

DAMPE

Dark Matter Particle Explorer



I. De Mitri

Consiglio di Sezione
INFN Lecce
Luglio 2014

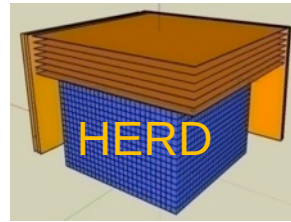
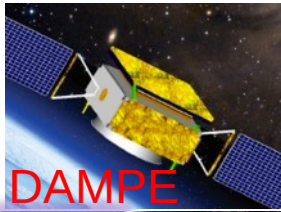
DAMPE:

One of the Five Approved Satellite Missions of the Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS)

- **Hard X-ray Modulation Telescope (HXMT)**
- **Quantum Science Experimental Satellite**
- **DARk Mater Particle Explorer (DAMPE)**
- **Retrievable Scientific Experimental Satellite**
- **Kuafu Space Weather Project (3 satellite)**

China's Future Space Astronomy Missions

e/CR
/GRW



Candidates

cLISA

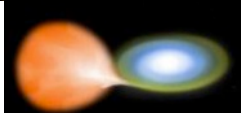
y-ray



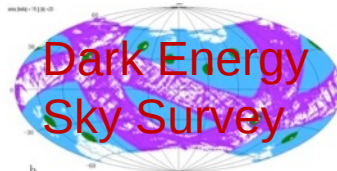
X-ray



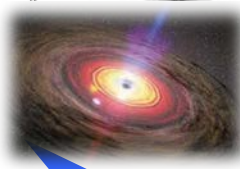
UV



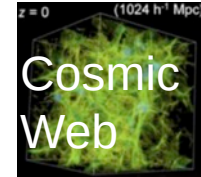
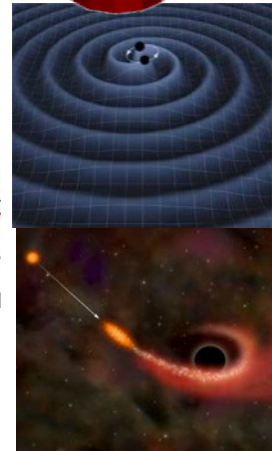
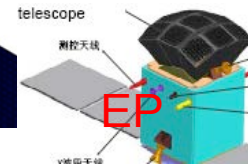
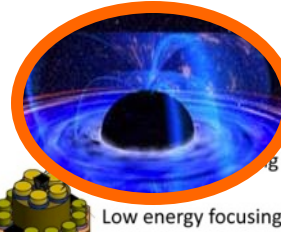
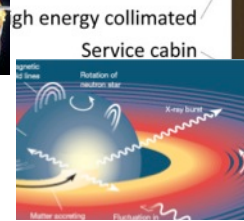
IR/O



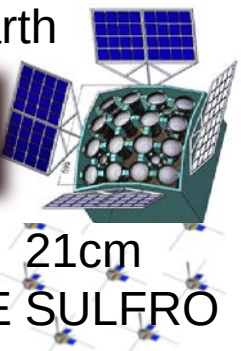
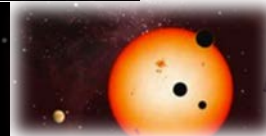
radio



