



# Current Status of J-PARC

*Frontier Detectors for Frontier Physics*

*13<sup>th</sup> PISA Meeting on Advanced Detectors*

May 24-30, 2015, La Biodola, Isola d'Elba, Italy

Naohito SAITO ( J-PARC / KEK )



J-PARC

J-PARC Facility  
(KEK/JAEA)

LINAC  
181 MeV → 400 MeV

Rapid Cycle Synchrotron  
Energy : 3 GeV  
Repetition : 25 Hz  
Design Power : 1 MW

Neutrino Beam to Kamioka

Material and Life Science Facility

Main Ring

Top Energy : 30 GeV

FX Design Power : 0.75 MW

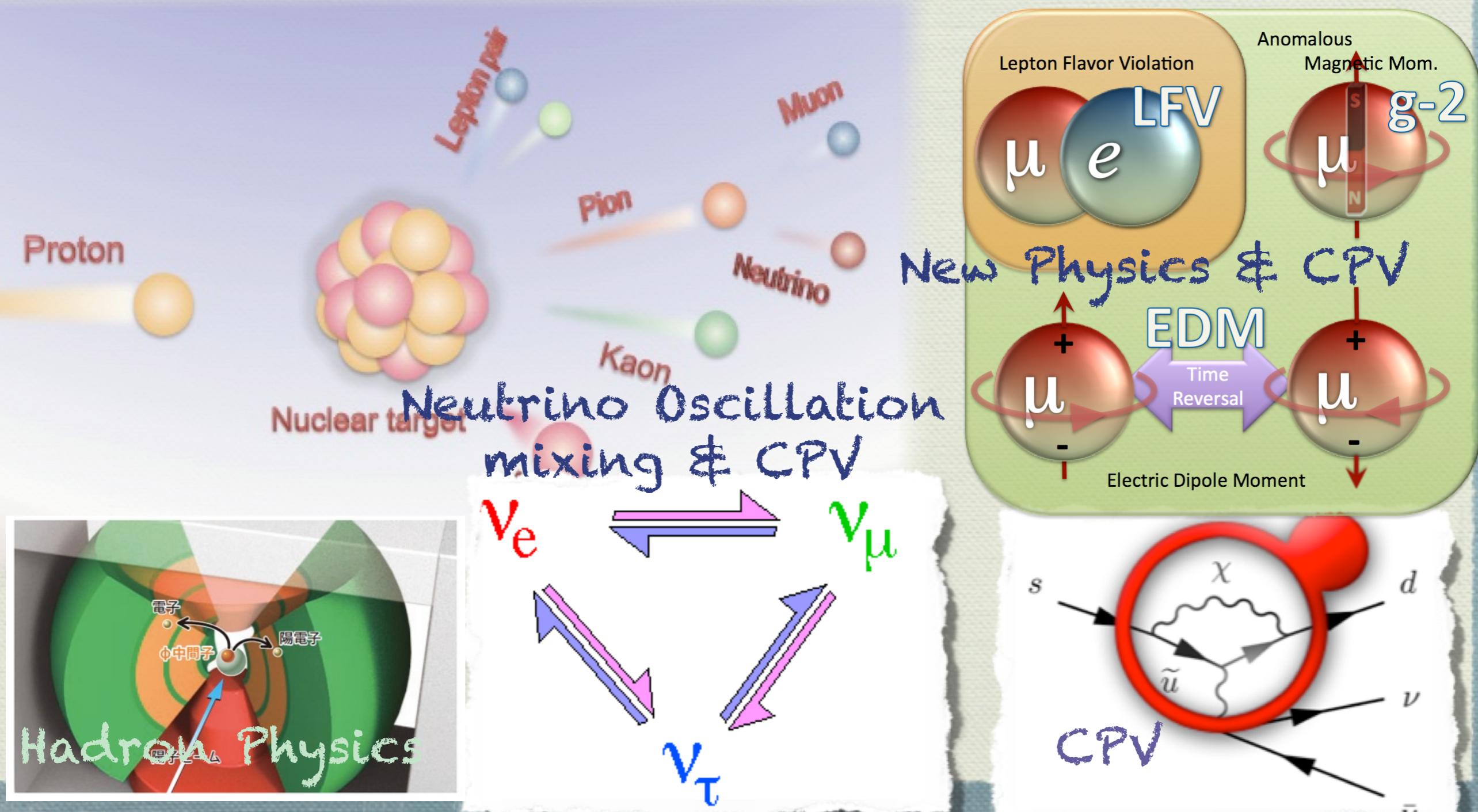
SX Power Expectation : > 0.1 MW

Hadron Hall

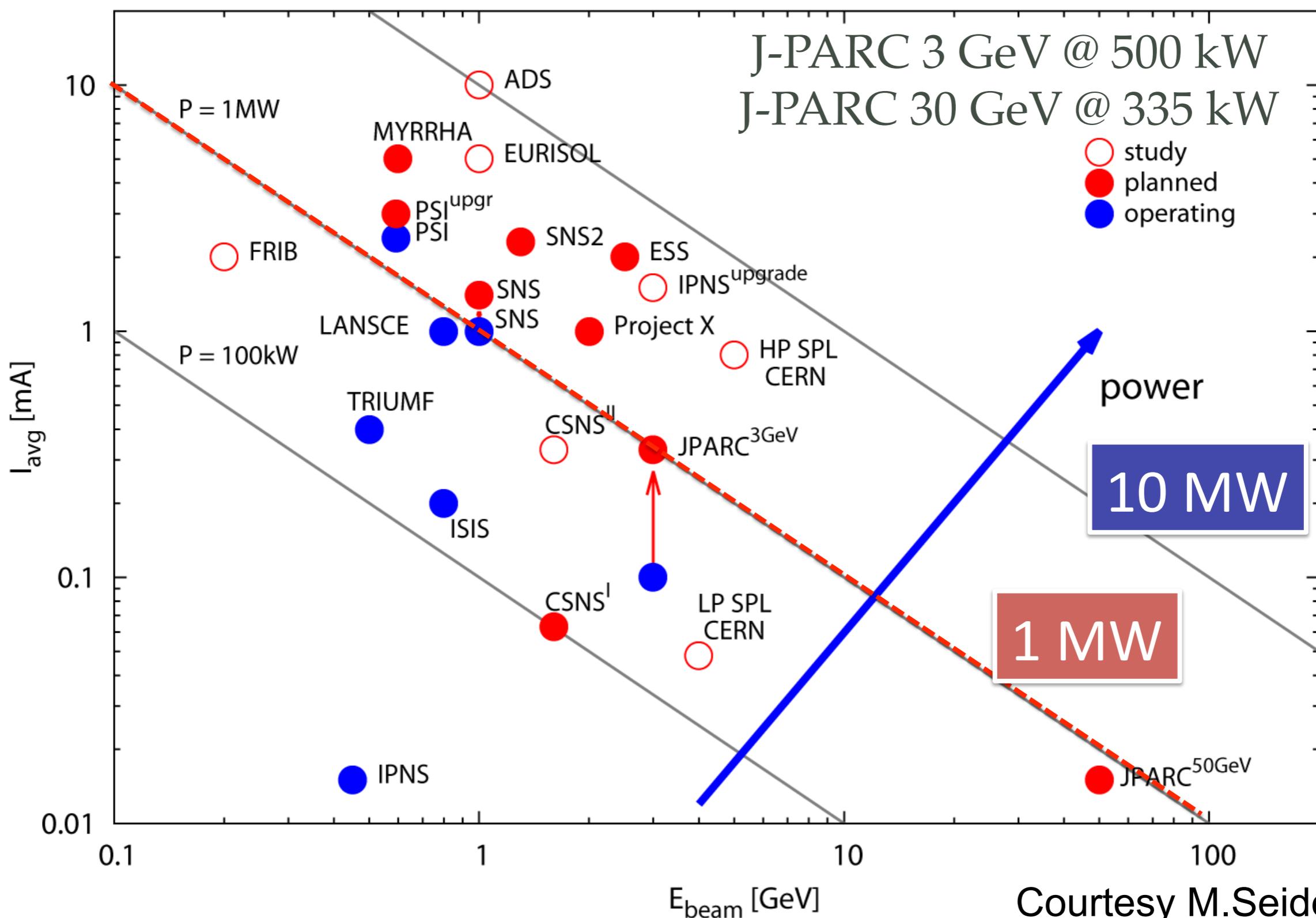
# High Intensity Frontier

## J-PARC (Japan Proton Accelerator Research Complex)

- Multi-purpose facility with high-intensity proton driver

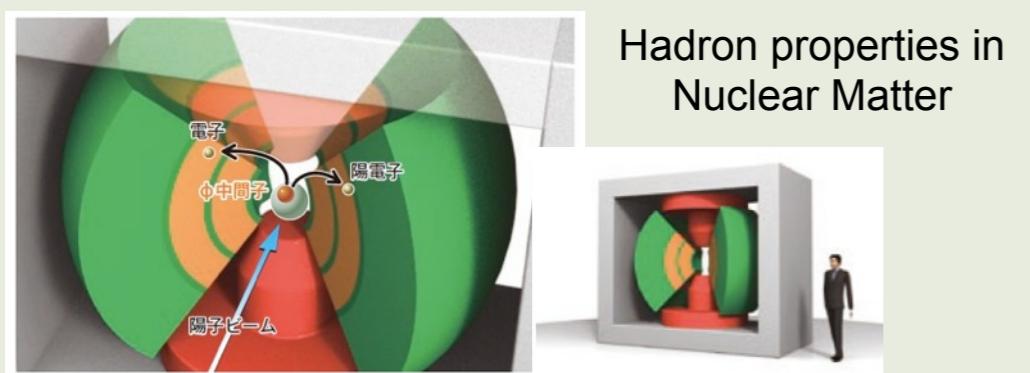
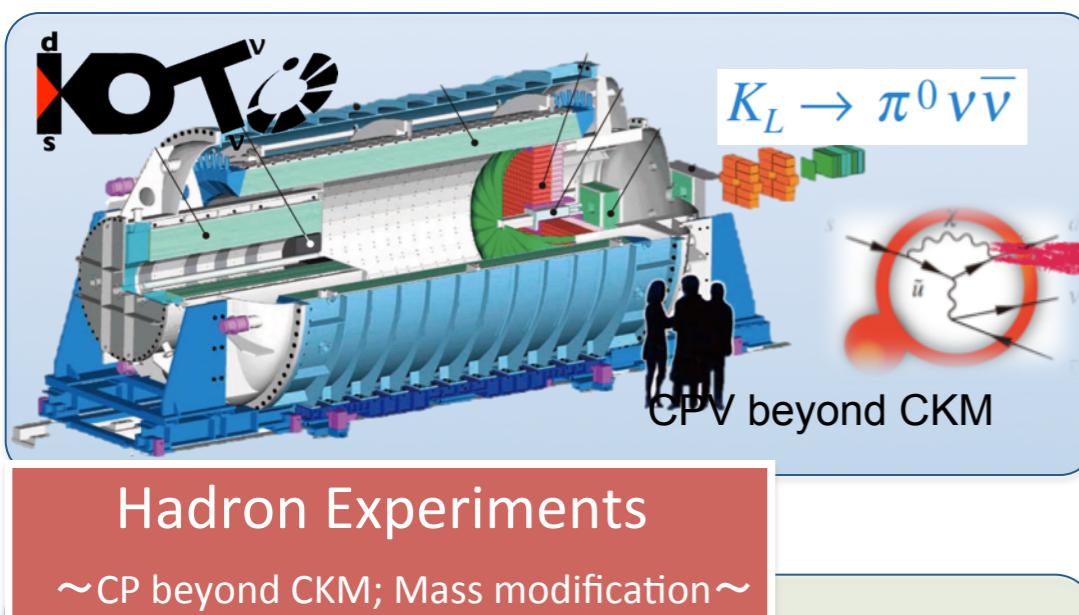


# Power Frontier Growing!

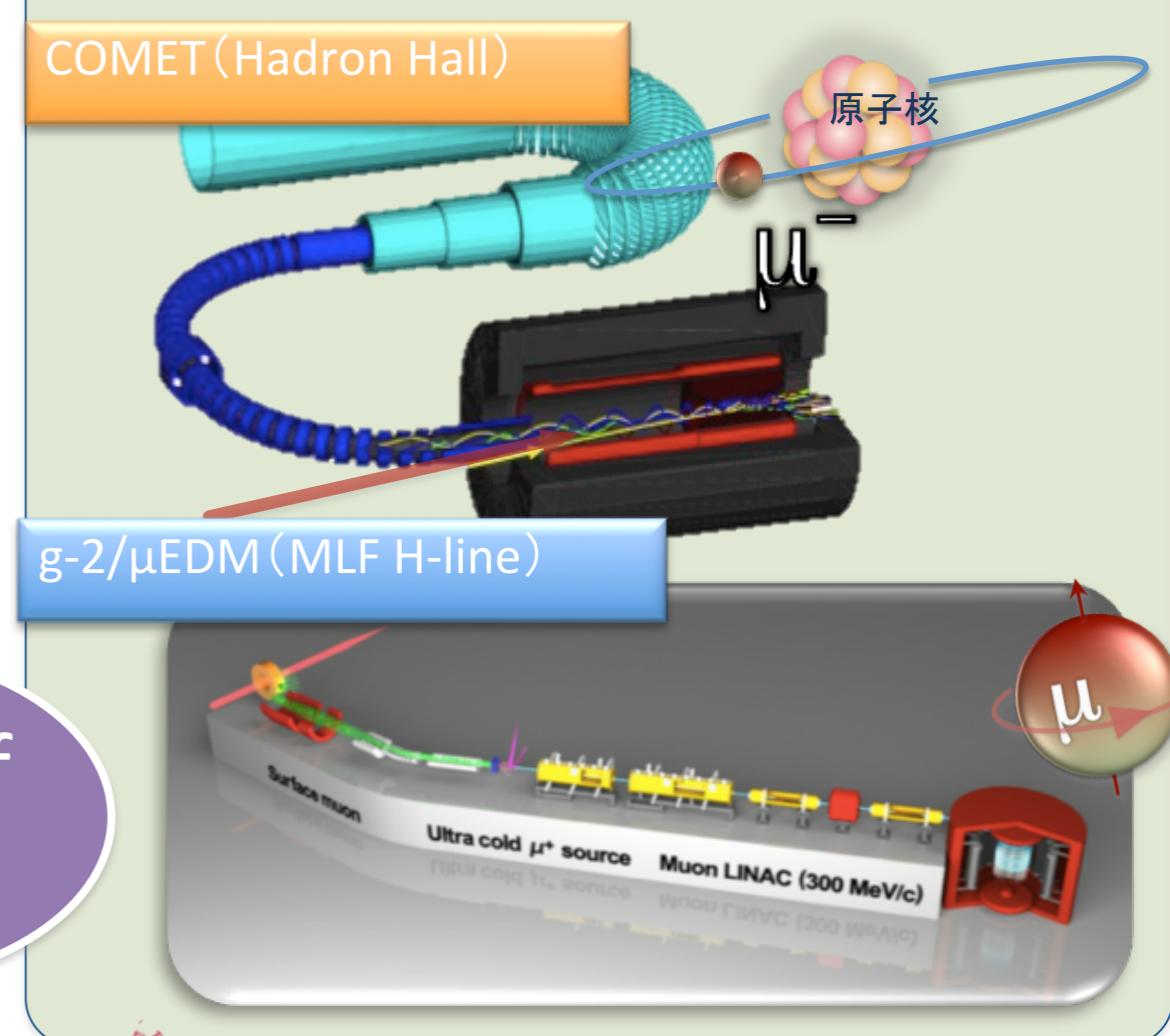


# Origin of Matter :

## Explored with High Intensity Proton Driver = J-PARC



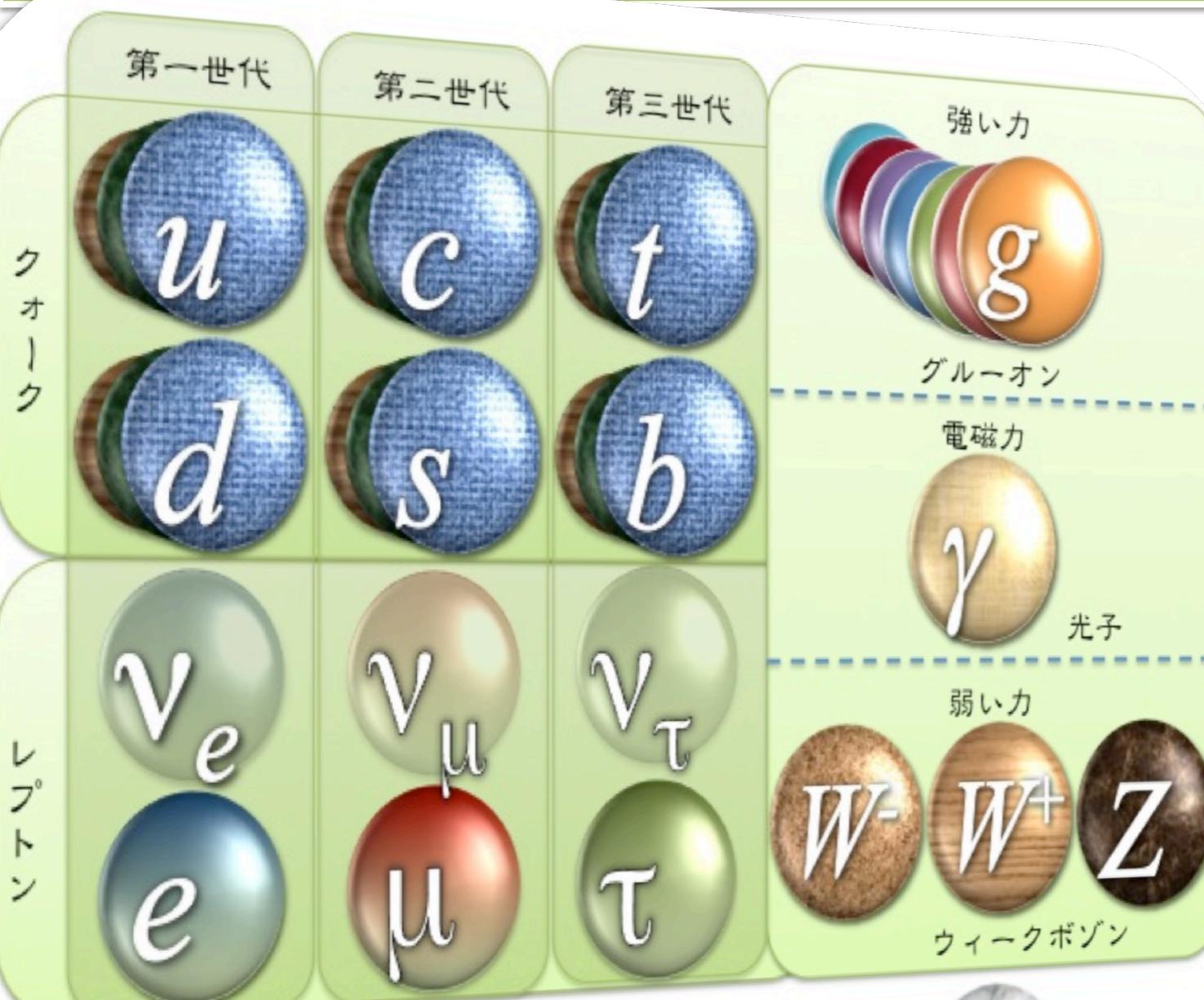
Muon Fundamental Physics  
~Flavor and CP are violated in the charged Lepton sector?~



Origin of Matter

- Search for Physics Beyond SM in Quark and Lepton sectors
- Deeper understanding of Strong Int.

