

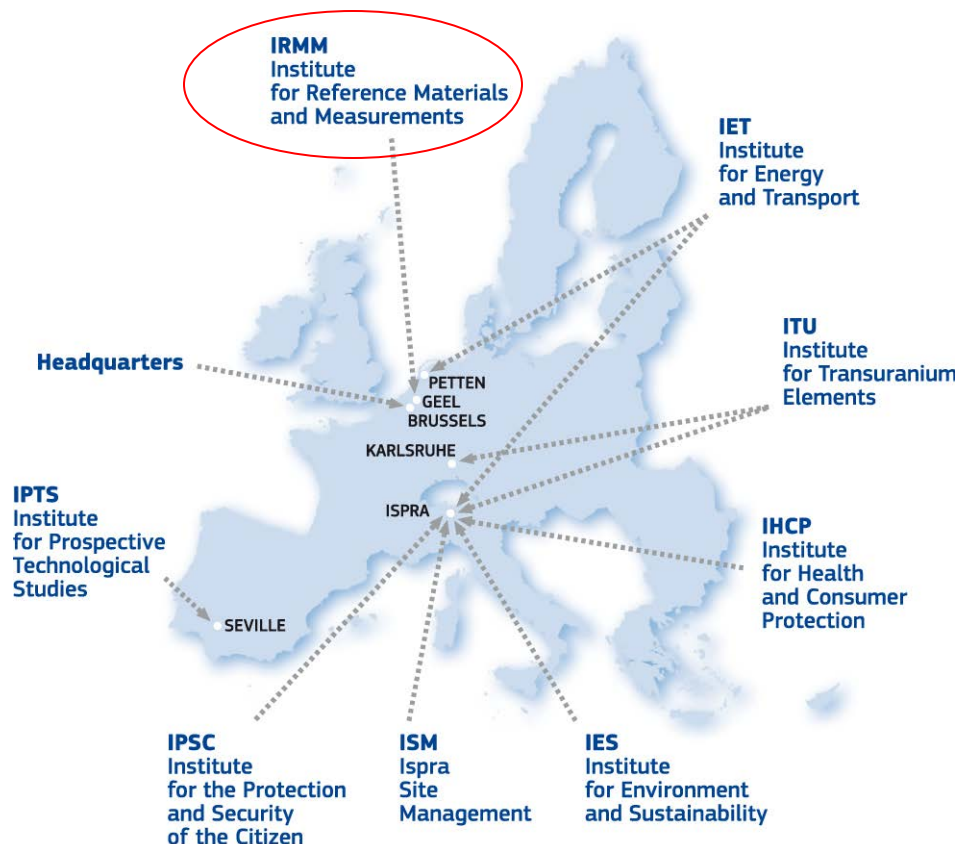


Fostering collaborations at neutron data facilities in Europe: EUFRAT and related projects

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S. Oberstedt, A. Plompen, P. Schillebeeckx, and P. Siegler**

EC-JRC-IRMM (Geel, Belgium)

The Joint Research Centre (JRC) of the European Commission



- European Commission's in-house science service
- Supporting EU policies with independent, evidence-based scientific and technical support
- 3000 staff
- 7 institutes in 6 locations

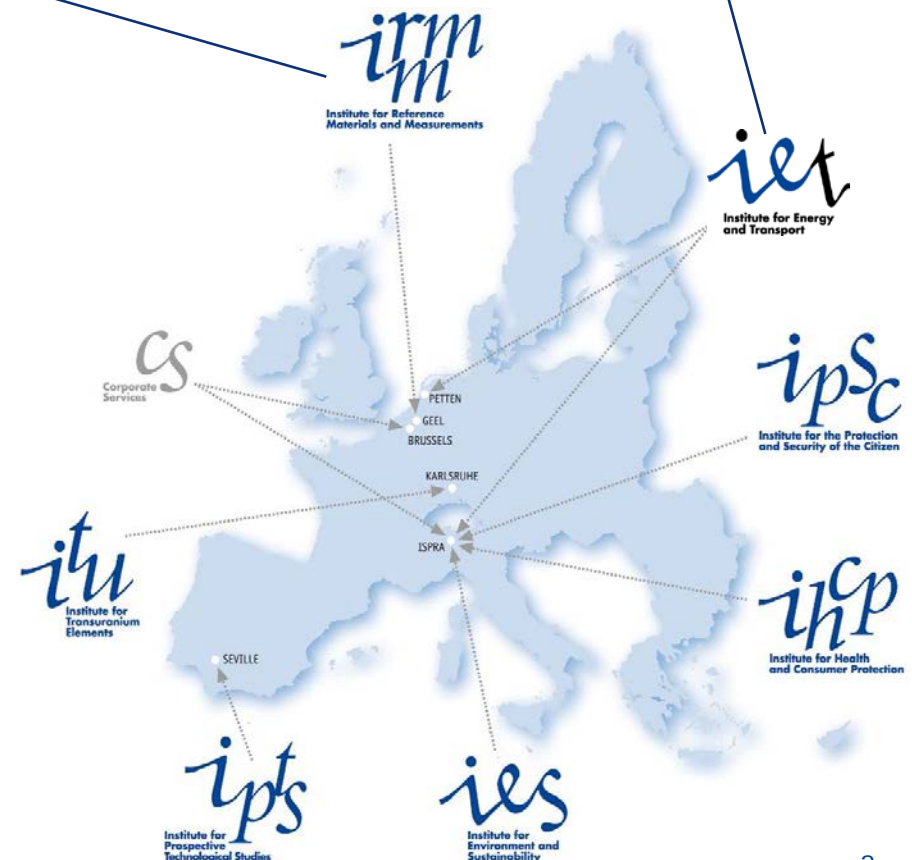
- Neutron Data measurements for nuclear energy applications
- Basic research in fission

- Radionuclide metrology
- Radioactivity in the environment
- Metrological tools for safeguards

Nuclear Safety and Security

- Safety of nuclear installations
- Advanced nuclear energy systems
- Operational experience feedback

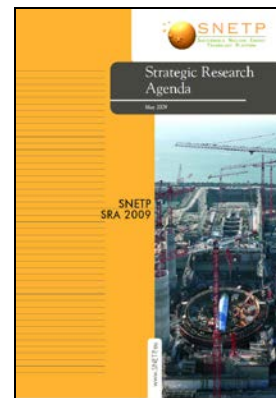
- Fundamental properties of Actinides & Nuclear Materials
- Nuclear fuel safety
- Safety of nuclear fuel cycle
- Nuclear waste management & decommissioning
- Radioactivity in the environment
- Nuclear safeguards
- Absence of undeclared activities
- Non-proliferation
- Combating illicit trafficking
- Alpha-immunotherapy





A common European approach to the safety evaluation of present-day and innovative reactor systems and of the fuel cycle

- Safety assessments: very detailed simulations of reactor behaviour in **nominal, incidental and accidental conditions**
- Precise simulation of **all relevant nuclear reactions**
- Accuracy of these calculations is largely determined by the **accuracy of the nuclear data**
 - Often data sets are not accurate enough or discrepant
 - Evaluated data perform not always well
 - Missing covariance data



How well can we calculate neutron fields, reaction rates, nuclide inventories, radioactivity, dose rates, decay heat, ...?

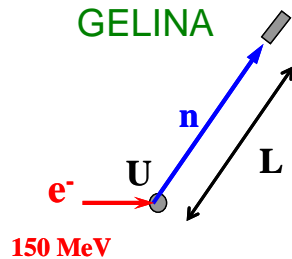
What is the penalty for inaccuracy?

