



ECL Software Activities

B. Oberhof LNF-INFN Frascati for the italian software group

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Foreword



- Main goal of our involvement in ECL SW activities is to establish if the performance of existing ECL is enough to ensure requested physics accuracy
- We started with performance simulations and soon realized that there were (are) many code flaws
- We (LNF & PG) got involved in the SW group and are now commited to several tasks
- Preliminary performance studies have started recently and continue together with code development



Code development in LNF-PG





MC Matching

MC matching as some flaws
e.g. 5 pi0s, 1 GeV each, 1evt





gamma MC MOTHER ID

 Further problems arise once bkg MCM is introduced (see my talk at last B2GM)



- We are currently at work on both single and multiple association
- Weights will also be introduced to handle multiple ass. with bkg





- The digitizer translates electronics output into time and energy
- A 16 point fit is performed to the waveform from the shaper

$$\chi^{2}(A, p, t_{0}) = \sum_{i,j} (y_{i} - Af(t_{i} - t_{0}) - p) S_{ij}^{-1} (y_{j} - Af(t_{j} - t_{0}) - p) \rightarrow \min$$

 A, p, t_{0} - fitting parameters : Amplitude, pedestal and time of the signal
 $S_{ij} = \overline{(y_{i} - \overline{y})(y_{j} - \overline{y})}$ - covariance matrix,
 $f(t)$ - counter response,
 y_{i} - sampled values



• From a SW point of view changing crystal/electronics reduces to changing this waveform



per il fotosensore:

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- The output waveform of the R/O is currently calculated using SPICE
- This is a crucial point for upgrade studies and work is ongoing to generalize the code (eclDigitizer module)



ECLDataAnalysis



- basf2 ntuple structure (Ntuple maker+ NtupleTools) is not well suited to study ECL performance
- Entries are not stored "event-wise" and this leads to some difficulties when analyzing stuff nECLClusters



- After discussion with SW people we wrote our own module
- ECLDataAnalysis has now been extensively tested and committed



ECL Validation

- A byproduct of our module are new validation scripts
- These scripts are run daily to produce plots to be checked by offline shifters to monitor performance of the various subdetectors
- For ECL few scripts are presently available and do not match quality requirements



Warnings: No reference object, No description, No Check, No Contact Person

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- During last B2GM T. Kuhr requested new scripts to the ECL SW group
- We (LNF-PG) agreed to be responsible for various sets of plots
- First versions have recently been committed and are undergoing tests



Performance Studies

- The study of the physics case for the upgrade relies mainly on:
 - The possibility to simulate degraded conditions as well as different dectector components (ECLDigitizer module)
 - A reliable and realistic backgroud simulation
- Upgrade oriented simulations started after November B2GM for baseline ECL configuration:
 - We had to develope our own tools to analyze ECL performance
 - Our past simulations have shown serious flaws in bkg simulation
 - Thanks to the effort of the SW group a realistic bkg simulation for ECL is now available (since 2 weeks, see Staric's talk at ECL meeting 28th November)
- Currently following studies have been performed:
 - Intrinsic detector resolution and related effects
 - Preliminary resolution in the presence of beam-backgrounds (..ongoing)

Effect of detector material INFN

- Compared 3 different geometries:
 - ECL only (green)
 - Full detector without ARICH (as discussed at last B2GM) (red)
 - Full detector (blue)
- 5000 events, single 100MeV photons from pGun in FWD endcap (12° 31°)

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No big effect of subdetectors material on resolution, rather on efficiency





Energy resolution



- Individual energies fitted with Crystal Ball function
- Energy range 20 MeV to 2 GeV, 5000 evts each, $20^{\circ} < \theta < 24^{\circ}$
- Resolution function from TDR in green
- Agreement far from being perfect..