# Matter = Remnant of $1/10^9$ Asymmetry



# Origin of Matter =

# Matter-Antimatter Asym.

## CPV and Flavor Mixing

## CPV beyond CKM

## Role of muon as a charged Lepton

1

# Role of Strong Interaction

## Strangeness and Charm

# Explored with J-PARC Hi-Intensity Beams

# Our Stable World

# Flavour Mixing and CPV

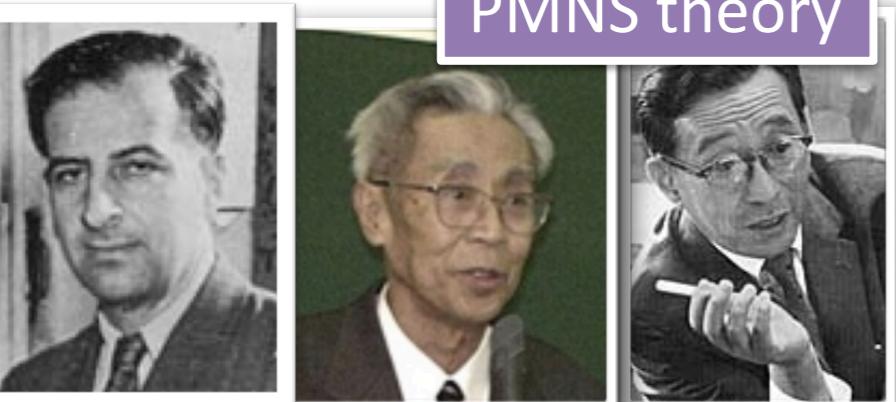
CKM Theory



CPV thru quark mixing

KOTO@J-PARC HEF and  
SuperKEKB

PMNS theory

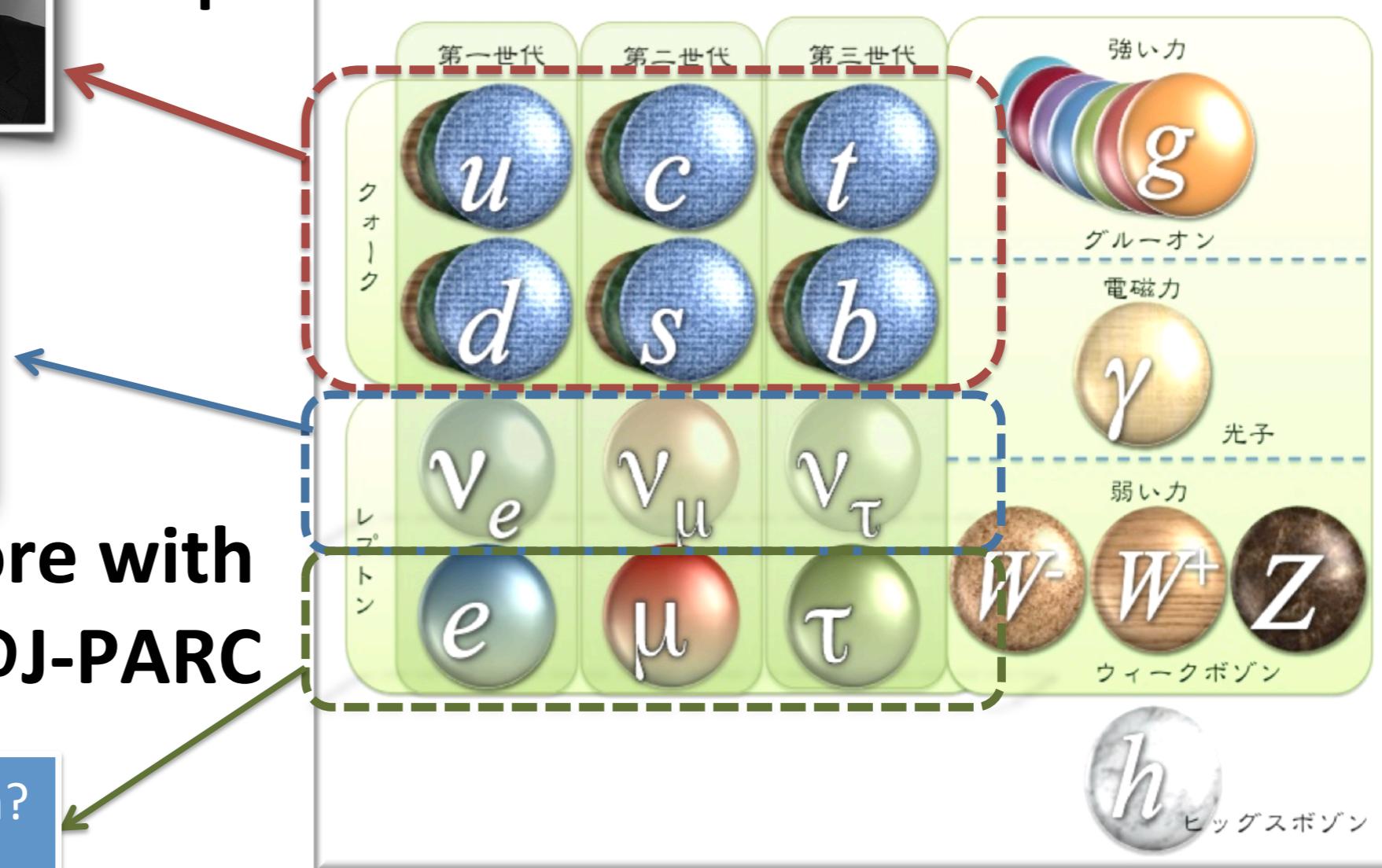


CP violated?  
Thru Neutrino mixing?

Explore with  
T2K@J-PARC

Flavor mixing in charged lepton?  
CP violated?

COMET@J-PARC HEF  
 $g_{\mu}-2/\mu$ EDM@J-PARC MLF



# Just a Dream of an Experimentalist

■ Elucidate the relation btw flavour and space-time structure

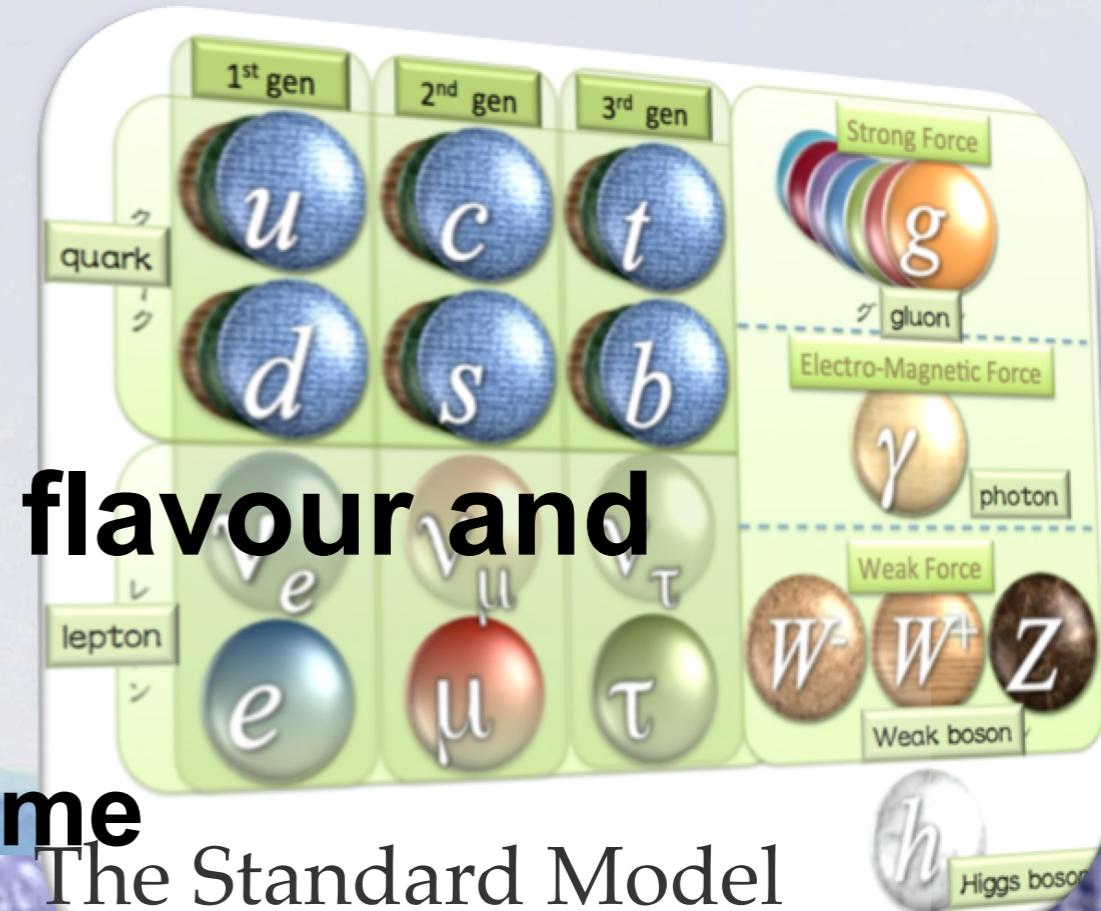
■ Particle, Force, and Space-time

■ Comments at the 2<sup>nd</sup> WS on Particle Physics of Dark Universe

<http://kds.kek.jp/conferenceTimeTable.py?confId=11916#20130404.detailed>

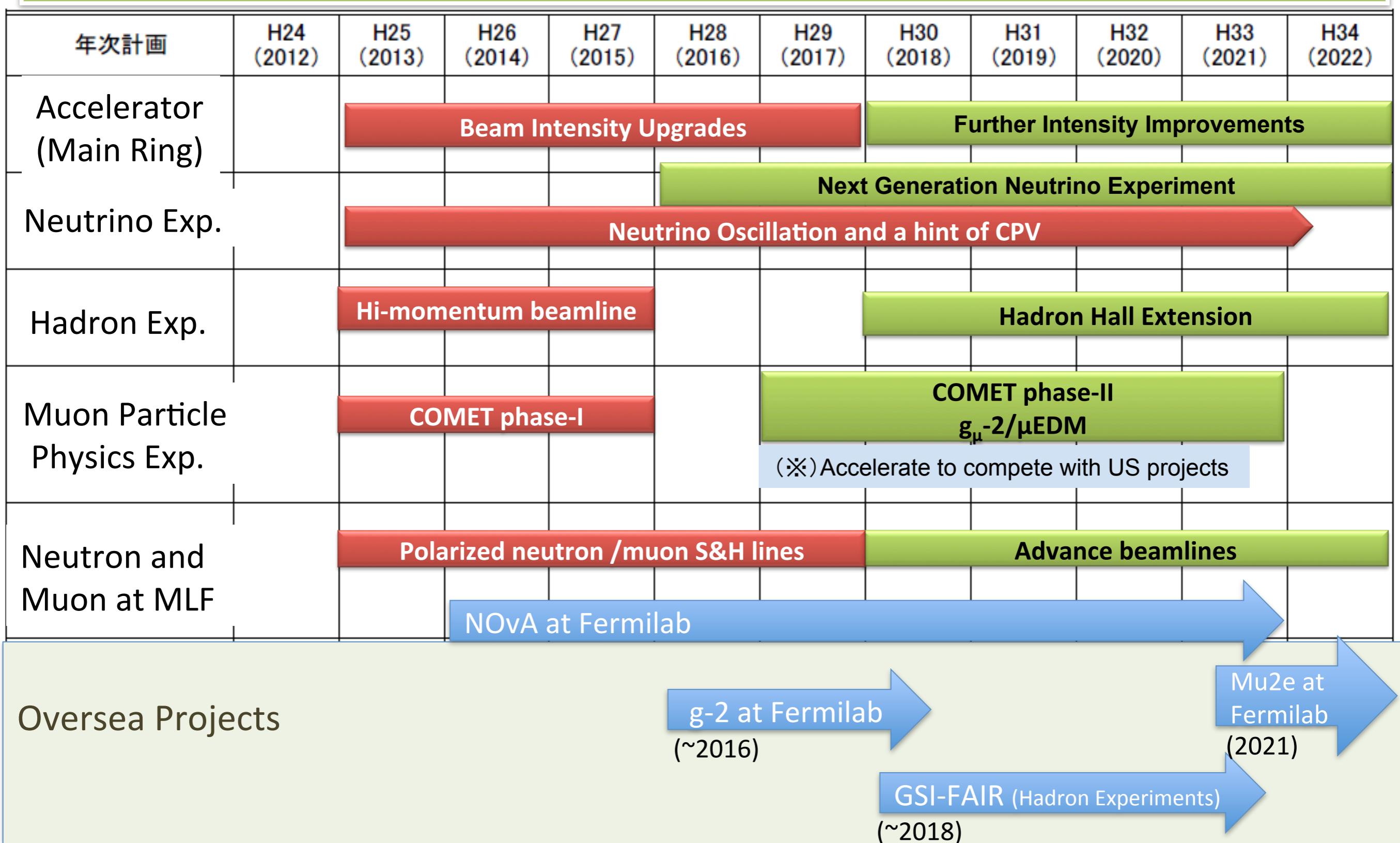
■ *“Certainly flavor physics could provide some constraints for compactification ... but not enough”*

■ *“Need to combine accelerator based results and gravity, cosmology”*



# Elucidation of the origin of matter with an upgrade of J-PARC

## Intended Schedule (JFY2017-)



# in/for J-PARC

Sensor and  
rad tol FE

High density  
integration  
and speed

Network  
DAQ  
framework

Open resour

Education

Radiation  
Resistive

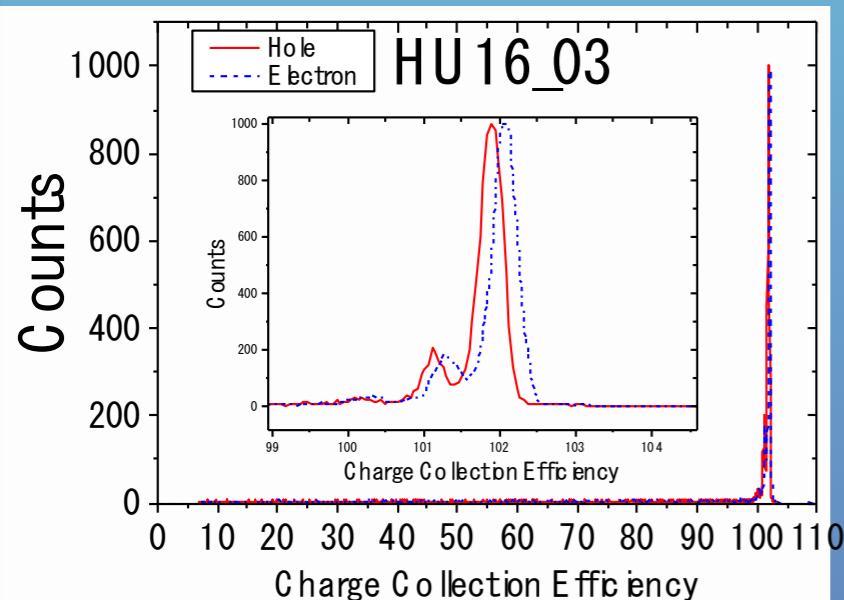
High rate  
tolerant

Large scale  
Integration

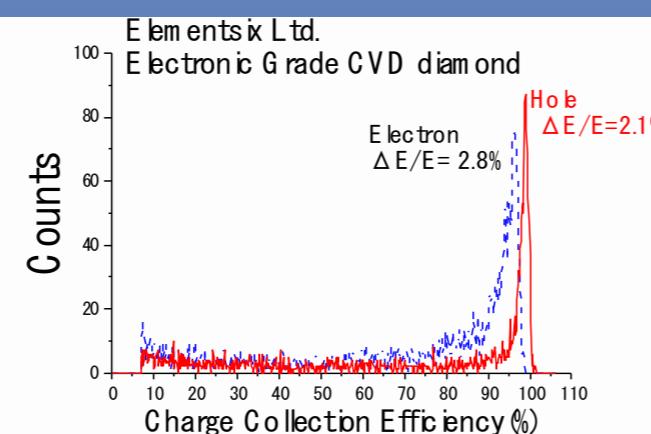
Multidisciplinary  
collaboration

# Radiation resistive -beyond $10^8$ n,p/cm<sup>2</sup>/sec-

Sensor materials(ex.scCVD Diamond)  
Hokkaido Univ.

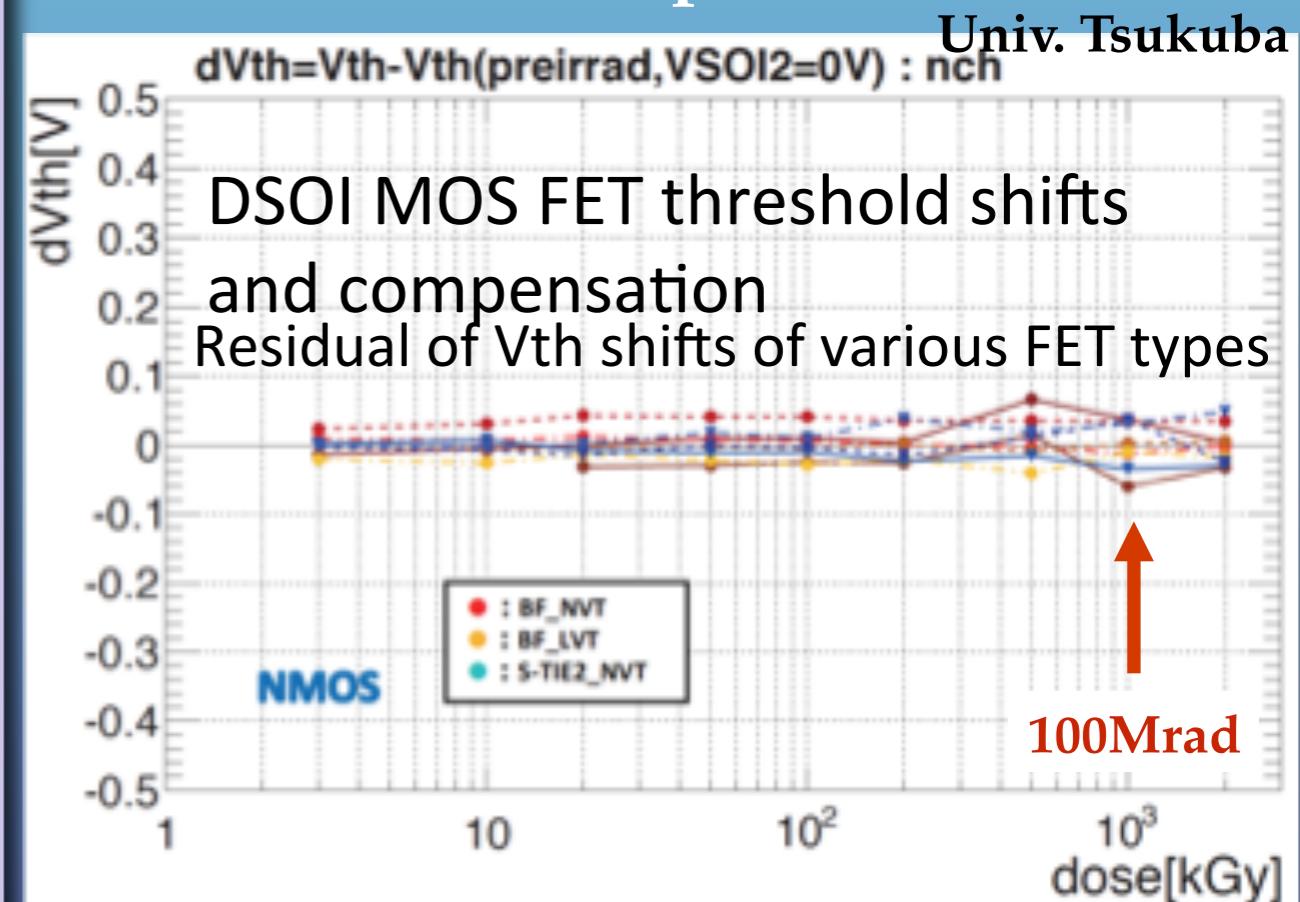


Charge Collection Efficiency:100%  
I<sub>leak</sub> < 5pA/cm<sup>2</sup>



Beyond  $10^{16}$ n/cm<sup>2</sup>

Rad tol. process evaluation  
-ex. SOI process-



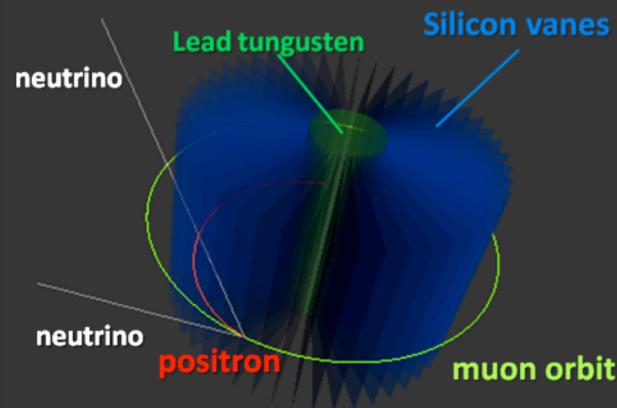
Evaluation of other processes also are planned.

toward Grad

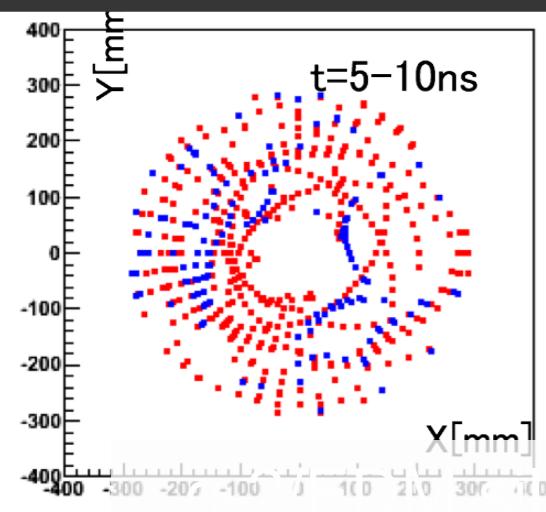
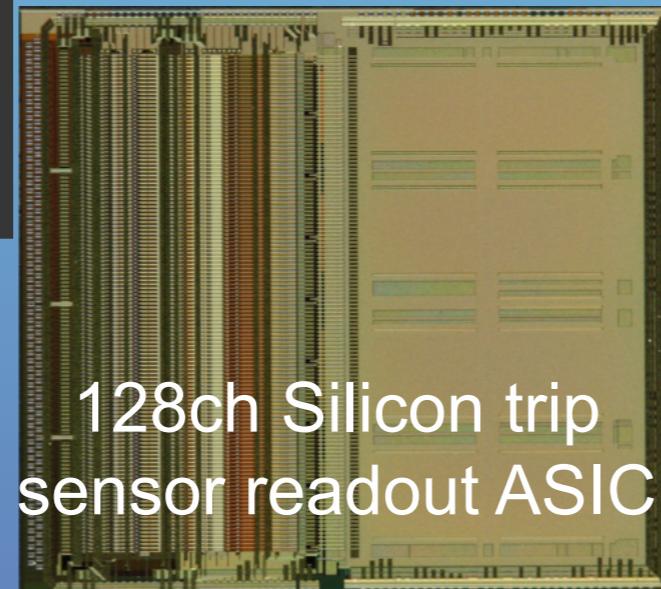
Slide by Manobu Tanaka

# High rate tolerant -fine grain, high density-

Silicon sensor



Kyushu Univ  
,KEK



Cylinder tracker requires  
Peaking time <40ns, S/N >10  
and time walk <5ns

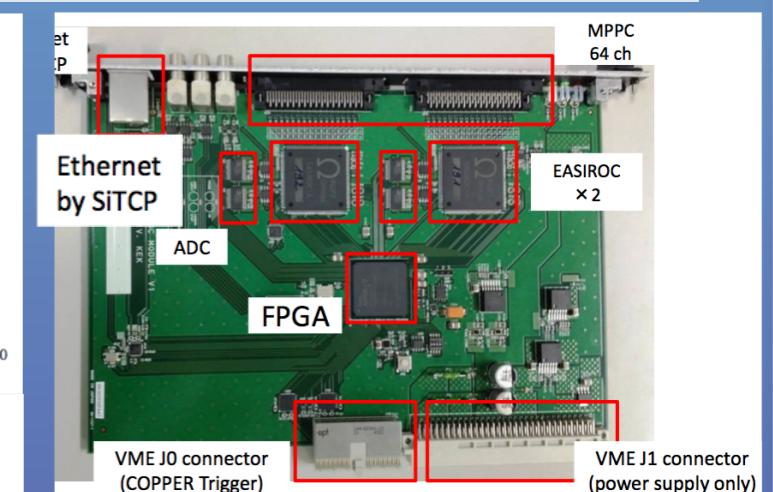
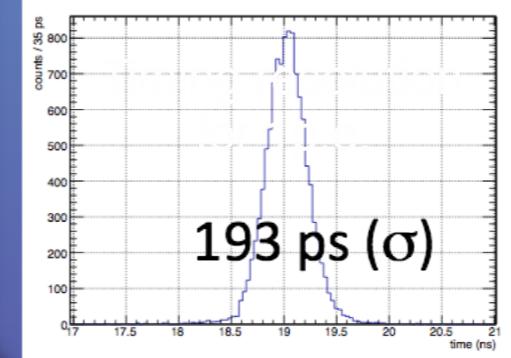
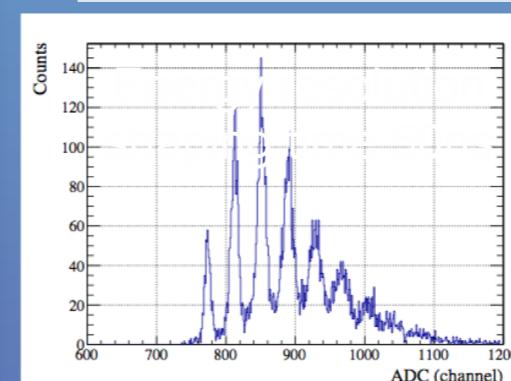
Fast and Fine grain tracker  
based on silicon sensor