- Safety margins for power distribution, reactivity coefficients, burnup/time to refuel, enrichment, shielding, spent fuel storage, ...
- We miss processes with low probability

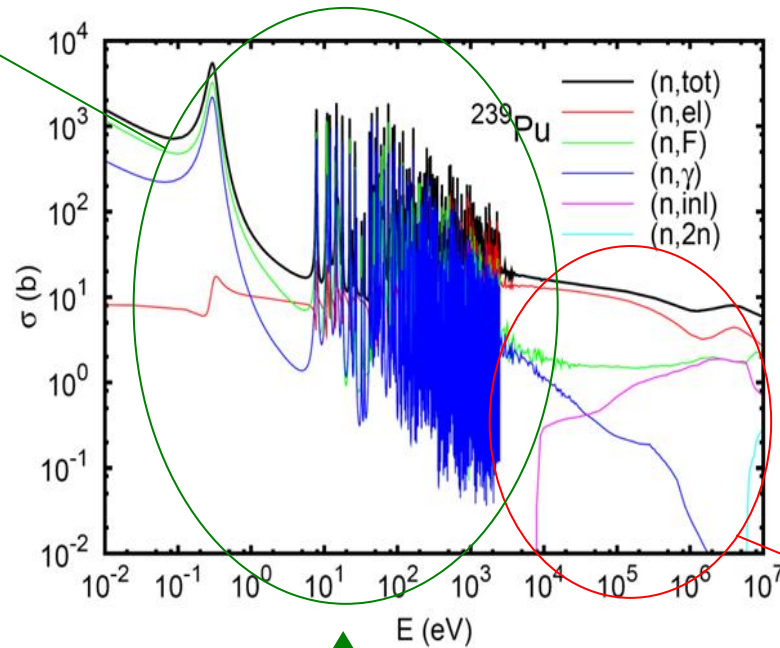
Nuclear Data facilities at JRC-IRMM



Time-of-flight measurements



$$E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \propto \left(\frac{L}{T}\right)^2$$



energy resolution

Van de Graaff / MONNET



Mono-energetic neutron beams

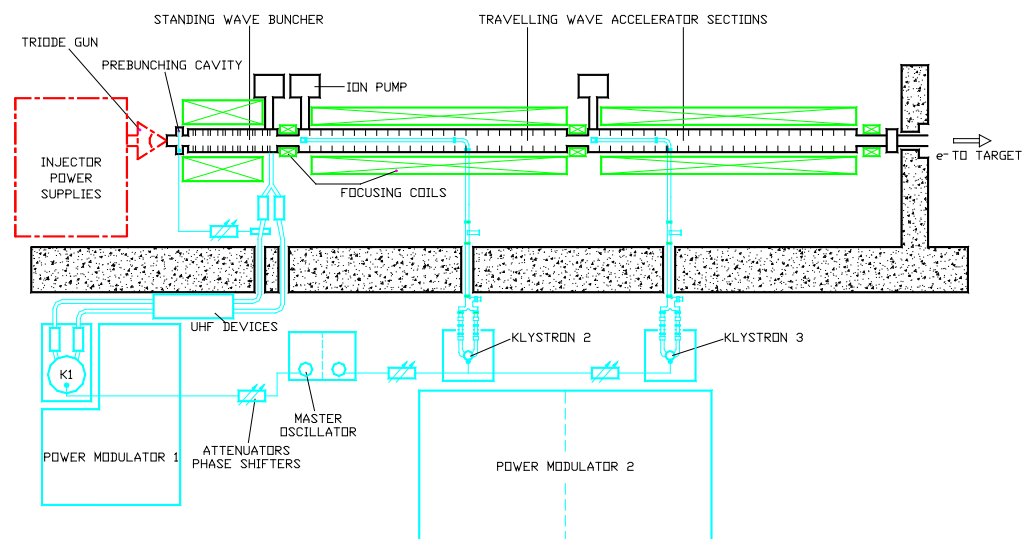
d Ti/T α n



Van de Graaff mono-energetic neutron source

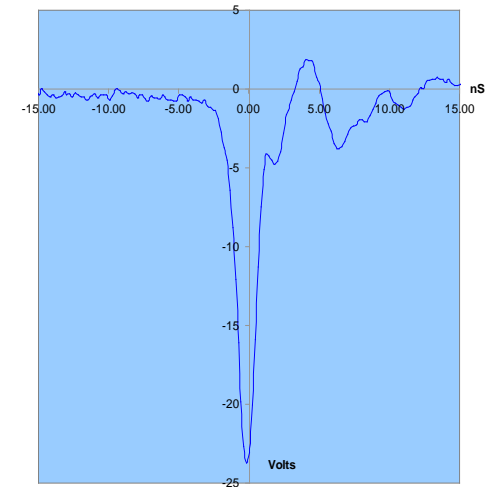
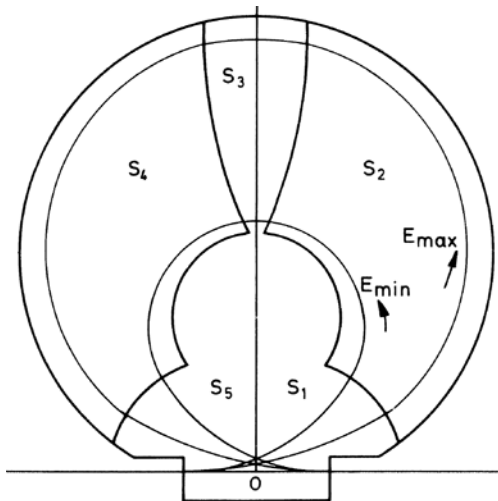
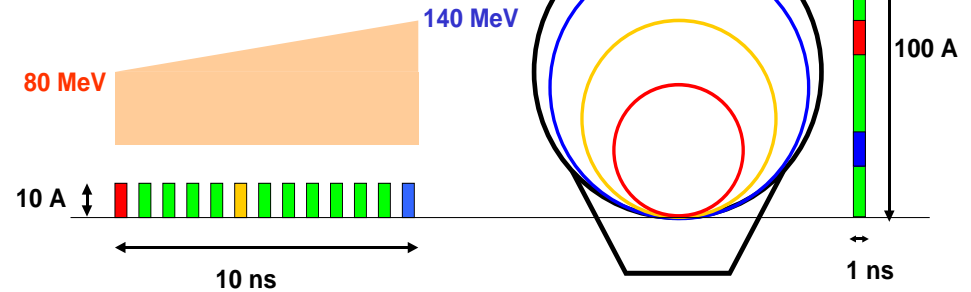
GELINA neutron time-of-flight facility

