

# Status and Prospects of Belle II Experiment

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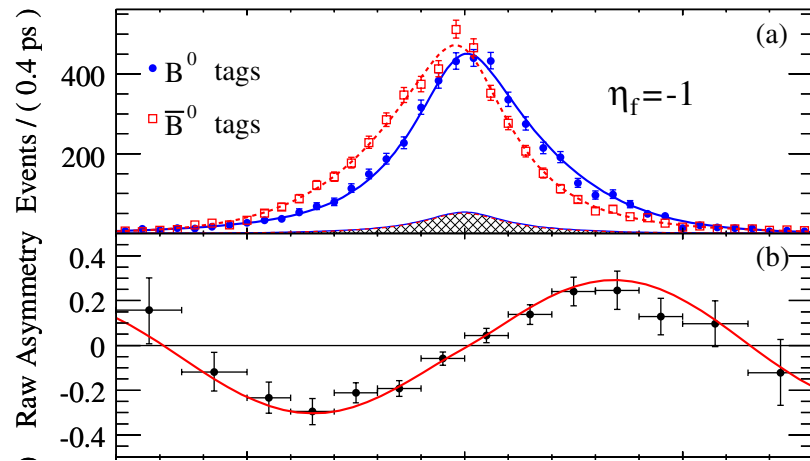


The landscape of Flavour Physics towards the high intensity era  
9-10 December 2014, Pisa, Italy

# Outline

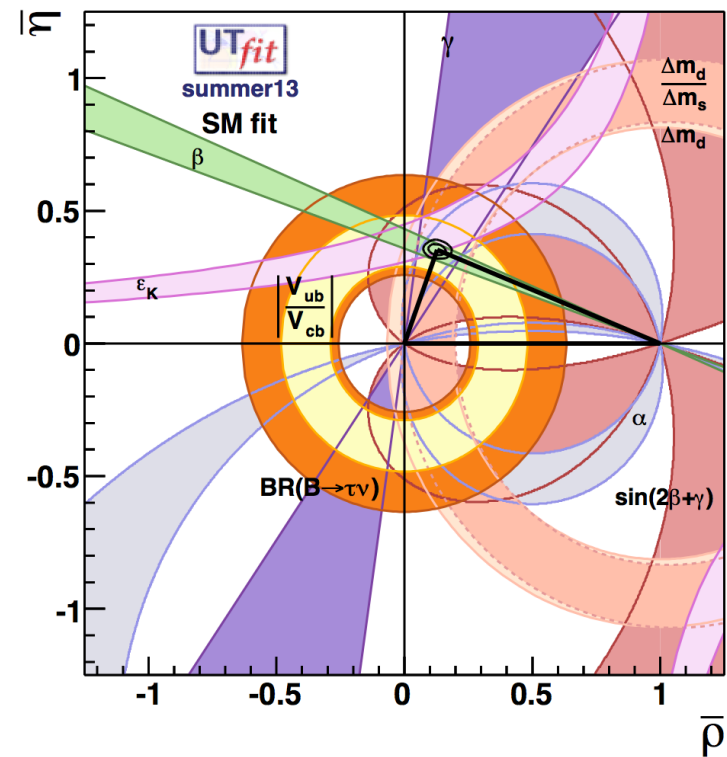
- Physics motivations
- Status of the project
- Physics program highlights

# Belle and BaBar achievements



## Successful experimental program

Established CP violation in B system and remarkable consistency of the CKM mechanism of the SM



Nobel Prize in Physics  
In 2008 awarded to  
Kobayashi and  
Maskawa



2008



# The role of flavour in the search for NP

Despite the BaBar and Belle experimental efforts SM did not break down.

The triumph of the SM continued with the Higgs boson found where it was expected ...and nothing else ...yet

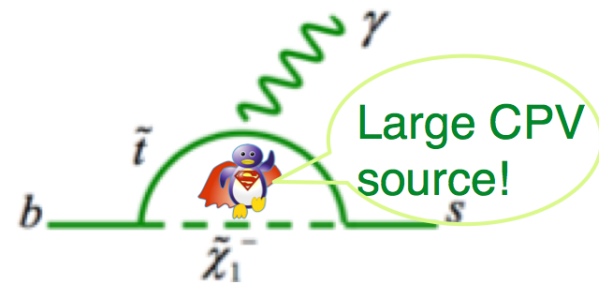
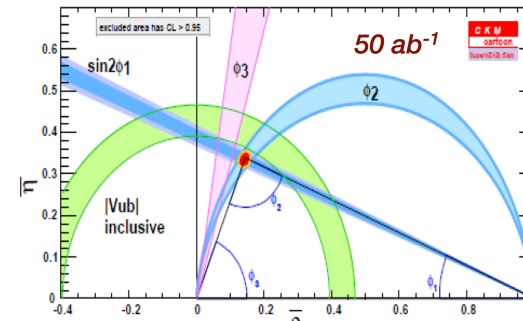
## Mission of Belle II and LHCb

Scenario A: new particles or interactions ARE found with direct search at LHC

→ Reveal the flavour structure of NP

Scenario B: NP keeps hiding

→ Extend the search to even higher mass scales looking at many possible effects at low energy



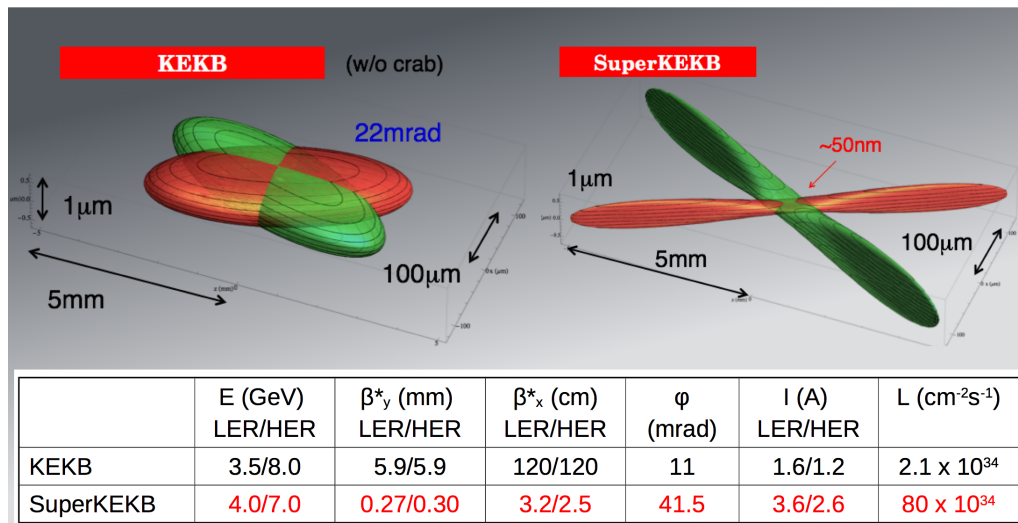


# KEKB upgrade to SuperKEKB

Channel	Belle	BaBar	Belle II (per year)
$B\bar{B}$	$7.7 \times 10^8$	$4.8 \times 10^8$	$1.1 \times 10^{10}$
$B_s^{(*)}\bar{B}_s^{(*)}$	$7.0 \times 10^6$	—	$6.0 \times 10^8$
$\Upsilon(1S)$	$1.0 \times 10^8$		$1.8 \times 10^{11}$
$\Upsilon(2S)$	$1.7 \times 10^8$	$0.9 \times 10^7$	$7.0 \times 10^{10}$
$\Upsilon(3S)$	$1.0 \times 10^7$	$1.0 \times 10^8$	$3.7 \times 10^{10}$
$\Upsilon(5S)$	$3.6 \times 10^7$	—	$3.0 \times 10^9$
$\tau\tau$	$1.0 \times 10^9$	$0.6 \times 10^9$	$1.0 \times 10^{10}$

$$L = \frac{\gamma_{\pm}}{2e r_e} \left( 1 + \frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*} \right) \frac{I_{\pm} \xi_{y\pm}}{\beta_{y\pm}^*} \left( \frac{R_L}{R_{\xi_y}} \right)$$

Lorentz factor  $\gamma_{\pm}$   
 Beam current  $I_{\pm}$   
 Beam-Beam parameter  $\xi_{y\pm}$   
 Geometrical reduction factors (crossing angle, hourglass effect)  $\left( \frac{R_L}{R_{\xi_y}} \right)$   
 Beam aspect ratio at IP  $\frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*}$   
 Vertical beta function at IP  $\beta_{y\pm}^*$   
 Minimum value is limited by hourglass effect



**Instantaneous luminosity 40x KEBB luminosity**

nano-beams scheme

(first proposed by P. Raimondi for SuperB)

Upgrades on many accelerator

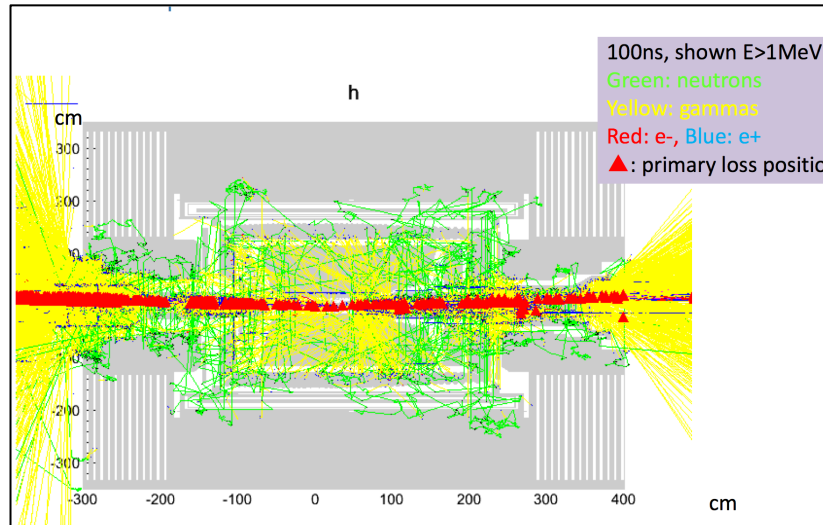
components

2x higher currents

**Costruction mostly done. Commisioning starting in 2015**

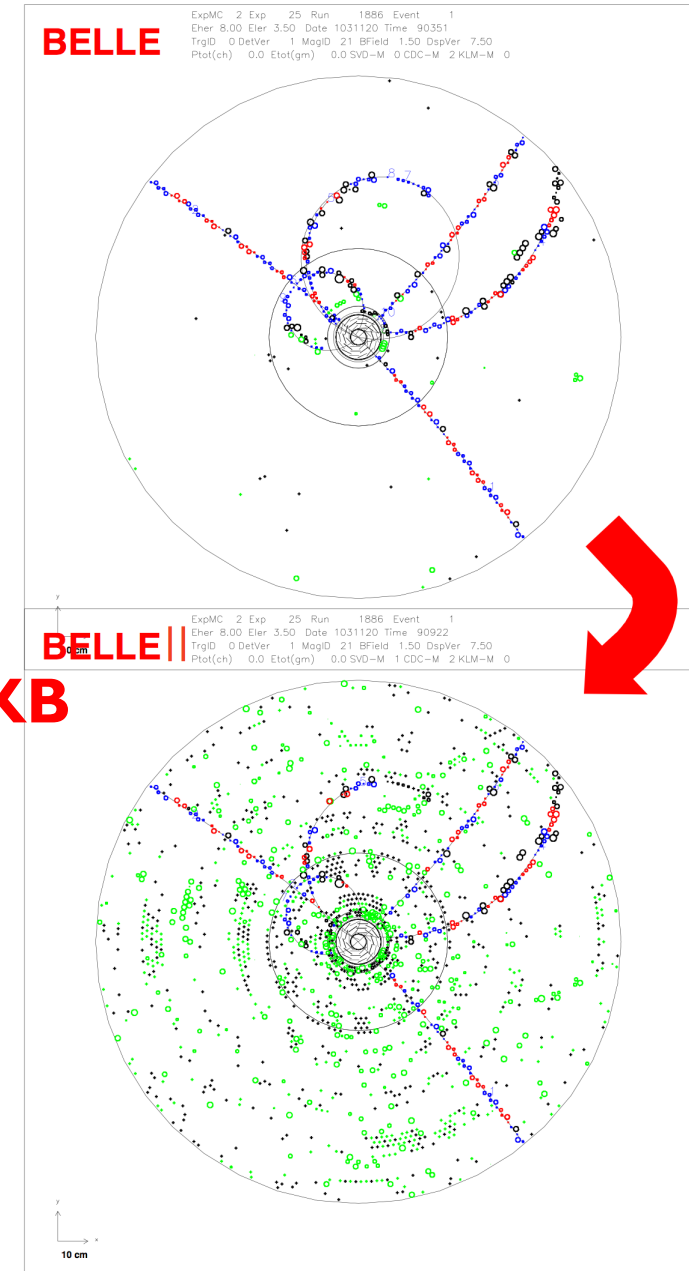
# Belle II detector upgrade

**Toucheck  
Rad. Bhabha  
2-photon**

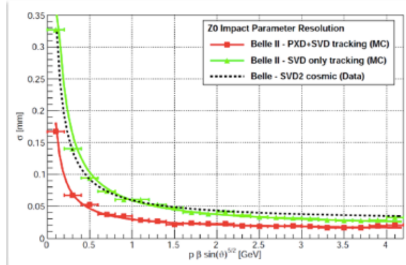


**Beam related backgrounds 10-20x KEKB**

Occupancy in detector  
pile-up in calorimeter  
fake hits  
radiation damage  
Higher event rates (LI trigger: 20 kHz)

