



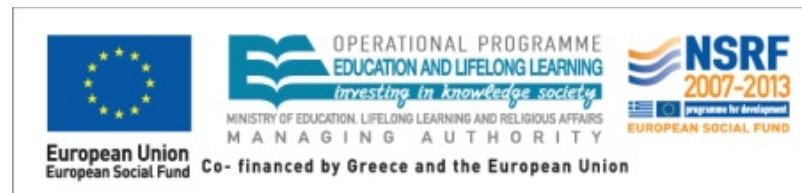
Recent results on associated vector boson production with the ATLAS & CMS experiments

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On behalf of the ATLAS & CMS Collaborations

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Outline - References

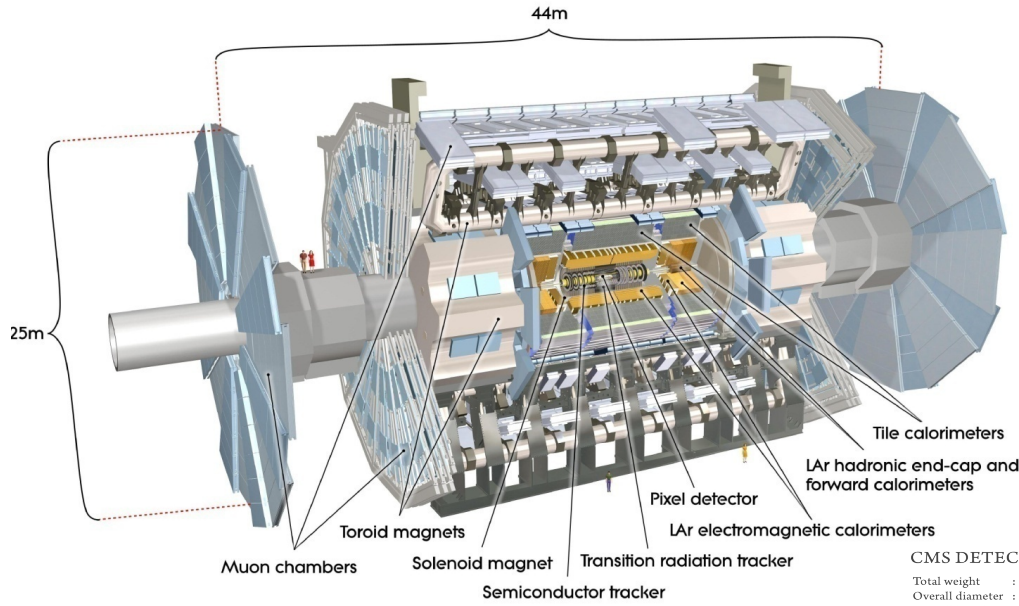


- ATLAS and CMS Detectors
- **W + jets NEW!**
 - **ATLAS:** ATLAS-CONF-2014-035, **CMS:** arXiv:1406.7533
- **Z + jets**
 - **ATLAS:** JHEP07 (2013) 032
 - **CMS NEW!:** arXiv:1408.3104 , CMS-PAS-SMP-13-007, CMS-PAS-SMP-14-009, CMS-PAS-SMP-14-005
- **Rjets = (W + jets) / (Z + jets)**
 - **ATLAS NEW!:** arXiv:1408.6510, **CMS:** JHEP01 (2012) 010
- **Zb, Zbb NEW!**
 - **ATLAS:** arXiv:1407.3643, **CMS:** JHEP06 (2014) 120, JHEP12(2013)039
- **Wb, Wbb**
 - **ATLAS:** JHEP06 (2013) 084, **CMS NEW!:** arXiv:1312.6608
- **Wc**
 - **ATLAS:** JHEP05 (2014) 068, **CMS:** JHEP02 (2014) 013
- **ttbarW, ttbarZ NEW!**
 - **ATLAS:** ATLAS-CONF-2014-038, **CMS:** arXiv:1406.7830
- Summary and Outlook

**Results at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV
and $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV**



A Toroidal LHC Apparatus & Compact Muon Solenoid



ATLAS:

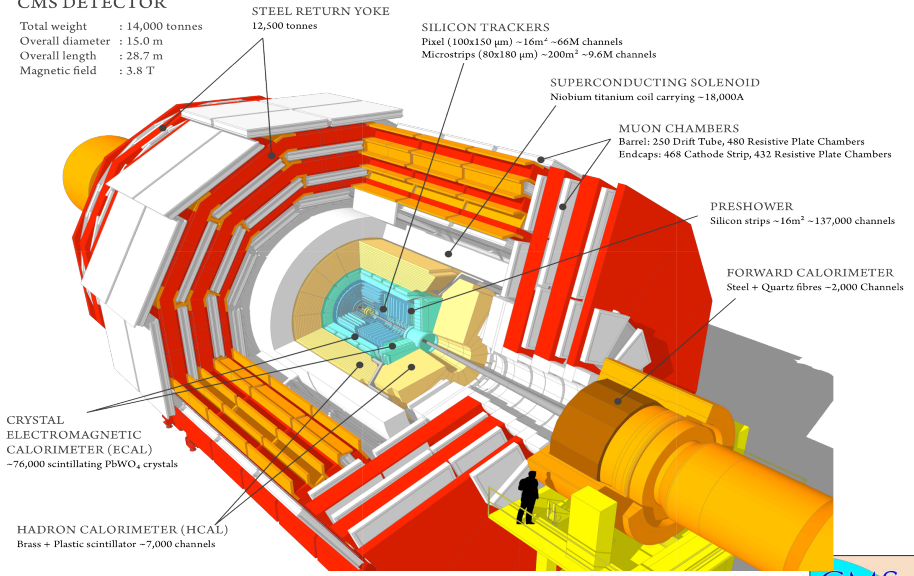
- Total weight: **7000 tons** (same as the Eiffel Tower)
- Superconducting solenoid (**2 T**) surrounding three kinds of trackers
- Three superconducting toroids (muon spectrometer)

CMS DETECTOR

Total weight : 14,000 tonnes
 Overall diameter : 15.0 m
 Overall length : 28.7 m
 Magnetic field : 3.8 T

CMS:

- Total weight: **14000 tons**
- Superconducting solenoid (**3.8 T**) surrounding two kinds of trackers and both calorimeters



Motivation



- Precision measurements of **associated vector boson production** at the LHC are crucial
 - Vector boson leptonic decays (**electrons, muons**) are studied (**clean signatures**)
- **Test and validate** the perturbative QCD (**pQCD**) calculations
- Constrain the parton proton structure (**PDFs**)
- Provide important experimental constraints **to improve the theoretical uncertainties** on existing predictions
- Important background for numerous **Standard Model (SM) processes**
 - $t\bar{t}$, single top
 - Higgs boson production
- and for **physics beyond SM**
 - Supersymmetry



W + jets (7 TeV)



ATLAS

- $p_{T,\mu}, p_{T,e} > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta| < 2.47$ (e), 2.4 (μ)
- AntikT4, Jet $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\mathbf{y}| < 4.4$
- $E_{T\text{miss}} > 40 \text{ GeV}$, $m_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$

CMS – muon channel only

- $p_{T,\mu} > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta_\mu| < 2.1$
- AntikT5, Jet $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 2.4$, **b-jet veto**
- $m_T > 50 \text{ GeV}$