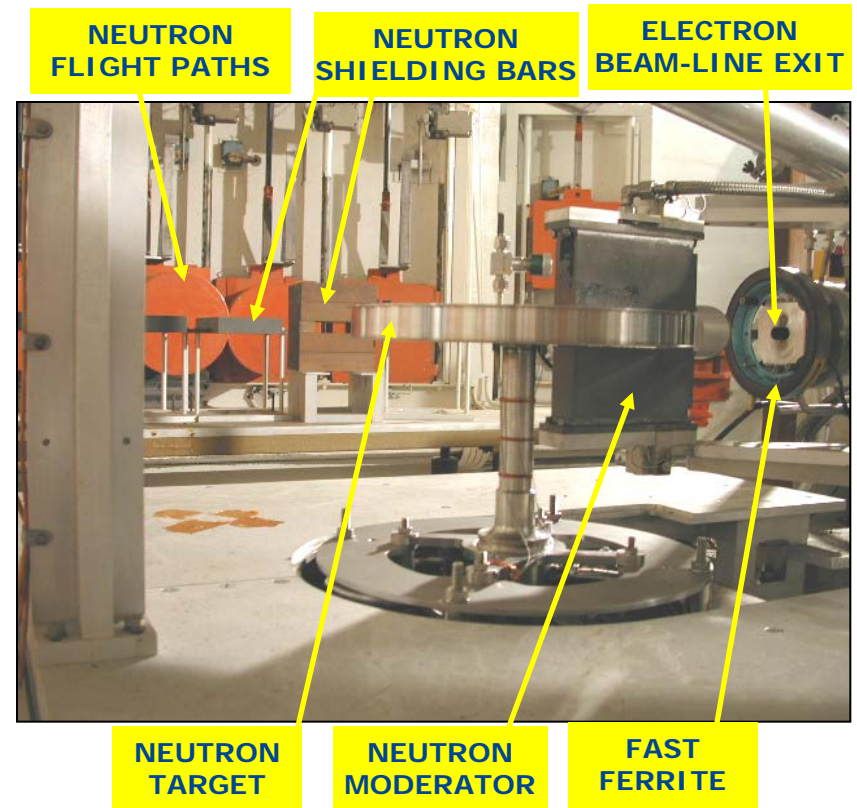
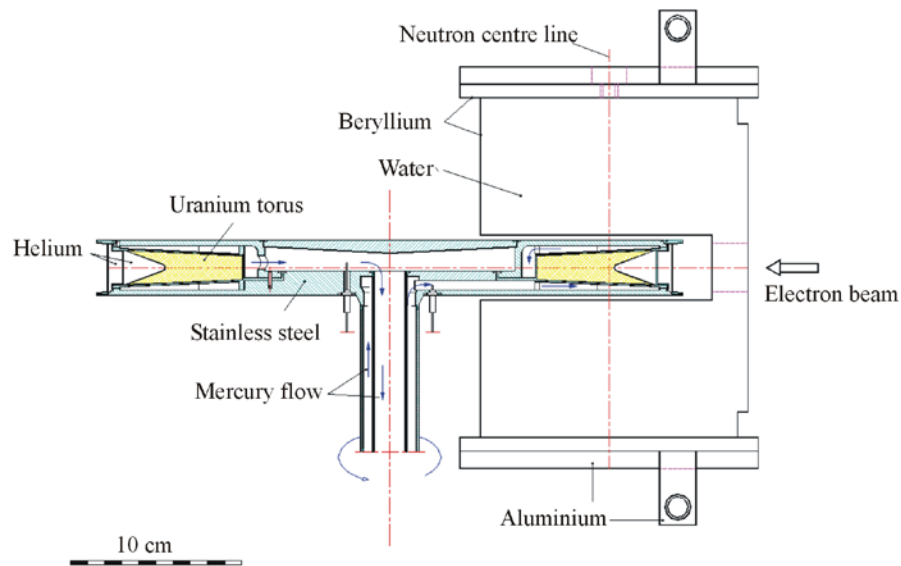
GELINA



measurements with very high energy resolution
using the neutron **time-of-flight** technique

$$\frac{\Delta E_n}{E_n} = \frac{2}{L} \sqrt{(\Delta L)^2 + 1.9 E_n (\Delta t)^2}$$





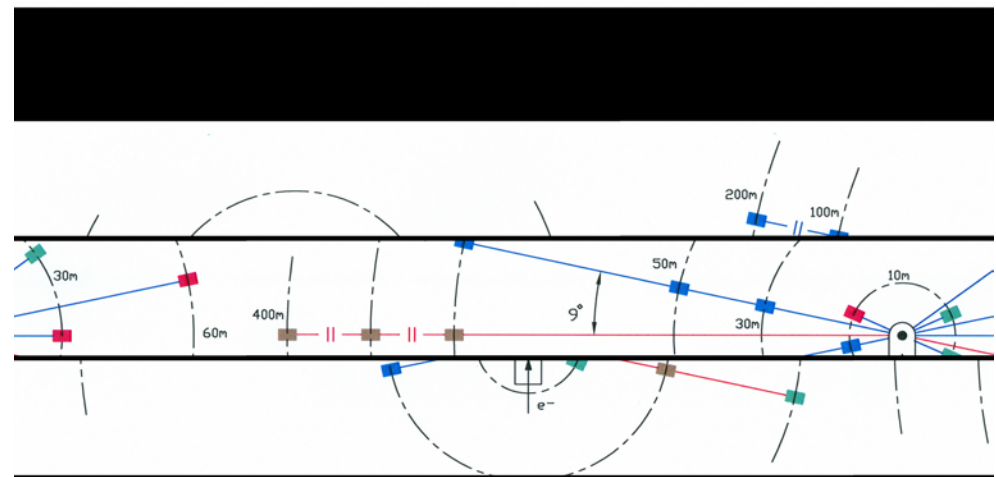
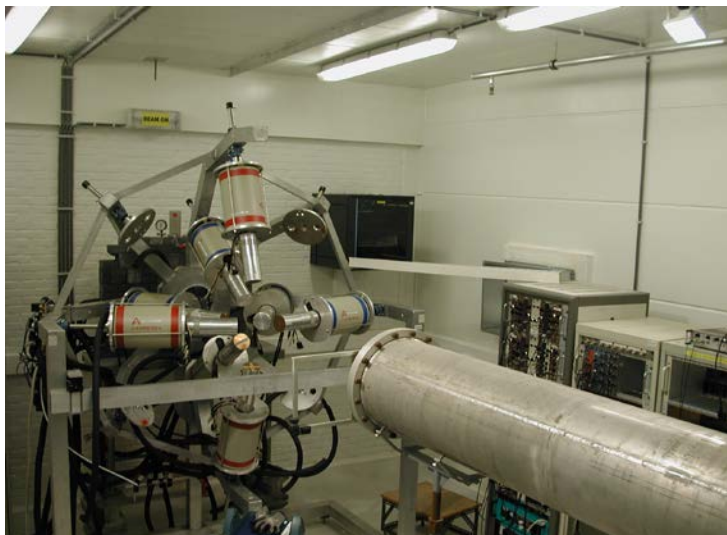


Multi-user facility

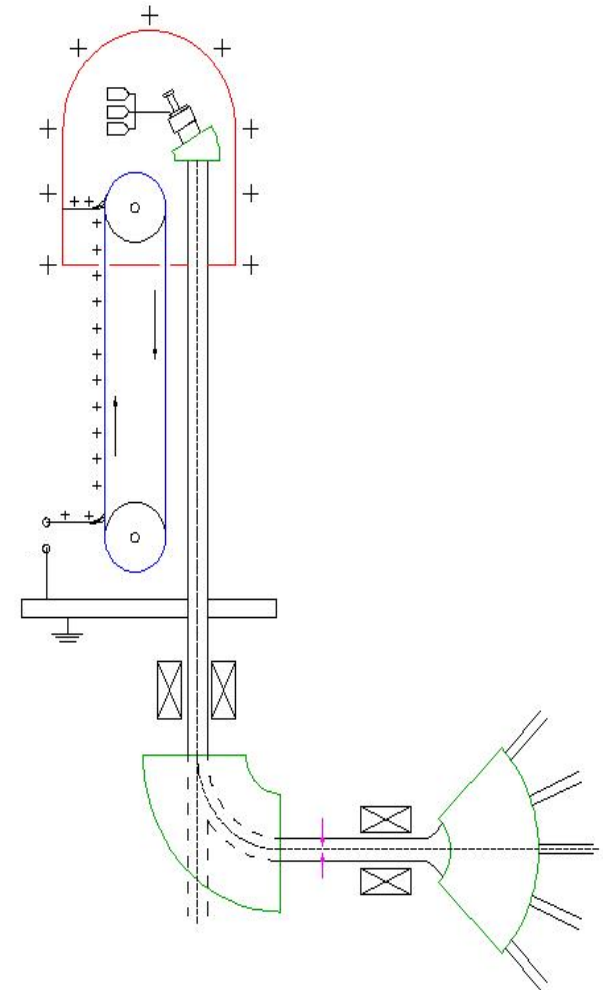
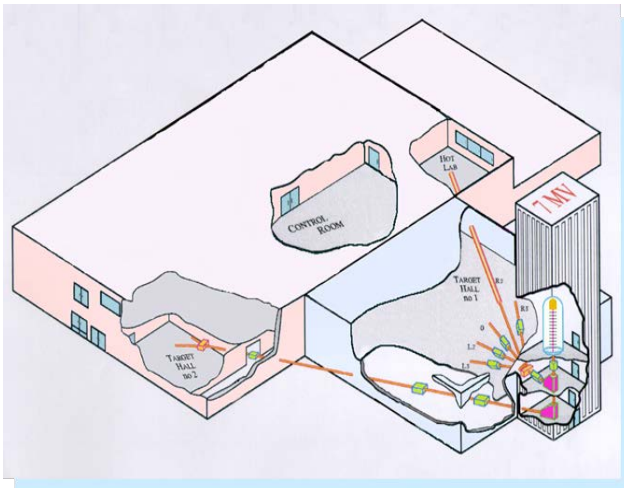
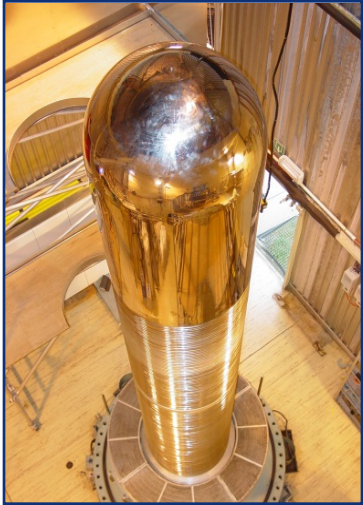
10 flight paths with measurement stations at $L \sim 10 \text{ m} - 400 \text{ m}$