Photon sensor



Tohoku Univ.  
France Omega  
,KEK

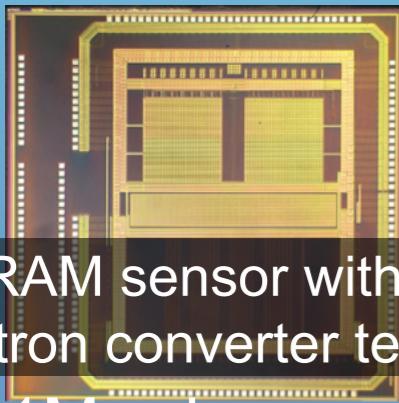
Cylindrical fiber tracker requires  
5000 ch MPPC readout



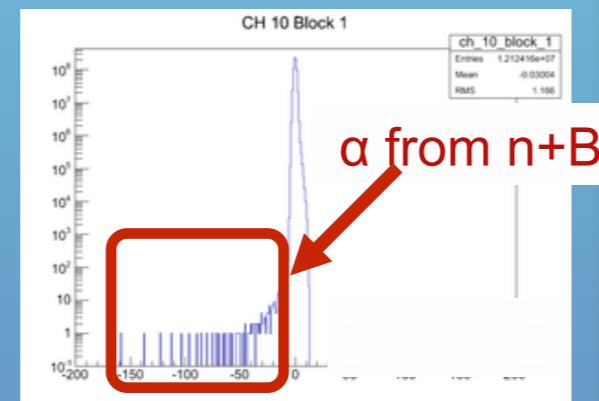
Fast and Fine grain  
tracker based on  
photon sensor

# High rate tolerant -fine grain, high density-

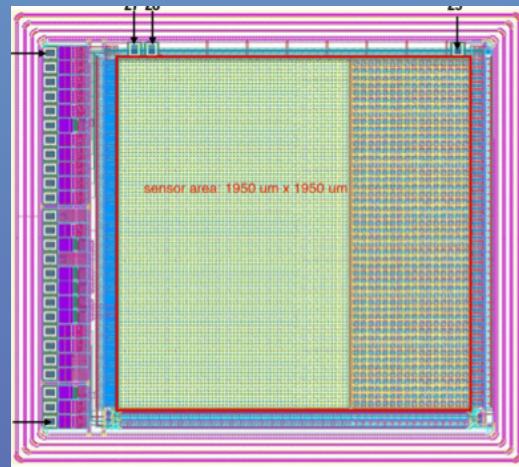
MLF-Neutron pixel sensor



DRAM sensor with  
neutron converter test  
 $< 1\text{Mrad}$



more rad tol



Bonn Univ Kishihisa,  
KEK



Cross-section of the process

Toshiba CMOS3E11V process, 1.5 V core, 5 metals, min. gate length of 110 nm

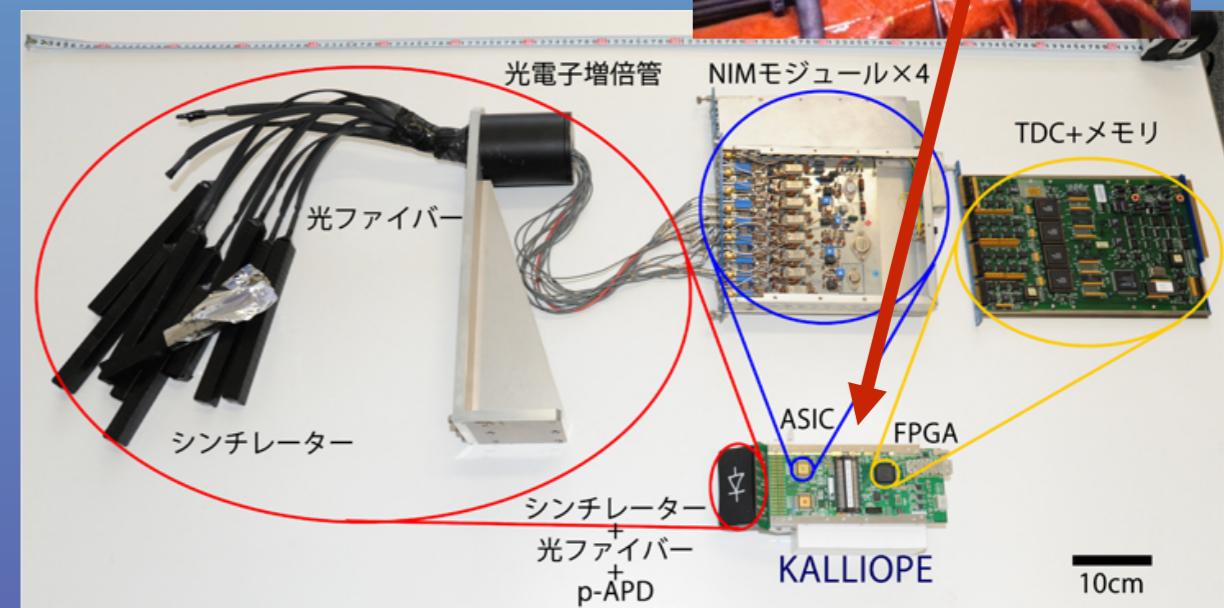
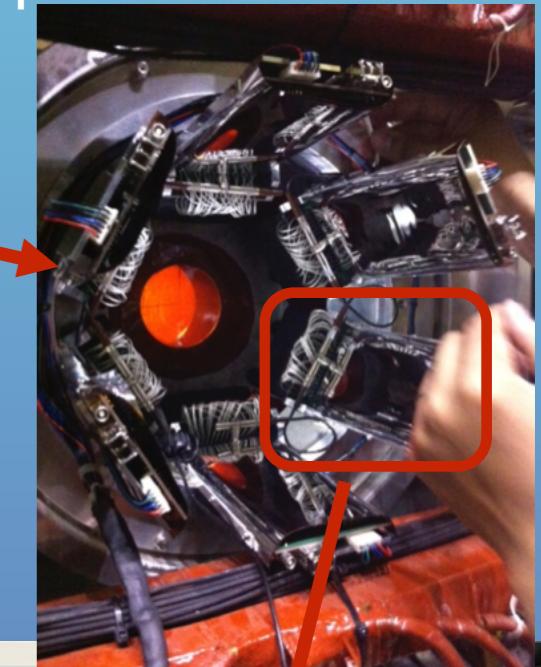
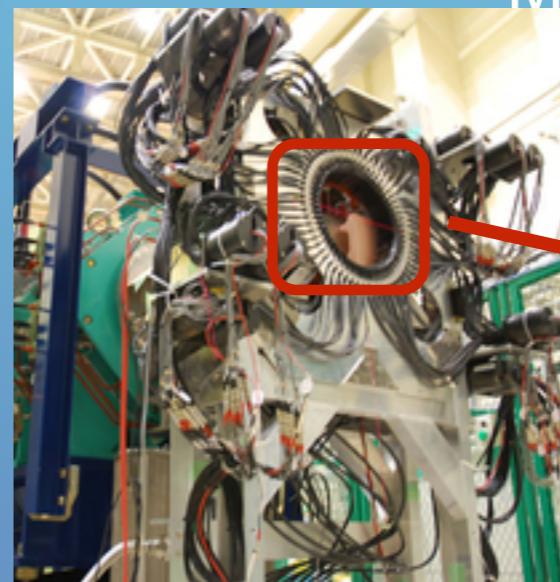
HV Pwell (HWP) HV Nwell LV Nwell HV Pwell Deep Nwell HV Nwell HV Pwell (HWP)

Psub

Rad hard study, Efficiency v.s. converter thickness, etc

Neutron imager under high intensity,  
beyond He gas detectors

MLF- $\mu$ SR

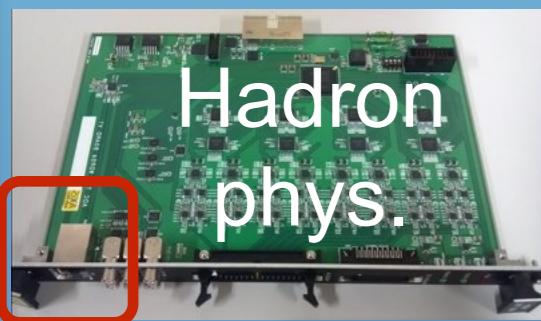


High rate  $\mu$ SR, beyond GHz rate

Slide by Manobu Tanaka

# Network distributed DAQ for large scale system integration for many groups in J-PARC/Open-It

Sharing know-how on SiTCP as a commodity tool

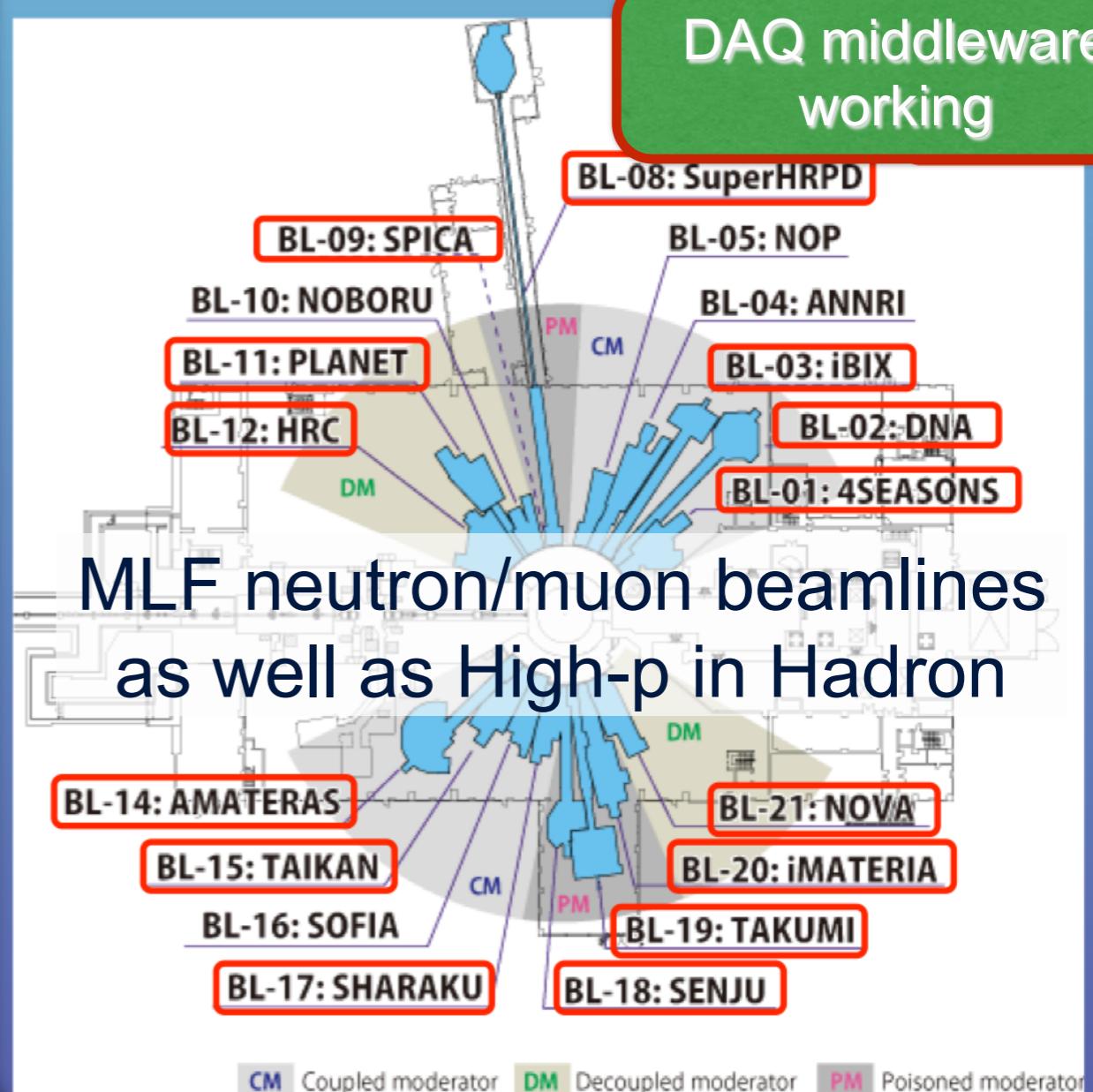


SiTCP  
1Gsps TCP/IP data link



will be able to replace to 10Gsps and more

Sharing know-how on DAQ middleware as a commodity tool





Open source consortium of Instrumentation

Spread of expertise  
Sharing of know-how

link of multi-projects/  
discipline

R&Ds for future  
projects

Matching seeds to needs

Matching needs to seeds

Slide by Manobu Tanaka



# R&D for Hyper-Kamiokande

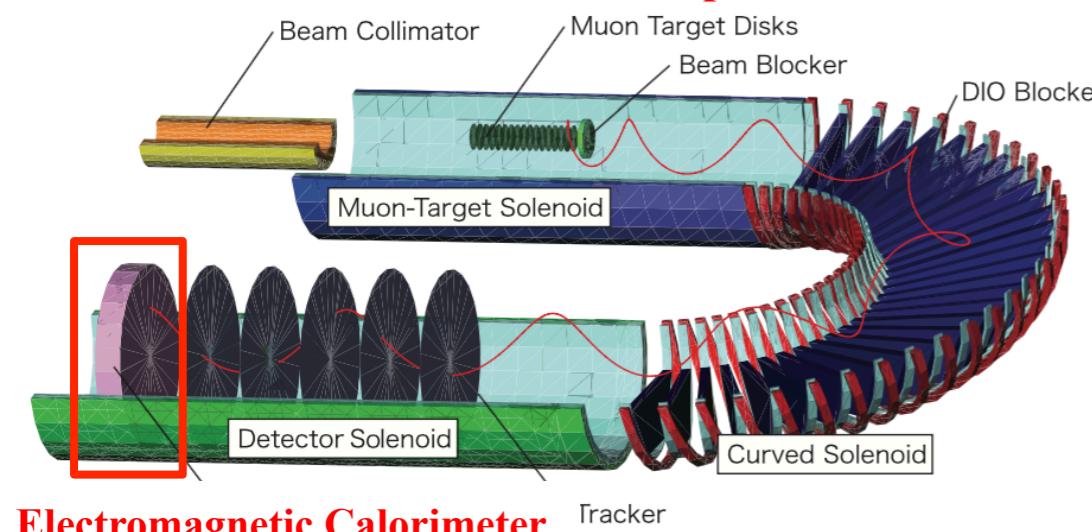
The collage includes the following components:

- Top Left:** An American flag next to a photograph of several clear plastic spherical components.
- Top Middle:** An Italian flag next to a simulation of particle tracks in a sphere and a photograph of a circular electronic board.
- Top Right:** A European Union flag next to a 3D architectural rendering of the CERN Neutrino platform.
- Middle Left:** A Canadian flag next to a photograph of a large cylindrical detector module.
- Middle Center:** A detailed diagram titled "Elec. + HV modules in water" showing the internal electronics of a detector unit. It includes a power supply section with DC/DC converters, a communication block, a slow control & monitor, photo sensors, and signal digitization. Below it, it says "24 photosensors in unit".
- Middle Right:** A "Trial for communication" section featuring flags from Canada, the UK, Switzerland, and the US. It shows a setup with multiple boards connected via cables and describes the use of RapidIO in FPGA boards.
- Bottom Left:** A schematic diagram of a calibration source setup. It shows a "Calibration source" (red circle) mounted on a "PC controlled winch" (red box). A "Stainless steel wire" (blue line) connects it to a "Source container" (green box), which is further connected to a "Gate valve" (blue box).
- Bottom Middle Left:** A photograph of a row of green printed circuit boards labeled "LED".
- Bottom Middle Right:** A photograph of a hand holding a compact neutron generator, with a simulation of its internal operation shown next to it.
- Bottom Right:** A page citation from "IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON PLASMA SCIENCE, VOL. 40, NO. 9, SEPTEMBER 2012" followed by a Canadian flag.

# COMET Electromagnetic Calorimeter

**High granularity, high energy resolution and fast timing calorimeter for 100 MeV region**

## COMET Phase-II setup



## GSO and LYSO property

	GSO(Ce)	LYSO
Density (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	6.71	7.40
Radiation length (cm)	1.38	1.14
Moliere radius (cm)	2.23	2.07
Decay constant (ns)	600 <sup>s</sup> , 56 <sup>f</sup>	40
Wave length (nm)	430	420
Refraction index	1.85	1.82
Light yield (NaI(Tl)=100)	3 <sup>s</sup> , 30 <sup>f</sup>	83

## Requirements

- Energy resolution < 5 % at 105 MeV
- Position resolution < 10 mm
- Fast time response < 100 ns
- Operation in vacuum and 1 T magnetic field

## Candidate crystals

- **GSO : 20x20x150 mm<sup>3</sup>, 10.9 X<sub>0</sub>**
- **LYSO : 20x20x120 mm<sup>3</sup>, 10.5 X<sub>0</sub>**

## Prototype module

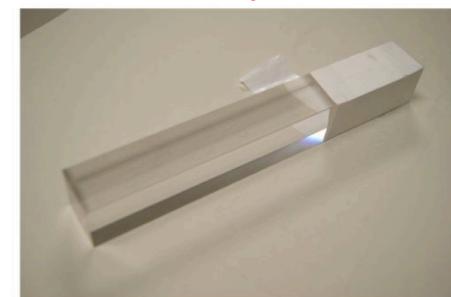
- Teflon tape + Al Mylar wrapping
- Hamamatsu APD S8664-55 (5x5 mm<sup>2</sup>) readout
- Custom-made fast shaping preamplifier

- A prototype of 7x7 crystals was beam-tested with an electron beam and **our choice is LYSO**.

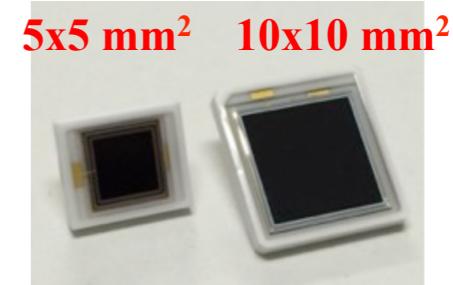
- Activities towards the full calorimeter are ongoing.