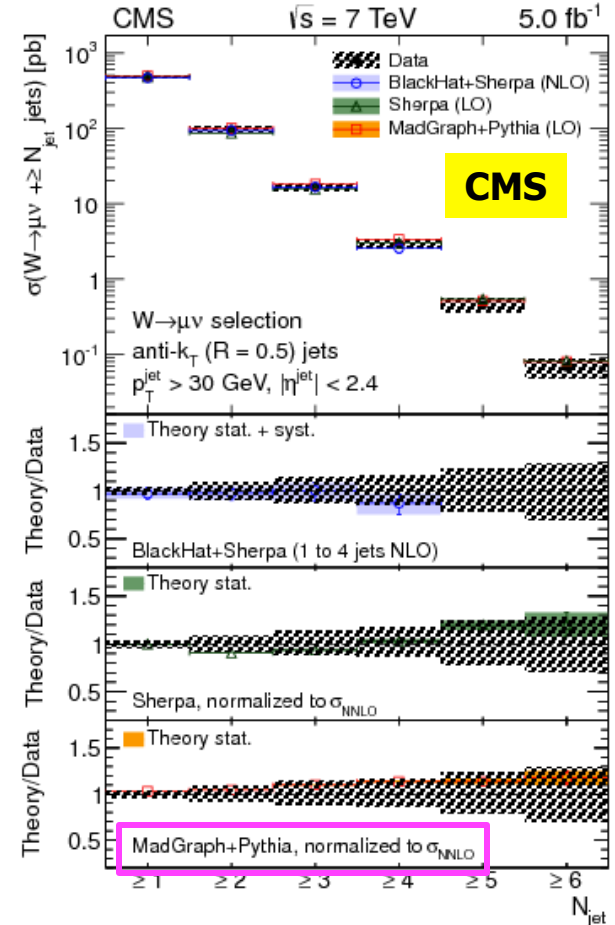
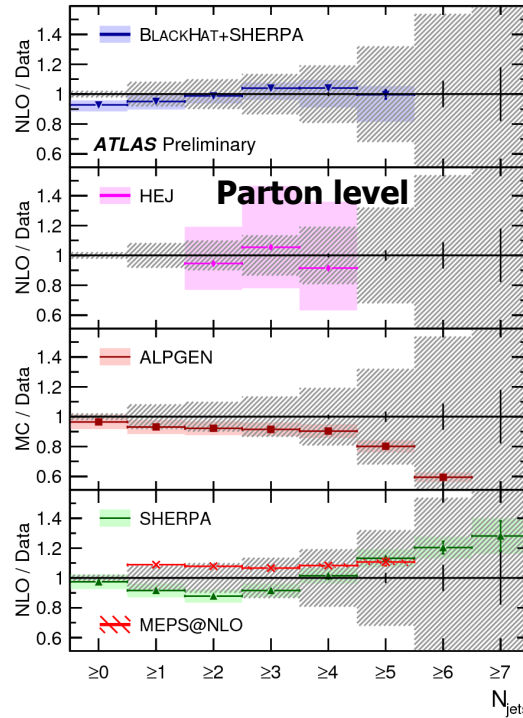
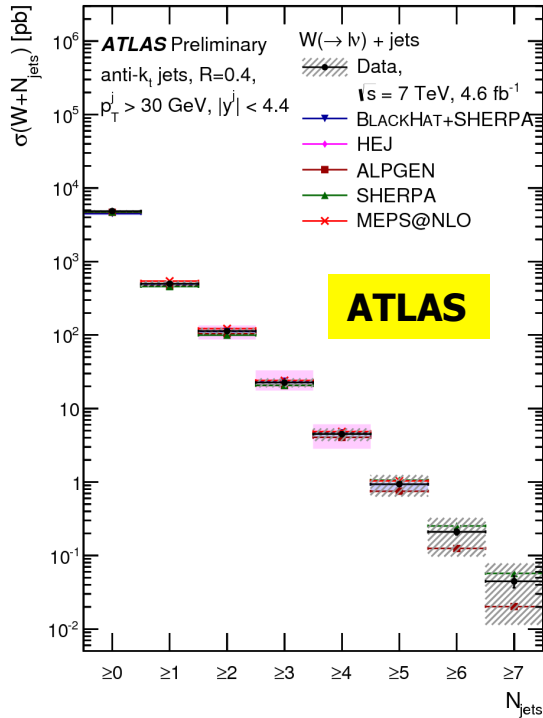
- **Unfolded** results compared at **particle level** with **LO** and **NLO** theory predictions
 - Bayesian Iterative Unfolding (ATLAS)
 - Singular Value Decomposition (SVD) unfolding (CMS)
- **Parton-level predictions (BLACKHAT+SHERPA)** corrected for hadronisation, UE, QED FSR
- Theory systematic uncertainties: PDF, scale(μ_R, μ_F), α_s
- Dominant systematic uncertainties
 - ATLAS: Jet energy scale (JES), data driven ttbar background estimation (high jet multiplicities)
 - CMS: JES and Jet energy resolution (JER)
 - ttbar background is modelled with simulation





W + jets (7 TeV)

- Inclusive jet multiplicity** for up to **7** (ATLAS) and **6** (CMS) jets



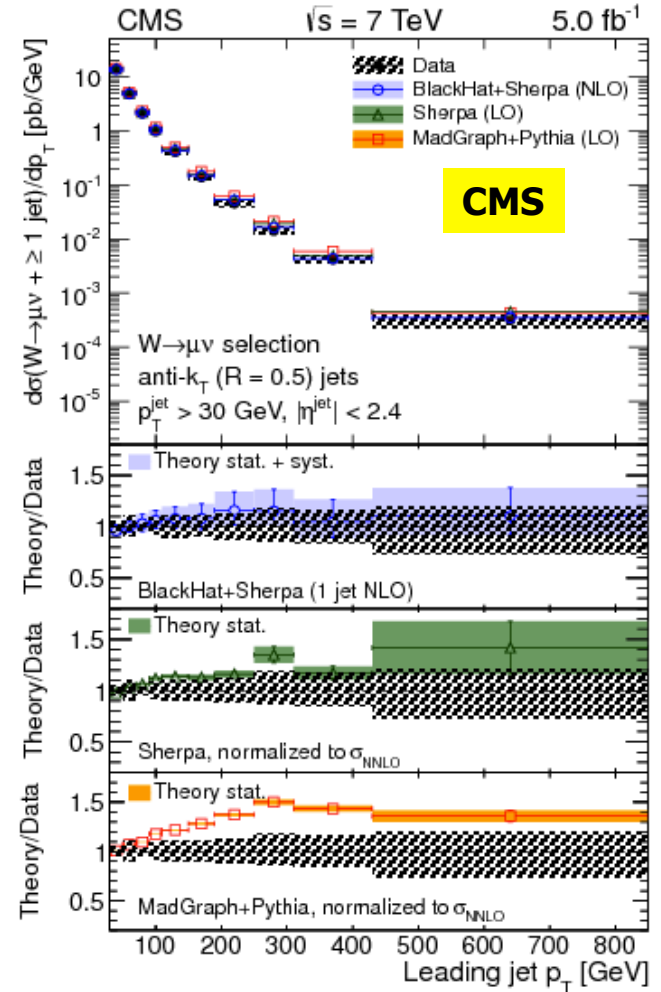
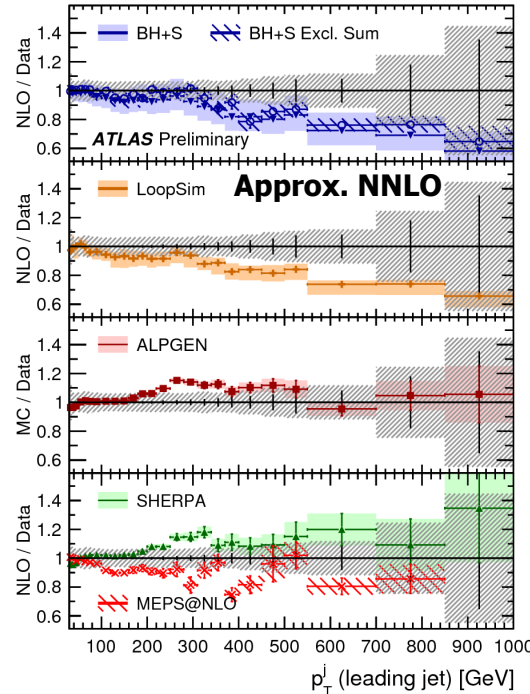
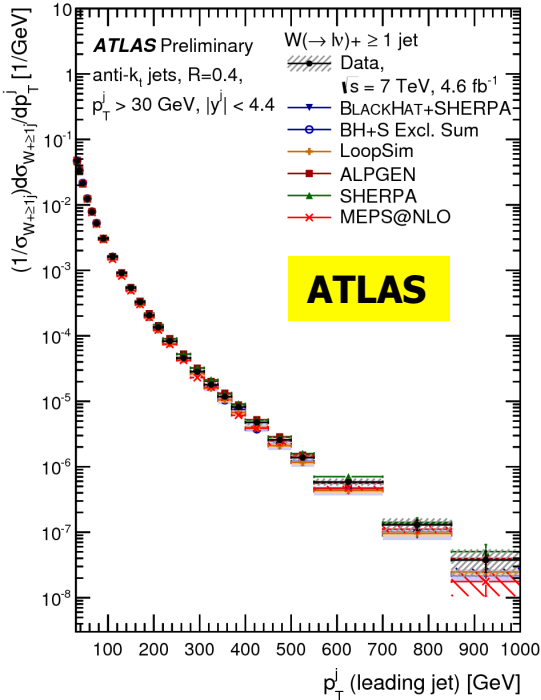
Measurements in agreement within uncertainties with theoretical predictions