Special equipment to perform:

- Total cross section measurements
- Partial cross section measurements
capture, (in)elastic scattering, fission...



7 MV Van de Graaff



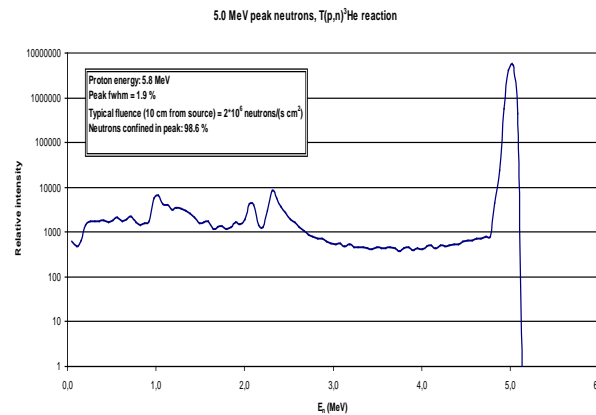
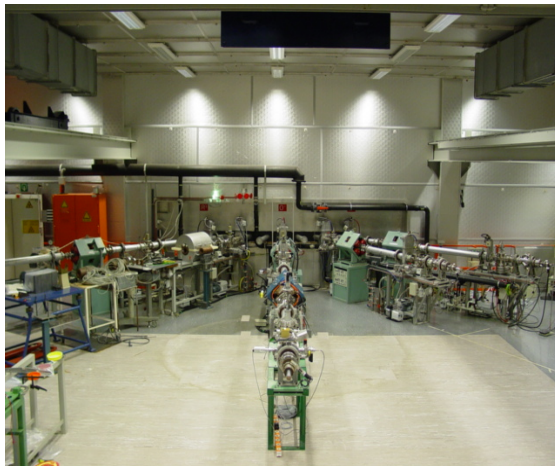
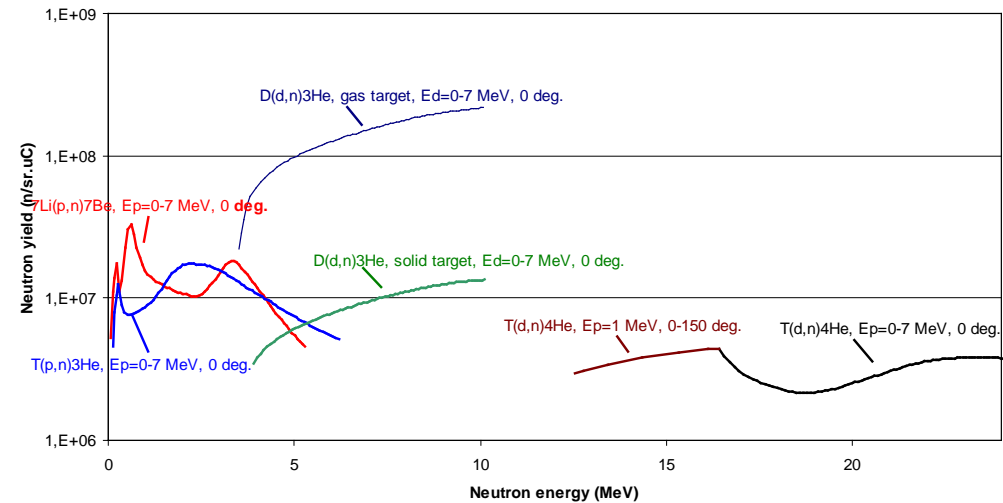
VdG: 7 MV protons, deuterons, α

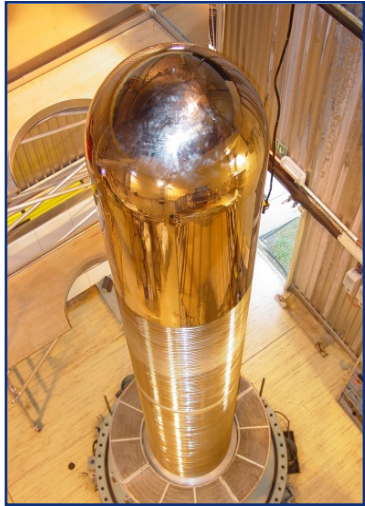
${}^7\text{Li}(p,n){}^7\text{Be}$ E_n : 0 - 5.3 MeV

$\text{T}(p,n){}^3\text{He}$ E_n : 0 - 6.2 MeV

$\text{D}(d,n){}^3\text{He}$ E_n : 1.8 - 10.1 MeV

$\text{T}(d,n){}^4\text{He}$ E_n : 12.1 - 24.1 MeV

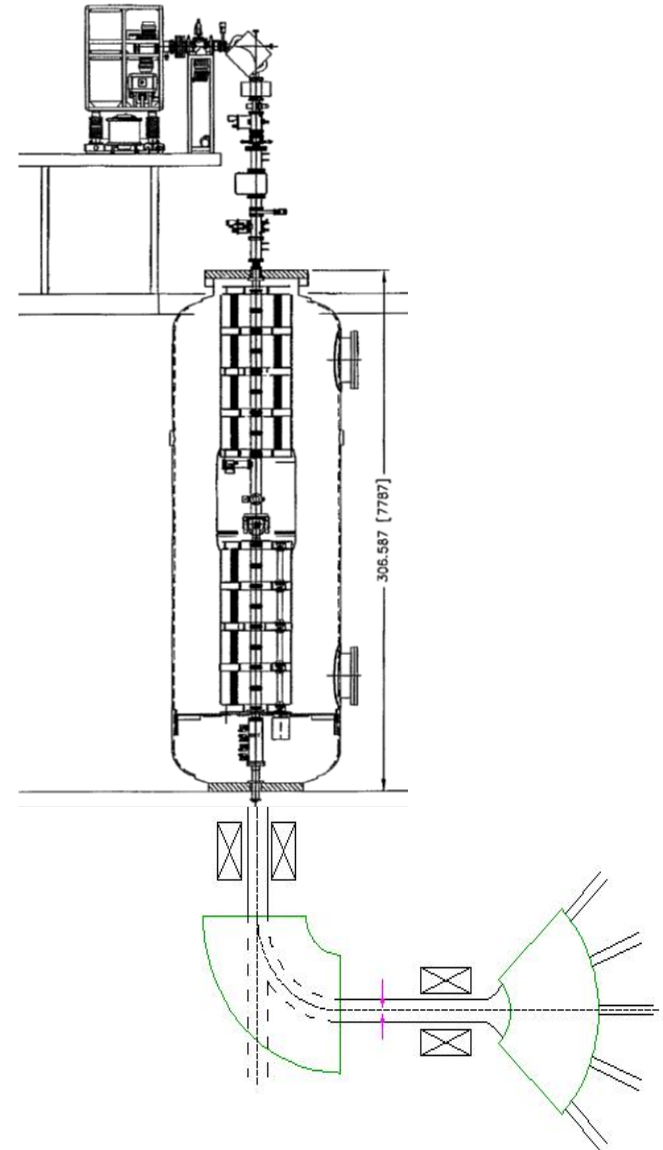
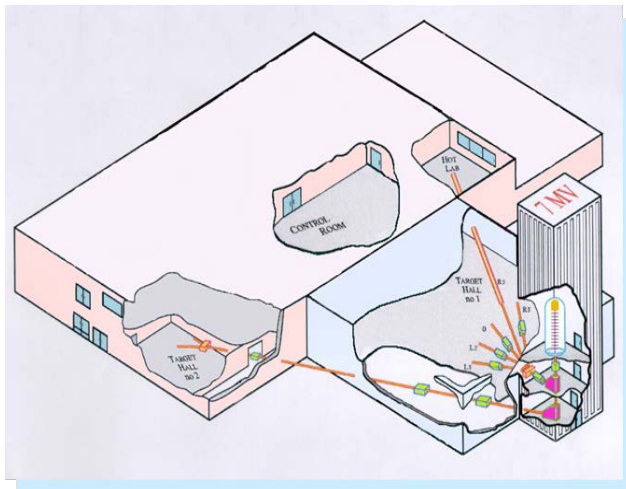