XTP



NEarth



2015
I. De Mitri

2020

2025

2030

3/30

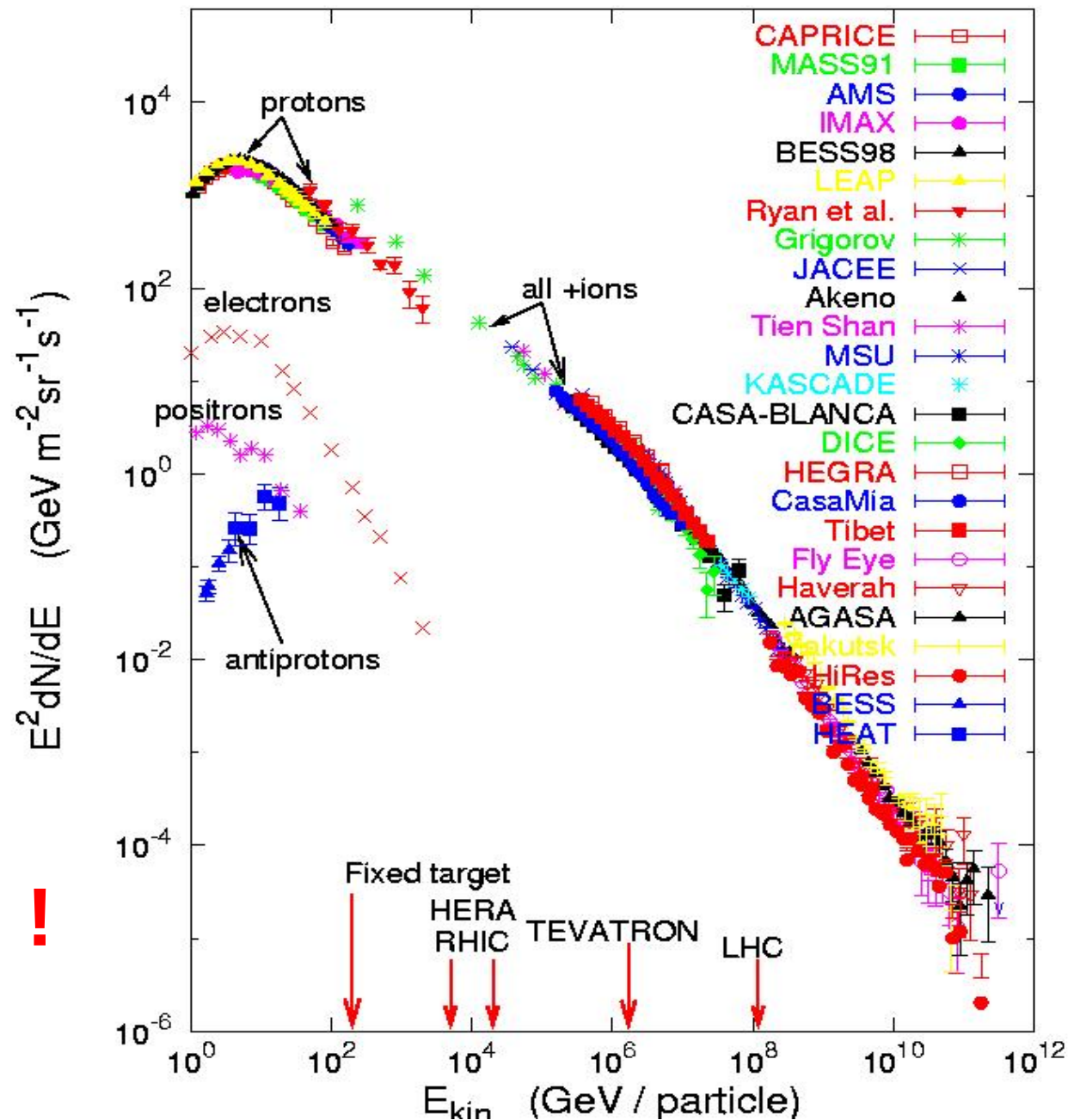
Scientific Objectives of DAMPE

- High energy particle detection in space
 - Study of the cosmic e , γ spectra and Search for DM signatures
 - Study of cosmic ray (nuclei) spectrum and composition
 - High energy gamma ray astronomy

Detection of 10 GeV - 10 TeV e/γ , 100 GeV - 500 TeV CR
Excellent energy resolution and tracking precision
Complementary to Fermi, AMS-02, CALET, ISS-CREAM, ...

- Follow-up mission to both **Fermi/LAT** and **AMS-02**
 - Extend the energy reach to the TeV region, providing better resolution
 - Overlap with Fermi on gamma ray astronomy
 - Run in parallel for some time

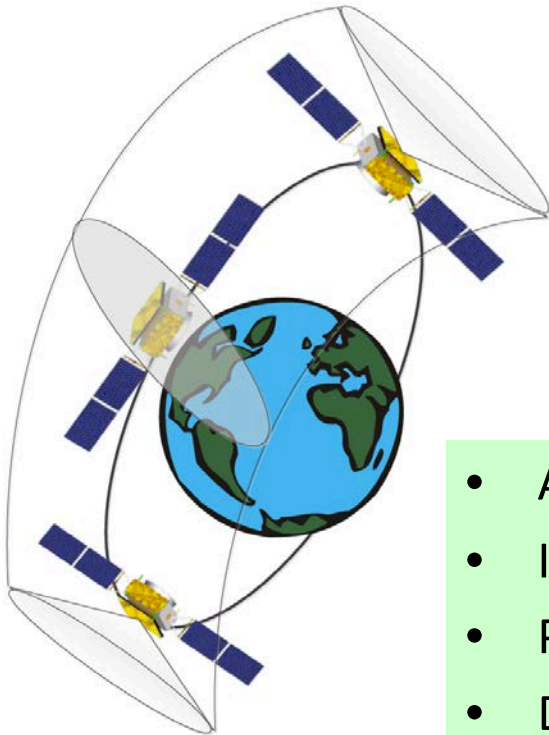
Energies and rates of the cosmic-ray particles



The beam !

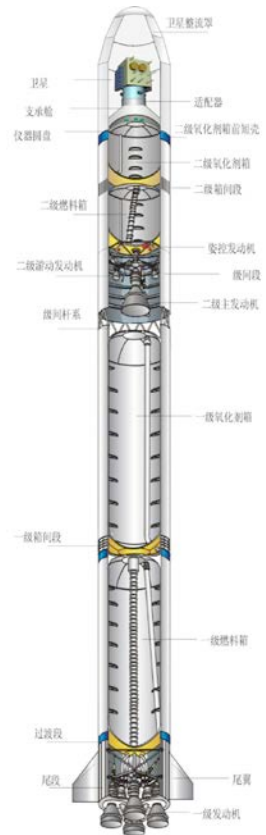
Dark Matter Particle Explorer Satellite

- One of the 5 satellite missions of the Strategic Priority Research Program in Space Science of CAS
 - Approved for construction (phase C/D) in Dec. 2011
 - Scheduled launch date 2015-2016



- Satellite < 1900 kg, payload ~1340kg
- Power consumption 840W
- Lifetime > 3 years
- Launched by CZ-2D rockets

- Altitude 500 km
- Inclination 87.4065°
- Period 90 minutes
- Dawn/dusk (6:30 AM)
sun-synchronous orbit