W + jets (7 TeV)

- **Leading jet p_T up to 850 GeV and 1 TeV!**
 - Up to 5th (ATLAS) and 4th leading jet (CMS)



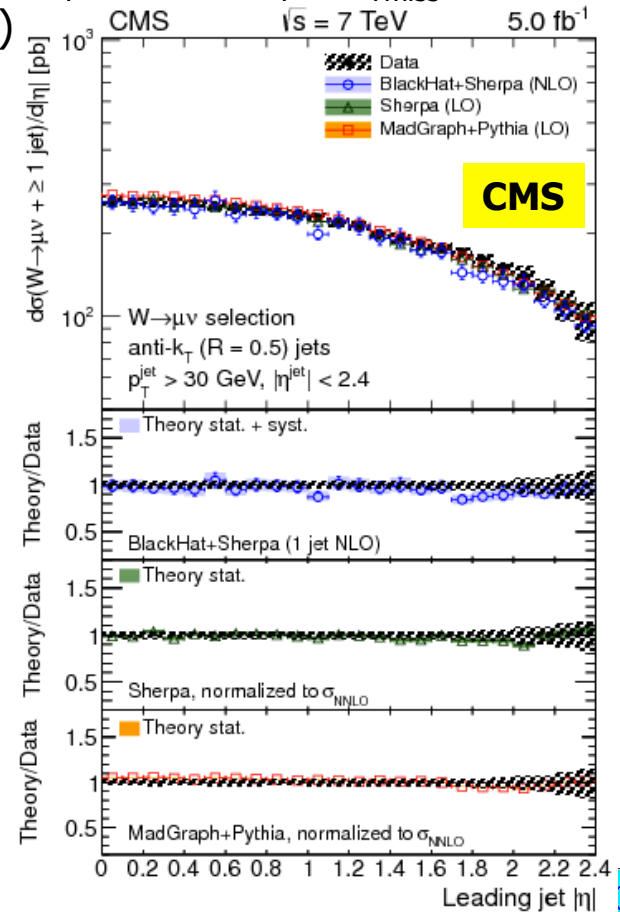
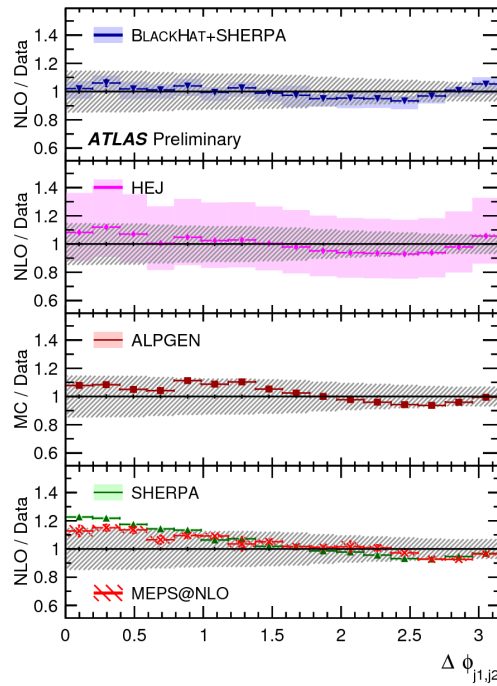
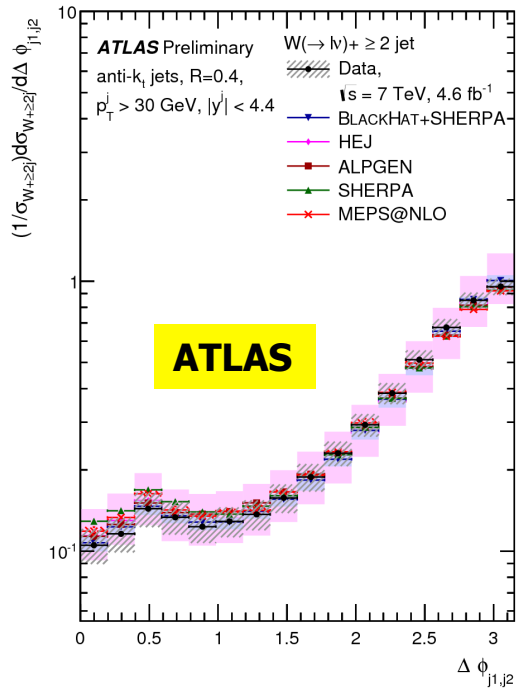
- **BLACKHAT+SHERPA, LoopSim** underestimate the data at high p_T (ATLAS)
- **MADGRAPH+PYTHIA** overestimates the yields up to $\sim 50\%$ (CMS)





W + jets (7 TeV)

- $\Delta \Phi(j1,j2)$ and leading jet $|\eta|$
- Many other variables measured
 - **Exclusive jet multiplicity** up to 7 (ATLAS) and 6 (CMS) jets
 - **jets y** (ATLAS), **jets η** (CMS)
 - **H_T** : scalar sum of jets p_T s (CMS), scalar sum of jets p_T s, lepton p_T s, E_{Tmiss} (ATLAS)
 - $\Delta \Phi(j1,j2)$, $\Delta Y(j1,j2)$, $\Delta R(j1,j2)$, $m(j1,j2)$ (ATLAS)
 - $\Delta \Phi(j, \mu)$ (CMS)



• $\Delta \Phi(j1,j2)$: Small shape differences with **SHERPA**





Z + jets (7 TeV)

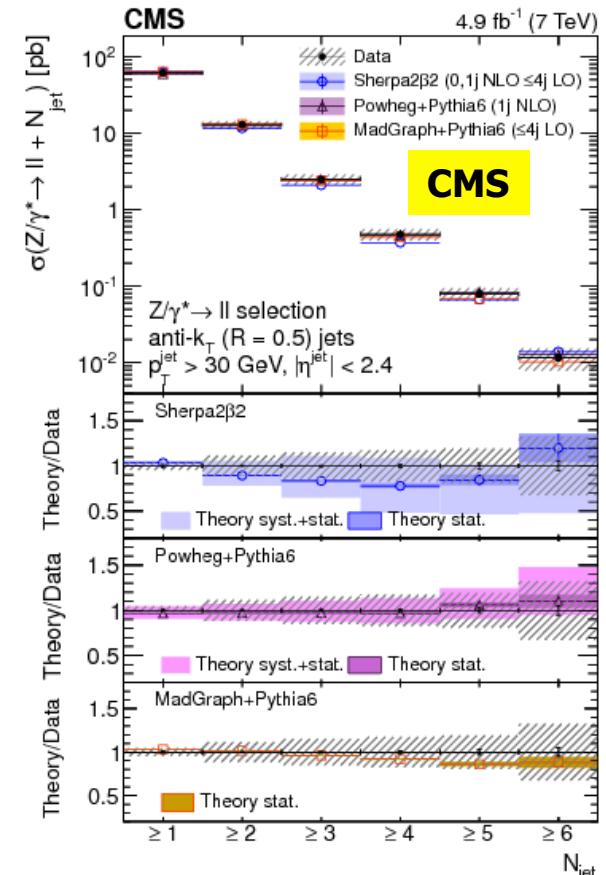
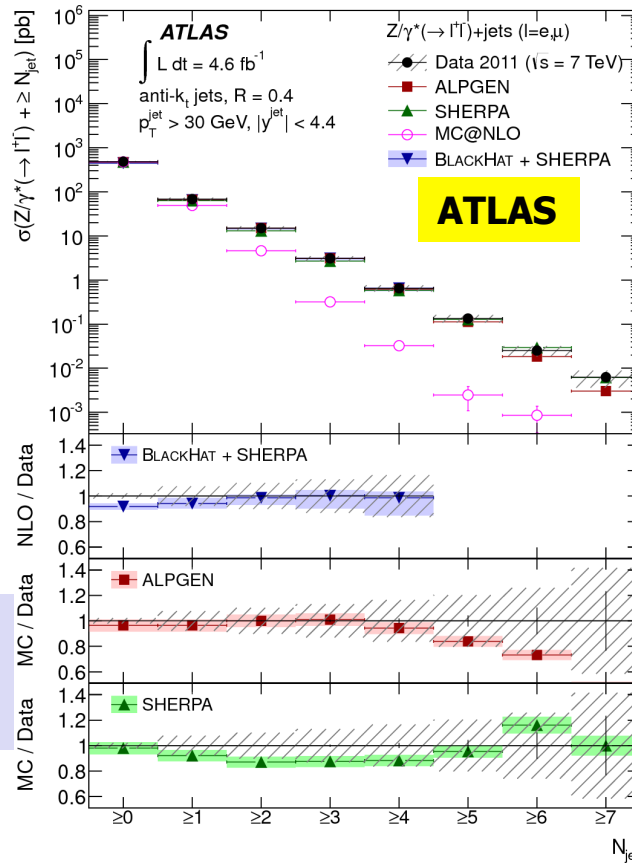
ATLAS