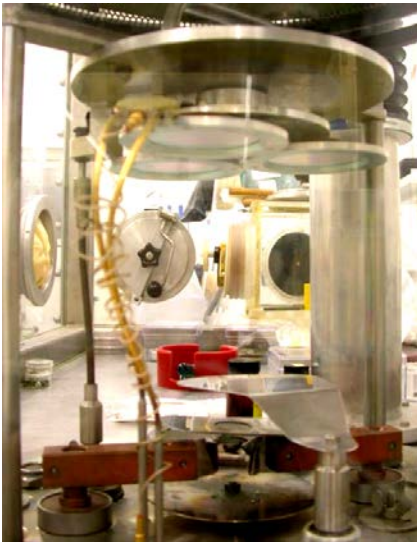
7 MV Van de Graaff



**4 MV Tandem
MONNET**



Production and characterisation of actinide and stable targets for MS laboratories



highly enriched ^{235}U and ^{233}U , ^{234}U , ^{235}U , ^{236}U , ^{238}U , natU, deplU,
 ^{238}Pu , ^{239}Pu , ^{240}Pu , ^{242}Pu , ^{237}Np , ^{241}Am , ^{243}Am

Thin polyimide foils for fission fragment spectroscopy



SRIA of SNE-TP (2013):

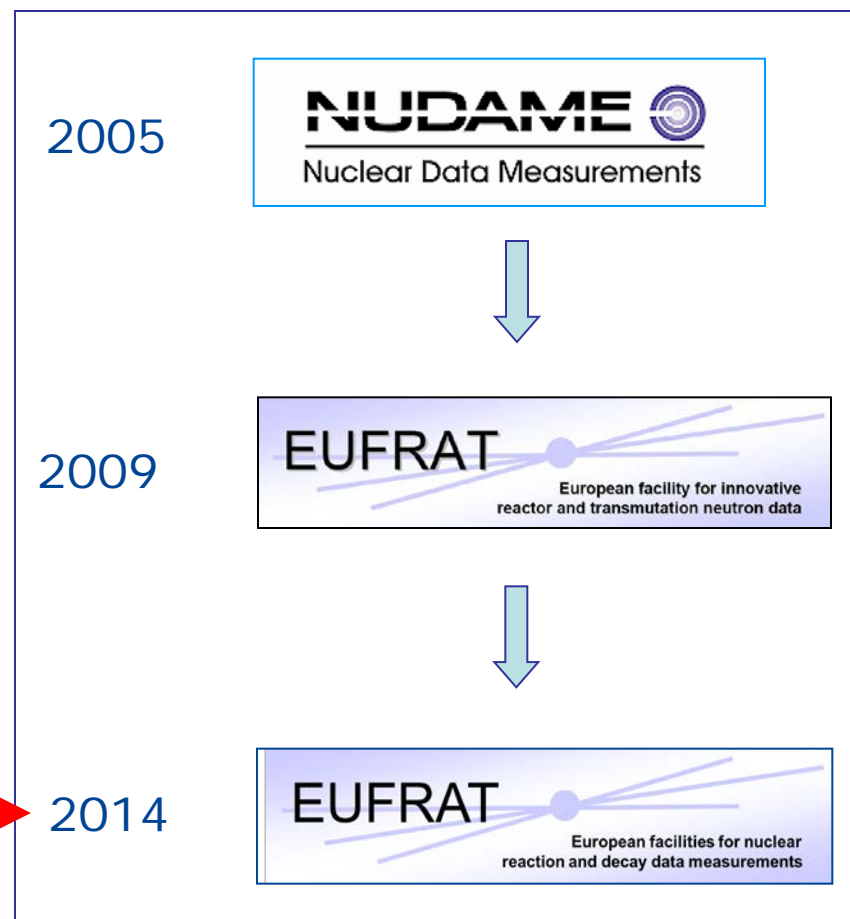
*'The existing European initiatives for facilitating **transnational access to facilities** for the purpose of education and training should be optimised and coordinated in view of building a European platform for E&T-related facilities.'*

OPEN ACCESS

→ **quality-based access**
(cfr. ESFRI charter)

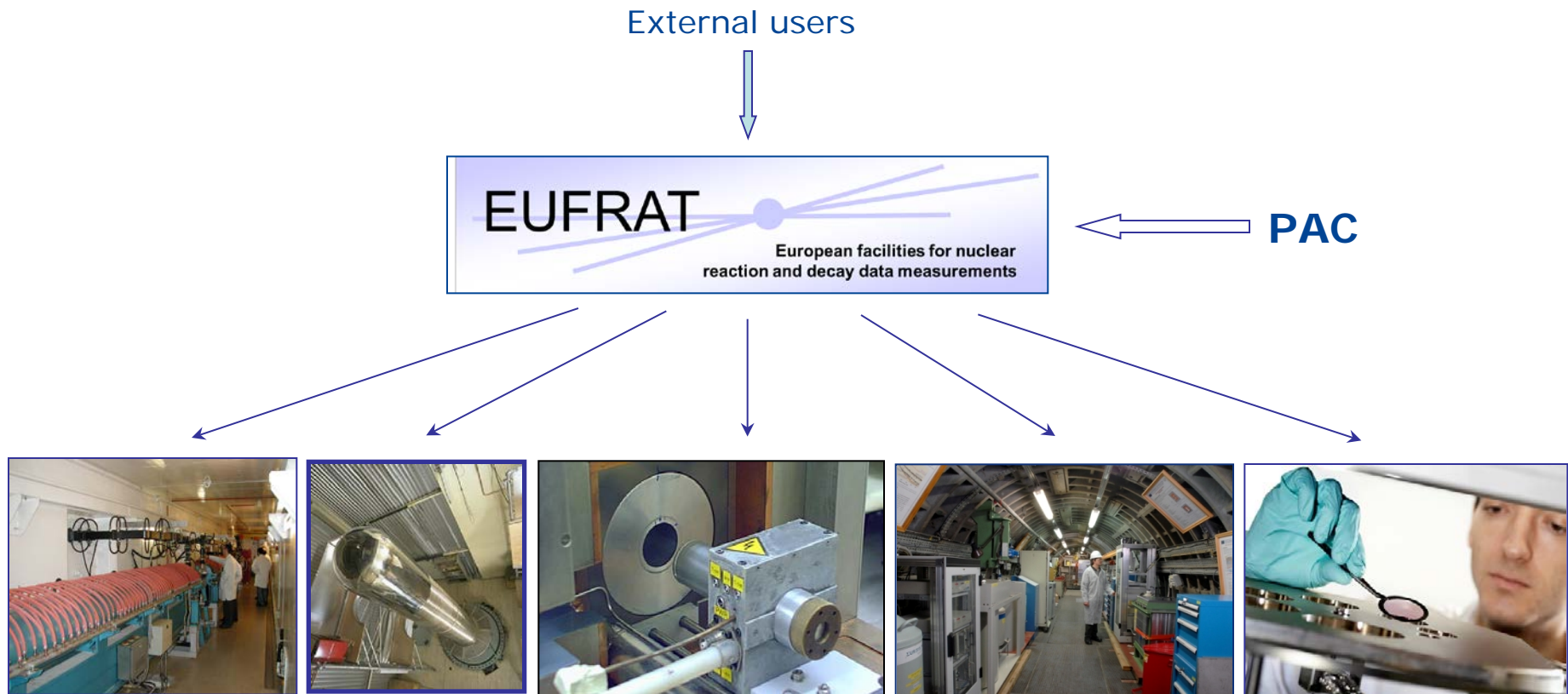
- **scientific excellence.**
- **across disciplinary boundaries.**
- **public procedures.**
- **evaluation through peer review.**