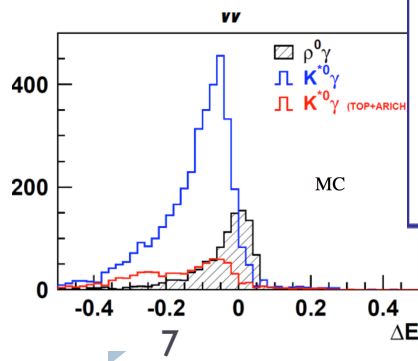
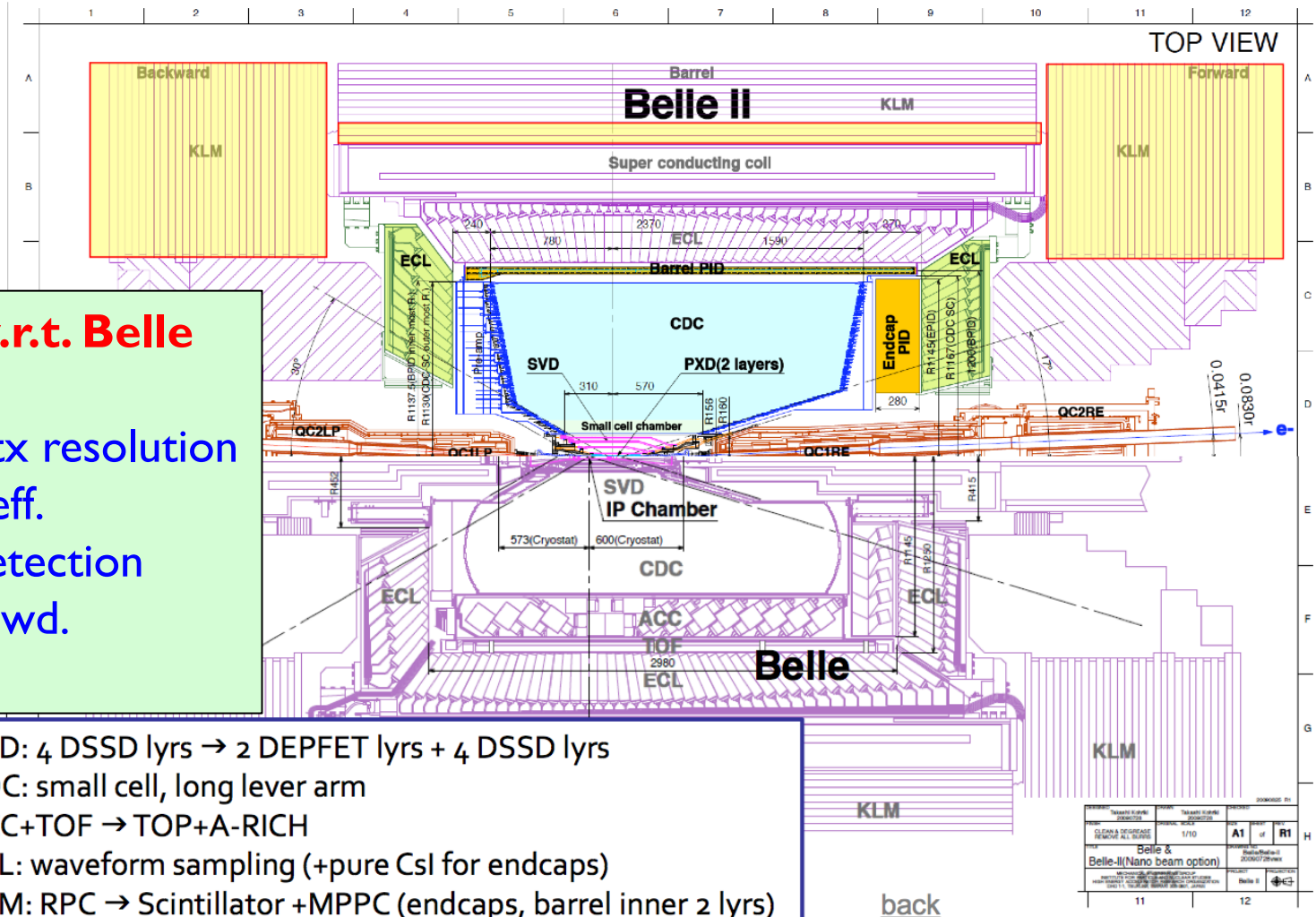


# Belle II upgraded detector



## Improvements w.r.t. Belle

IP and secondary vtx resolution  
 Ks reconstruction eff.  
 Muon ID and KL detection  
 K identification in Fwd.



SVD: 4 DSSD lyrs  $\rightarrow$  2 DEPFET lyrs + 4 DSSD lyrs  
 CDC: small cell, long lever arm  
 ACC+TOF  $\rightarrow$  TOP+A-RICH  
 ECL: waveform sampling (+pure CsI for endcaps)  
 KLM: RPC  $\rightarrow$  Scintillator +MPPC (endcaps, barrel inner 2 lyrs)

[back](#)

REVISION	REVISION	REVISION	REVISION
1	2	3	4
1/10	A1	of	R1
Belle II (Nano beam option)			
2006/07/28			
11			
12			

# Belle II unique capabilities

Exactly 2 quantum correlated B mesons at  $\Upsilon(4S)$

No trigger bias – almost 100% for B pairs

Excellent efficiency and resolution in tracking as well as in detecting photons,  $K_L, \pi^0$   
→ reconstruction of intermediate resonances  
→ Dalitz plot studies

Clean environment (compared to hadron machines) allows “full interpretation” of the event  
→ powerful tool for physics with missing energy (many neutrinos) or fully inclusive analyses

Large sample of D and  $\tau$  with low background

## Physics deliverables

Improved precision on CKM elements and UT angles

Search for CP violation phases:  
tree level decays  
penguins, including neutral modes

Inclusive measurements  $b \rightarrow s/d \gamma$   $b \rightarrow s \ell \ell$

ACP in radiative decays

Missing energy modes  
 $B \rightarrow \ell \nu$   $B \rightarrow K \nu \nu$ ,  $B \rightarrow X_{u,c} \ell \nu$

LFV in  $\tau \rightarrow \ell \gamma, \ell \ell \ell$

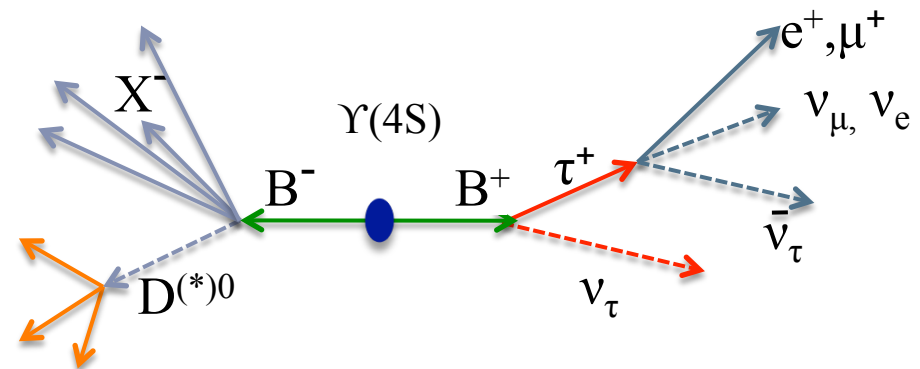
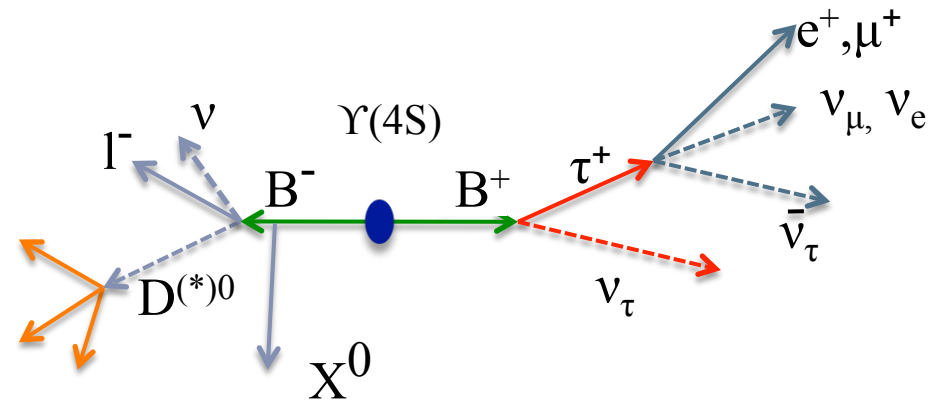
Dark matter, spectroscopy, Hidden sector

# Full event interpretation (tagged analyses)

- For signal with weak exp. signature like
  - Decay with missing momentum ( many neutrinos in the final state)
  - Inclusive analyses
- background rejection improved fully reconstructing the companion B (tag)
- Tag with semileptonic decays
  - PRO: Higher efficiency  $\varepsilon_{\text{tag}} \sim 1.5\%$
  - CON: more backgrounds, B momentum unmeasured
- Tag with hadronic decays
  - PRO: much cleaner events, B momentum reconstructed
  - CON: smaller efficiency  $\varepsilon_{\text{tag}} \sim 0.2\%$

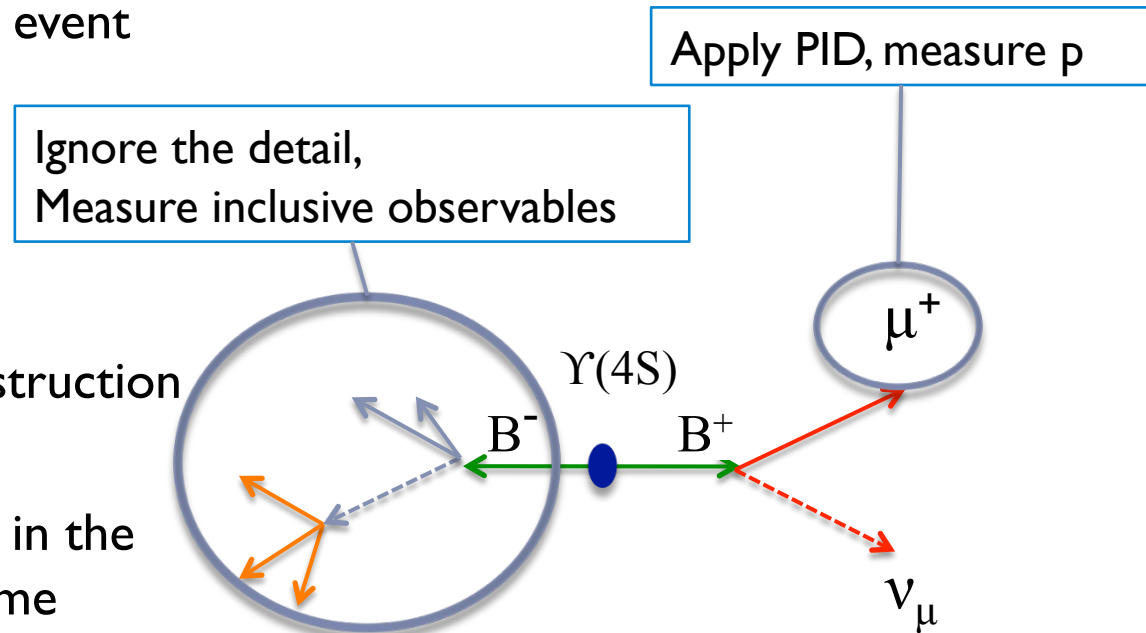
**Fully reco**

**Look for signal**



# Untagged analyses still possible

- Inclusive on the rest of the event when the signal signature strong enough
- $B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu$ 
  - Loose neutrino reconstruction
- $B \rightarrow \mu \nu$ 
  - Monochromatic muon in the final state in B rest frame
    - Smeared in the CM frame



High efficiency but large backgrounds, too



# Belle II Collaboration



Belle II already a large collaboration with Institutes from Asia Europe and North America

# Physics Highlights

(selected topics of a vast program)