- $p_{T,\mu}, p_{T,e} > 20$ GeV
- $|\eta| < 2.47$ (e), 2.4 (μ)
- AntikT4, Jet $p_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 4.4$
- Two OSSF $66 < m_{ll} < 116$ GeV

CMS

- $p_{T,\mu}, p_{T,e} > 20$ GeV
- $|\eta_\mu| < 2.4$
- AntikT5, Jet $p_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$
- Two OSSF $71 < m_{ll} < 111$ GeV

- **Inclusive jet multiplicity up to 7 (ATLAS) and 6 (CMS) jets**



MC@NLO parton shower underestimates the observed rate





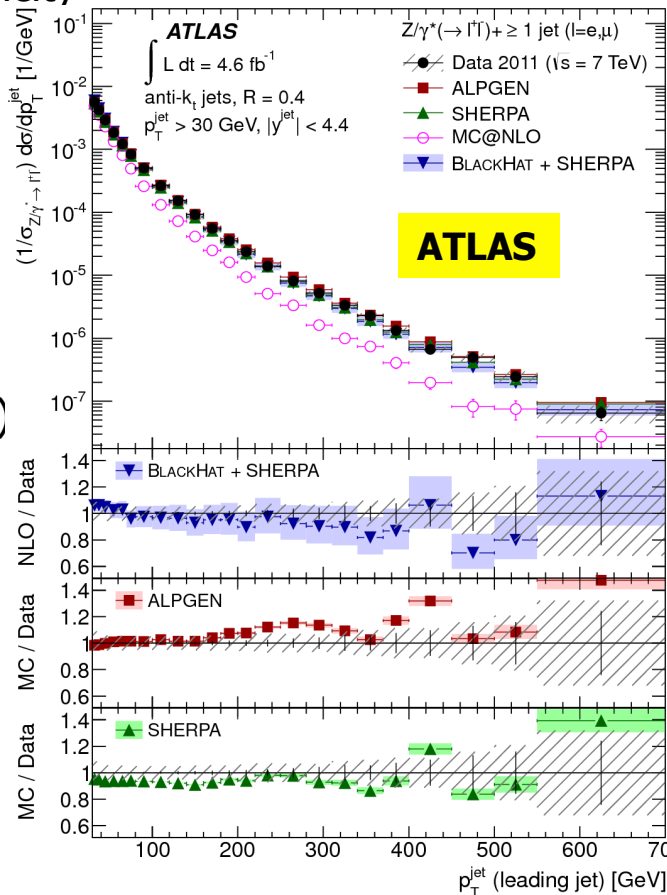
Z + jets (7 TeV)

- **Leading jet p_T up to 700 GeV**
 - Up to 4th leading jet
- **Also measured:**

- Exclusive jet multiplicity
- **jets y (ATLAS)**
- **jets η (CMS)**
- **H_T, S_T (ATLAS)**
- **H_T (CMS)**

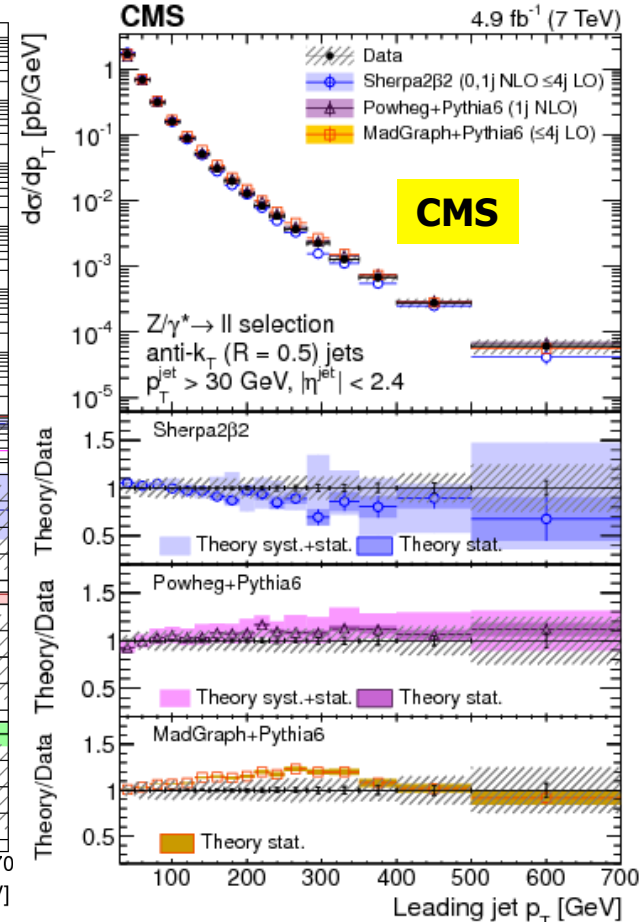
ATLAS:

- $N_{jet} + 1 / N_{jet}$
- $\Delta \Phi, \Delta Y, \Delta R(j1, j2)$
- $m(j1, j2)$



ALPGEN spectrum harder at higher p_T

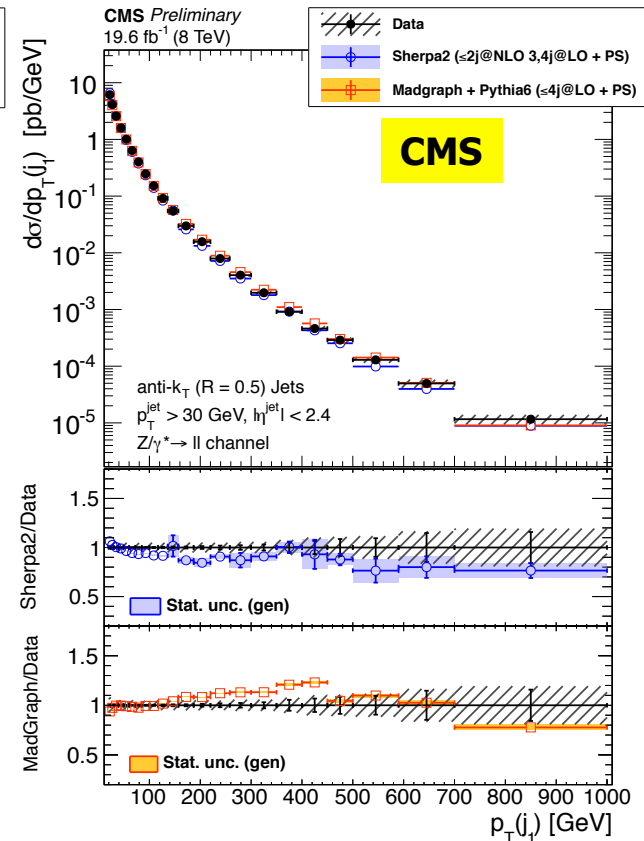
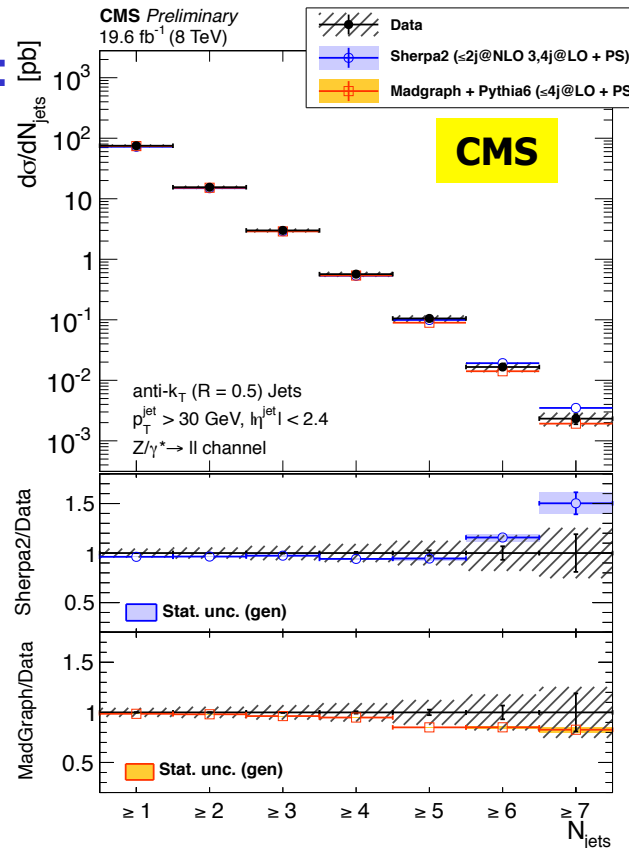
SHERPA small offset to data





