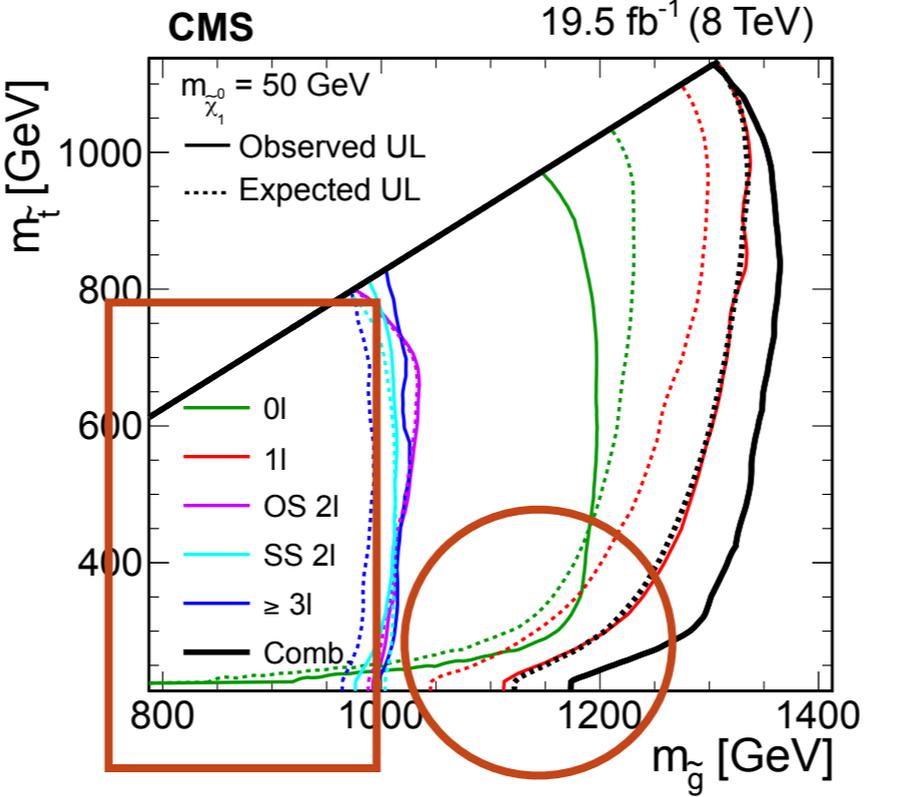
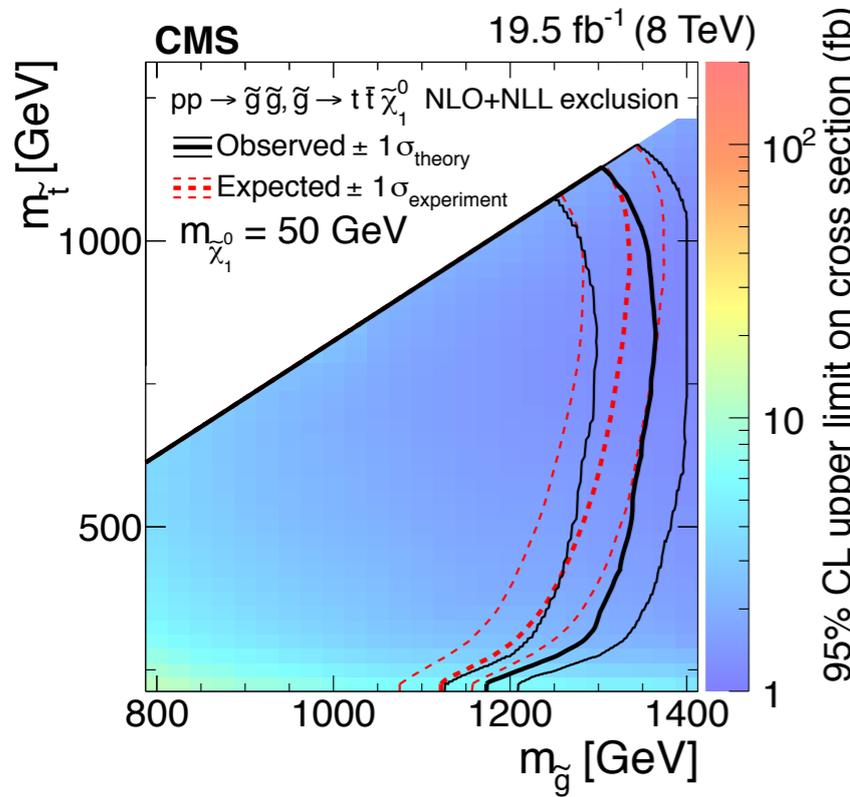
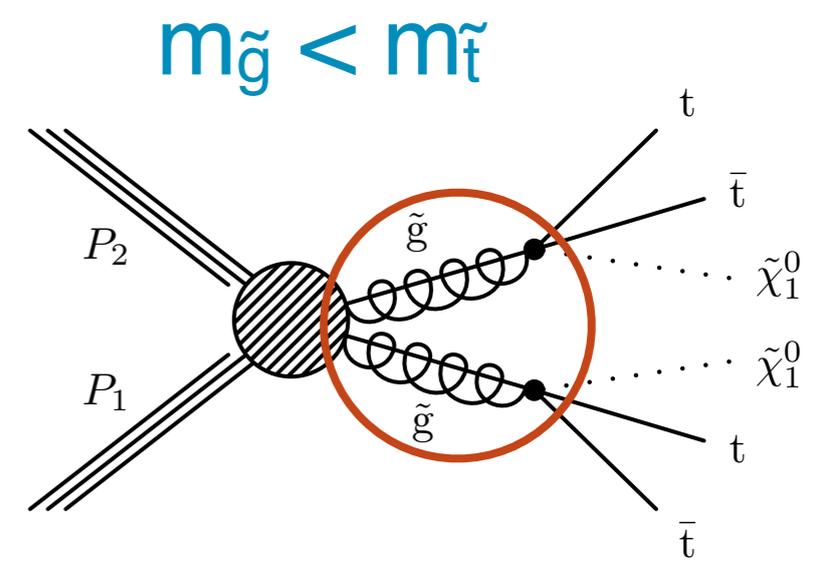
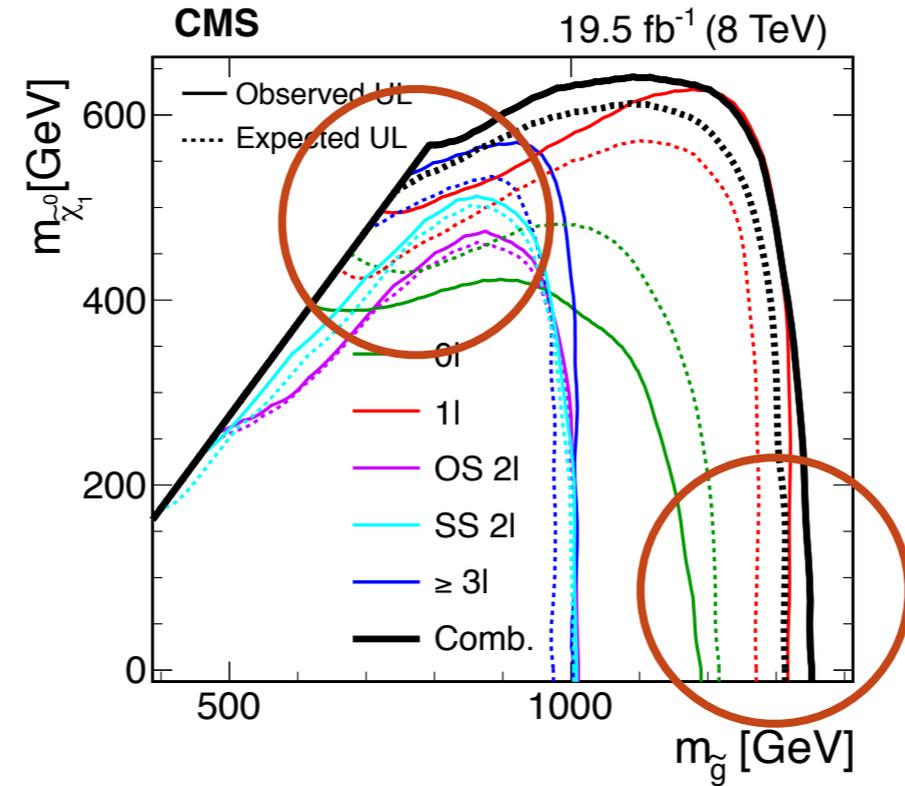
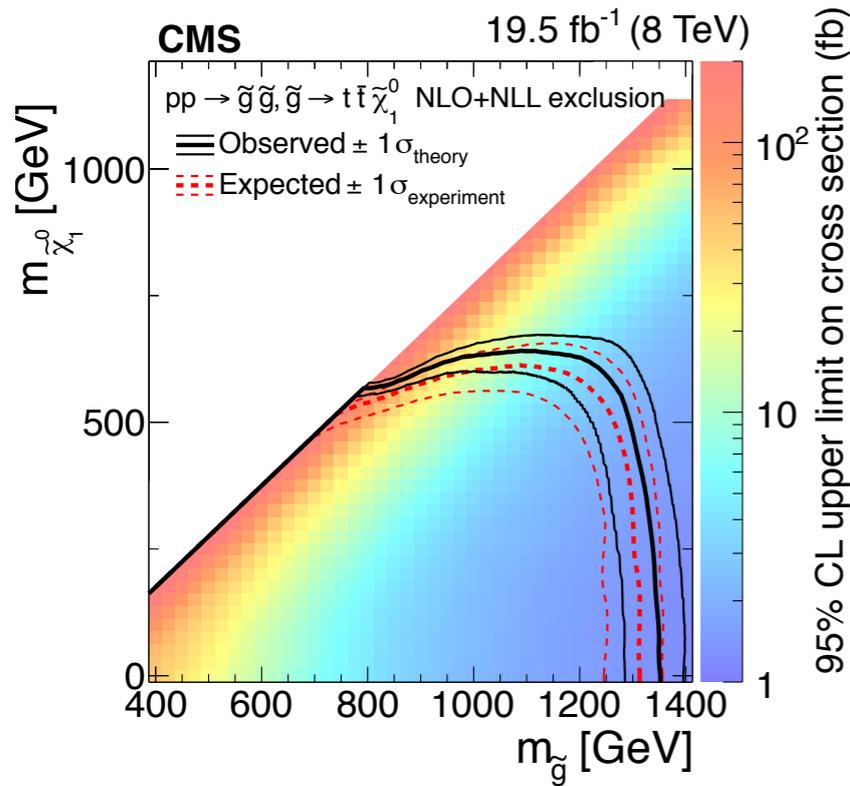
- $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 100 \text{ GeV}$
- $m_{\tilde{b}}$ limited by $\tilde{b}\tilde{b}^*$ cross section
- $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0}$ limited by kinematic requirement $m_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0} < m_{\tilde{b}}$

[arXiv:1502.06031 \[hepex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1502.06031)

MSSM 4-W final states: gluino production



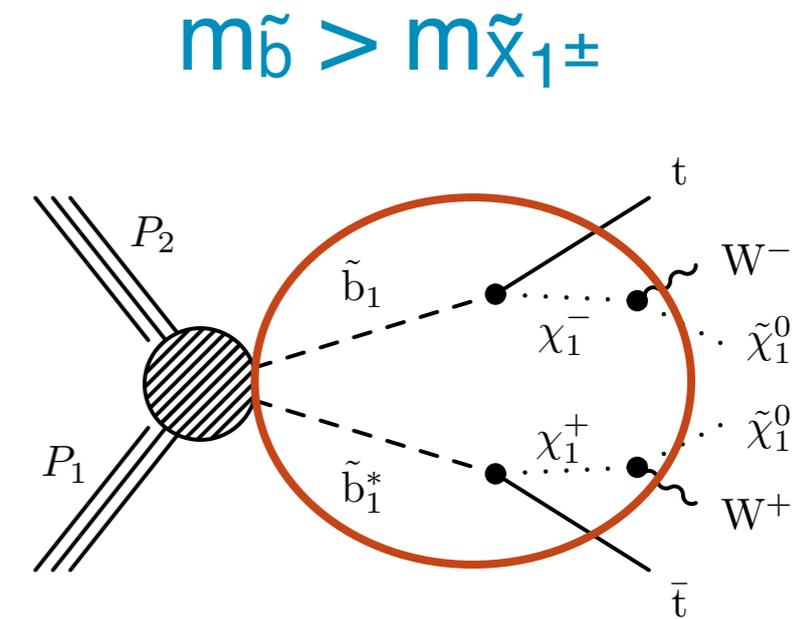
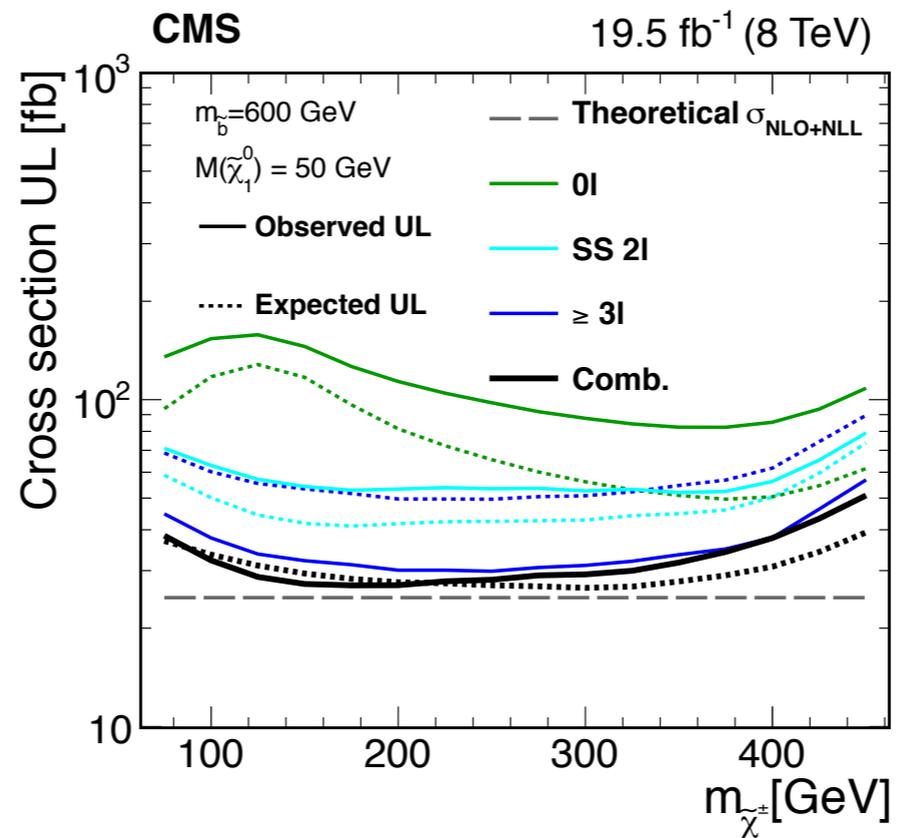
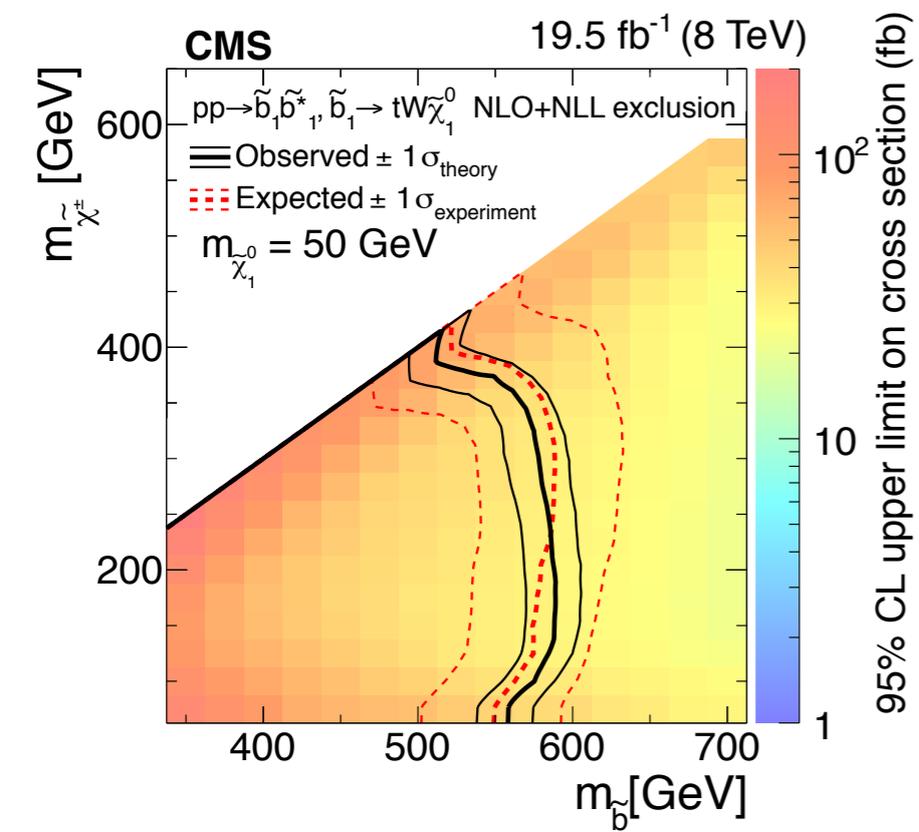
New



[arXiv:1412.4109 \[hepex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1412.4109)

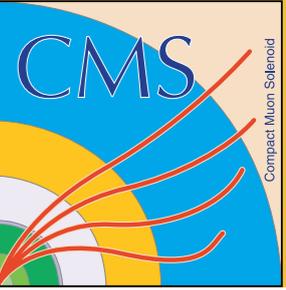
MSSM 4-W final states: sbottom production

New

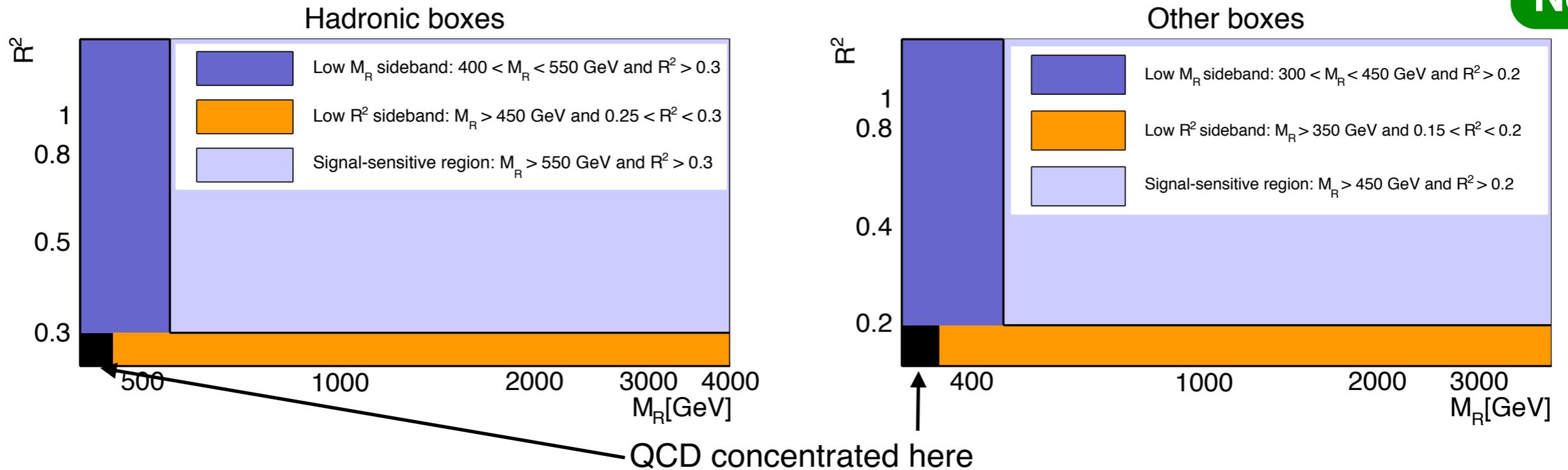


Loose b tag requirement optimal for only 2 tops

b-tagged razor



New



- Razor variables efficiently reject QCD multijet backgrounds and estimate the mass scale of new particles

$$M_R \equiv \sqrt{(|\vec{p}^{j1}| + |\vec{p}^{j2}|)^2 - (p_z^{j1} + p_z^{j2})^2},$$

