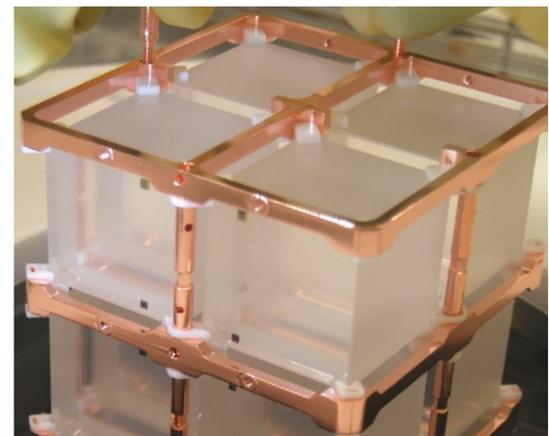


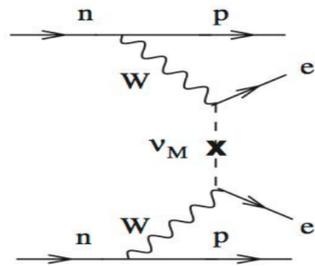
CUORE



$0\nu\beta\beta - {}^{130}\text{Te}$



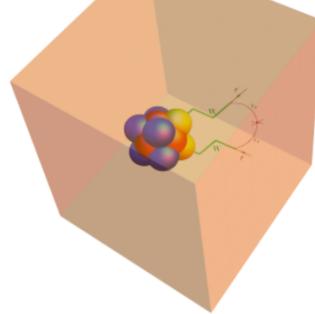
$$(A, Z) \rightarrow (A, Z+2) + 2 e^-$$



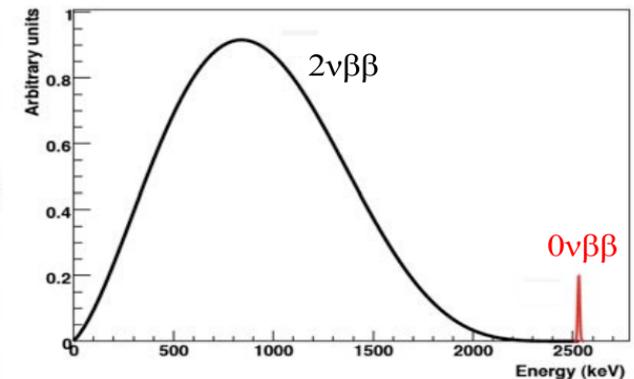
lepton violation
if observed ν is Majorana

Source = Detector

the detector is a crystal with the
DBD candidate in its molecule



SIGNATURE



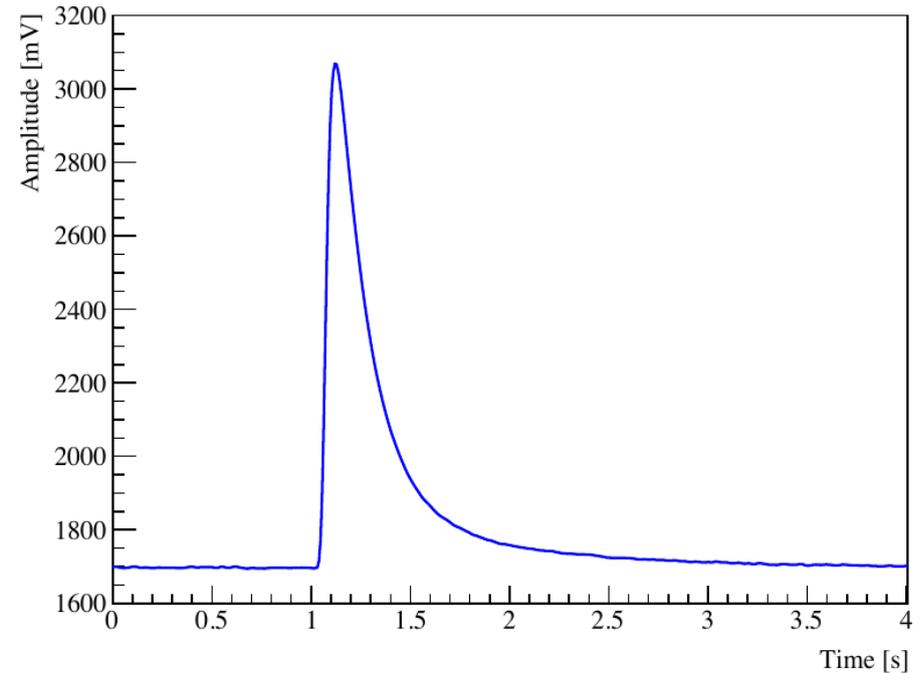
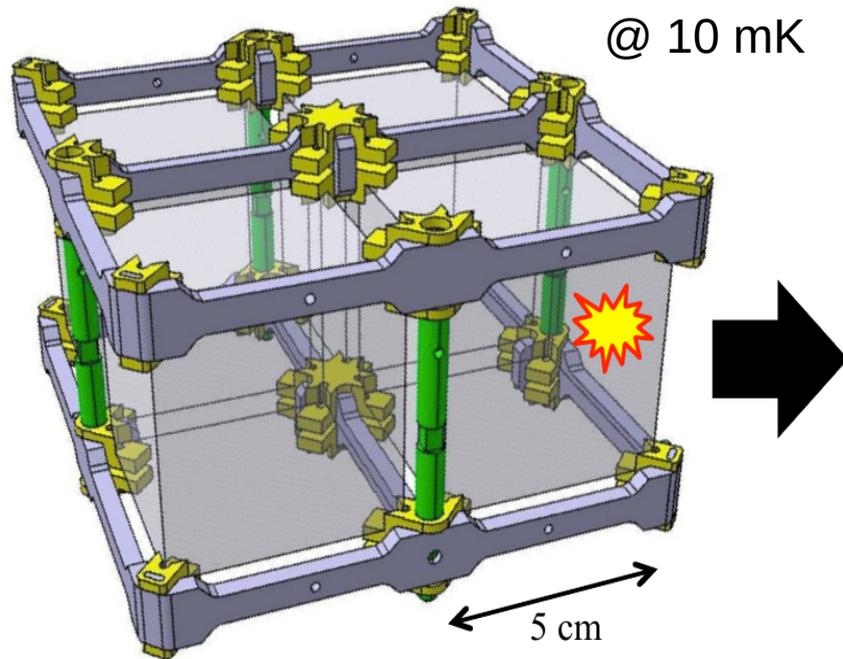
ISOTOPE CHOICE

${}^{130}\text{Te}$

- High nat. isotopic abundance $\sim 34.2\%$
- High Q-value = 2527.518 ± 0.013 keV
- Good Nuclear Factor of Merit

NEED NO ENRICHMENT
LOW BACKGROUND

TeO₂ bolometers



Absorber: $E \rightarrow \Delta T \sim E/C(T)$

TeO₂ crystals ~ 750 g

Low heat capacity

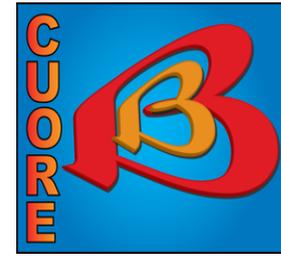
High radio-purity

Temperature sensor $\Delta T \rightarrow \Delta V$

NTD Ge thermistor

$R = R_0 \exp(T/T_0)^\gamma \rightarrow$ high sensitivity

$0\nu\beta\beta - {}^{130}\text{Te}$



${}^{130}\text{Te}$ $\tau_{1/2}^{0\nu}$ SENSITIVITY i.e.

1) total mass / isotope mass

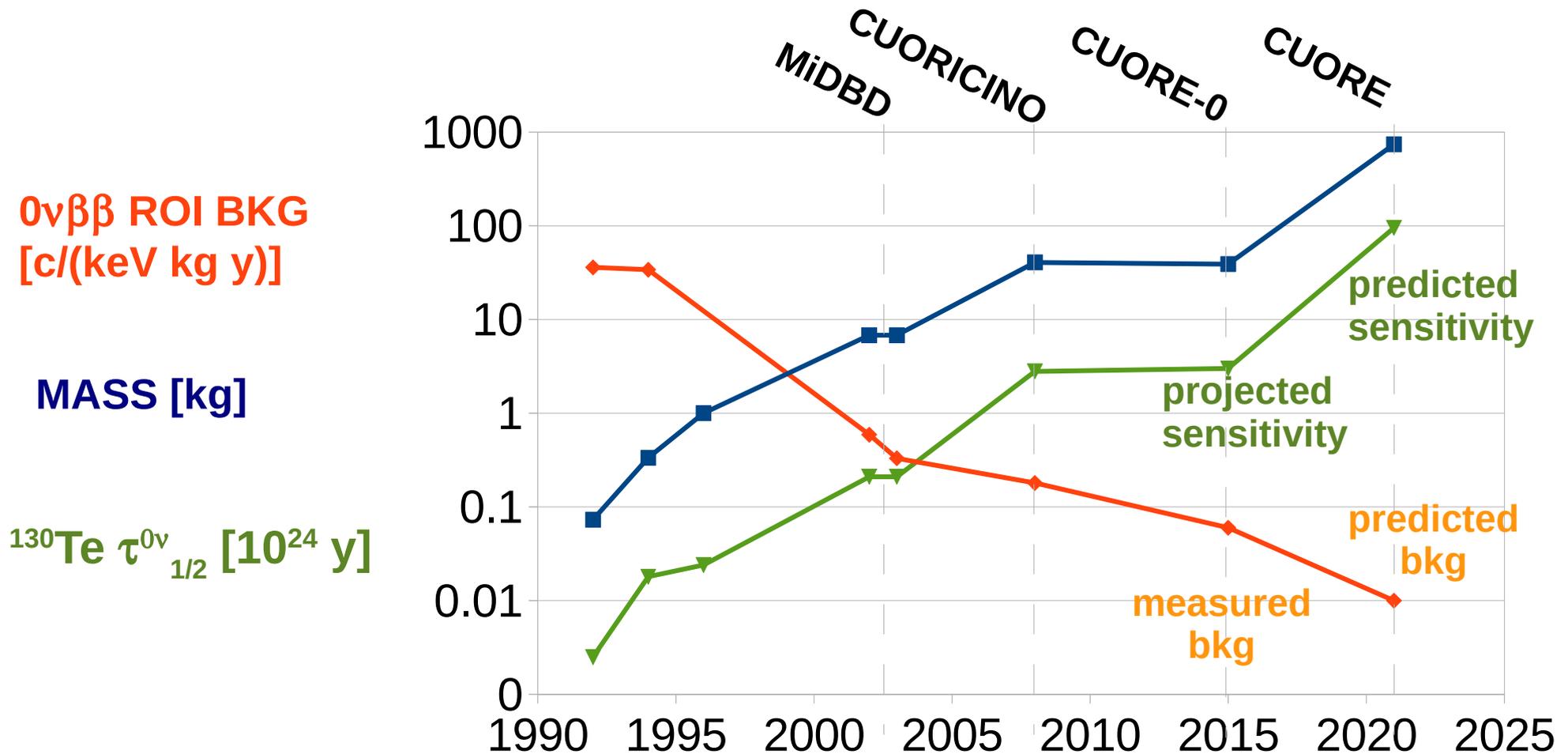
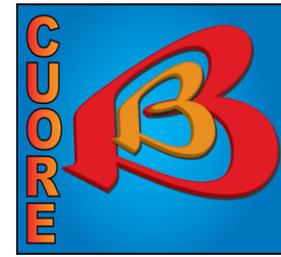
(1 kg $\text{TeO}_2 \sim 0.28$ kg of ${}^{130}\text{Te}$)