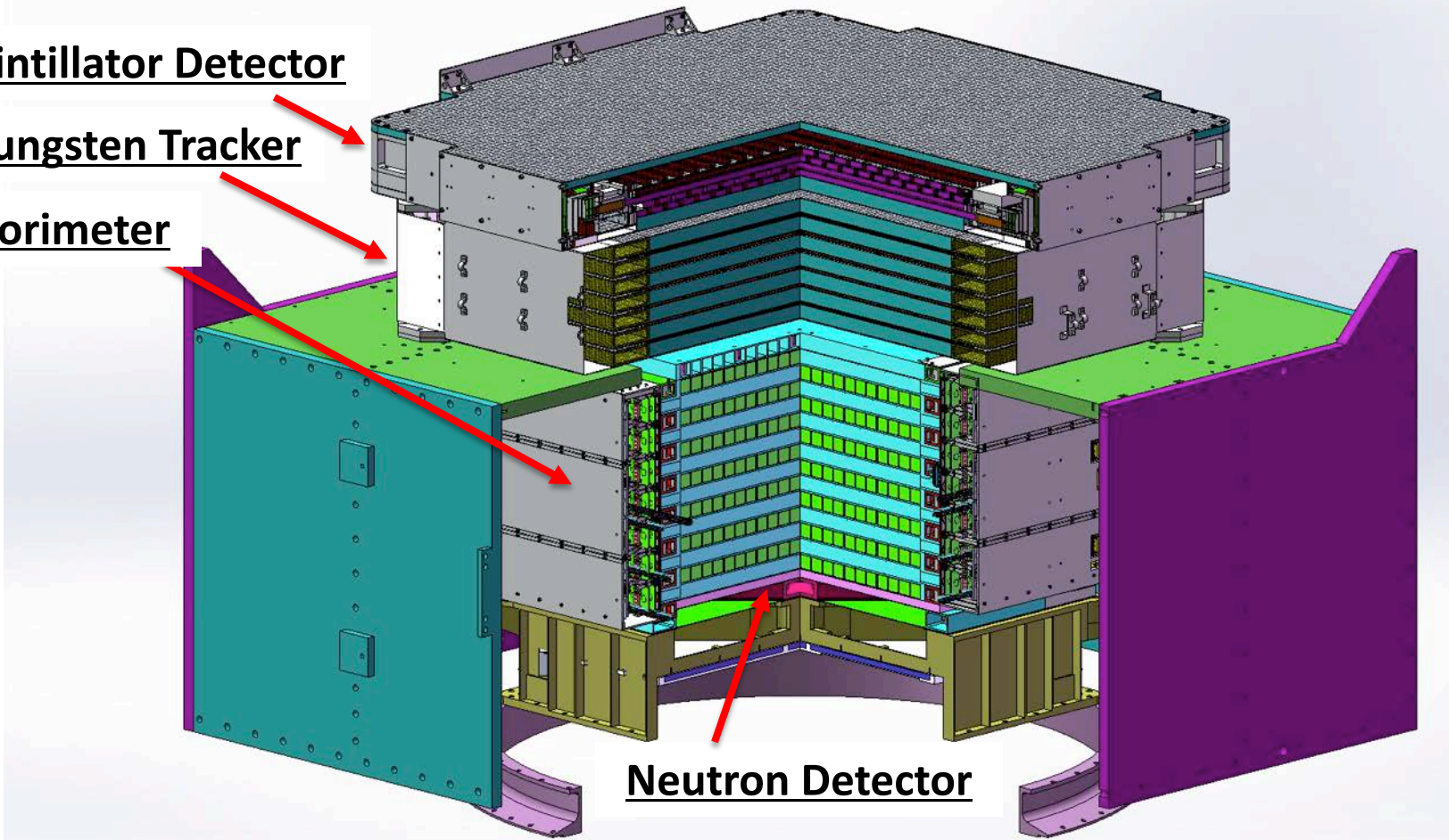


The DAMPE Detector

Plastic Scintillator Detector

Silicon-Tungsten Tracker

BGO Calorimeter



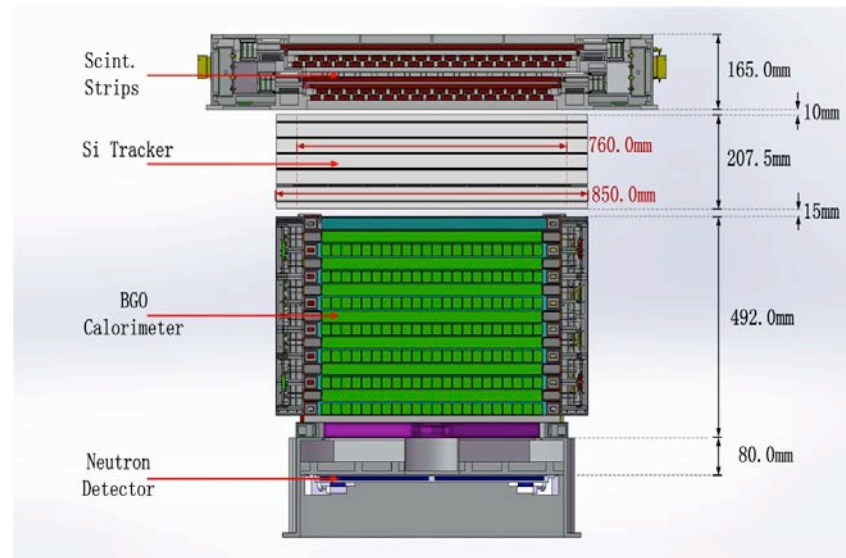
Neutron Detector

W converter + thick calorimeter (total $33 X_0$) +
precise tracking + charge measurement $\Rightarrow$
high energy γ -ray, electron and CR telescope

Comparison with AMS-02 and Fermi

	DAMPE	AMS-02	Fermi LAT
e/ γ Energy res.@100 GeV (%)	1.5	3	10
e/ γ Angular res.@100 GeV ($^{\circ}$)	0.1	0.3	0.1
e/p discrimination	10^5	$10^5 - 10^6$	10^3
Calorimeter thickness (X_0)	31	17	8.6
Geometrical accep. (m^2sr)	0.29	0.09	1

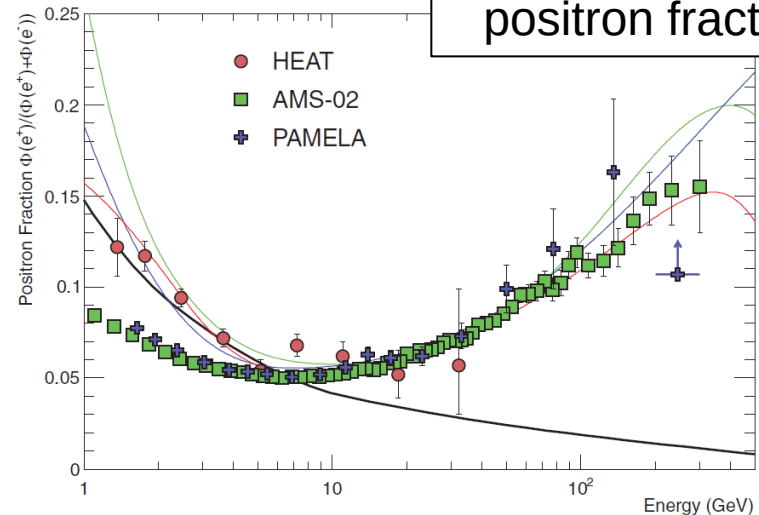
- **Geometrical acceptance with BGO alone: $0.36 \text{ m}^2\text{sr}$**
 - **BGO+STK+PSD: $0.29 \text{ m}^2\text{sr}$**
 - **First 10 layers of BGO ($22 X_0$) +STK+PSD: $0.36 \text{ m}^2\text{sr}$**