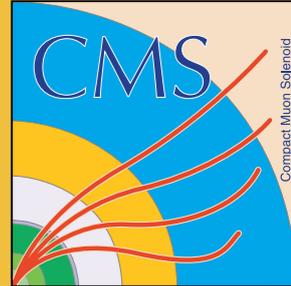
$$M_T^R \equiv \sqrt{\frac{E_T^{\text{miss}}(p_T^{j1} + p_T^{j2}) - \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}} \cdot (\vec{p}_T^{j1} + \vec{p}_T^{j2})}{2}},$$

$$R \equiv \frac{M_T^R}{M_R}.$$

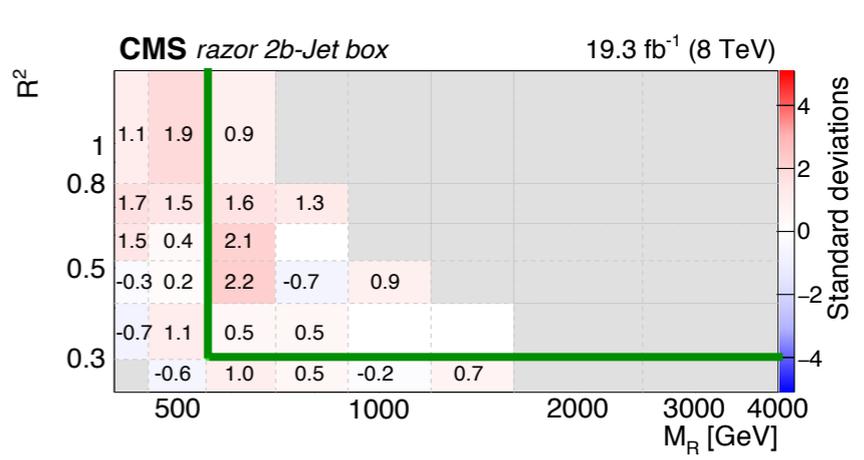
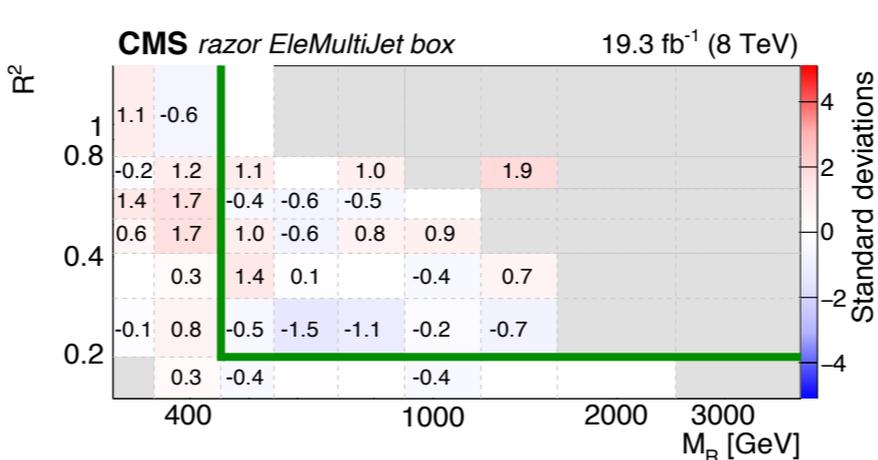
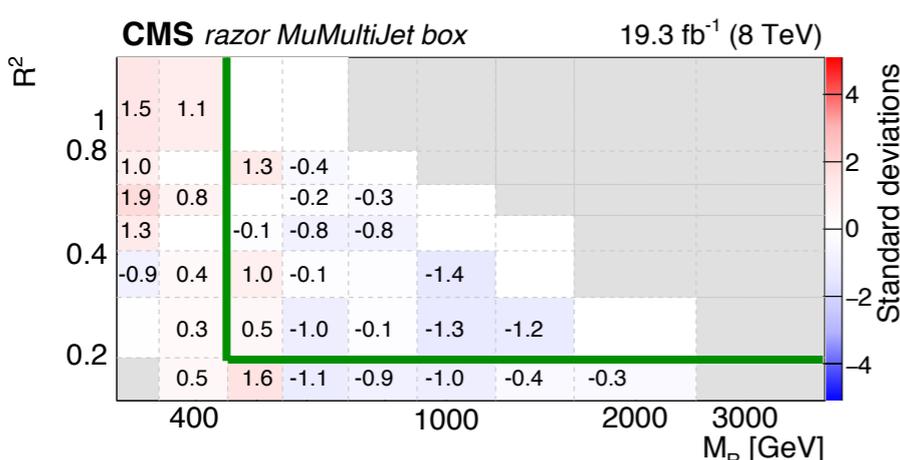
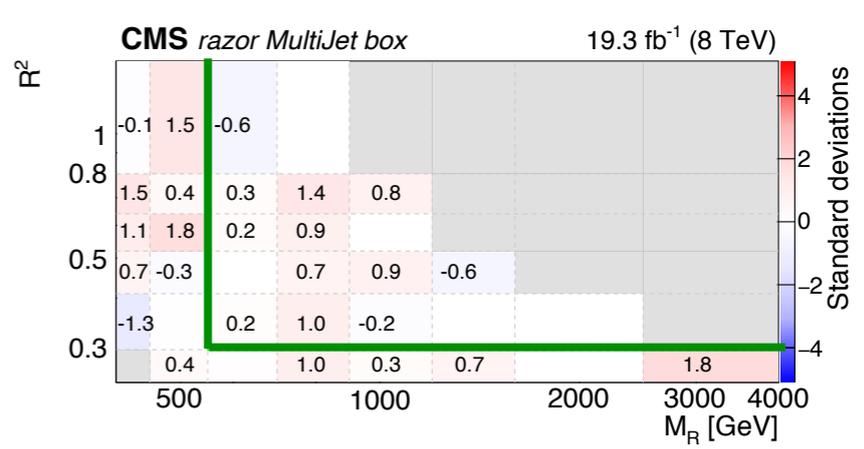
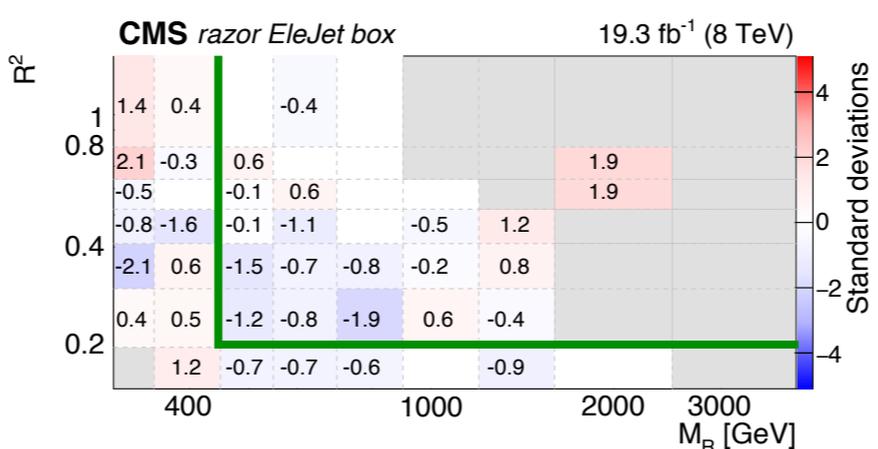
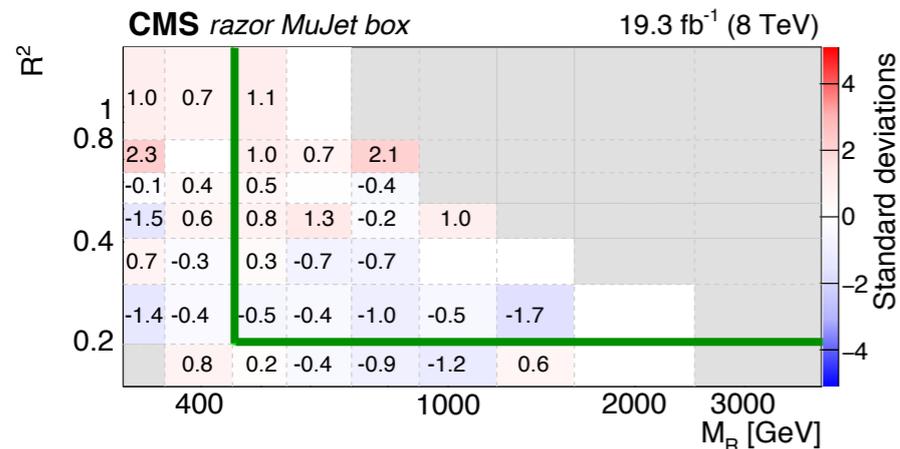
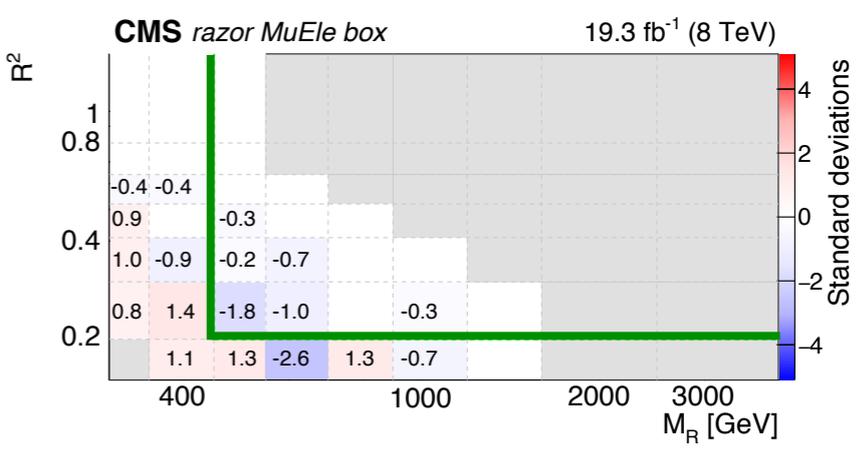
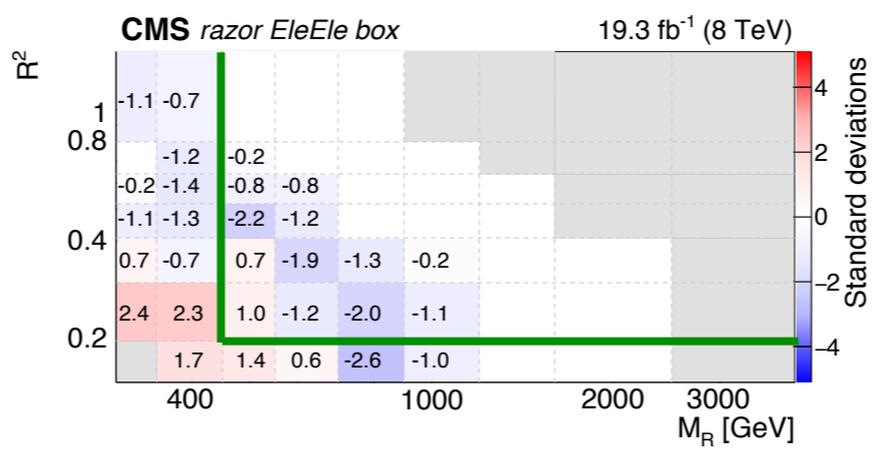
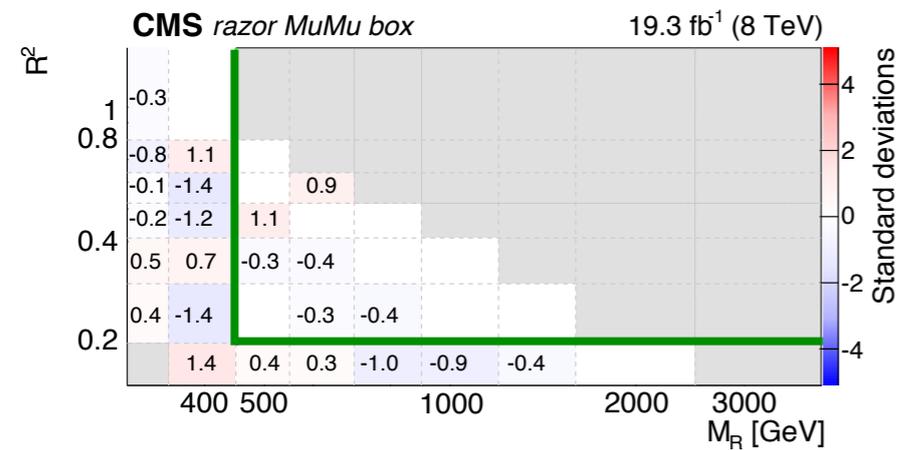
- R^2 - M_R triggers allow lower jet and lepton p_T compared to single- or di-object triggers
- Events divided into 0-lepton, 1-lepton, and 2-lepton boxes; each box further subdivided into exclusive N_b bins
- Backgrounds: V + jets (maximum 25%) and $t\bar{t}$
- Maximum likelihood fit to background model $f(M_R, R^2)$ in sideband regions extrapolated to signal region

[arXiv:1502.00300 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1502.00300)

b-tagged razor: results

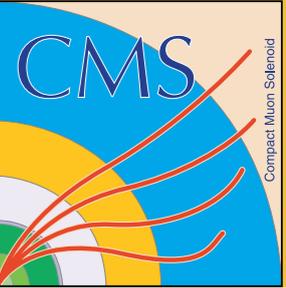


New

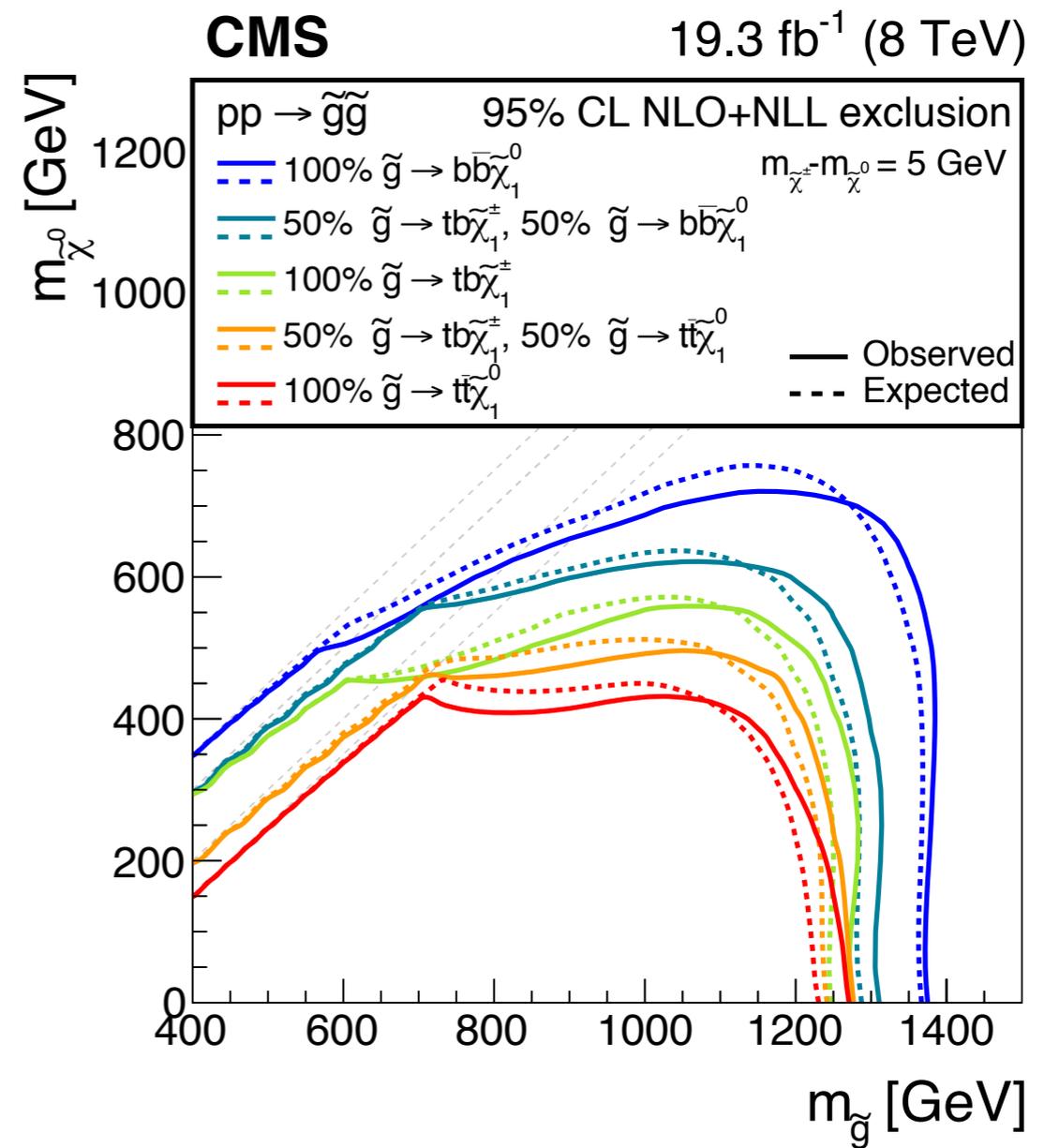
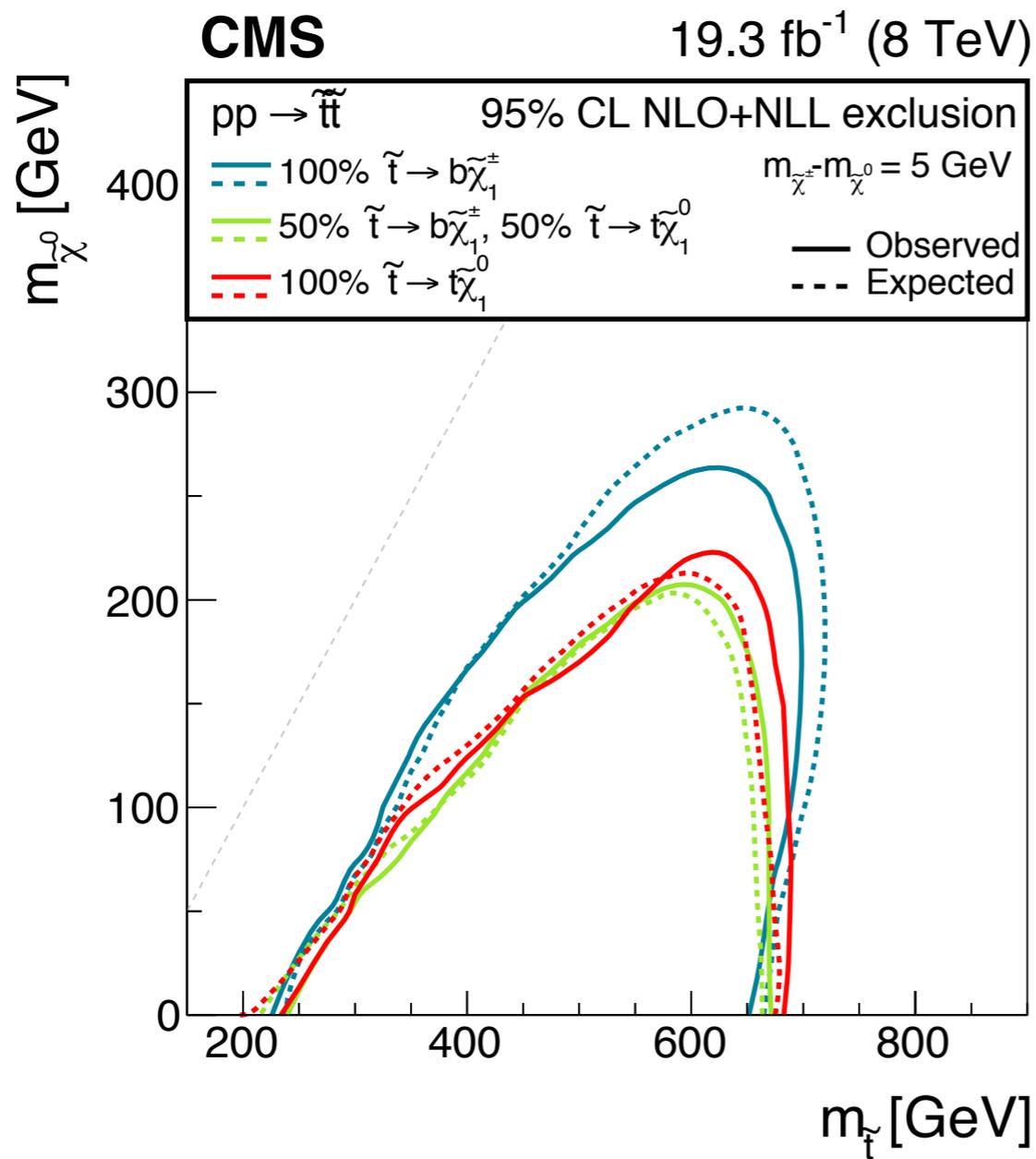


arXiv:1502.00300 [hep-ex]

b-tagged razor: interpretation

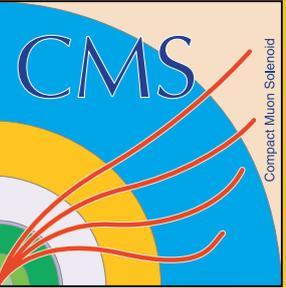


New



[arXiv:1502.00300 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1502.00300)

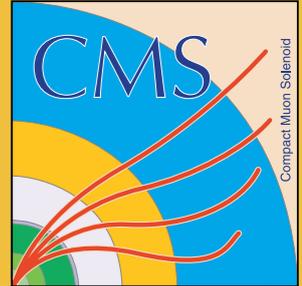
Lepton flavor violating Higgs



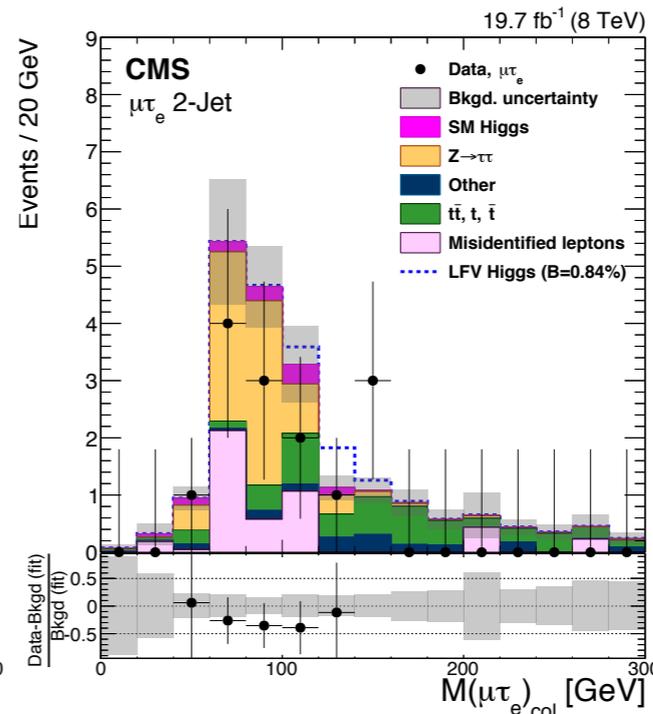
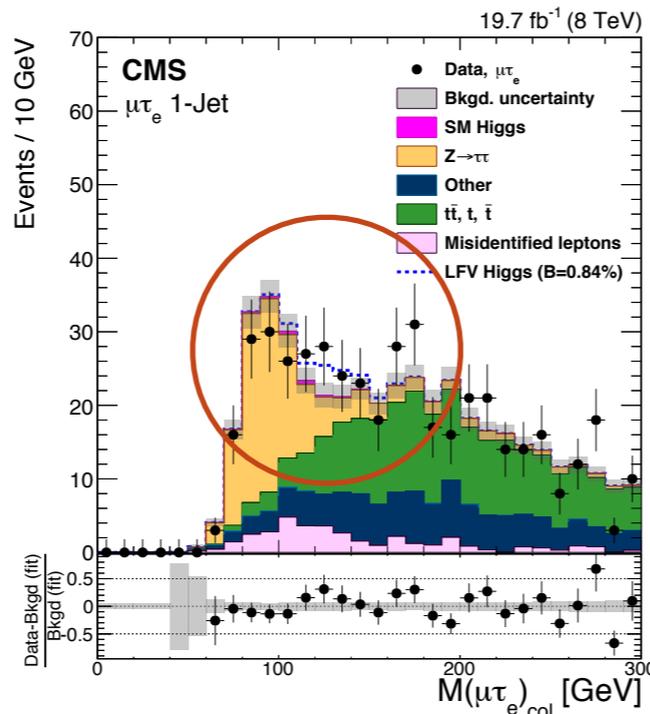
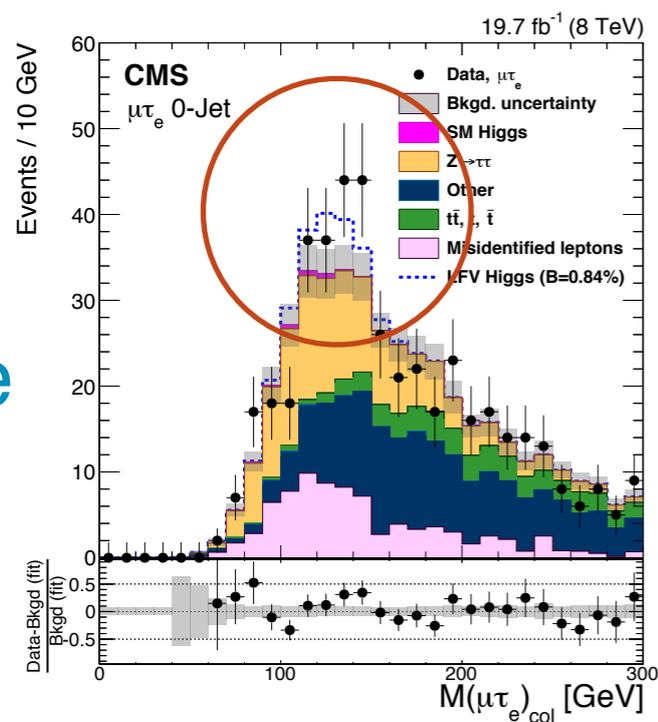
- $H \rightarrow \mu\tau$ a generic prediction of SUSY and other 2HDM
 - μe couplings strongly constrained by $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ searches
 - $BR(H \rightarrow \mu\tau) \lesssim 10\%$
- 2 decay modes ($\mu\tau_e, \mu\tau_h$) \times 3 jet bins (0, 1, 2 jets)
 - Opposite sign, isolated lepton selection in each bin
 - Further optimization of $p_T, M_T,$ and $\Delta\Phi$ done separately in each bin

$\mu\tau_e$	$\mu\tau_h$	
Main bkg.: $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau, t\bar{t}$ Main sig.: ggH Trigger: iso. μ + iso. e	Main bkg.: jet fakes Main sig.: ggH Trigger: iso. μ	0 jets
Main bkg.: $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau, t\bar{t}$ Main sig.: ggH, VH Trigger: iso. μ + iso. e	Main bkg.: jet fakes Main sig.: ggH, VH Trigger: iso. μ	1 jet
Main bkg.: $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau, t\bar{t}$ Main sig.: VBF Trigger: iso. μ + iso. e	Main bkg.: jet fakes Main sig.: VBF Trigger: iso. μ	2 jets b veto