- LYSO crystal pre-production
- Larger area APD
- 5x5 mm<sup>2</sup> → 10x10 mm<sup>2</sup>
- Optimization of preamplifier
- Monitoring/calibration system

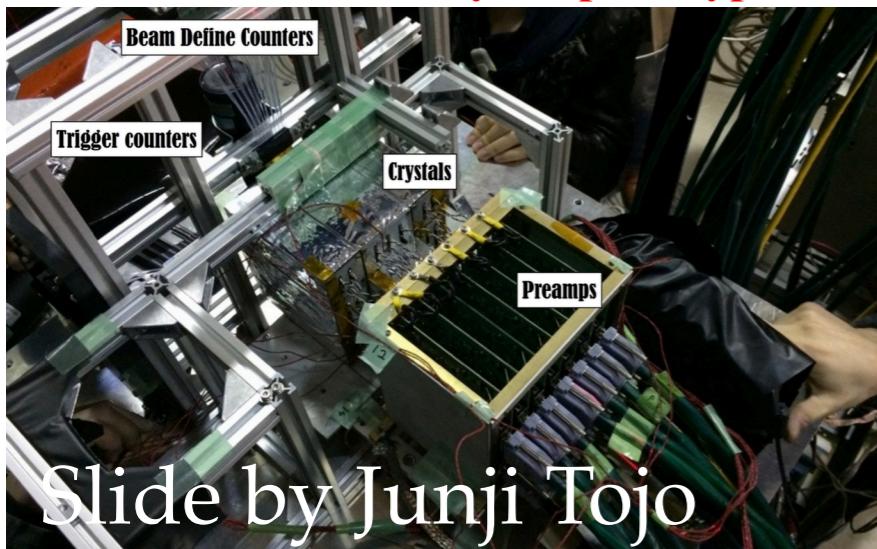
**GSO crystal**



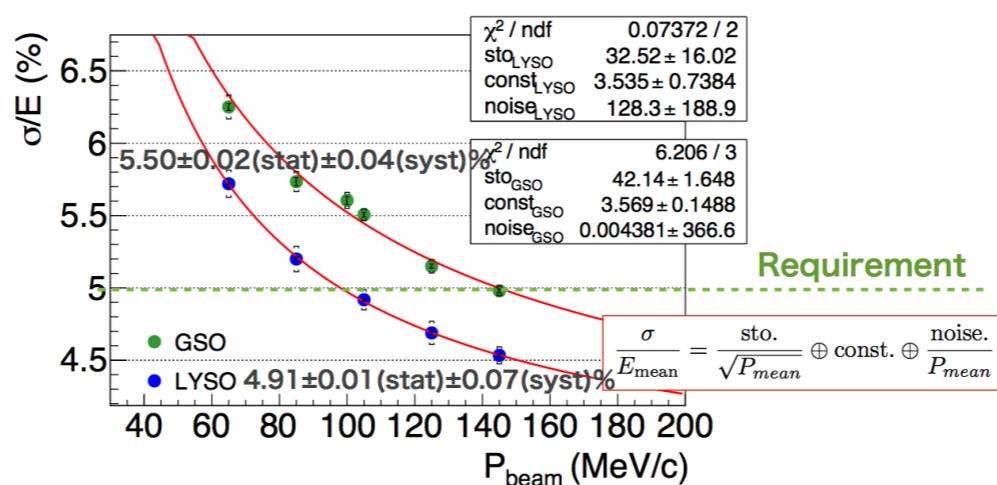
**Hamamatsu APD S8664**



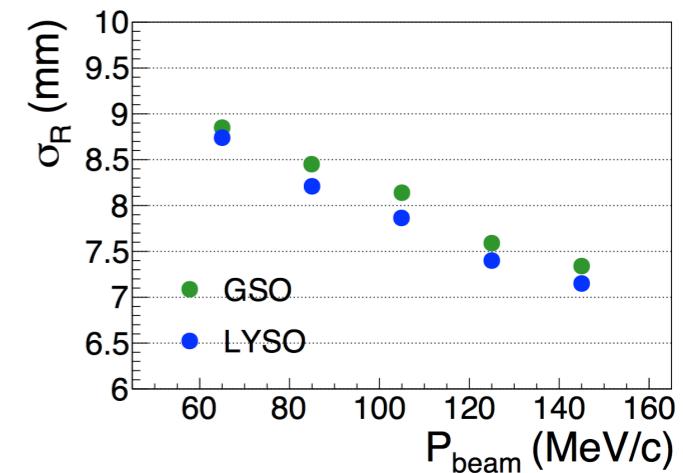
## Beam test of a 7x7-crystal prototype



## Energy Resolution

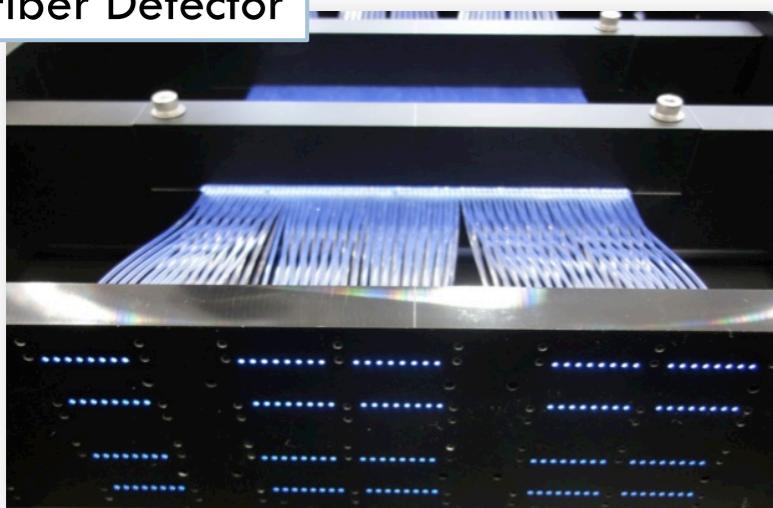


## Position Resolution

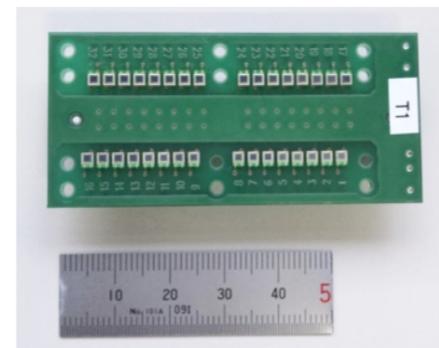


# Fiber Tracker for High Intensity Beam

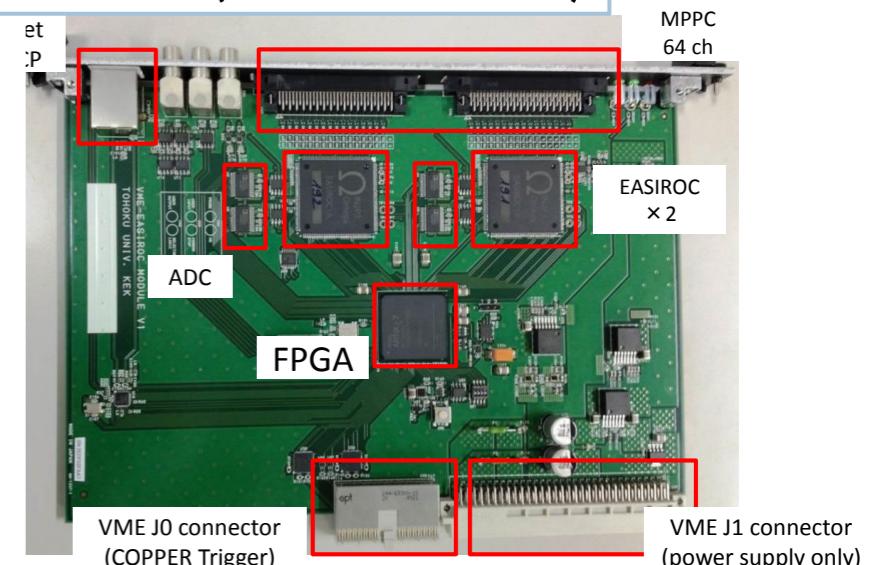
Fiber Detector



Photon Sensor (MPPC)



Readout board (EASIROC board)



$10^7$  Hz beam handling at J-PARC 2ndary beamline

- Requirement
  - Stable operation up to  $10^8$  Hz beam
  - Time resolution better than 0.8 ns



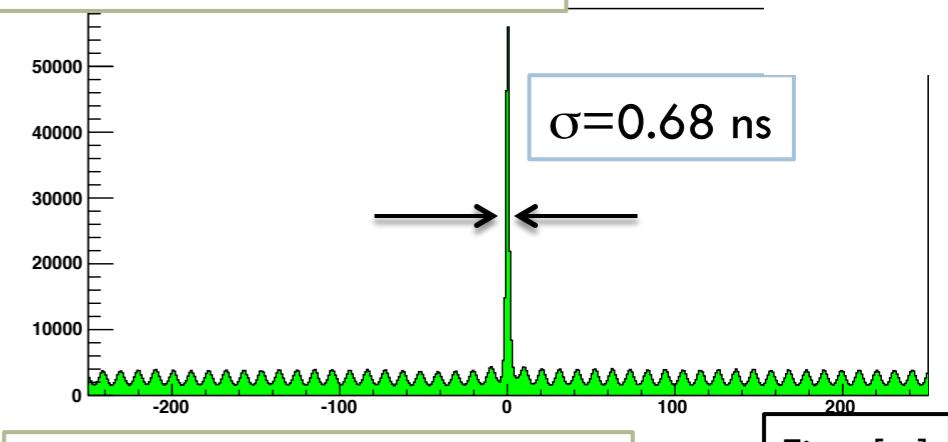
Fiber tracker with MPPC readout

- Scintillation fiber tracker
- Compact MPPC PCB
  - 32 ch MPPCs
- Readout board (EASIROC board)
  - 32 ch operation
  - Multihit TDC, ADC

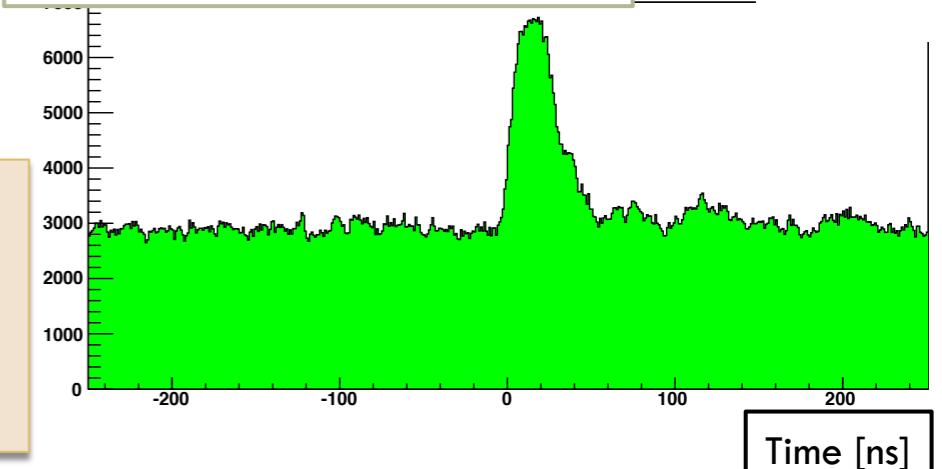
Slide by Koji Miwa

- Operation E10  
@ 12 M/spill
- Time resolution = 0.68 ns
  - Efficiency 98%

BFT-X Time distribution



Drift chamber (1.5mm D.L.)



# J-PARC Research Building

- Gathering place for users
  - No permanent office due to limited space but Large Open Space for users
    - Permanent office space at IQBRC etc.
  - Meeting facilities
    - Small ~ mid size collaboration meeting / workshop
    - Seminar
  - Cafeteria
    - Lunch / decent coffee and tea
  - Supporting staff office
    - User's office (in discussion)
    - Safety division in the annex
  - Small workshop

Full Open in July

Including Young at Heart!

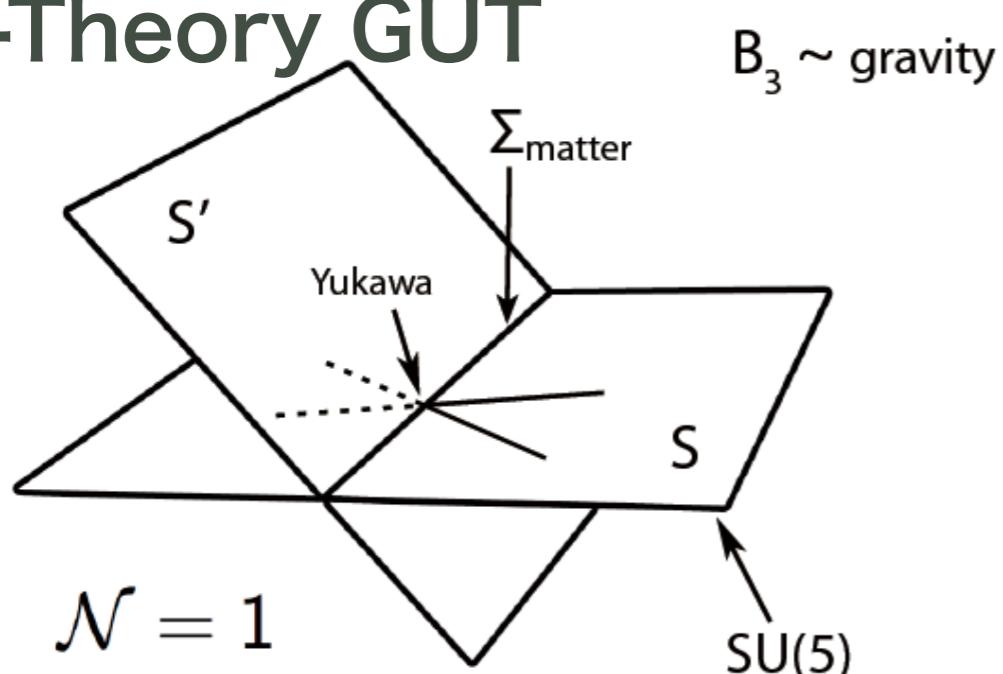
We invite young scientists to join us!

# Flavor and Space-Time

J.J. Heckman, C.Vafa, Phys.Lett. B694 (2011) 482-484

■ CPV and Flavor Structure can be explained from higher dimensions / higher energies?

F-Theory GUT



$$|V_{CKM}^{F-th}| \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \alpha_{GUT}^{1/2} & \alpha_{GUT}^{3/2} \\ \alpha_{GUT}^{1/2} & 1 & \alpha_{GUT} \\ \alpha_{GUT}^{3/2} & \alpha_{GUT} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.2 & 0.008 \\ 0.2 & 1 & 0.04 \\ 0.008 & 0.04 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|V_{CKM}^{\text{obs}}| \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0.97 & 0.23 & 0.004 \\ 0.23 & 0.97 & 0.04 \\ 0.008 & 0.04 & 0.99 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|V_{PMNS}^{F-th}| \sim \begin{pmatrix} U_{e1} & \alpha_{GUT}^{1/4} & \alpha_{GUT}^{1/2} \\ \alpha_{GUT}^{1/4} & U_{\mu 2} & \alpha_{GUT}^{1/4} \\ \alpha_{GUT}^{1/2} & \alpha_{GUT}^{1/4} & U_{\tau 3} \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0.87 & 0.45 & 0.2 \\ 0.45 & 0.77 & 0.45 \\ 0.2 & 0.45 & 0.87 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|V_{PMNS}^{\text{obs}}| \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0.77 - 0.86 & 0.50 - 0.63 & 0 - 0.22 \\ 0.22 - 0.56 & 0.44 - 0.73 & 0.57 - 0.80 \\ 0.21 - 0.55 & 0.4 - 0.71 & 0.59 - 0.82 \end{pmatrix}$$

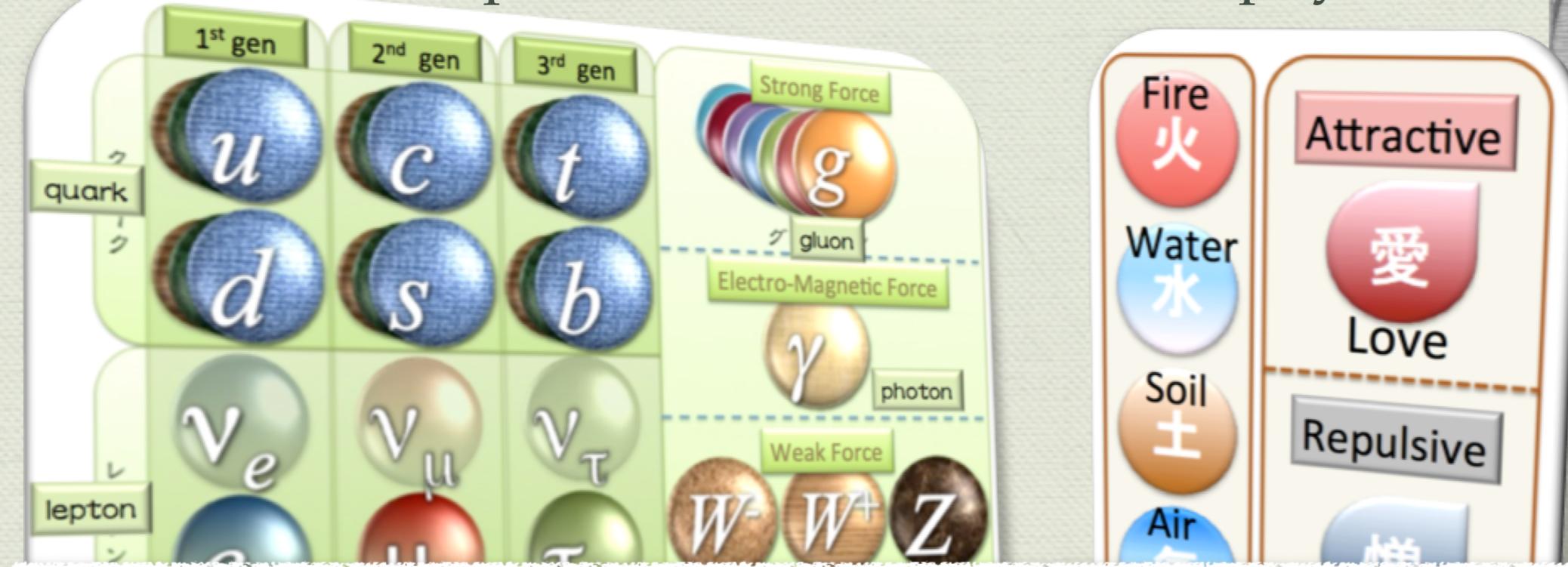
$$|J_{\text{quark}}^{F-th}| \sim \alpha_{GUT}^3 \sim 6 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$|J_{\text{lepton}}^{F-th}| \sim \alpha_{GUT} \sim 4 \times 10^{-2}.$$

dim.	internal dim.	feature
10	$6 = \dim(B_3)$	gravity
8	$4 = \dim(S)$	gauge fields
6	$2 = \dim(S \cap S')$	matter
4	$0 = \dim(S \cap S' \cap S'')$	interactions

# Go Beyond the SM

- Learn from the past (ancient Greek Philosophy) !

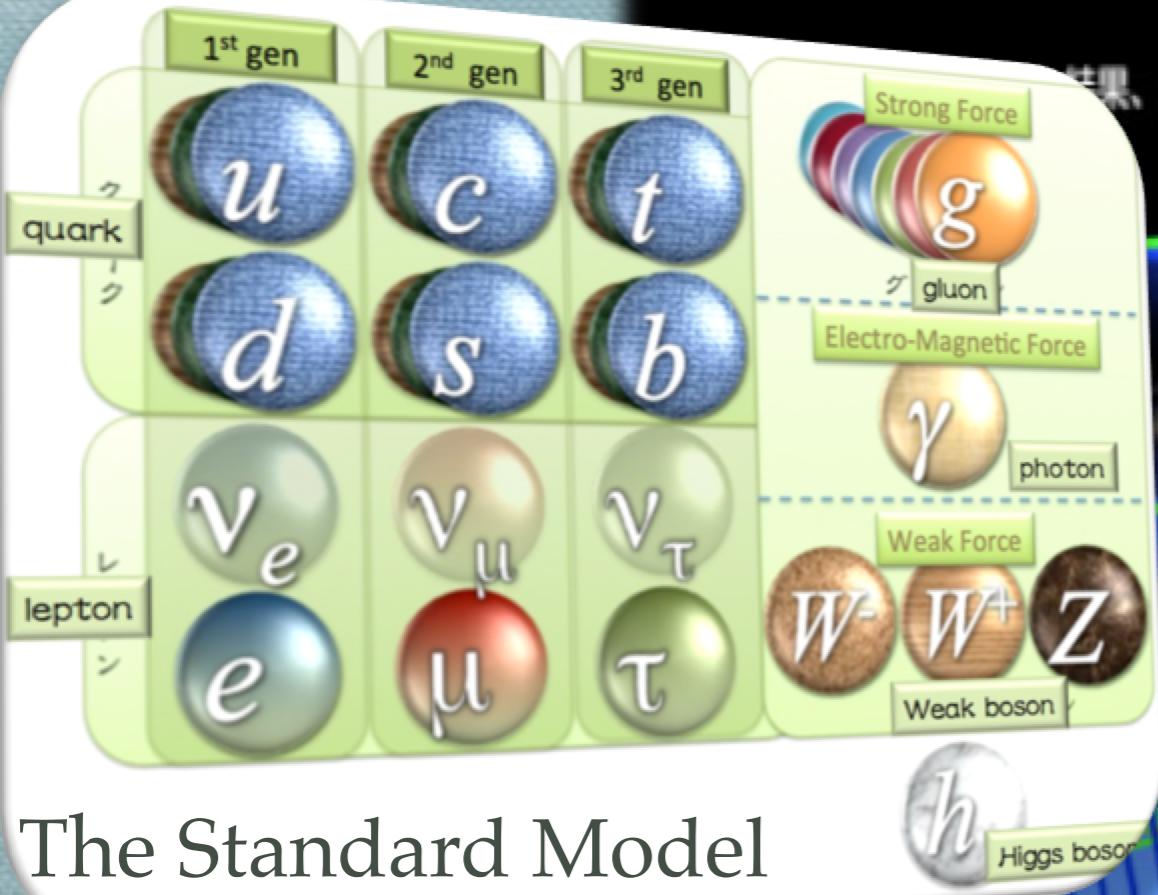


The basic framework is identical; small number of elements interacts thru a number of interaction to produce everything!

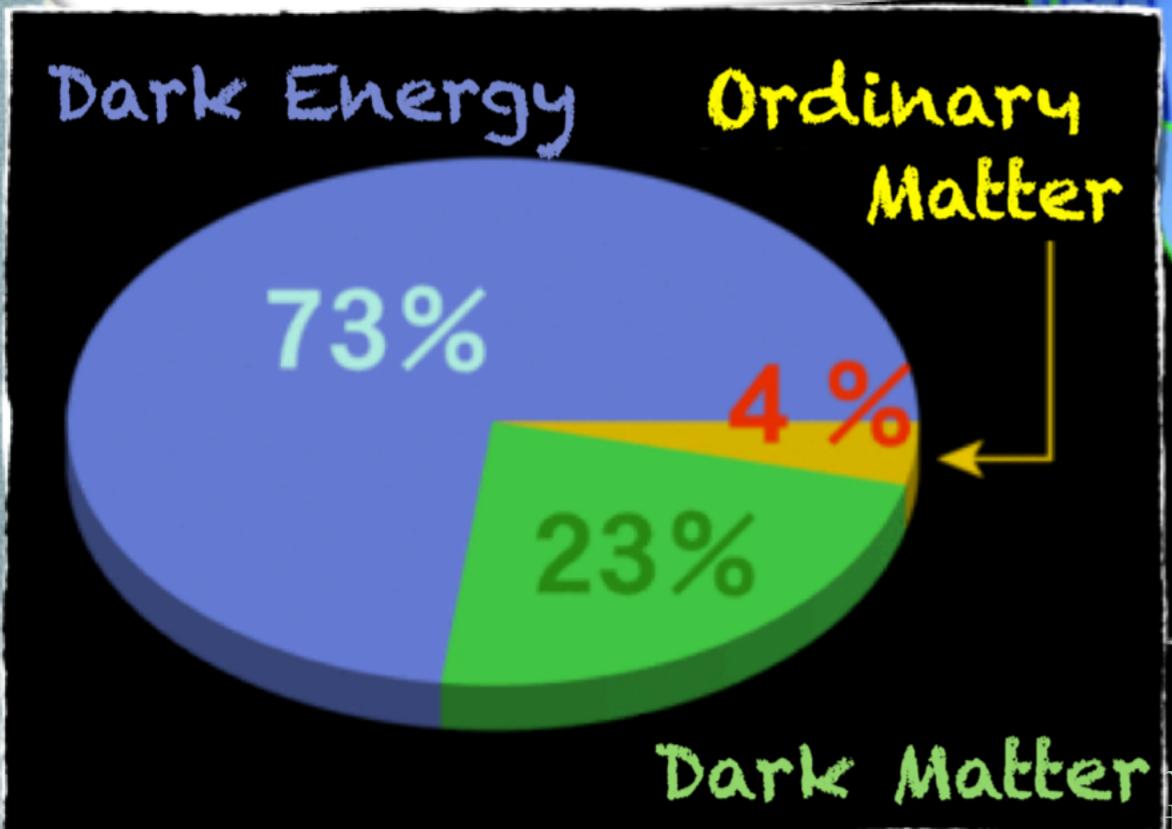
Our view is limited by what we can see, touch, and feel !