ECL Time Window

Belle I





(from the talk of C. Hearty B2GM June 2013) ADC clock = 508 MHz / (24 x 12) = 1.764 MHz ==> 567 ns/sample waveform fit \rightarrow 15 samples = 8.504 us pedestal fit \rightarrow 16 samples = 9.071 us time window before 0 = 17.576 us, time window after 0 = waveform duration = 8.504 us



Background Status



- Background window has finally been correctly fixed (-17.6, 8.5 us)
- New bkg mixer released, allows different windows for different subsystems (Reminder: all detectors use -1, 0.8 us window, except ECL and PXD)
- Additional bkg files for ECL and PXD are available for ECL since just about 2 weeks (bkg enters simulation at Hit level)





Single photon with bkg



- Single photon from pGun, E= 100, 500 MeV
- 3 types of beam bkg: Coulomb, Touschek, RadBhabha ~200 cluster/evt
- Clusters are recorded if $|t t_0| < 567$ ns





500 MeV photons with bkg

- 198 events, single 0.5 GeV photon in 20° < theta < 24°
- 32346 clusters, mostly low-E (but not only!)
- Selection: |t t_o| < 18.5 ns (cluster timing RMS for E > 100 MeV at Belle was 10 ns), E9oE25 > 0.9, E_{min} > 50 MeV
- Survive 167 clusters of 198, 161 are signals → eff= 81%, purity= 96.4%





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- 300 events, single 0.1 GeV photon in 20° < theta < 24°
- Signal is completely enveloped in bkg "tail"



• With same selection defined previously \rightarrow eff= 23%, purity= 95.8%





Background remarks

- There are some (significant) discrepancies between current and previous releases, the reason is not clear
- Still missing a good interplay between ECL and BKG people \rightarrow we have to address this point



0.5 GeV single-photons



Conclusions

- We've started to study ECL software with the aim of performing physics studies for the upgrade
- We discovered many code flaws
- We got deeply involved in code development and the LNF and PG groups are currently responsible of various items:
 - MC matching to reconstructed quantities (B. Oberhof)
 - Cluster timing and reconstruction (E. De Lucia & E. Manoni)
 - Validation SW (E. Manoni + B. Oberhof)
 - ECL Analysis tools (E. Manoni + B. Oberhof)
 - Performance and background studies (E. De Lucia + B. Oberhof)
 - Digitizer development (E. Manoni)
 - Etc.. (i.e. anything else that comes along)
- Physics simulations is proceeding in parallel to the development of SW and tools



Thanks!



Pair creation in the CDC

Backups

Geometry

Day-1: existent Csl(T_l)



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Energy resolution

• Not really good agreement, seems to depend from ECL alone





About timing..

- ECL digitizer clock rate is 1.76388 Mhz (=567 ns)⁻¹
- Actual event timing unit for ECL is 567/(96*16) ns
- Cluster are accepted if they fall +-567 ns from trigger
- This corresponds to 3072 "ECL units" (or steps) ("ECL Unit" = 0.37 ns)
- Timing is expected to be good down to 10ns (RMS)
- Physics ECL time is peaked at 2350 "steps" (code bias)
- I decided to accept only events falling between 2300 and 2400 "steps"





500 MeV photons

- First sel step: 2300 < t < 2400 AND E90E25 > 0.9
- Survive: 256 clusters, 162 associated to pGun photons
- Second sel step: E > 50 MeV (this was standard value for "good"-photons lis at BaBar)
- Survive 167 clusters, 161 signals \rightarrow eff= 81%, purity= 96.4%





100 MeV photons

- First sel step: 2300 < t < 2400 AND E9oE25 > 0.9
- Survive: 180clusters, 71 associated to pGun photons
- Second sel step: E > 50 MeV
- Survive 72 clusters, 69 signals \rightarrow eff= 23%, purity= 95.8%







- E9oE25 describes shower shape
- It's close to 1 for "good" photons while tends to be uniform for random (low-energy) beam-background





Intrinsic resolution remarks

- The nominal geometry FWD (12.01° 31.30°) and actual MC acceptance have observed to be different
- High loss of events (i.e. Clusters) close to the inner ring (actual MC acceptance is 12.4° 31.35°)
- Other strange border effects obse

mcPz {eclCluster_Multip>0}



 I decided to focus on a smaller ring 20° < theta < 24° FWD (3-4 fwd crystals) for further studies