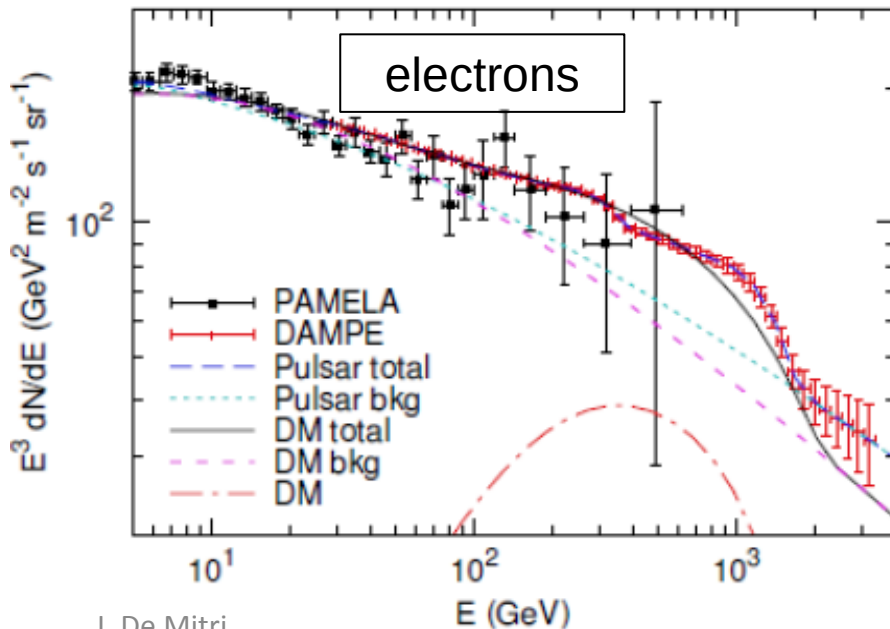
DM or Pulsar ?

**Need a detector in space that can
detect electrons around 1 TeV
with very good energy resolution**

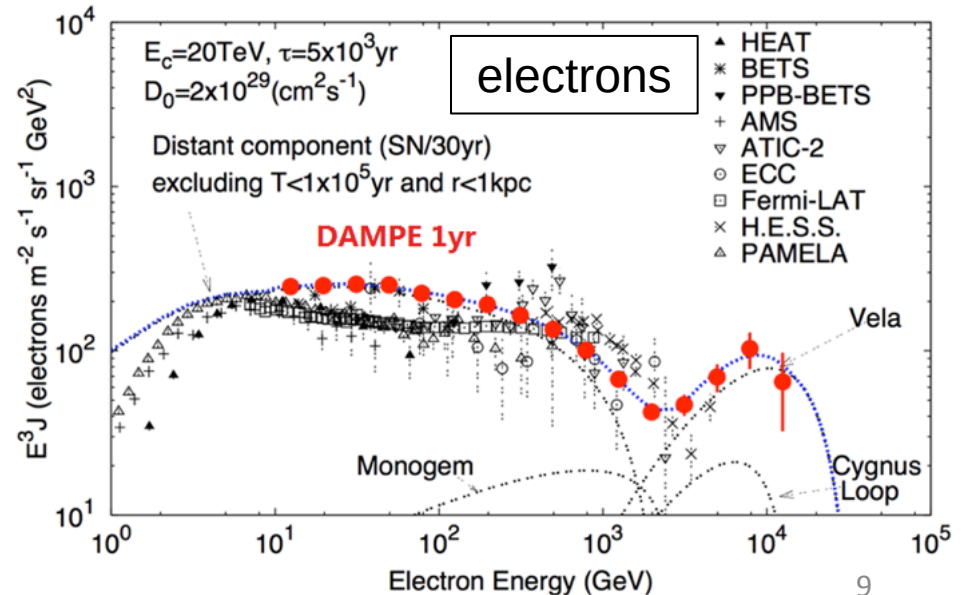
positron fraction



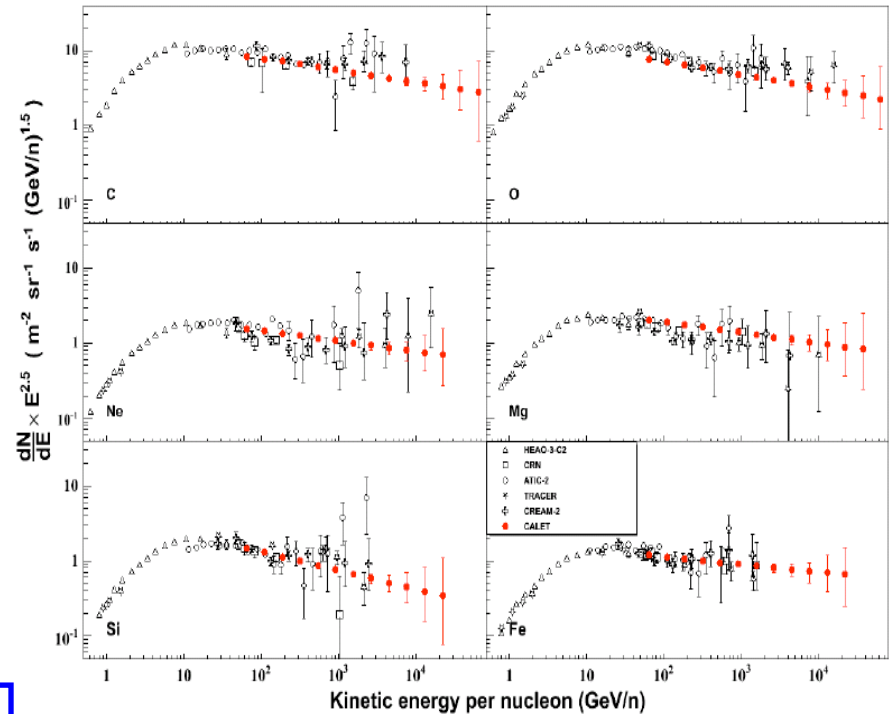
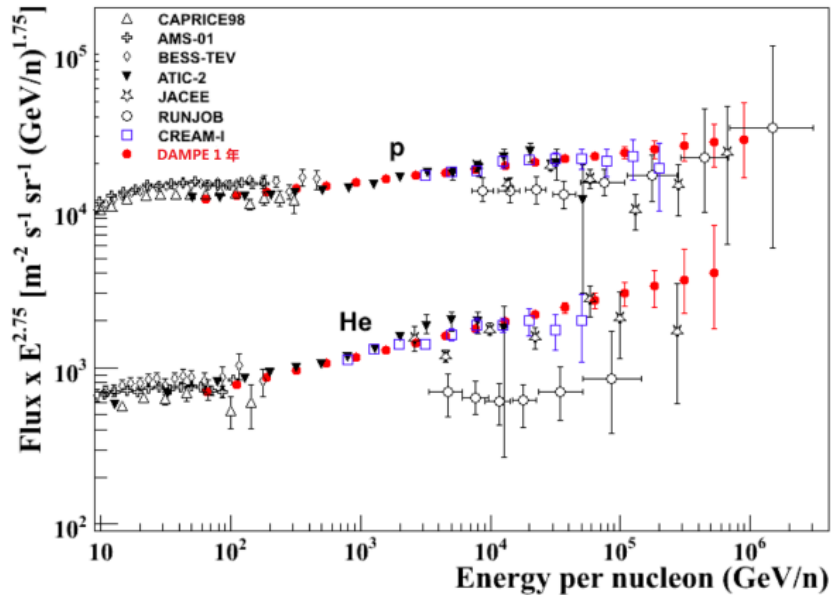
electrons