2) background in the ROI :

FWHM at $Q_{\beta\beta}$ (ROI width)

background rate at $Q_{\beta\beta}$

TeO₂ bolometers a story of successes



growing in mass & improving bkg



Cuoricino

~ 41 kg TeO_2
0.15 c/(keV kg y)



Astropart. Phys. 34
(2011) 822–831

CUORE-0

~ 39 kg TeO_2
0.06 c/(keV kg y)

CUORE-0 Preliminary

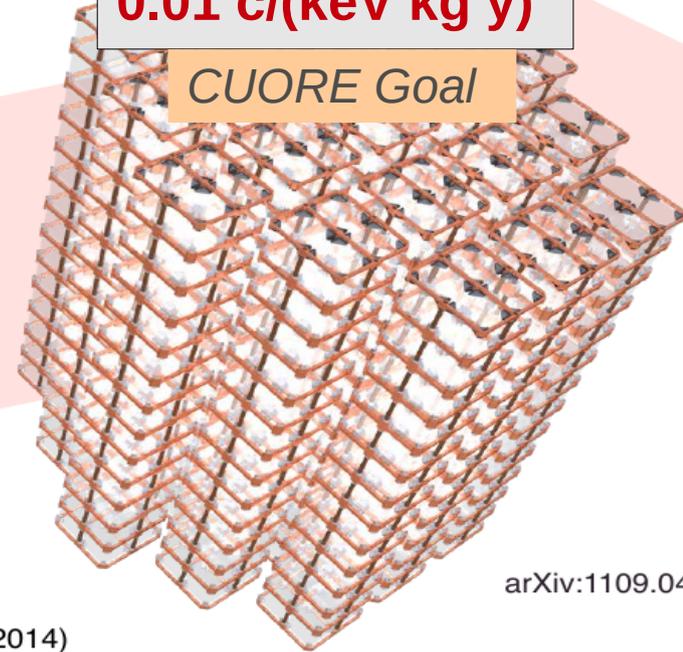


EPJC 74, 2956 (2014)

CUORE

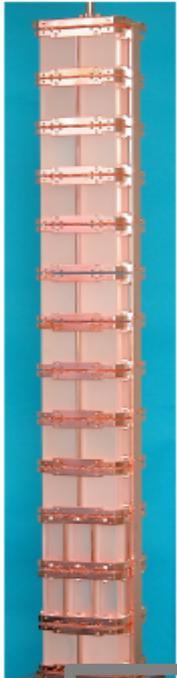
~ 741 kg TeO_2
0.01 c/(keV kg y)

CUORE Goal



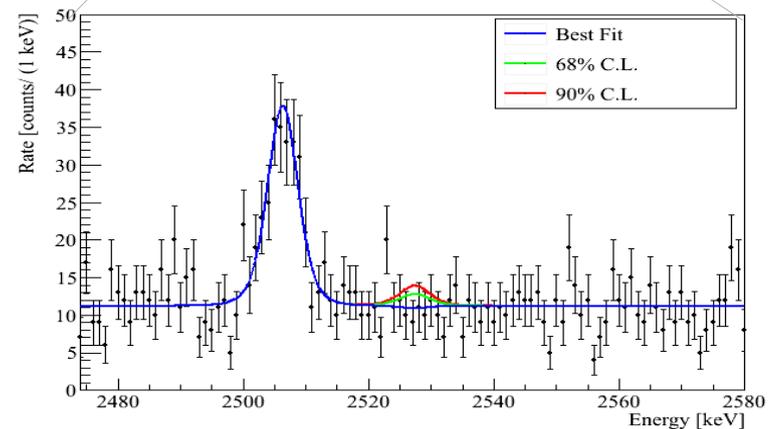
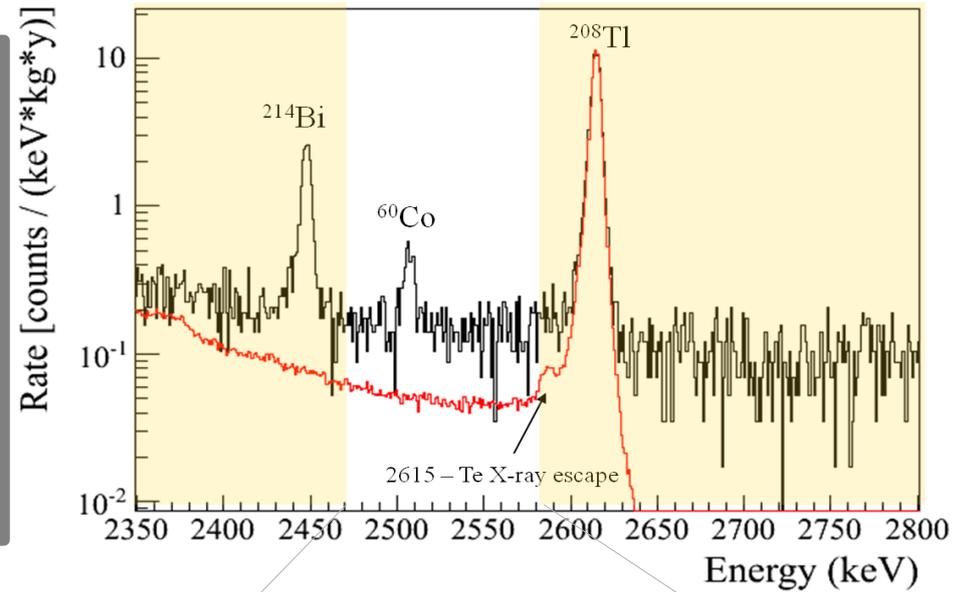
arXiv:1109.0494

Cuoricino



TeO₂ mass: 40.7 kg
Running: 2003 – 2008
FWHM ~ 7 keV
Exposure 19.75 kg(¹³⁰Te) y
Result no 0νββ peak !

Astropart. Phys. 34 (2011) 822–831



$$^{130}\text{Te } \tau^{0\nu}_{1/2} > 2.8 \times 10^{24} \text{ y (90 \% C.L.)} \quad *$$

Background :

0.169 ± 0.006 counts/(keV kg y)

on 5x5x5 cm³ crystals :

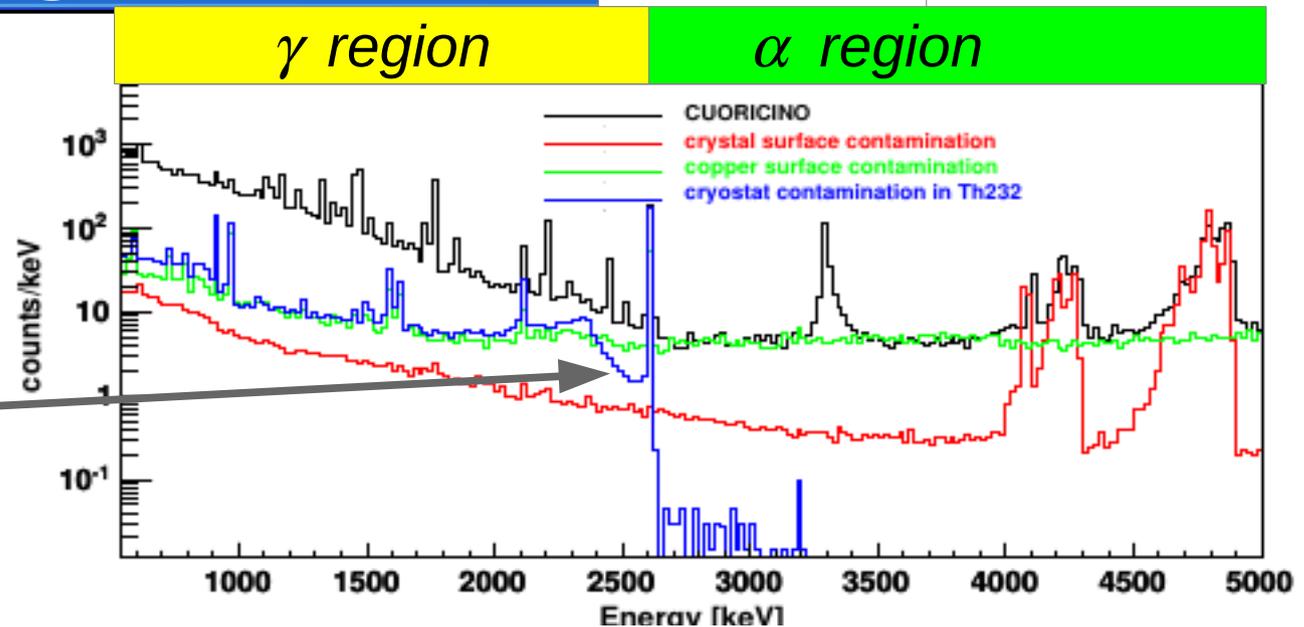
0.153 ± 0.006 counts/(keV kg y)

Cuoricino

bkg model



$0\nu\beta\beta$ ROI
Counting Rate
 0.153 ± 0.006
counts/(keV kg y)



degraded α 's

10 +/- 5 %

surface contamination of TeO_2 crystals in ^{238}U and ^{232}Th

50 +/- 20 %

surface contamination of Cu Holder
(or any other element facing the crystals such as PTFE spacers)