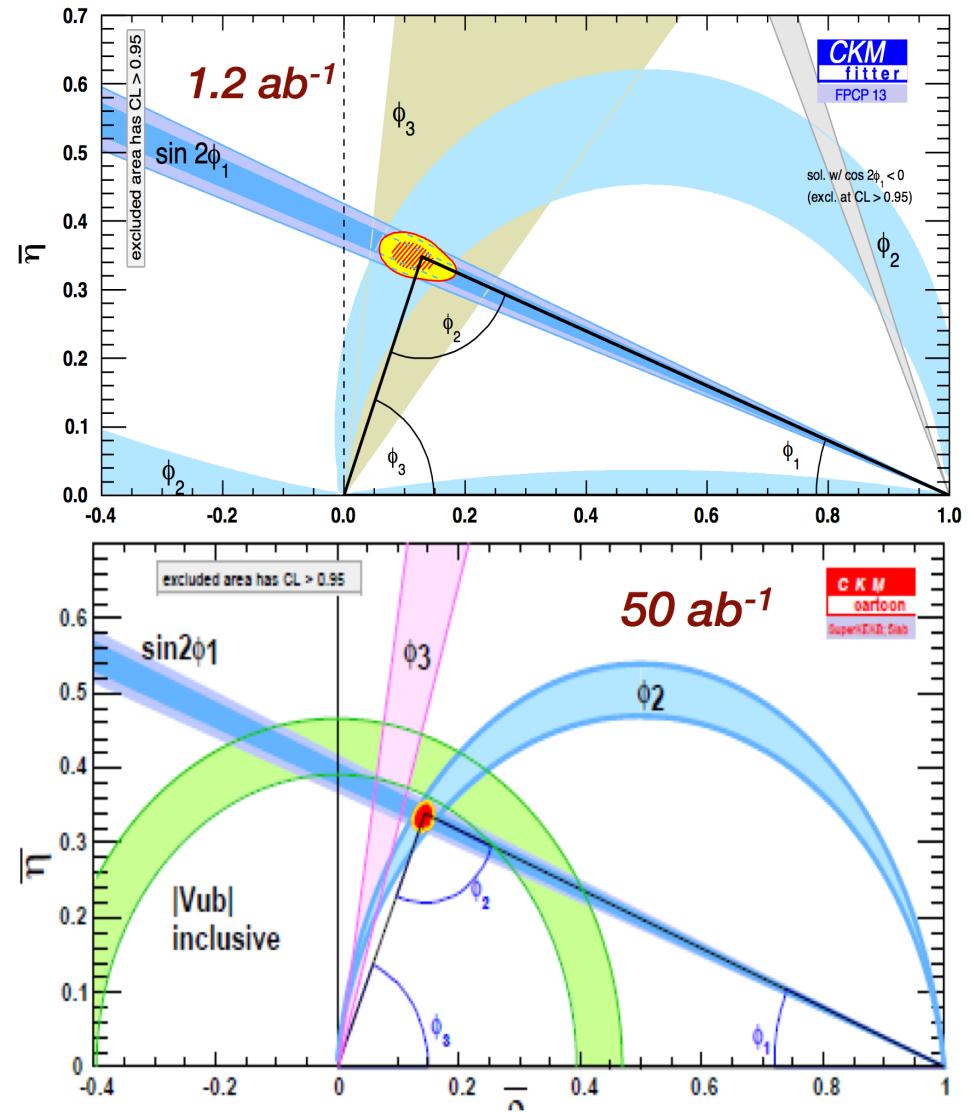
# CKM UT angles

**Uncertainties on UT angles will be substantially reduced**

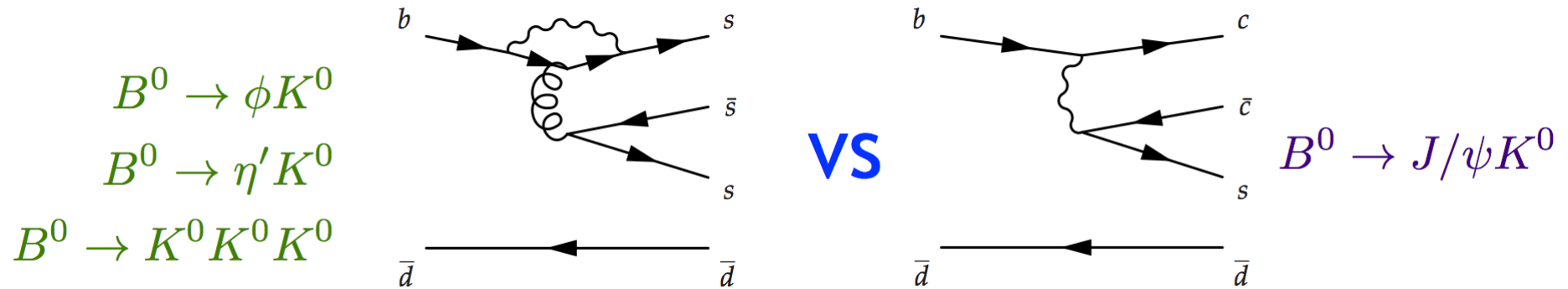
Competitive with LHC-b  
In addition accurate measurements on many final states (with neutrals):  
ex:  $B \rightarrow \pi\pi, \rho\pi, \rho\rho$  etc...

UT 2014	Belle II
$\alpha$ 4° (WA)	1°
$\beta$ 0.8° (WA)	0.2°
$\gamma$ 8.5° (WA) 14° (Belle)	1-1.5°

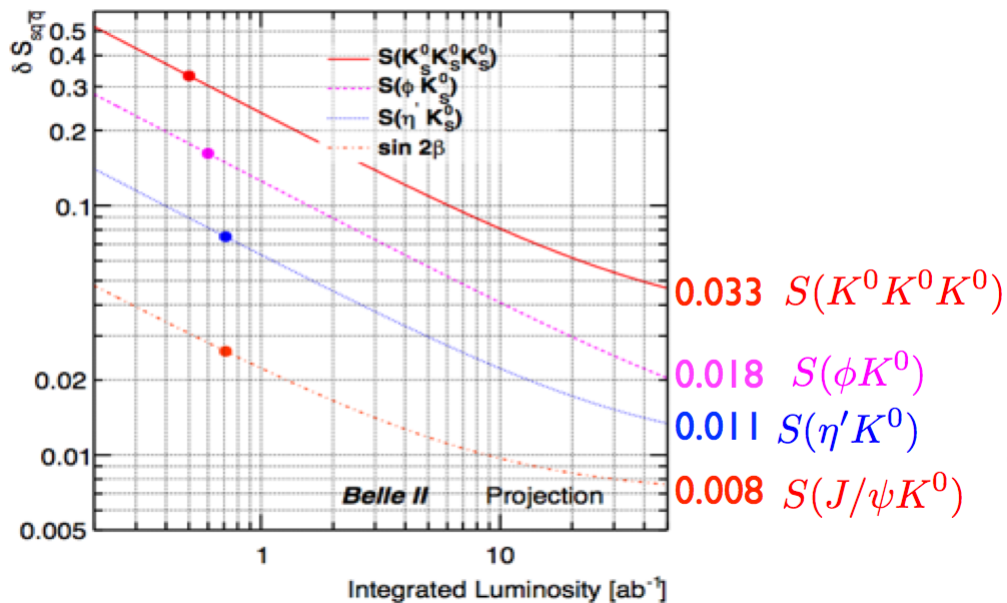
Measurement of  $\gamma$  and  $|V_{ub}|$  can have the role of setting the SM baseline for interpreting deviations as NP signals



# Additional sources of CPV



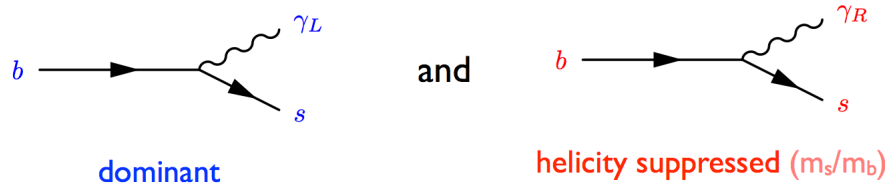
## Belle II projections



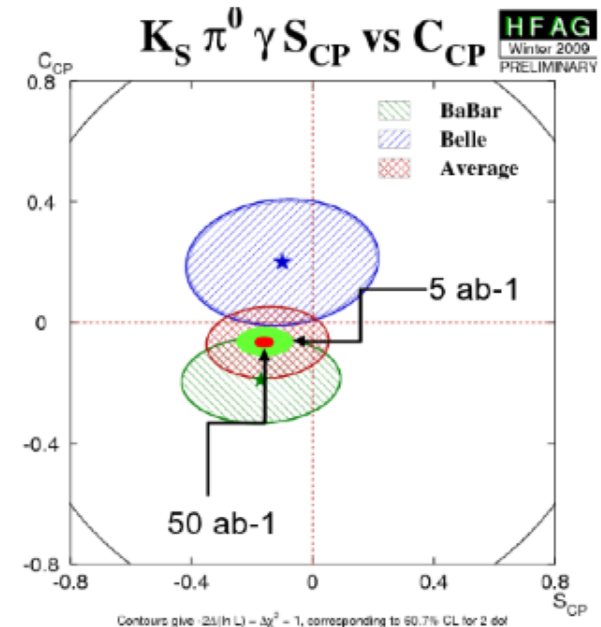
Prospects for  $\delta S(b \rightarrow s) = 0.01$  @ 50ab-1

Need theory uncertainty on SM  
be competitive

# Mixing induced CPV with radiative peng.

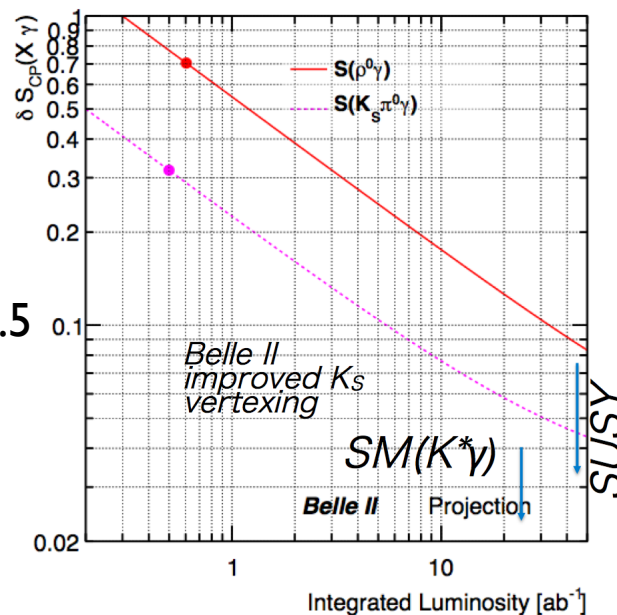


In SM helicity suppression.  
BSM RH current may enhance interference  
→ TD CP asymmetry