LFV Higgs: results



$\mu\tau_e$

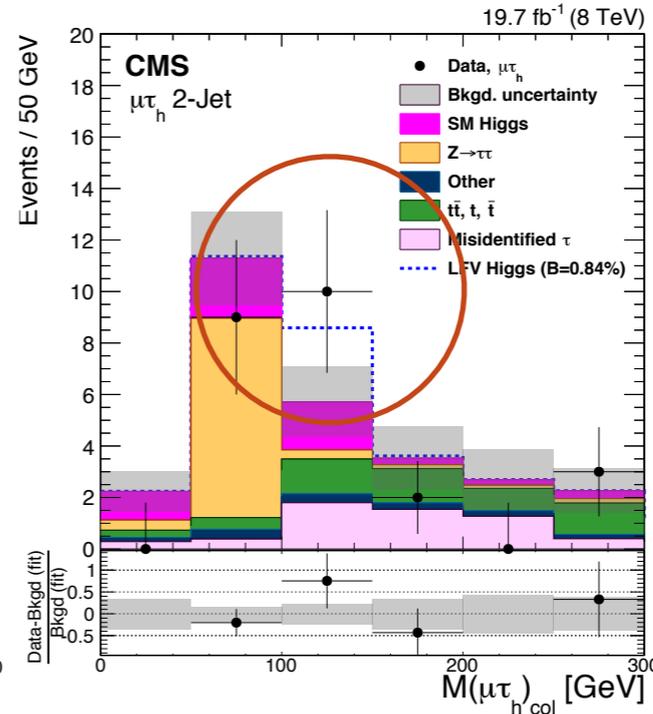
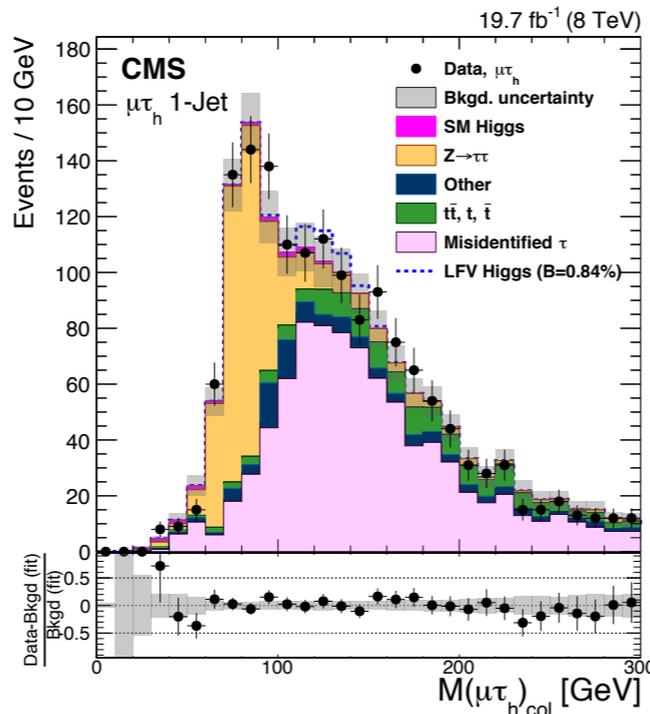
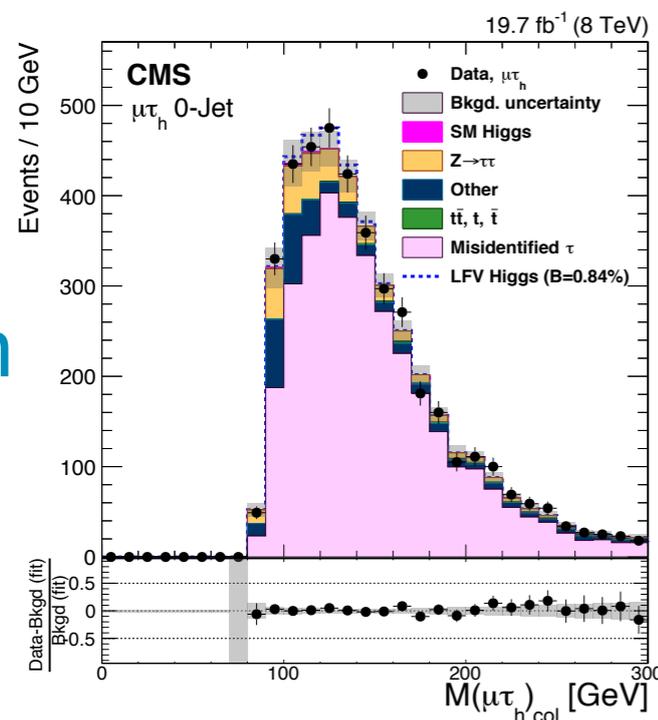


Z to tau tau (MC tau embedding in data)

Top (shape from MC, scale from data)

Jet fakes (fake rates from data)

$\mu\tau_h$



Limit BR(H to mu tau): < 1.51% (95% CL)

Best-fit BR(H to mu tau): (0.84^{+0.39} - 0.37)%

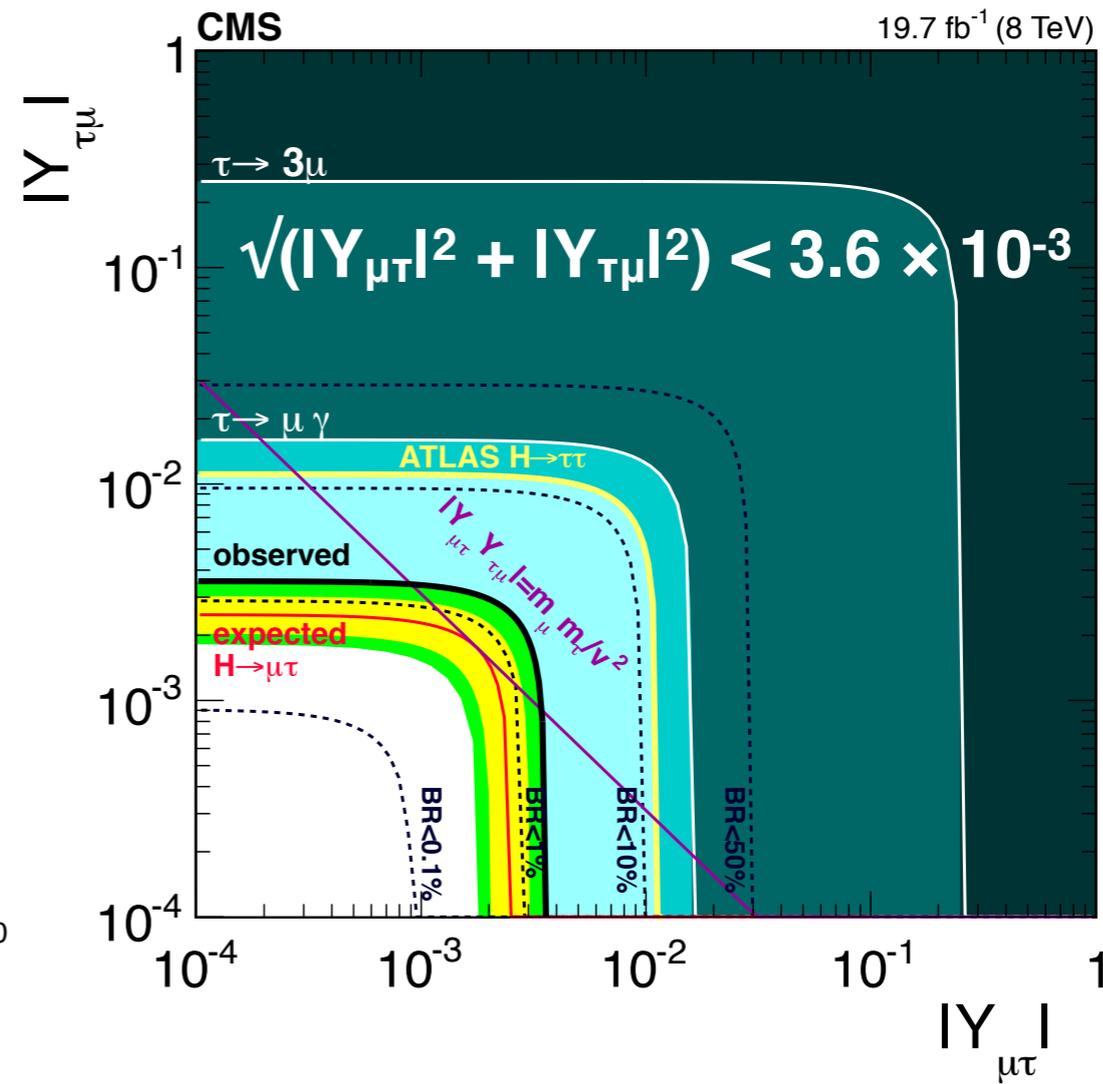
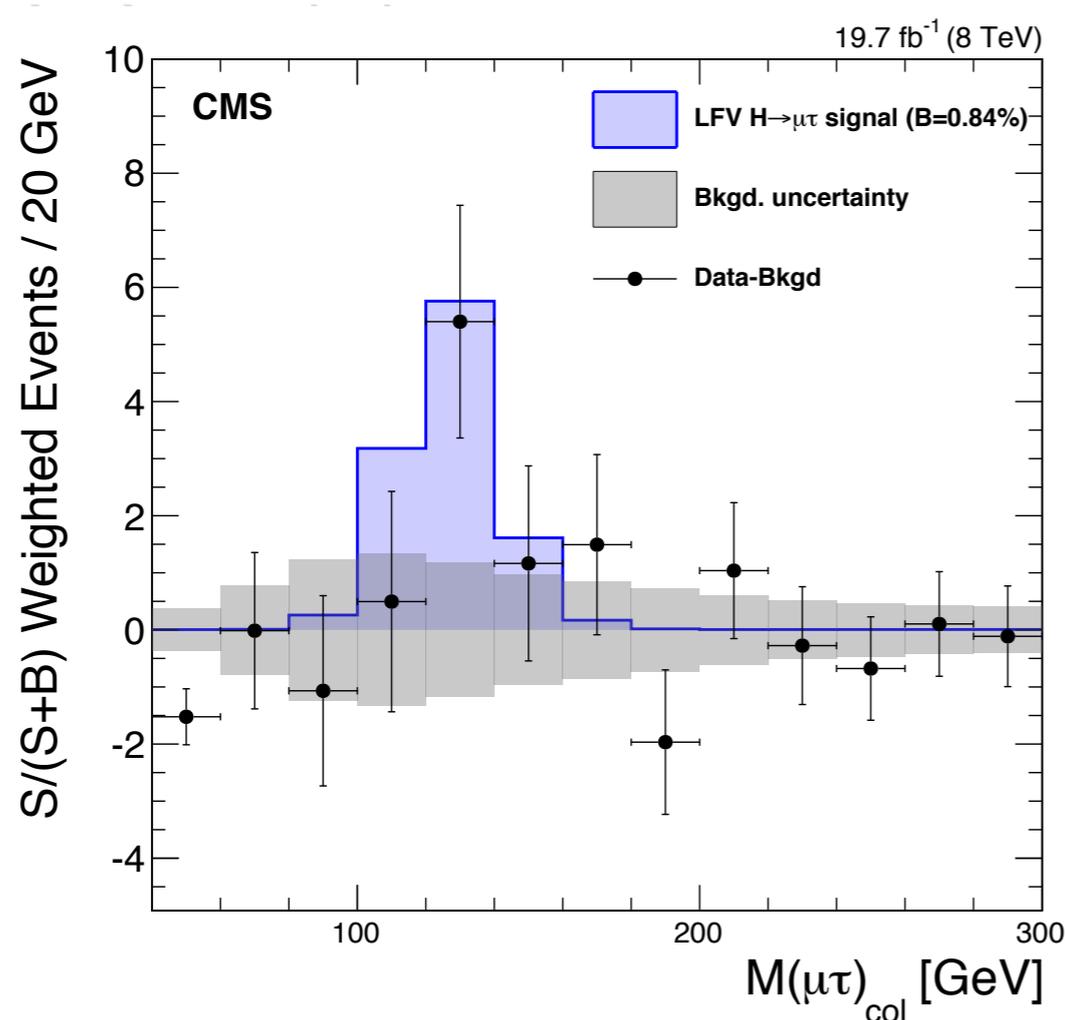
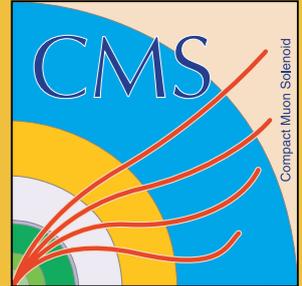
0 jets

1 jet

2 jets

arXiv:1502.07400 [hep-ex]

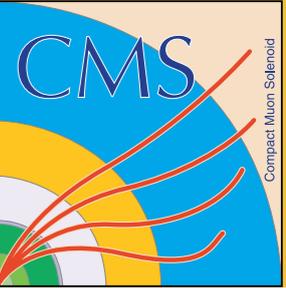
LFV Higgs: interpretation



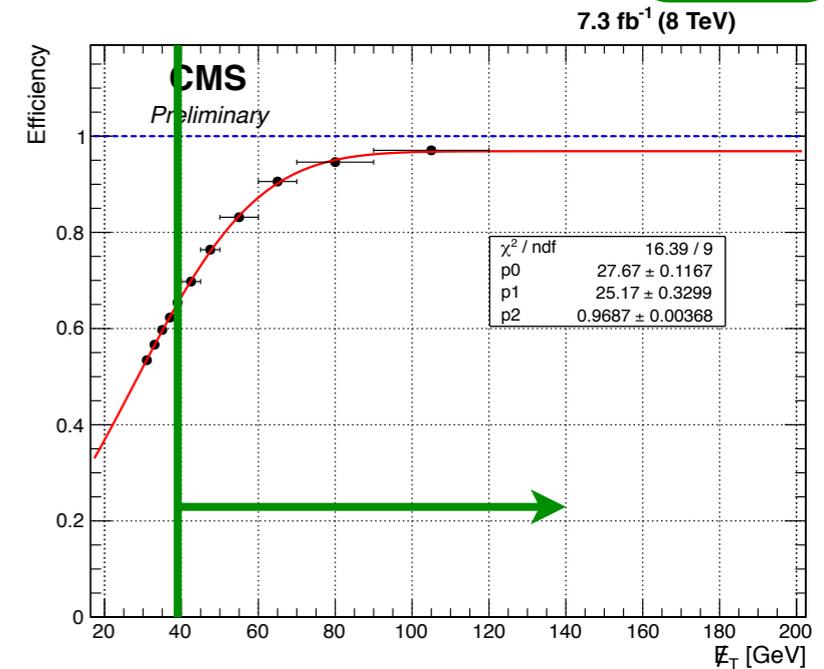
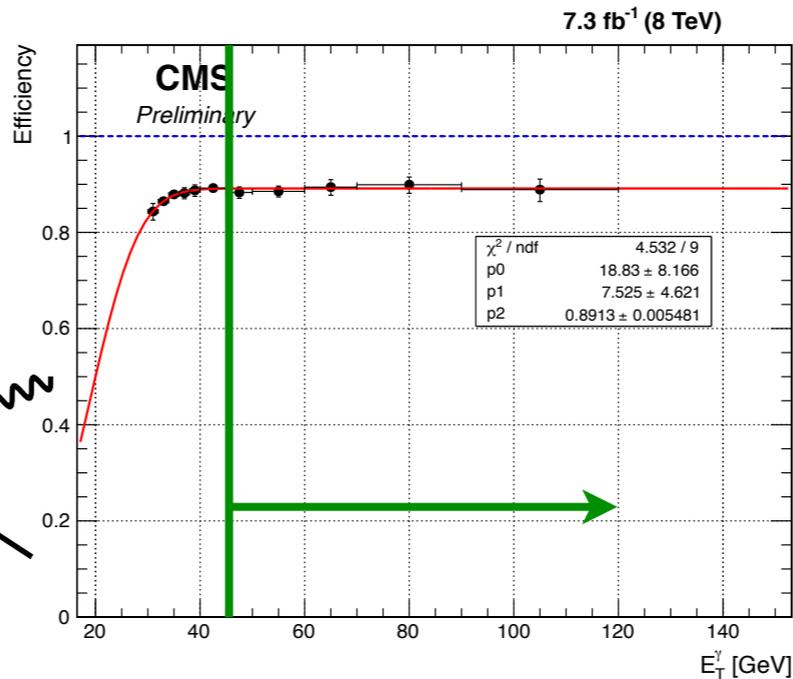
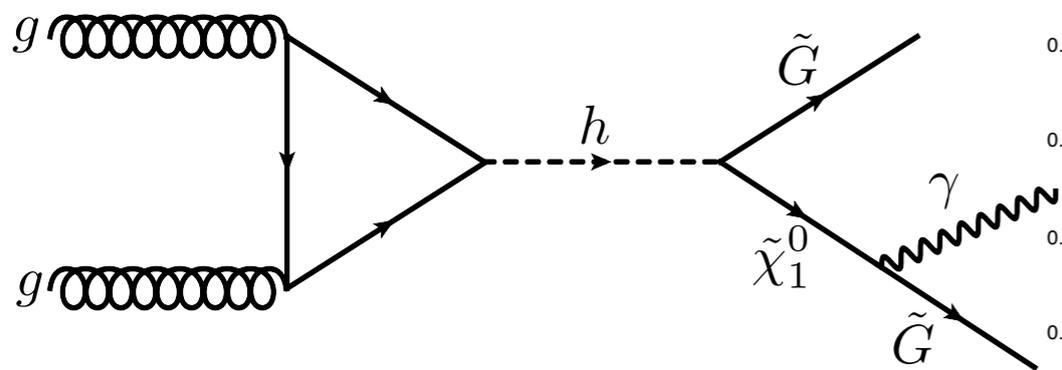
- Limit on $BR(H \rightarrow \mu\tau)$ translated into upper limit on LFV Yukawa coupling
- Direct search limit $\sim 10\times$ more stringent than previous limit derived from $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ measurement

[arXiv:1502.07400 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1502.07400)

Low- E_T mono-photon



New

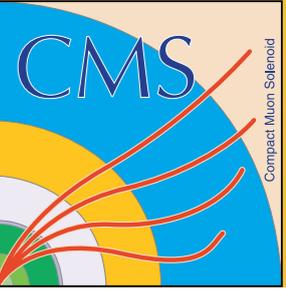


- GMSB $H \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 G \rightarrow \gamma + \cancel{E}_T$, 125 GeV Higgs \Rightarrow relatively **low- E_T photon and low- E_T neutralinos**
- Kinematic region of interest: $m_H/2 < m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} < m_H$
- **30 GeV isolated central photon + 25 GeV \cancel{E}_T trigger from 8 TeV 7.3 fb⁻¹ parked data (only reconstructed in 2013)**
- Isolated electron and muon veto
- Two novel methods for rejecting multijet and γ + jet events with mis-measured \cancel{E}_T
 - \cancel{E}_T significance: Event-by-event likelihood that \cancel{E}_T is real based on known energy resolutions
 - MH_T minimization: cut on recalculated \cancel{E}_T from particle 4-vectors that minimize the X^2 and require X^2 probability $< 10^{-3}$
- **Model-independent analysis: 0 or 1 jet, photon and jet not back to back**
- **Targeted analysis: no jet requirement, but cuts on \cancel{E}_T significance and application of MH_T minimization**

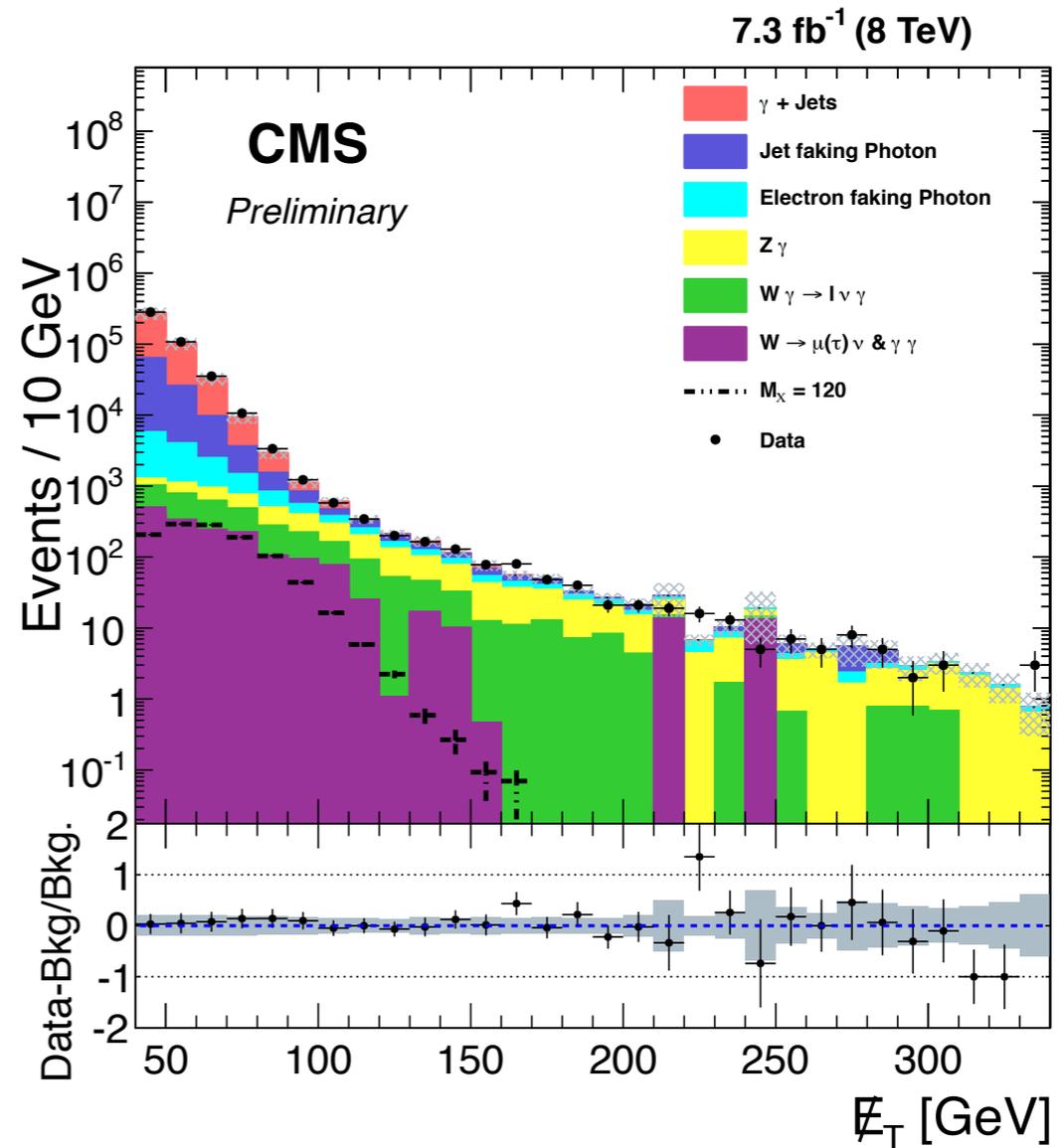
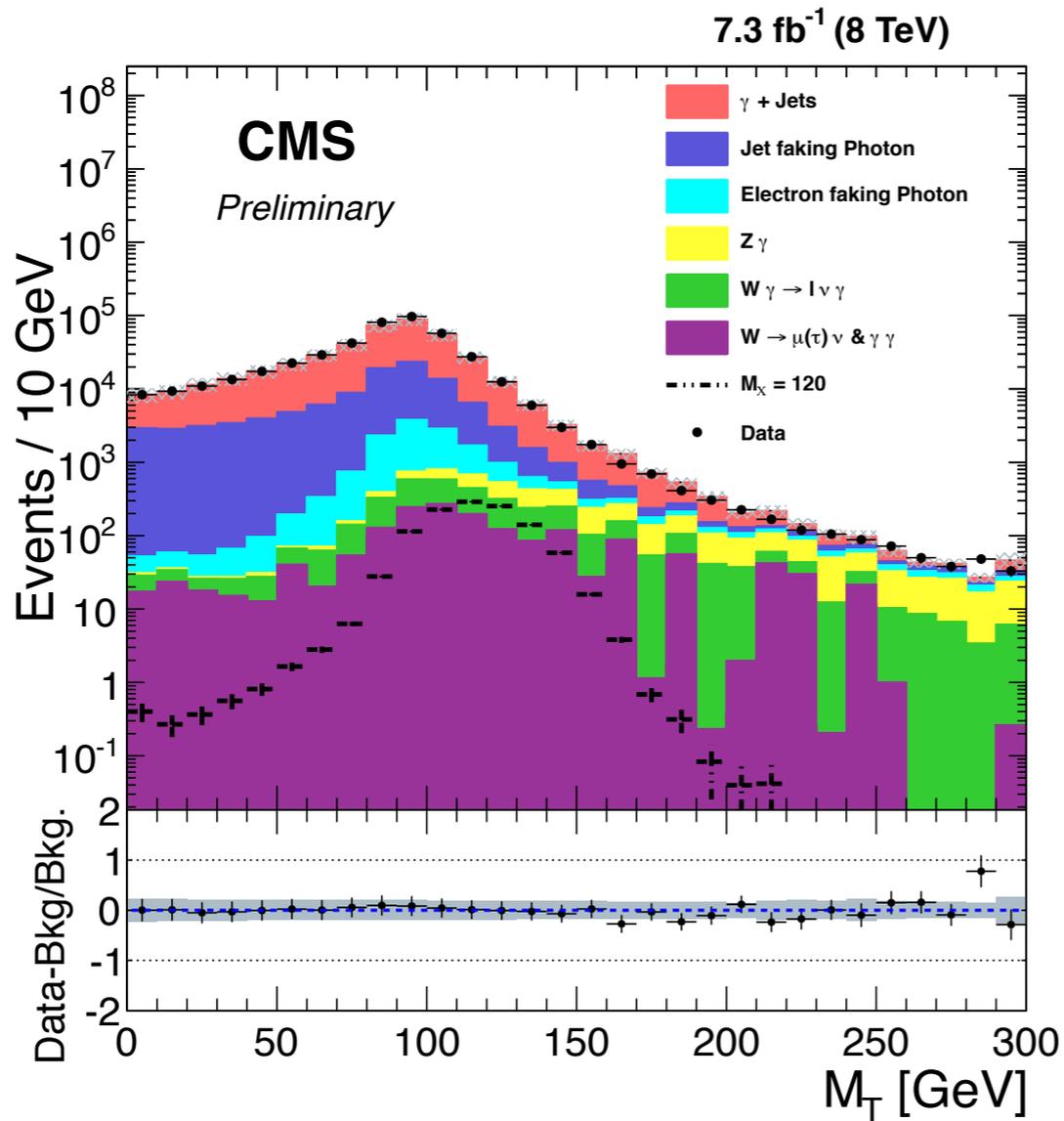
$$\chi^2 = \sum_{i=\text{objects}} \left(\frac{(p_T^{\text{reco}})_i - (\tilde{p}_T)_i}{(\sigma_{p_T})_i} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\tilde{E}_x}{\sigma_{E_x}} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\tilde{E}_y}{\sigma_{E_y}} \right)^2$$