We need to extend our “sense” ; micro scope / ultra-sensitive devices

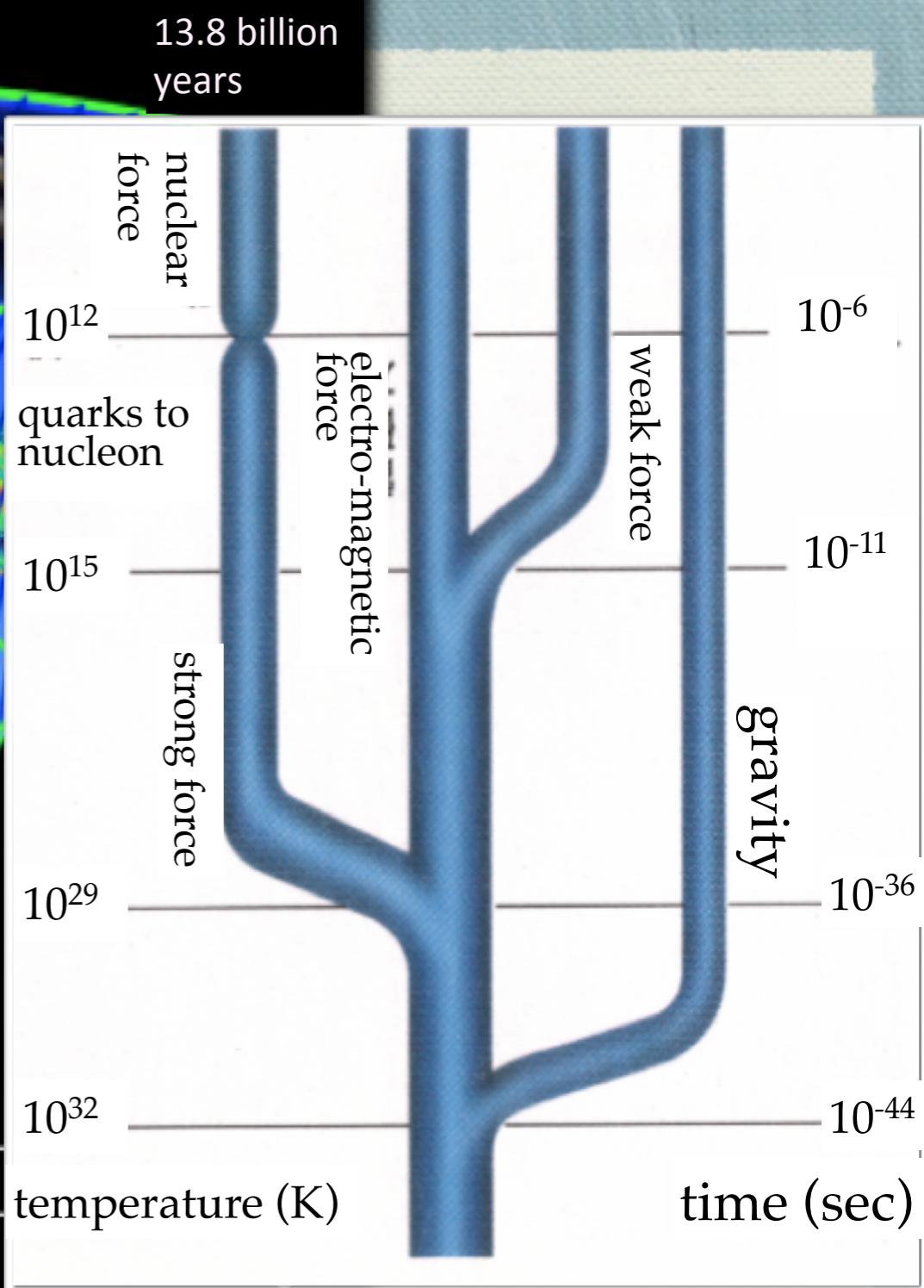
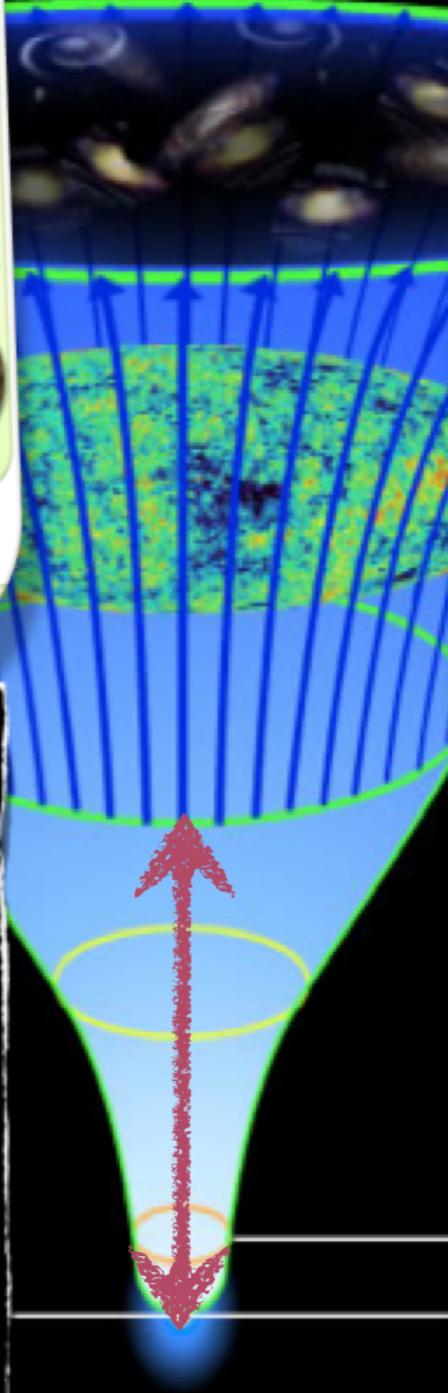
# History of Universe & the Standard Model



The Standard Model



結果、現在のような星や銀河などが生まれてきた。



## J-PARC: Next 5 Years

- Achieve Design Intensity
- More Science Outputs
- Lead Intensity Frontier

### Neutrino

- Established non-zero  $\theta_{13}$
- Constrain CPV. Hiarachy?
- Prepare next gen. of Exp.

### Hadron

- Restart “Physics Production”  
: Hyper-nucleus, K-rare decays
- Complete new beam line for COMET and 1<sup>st</sup> results

### Accelerator

- RCS:1 MW / MR 0.75 MW
- Explore Multi-MW Possibility

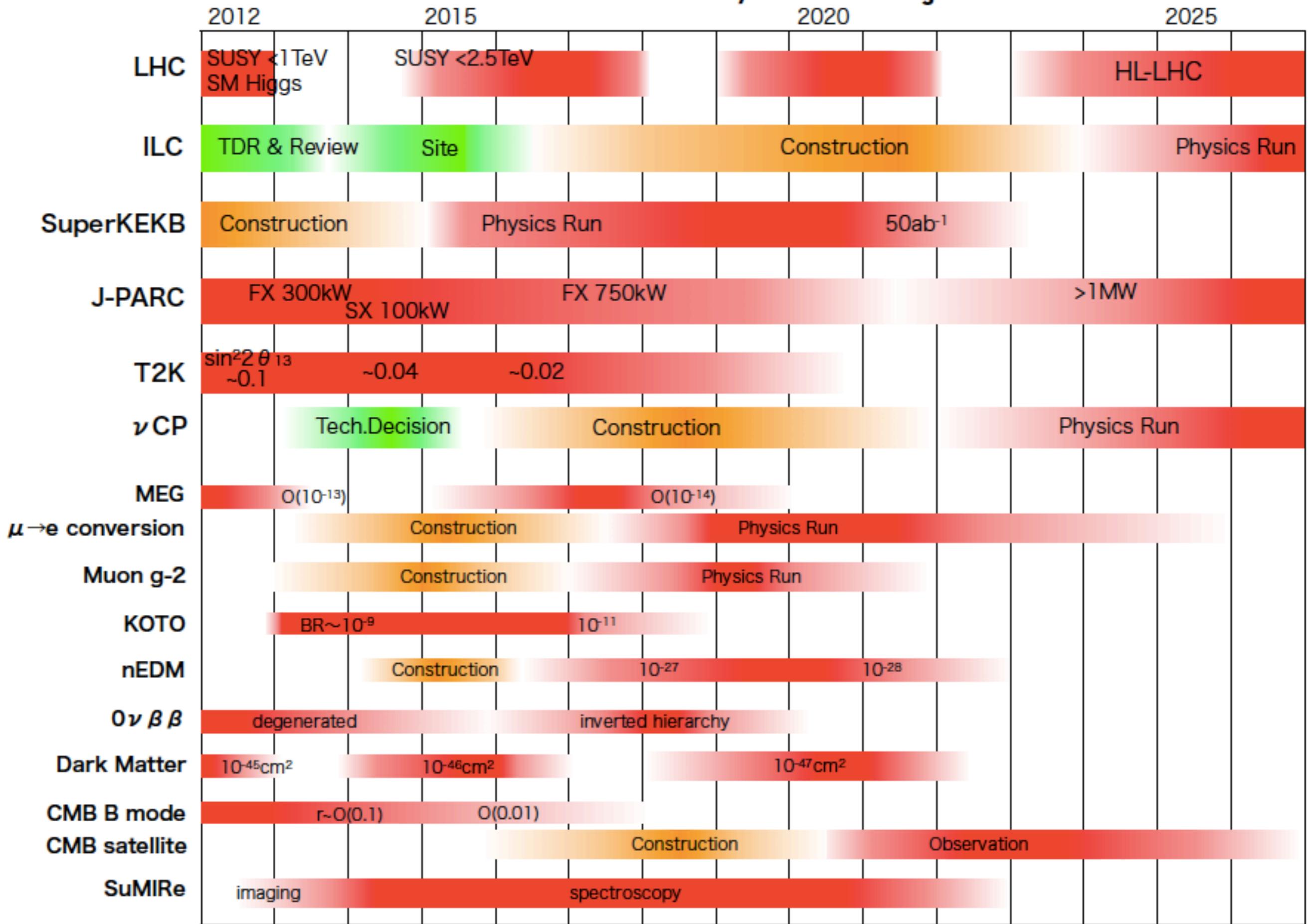
### ADS (Acc. Driven System)

Staged approach from ADS  
Target Test Facility to  
Transmutation Exp. Facility

### MLF

- Neutron : Diverse Material and Life Science
- Muon : Produce outputs from D and U lines / New beam lines to extend Muon Science Frontier (g-2/EDM/HFS/

# Timelines of Current/Future Projects

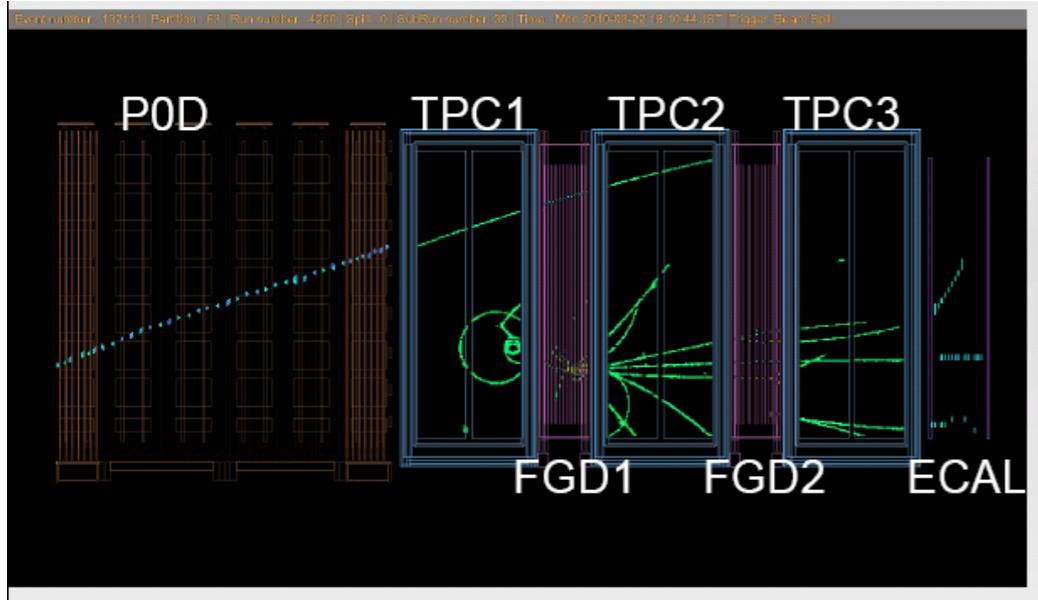


# Neutrino detectors

- Neutrino detector development at J-PARC neutrino facility
  - Near detector upgrade
  - Test experiments (T59, T60,)
  - New ideas (nuPRISM,)
- Hyper-K R&D

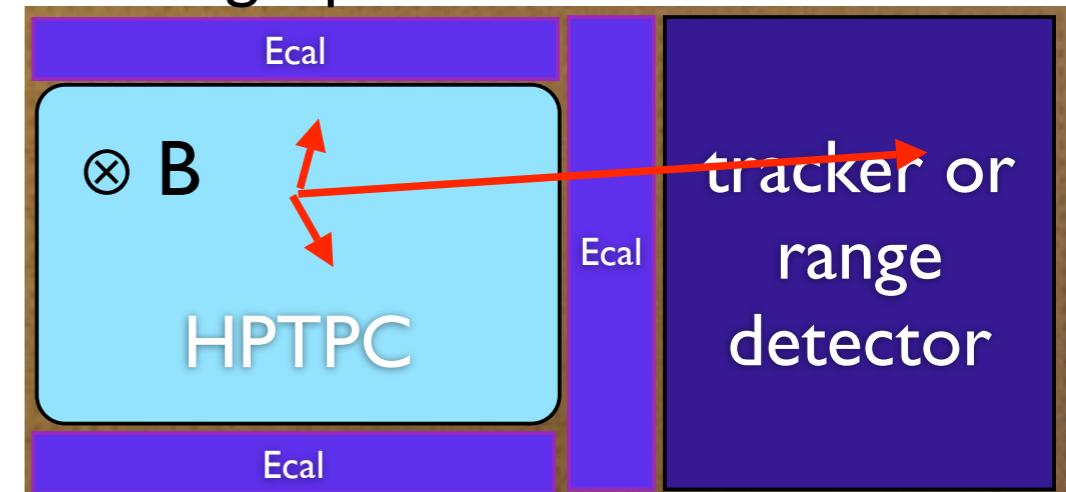
# T2K near detector upgrade

Current T2K-ND280

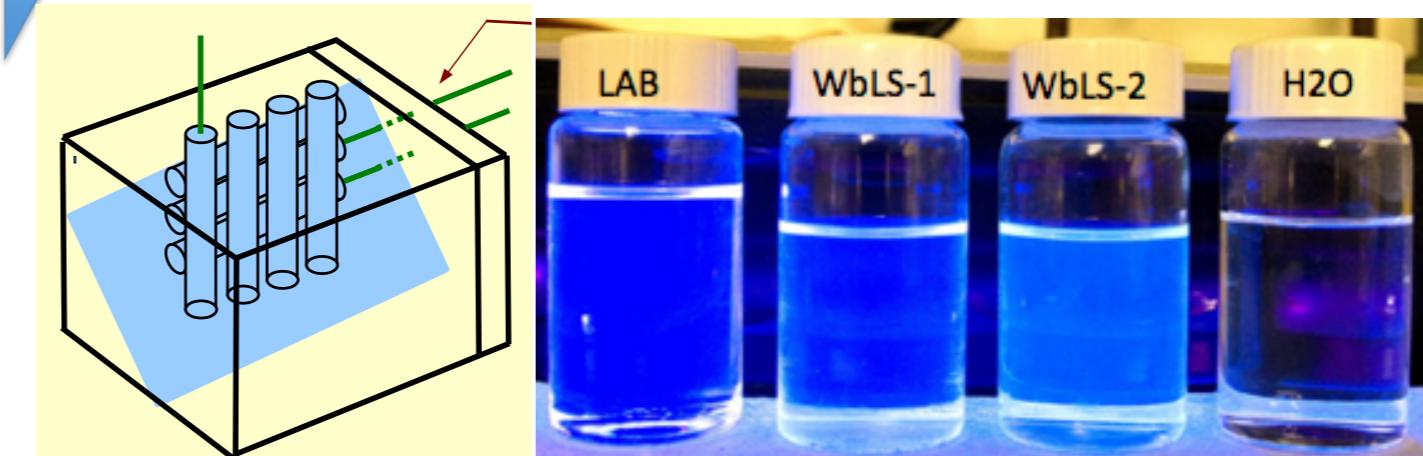


More precise study of  $\nu$  interaction

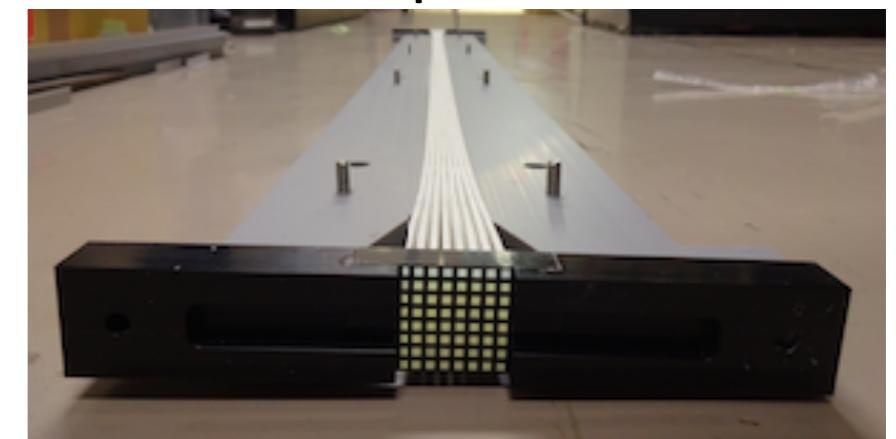
High-pressure TPC?



Finer segmentation with water-based scinti.?



Scintillating fiber with improved MPPCs?

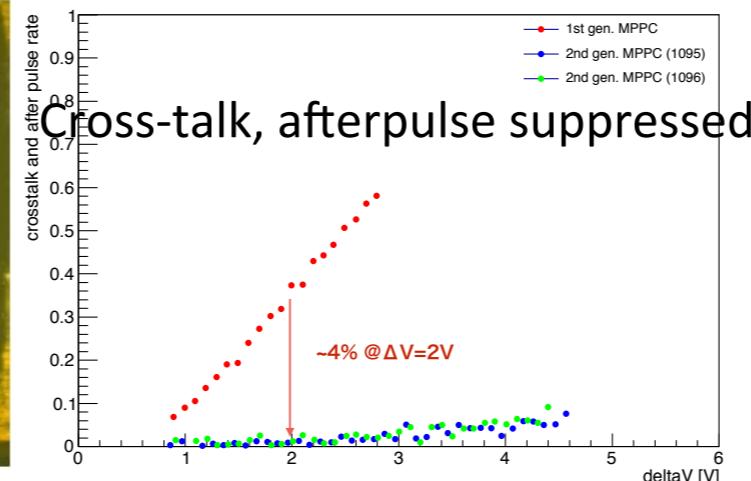
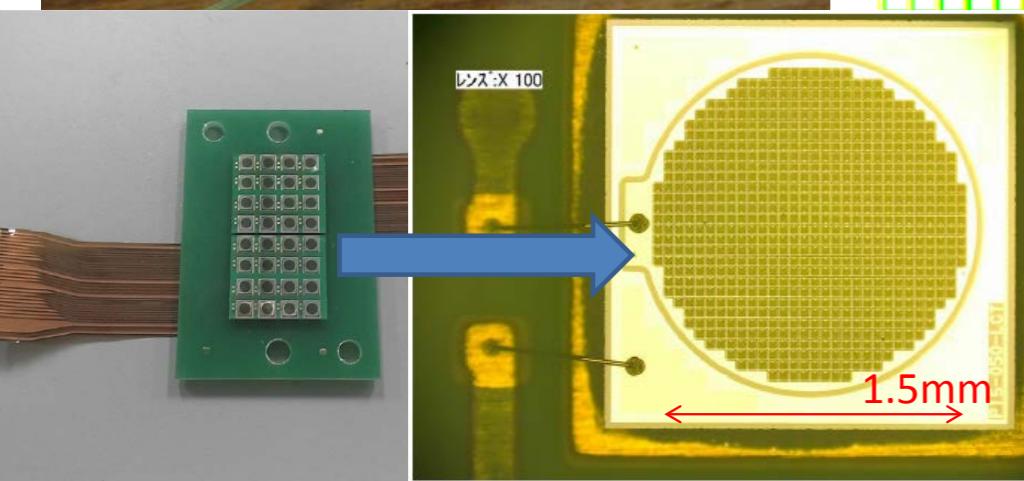
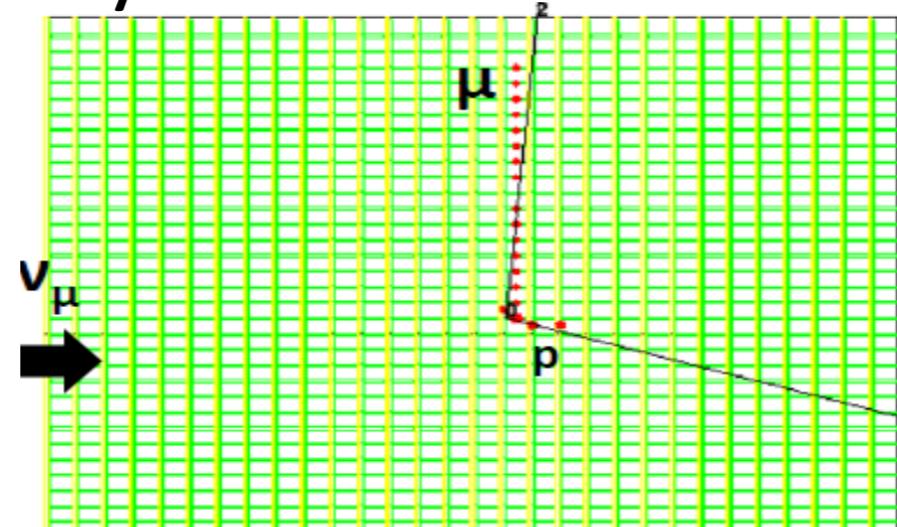
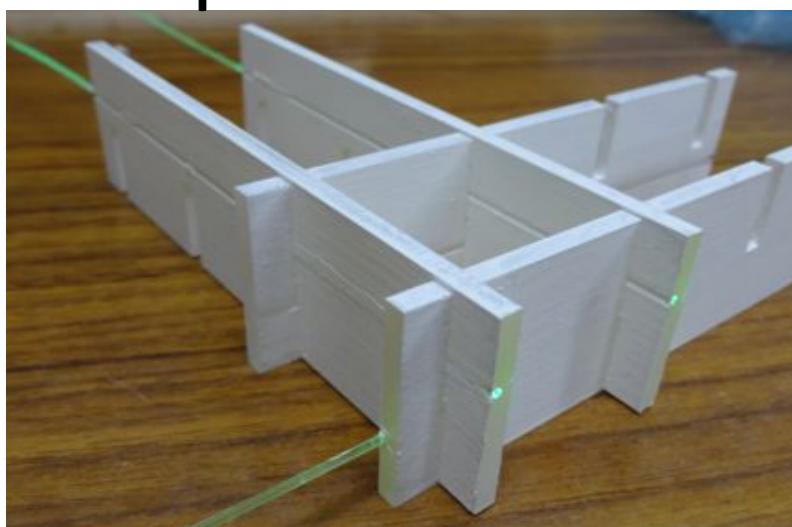