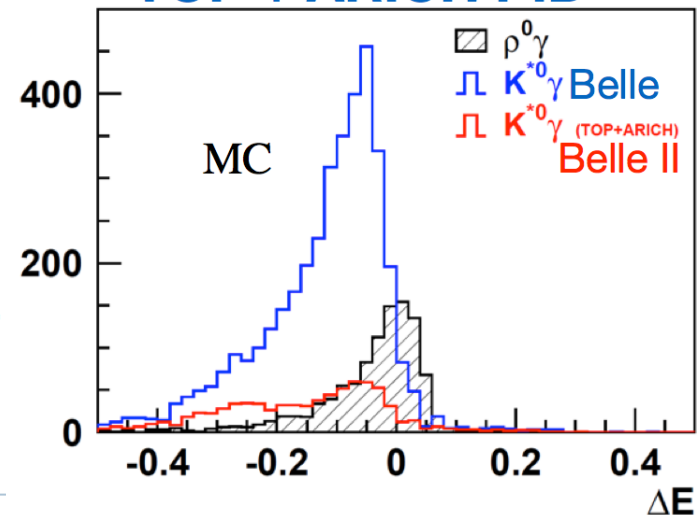


SM exp:  $S \sim -0.03$

Left-right models up to 0.5



## TOP + ARICH PID



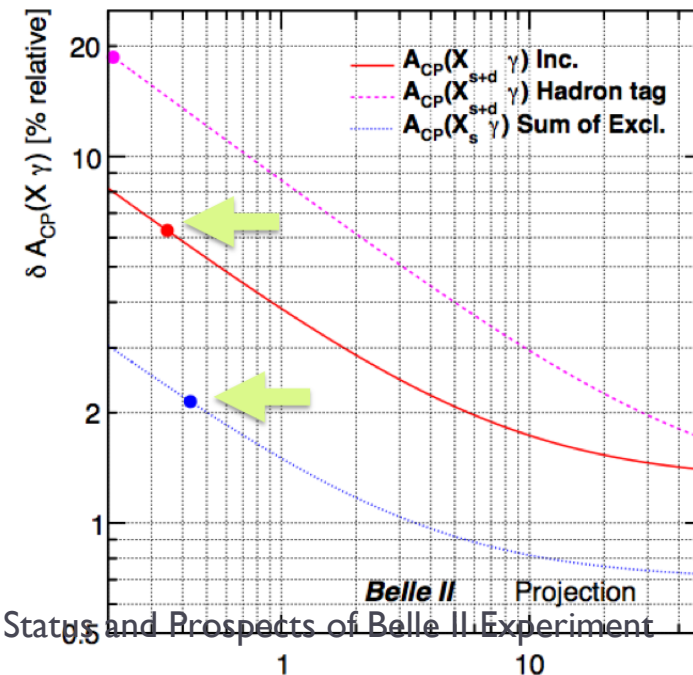
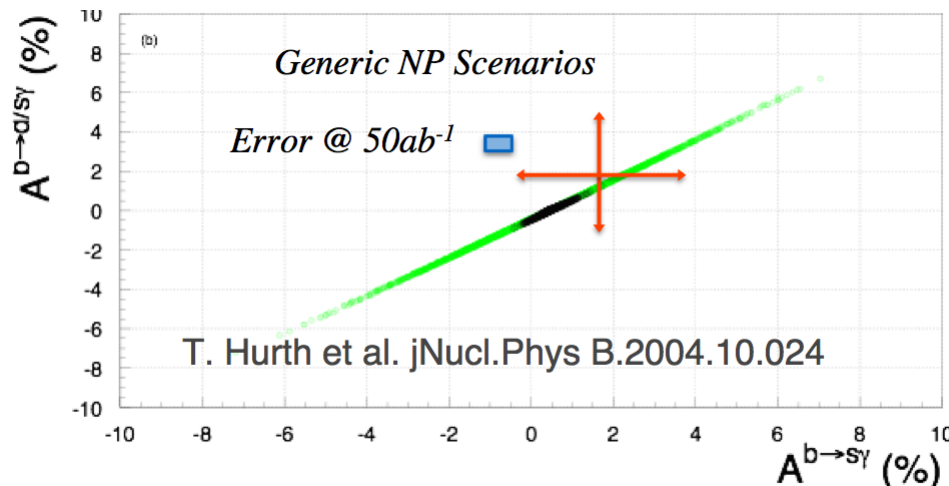
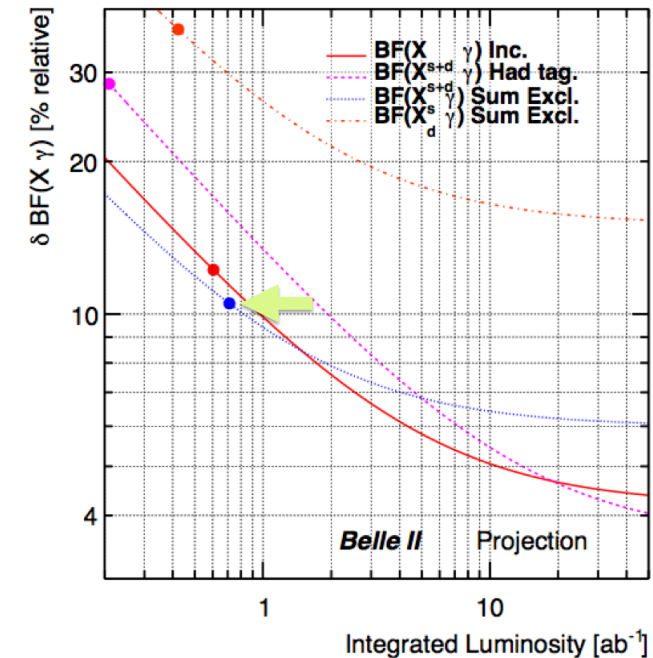
# Inclusive radiative $b \rightarrow s/d \gamma$

Two exp. techniques: sum of exclusive modes or inclusive  
Sum of exclusive shows disagreements with  
simulated fragmentation models

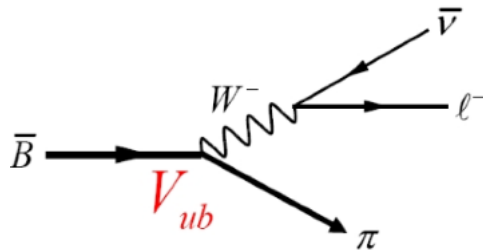
Rate

Experimental uncertainty at 5% level

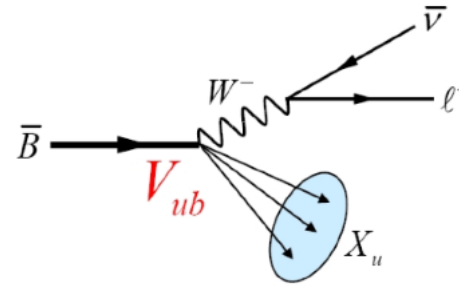
$A_{CP}$  may be a test of NP: expected experimental error: 0.5%



# |V<sub>ub</sub>| extraction from b → u



$$\frac{d\Gamma(B \rightarrow \pi l \nu)}{dq^2} = \frac{G_F^2}{24\pi^3} p_\pi^3 |V_{ub}|^2 \times |f(q^2)|^2$$



$$\Gamma_{SL} = |V_{ub}|^2 \frac{G_F^2 m_b^5}{192\pi^3} \times A_{pert} \times A_{non-pert}(1/m_b)$$

Theory input: form factors from Lattice  
and sum rules

Experimentally more constrained

Both untagged & tagged analyses

Theory input: OPE

Huge b → c l ν background

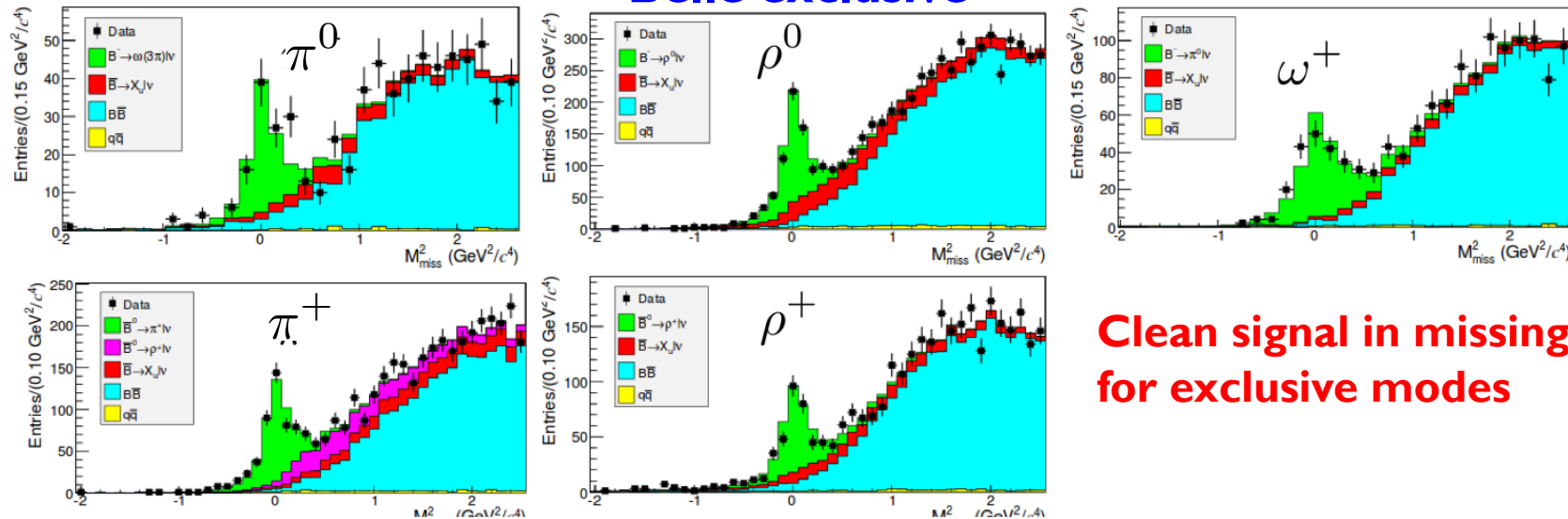
Must select phase space region (M<sub>x</sub>, q<sup>2</sup>, p<sub>l</sub>)  
to enhance B → u signal

Need theory to extrapolate to full rate

Tight selections jeopardize theory  
extrapolation

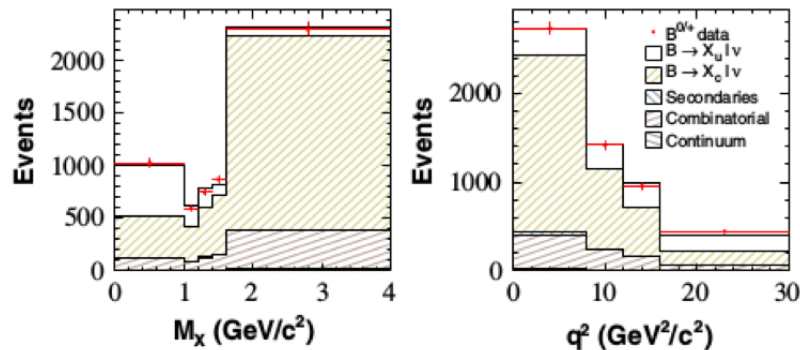
# Current Measurements with hadronic tag

## Belle exclusive



**Clean signal in missing mass for exclusive modes**

## Belle inclusive



$b \rightarrow u \ell \nu$  signal enhanced w.r.t.  $b \rightarrow c$  backgrounds in low  $M_X$  and high  $q^2$  but

important: control on systematics effects from charm background composition and  $u$  quark fragmentation  $\rightarrow$  can be improved with Belle II

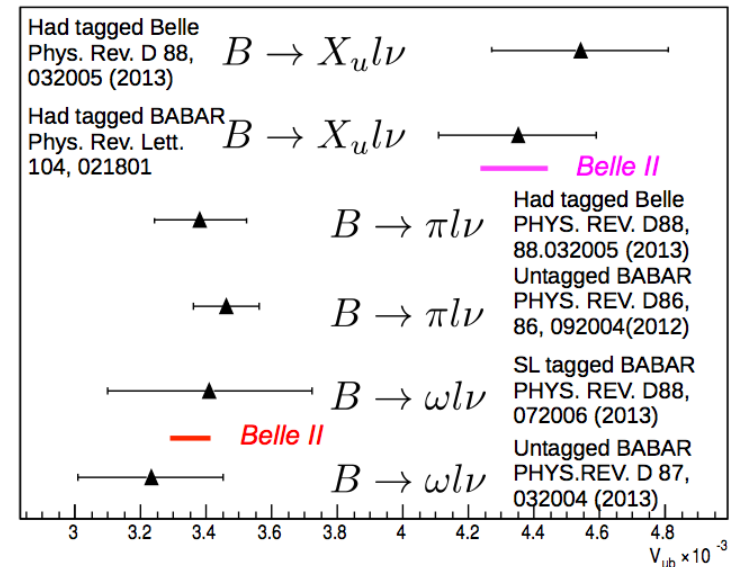
# Extrapolation to Belle II (1)

$|V_{ub}|_{\text{exc}}$  vs  $|V_{ub}|_{\text{inc}}$  “tension” is still here after years of experimental and theoretical efforts  
Just statistics?

A systematic effect in experiment. or theory or both?

Belle II expected to settle this.