CMS-PAS-HIG-14-024

Low- E_T mono-photon: results



New

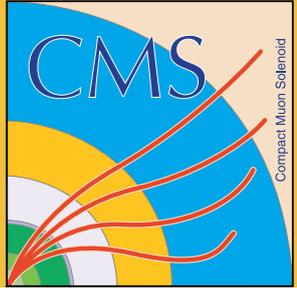


Model-independent selection



CMS-PAS-HIG-14-024

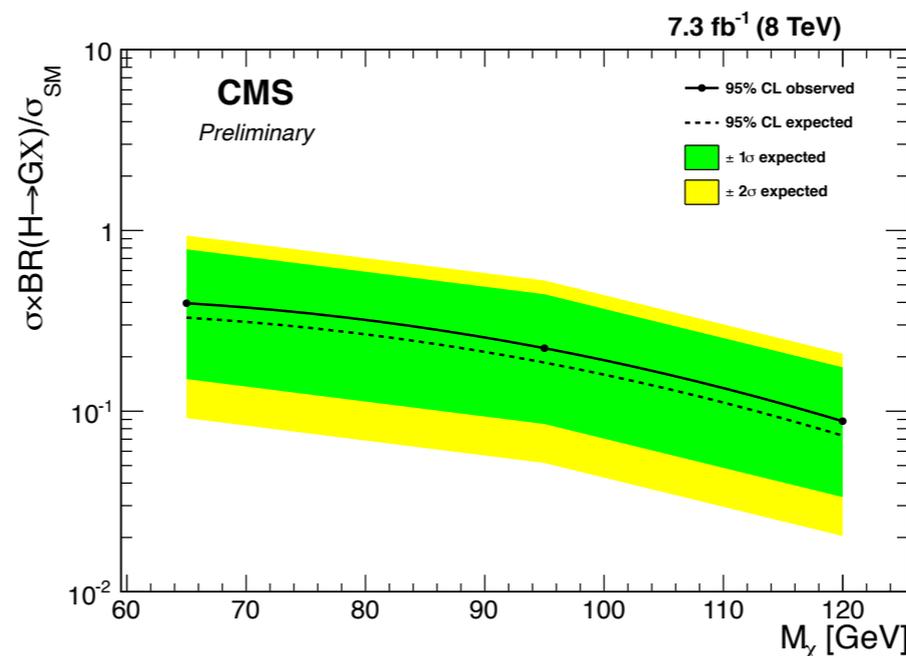
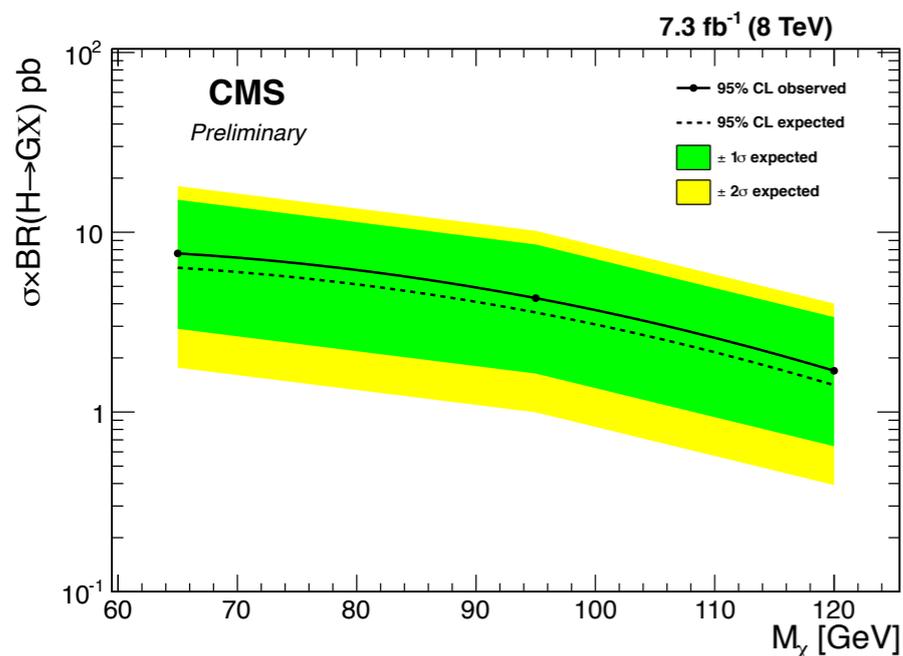
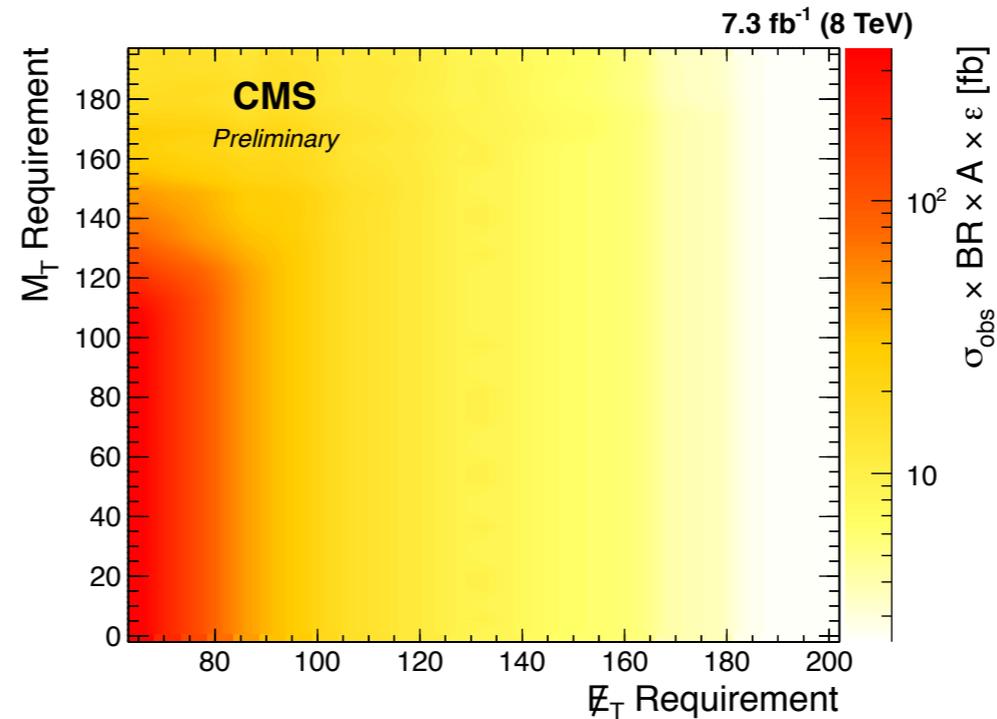
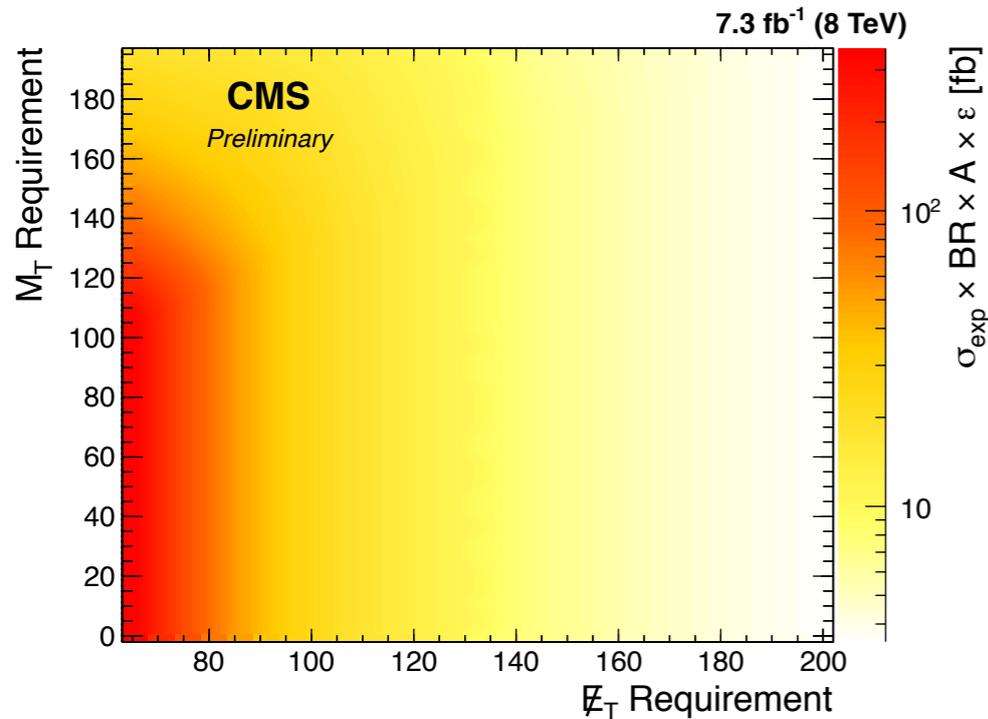
Low- E_T mono-photon: interpretation



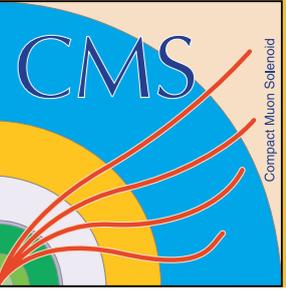
New

Model-independent selection

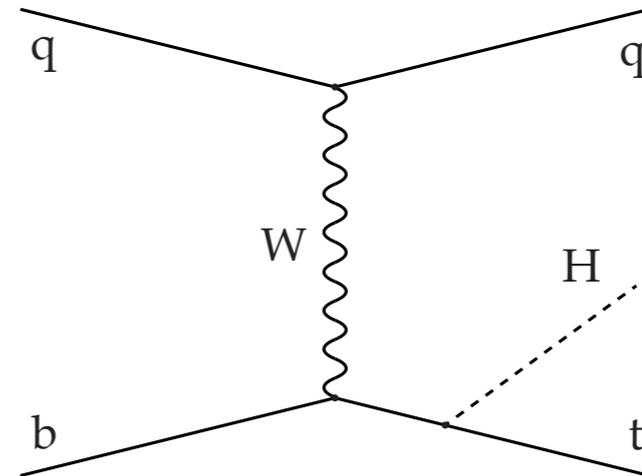
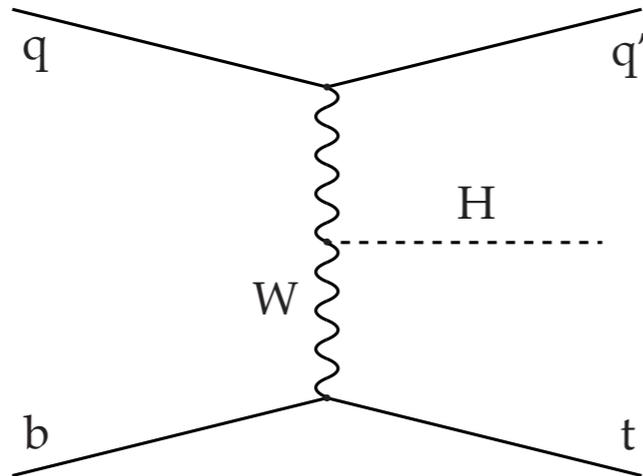
Model-specific selection using M_{H_T} minimization



Higgs + single top



New



$C_t = -1 \Rightarrow 15\times$ rate increase

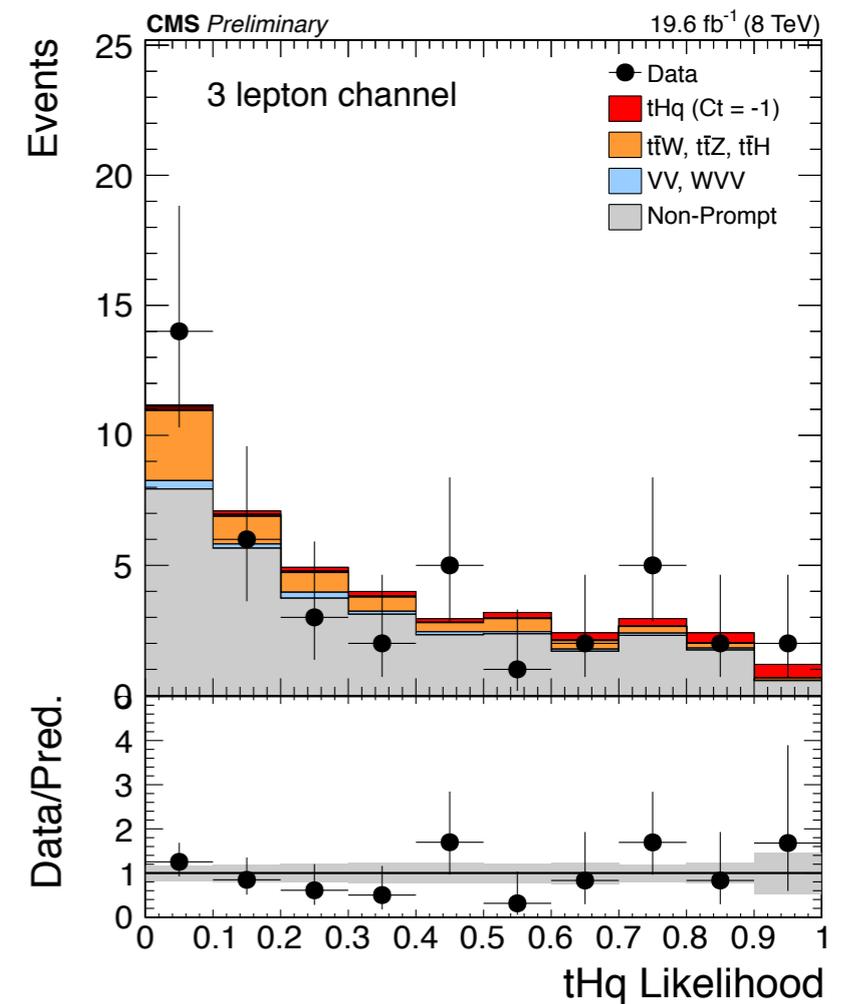
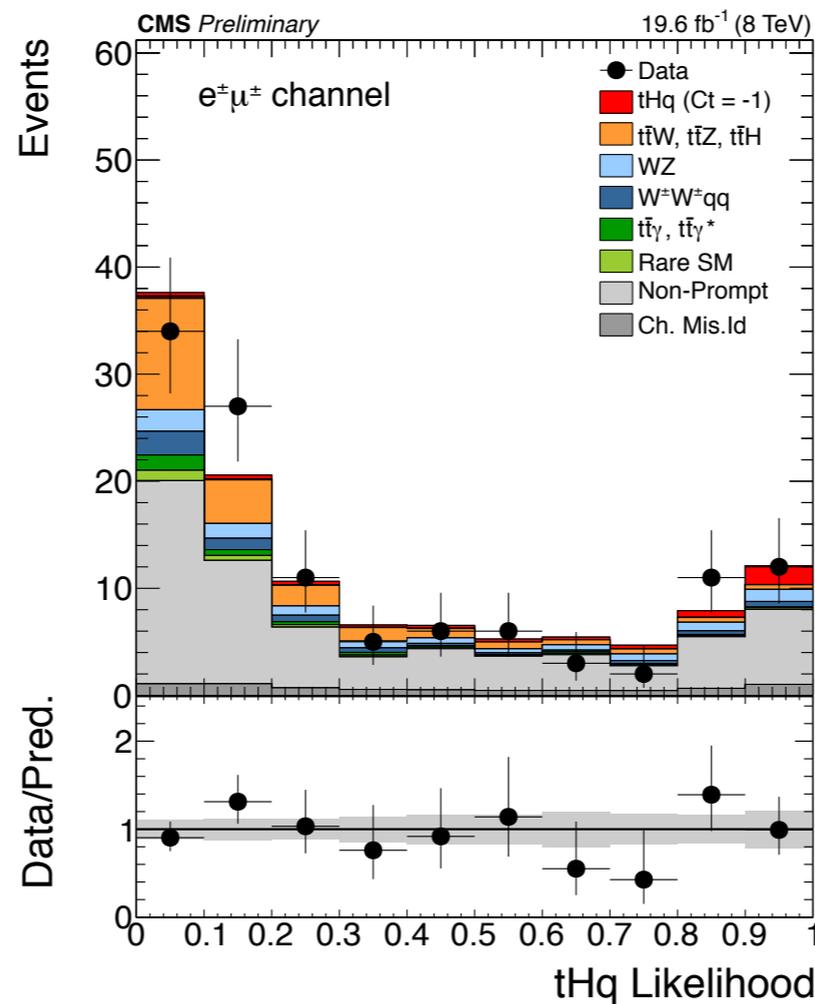
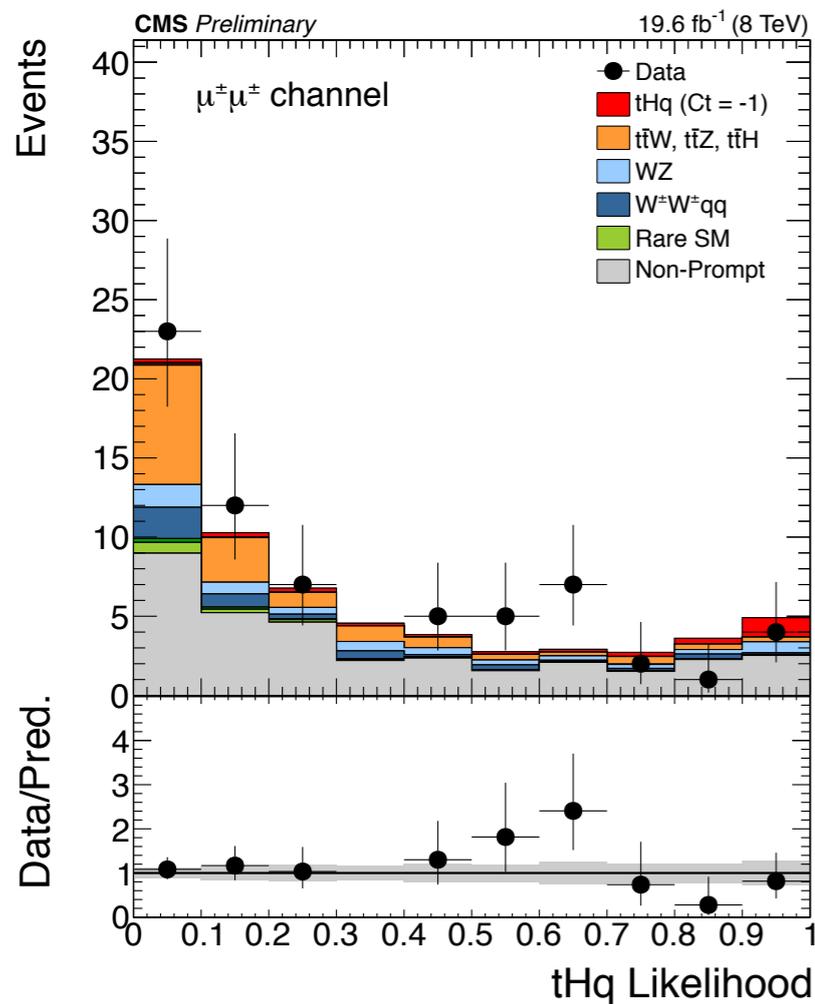
- $qb \rightarrow tHq'$, $t \rightarrow Wb$, $W \rightarrow (e/\mu)\nu$, $H \rightarrow WW$
 - Both W 's decay leptonically \Rightarrow tri-lepton final state
 - W with same charge as top decays leptonically \Rightarrow same-charge di-lepton final state
 - Hadronic tau veto
- Same- and opposite-flavor di-lepton triggers
- Multivariate lepton ID discriminator in same-charge di-lepton analysis to reject jet fakes, hadron decays, and photon conversions
- Agreement on electron charge assignment between 3 independent sources
- Multivariate muon isolation for tri-lepton analysis, standard electron isolation
- Counting experiment with signal region defined by output of multivariate likelihood discriminator

[CMS-PAS-HIG-14-026](#)