Possible upgrade under discussion

# Test experiments for neutrino detector development

T59("WAGASCI")

Large acceptance with  $H_2O$  target  
By 3D grid structure of thin scintillator  
+ improved MPPC array

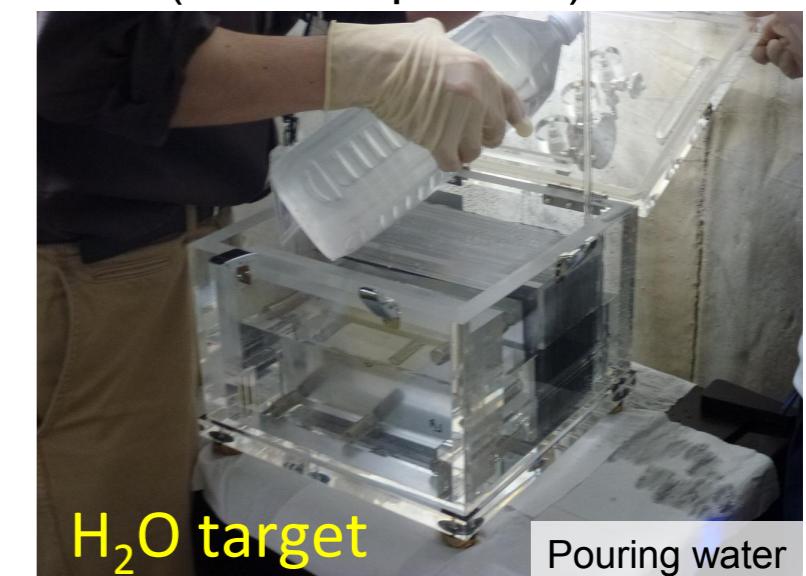


T60

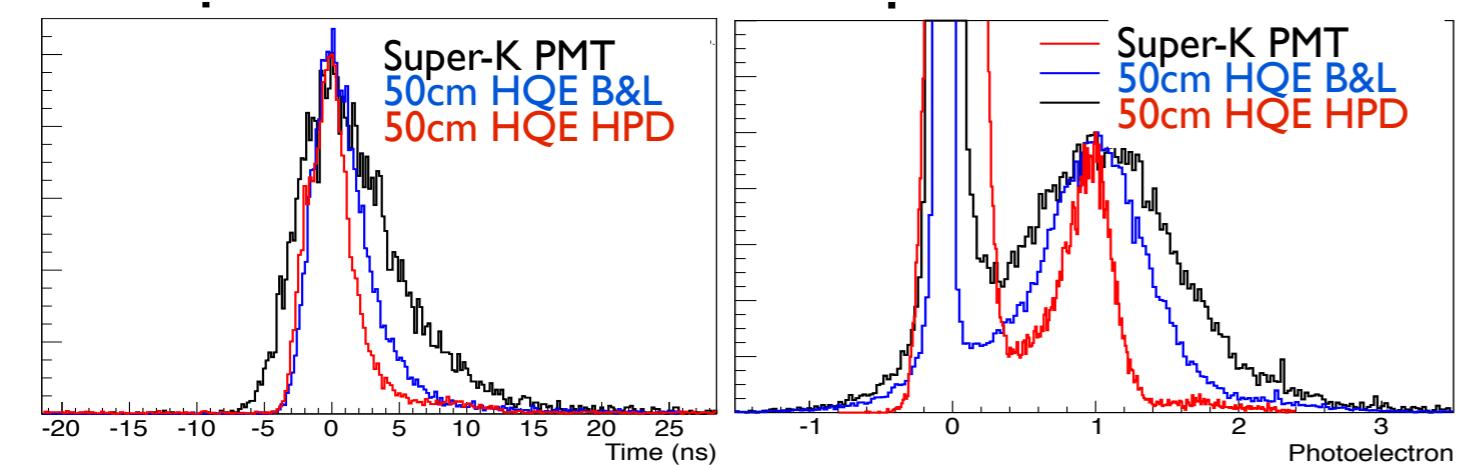
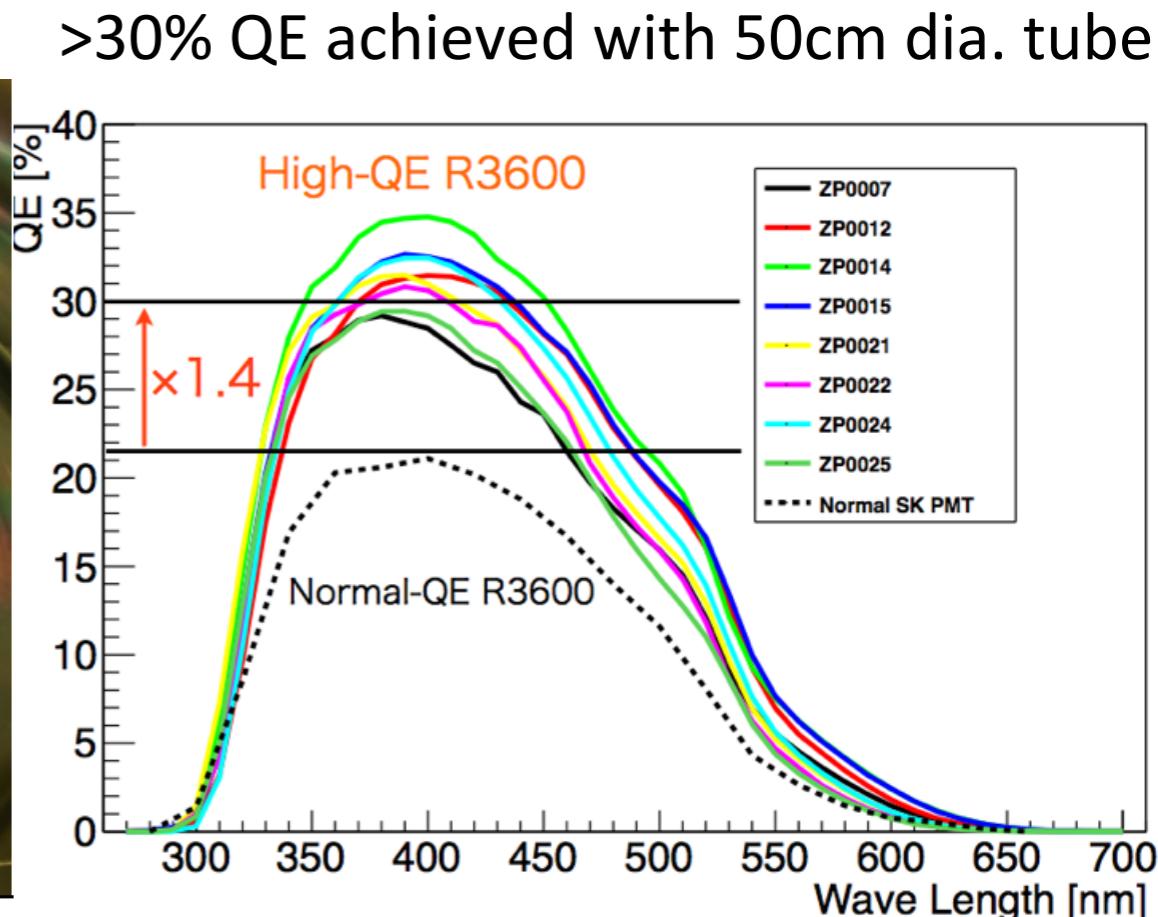
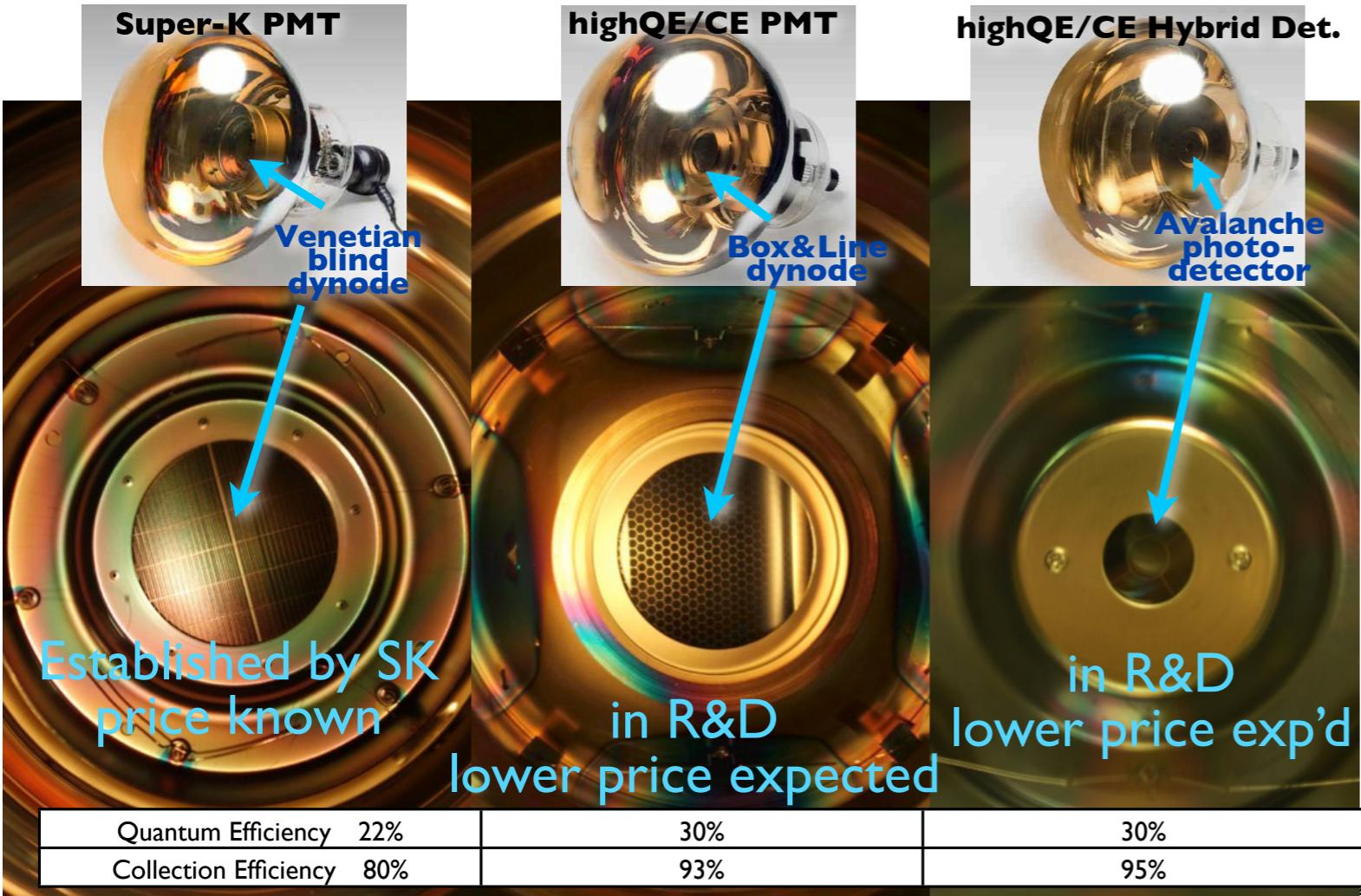
Emulsion detector for  
<GeV neutrino with  
various target



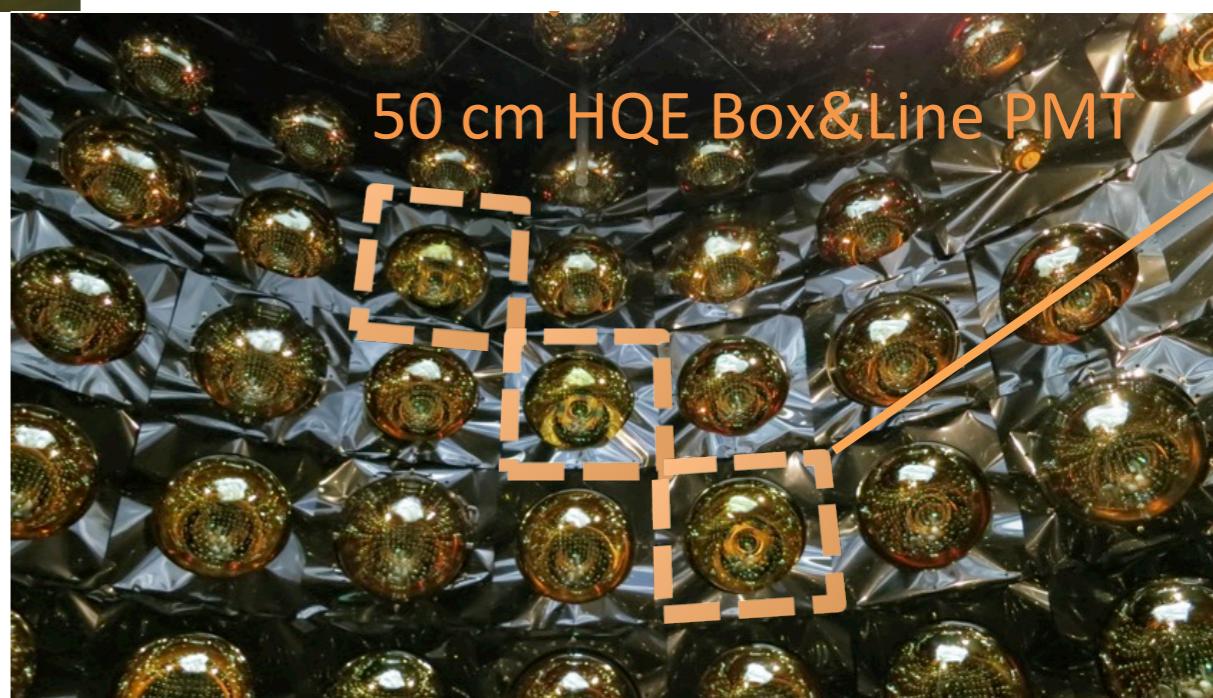
Emulsion films  
(vacuum packed)



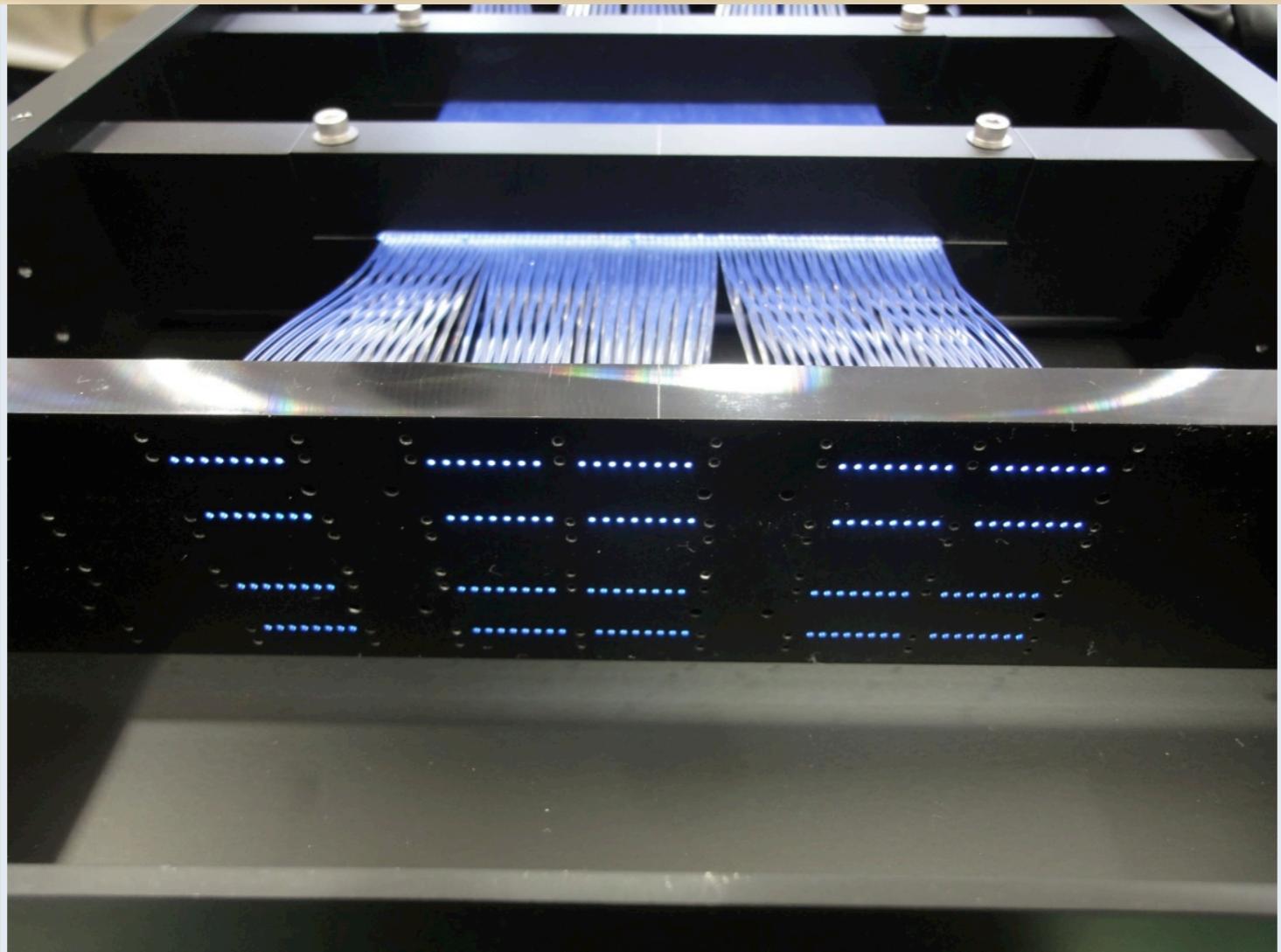
# Large aperture photosensors



Improved timing and charge resolution



Long term test ongoing in 200ton water tank at Kamioka

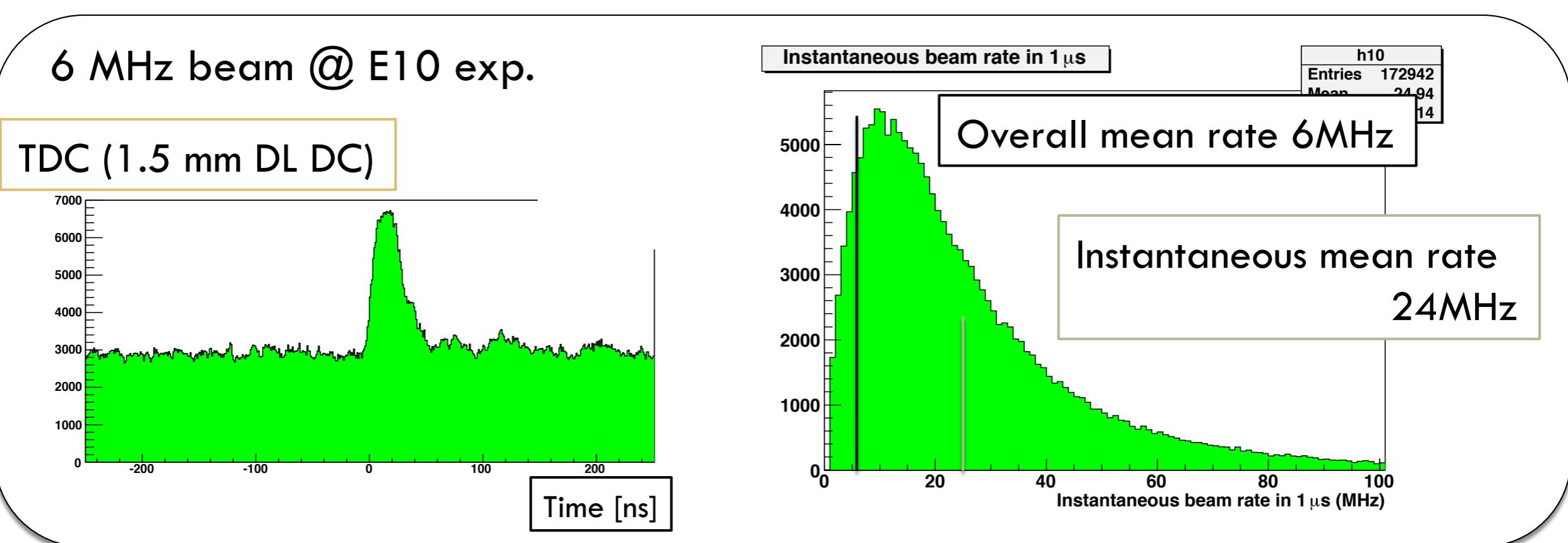


E40 Preparation status

Beamline Fiber Tracker for high rate beam

# High rate $\pi$ beam handling

- $\Sigma$  beam is a secondary beam
  - $10^7$ Hz  $\pi$  beam is necessary for reasonable number of  $\Sigma$  beam
- Beam structure of J-PARC slow extraction