30 +/- 10%

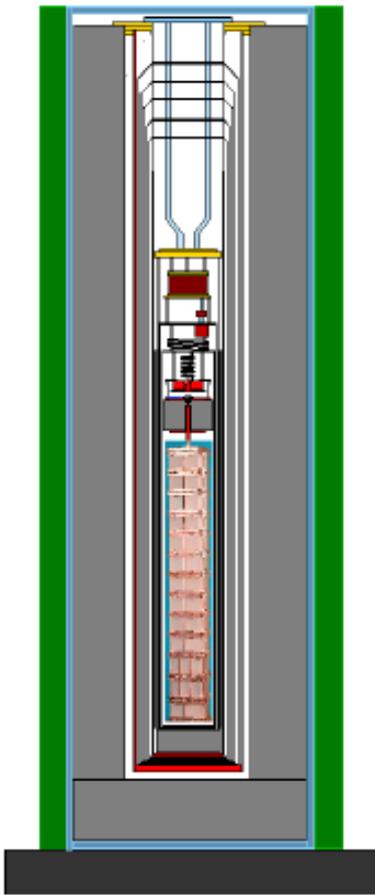
multiCompton events induced by the ^{208}Tl (2615 keV peak)
due to cryostat contamination in ^{232}Th

γ 's

from Cuoricino to CUORE

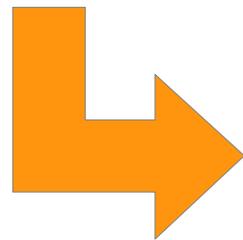


Cuoricino/CUORE-0



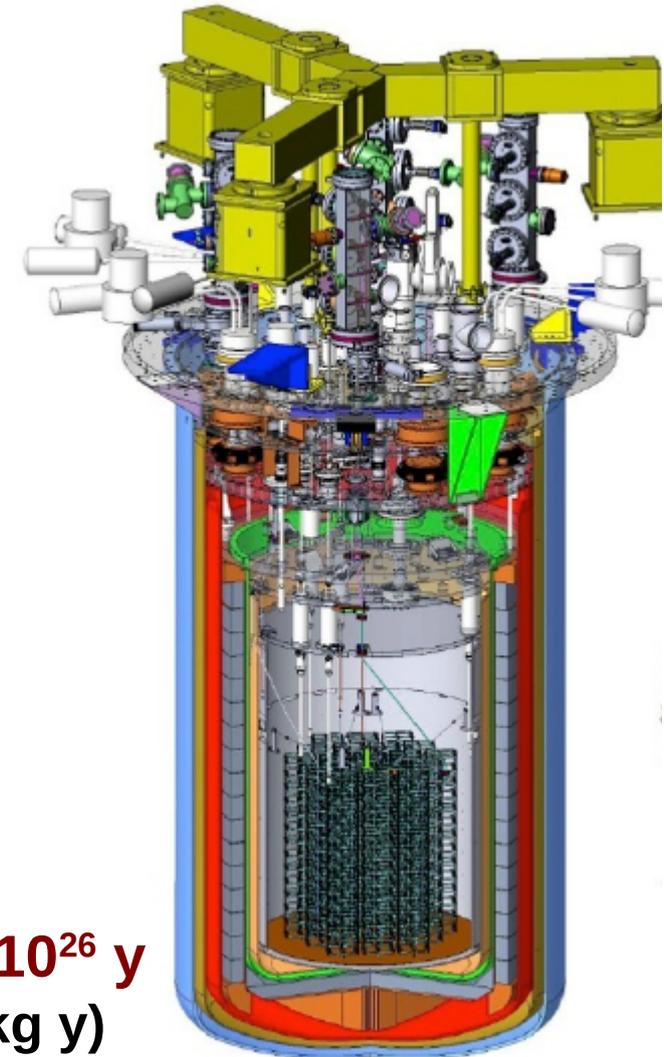
MAIN CONCEPTS:

- **increase the mass**
~20 times the mass of Cuoricino
- **improve detector performances**
5 keV FWHM
- **reduce the background**
~20 times lower than Cuoricino



achieve a sensitivity of $\sim 10^{26}$ y
bkg goal 0.01 counts/(keV kg y)

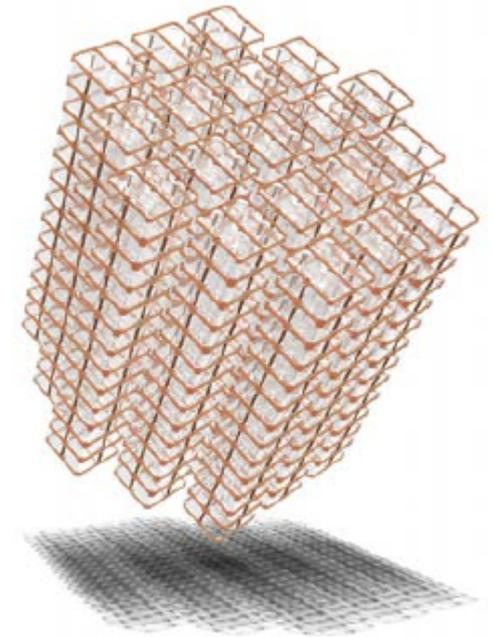
CUORE





740 kg TeO₂ ~200 kg ¹³⁰Te

- 988 TeO₂ ultra-clean crystals run as bolometers
- 19 towers assembled in an ultra-clean environment
- a new cryostat with optimized internal (Roman Lead) and external (Lead + Polyethylene+Boron) shields



CUORE

Cryogenic Underground Observatory for Rare Events



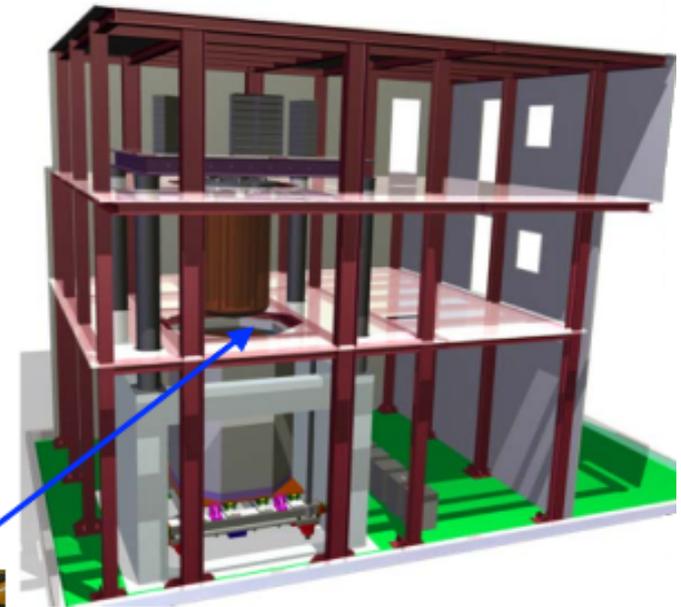
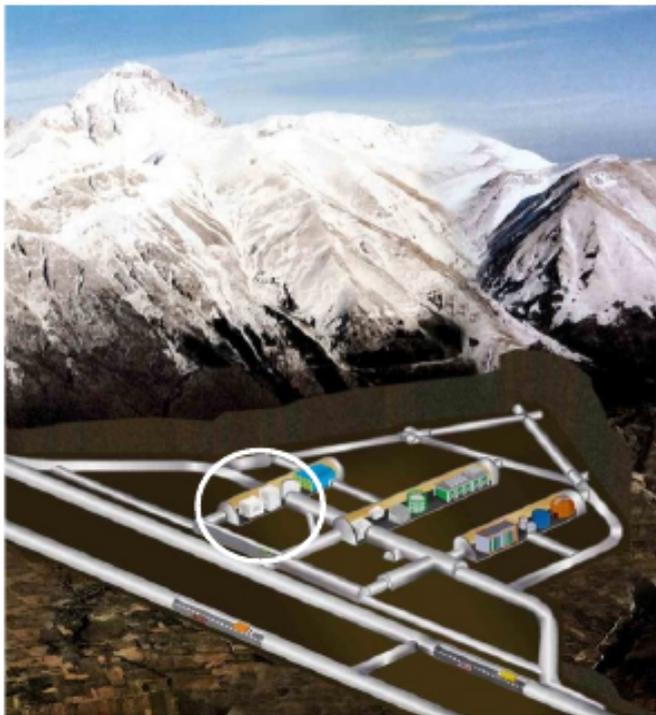
Gran Sasso National Laboratory

Average depth ~ 3600 m.w.e.

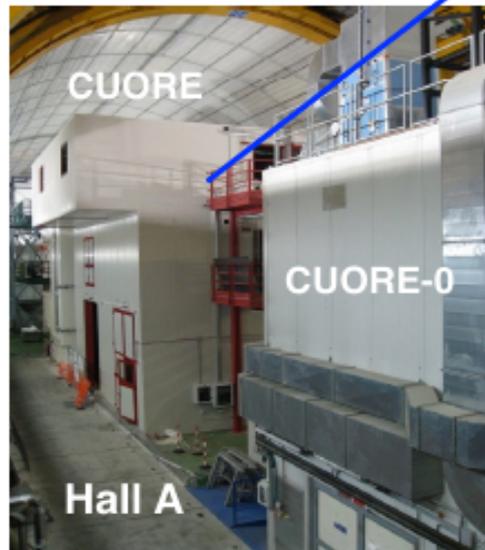
μ : 3×10^{-8} μ /s/cm²

$n < 10$ MeV: 4×10^{-6} n/s/cm²

$\gamma < 3$ MeV: 0.73 γ /s/cm²



CUORE Hut



CUORE

CUORE-0

Hall A

CUORE: ultraclean bolometers



TeO₂ Crystals

Astroparticle Physics 35 (2012) 839–849

Bulk activity 90% C.L. upper limits:

$8.4 \cdot 10^{-7}$ Bq/kg (²³²Th), $6.7 \cdot 10^{-7}$ Bq/kg (²³⁸U), $3.3 \cdot 10^{-6}$ Bq/kg (²¹⁰Po)

Surface activity 90% C.L. upper limits:

$2 \cdot 10^{-9}$ Bq/cm² (²³²Th), $1 \cdot 10^{-8}$ Bq/cm² (²³⁸U), $1 \cdot 10^{-6}$ Bq/cm² (²¹⁰Po)

Cu Crystal Holder

Astroparticle Physics 45 (2013) 13–22

- Crystal holder design optimized to **reduce passive surfaces (Cu)** facing the crystals
- Developed **ultra-cleaning process** for all Cu components:
 - Tumbling
 - Electropolishing
 - Chemical etching
 - Magnetron plasma etching
- Benchmarked in dedicated bolometer run at LNGS
 - Residual ²³²Th / ²³⁸U surface contamination of Cu: $< 7 \cdot 10^{-8}$ Bq/cm²
- **Validated by CUORE-0**
- All parts stored underground, under nitrogen after cleaning



