Cosmic Antiprotons:

THE NEED FOR A MEASURE OF

THE CROSS SECTION

 $p + HE \rightarrow p_- + X$

IN THE AMS-02 ERA

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Secondary antiprotons in cosmic rays (CR) are produced by spallation reactions on the interstellar medium (ISM)



The only measured cross section is pp \rightarrow P + X ALL CROSS SECTIONS INVOLVING He (projectile or target) ARE DERIVED FROM OTHER DATA

p+p: σ_{p+p → antiprotons} analytical expression (Tan & Ng, PRD26 (1982) 1179; J.Phys.G:NuclPhys 9 (1983) 227) More recent data exist

1.

p+ He, He+p, He+He: σ_{p(He)+(p,He)} → antiprotons derived from MonteCarlo simulations, i.e. DTUNUC (Donato et al. ApJ 563 (2001) 172) verified on p+C,p+Al. and heavier nuclei (Duperray et al. 2003, 2005)

Possible improvements: MAKE THE EXPERIMENTS!!



Reactions involving helium (& high energies)

Uncertainties due to helium reactions range 40%-50%: precise data from p-He (He-p) would reduce them significantly

AMS-02 will provide data with much higher precision!



A direct measurement of ANTIPROTON production from He (target and/or projectile?) seems mandatory in order to interpret unambiguously the future AMS-02 data.

We need to:
Fix the <u>shape</u> of the antiproton production cross section
Reduce the relevant <u>uncertainties</u>

N.B. Propagation uncertainties are now confined to ~20%, and will be significantly reduced with AMS-02 data on B/C and other species.

As a nice by-product, we could in principle have some data on cross sections for the production of ANTIDEUTERONS