Alexander Ermakov (FPCP14):

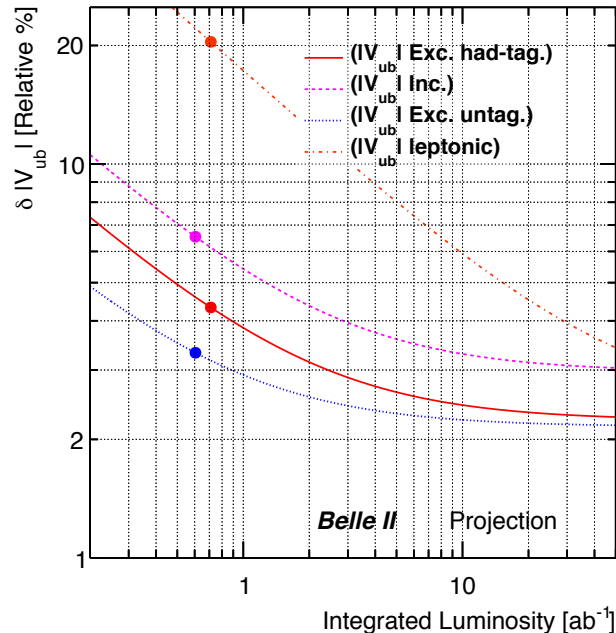


Belle II will reduce the uncertainties on  $|V_{ub}|$

Provide much more consistency checks for theory and experimental effects



# |V<sub>ub</sub>| extrapolation for Belle II (2)



	Statistical	Systematic	Total Exp	Theory	Total
	(reducible, irreducible)				
$ V_{ub} $ exclusive (had. tagged)					
711 fb <sup>-1</sup>	3.0	(2.3, 1.0)	3.8	8.7 (2.0)	9.5 (4.3)
5 ab <sup>-1</sup>	1.1	(0.9, 1.0)	1.7	4.0 (2.0)	4.4 (2.6)
50 ab <sup>-1</sup>	0.4	(0.3, 1.0)	1.1	2.0	2.3
$ V_{ub} $ exclusive (untagged)					
605 fb <sup>-1</sup>	1.4	(2.1, 0.8)	2.9	8.7 (2.0)	9.1 (4.0)
5 ab <sup>-1</sup>	0.5	(0.8, 0.8)	1.2	4.0 (2.0)	4.2 (2.4)
50 ab <sup>-1</sup>	0.2	(0.3, 0.8)	0.9	2.0	2.2
$ V_{ub} $ inclusive					
605 fb <sup>-1</sup> (old $B$ tag)	4.5	(3.7, 1.6)	6.0	2.5–4.5	6.5–7.5
5 ab <sup>-1</sup>	1.1	(1.3, 1.6)	2.3	2.5–4.5	3.4–5.1
50 ab <sup>-1</sup>	0.4	(0.4, 1.6)	1.7	2.5–4.5	3.0–4.8

Assumption is theory error down to 2% for exclusive and 2-4 % for inclusive modes

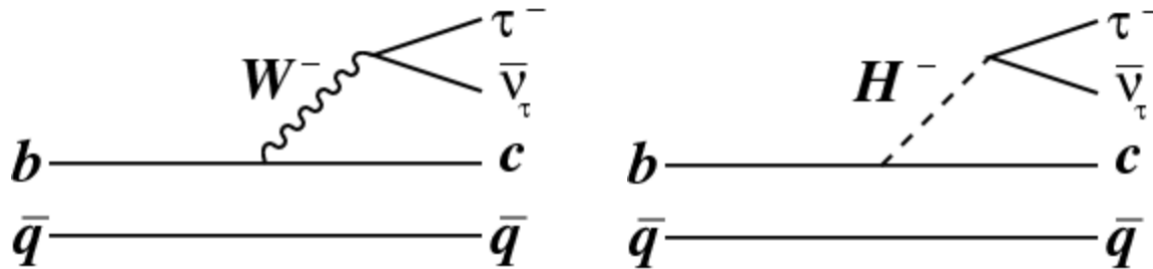
Most promising are exclusive analysis with hadronic tags: to perform clean and detailed exploration of exclusive  $b \rightarrow u$  modes spectra.

Improvements on theory predictions need as well (  $B \rightarrow \rho \ell \nu$  lattice )

Untagged analyses still competitive for  $|V_{ub}|$  measurement



$$B \rightarrow D^* \tau \nu$$



Input for SM prediction:

exp:  $|V_{cb}|$  measurement

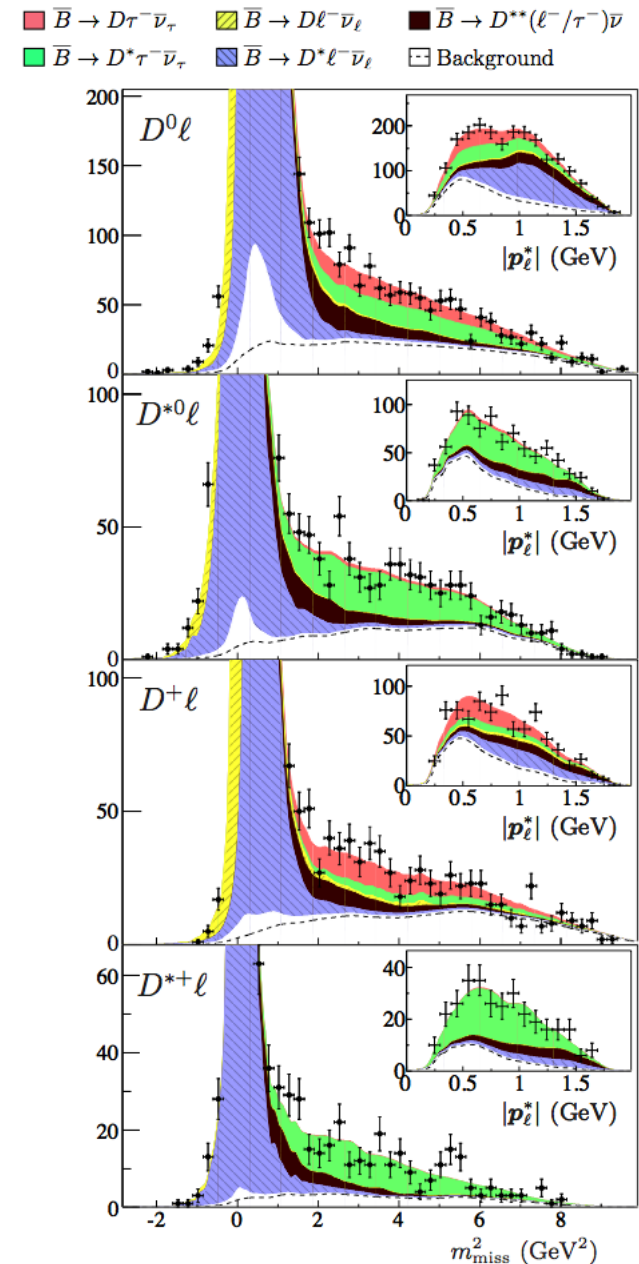
theory: form factor

New Physics from Charged Higgs

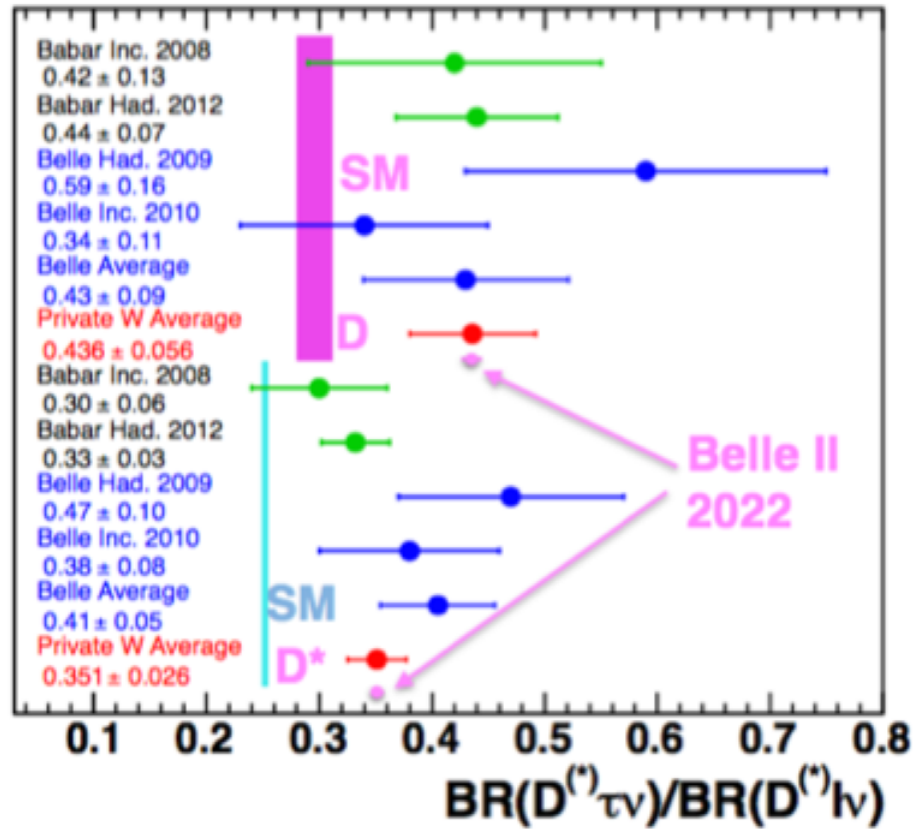
Measure a ratio  $R = B(B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \nu) / B(B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \ell \nu)$

**Experimentally hard: signature is not a peak on a smooth background!**

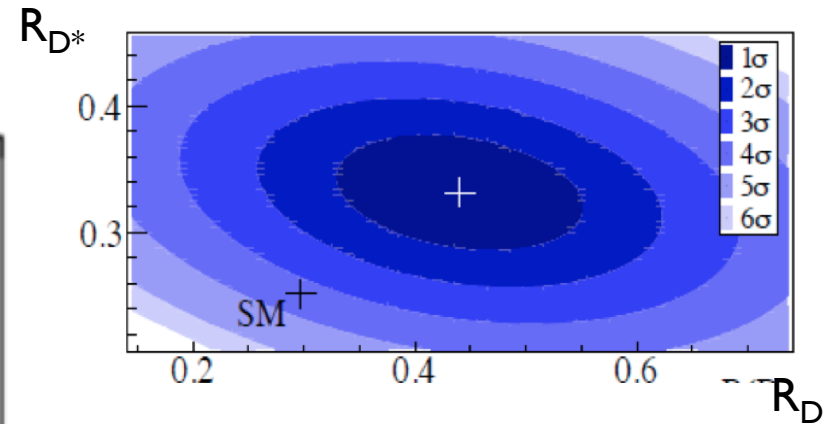
Data driven methods to control the backgrounds (combinatorial and  $D^{**}$  backgrounds)



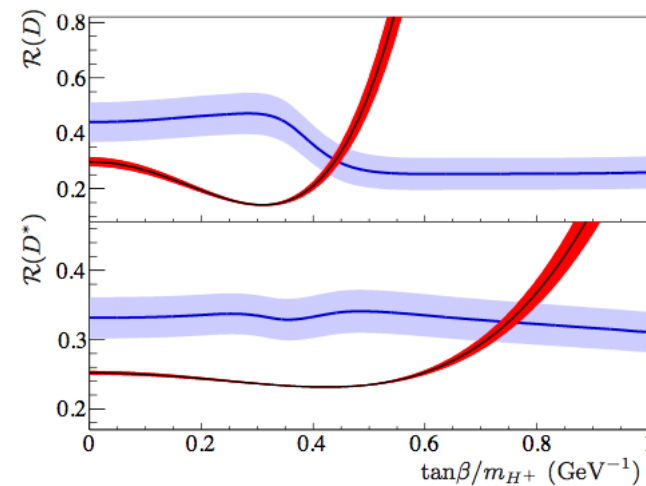
$$B \rightarrow D^* \tau \nu$$



Surprise:  $3\sigma$  excess over SM prediction!



Surprise: kills the 2HDM Type II



# Belle II improvements in $B \rightarrow D^* \tau \nu$

Confirm the excess with few  $\text{ab}^{-1}$

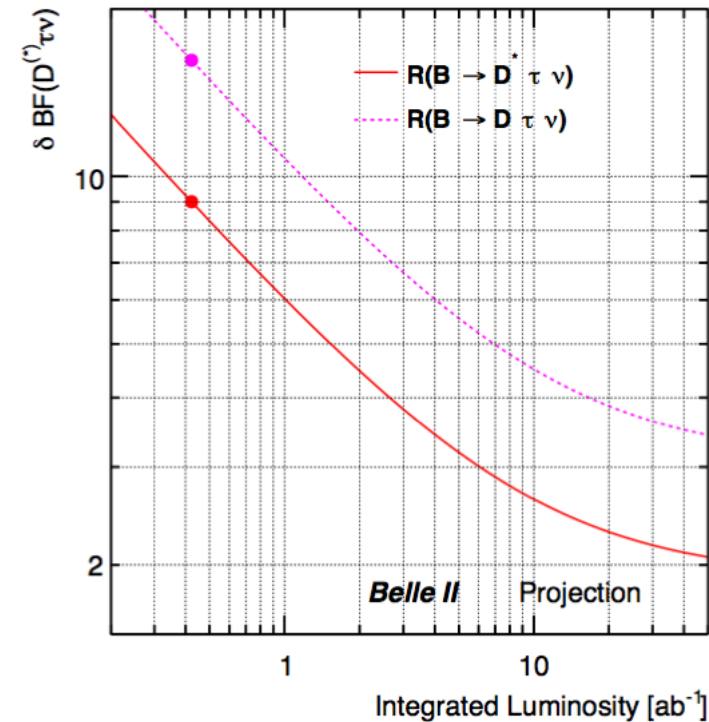
With more data, better understanding of backgrounds tails under the signal.