T1



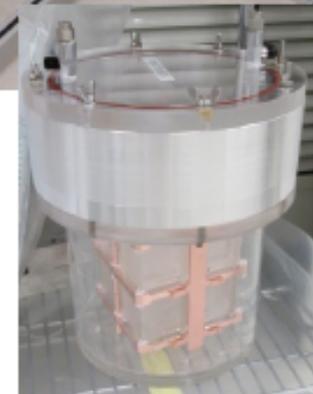
T2



T3



CUORE: 19 detector towers



CUORE: refrigerator commissioning



in progress

Phased Commissioning

Phase I: 4K system check

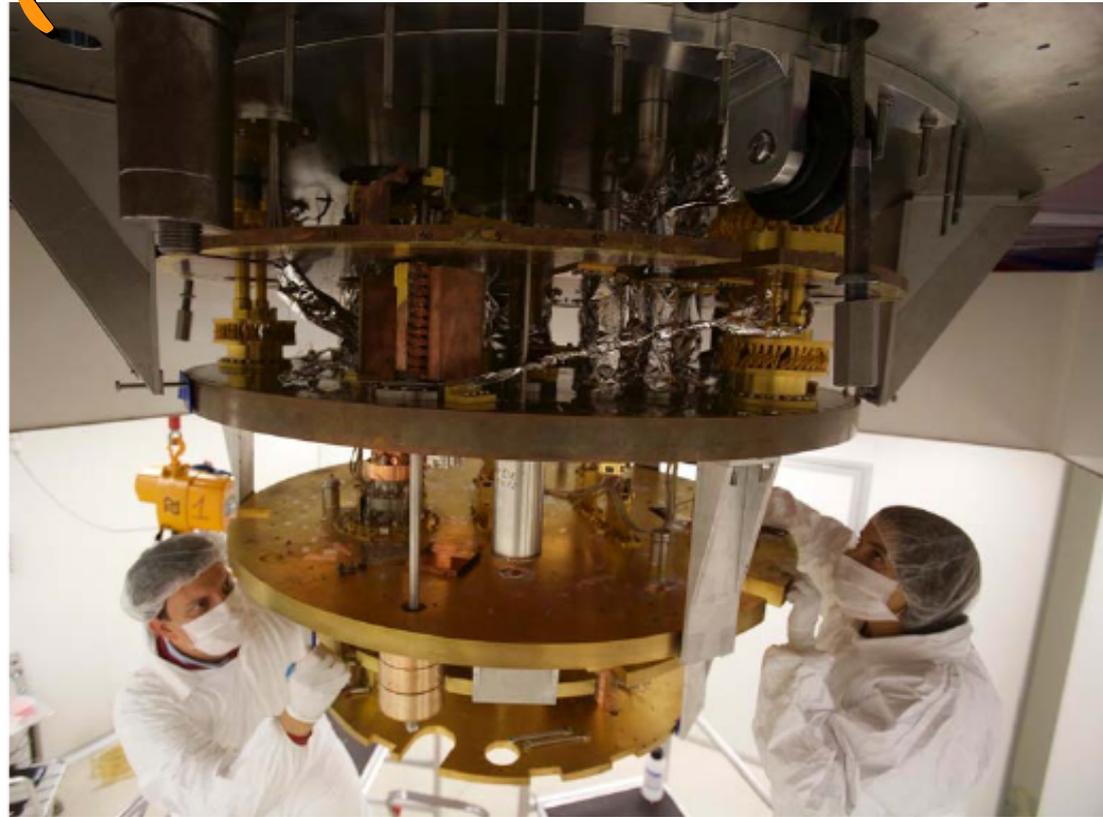
- Outer/Inner vacuum chamber test
- Cryogenic verification of detector calibration system
- Commissioning test of DU

Phase II: full cryostat vessel check

- Full assembly of cryostat
- Cool down of cryostat
- Integration of test tower
- Detector wiring
- calibration system

Preparing for Phase III: integrated cryogenic test

- with lead shield
- wiring
- full calibration system



6mK stable base temperature
achieved in October 2014

meanwhile ...

CUORE-0 !