Z + jets (8 TeV, CMS)

- Same event selection as for 7 TeV CMS analysis
- Unfolding performed with D'Agostini Method (**Bayesian iterative unfolding**)
- Also measured **up to 5 jets**:
 - Exclusive jet multiplicity (7 jets)
 - jets $p_T, |\eta|$
 - H_T
- Also measured 8 TeV:
 - **Z+jets / γ +jets** (Matthias Weber talk)



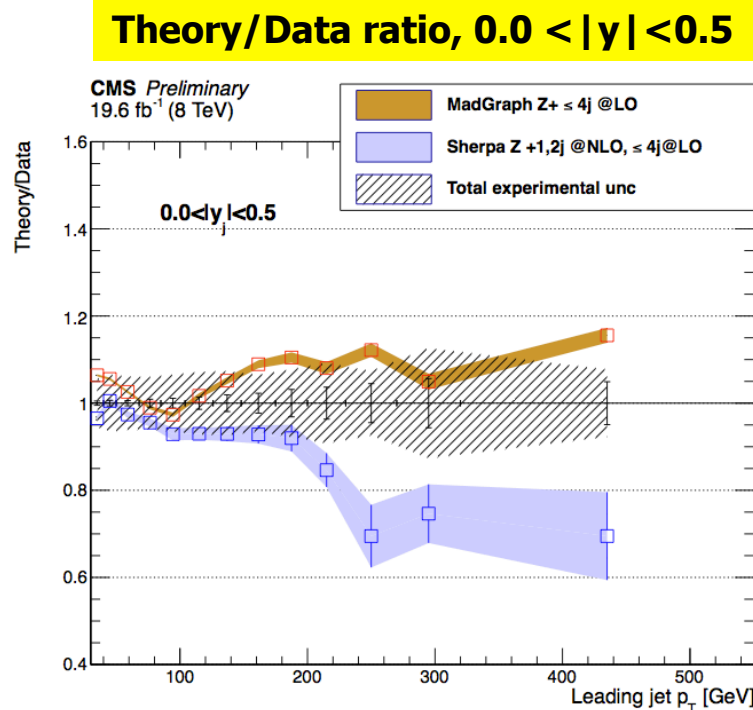
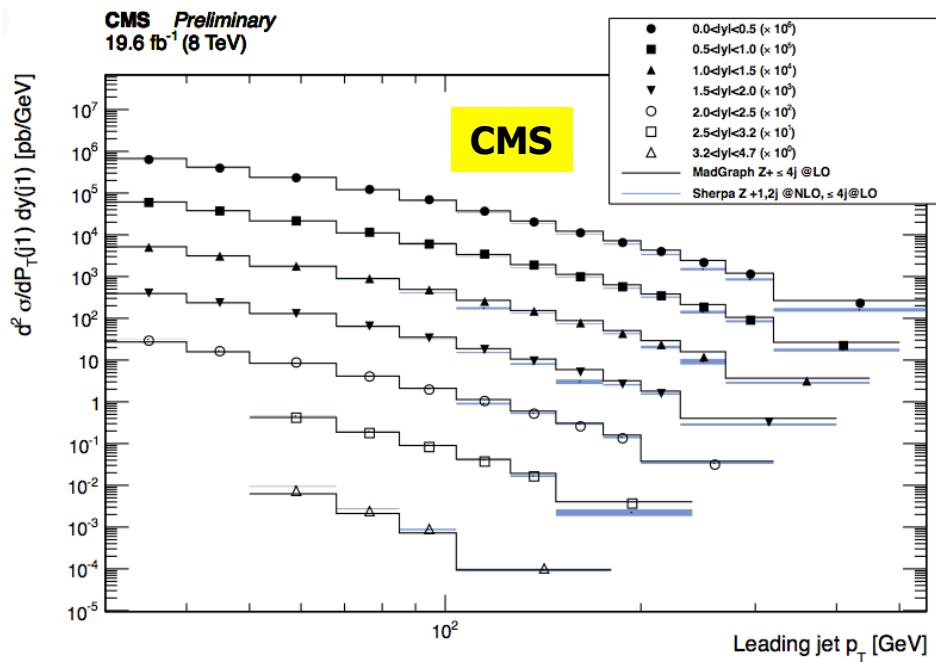
SHERPA2 spectrum slightly underestimates the data
MADGRAPH: discrepancies from ~150 – 450 GeV



Double Differential cross section (8 TeV, CMS)



- **First study** of the double differential cross section in the Z + jets final state
 - Versus the **leading jet p_T** and **jet rapidity y** (seven y bins)
- Similar analysis to the previous CMS ones
 - Jet $p_T > 30$ GeV for $|\eta| < 2.5$
 - Jet $p_T > 50$ GeV for $2.5 < |\eta| < 4.7$



- Disagreement of $\sim 10\%$ between **MADGRAPH** and data for jet $p_T > 100$ GeV
- Some discrepancies also with **SHERPA 2** (need more investigation)

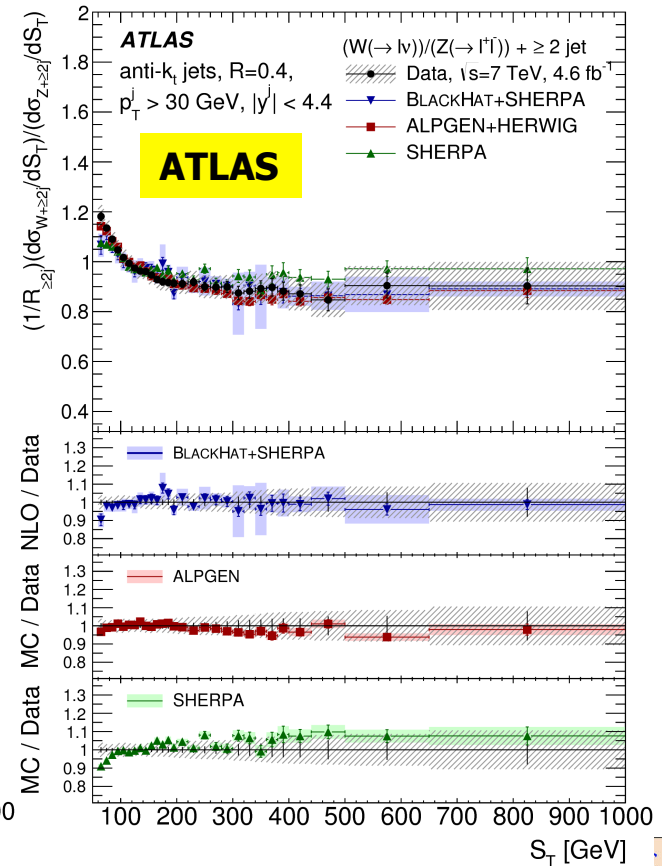
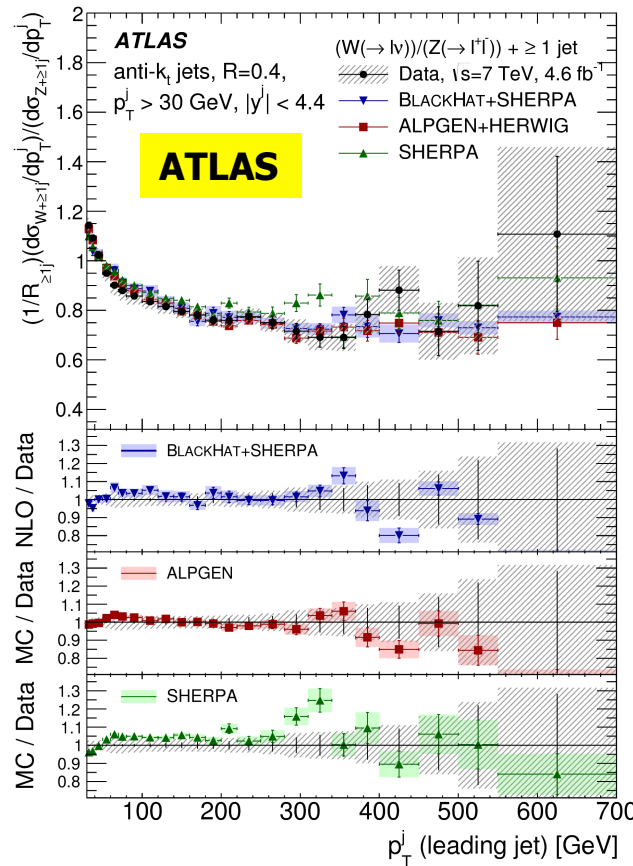