Institutional JRC budget
→ **Sustainable access scheme**





European Facilities for Nuclear Reaction and Decay Data Measurements





Collaborative experiments

- visiting groups have valuable expertise for SN3S unit
- experiments closely related with on-going JRC-IRMM nuclear projects
- results must have a clear added value for the on-going Euratom Work Programme

Financial support is possible
within boundaries defined by PAC

Associated experiments

- other experiments in related domains
- clear scientific value
- proven need for the use of one of the JRC-IRMM facilities

No financial user support

Measurement time

Best possible measurement conditions

Scientific and technical support

Administrative and logistic support

Training (if necessary)

After 2 EUFRAT calls (2014)
24 approved experiments

Research groups from **MS**
CEA, CNRS, HZDR, CERN, INFN, NIPNE,
ENEA, Universities Cracovia, Uppsala, Tartu

+ **3rd countries**
JAEA, ORNL, Kiev

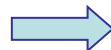
Access to Nuclear Data Facilities in Europe



JRC

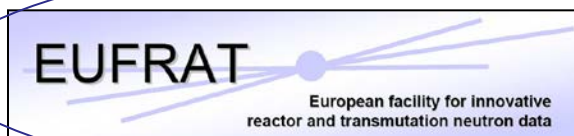
Consortia of ND facilities

2005



9 partners

2009



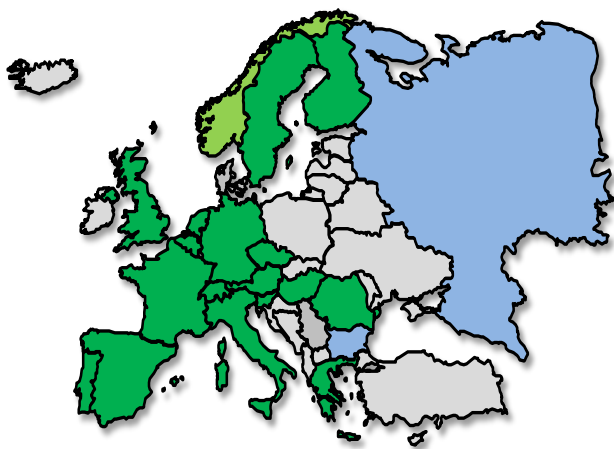
13 partners

2014



35 partners

Challenges in nuclear data for the safety of European nuclear facilities



CHANDA: 35 participants (18 countries)

2013-2017

35 partners

CIEMAT, ANSALDO, CCFE, CEA, CERN,
CNRS, CSIC, ENEA, GANIL, GSI, HZDR,
IFIN-HH, INFN, IST-ID, JRC, JSI, JYU,
KFKI, NNL, NPI, NPL, NRG, NTUA, PSI,
PTB, SCK, TUW, UB, UFrank, UMainz,
UMan, UPC, UPM, USC, UU, UOslo

Infrastructure coordination & development

New neutron beams, new experimental equipment, new evaluation methods,
Myrrha safety case, access to validation
experiments, transnational access, target preparation

EUFRAT

European facilities for nuclear
reaction and decay data measurements

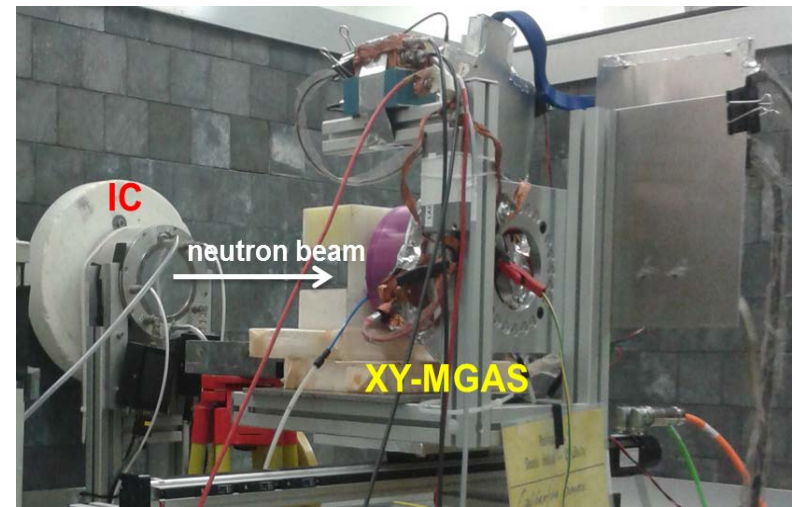
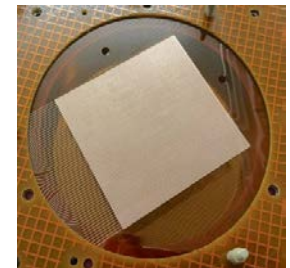
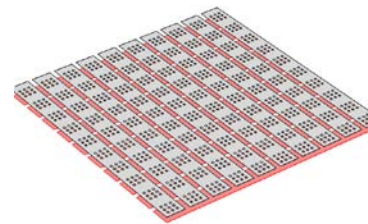
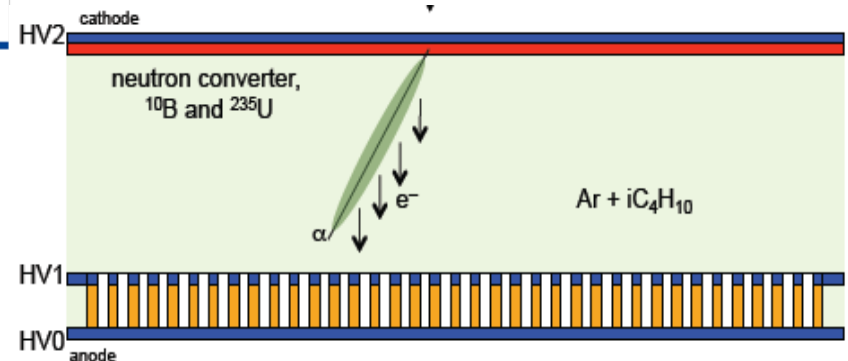
A few examples of recent EUFRAT experiments

Test of XY-MGAS detector for n_TOF



Berthoumieux et al., CEA Saclay

- Newly developed n_TOF MicroMegas neutron monitor
 - segmented mesh and anode
 - low mass → permanently in beam
 - neutron fluence and beam profile
 - $20\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ ^{10}B neutron converter on aluminised mylar backing
 - P10 detector gas
- Test at GELINA FP5/10 m in January 2015
 - Test of detector operation with real neutron beam
 - Test of amplitude signal
 - Preliminary test of position reconstruction