Higgs + single top: results

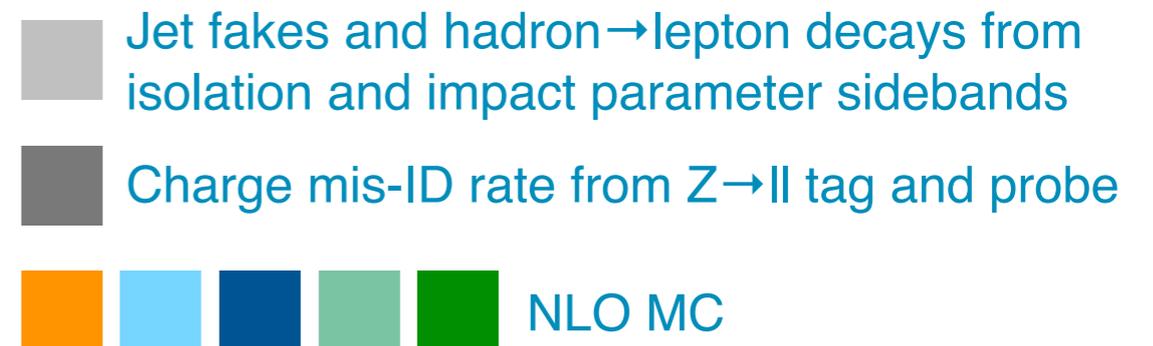


New



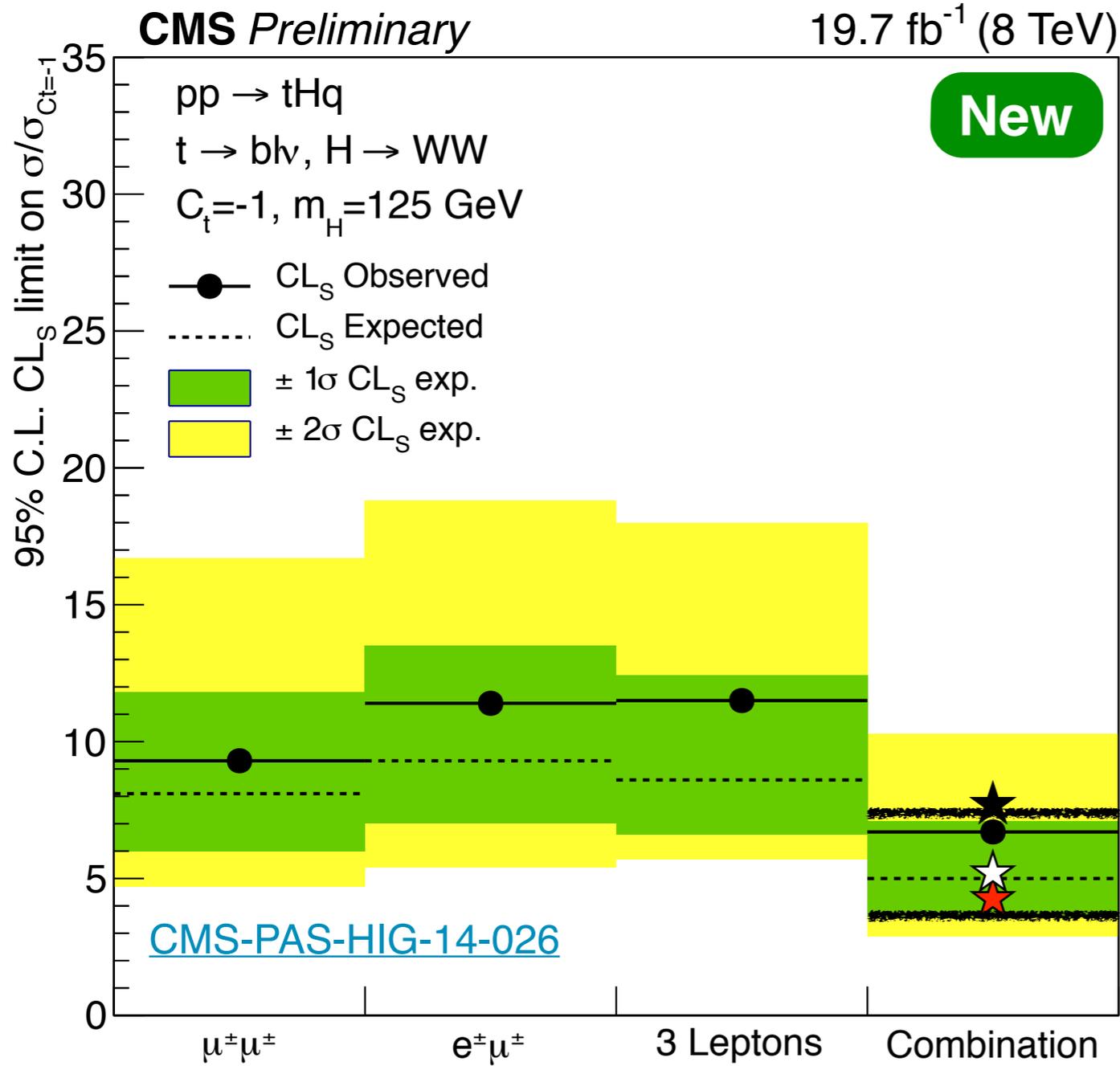
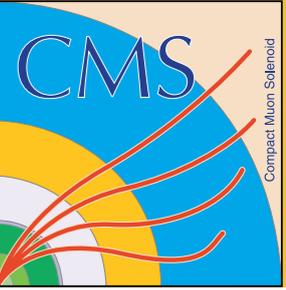
- Fitted background yields from simultaneous fit to data in 3 channels (some correlated uncertainties)

- $\mu^\pm \mu^\pm$ channel provides no additional sensitivity and is excluded from the combination



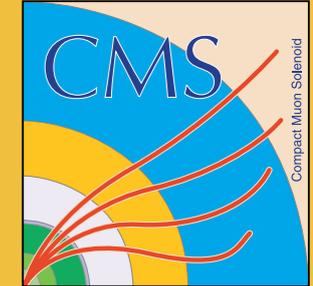
CMS-PAS-HIG-14-026

Higgs + single top: interpretation

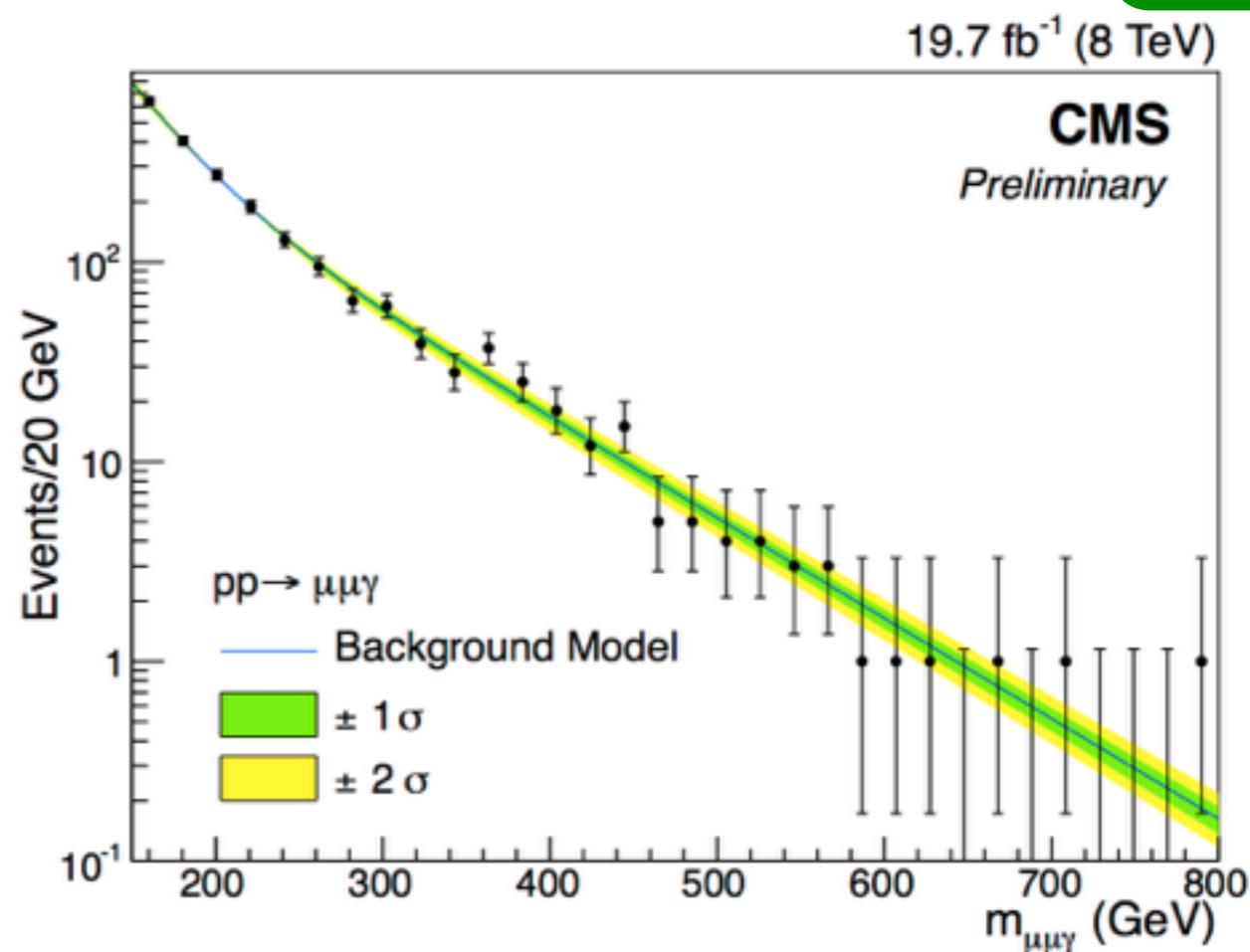
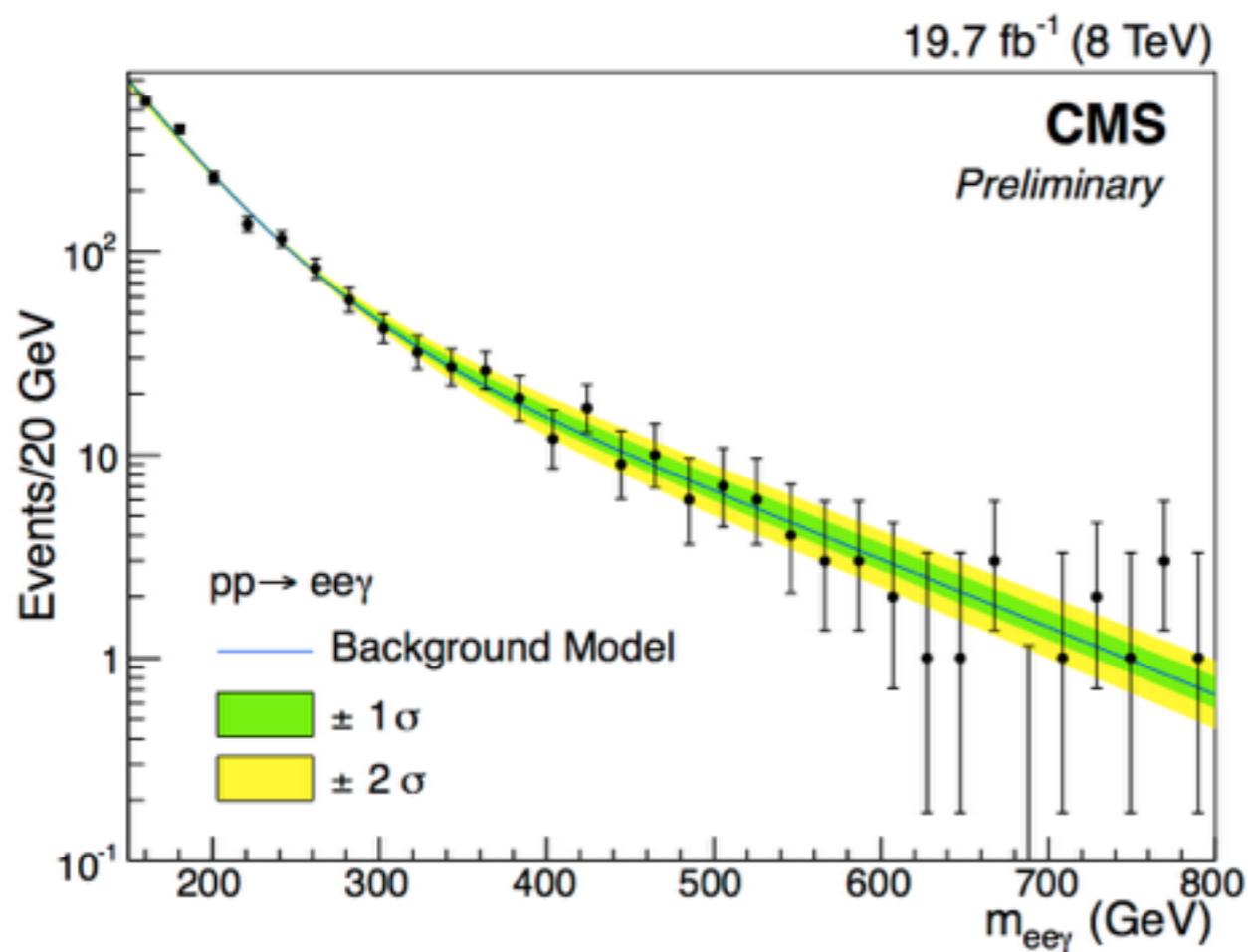


- ☆ tHq, $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ expected ([CMS-PAS-HIG-14-015](#))
- ⋯ tHq, $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ expected $\pm 1\sigma$
- ★ tHq, $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ observed
- ★ tHq, $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ observed ([CMS-PAS-HIG-14-001](#))

Heavy $A \rightarrow Z\gamma$



New



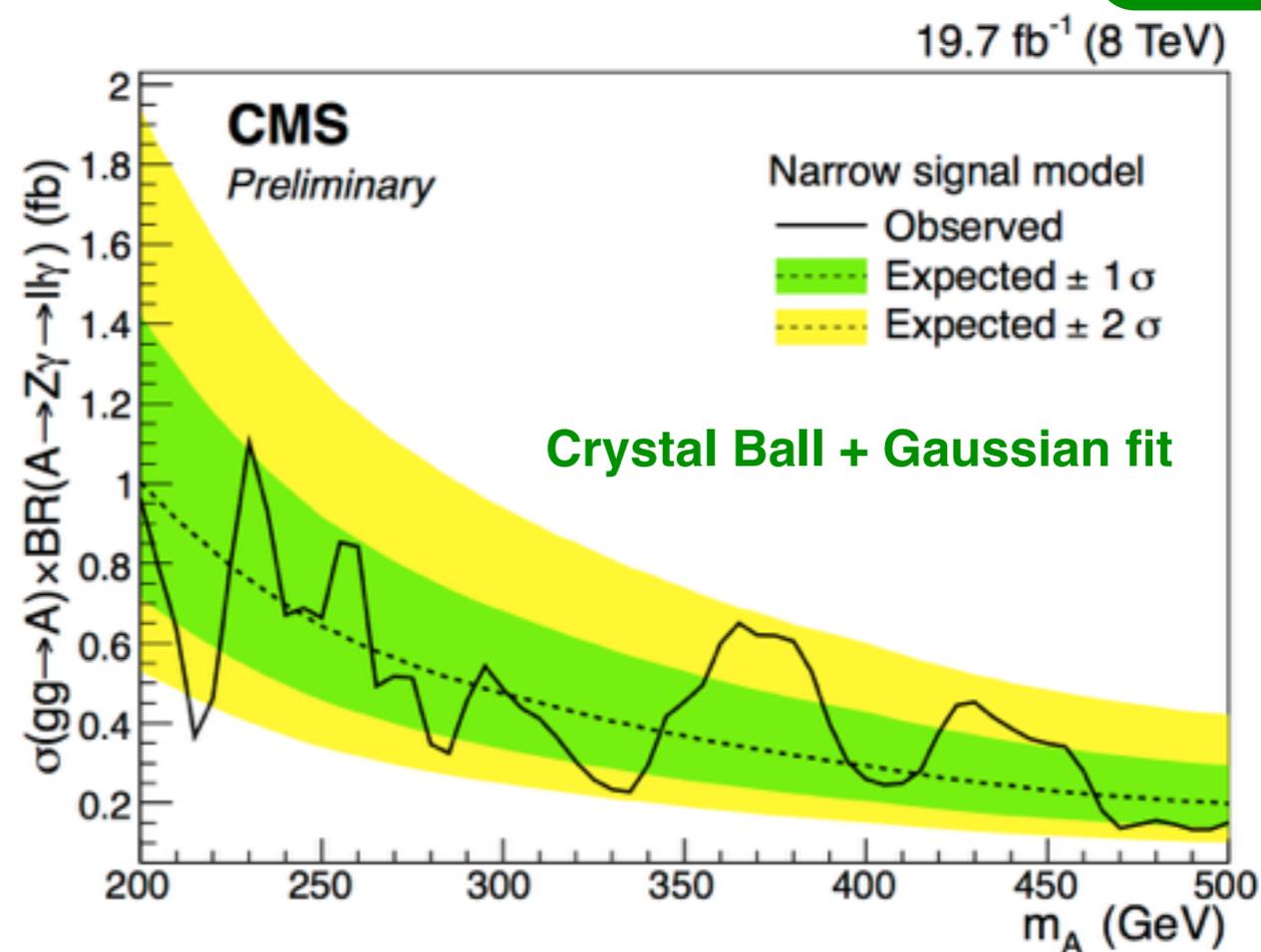
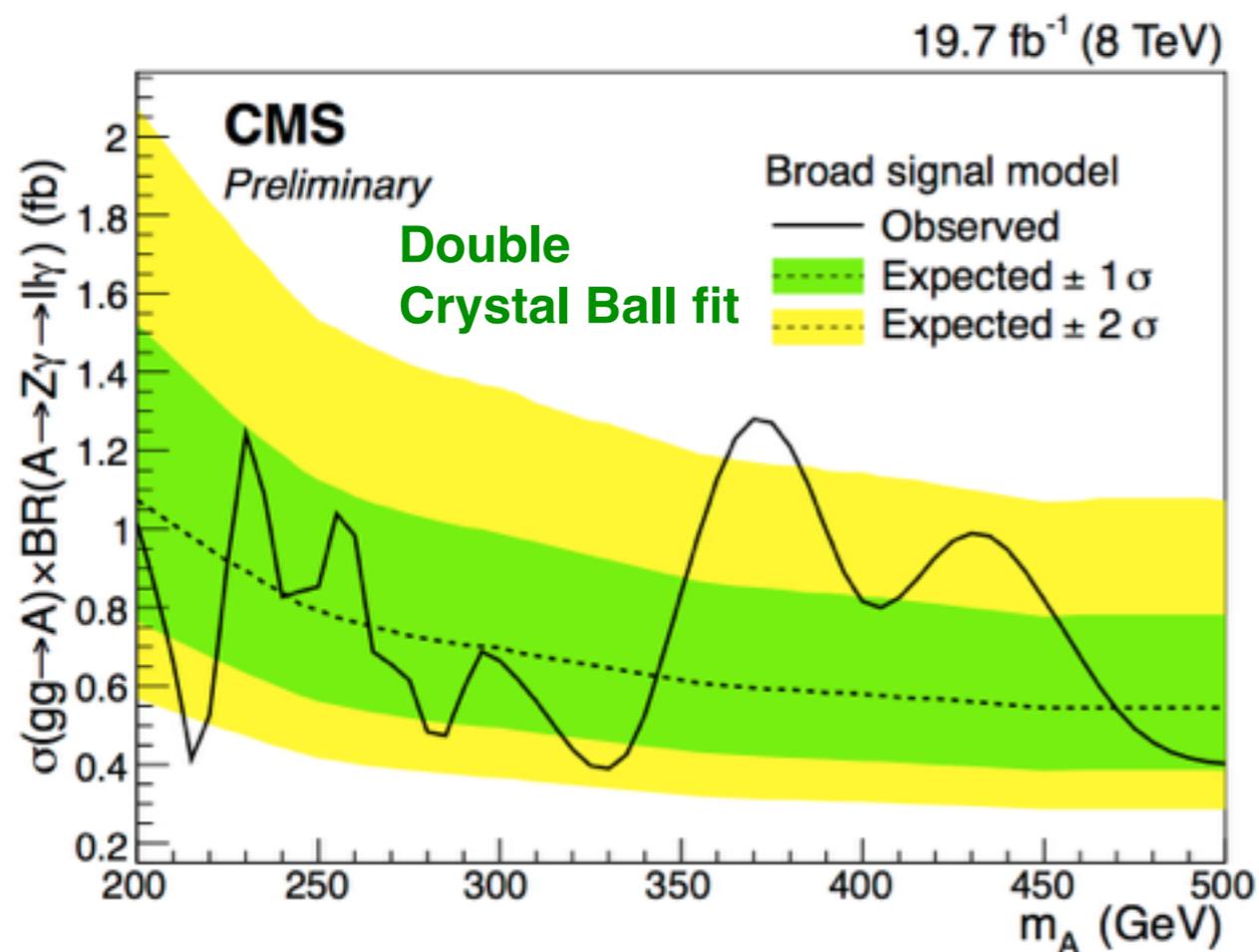
- Motivated by 2HDM
- Backgrounds are SM $Z\gamma$ (80%) and $Z + \text{jets}$ where the jet fakes a photon (20%)
- Unbinned fit to $m_{ll\gamma}$ using triple exponential to reduce signal bias to 20% background statistical uncertainty

[CMS-PAS-HIG-14-031](#)

Heavy $A \rightarrow Z\gamma$: interpretation



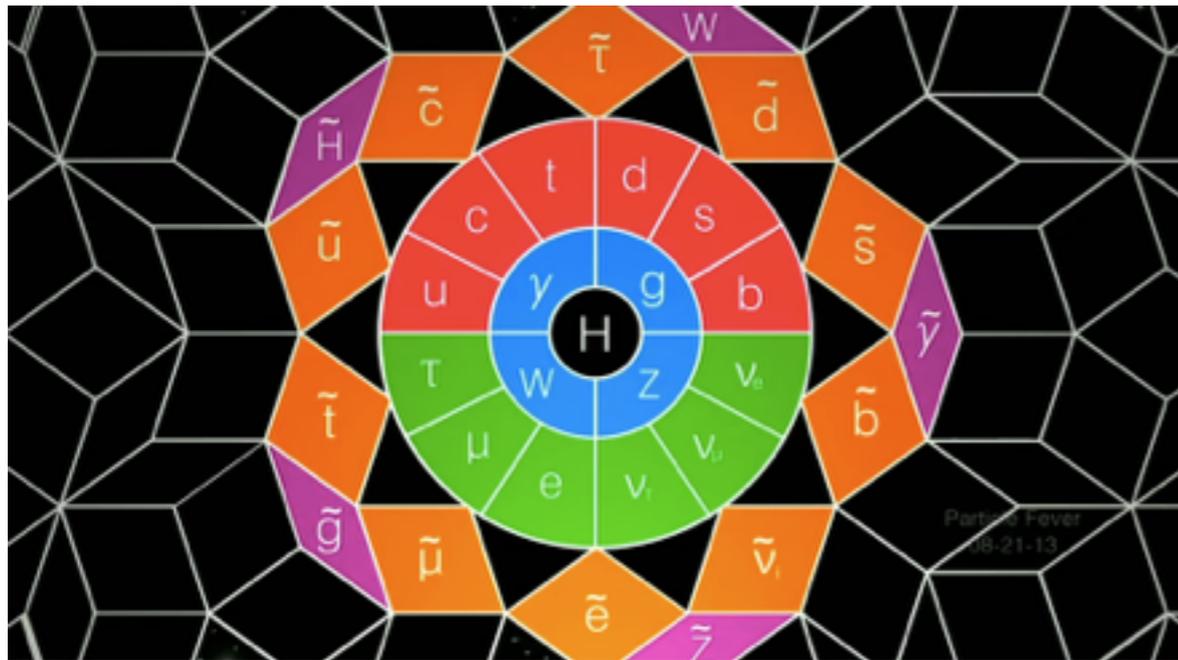
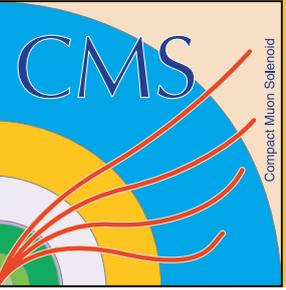
New