We also expect a better understanding of  $B \rightarrow D^{**} l \nu$  (most delicate BG)

Measure differential distribution

Expected Uncertainties

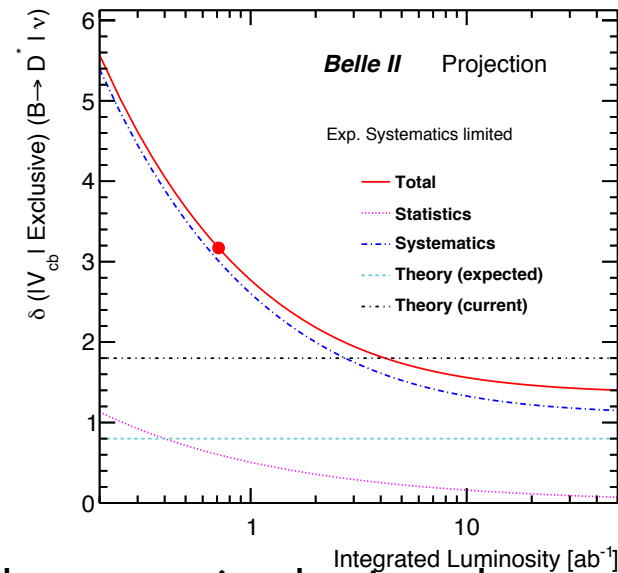
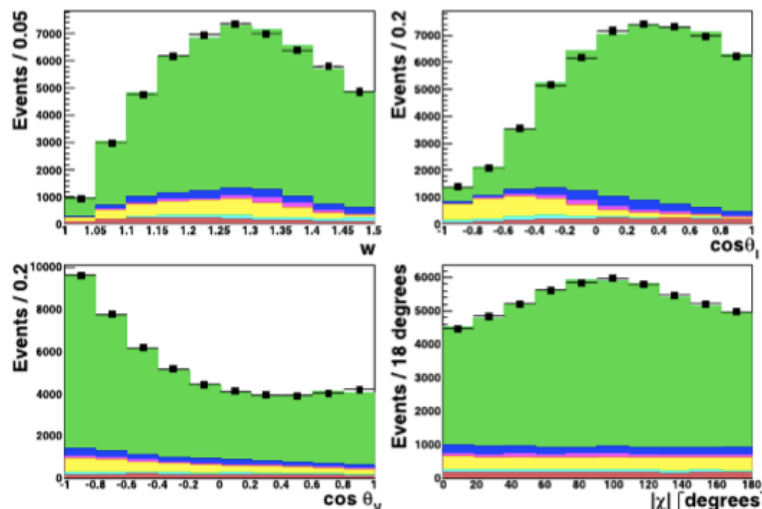
Ratio	5 $\text{ab}^{-1}$	50 $\text{ab}^{-1}$
$R_{D^*}$	3%	2%
$R_D$	6%	3%



Uncertainty dominated by systematics

# $|V_{cb}|$ exclusive $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$

- Currently most accurate measurement of  $|V_{cb}|$  from  $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$  exclusive decay



Belle measurement has 5% total uncertainty, already systematics dominated

Expect theo uncertainty from 2%  $\rightarrow$  below 1% with Belle II taking data

Most of the systematics are detector related and can improve with Belle II apparatus and scale with luminosity.

Experimental irreducible component estimated at 1% level

# $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$ and $B \rightarrow D l \nu$

	Statistical	Systematic	Total Exp	Theory	Total
	(reducible, irreducible)				
$ V_{cb} $ exclusive : F(1)					
711 fb <sup>-1</sup>	0.6	(2.8, 1.1)	3.1	1.8	3.6
5 ab <sup>-1</sup>	0.2	(1.1, 1.1)	1.5	1.0	1.8
50 ab <sup>-1</sup>	0.1	(0.3, 1.1)	1.2	0.8*	1.4
$ V_{cb} $ exclusive : G(1)					
423 fb <sup>-1</sup>	4.5	(3.1, 1.2)	5.6	2.2	3.6
5 ab <sup>-1</sup>	1.3	(0.9, 1.2)	2.0	1.5*	2.7
50 ab <sup>-1</sup>	0.6	(0.4, 1.2)	1.4	1.0*	1.7

*Similar level of accuracy from  $B \rightarrow D^* l \nu$  and  $B \rightarrow D l \nu$*

# $B \rightarrow X_c \ell \nu$ inclusive at Belle II

(Modest) improvement of experimental uncertainties expected.

- Better determination of  $B \rightarrow D^{**} \ell \nu$  component
- Improved control on the tag B normalization
- Largest experimental systematics from PID and tracking

We expect a 0.5% ultimate systematic uncertainty

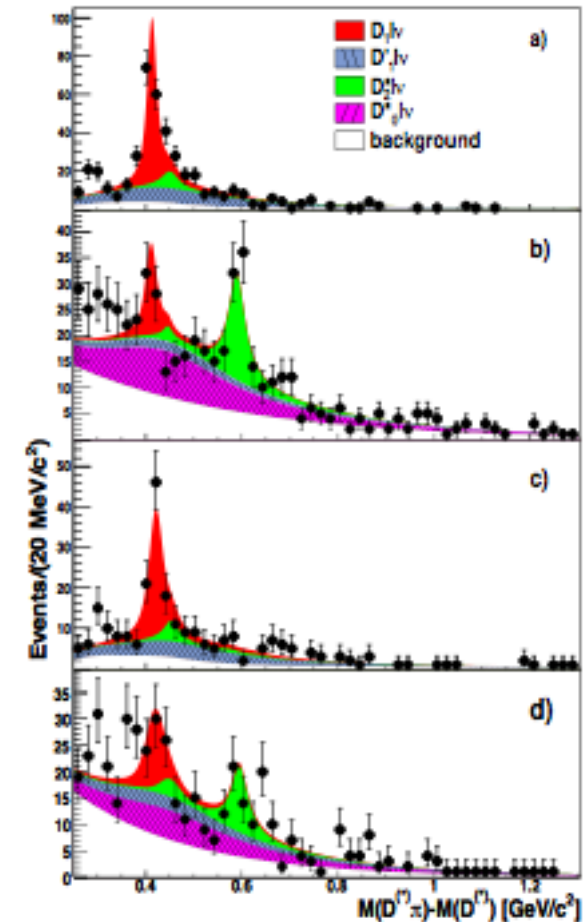
We assume theory uncertainty at 1% that will saturate the error budget

## Belle II deliverables:

Detailed exploration of  $B \rightarrow D \pi \ell \nu$

Solve “puzzles” like the gap between inclusive and exclusive  $V_{cb}$

Check if exclusive modes saturate inclusive rate



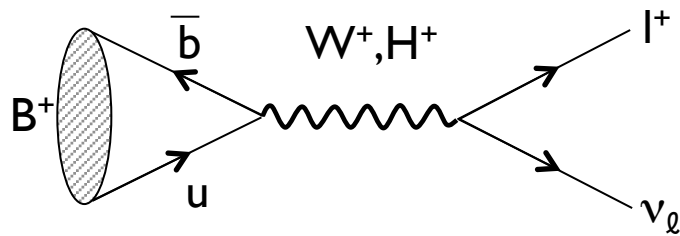
Fitted  $D^{(*)} \pi$  mass spectrum of  
Phys.Rev.Lett. 101 (2008) 261802

$B \rightarrow l \nu$

Very clean theoretically, hard experimentally

SM contribution helicity suppressed

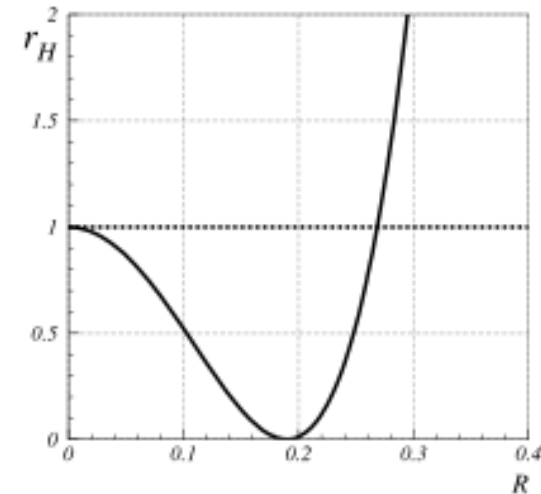
Sensitive to NP contribution (charged Higgs)



$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow l \nu) = \frac{G_F^2 m_B}{8\pi} m_l^2 \left(1 - \frac{m_l^2}{m_B^2}\right)^2 f_B^2 |V_{ub}|^2 \tau_B$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow l \nu) = \mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow l \nu)_{SM} \times r_H$$

$$r_H = \left(1 - \tan^2 \beta \frac{m_B^2}{m_H^2}\right)^2 \quad \text{in 2HDM type II}$$



#### STANDARD MODEL PREDICTIONS

Mode	$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell)$	
$\tau \nu_\tau$	$(1.01 \pm 0.29) \times 10^{-4}$	Accessible with current data sets
$\mu \nu_\mu$	$\sim 0.45 \times 10^{-6}$	Need Belle II statistics
$e \nu_e$	$\sim 0.8 \times 10^{-11}$	Beyond the reach of experiments

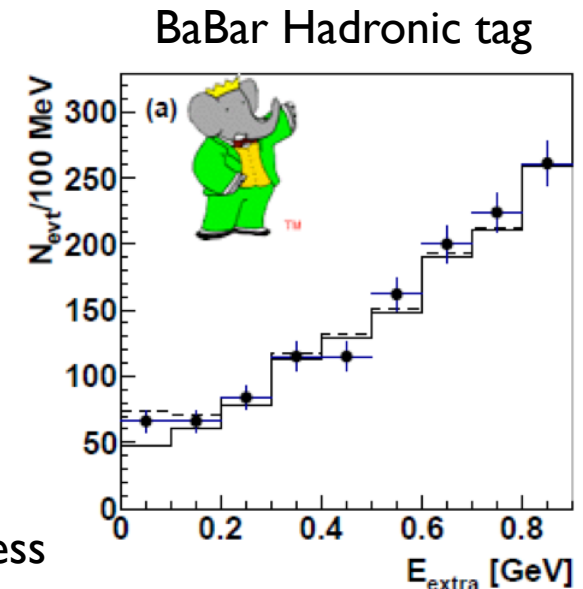
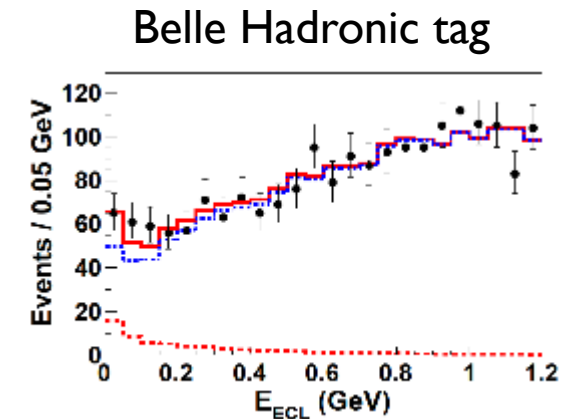
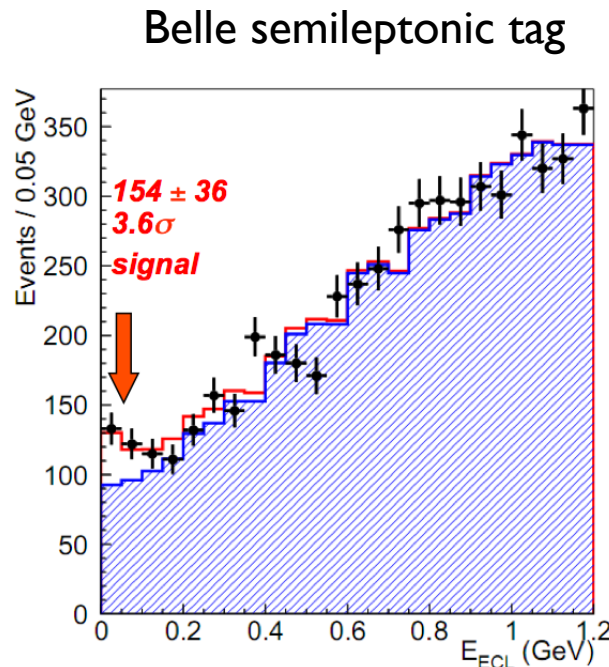
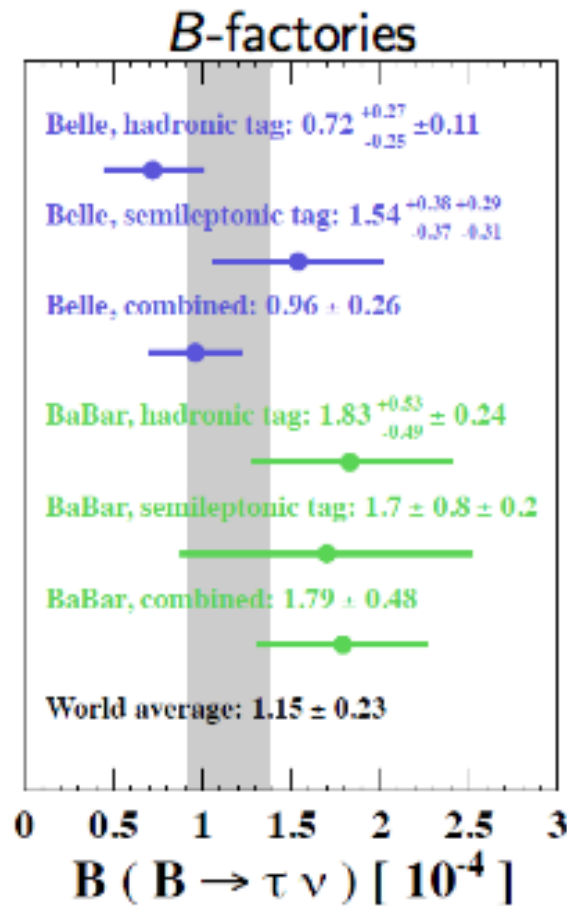
Belle II can also test lepton flavour universality



$$R^{\tau e} = \frac{\Gamma(B \rightarrow e \nu)}{\Gamma(B \rightarrow \tau \nu)}$$

$$R^{\tau \mu} = \frac{\Gamma(B \rightarrow \mu \nu)}{\Gamma(B \rightarrow \tau \nu)}$$