Improved cross sections for criticality safety



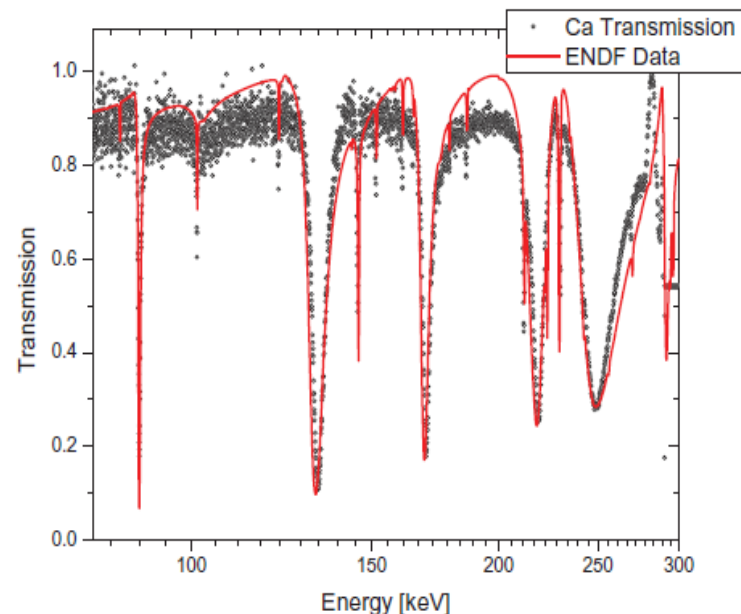
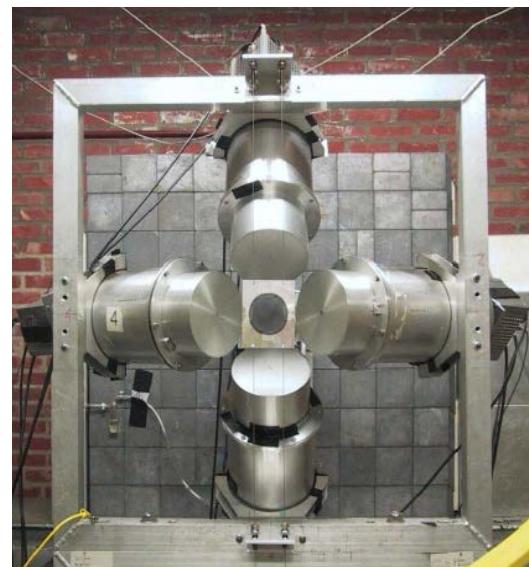
Guber et al., ORNL

Nuclear data in support of US DOE Nuclear Criticality Safety Program (NCSP)

- Evaluated data underperform in criticality calculations
 - Missing covariance data
- Calcium
 - Structural material and nuclear waste storage (concrete)
 - Cerium
 - Used in chemical process streams as catalyst + high yield fission product
 - Vanadium
 - Key structural element

Neutron cross section measurements

- Capture (GELINA FP14/60m)
- Transmission (GELINA FP4/50m)



Inelastic neutron scattering cross-section measurements on actinides - GRAPHME

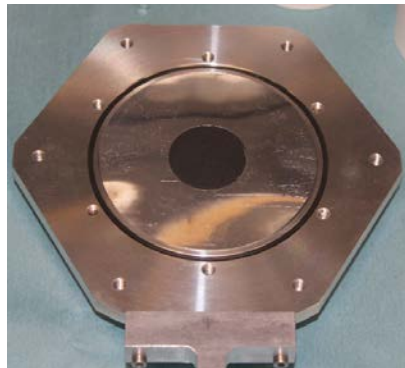
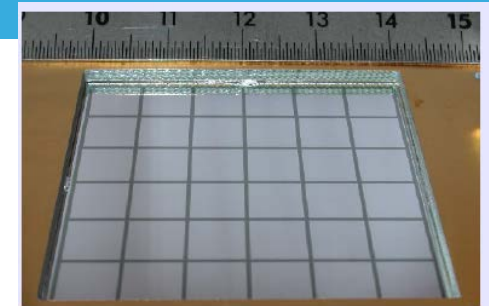


$^{238,235,233}\text{U}$, ^{232}Th , $^{\text{nat}}\text{W}$, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Zr}$

Dessagne et al., CNRS/IPHC Strasbourg

Target 8.3 g, 3 GBq, 30mm \varnothing x 0.64 mm
IRMM Target preparation lab (metal disk).

$^{233}\text{U}(\text{n},\text{n}'\text{g})$

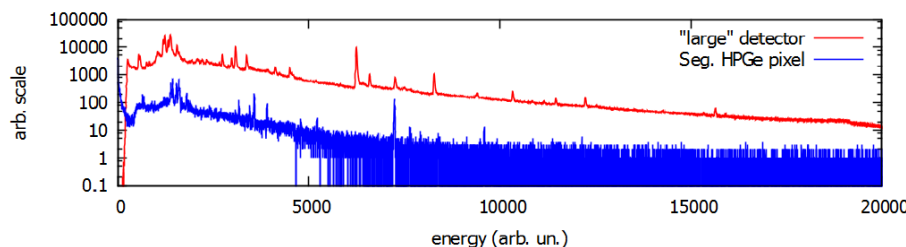


GRAPhEME upgrade: Segmented HPGe in 36 Pixels

- Ge crystal 54 by 54 mm, 20 mm thick
- 6x6 pixels (6.66 by 6.66 mm)
- Extensive tests and simulations for precise characterization

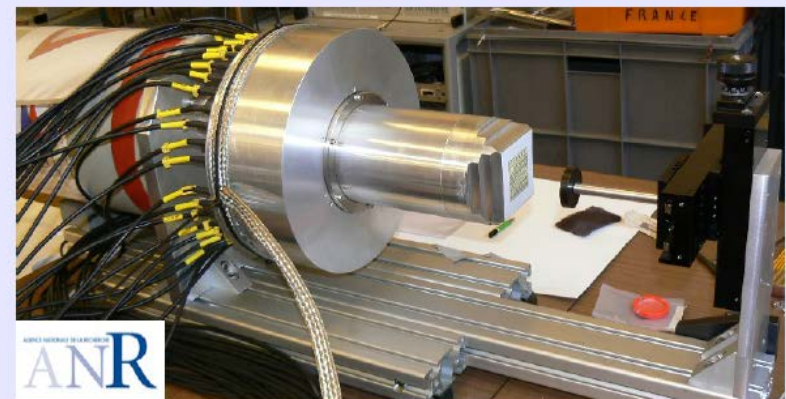
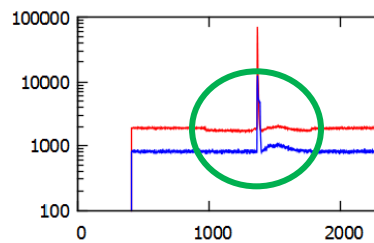
36 fold segmented planar germanium detector
Cope with high count rate from radioactivity

→ Increased *granularity* to reduce sensitivity to radioactivity and γ flash



Clearly reduced dead time for single pixels.

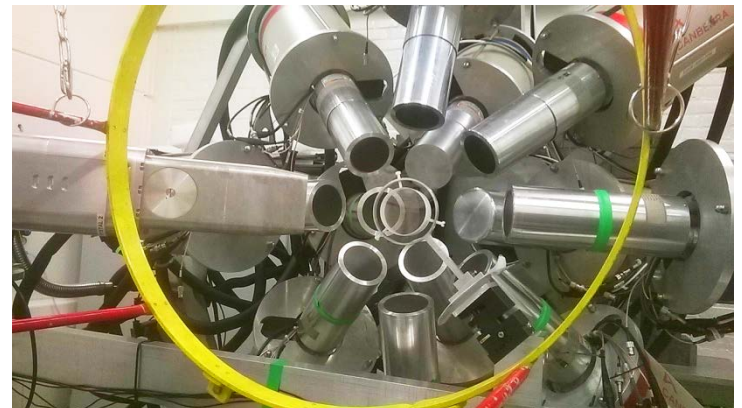
One digitizer channel per pixel.