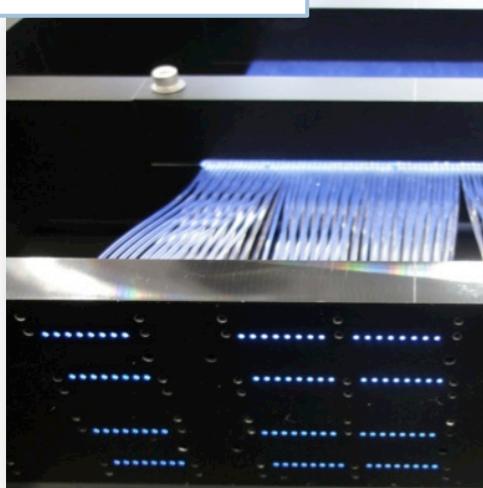
Stable operation under high intensity beam of  $10^8$  Hz  
Good timing resolution to separate accidental background



Fiber Tracker

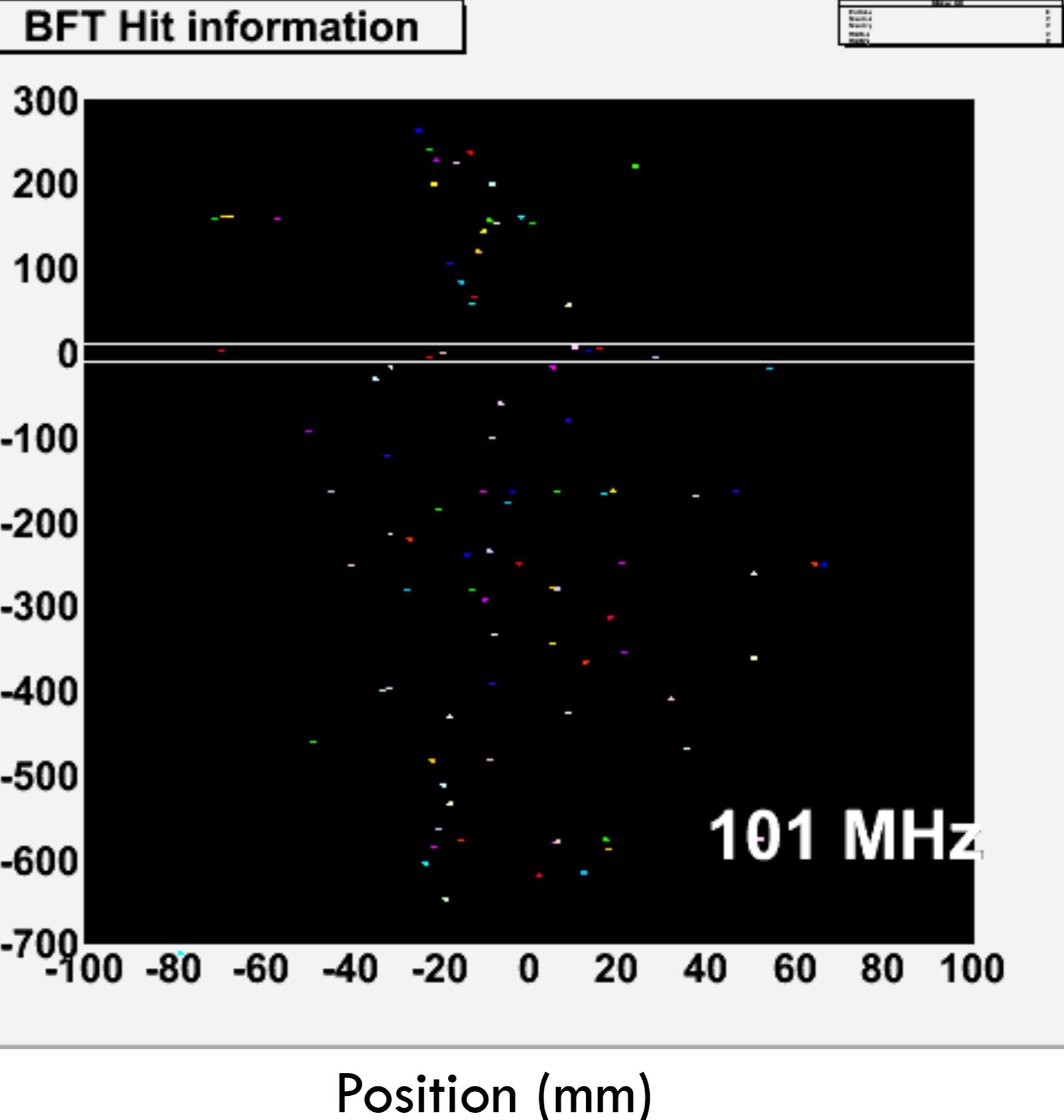
# Develop

Fiber Detector



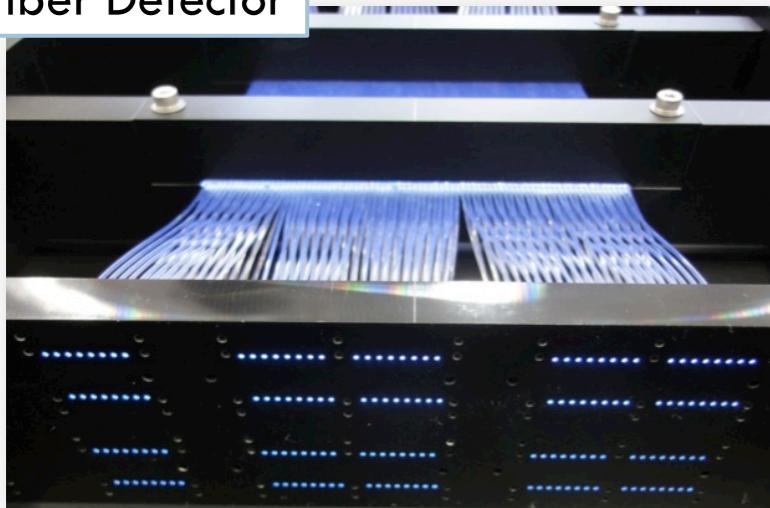
- KURARAY
- Compact
- 32 ch N
- Readout
- 32 ch o
- Multihit

YITP works

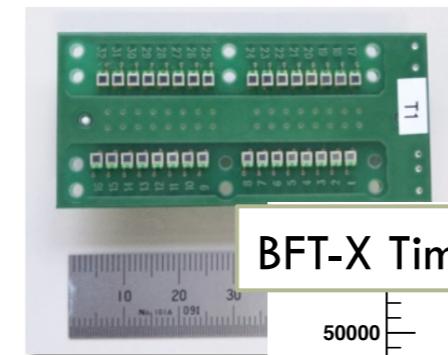


# Development of Fiber Tracker

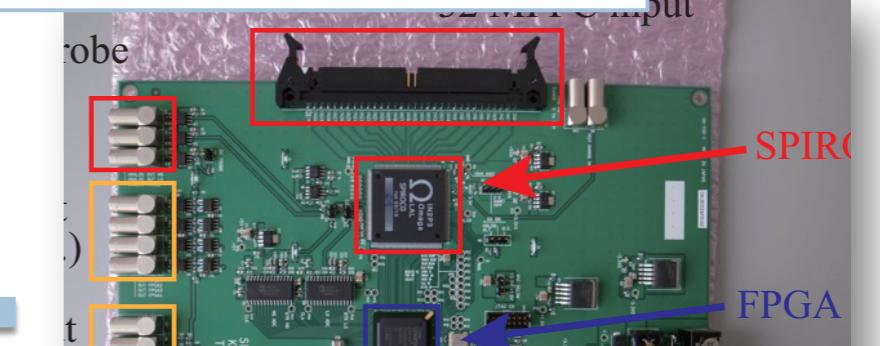
Fiber Detector



Photon Sensor (MPPC)

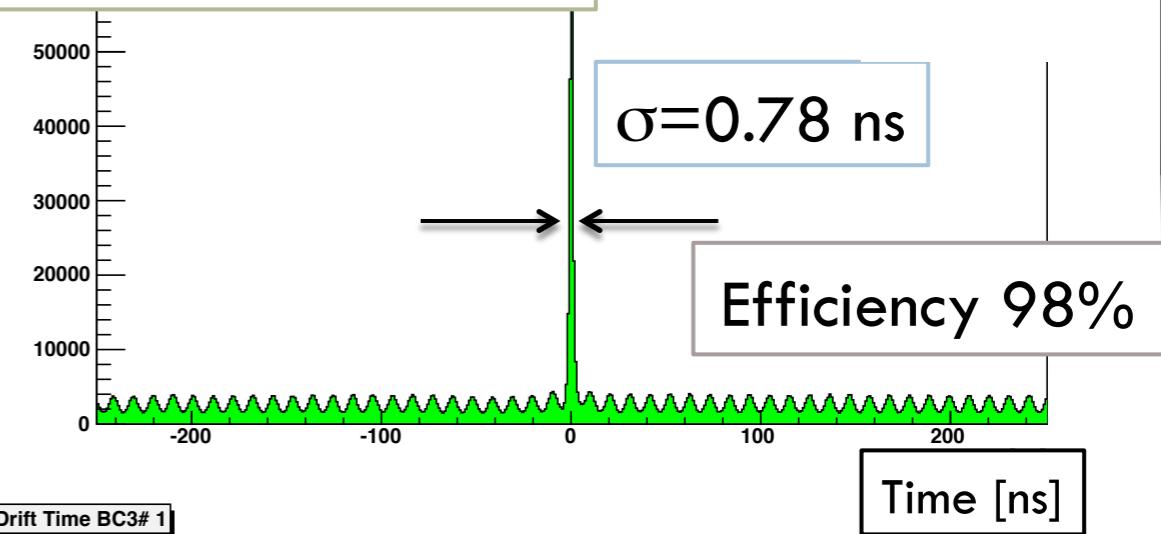


Readout board (EASIROC board)



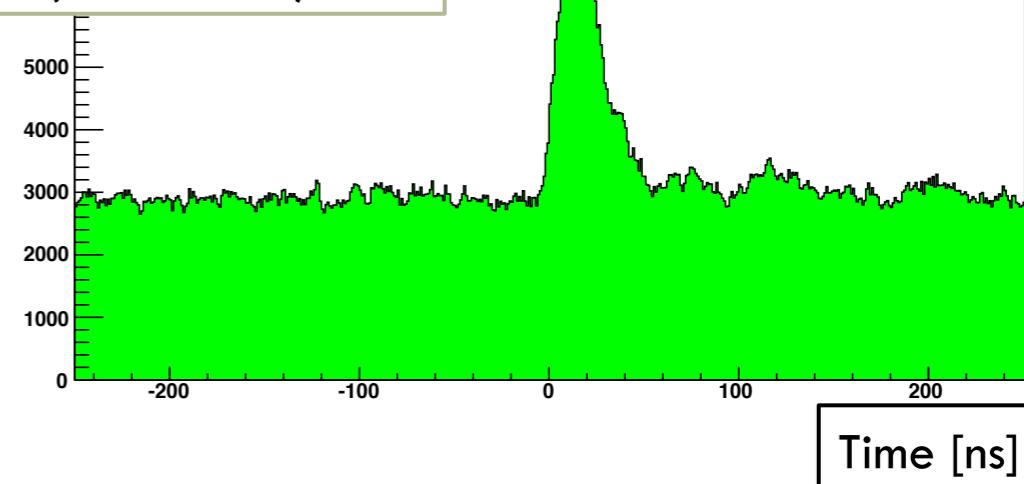
- KURARAY scintillation fiber
- Compact MPPC PCB
  - 32 ch MPPCs
- Readout board
  - 32 ch operation
  - Multihit TDC, ADC

BFT-X Time distribution

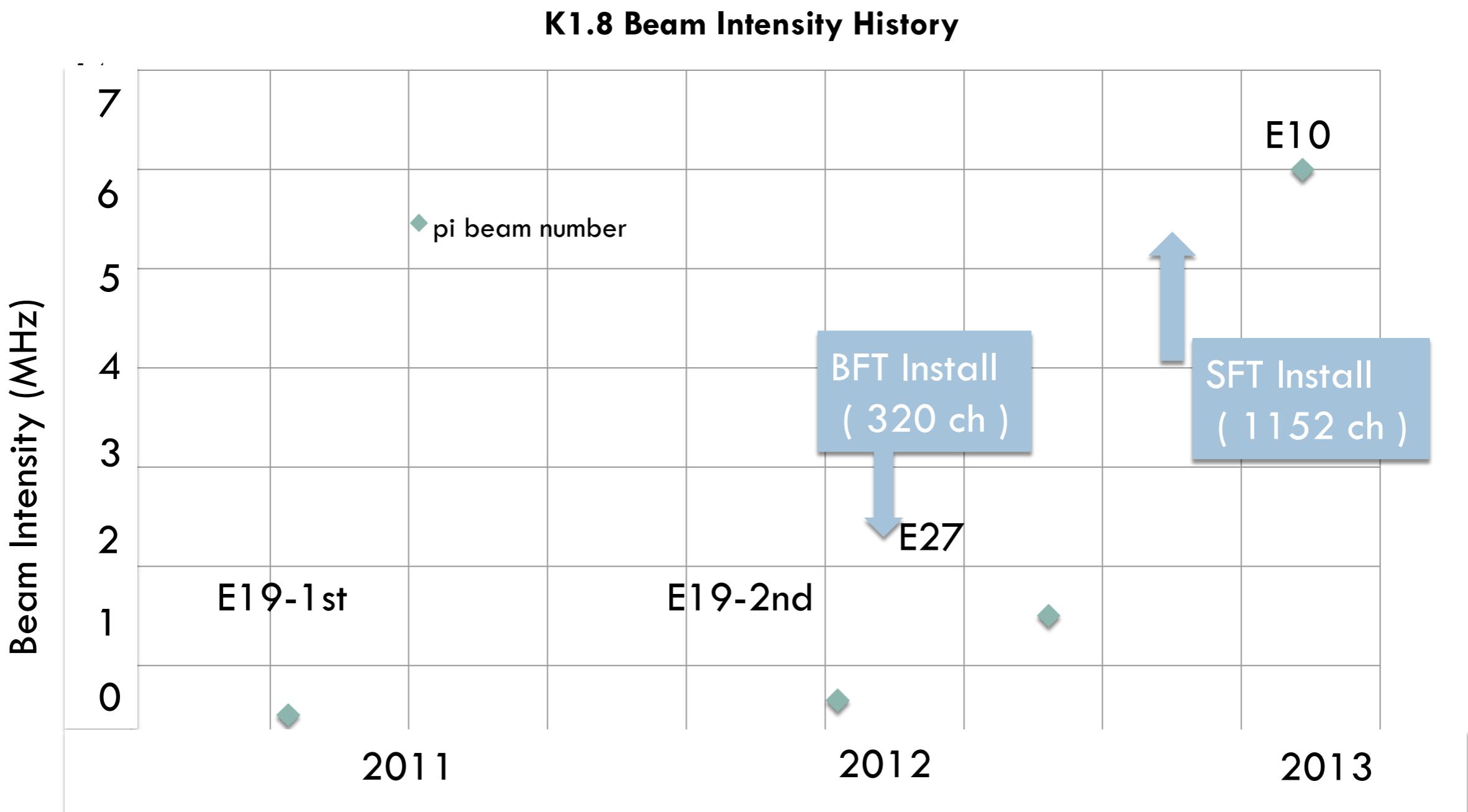


Drift Time BC3# 1

BC3 (1.5mm D.L.)



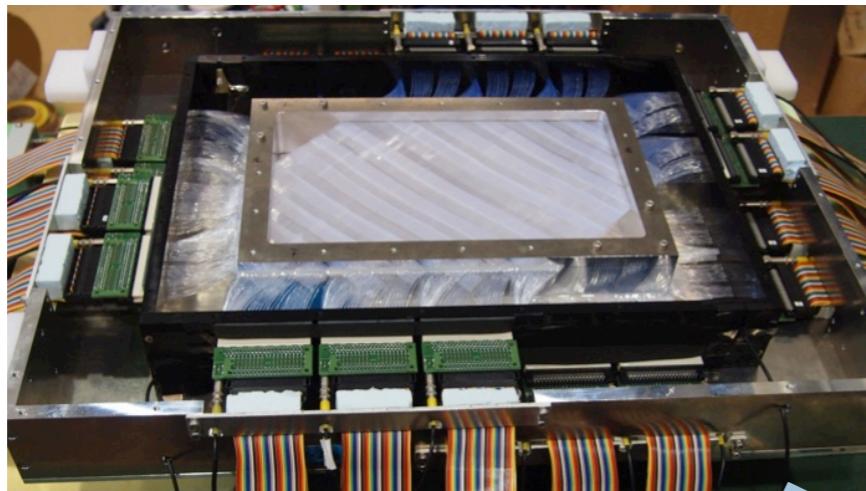
# K1.8 beam intensity history



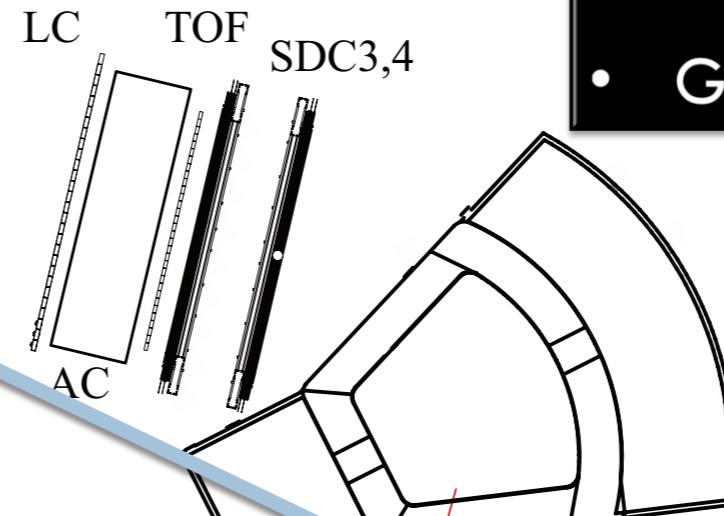
We became to use 10 times larger beam intensity.  
We confirmed we can handle 10M Hz beam.