# Belle and BaBar measurements



New Belle semileptonic tag results further reduce the excess

$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau \nu) = (1.14 \pm 0.22) \times 10^{-4} \text{ (HFAG2013)}$$



$B \rightarrow \mu \nu$  and  $B \rightarrow e \nu$

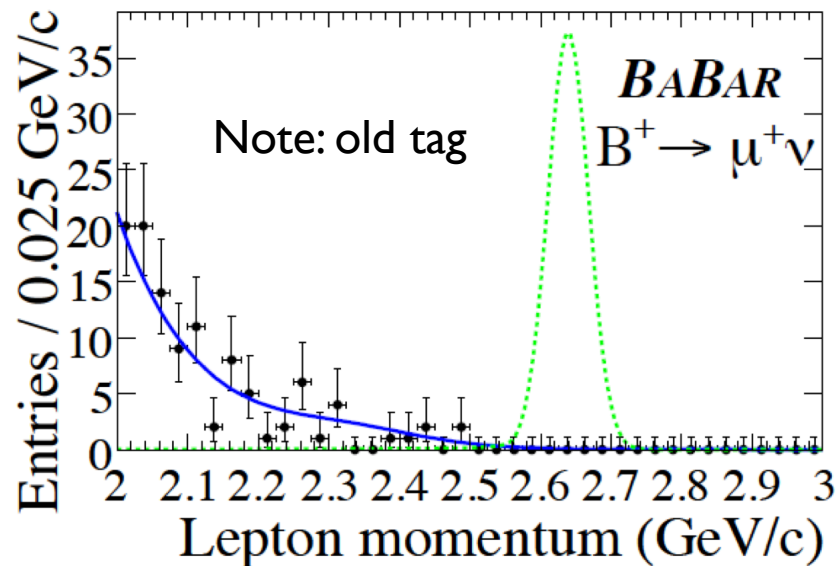
Monochromatic lepton in the B rest frame

Almost background free with tagged analyses

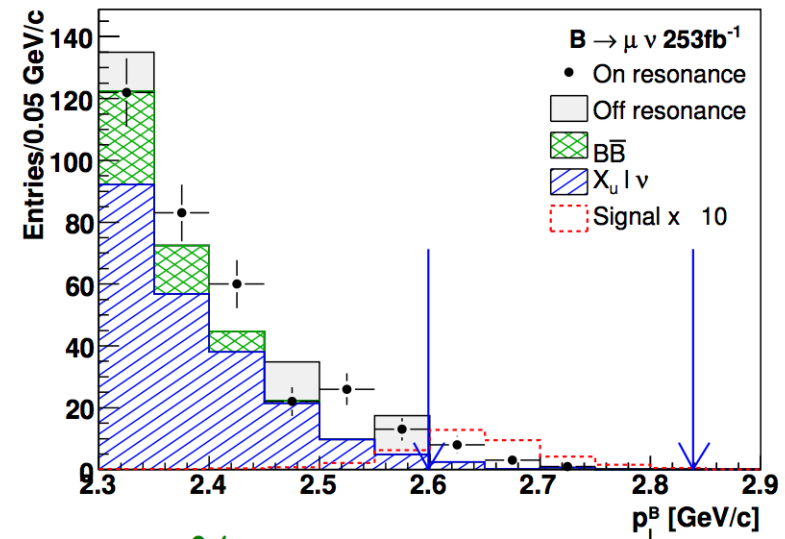
$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \mu \nu) < 5.6 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \mu \nu) < 1.7 \times 10^{-6}$$

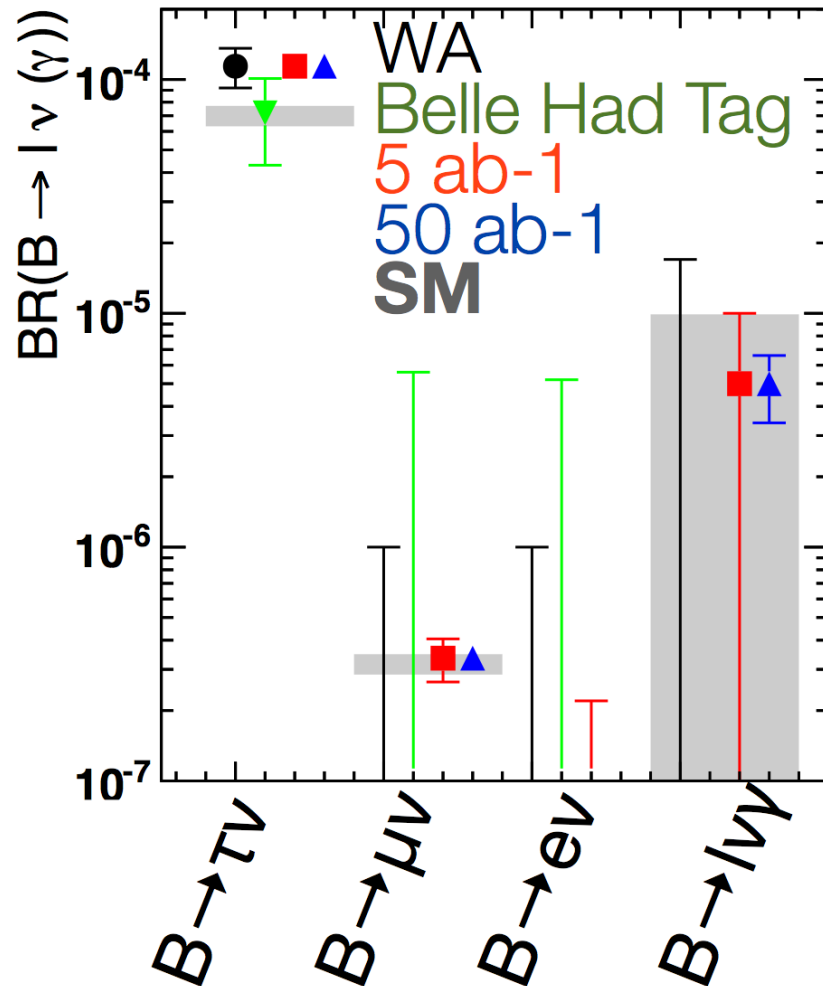
Hadronic tag BaBar



Semileptonic tag Belle



# Belle II outlook for leptonic B decays



Extrapolated  $B \rightarrow \tau \nu$  uncertainty  
10% after 5 ab<sup>-1</sup> and 3%-5% after 50 ab<sup>-1</sup>  
Dominated by systematics

Extrapolated  $B \rightarrow \mu \nu$  uncertainty  
20% after 5 ab<sup>-1</sup> and 7% after 50 ab<sup>-1</sup>

$B \rightarrow e \nu$  SM prediction out of reach,  
Sensitivity to B.R. of  $7 \cdot 10^{-8}$  with 50 ab<sup>-1</sup>

Q: What is the ultimate the ultimate  
experimental systematic uncertainty?  
Naïve guess : 3%

# Electroweak penguins with charged leptons

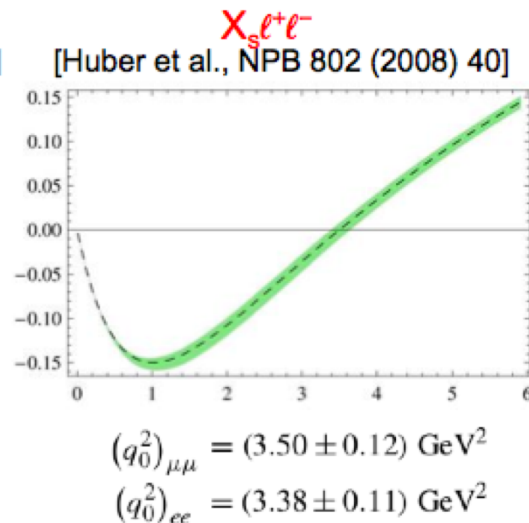
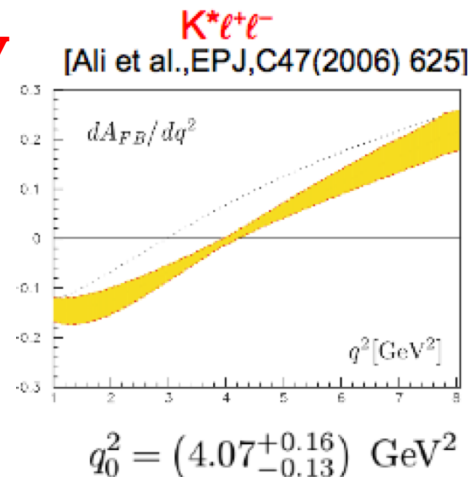
## $B \rightarrow K^* \mu \mu$ decays FB asymmetry

the  $q^2$  distribution zero crossing  
precisely known in SM

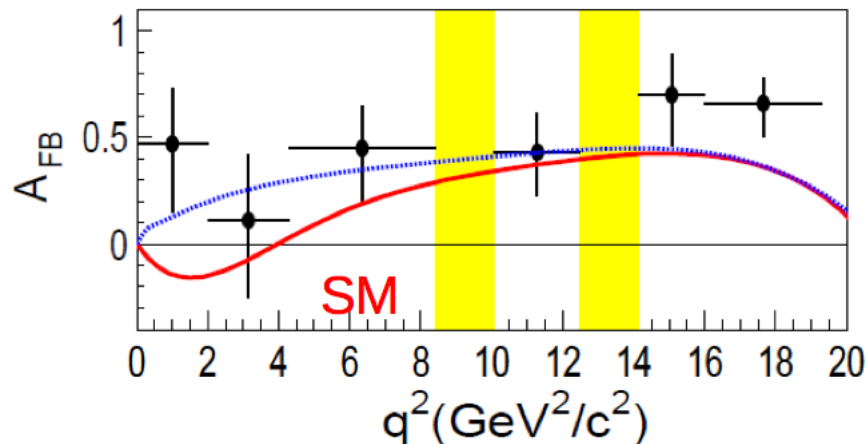
LHC-b will reach a 2% accuracy

Belle II: smaller statistics but adds

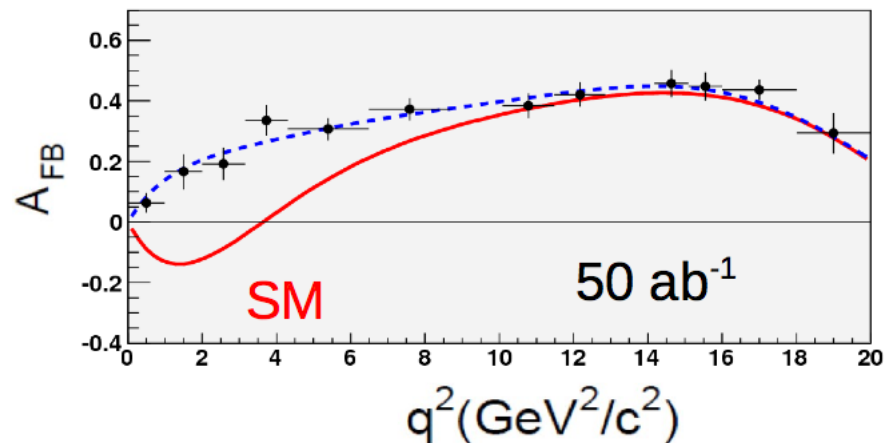
- Clean electron mode  $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} e e$
- inclusive analysis of  $B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$
- third generation  $B \rightarrow K \tau \tau$



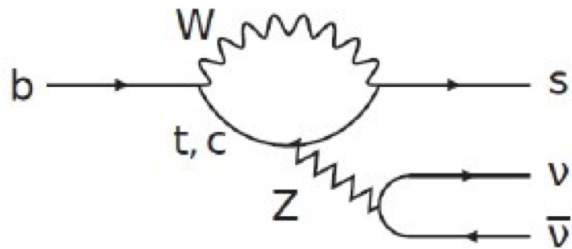
Belle : Phys Rev Lett 103 171801 (2009)