Rjets (7 TeV, ATLAS)

- Some experimental uncertainties and non-perturbative effects are greatly reduced
- **Sensitive to new physics** at high energies
- Measured versus many more variables

- $p_{T\mu}, p_{Te} > 25$ GeV
- $|\eta| < 2.47$ (e), 2.4 (μ)
- AntikT4, Jet $p_T > 30$ GeV, $|y| < 4.4$
- **W:** $E_{T\text{miss}} > 25$ GeV, $m_T > 40$ GeV
- **Z:** Two OSSF $66 < m_{\parallel} < 116$ GeV



S_T = scalar sum of all jets p_T
SHERPA: discrepancies at the lowest values

CMS Rjets measurement:
 jet multiplicity up to four jets,
 with 36 pb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{7}$ TeV
 (JHEP01 (2012) 010)





Zb, Zbb (7 TeV)

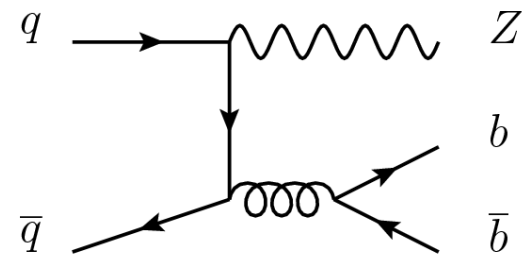
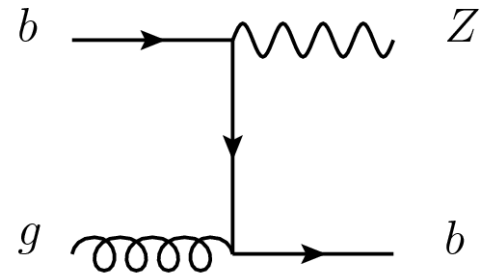
ATLAS

- $p_{T\mu}, p_{Te} > 20$ GeV
- $|\eta| < 2.47$ (e), 2.4 (μ)
- AntikT4, **Jet $p_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$**
- Two OSSF $76 < m_{\parallel} < 106$ GeV
- **At least one or two b-jets**

CMS

- $p_{T\mu}, p_{Te} > 20$ GeV
- $|\eta_{\mu}| < 2.4$
- AntikT5, **Jet $p_T > 25$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.1$**
- Two OSSF $76 < m_{\parallel} < 106$ GeV
- **Exactly one or at least two b-jets**

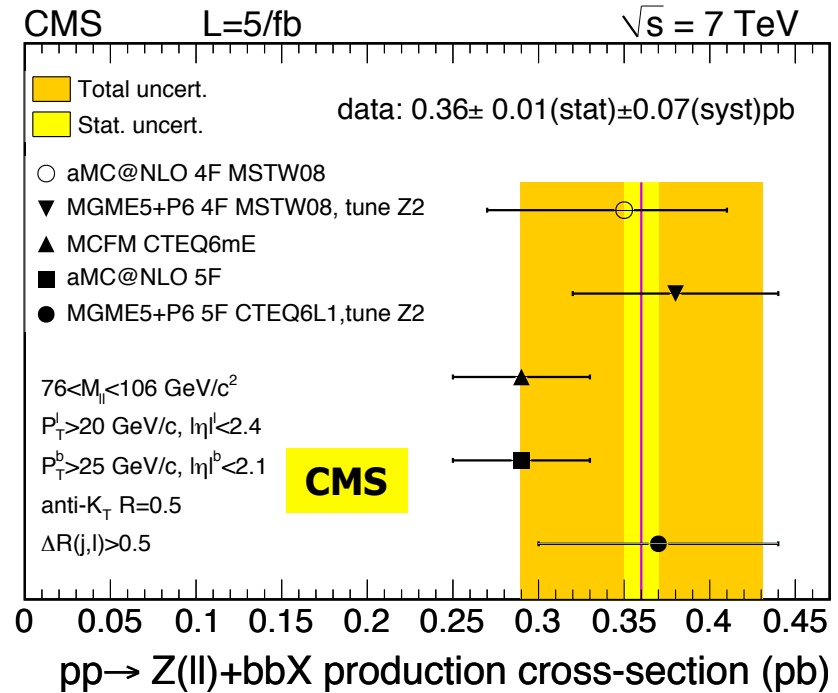
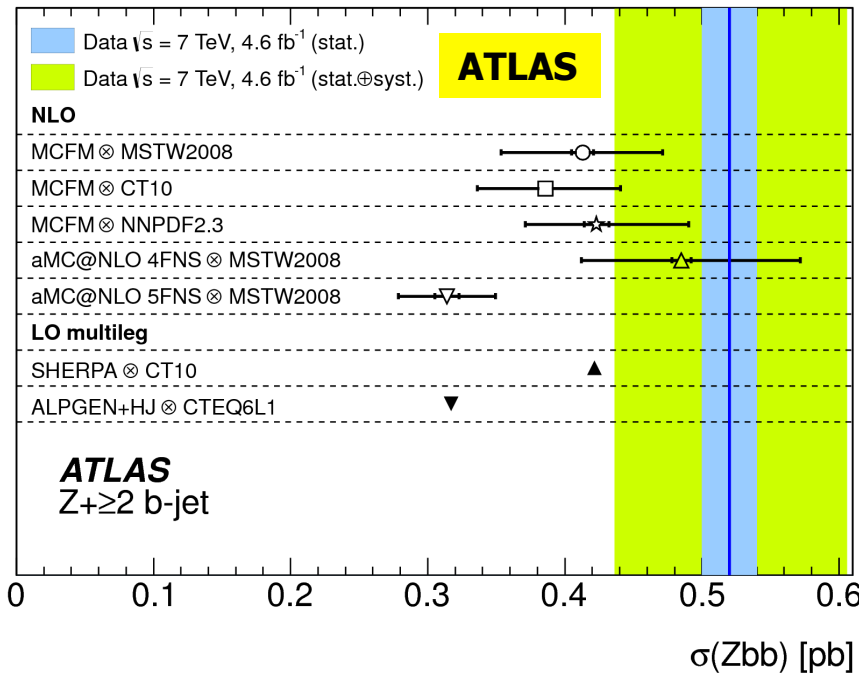
- Jets originating from b quarks are tagged by
 - **MV1** algorithm (ATLAS)
 - **Simple Secondary Vertex (SSV)** algorithm (CMS)
- **CMS measurements:**
 - Z + 1 b-jet, **Z + ≥ 1 b-jet, Z + ≥ 2 b-jet**
 - Ratio: Z + ≥ 1 b-jet / Z + any flavour jet
 - **Angular correlations of b hadrons** probing the collinear gluon splitting to bb (JHEP12(2013)039)
- **ATLAS measurements:**
 - **Z + ≥ 1 b-jet, Z + ≥ 2 b-jet**
 - b-jet p_T and rapidity, Z p_T and rapidity
 - $\Delta \Phi(Z,b)$, $\Delta Y(Z,b)$, $\Delta R(Z,b)$
 - $m(b,b)$, $\Delta R(b,b)$





Zb, Zbb (7 TeV)

- Z production with at least two b-jets
- Two schemes in pQCD calculations containing heavy flavour quarks
 - **4FNS**: no b quarks at initial state
 - **5FNS**: b quarks considered at initial state



aMC@NLO 5FNS, ALPGEN (4FNS), SHERPA (5FNS): largest discrepancies (ATLAS)