# Experimental challenge

SFT



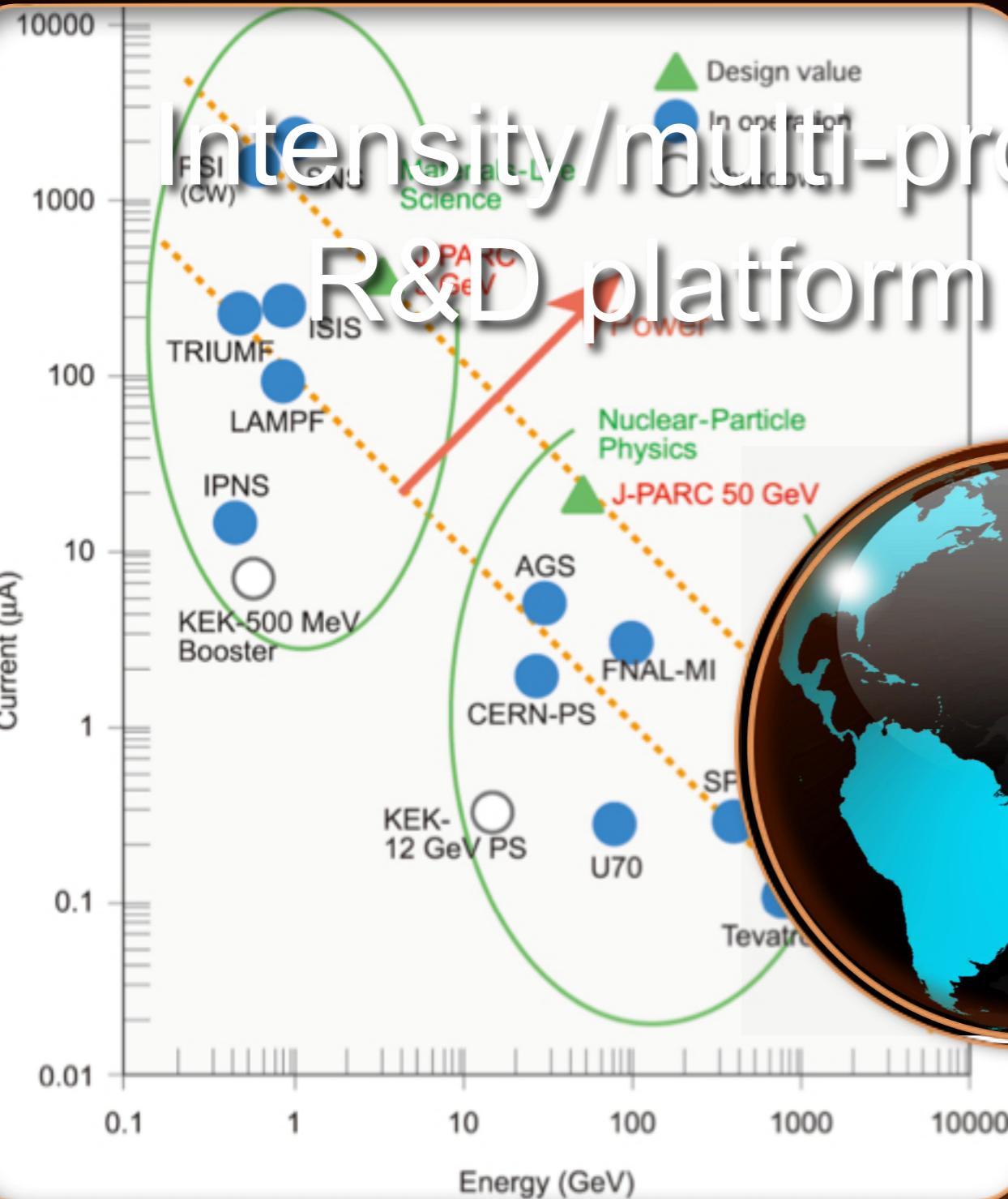
BFT



## Beamline Fiber Trackers

- High efficiency for intense beam
- Good timing resolution

# Intensity/multi-probes/science frontier requires technology frontier

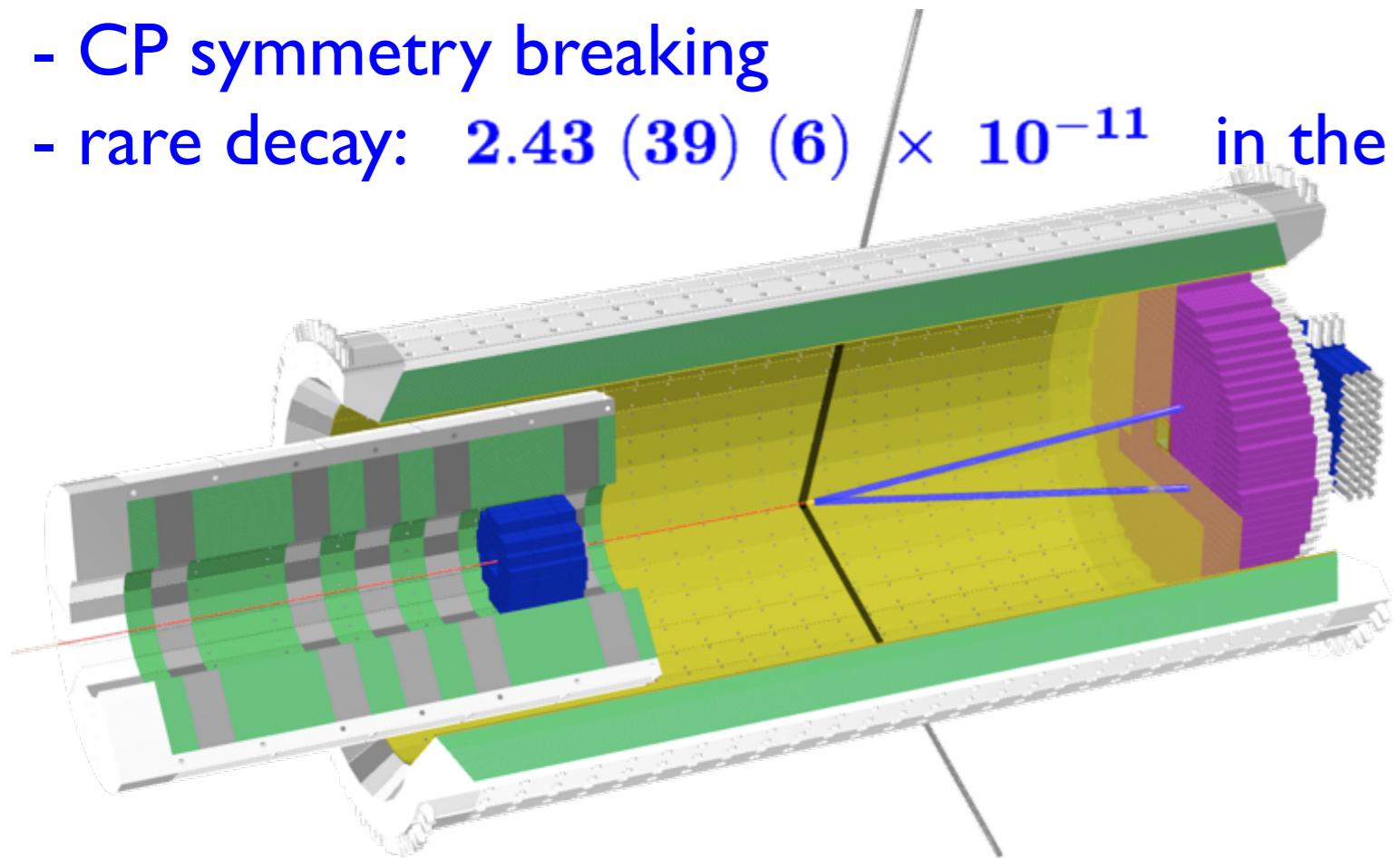


# J-PARC experiment

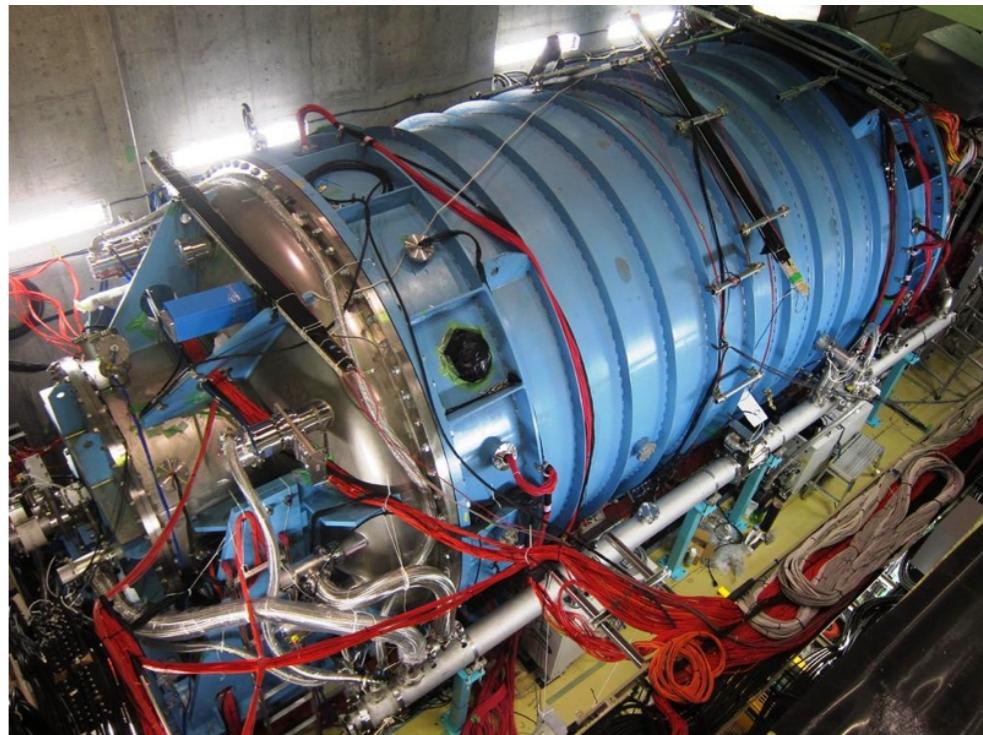
65 participants from Japan, US, Korea, Taiwan, Russia

$$K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$$

- CP symmetry breaking
- rare decay:  $2.43 (39) (6) \times 10^{-11}$  in the SM



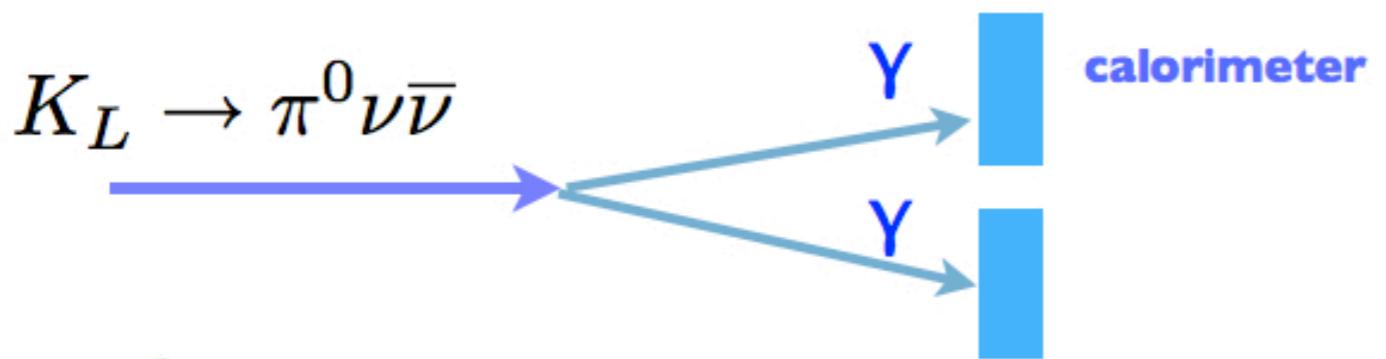
- **CsI calorimeter** to measure  $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- background rejection: hermetic extra-particle detection ( “veto”)
- Trigger/DAQ (37k channels): waveform digitization (14bits, 125MHz ADC), pipeline readout



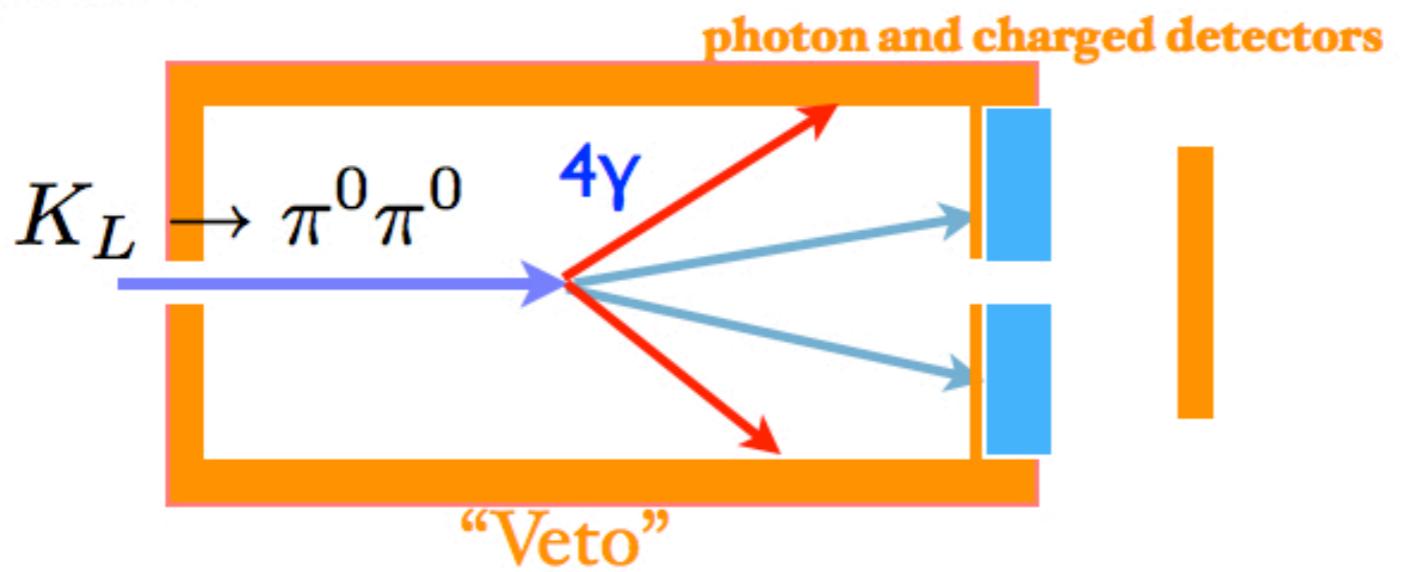
# J-PARC KOTO experiment

65 participants from Japan, US, Korea, Taiwan, Russia

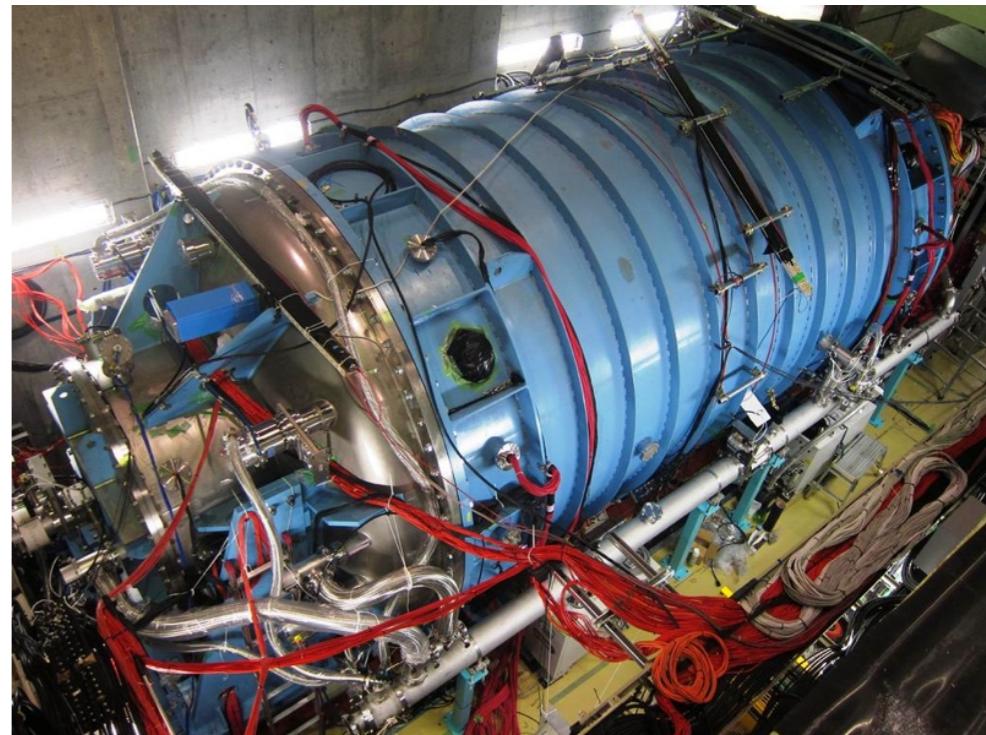
- Signal:



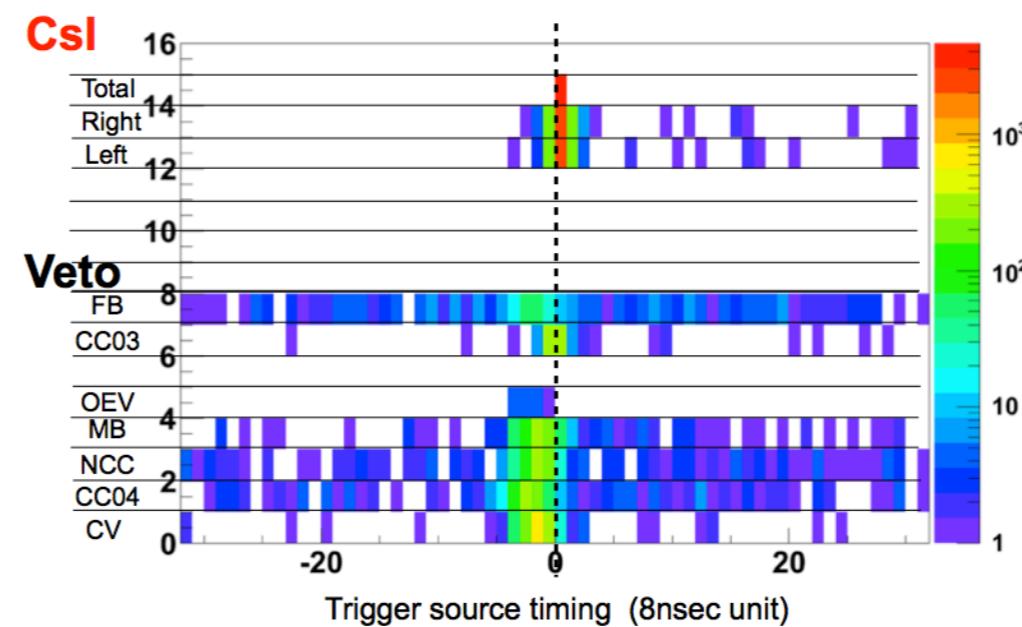
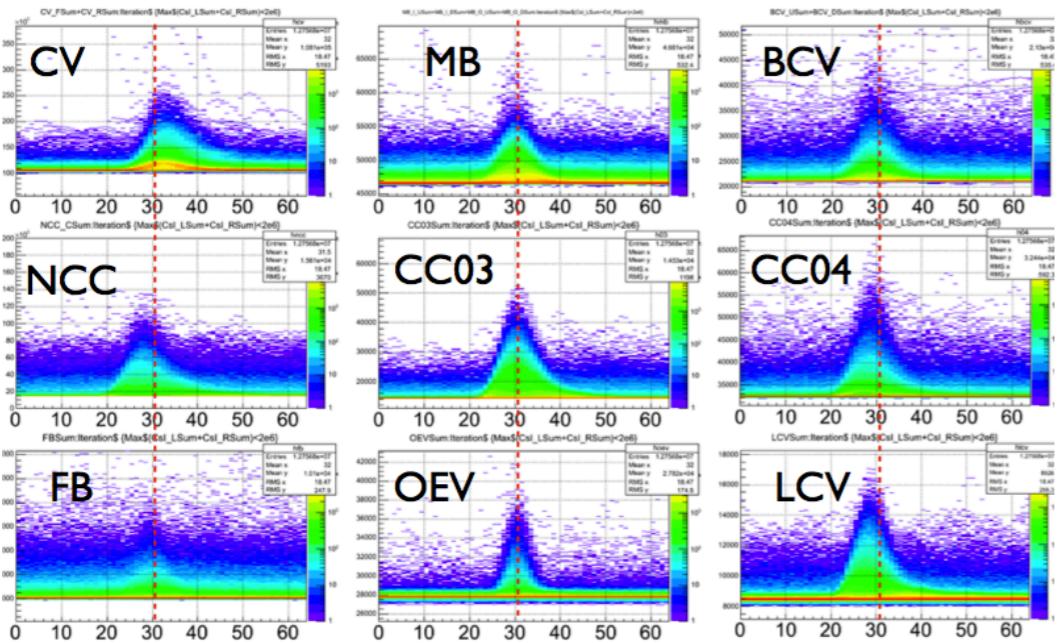
- Background:



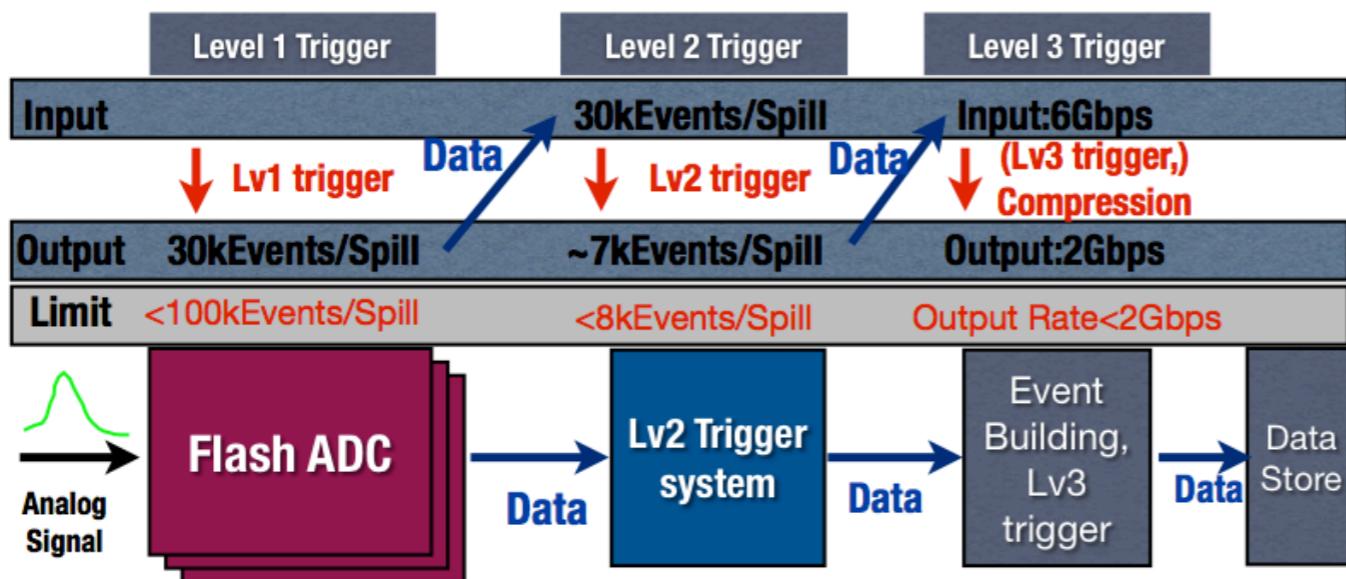
- **CsI calorimeter** to measure
- background rejection:  $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- hermetic extra-particle detection ("veto")
- Trigger/DAQ (37k channels): waveform digitization (14bits, 125MHz ADC), pipeline readout



- Trigger/DAQ (37k channels): waveform digitization (14bits, 125MHz ADC), pipeline readout



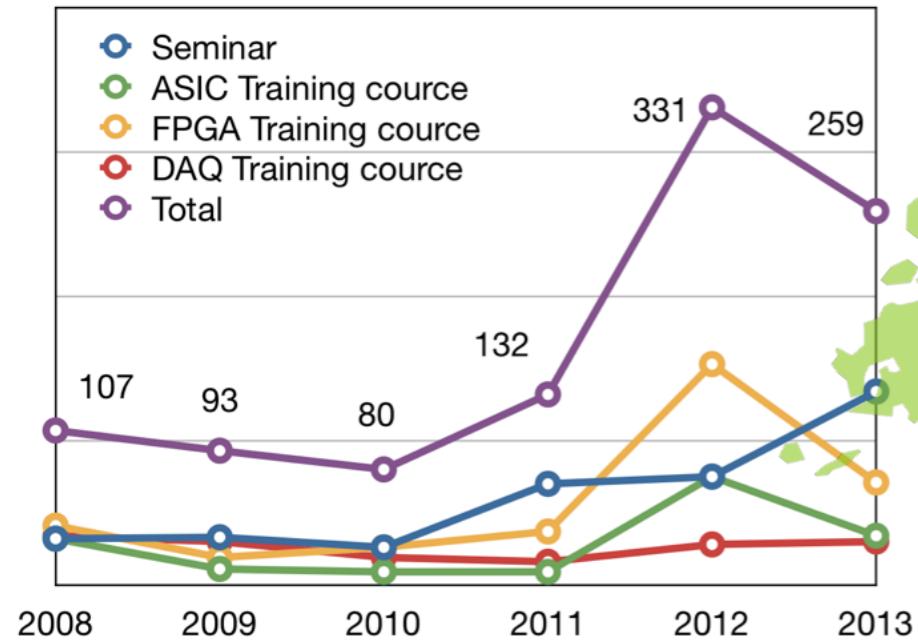
- Veto low visible-energy deposits with good timing resolution (sub-MeV, sub-nanosecond) in high counting rates (multi-hit discrimination) → waveform digitization to be 500MHz ADC



- huge amount of data to observe rare decays  
→ high-speed data reduction and compactification

# Education

Participants of a seminar and training courses in past six years



Open source consortium of Instrumentation

wider higher  
stronger



## Development (ex. ASICs On the Job Training)