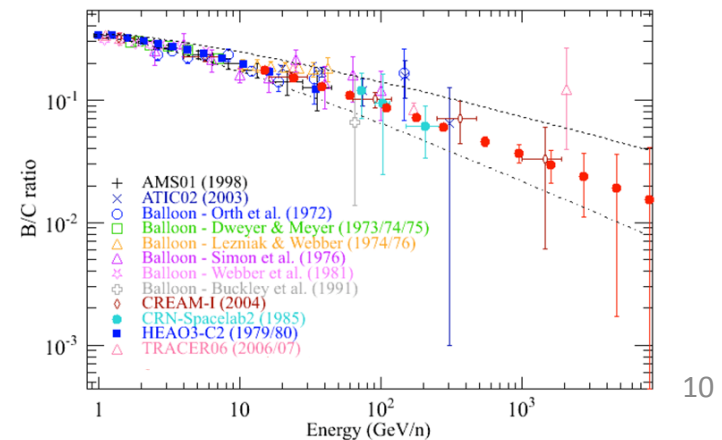
electrons



CR Spectra & Composition with DAMPE



Proton spectrum to $\approx 900 \text{ TeV}$
 He spectrum to $\approx 400 \text{ TeV}/n$
 Spectra of C, O, Ne, Mg, Si to $\approx 20 \text{ TeV}/n$
 B/C ratio to $\approx 4\text{-}6 \text{ TeV}/n$
 Fe spectrum to $\approx 10 \text{ TeV}/n$





The DAMPE Collaboration

- **China**

- **Purple Mountain Observatory, CAS, Nanjing**

- **Chief Scientist: Prof. Jin Chang**



- **Institute of High Energy Physics, CAS, Beijing**

- **National Space Science Center, CAS, Beijing**

- **University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei**

- **Institute of Modern Physics, CAS, Lanzhou**

- **Switzerland**

- **University of Geneva**



- **Italy**

- **INFN and University of Perugia**

- **INFN and University of Bari**



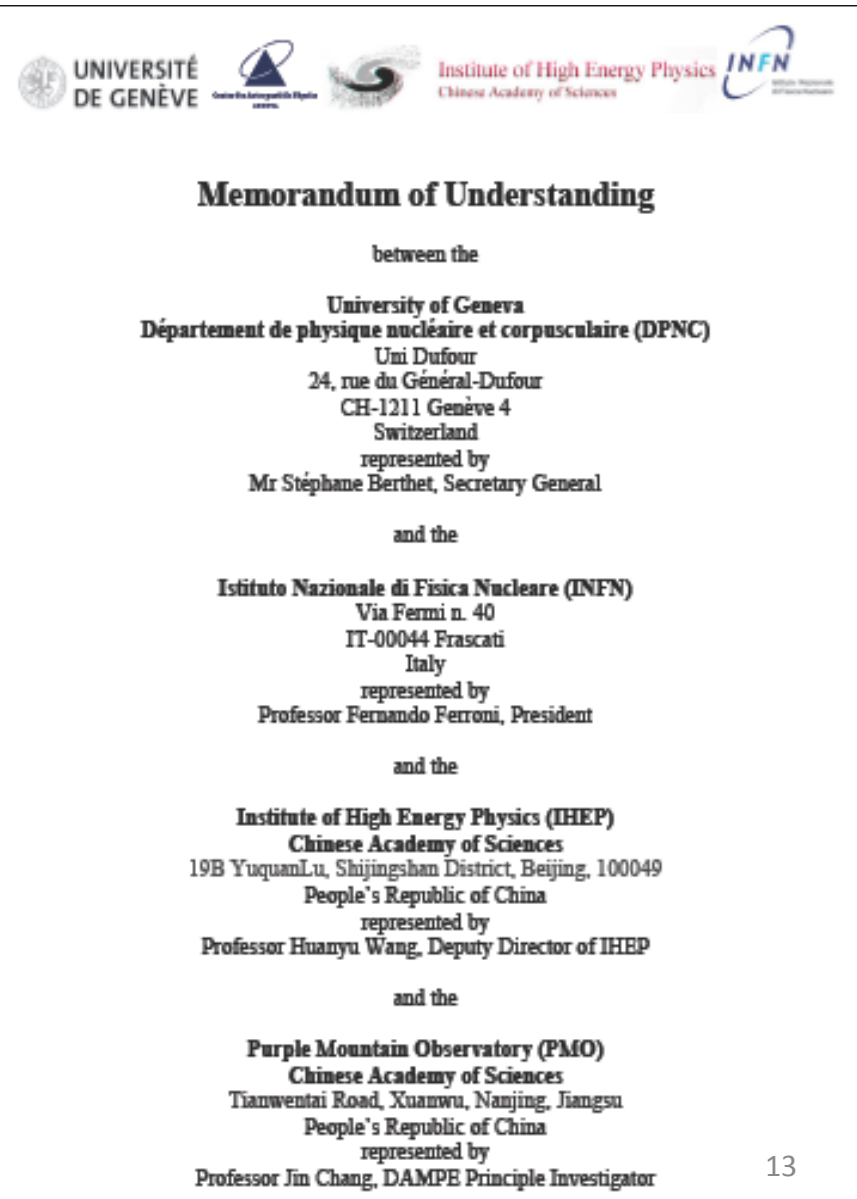
MOU & schedule

MOU signed on April 30th 2013



MOU & schedule

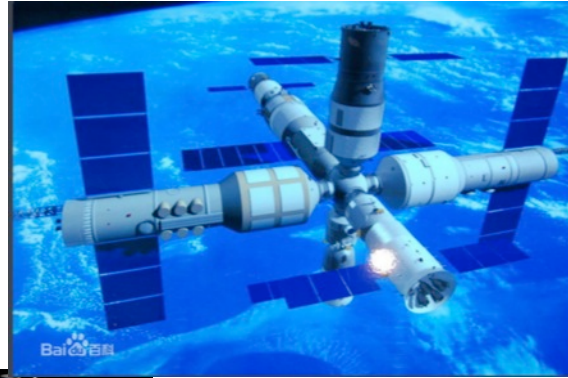
- MOU signed on April 30th 2013
- EQM (Engineering Qualification model) ready by July 2014
- FM (Flight Model) to be delivered to Shanghai Engineering Center for Microsatellites in spring 2015
- DAMPE is a CERN recognized experiment since March 2014