- Broad resonance model: SM Higgs width
- Narrow resonance model: width = 1% mass
- Models generated in 50 GeV steps in mass and interpolated in between

[CMS-PAS-HIG-14-031](#)

Conclusion

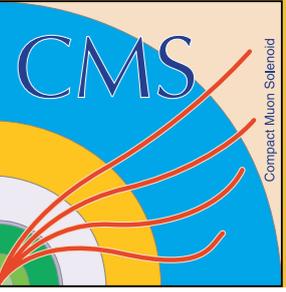


[Particle Fever](#)

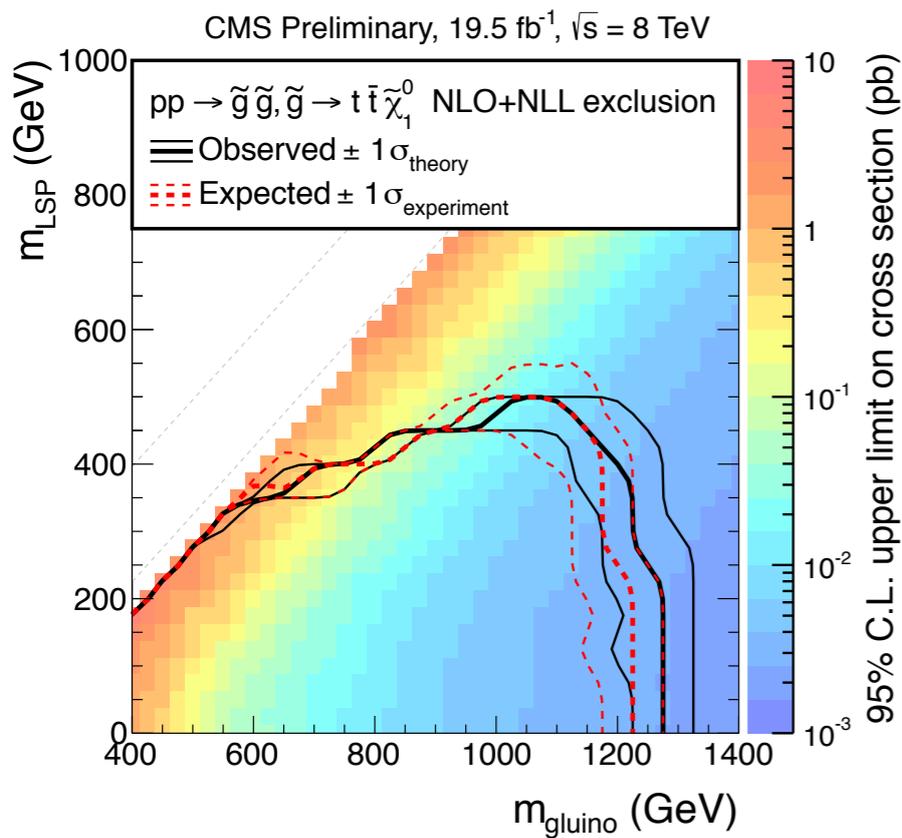
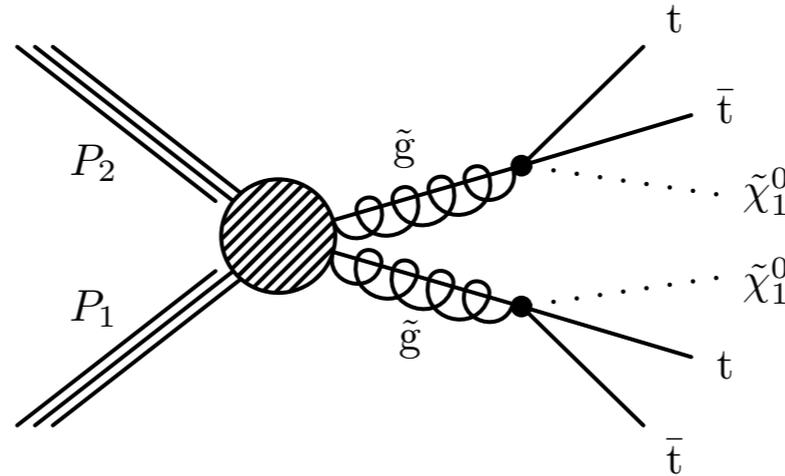
- **Research into supersymmetric models remained active and fruitful during the LHC long shutdown**
- **Searches require finesse and creativity, as well as luminosity**
- **We eagerly await Run II, ready to catch whatever nature throws our way!**

Backup

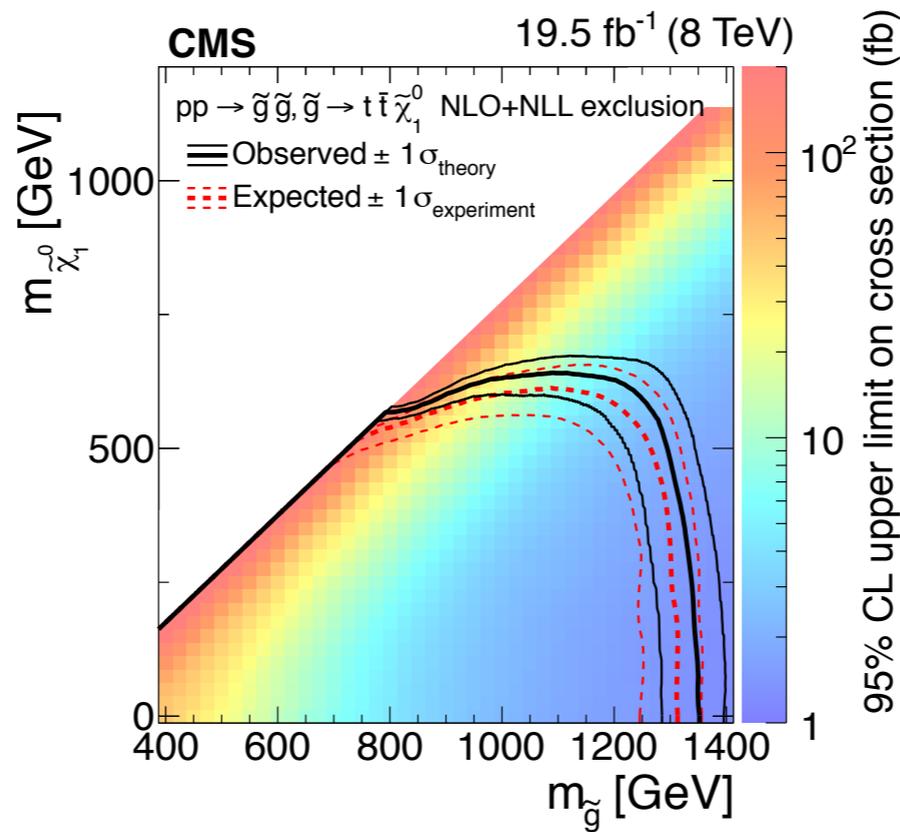
MSSM reach: gluino vs. LSP mass



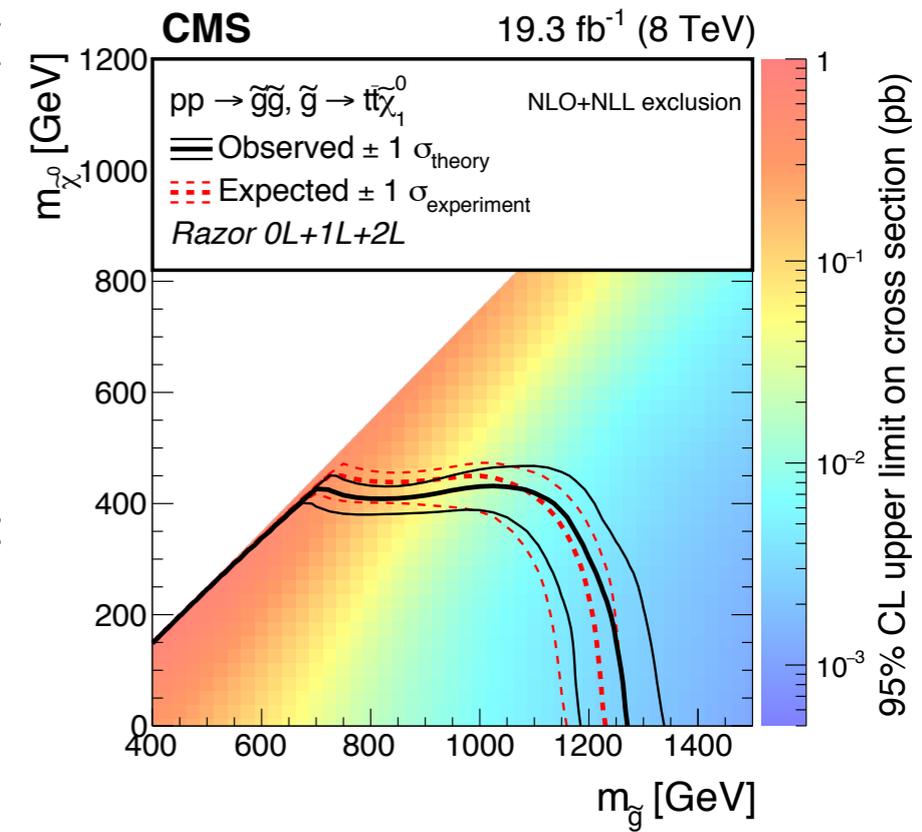
New



MT2

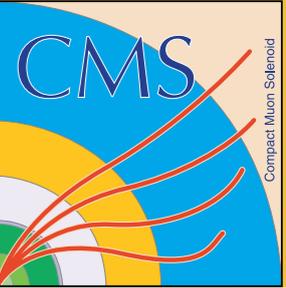


4W

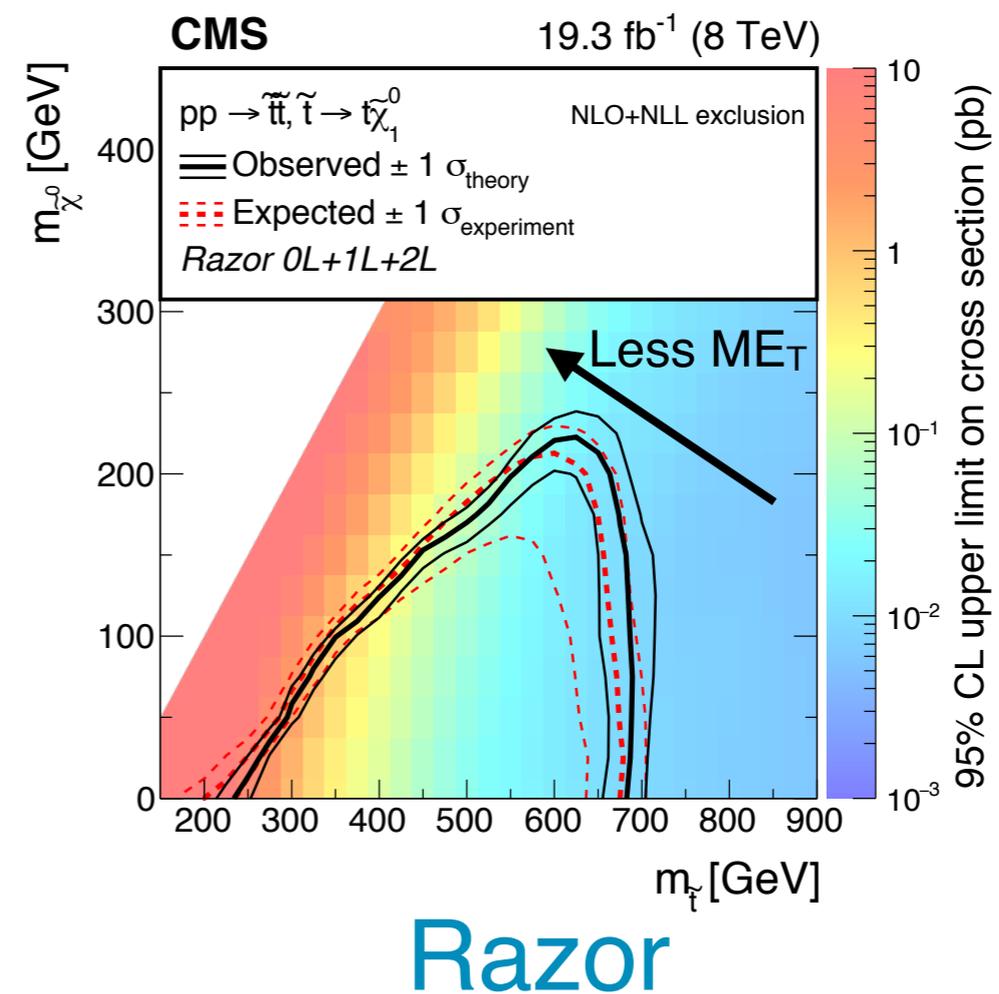
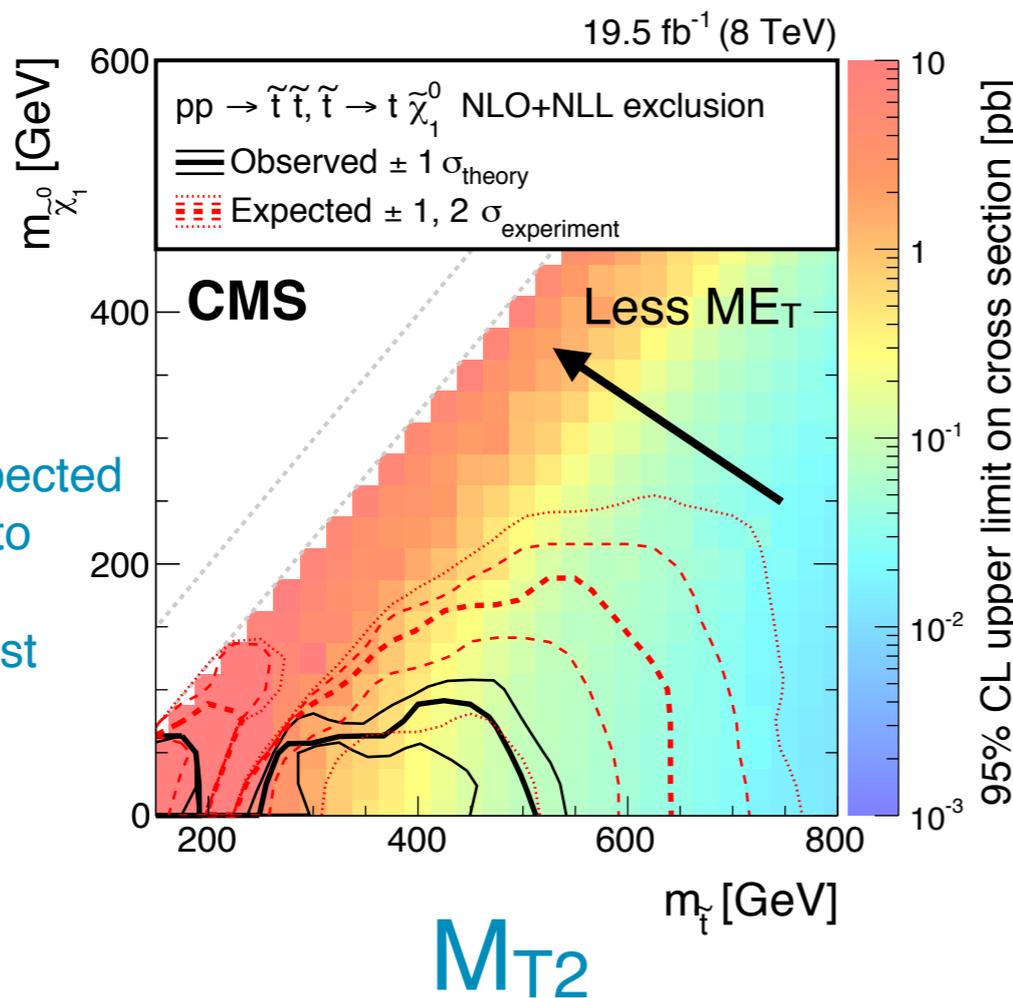
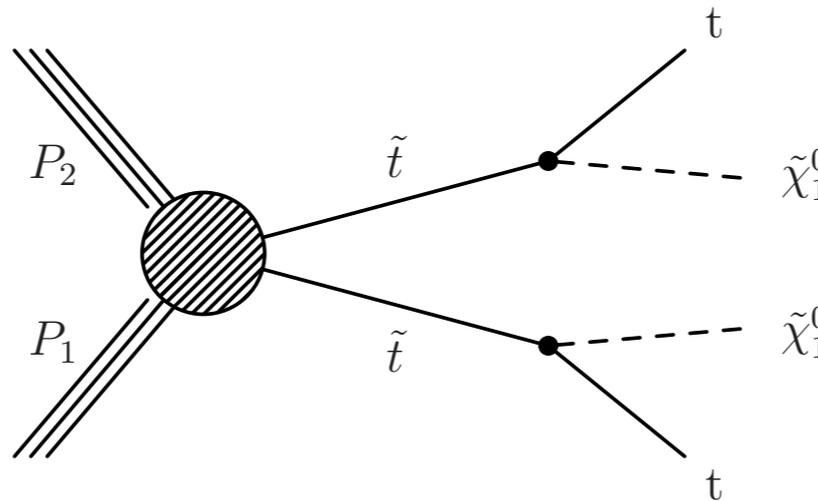


Razor

MSSM reach: stop vs. LSP mass



New



Observed limit worse than expected limit likely due to downward fluctuation in lost lepton control sample

LHC-style CLs

Likelihoods constructed from Poisson probabilities

μ = signal strength = $\frac{\text{cross section}}{\text{reference cross section}}$
 θ = nuisance parameter

Minimizes the likelihood for this μ

$$q_\mu = -2 \ln \frac{\mathcal{L}(\text{data} | \mu, \hat{\theta}_\mu)}{\mathcal{L}(\text{data} | \hat{\mu}, \hat{\theta})}, \quad \text{with } 0 \leq \hat{\mu} \leq \mu,$$

Profile likelihood test statistic

Minimizes the likelihood for all μ, θ

H_1 = signal + background hypothesis
 H_0 = background-only hypothesis

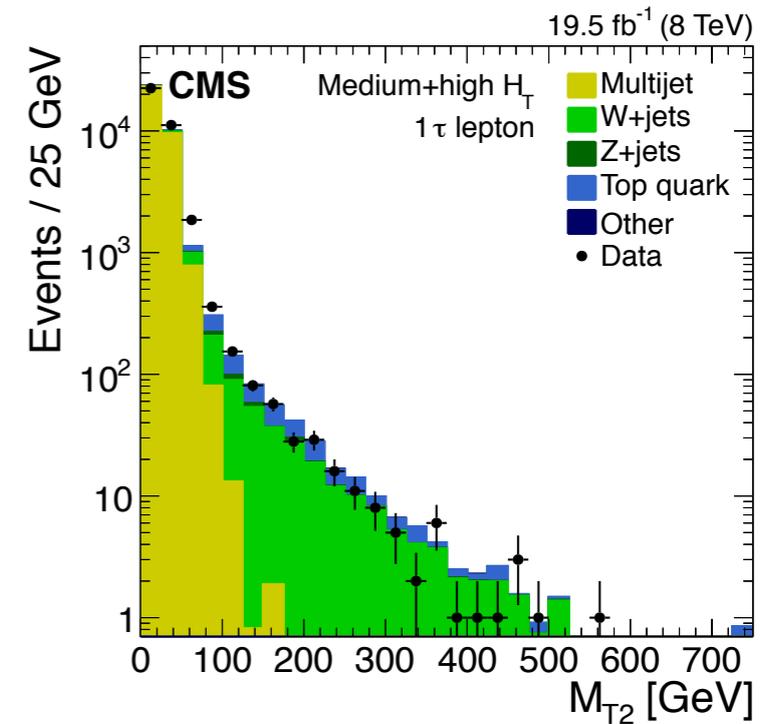
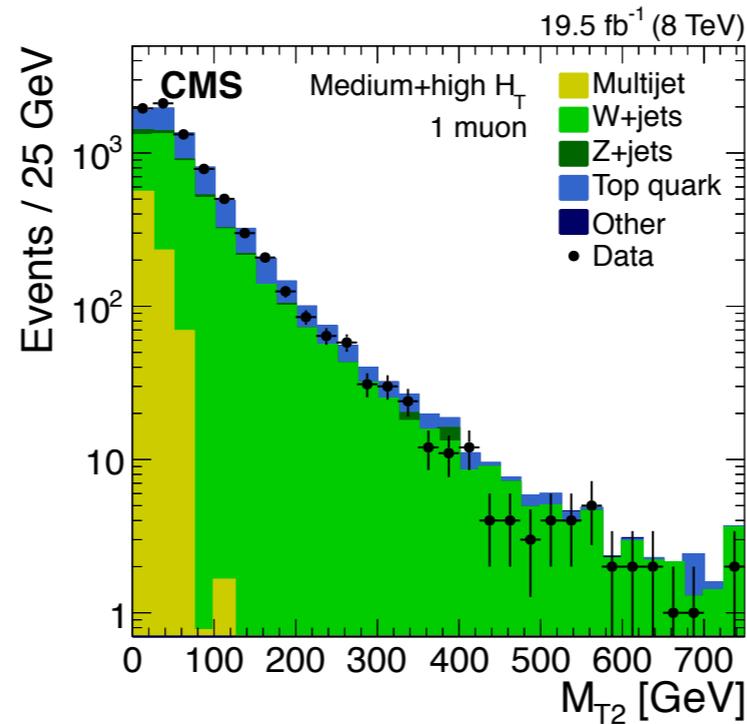
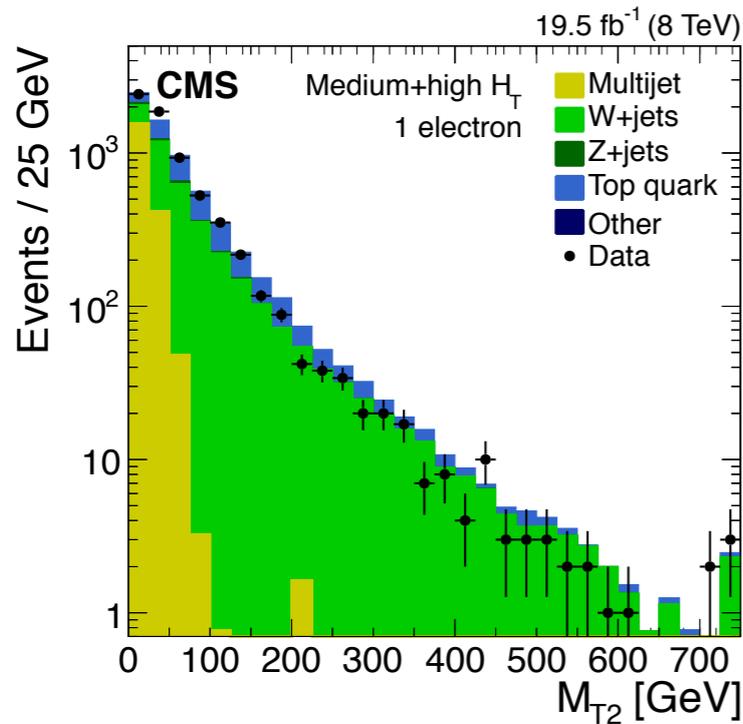
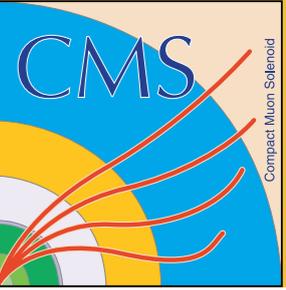
$CL_s(\mu) \leq 0.05 \Rightarrow 95\% \text{ CL}$

$$CL_{s+b}(\mu) = P(q_\mu \geq q_\mu^{\text{obs}} | H_1),$$

$$CL_b(\mu) = P(q_\mu \geq q_\mu^{\text{obs}} | H_0).$$

$$CL_s(\mu) = \frac{CL_{s+b}(\mu)}{CL_b(\mu)}.$$

M_{T2} all-hadronic: backgrounds



• Multijet background

- Data control region from sideband in $\Delta\Phi_{\min}$ (minimum $\Delta\Phi(\text{jet}, ME_T)$ over the 4 highest p_T jets in the event); signal region $\Delta\Phi_{\min} > 0.3$ rad
- M_{T2} -dependent scaling factor derived in low- M_{T2} dataset (50-80 GeV) and extrapolated to high M_{T2} via exponential + constant parametrization