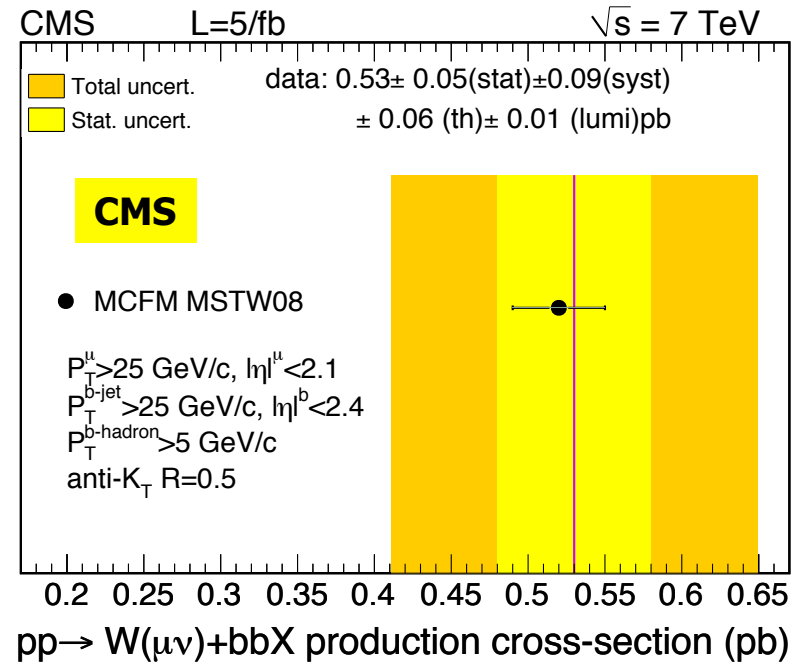
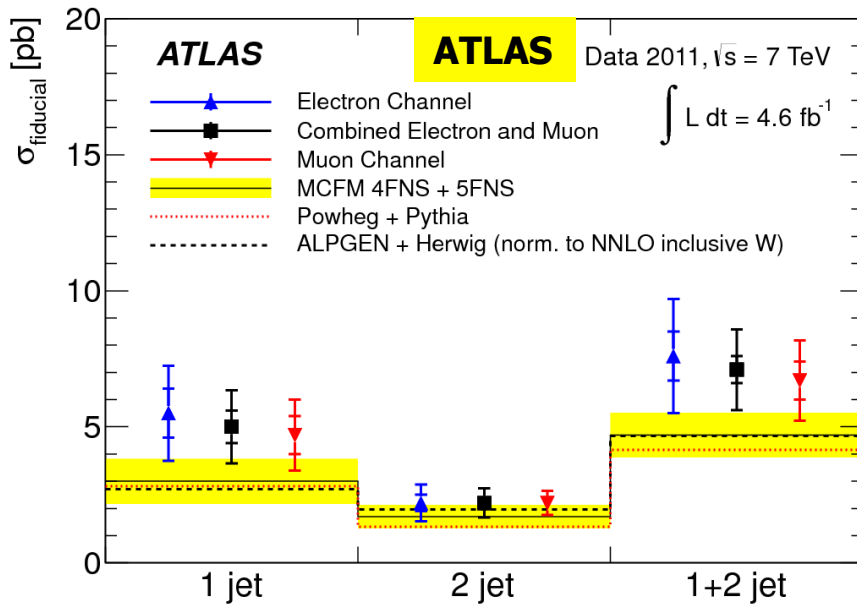
Wb, Wbb (7 TeV)

ATLAS

- $p_{T\mu}, p_{Te} > 25 \text{ GeV}, |\eta| < 2.47$ (e), 2.4 (μ)
- AntikT4, Jet $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}, |y| < 2.1$
- $E_{T\text{miss}} > 25 \text{ GeV}, m_T > 60 \text{ GeV}$
- **Only one b-jet**

CMS – muon channel only

- $p_{T\mu} > 25 \text{ GeV}, |\eta_\mu| < 2.1$
- AntikT5, Jet $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}, |\eta| < 2.4$
- $m_T > 45 \text{ GeV}$
- **Exactly two b-jets**



Measurements in agreement with theoretical predictions

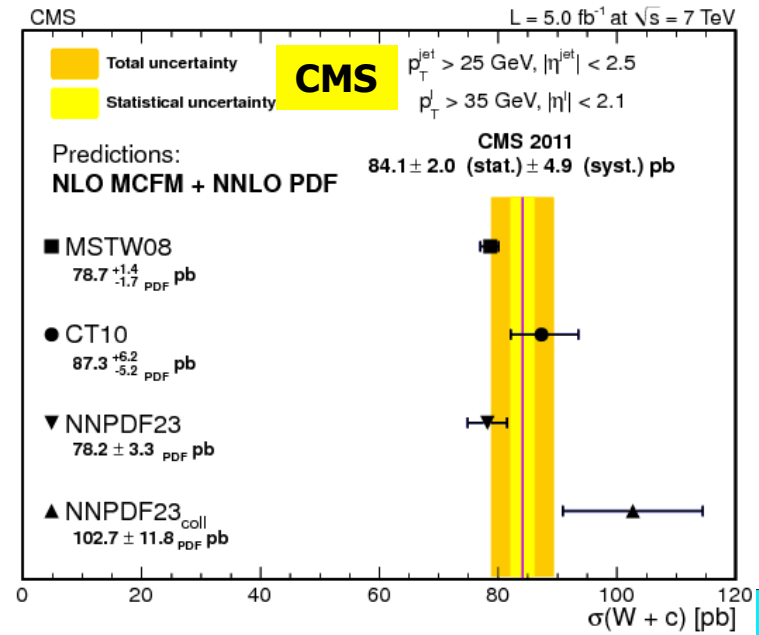
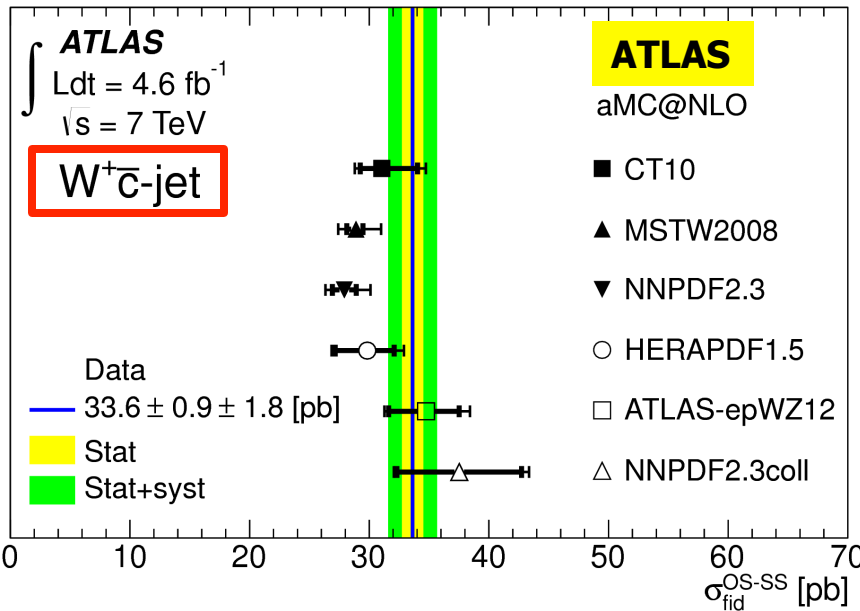
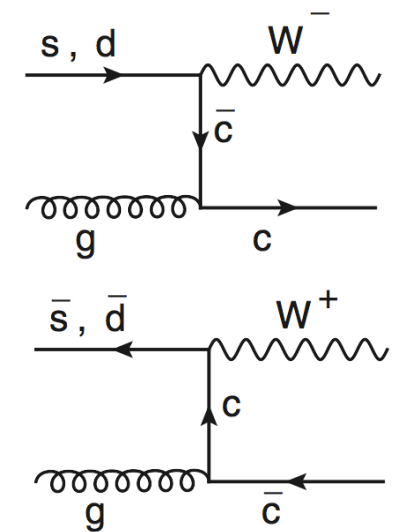
- ATLAS: consistent with NLO within 1.5σ





Wc (7 TeV)