China's Space Station Program

2020

Phase -II



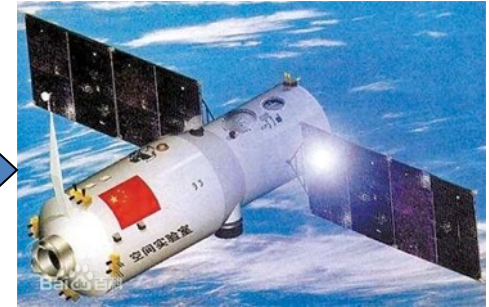
Space Station
3 large modules
~ 60 tons
~10-year lifetime

2016

Phase -II



Space lab:
no living cabin



2011

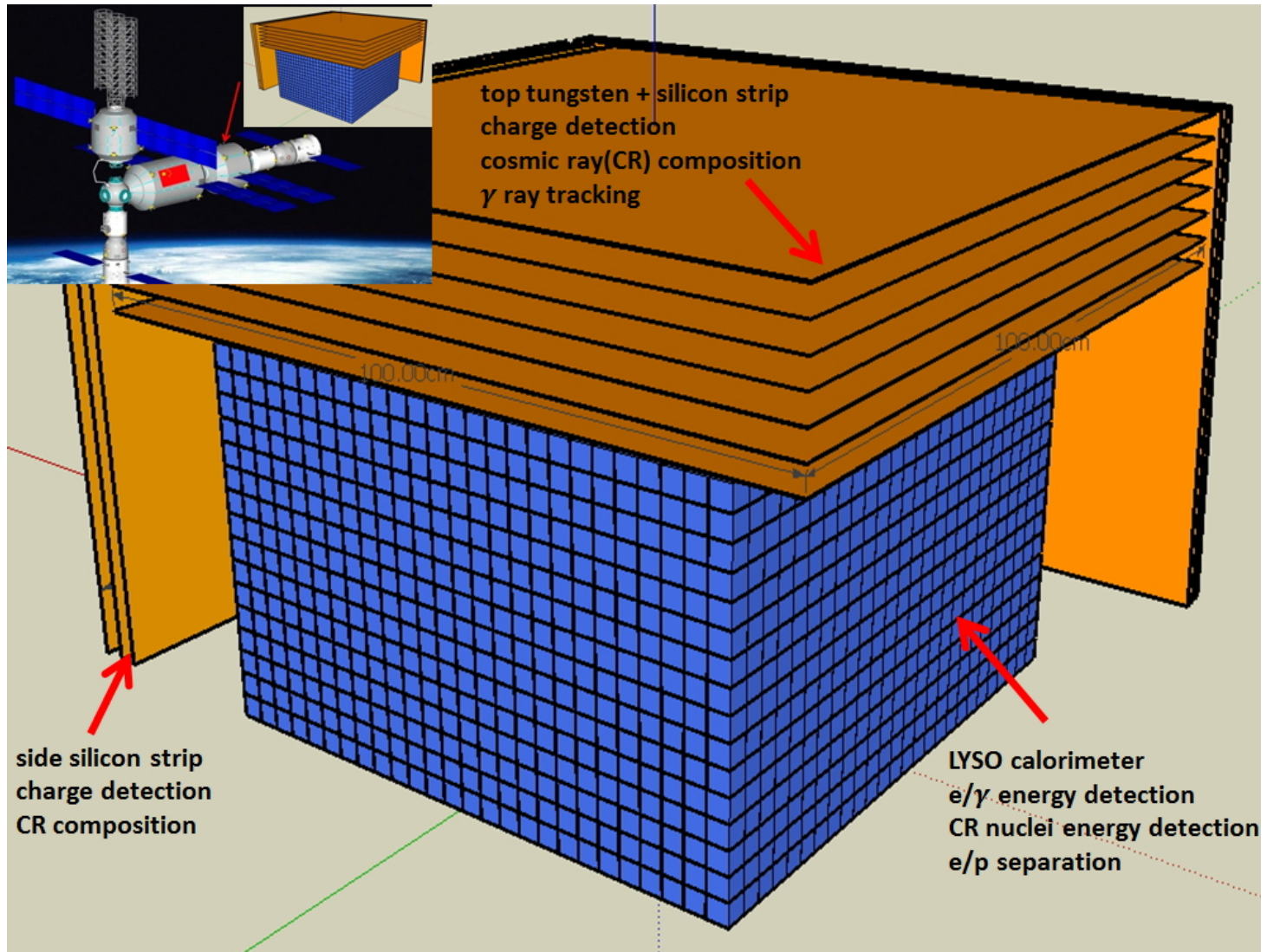
Phase -I

10 astronauts in 5 flights → **space walk**

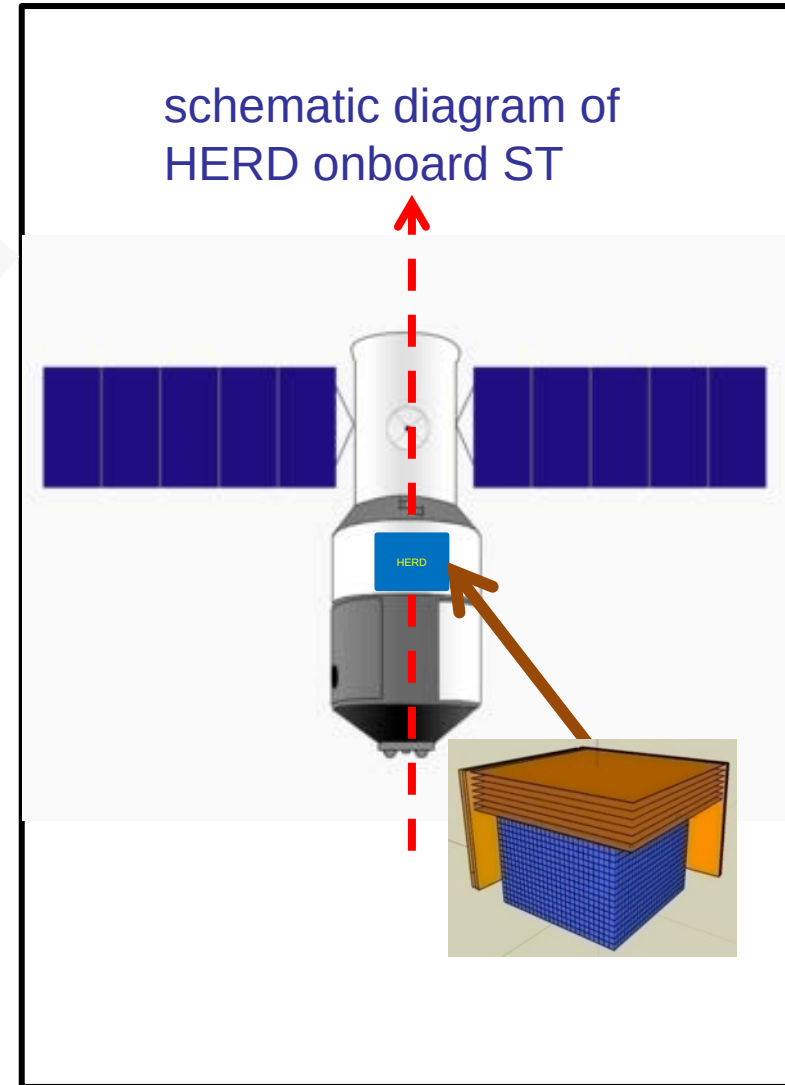
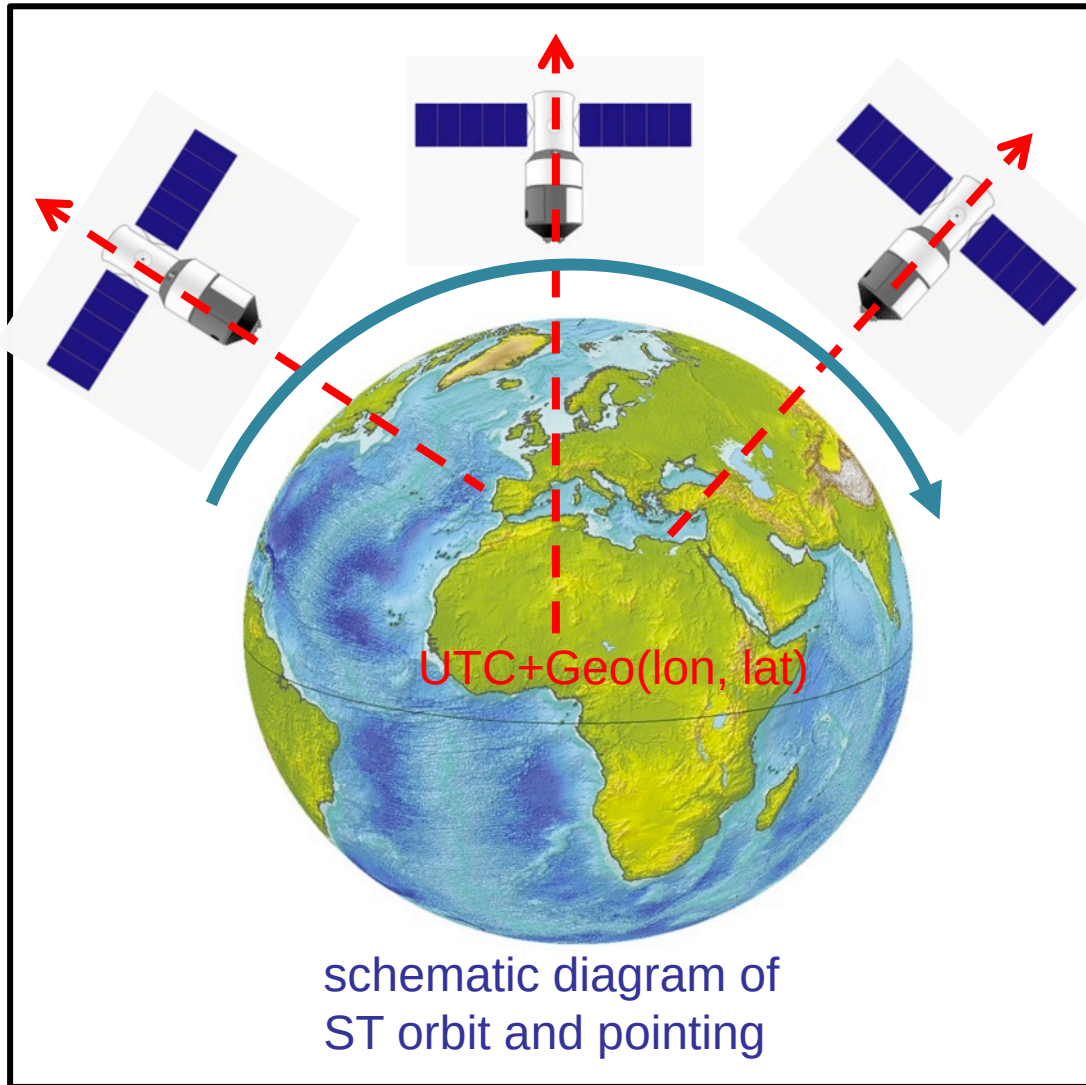


2003

High Energy Radiation Detector



HERD in Space



HERD: High Energy cosmic-Radiation Detector

Science goals	Mission requirements
Dark matter search	Better statistical measurements of e/γ between 100 GeV to 10 TeV
Origin of Galactic Cosmic rays	Better spectral and composition measurements of CRs between 300 GeV to PeV with a large geometrical factor

Other science goals:

- Monitoring of GRBs,
- Microquasars
- Blazars and other transients.

