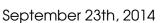
Some ideas for WP2

Stefan Schaefer

John von Neumann Institute for Computing, DESY





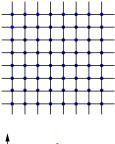
Formulate QCD on a hypercubic lattice in Euclidean space-time

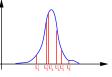
$$\langle O
angle = rac{1}{Z} \int dU e^{-S[U]} O[U]$$

Numerical evaluation of this integral.

Very high dimensional \rightarrow Monte Carlo method

$$rac{1}{Z}\int e^{-S[U]}[dU]O[U]
ightarrow rac{1}{N}\sum_{i=1}^N O[U_i]$$





Lattice QCD in a Nutshell

Markov Chain Monte Carlo

Generate series of gauge fields

$$U_1 o U_2 o \cdots o U_N$$

Molecular dynamics

Transitions by solving classical mechanics system

Dirac equation

Force computation needs solution of Dirac equation = sparse linear system Largest fraction of cost in simulations.

Lattice QCD in 2001

Talk by Ukawa at Lattice 2001

Cost of a simulation (Ukawa Lattice 2001)

$$\operatorname{Cost} = C \left[\frac{\# \operatorname{conf}}{1000} \right] \cdot \left[\frac{m_{\pi}}{4 \times 135 \,\mathrm{MeV}} \right]^{-6} \cdot \left[\frac{L}{3 \mathrm{fm}} \right]^{5} \cdot \left[\frac{a}{0.1 \mathrm{fm}} \right]^{-7}$$
$$C \approx 2.8 \,\mathrm{Iflops \, vecr}$$

Small lattice by today's standard $96 imes 32^3$, 250MeV, a pprox 0.09 fm ightarrow few TFlopsimes years

With the methods of 2001: 250 TFlops \times years

FERMI installation @ CINECA 2.1 PFlops \approx 6 weeks

Need many of such lattices

Determinant factorizations

Hasenbusch mass factorization, DD-HMC, RHMC Reduce force fluctuations in equations of motion

Solvers for Dirac equation

Locally deflated / multi-grid solvers Large reduction of cost of solution at small quark mass

Integrators for Molecular Dynamics

Force gradient integrators, 4th order, ...

Better methods for observables

Point sources \rightarrow noise sources

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Future progress?

Difficult to predict \rightarrow need something we can deliver

Observables with large noise

Disconnected diagrams

A lot known \rightarrow very scattered

Baryons

Severe signal/noise problem at physical distances.

Accurate physics virtually impossible.

Collection of known methods — development of new methods

Reference implementations?





 $\boldsymbol{D}(\boldsymbol{m})\,\psi=\phi$

Sparse linear system of equations

Classical iterative methods: cost increase with $(am)^{-1}$.

Large improvement by locally deflate / multi-grid solvers.

First production ready method Lüscher **2007** for Wilson fermions

Increasing activity

- \bullet Improvements \leftrightarrow applied math
- Application to other Dirac operators

There seems to be room for improvement

Determinant factorizations

Hasenbusch's mass factorization

$$\det\,Q^2=\det\frac{Q^2}{Q^2+\mu^2}\det(Q^2+\mu^2)$$

RHMC

$$\det Q^2 = \prod_{i=1}^n \det \sqrt[n]{Q^2}$$

Domain decomposition

$$\det Q = \prod_\Lambda \det Q_\Lambda imes \det R$$



Understand how they work and differences in performance \rightarrow road to further improvement

New architectures

Computer architectures get more diverse

Accelerators (GPU, Phi) are a reality.

Are our algorithms adapted?

Seems relatively quiet area in recent years.

Wrong impression? Should this be changed?

Large volume

Global acceptance step in HMC makes large volumes expensive.

Improvements needed in the mid to long term.

Finite chemical potential

Finite chemical potential \rightarrow action not real

With a lot of effort, approximate solutions found

- reweighting
- Taylor expansion
- analytic continuation

Approaches under current investigation

- complex Langevin
- dual variables
- Lefschetz thimble
- . . .

Problem highly challenging — with high potential reward

What are the approaches that fit into HPC? Project that can deliver within set timeframe?

Conservative

Disconnected diagrams	Baryon correlation
Multi-grid	functions
Determinant	Large volume
factorizations	Algor. & new machines
Algor. & new machines	Finite μ

Theories beyond QCD? → Specialized methods/adaption of QCD methods? Data analysis?

Higher Risk