• Lost lepton background

- 1-lepton data control region with $M_T(\text{lepton}, ME_T) < 100$ GeV

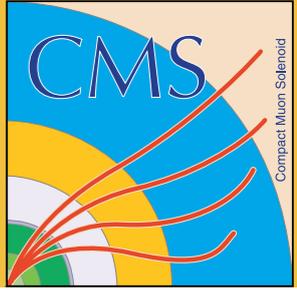
- Contributions from jet fakes and leptonic decays of hadrons subtracted
- Scaled by “lost lepton factor” depending on lepton ID and M_T efficiency
- No binning in M_{T2} for better statistical precision $\rightarrow M_{T2}$ distribution from MC

• $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$ background

- $\gamma + \text{jet}$ data scaled by predicted Z/γ ratio
- Validated with $Z \rightarrow ll + \text{jet}$ data

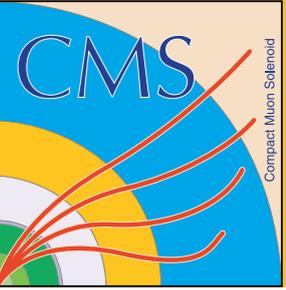
[arXiv:1502.04358 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1502.04358)

M_{T2} all-hadronic: signal bins



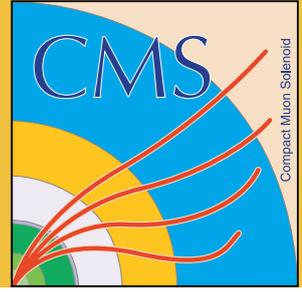
	Low- H_T region M_{T2} bin [GeV]			Medium- H_T region M_{T2} bin [GeV]			High- H_T region M_{T2} bin [GeV]	
$N_j = 2,$ $N_b = 0$	200–240 240–290 290–350	350–420 420–490 490–570	570–650 >650	125–150 150–180 180–220	220–270 270–325 325–425	425–580 580–780 >780	120–150 150–200 200–260	260–350 350–550 >550
$N_j = 2,$ $N_b \geq 1$	200–250 250–310	310–380 380–450	450–550 >550	100–135 135–170	170–260 260–450	>450	100–180 >180	
$N_j = 3-5,$ $N_b = 0$	200–240 240–290 290–350 350–420	420–490 490–570 570–650 >650		160–185 185–215 215–250 250–300	300–370 370–480 480–640 640–800	>800	160–185 185–220 220–270 270–350	350–450 450–650 >650
$N_j = 3-5,$ $N_b = 1$	200–250 250–310	310–380 380–460	460–550 >550	150–175 175–210	210–270 270–380	380–600 >600	150–180 180–230	230–350 >350
$N_j = 3-5,$ $N_b = 2$	200–250 250–325	325–425 >425		130–160 160–200	200–270 270–370	>370	130–200 >200	
$N_j \geq 6,$ $N_b = 0$	200–280 280–380	>380		160–200 200–250	250–325 325–425	>425	160–200 200–300	>300
$N_j \geq 6,$ $N_b = 1$	200–250 250–325	>325		150–190 190–250	250–350 >350		150–200 200–300	>300
$N_j \geq 6,$ $N_b = 2$	200–250 250–300	>300		130–170 170–220	220–300 >300		130–200 >200	
$N_j \geq 3,$ $N_b \geq 3$	200–280	>280		125–175	175–275	>275	>125	

M_{T2} all-hadronic: systematics



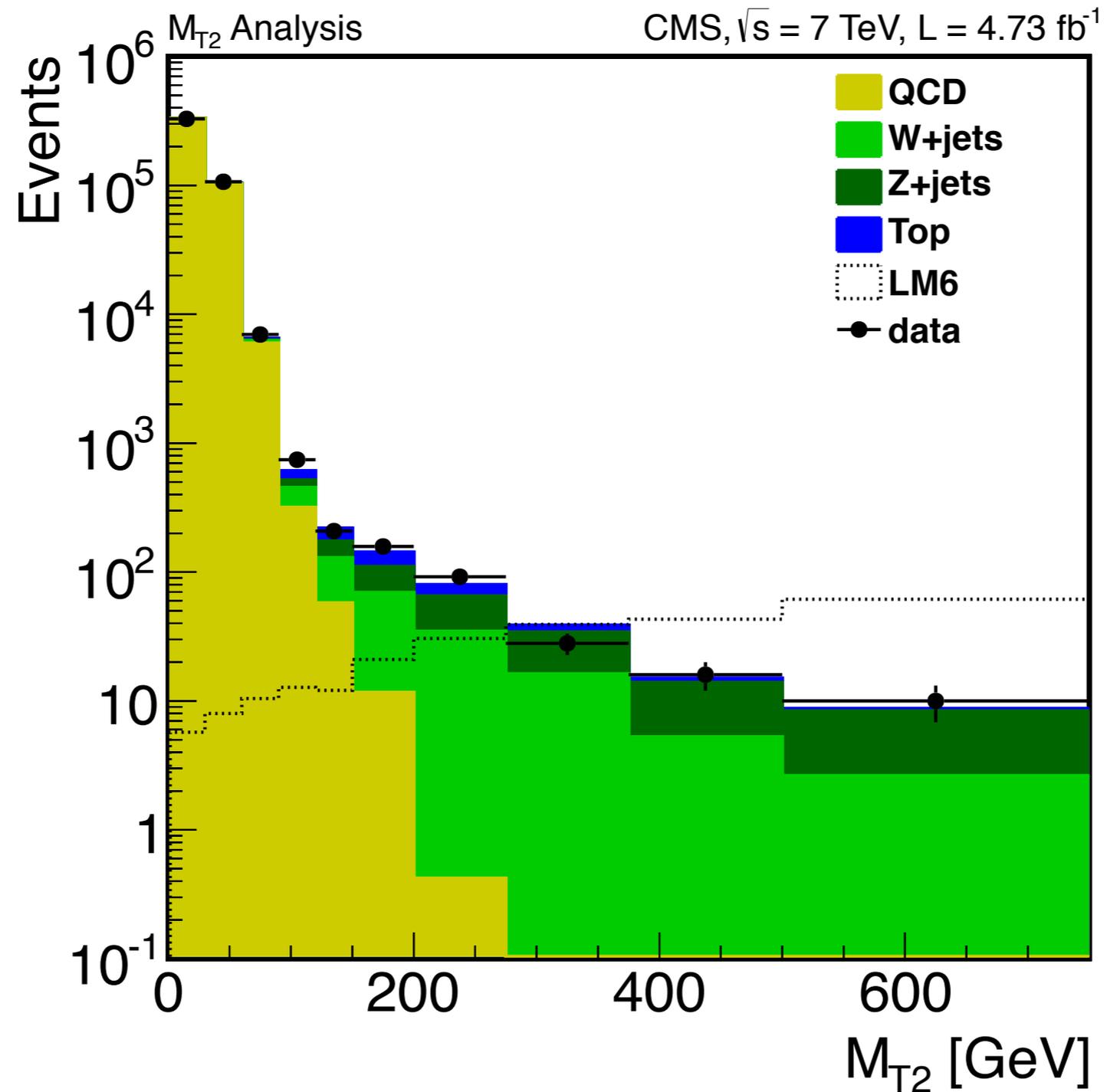
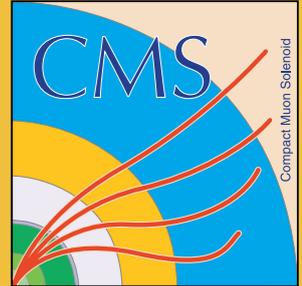
Process	Source/Region	Effect	Shape
Multijet	$M_{T2} < 200$ GeV	10-50%	—
	$M_{T2} \geq 200$ GeV	50-100%	—
$W(l\nu)$ +jets and Top	Lost-lepton method	10-65%	—
	b-tagging scale factor	—	x
	Jet energy scale	—	x
	Matching scale	—	x
	Renormalization and factorization scale	—	x
	p_T MC NLO uncertainty	—	x
$Z(\nu\bar{\nu})$ +jets	Systematics on $Z(\nu\bar{\nu})/\gamma$ ratio (0-1 b jets)	20-30%	—
	Systematics on 1b/0b ratio from Z_{ll} (1 b jet)	10-75%	—
	Statistics from γ +jets data (0-1 b jet)	5-100%	—
	simulation (≥ 2 b jets)	100%	—
Signal	Luminosity uncertainty	2.6%	—
	Trigger efficiency	1%	—
	Parton distribution functions	5-15%	—
	b-tagging scale factor	5-40%	x
	Jet energy scale	5-40%	x
	p_T MC NLO uncertainty	10-20%	x

M_{T2} all-hadronic: limits

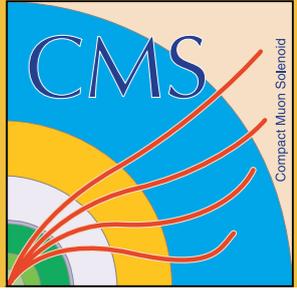


Simplified model	Limit on parent particle mass at $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 0$	Best limit on LSP mass	Limit on mass splitting
Direct squark production			
Single light squark	$m_{\tilde{q}} > 520 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 120 \text{ GeV}$	$\Delta m(\tilde{q}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 200 \text{ GeV}$
8 degenerate light squarks	$m_{\tilde{q}} > 875 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 325 \text{ GeV}$	$\Delta m(\tilde{q}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 50 \text{ GeV}$
Bottom squark	$m_{\tilde{b}} > 640 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 275 \text{ GeV}$	$\Delta m(\tilde{b}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 10 \text{ GeV}$
Top squark			
$m_{\tilde{t}} > m_t + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$	$m_{\tilde{t}} > 450 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 60 \text{ GeV}$	$\Delta m(\tilde{t}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 230 \text{ GeV}$
$m_{\tilde{t}} < m_t + m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$	$m_{\tilde{t}} > 175 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 60 \text{ GeV}$	$\Delta m(\tilde{t}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 90 \text{ GeV}$
Direct gluino production			
$\tilde{g} \rightarrow q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$m_{\tilde{g}} > 1225 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 510 \text{ GeV}$	$\Delta m(\tilde{g}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 25 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$m_{\tilde{g}} > 1300 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 740 \text{ GeV}$	$\Delta m(\tilde{g}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 50 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\bar{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$m_{\tilde{g}} > 1225 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 450 \text{ GeV}$	$\Delta m(\tilde{g}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 225 \text{ GeV}$
$\tilde{g}_1 \rightarrow q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow h\tilde{\chi}_1^0,$ $\tilde{g}_2 \rightarrow qq'\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$m_{\tilde{g}} > 825 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 410 \text{ GeV}$	$\Delta m(\tilde{g}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 225 \text{ GeV}$
cMSSM/mSUGRA model	Mass limit for $m_{\tilde{q}} = m_{\tilde{g}}$	Gluino mass limit	Squark mass limit
	$m_{\tilde{g}, \tilde{q}} > 1550 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\tilde{g}} > 1150 \text{ GeV}$	$m_{\tilde{q}} > 1450 \text{ GeV}$

M_{T2} all-hadronic: discrimination

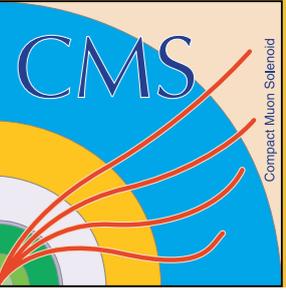


Dilepton edge fit: $R_{SF/OF}$



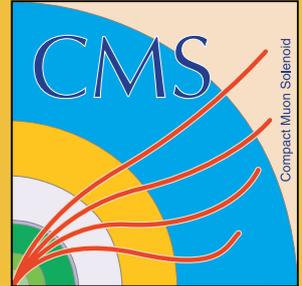
	Central	Forward
Factorization method		
$R_{SF/OF}$	$1.03 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.06$	$1.11 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.08$
$R_{ee/OF}$	$0.47 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.06$	$0.46 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.10$
$R_{\mu\mu/OF}$	$0.56 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.07$	$0.65 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.14$
$r_{\mu e}$	$1.09 \pm 0.00 \pm 0.11$	$1.18 \pm 0.00 \pm 0.24$
R_T	$1.03 \pm 0.01 \pm 0.06$	$1.10 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.07$
Control-region method		
$R_{SF/OF}$	$0.99 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.02$	$1.11 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.03$
$R_{ee/OF}$	$0.44 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.01$	$0.49 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.02$
$R_{\mu\mu/OF}$	$0.55 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.01$	$0.62 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.02$
$r_{\mu e}$	1.12 ± 0.04 (stat)	1.12 ± 0.08 (stat)
R_T	0.98 ± 0.05 (stat)	1.11 ± 0.11 (stat)
Combined		
$R_{SF/OF}$	1.00 ± 0.04	1.11 ± 0.07
$R_{ee/OF}$	0.45 ± 0.03	0.48 ± 0.05
$R_{\mu\mu/OF}$	0.55 ± 0.03	0.63 ± 0.07

Dilepton edge fit: systematics



Uncertainty source	Impact on signal yield [%]
Luminosity	2.6
PDFs on acceptance	0–6
Lepton identification/isolation	2
Fast simulation lepton identification/isolation	2
Dilepton trigger	5
Lepton energy scale	0–5
E_T^{miss}	0–8
Jet energy scale/resolution	0–8
ISR modeling	0–14
Additional interactions	1

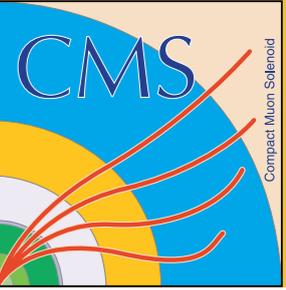
b-tagged razor: boxes



Box	Lepton	b-tag	Kinematic	Jet
Two-lepton boxes				
MuEle	≥ 1 tight electron and ≥ 1 loose muon	≥ 1 b-tag	$(M_R > 300 \text{ GeV and } R^2 > 0.15)$ and $(M_R > 350 \text{ GeV or } R^2 > 0.2)$	≥ 2 jets
MuMu	≥ 1 tight muon and ≥ 1 loose muon			
EleEle	≥ 1 tight electron and ≥ 1 loose electron			
Single-lepton boxes				
MuMultiJet	1 tight muon	≥ 1 b-tag	$(M_R > 300 \text{ GeV and } R^2 > 0.15)$ and $(M_R > 350 \text{ GeV or } R^2 > 0.2)$	≥ 4 jets
EleMultiJet	1 tight electron			2 or 3 jets
MuJet	1 tight muon			
EleJet	1 tight electron			
Hadronic boxes				
MultiJet	none	≥ 1 b-tag	$(M_R > 400 \text{ GeV and } R^2 > 0.25)$ and	≥ 4 jets
≥ 2 b-tagged jet	none	≥ 2 b-tag	$(M_R > 450 \text{ GeV or } R^2 > 0.3)$	2 or 3 jets

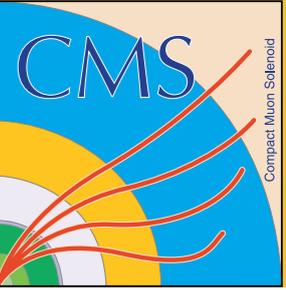
- Fit in each box independently
- Fit b tag categories within a box simultaneously
- Common background shape parameters for 2b and ≥ 3 b bins

MSSM 4-W final states



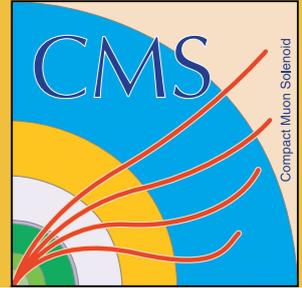
- Fully hadronic
 - H_T - ME_T triggers
 - 3-5, 6-7, and ≥ 8 jet categories, no b tags
 - Backgrounds: invisible Z, lost lepton, $W \rightarrow \tau_{\text{had}}$ (prompt W or $t \rightarrow W$), multijet
- 1 lepton: lepton- H_T - ME_T and lepton- H_T triggers
 - ≥ 6 jets, of which ≥ 2 b tags
 - High $S_T^{\text{lep}} = \text{lepton } p_T + ME_T$, $\Delta\Phi(\text{lepton } p_T + ME_T, \text{lepton } p_T) > 1$
 - Backgrounds: lost lepton, semi-leptonic $t\bar{t}$, single top
- 2-3 leptons, ≥ 2 same sign: ee, e μ , and $\mu\mu$ triggers
 - Same-sign dilepton and tri-lepton: b tags, non-prompt lepton background evaluated from data, diboson/ $t\bar{t}W$ / $t\bar{t}Z$ from MC, electron charge mis-ID from Z tag and probe
- Combination of 5 channels: most background systematics uncorrelated, any correlated uncertainties (luminosity, lepton ID, etc.) assumed 100% correlated

LFV Higgs: signal bins



Variable [GeV]	$H \rightarrow \mu\tau_e$			$H \rightarrow \mu\tau_h$		
	0-jet	1-jet	2-jet	0-jet	1-jet	2-jet
$p_T^\mu >$	50	45	25	45	35	30
$p_T^e >$	10	10	10	—	—	—
$p_T^\tau >$	—	—	—	35	40	40
$M_T^e <$	65	65	25	—	—	—
$M_T^\mu >$	50	40	15	—	—	—
$M_T^\tau <$	—	—	—	50	35	35
[radians]						
$\Delta\phi_{\vec{p}_T^\mu - \vec{p}_T^{\tau_h}} >$	—	—	—	2.7	—	—
$\Delta\phi_{\vec{p}_T^e - \vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}} <$	0.5	0.5	0.3	—	—	—
$\Delta\phi_{\vec{p}_T^e - \vec{p}_T^\mu} >$	2.7	1.0	—	—	—	—

LFV Higgs: systematics

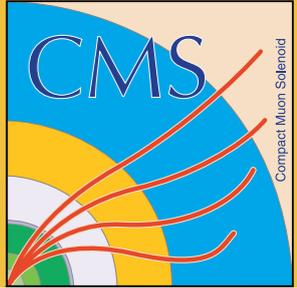


Systematic uncertainty	$H \rightarrow \mu\tau_e$	$H \rightarrow \mu\tau_h$
hadronic tau energy scale	—	3
jet energy scale	3–7	3–7
unclustered energy scale	10	10
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ bias	100	—

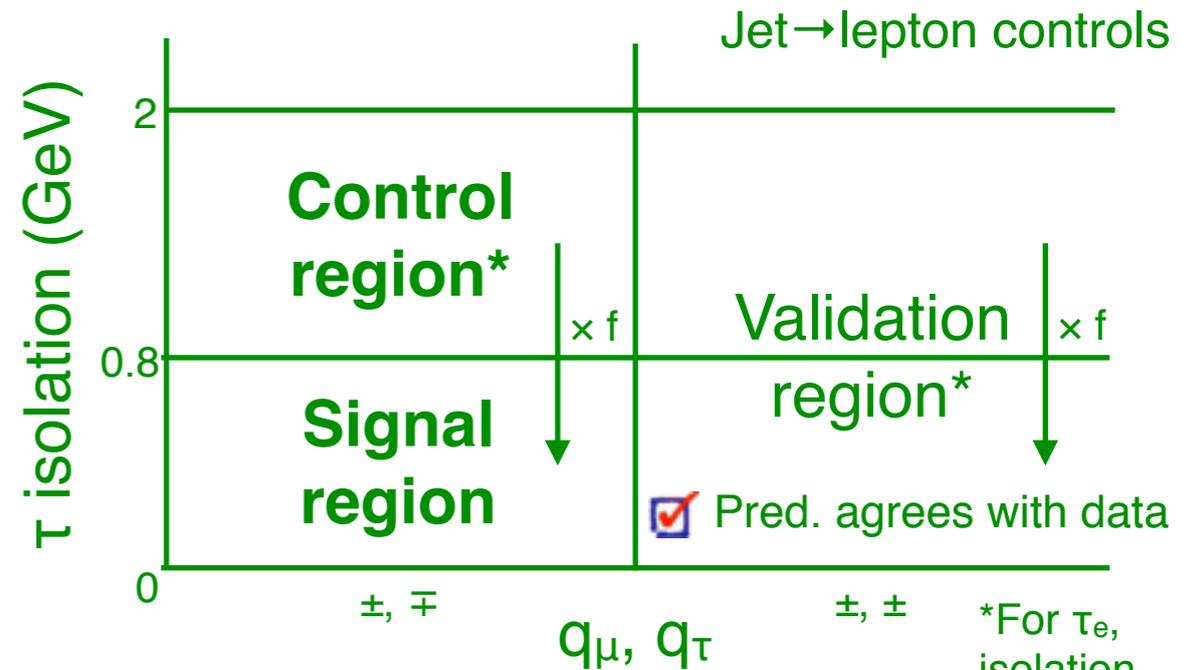
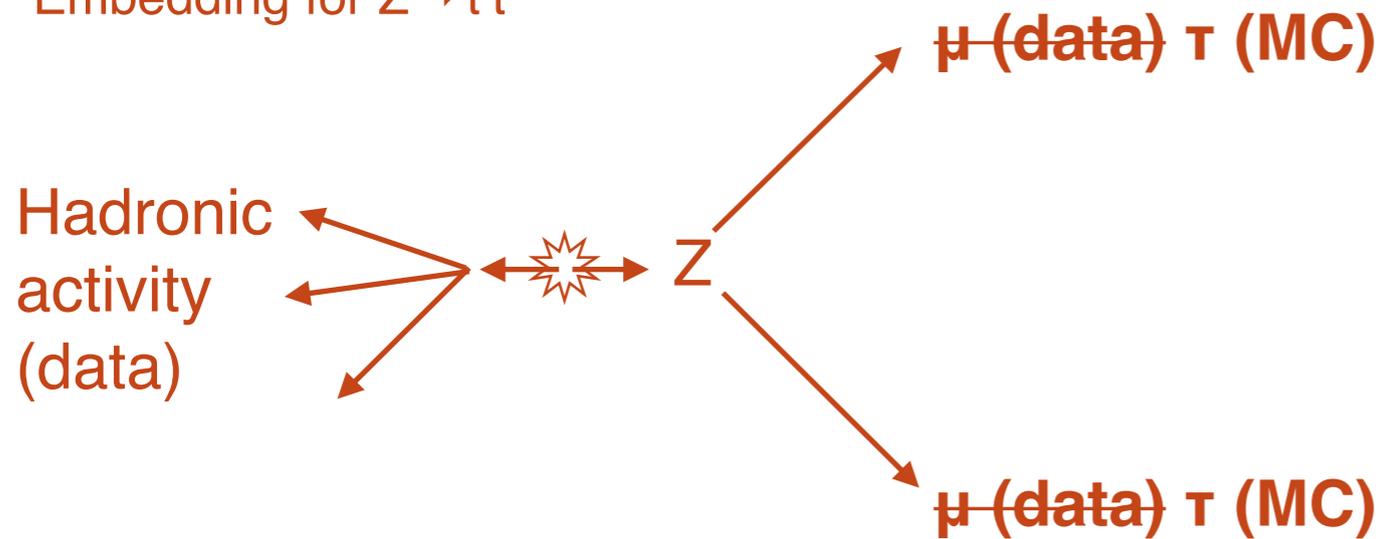
Systematic Uncertainty	Gluon-Gluon Fusion			Vector Boson Fusion		
	0-Jets	1-Jets	2-Jets	0-Jet	1-Jet	2-Jets
parton density function	+9.7	+9.7	+9.7	+3.6	+3.6	+3.6
renormalization/factorization scale	+8	+10	–30	+4	+1.5	+2
underlying event/parton shower	+4	–5	–10	+10	<1	–1