Expected performance of HERD

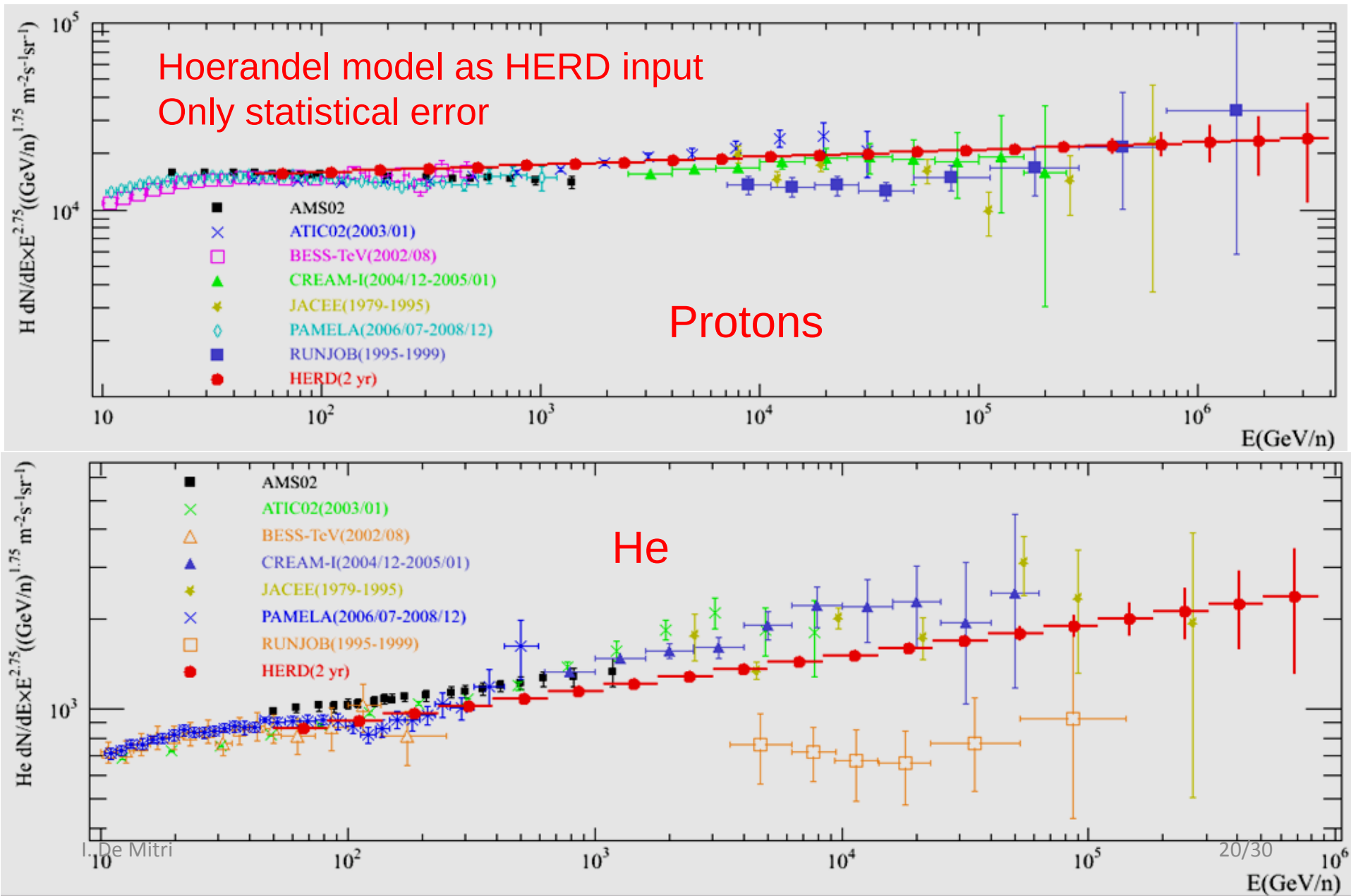
γ/e energy range (CALO)	tens of GeV-10TeV
nucleon energy range (CALO)	up to PeV
γ/e angular resol. (top Si-strips)	0.1°
nucleon charge resol. (all Si-strips)	0.1-0.15 c.u
γ/e energy resolution (CALO)	$<1\% @ 200\text{GeV}$
proton energy resolution (CALO)	20%
e/p separation power (CALO)	$<10^{-5}$
electron eff. geometrical factor (CALO)	$3.7 \text{ m}^2\text{sr} @ 600 \text{ GeV}$
proton eff. geometrical factor (CALO)	$2.6 \text{ m}^2\text{sr} @ 400 \text{ TeV}$

Characteristics of HERD components

	type	size	X_0, λ	unit	main functions
tracker (top)	Si strips	70 cm × 70 cm	$2 X_0$	7 x-y (W foils)	Charge Early shower Tracks
tracker 4 sides	Si strips	65 cm × 50 cm	--	3 x-y	Nucleon Track Charge
CALO	~10K LYSO cubes	63 cm × 63 cm × 63 cm	$55 X_0$ 3λ	3 cm × 3 cm × 3 cm	e/ γ energy nucleon energy e/p separation

Total detector weight: ~2000 kg

Expected HERD Proton and He Spectra



Conclusions

- **DAMPE is among CAS funded projects for space**
- **Better performance than existing detectors for e/γ /CR**
- **International collaboration is being consolidated**
- **Systematic activity on simulation, and preparation for data analysis is starting**
- **DAMPE will be studying high energy CR and photons in two years from now**
- **HERD is an opportunity to further increase the energy range and the detection reach in CR measurement**

Conclusions (II)

Il gruppo di Lecce (lista non congelata, in evoluzione):

P. Bernardini
A. D'Amone
I. De Mitri
G. Marsella
A. Surdo

Richieste (quasi definitive)

MI	Test beams, meetings	29.5k
INV	CPU + spazio disco	5.5k
TOT		35k

Elettronica: 20% P. Creti
Meccanica: 1 m.u.

Tot. 2 FTE

Impegni (in fase di definizione):

- Partecipazione test beam e analisi dati
- Partecipazione test termo/meccanici
- Sviluppo tool di simulazione e analisi dati
- Studio performance e potenzialità nella fisica dei RC
- Partecipazione design HERD