first CUORE-like tower
installed in Cuoricino cryostat

52 TeO_2 crystals
39 kg TeO_2
~ 11 kg of ^{130}Te

PURPOSE

validate cleaning and assembly procedures for CUORE

TeO_2 crystal contaminations

Cu holder surface contamination

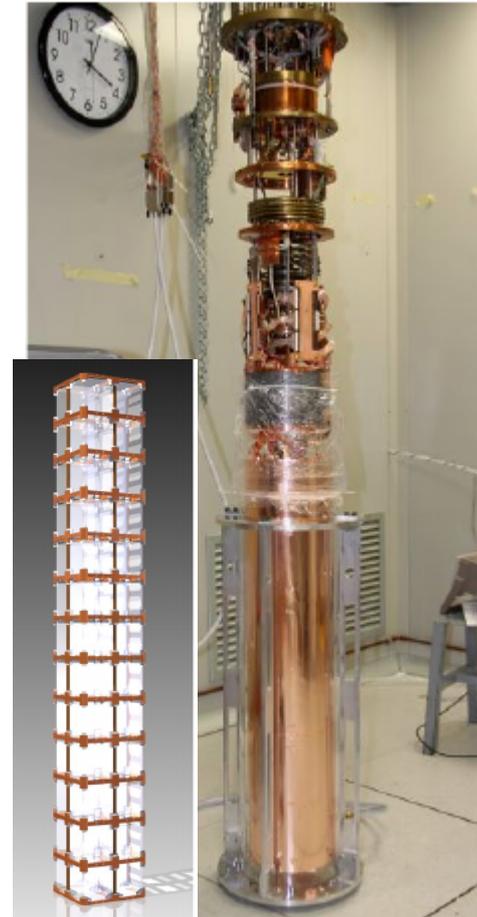
stand-alone $0\nu\beta\beta$ experiment

phase I data *EPJC 74, 2956 (2014)*

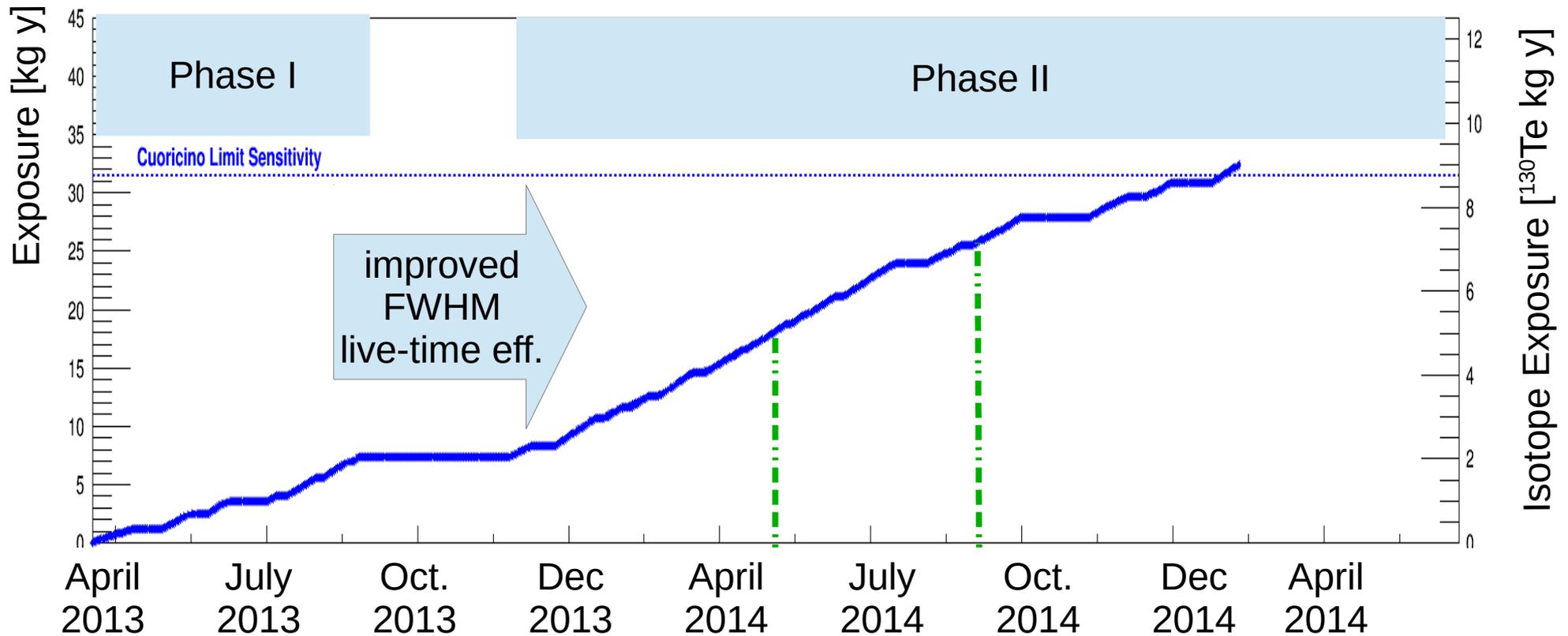
phase II ongoing

$0\nu\beta\beta$ ROI blinded

**unblinding when reached Cuoricino sensitivity
very soon !**



CUORE-0 Exposure

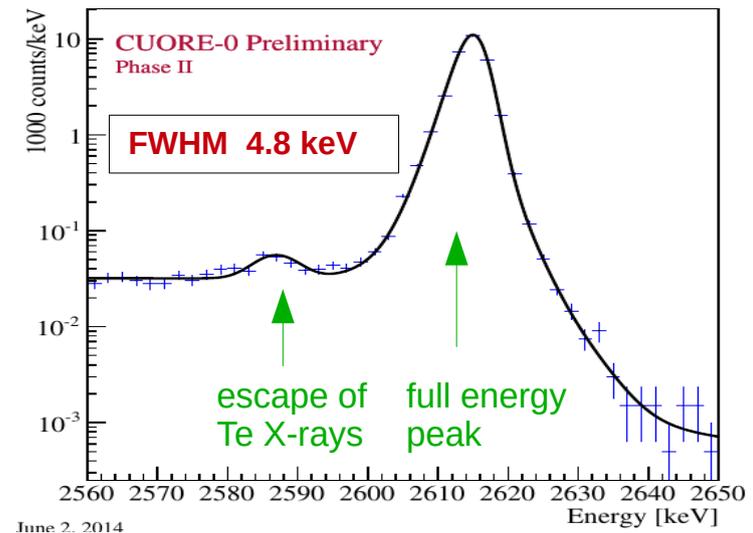
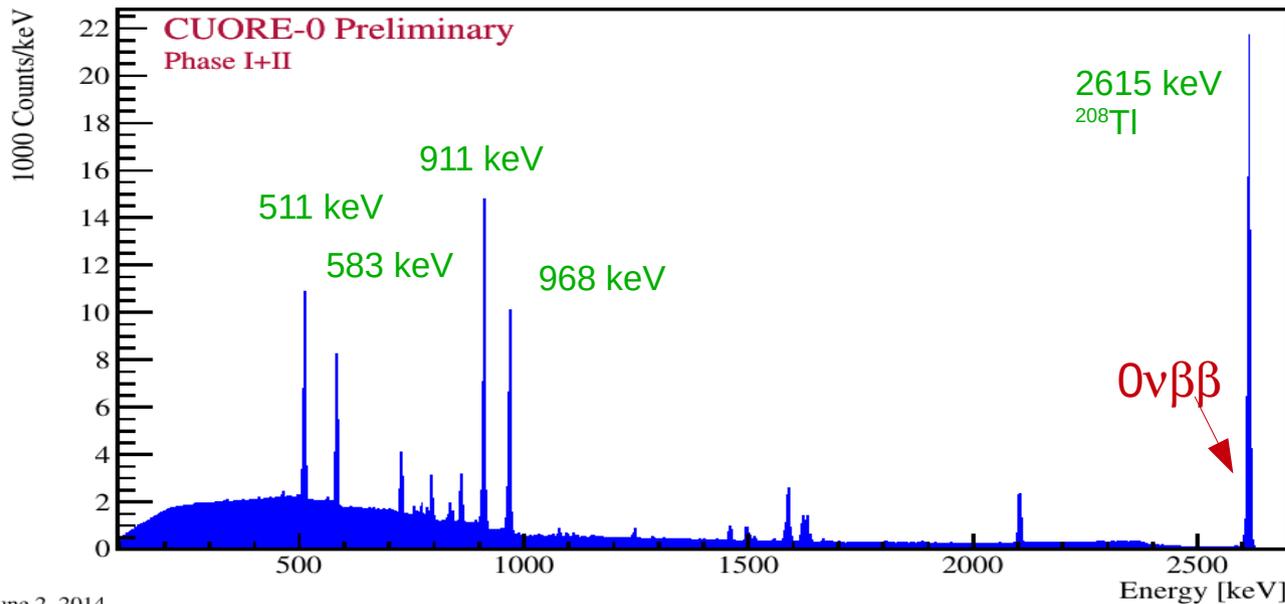


bkg numbers refer to this Exposure (18.1 kg y) *plots refer to this Exposure (25.81 kg y)*

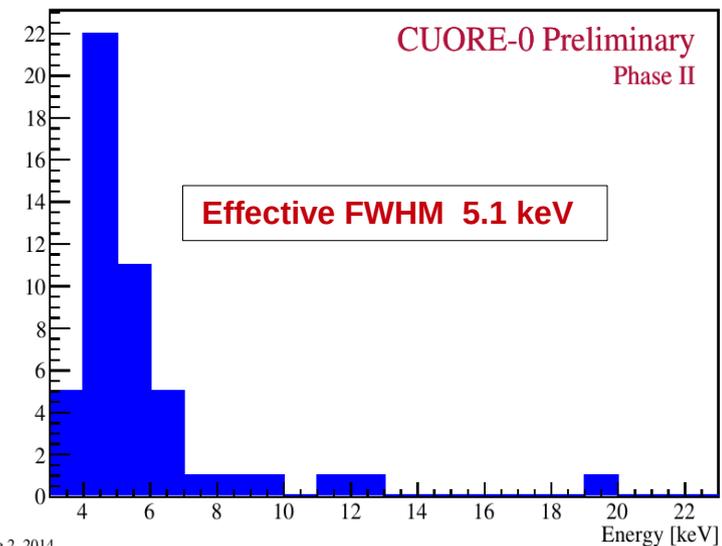
CUORE-0 resolution



CUORE-0 calibration spectrum -sum over all the detectors



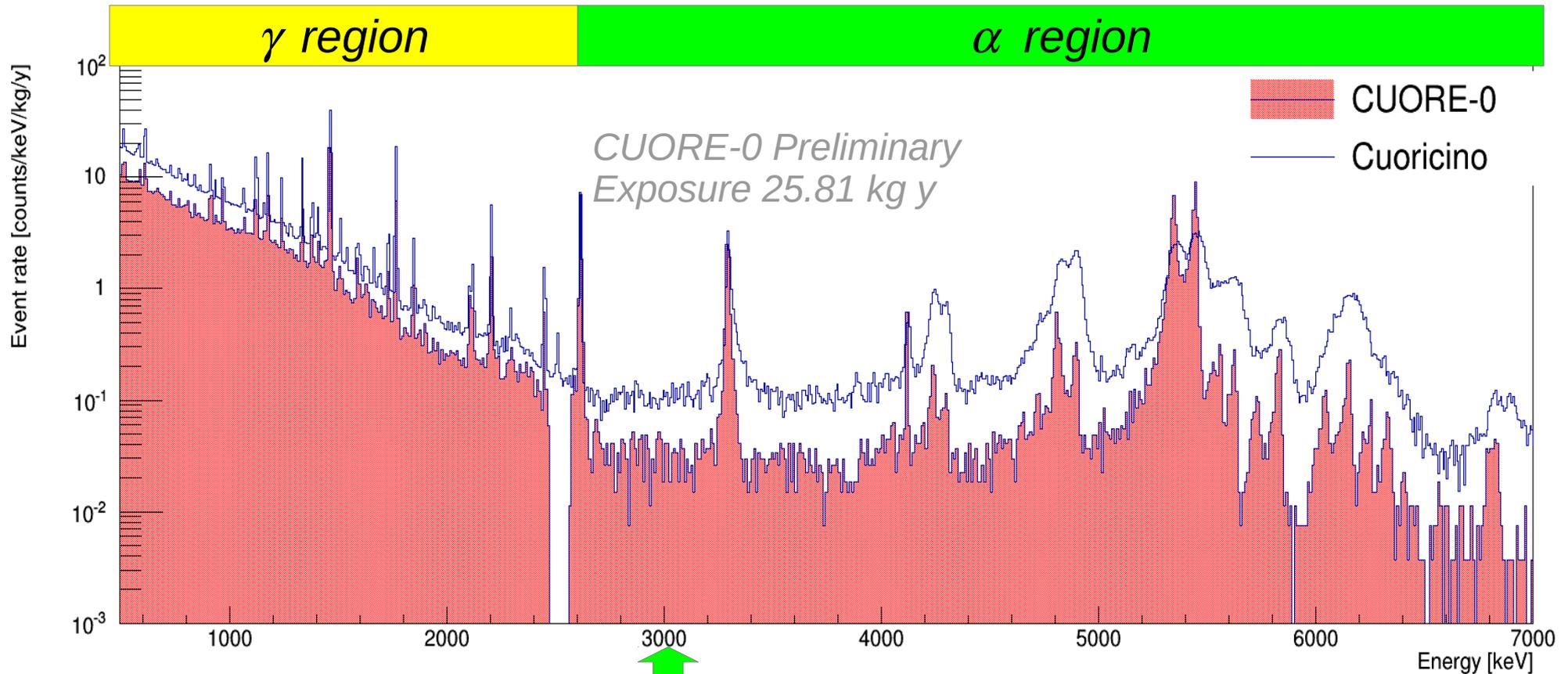
CUORE-0 Calibration Resolution by Channel (Phase II)



- ^{232}Th source (thoriated wires outside the cryostat)
- improved detector operation in phase II

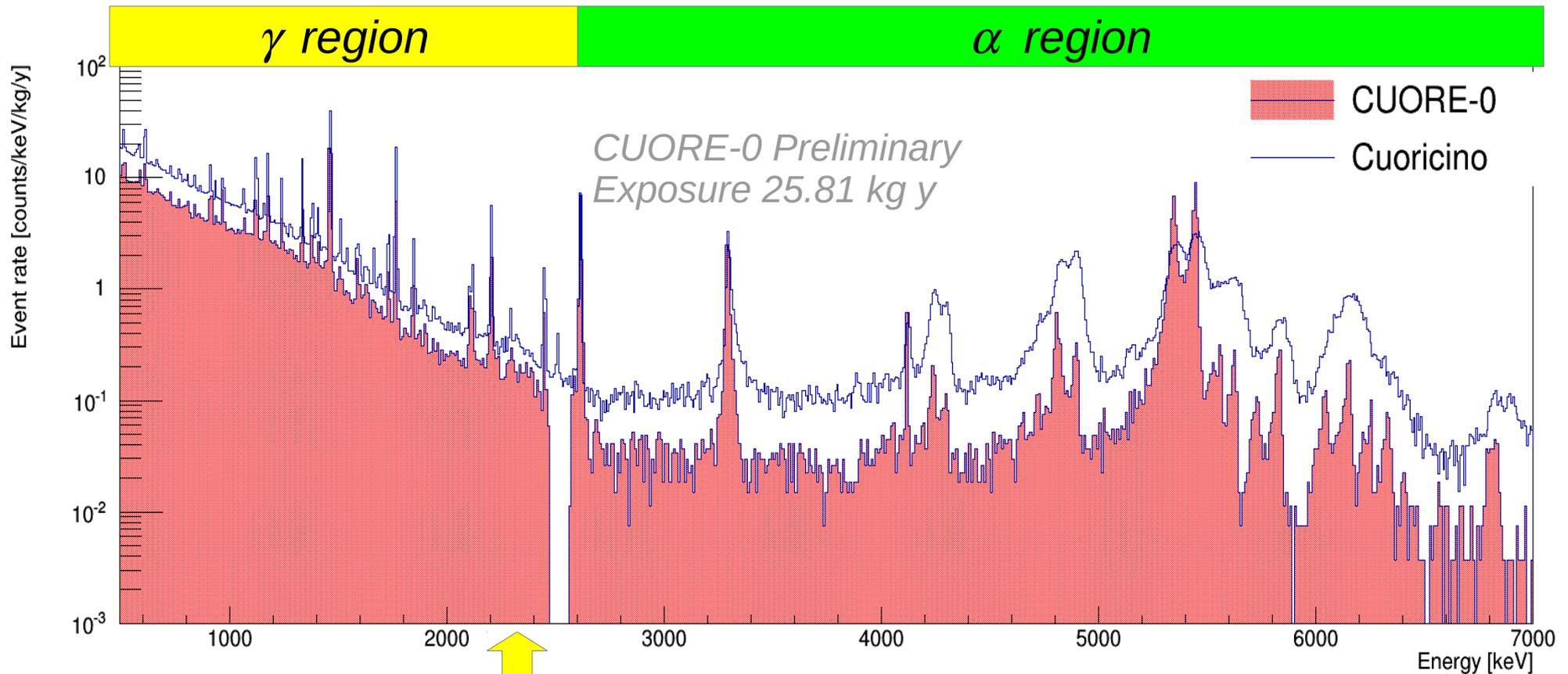
CUORE goal of 5 keV FWHM @ ROI achieved

CUORE-0 background degraded alphas



degraded α 's background is reduced by a factor 6 !!
ultra-cleaning of Cu surfaces
+ use of radiopure materials for TeO₂ crystal polishing