Systematic uncertainty	$H \rightarrow \mu\tau_e$			$H \rightarrow \mu\tau_h$		
	0-Jet	1-Jet	2-Jets	0-Jet	1-Jet	2-Jets
electron trigger/ID/isolation	3	3	3	—	—	—
muon trigger/ID/isolation	2	2	2	2	2	2
hadronic tau efficiency	—	—	—	9	9	9
luminosity	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ background	3+3*	3+5*	3+10*	3+5*	3+5*	3+10*
$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu, ee$ background	30	30	30	30	30	30
misidentified μ, e background	40	40	40	—	—	—
misidentified τ_h background	—	—	—	30+10*	30	30
WW, ZZ+jets background	15	15	15	15	15	65
$t\bar{t}$ background	10	10	10+10*	10	10	10+33*
$W + \gamma$ background	100	100	100	—	—	—
b-tagging veto	3	3	3	—	—	—
single top production background	10	10	10	10	10	10

LFV Higgs: backgrounds



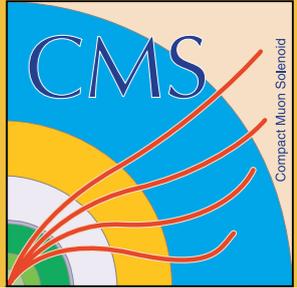
Embedding for $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$



- $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$
 - Muons from $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ data replaced with simulated taus and normalized from simulation
 - Difficult-to-model hadronic activity and multiple pp interactions taken from data
- Jet faking lepton
 - Fake rate $f_X = N_{X,iso} / N_{X,non-iso}$ measured in $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu + X$ data sample ($X = e, \mu$) and multiplied by yield in $e(\mu) + \text{non-isolated } \tau_X / \tau_h$ data sample (along with small trigger efficiency correction)
 - Test case for the fake rate method: predict yield in same-sign isolated $\mu\tau$ samples
 - Fake rate cross checked in multijet data sample
- $t\bar{t}$ from simulation with data normalization (2 jets, of which ≥ 1 is b tagged)
- SM Higgs, diboson, $W\gamma$, and single top from simulation

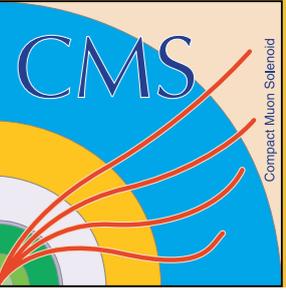
*For τ_e , isolation sideband extends to ∞

Low- E_T mono-photon: signal bins



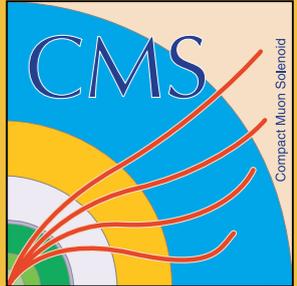
Selection requirements	Model independent		SUSY benchmark model		
	$Z\gamma \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}\gamma$	γ +jet	$Z\gamma \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}\gamma$	γ +jet	$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} = 120$ GeV
Number of jets < 2	0.909	0.769	-	-	-
$\Delta\phi(\gamma,\text{jet}) < 2.5$	0.834	0.262	-	-	-
Transverse mass > 100 GeV	-	-	0.867	0.292	0.829
$H_T < 100$ GeV	-	-	0.785	0.188	0.804
M_{H_T} minimization: $\tilde{E}_T > 45$ GeV	-	-	0.761	0.071	0.743
M_{H_T} minimization: $\text{Prob}(\chi^2) < 10^{-3}$	-	-	0.626	0.033	0.467
\tilde{E}_T significance > 20	-	-	0.440	0.001	0.195
$\alpha > 1.2$	-	-	0.390	0.001	0.165
$E_T^\gamma < 60$ GeV	-	-	0.074	0.0002	0.106

Low- E_T mono-photon: systematics



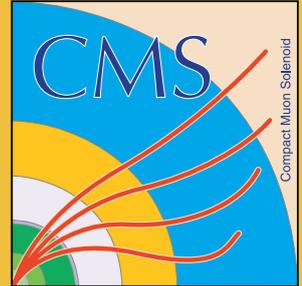
Source	Signal	Jet $\rightarrow\gamma$	Electron $\rightarrow\gamma$	$\gamma + \text{jet}$	$Z\nu\nu\gamma$	$W\gamma$
PDF	10(0)	-	-	-	4(4)	4(4)
Luminosity	2.6(2.6)	-	-	2.6(2.6)	2.6(2.6)	2.6(2.6)
Photon energy scale $\pm 1\%$	4(0.5)	-	-	4(0.5)	4(0.5)	4(0.5)
E_T energy scale	4(2)	-	-	4(2)	4(2)	4(2)
Jet energy scale	3(2)	-	-	5(5)	3(2)	3(2)
Pileup	1(1)	-	-	1(1)	1(1)	1(1)
$Z\nu\nu\gamma$ MCFM NLO calculation	-	-	-	-	3(3)	-
$\gamma + \text{jet}$ normalization	-	-	-	16(16)	-	-
$W\gamma$ MCFM NLO calculation	-	-	-	-	-	3(3)
Jet $\rightarrow\gamma$ unc.	-	35(35)	-	-	-	-
Electron $\rightarrow\gamma$ unc.	-	-	6(6)	-	-	-

Low- E_T monophoton: backgrounds



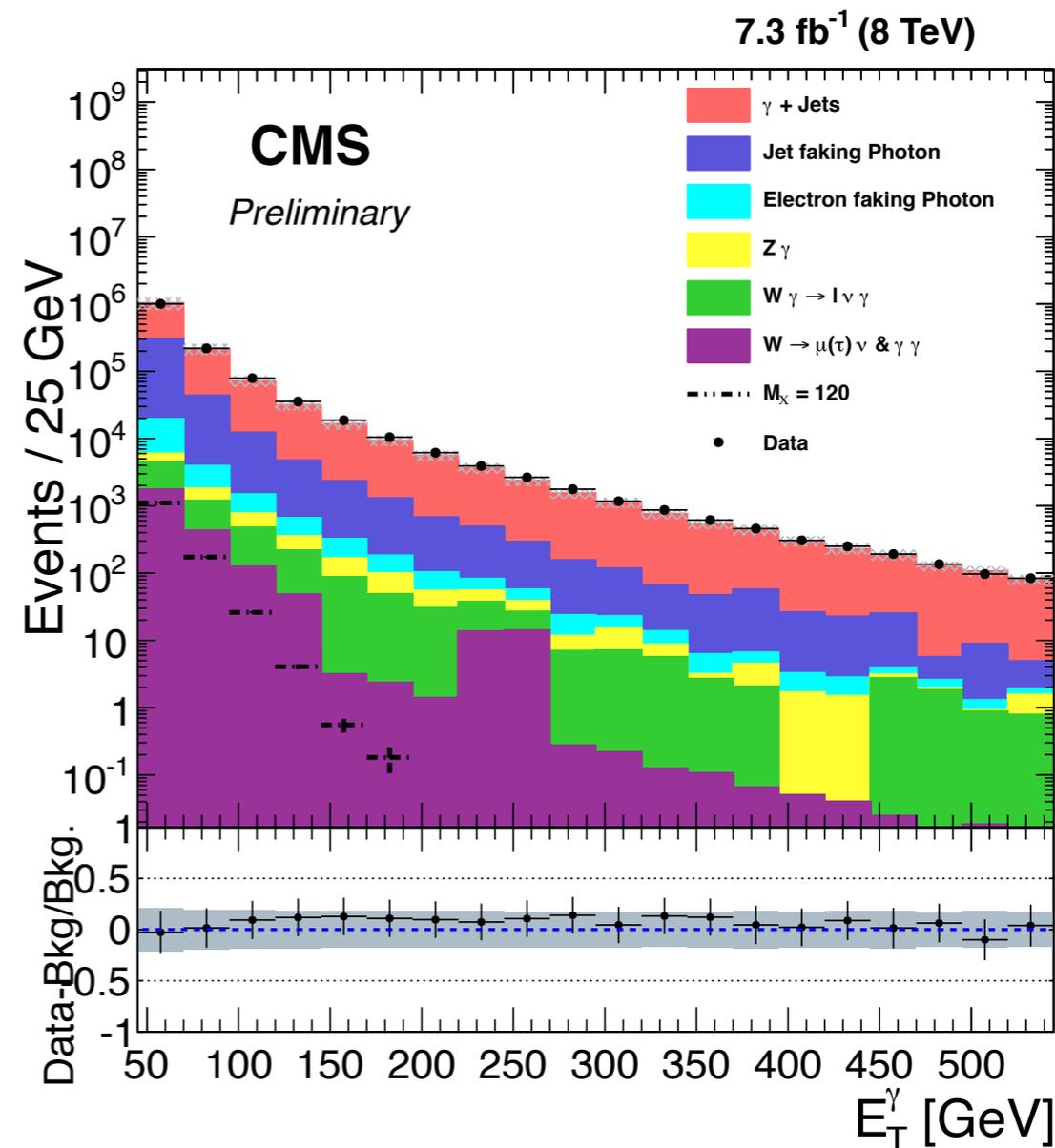
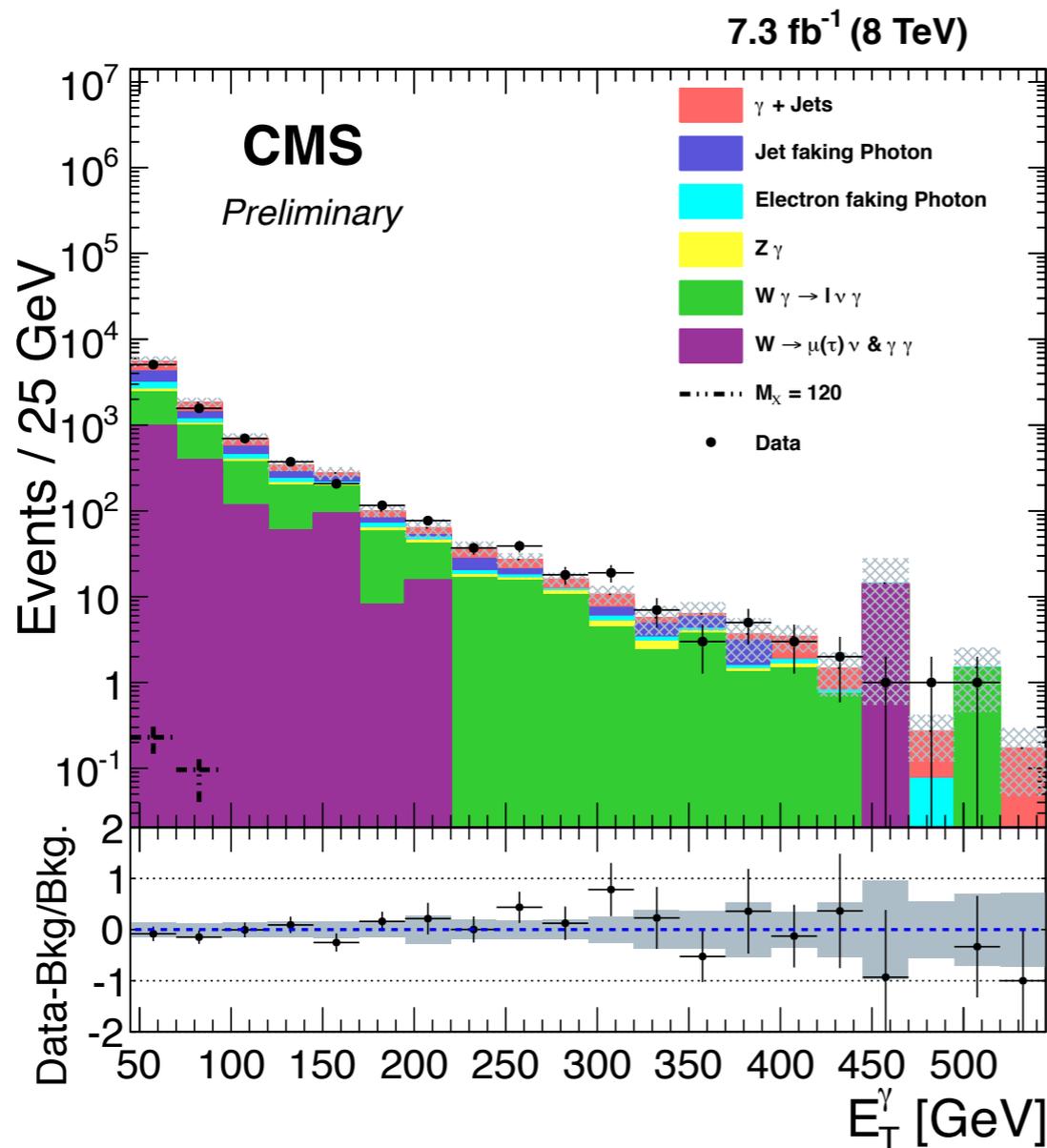
- Jet faking photon
 - Fake rate measured in low- ME_T sideband ($ME_T < 40$ GeV) and applied to high- ME_T data control sample of photons passing looser identification criteria than nominal
 - Real photon component estimated by fitting shower shape templates, then subtracted out
 - Isolated photon template from simulation
 - $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ template from photon isolation sideband in data sample
 - 35% error due to choice of isolation sideband for fake rate denominator
- Electron faking photon
 - Due to missing seed pixel hit for the track reconstruction of a real electron
 - Pixel seed veto efficiency (97.7%) measured in $Z \rightarrow ee$ events, then applied to a data sample with the pixel seed requirement inverted
- $Z\gamma$, $W\gamma$, and $W \rightarrow (\mu/\tau)\nu$ backgrounds from NLO simulation
- γ + jet shape from simulation; normalization from data with inverted ME_T requirement
 - Scale factor of 1.7(1.1) for 0(>0) jets

Low- E_T mono-photon: control samples



$W\gamma$ -enriched control sample

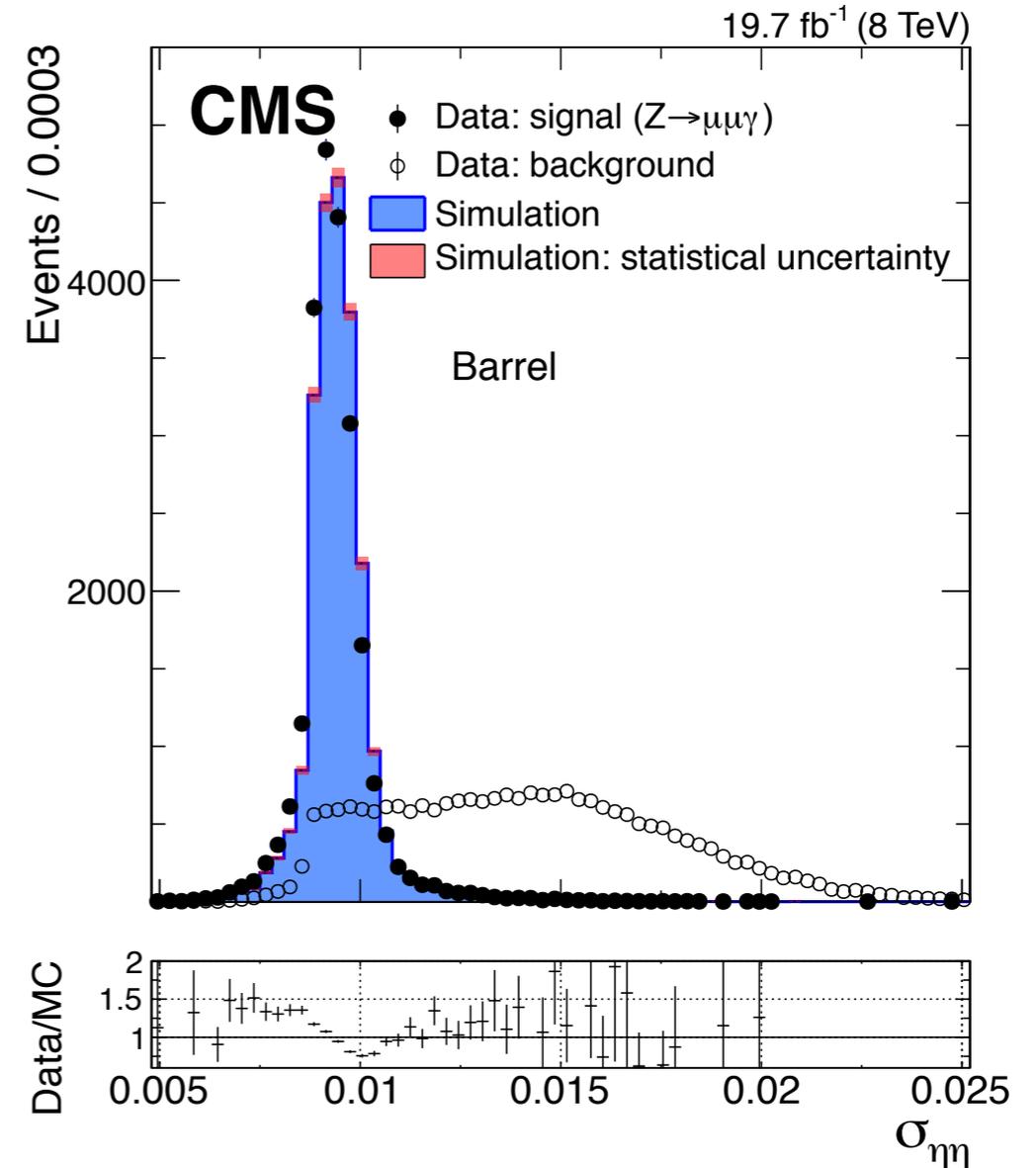
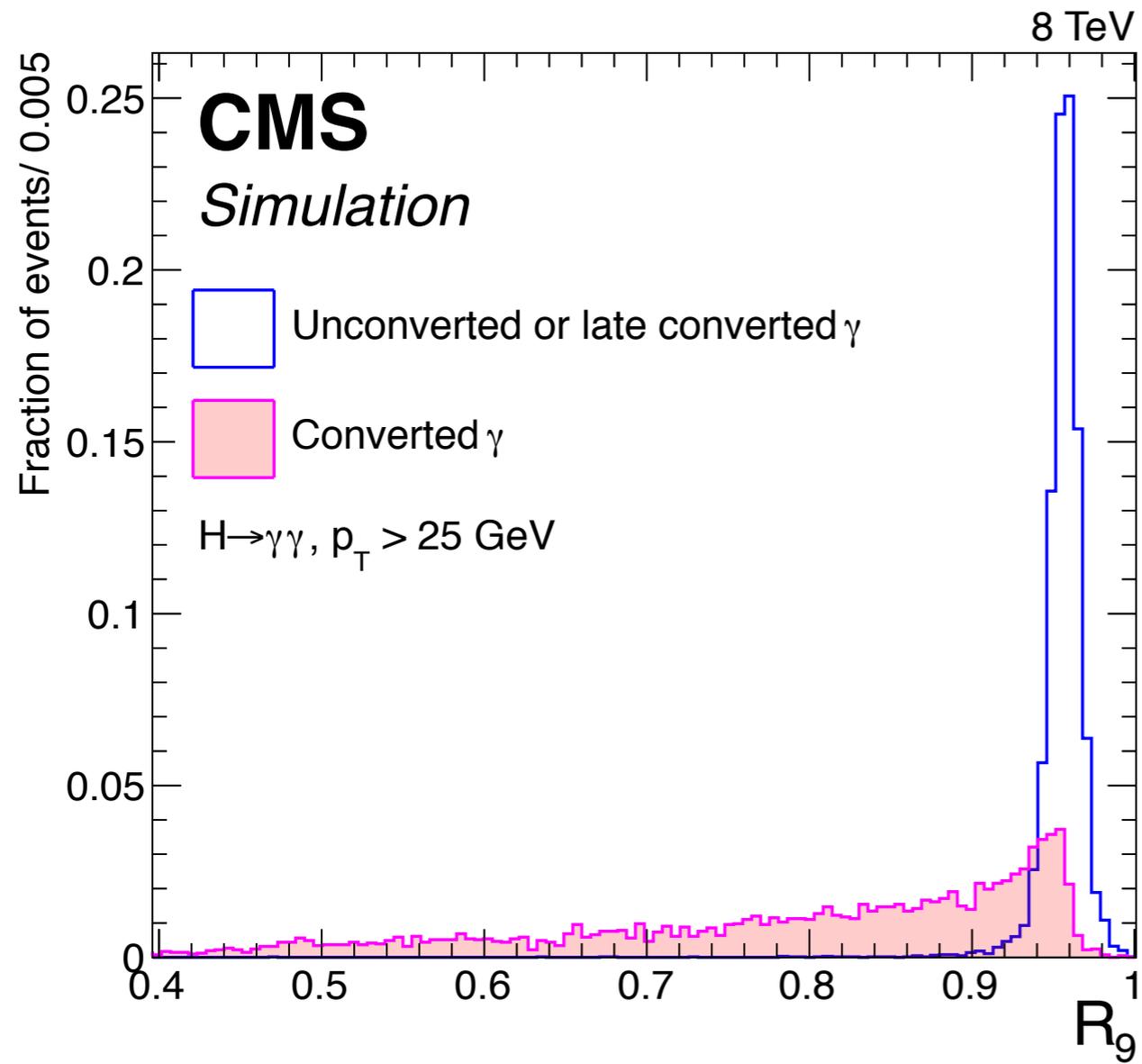
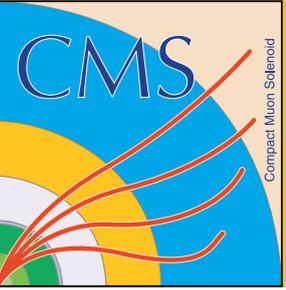
γ +jet-enriched control sample



■ Shape from MC, normalization from data
 ■ ■ Fully data-driven
 ■ ■ ■ NLO MC

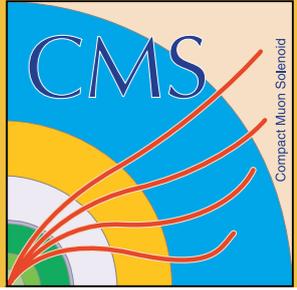
CMS-PAS-HIG-14-024

Low- E_T mono-photon: photon ID



[arXiv:1502.02702 \[physics.ins-det\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1502.02702)

Higgs + single top: signal bins



Same-sign ll channel

Two leptons of equal charge, $p_T > 20$ GeV
No additional leptons with lepton MVA > 0.35
 $m_{ll} > 20$ GeV
No identified hadronically-decaying τ leptons
At least one central jet ($|\eta| < 1.0$)
At least one central jet tagged as CSV-L
At least one forward jet ($|\eta| < 1.0$)

lll channel

Three leptons with $p_T > 20/10/10$ GeV
No additional tight leptons
 $m_{ll} > 20$ GeV
Z-veto: $|m_{ll} - m_Z| > 15$ GeV
 $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 30$ GeV
Exactly one jet with tagged as CSV-M
At least one forward jet ($|\eta| > 1.5$)