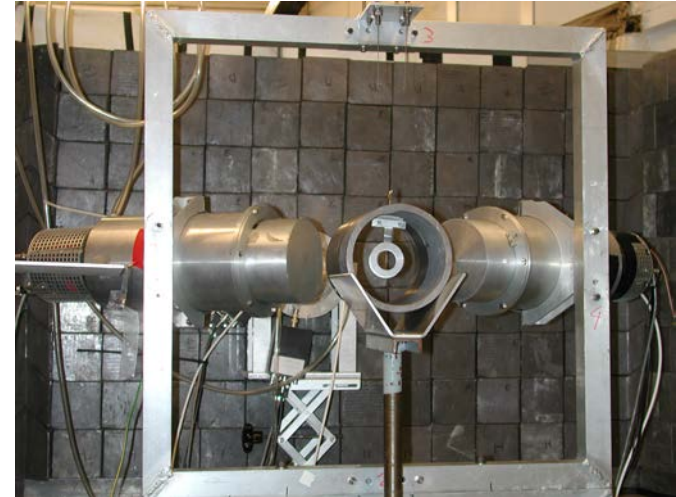
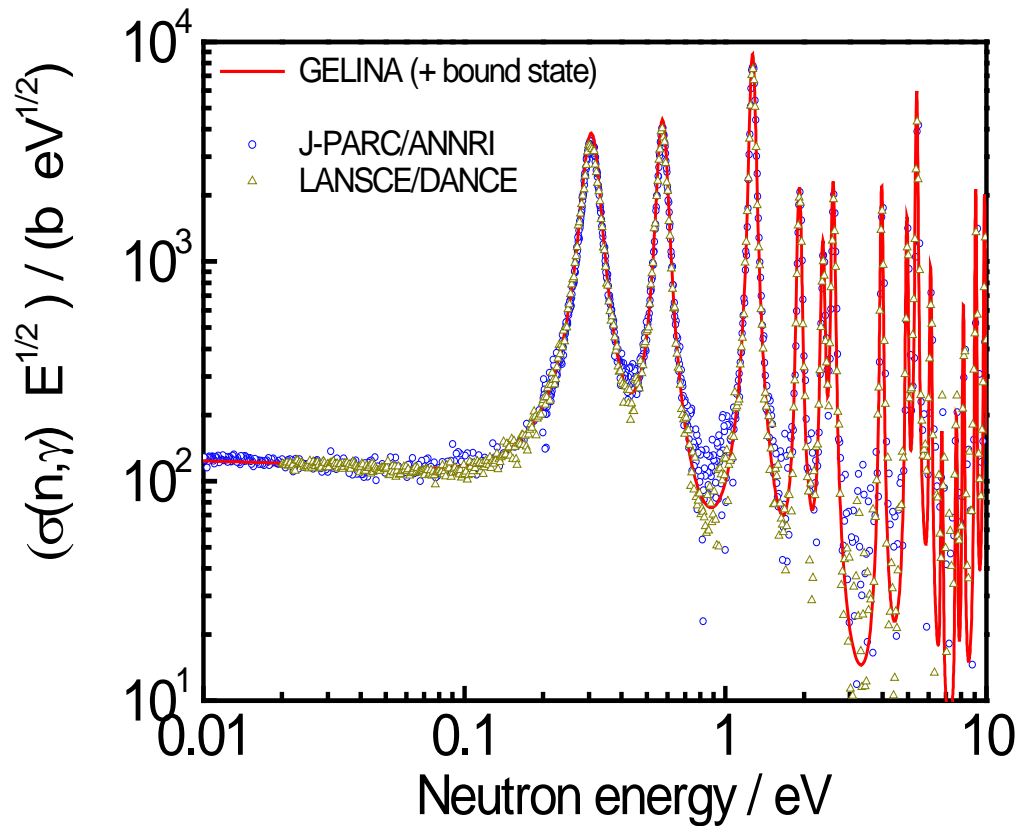
Negret et al., NIPNE, Bucharest

GAINS: Germanium Array for Inelastic Neutron Scattering

12 HPGe 80 mm \varnothing x 80 mm L
1 keV resolution at 1 MeV (neutrons)



Schillebeeckx et al.

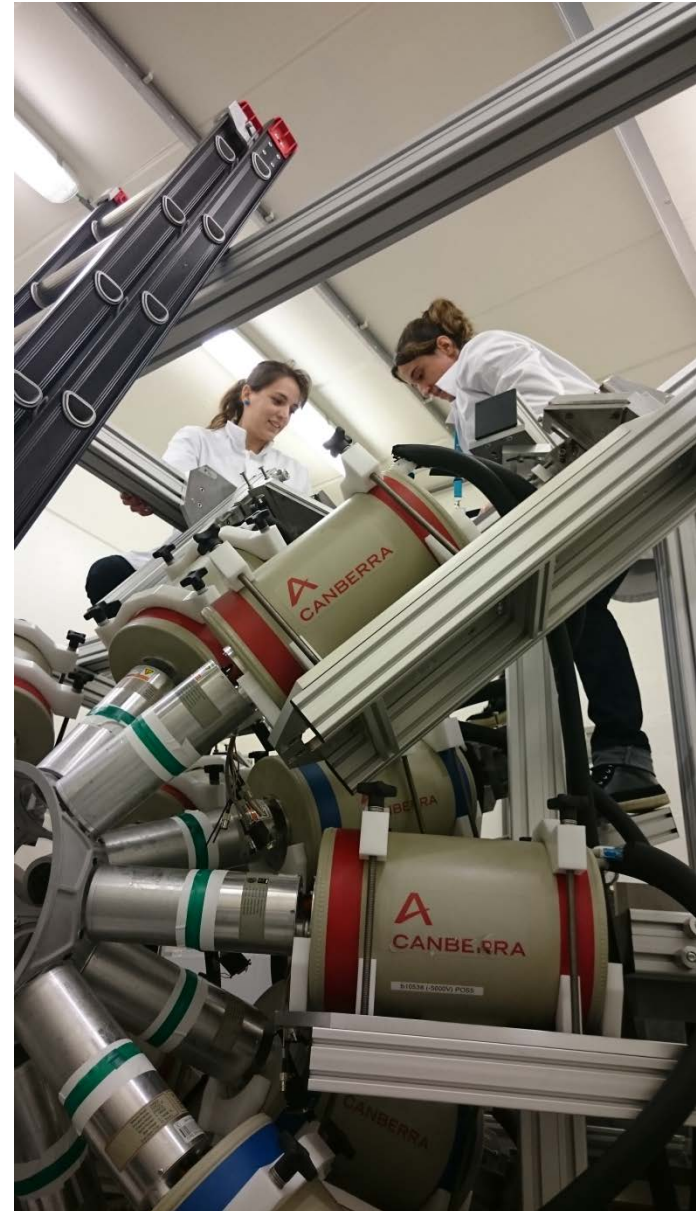


J-PARC/ANNRI
LANSCE/DANCE

normalized to
 $\sigma(n_{\text{th}},\gamma) = 749 \text{ b}$

- **$\gamma\gamma$ -coincidence measurements**
(branching ratios, missing levels)
- **Prompt Neutron multiplicities**
Detection of neutrons amongst large γ -background
- **Fission cross section measurements**
Thin targets $^{235,238}\text{U}$, ^{237}Np , ^{242}Pu
- **Detector and dosimeter characterisation**
Detector response in known neutron fields

...





- JRC is successfully running since a decade open-access programmes in the [nuclear data](#) domain.
- Offer [unique research and training opportunities](#) complementing those existing in the MS.
- A large proportion were (1) [first-time users](#) and (2) [PhD students and Postdocs](#).
- Many [new and long-term collaborations](#) evolved.
- Close interaction with all [major consortia pooling European research efforts](#)
- In 2014, JRC open-access projects became direct actions, creating a [sustainable framework](#) for access to JRC facilities.

<https://ec.europa.eu/jrc/eufrat>