CUORE-0 background gamma's

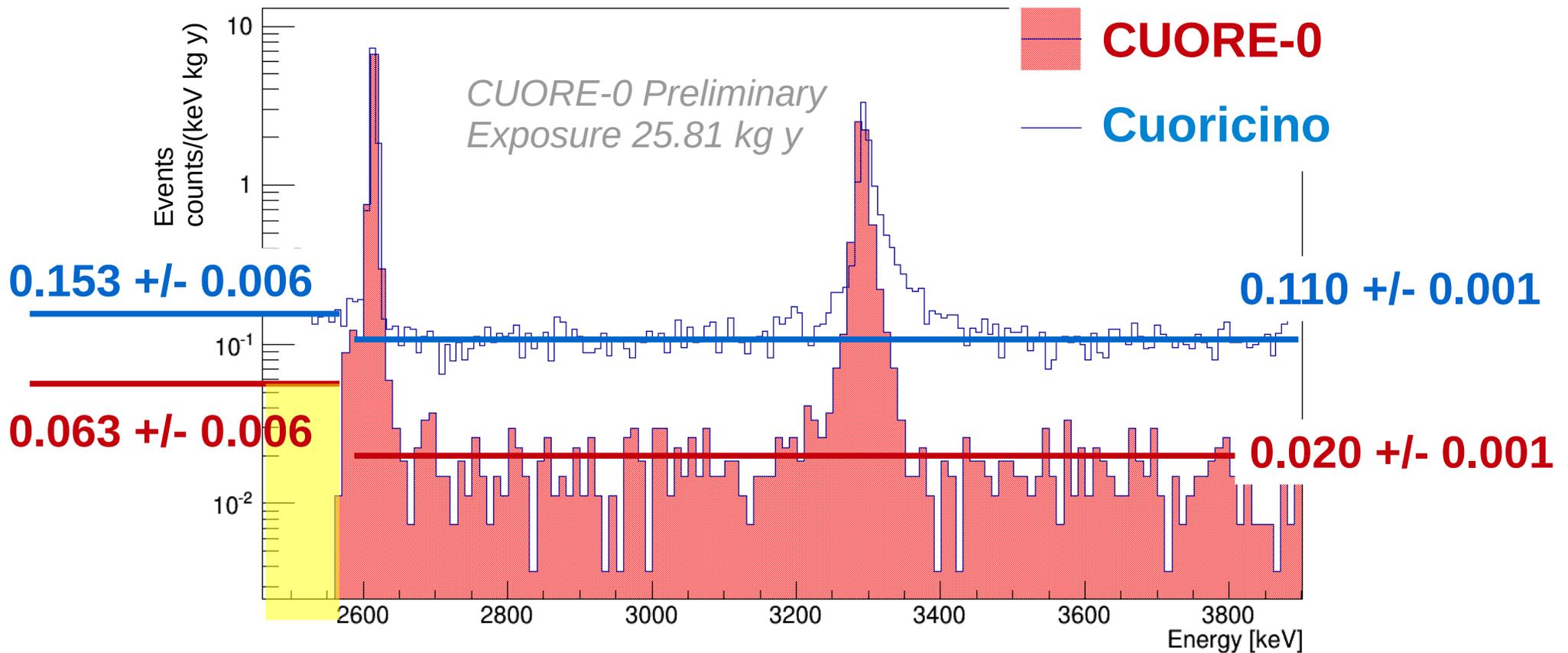


multi-Compton γ 's from ^{208}Tl unchanged

^{208}Tl 2615 keV line has the same intensity as in Cuoricino

irreducible ^{232}Th bkg from cryostat

CUORE-0 background



	$0\nu\beta\beta$ region [c/keV/kg/yr]	2700-3900 keV * [c/keV/kg/yr]
CUORICINO $\epsilon=83\%$	0.153 +/- 0.006	0.110 +/- 0.001
CUORE-0 $\epsilon=78\%$	0.063 +/- 0.006	0.020 +/- 0.001

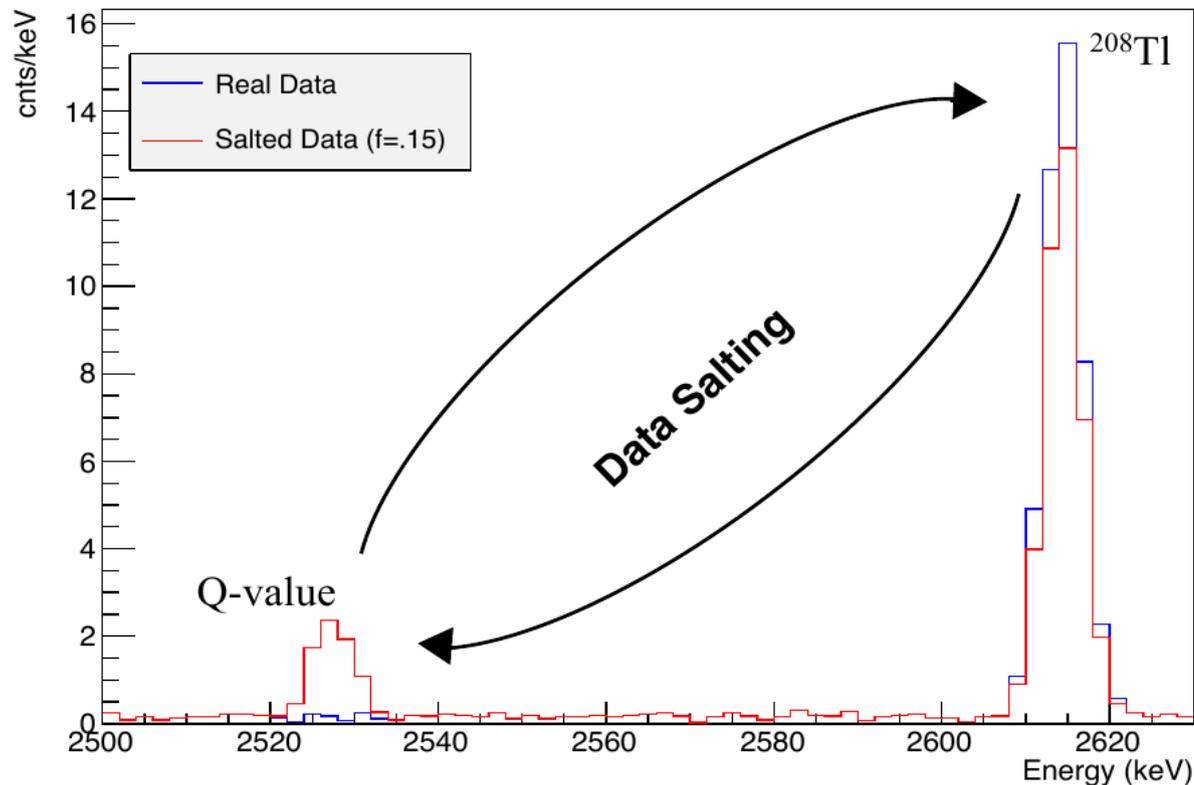
* excluding the ^{190}Pt peak region

*These numbers refer to
18.1 kg y exposure
not updated to present
Exposure*

CUORE-0 blinding



Illustration of *salting* technique

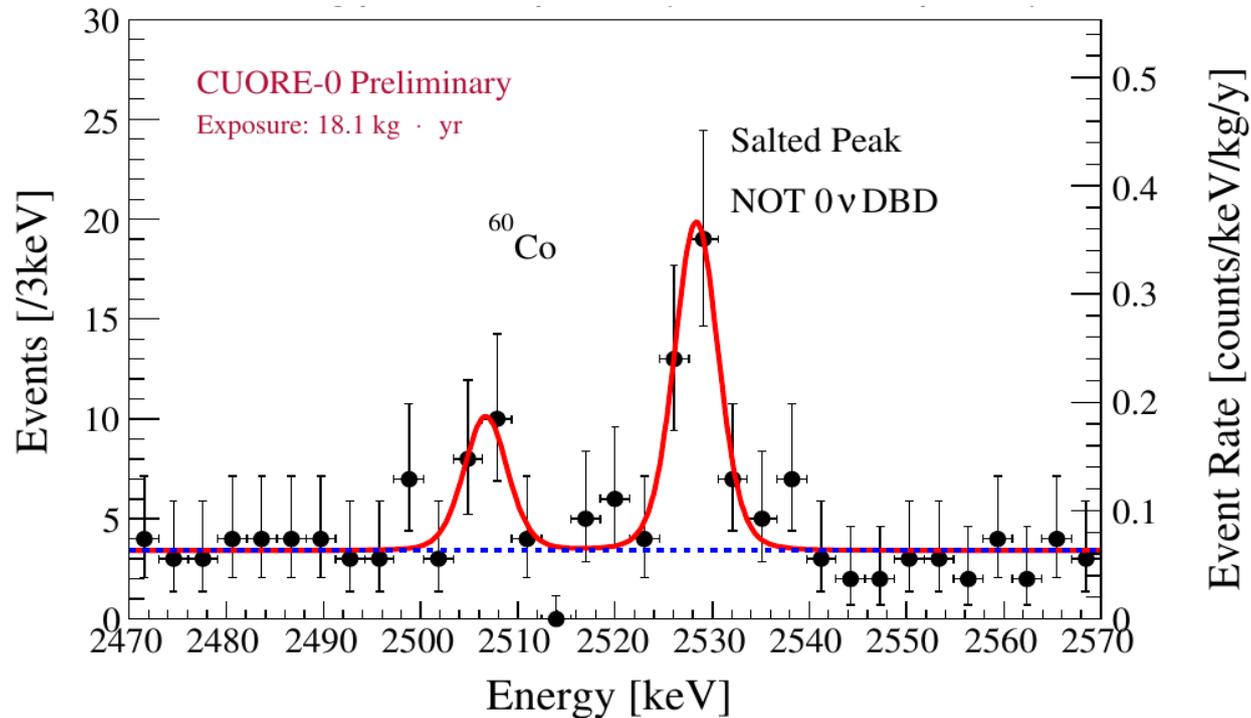


Small (and blinded) fraction of events within ± 10 keV of ^{208}Tl photopeak are moved to within ± 10 keV of ^{130}Te $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay Q-value, and vice versa