Extrapolation to Belle II with  $50 \text{ ab}^{-1}$

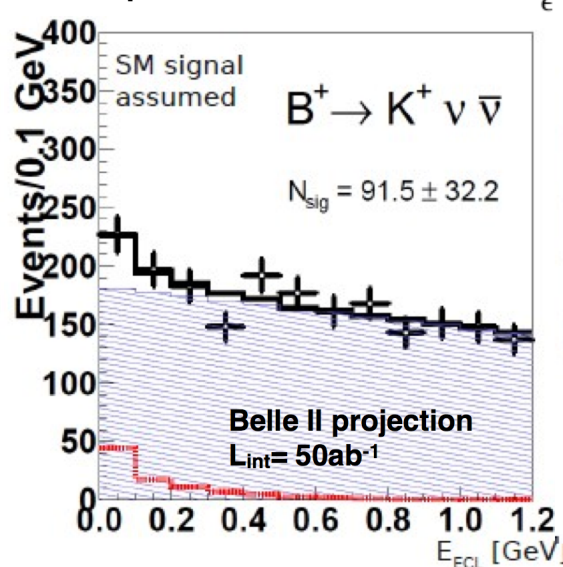


# Electroweak penguins with neutrinos



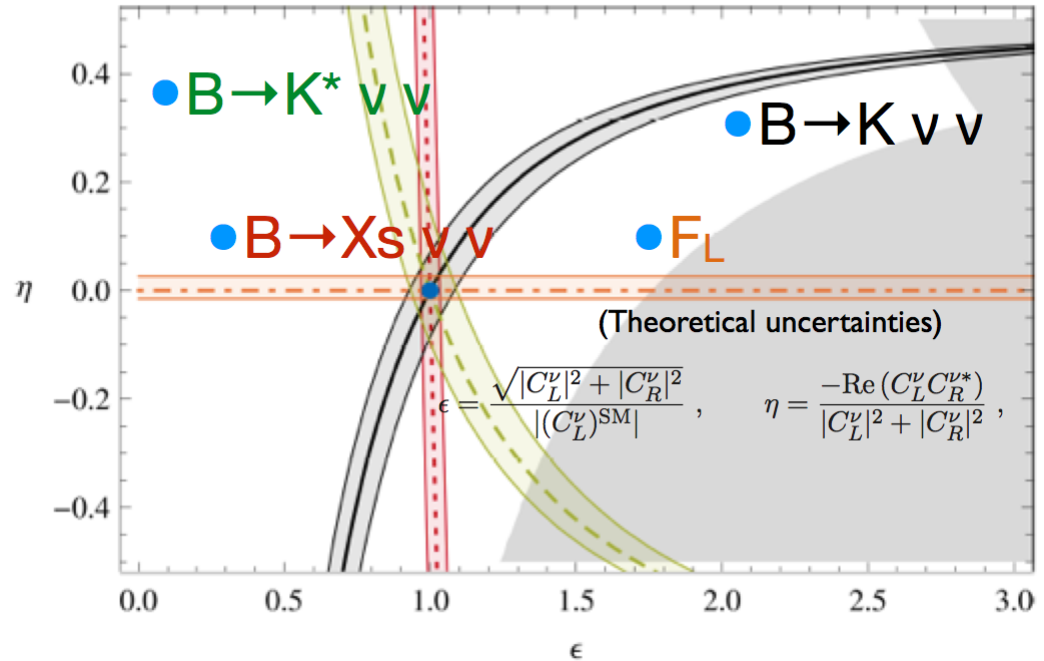
$B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \nu \nu$  possible only at Belle II

Extrapolation to Belle II



► 32

Altmannshofer et al., JHEP 0904:022,2009



Extrapolation to Belle II 30% accuracy assuming SM  
With with one tag method only (hadronic)

To be considered: improvements in PID, tagging efficiency,  
better  $K_L$  rejection, background rejection with ECL  
timing...

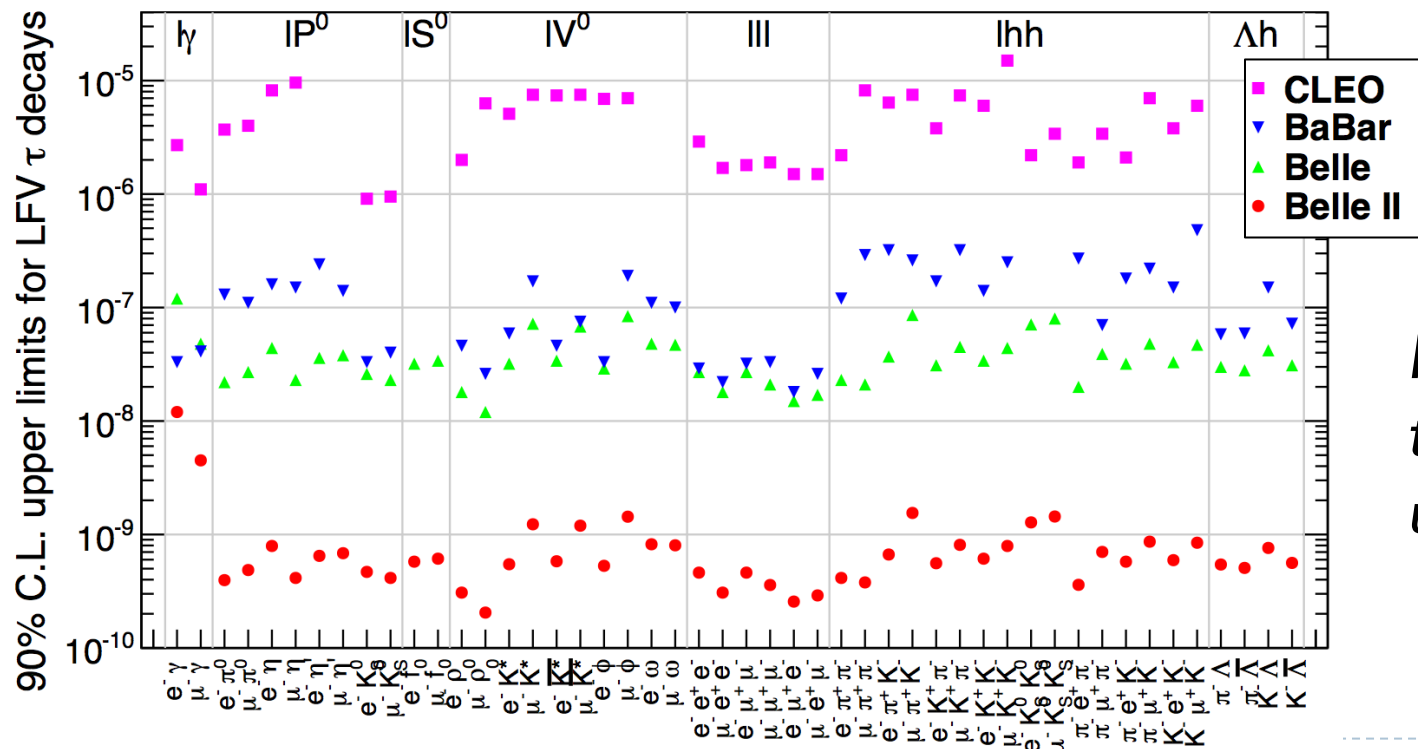
# Lepton Flavour Violation in Tau decays

LFV in  $\tau$  decays clean null test of SM

$\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu$  and  $eee$  background free searches

LHCb not competitive (?)

	reference	$\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$	$\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu$
SM + heavy Maj $\nu_R$	PRD 66(2002)034008	$10^{-9}$	$10^{-10}$
Non-universal $Z'$	PLB 547(2002)252	$10^{-9}$	$10^{-8}$
SUSY SO(10)	PRD 68(2003)033012	$10^{-8}$	$10^{-10}$
mSUGRA+seesaw	PRD 66(2002)115013	$10^{-7}$	$10^{-9}$
SUSY Higgs	PLB 566(2003)217	$10^{-10}$	$10^{-7}$



*Improvements up to 50x on all upper limits*

# Charm

## Charm recoil technique

Based on hadronic B full reconstruction

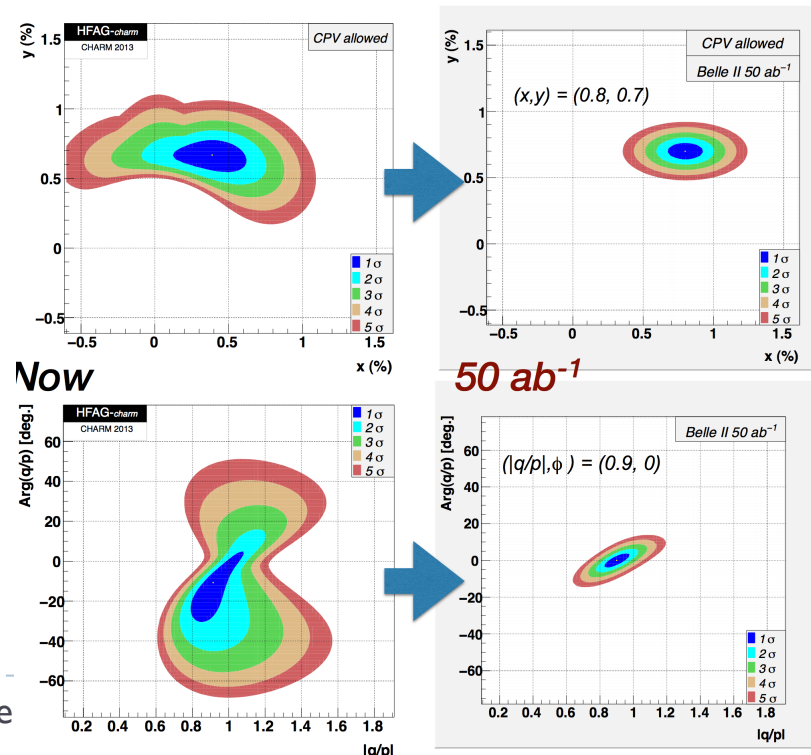
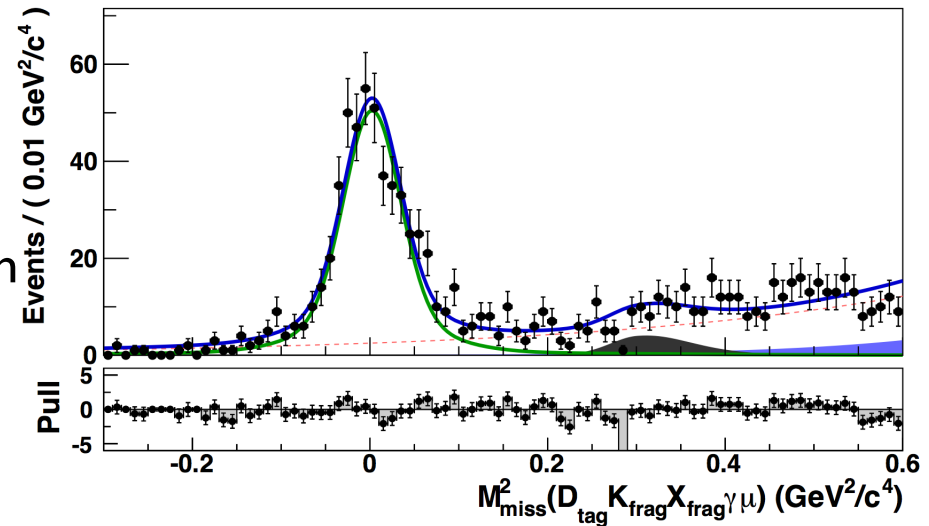
$D \rightarrow \mu \nu$  at 1% and  $D \rightarrow \tau \nu$  at 3%

$D \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$  sensitivity at  $10^{-7}$   
(help constrain LD in  $D \rightarrow \mu \mu$ )

$D \rightarrow \nu \nu$  (dark scalar)

Complement and cross check  
measurements where LHCb  
will dominate

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow c \bar{c} \rightarrow \bar{D}_{\text{tag}} X_{\text{frag}} D_{\text{recoil}}^{(*)}$$



# Conclusions

- ▶ Belle II Physics program very rich and complementary to LHC-b
  - ▶ Unique capabilities of the machine/detector greatly improve the discovery potential
- ▶ SuperKEKB construction on schedule and will start commissioning at beginning of 2015.
- ▶ Physics run anticipated to start in 2017
- ▶ Belle II unique place to solve current puzzles and shed light on new Physics
  - ▶ More accurate theory predictions and new ideas to be exploited
  - ▶ Refinements of experimental techniques to let systematic uncertainties shrink with statistics
  - ▶ We are still building the detail of the physics Program
    - ▶ An experiment-theory effort on-going:  
Belle II experiment Theory Interface Platform (B2TIP)  
<https://belle2.cc.kek.jp/~twiki/bin/view/Public/B2TIP>