CUORE-0 ROI



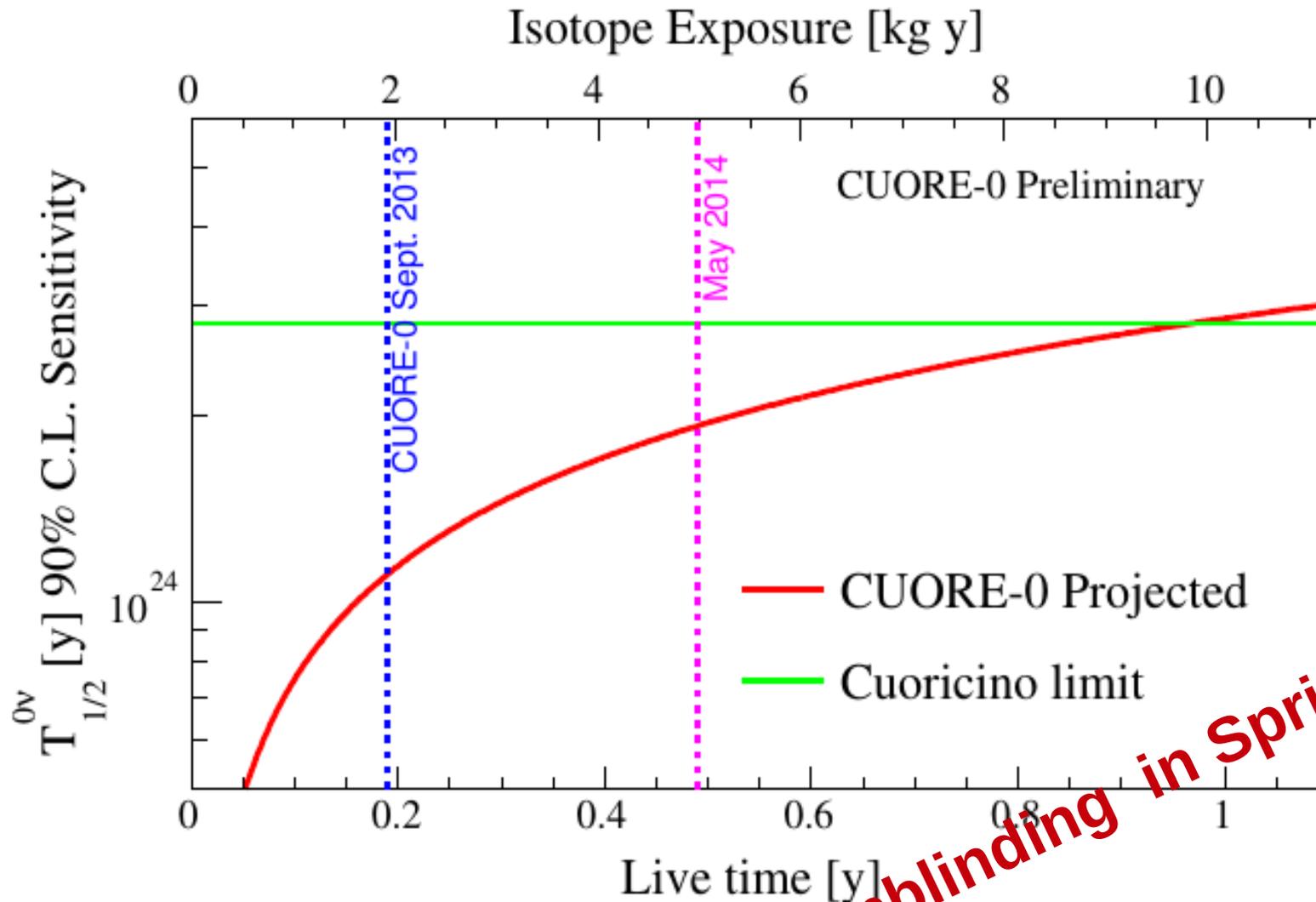
5.0 kg-yr ^{130}Te exposure (Mar 2013 – May 2014)



Signal detection efficiency = $77.6 \pm 1.3\%$

(~87% containment efficiency & ~89% identification efficiency)

CUORE-0 Sensitivity



Unblinding in Spring 2015

... toward CUORE



CUORE-0 confirms

detector performance improvement:

energy resolution 5 keV FWHM

Cuoricino background model:

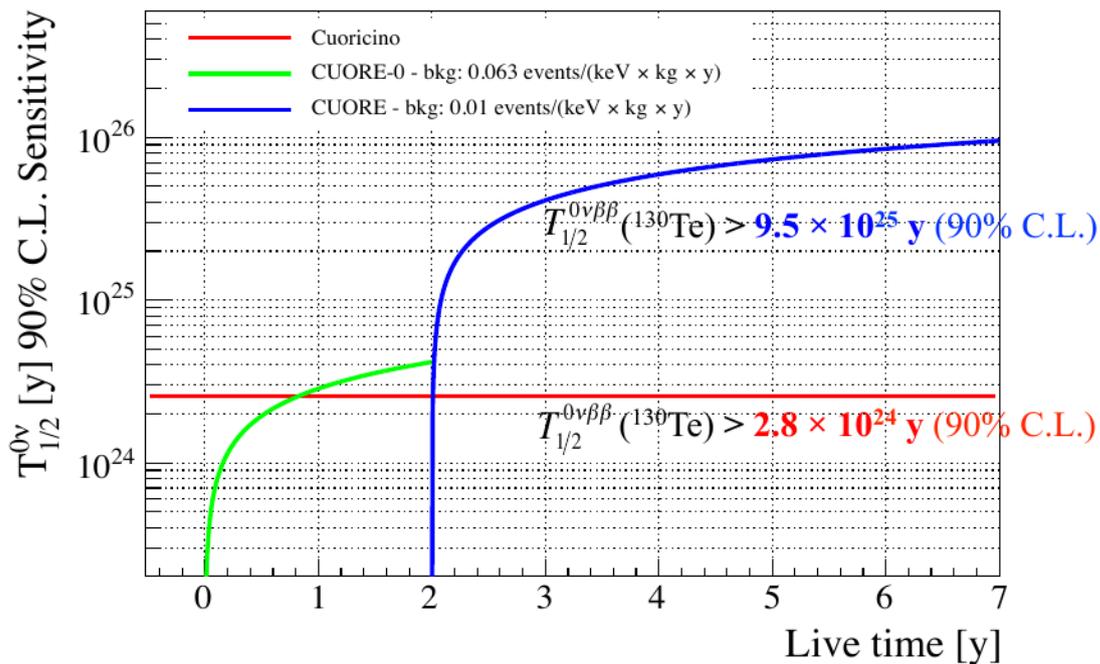
degraded α + TI multiCompton

successful results of ultre-clean procedures

TeO₂ surface contribution reduced

Cu surface contribution reduced

CUORE background goal is achieved !



See "Sensitivity and Discovery Potential of CUORE to Neutrinoless Double-Beta Decay" [arXiv:nucl-ex/1109.0494v3]

CUORE SENSITIVITY GOAL :

$${}^{130}\text{Te} \tau_{1/2}^{0\nu} \mathbf{9.5 \times 10^{25} \text{ y @ 90\% C.L.}}$$

Assumptions : 5 keV FWHM + 0.01 c/(keV kg y) + 5 y live-time

Time Shedule

- cryostat commissioning concluded in Spring
- tower installation Spring/Summer
- CUORE operation end of 2015

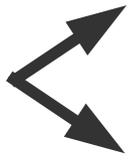
Beyond CUORE

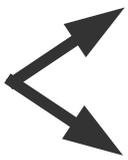


GOAL: $10^{27} - 10^{28}$ y $0\nu\beta\beta$ Sensitivity

D.R. Artusa et al., Eur.Phys.J. C74 (2014) 3096 - Exploring the neutrinoless double beta decay in the inverted neutrino hierarchy with bolometric detectors

STRATEGIES:

use CUORE  **know-how**
cryogenic facility

work on  **$N_{\beta\beta}$ candidates** **isotopic enrichment**
background **0 counts/ton/y**

Beyond CUORE: what is going on today



CRYSTAL CHOICE + ISOTOPIC ENRICHEMENT

DETECTORS able to suppress a relevant fraction of background (main focus on a particle from surfaces)

OPTIONS

- remove *surface* events
- discriminate α from β/γ

BOLOMETER + PSA

in Scintillating Crystals α vs. β
*in TeO_2 with proper coating **surf. vs. bulk***

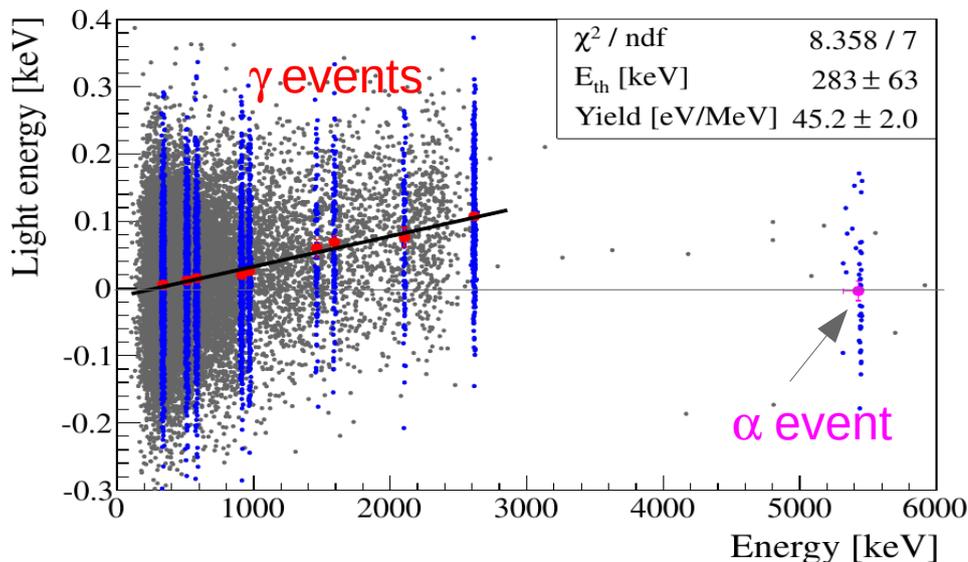
BOLOMETER + LIGHT

in TeO_2 Cerenkov α vs. β
in Scintillating Crystals α vs. β
*Holder Scintillation **bulk vs. surf.***

^{130}Te option



- ✓ CRYSTAL : TeO_2 well known !!
- ✓ ENRICHMENT: easy and cheap – positive results from first tests
- ! ISOTOPE: low $Q_{\beta\beta}$ (2530 keV) environmental γ 's are important (2615 keV)
- ! DETECTOR: no scintillation observed – one possibility is **Cerenkov light**



requires a ~ 20 eV resolution
light detector
development on the way

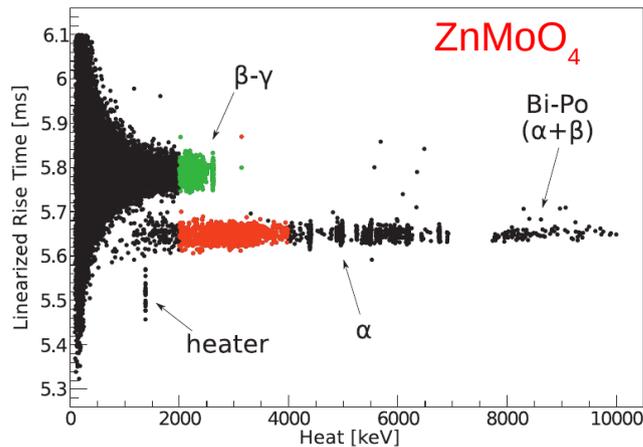
TES
Si/Ge Luke effect
mKIDS
...

^{82}Se – ^{116}Cd – ^{100}Mo



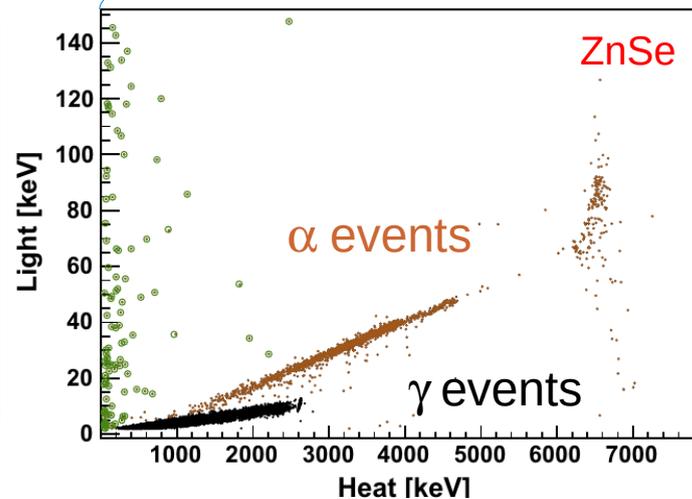
- ✓ choice of crystal and assessment of crystal grow issues (purity, reproducibility ...)
- ✓ enrichment feasible but expensive or very expensive
- ! high $Q_{\beta\beta}$ (>2615 keV) environmental γ are nearly irrelevant
- ! scintillating crystals provide a powerful alpha rejection technique

PSA (no light detector)

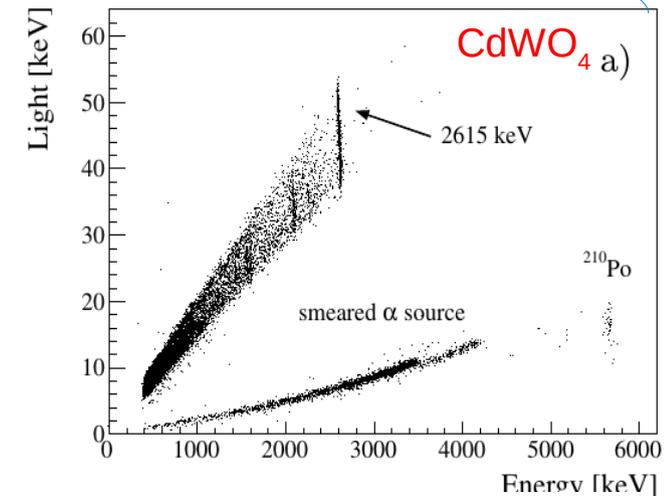


C. Arnaboldi et al. / *Astroparticle Physics* 34 (2011) 797–804

Scintillation (light detector coupled to the main bolometer)



C. Arnaboldi et al. / *Astroparticle Physics* 34 (2011) 344–353



J. Beeman et al., *Phys. Lett. B* 710, 318 (2012)

Conclusions



CUORE-0 running, unblinding is quite near

- Cuoricino sensitivity almost reached
- confirms achievement of CUORE energy resolution @ $Q_{\beta\beta} = 5$ keV FWHM
- confirms Cuoricino background model and proves achievement of background reduction

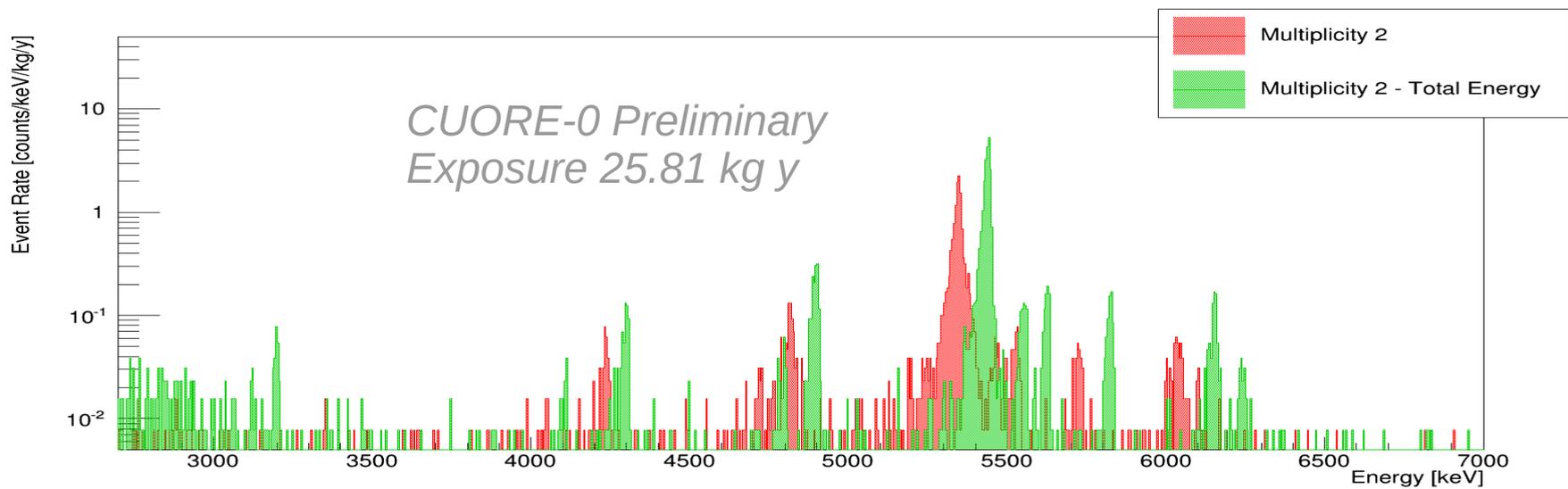
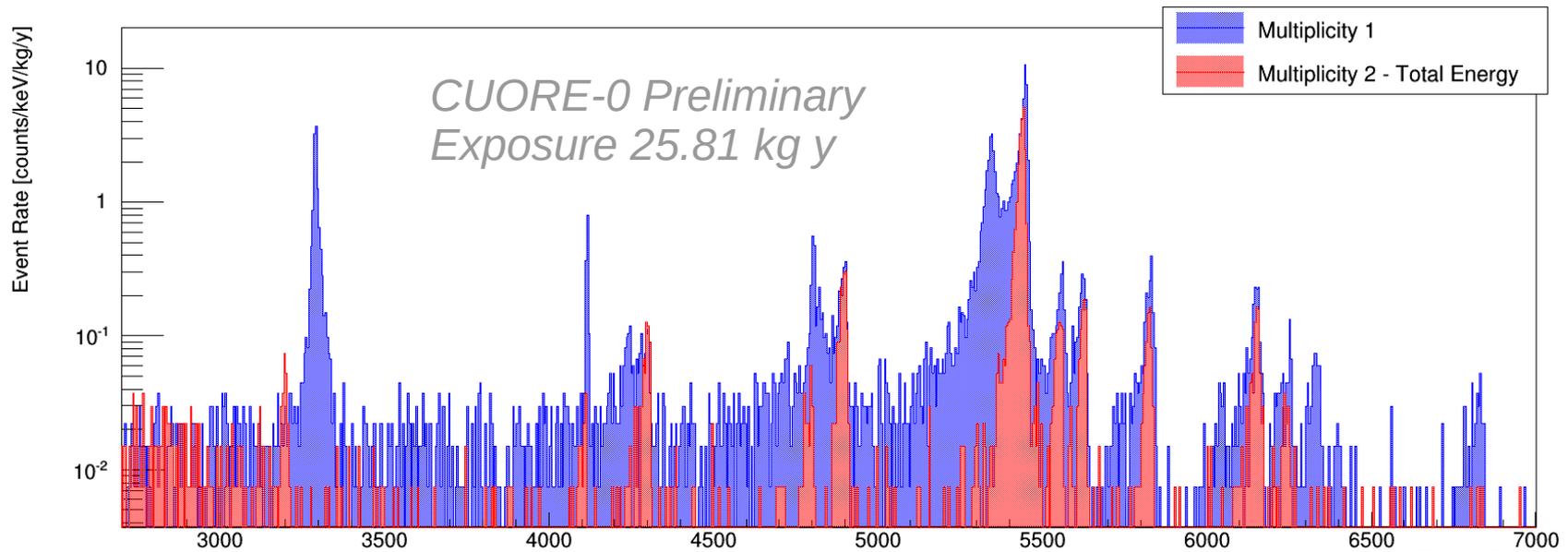
CUORE under construction

- 19 towers already assembled
- first two phases of cryostat commissioning successful
- switch on by end 2015 !!

BEYOND CUORE ...

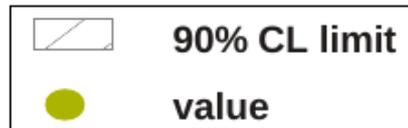


Cuore-0 α region



CUORE Bkg Budget

CUORE Preliminary



Bkg GOAL:
 0.01 c/keV/kg/y