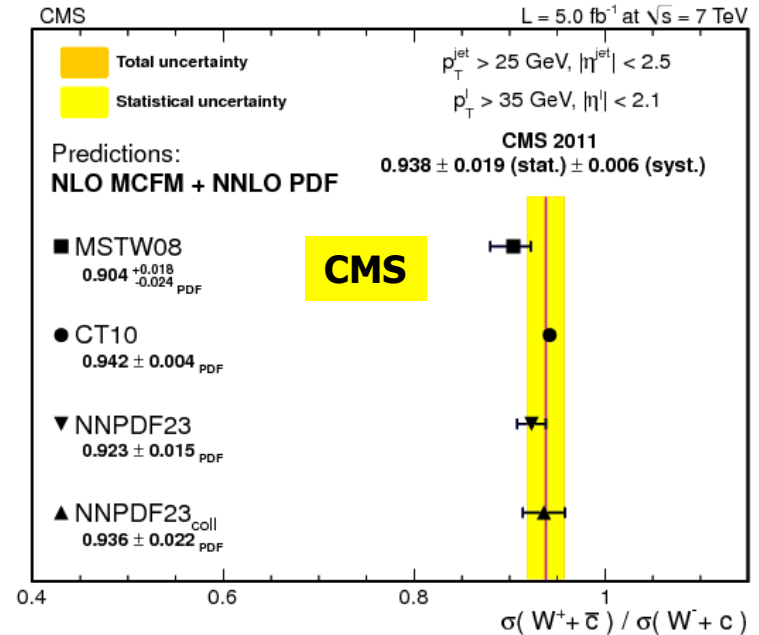
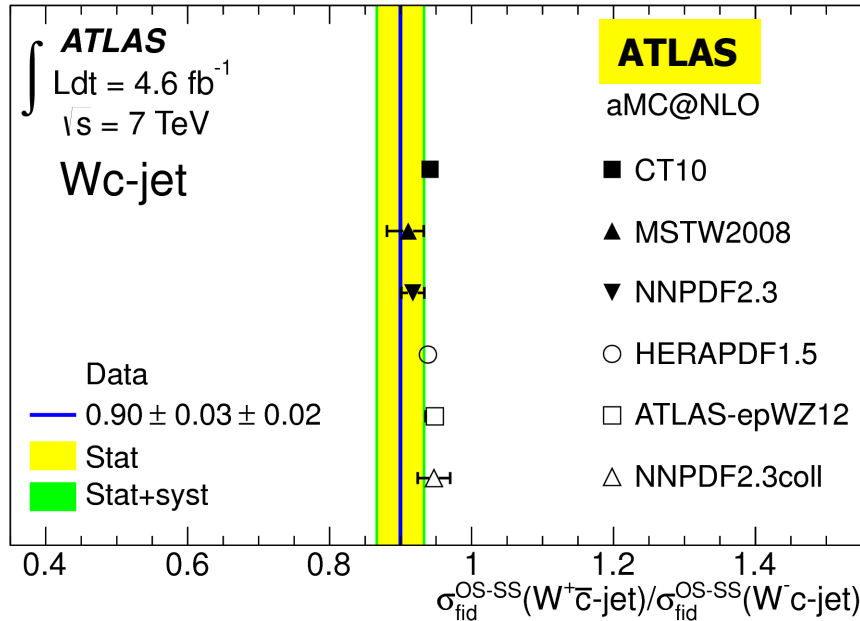
- Sensitive to the **s-quark PDF** at momentum transfer $\sim M_W$
- Six measurements:
 - **$W^\pm + c\text{-jet}, W^\pm + D, W^\pm + D^*$**
 - CMS presents also results of their combination
- **Important strategy:**
 - Charge correlation between W and c $\Rightarrow \mu$ in c-jet and D/D* have a charge opposite (OS) to the W boson
 - **$W + c$ yields = OS events — SS events (backgrounds)**





Wc (7 TeV)

- Cross section ratio (W⁺ + cbar) / (W⁻ + c)
- The observed W⁻ + c yield slightly larger than the W⁺ + cbar
 - dominance of the d-quark over the d-antiquark in the proton (as expected)



- Also measured:
 - Differential cross sections (W + c) vs. lepton |η|
 - The ratio (r_s) of the strange-to-down sea-quark distributions (symmetric light-quark sea) (ATLAS)

$$r_s \equiv 0.5(s + \bar{s}) / \bar{d} = 0.96^{+0.26}_{-0.30}$$



$t\bar{t}W, t\bar{t}Z$ (8 TeV)



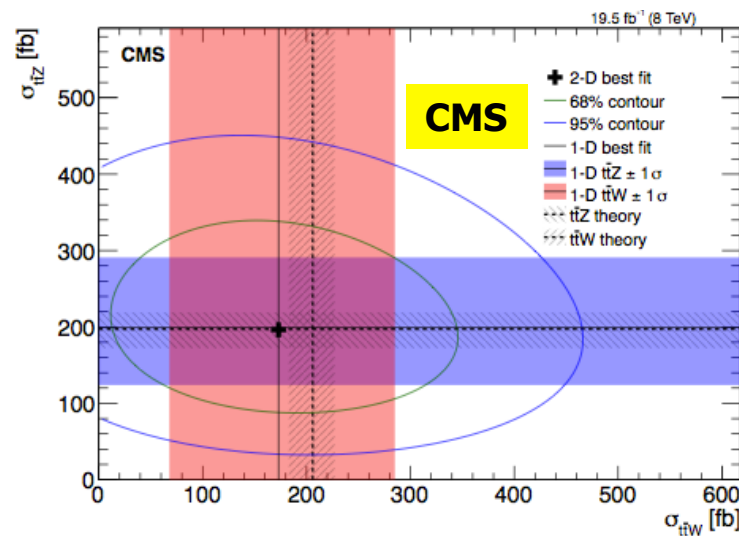
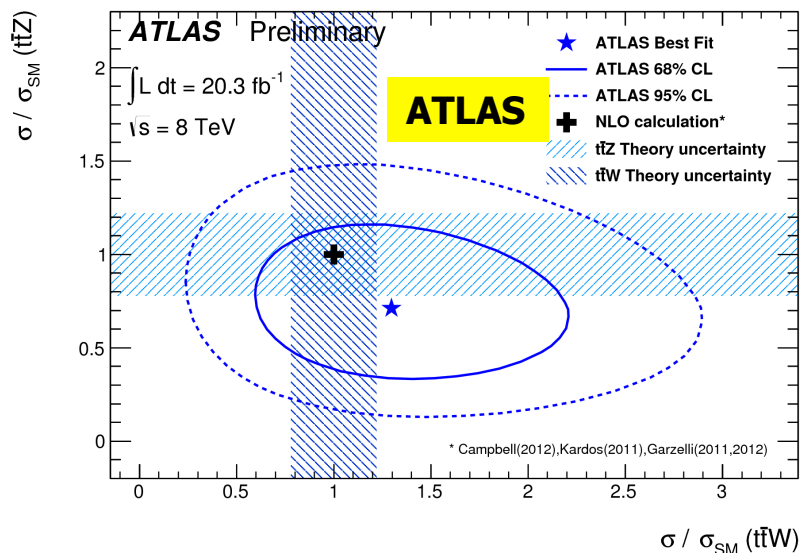
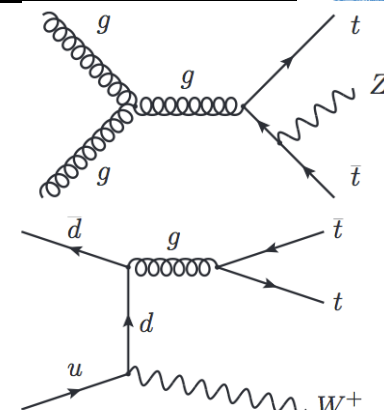
- **Three channels considered:**

ATLAS

- Same-sign **dimuon** ($t\bar{t}W$)
- Trilepton ($t\bar{t}Z$)
- Opp. Sign dilepton ($t\bar{t}W, t\bar{t}Z$)

CMS

- Same-sign dilepton ($t\bar{t}W$)
- Trilepton ($t\bar{t}Z$)
- Four-lepton ($t\bar{t}Z$)



Results of the **combined simultaneous fit** for $t\bar{t}W$ and $t\bar{t}Z$ cross sections are **in agreement** with **NLO QCD predictions**:

- Campbell (2012), Kardos (2011) and Garzelli (2011,2012) for ATLAS
- MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO for CMS (in agreement with those used by ATLAS)



Summary and Outlook



- **ATLAS and CMS excellent performance** allow the precise study of associated vector boson production
- A **hot topic** for theoretical studies for several years can be finally exploited with high precision experimental measurements!
- Several results for **7 TeV (2011)** and **8 TeV (2012)** were presented
 - Overall good agreement with theory predictions; some discrepancies exist
- Many **8 TeV (2012)** measurements are in progress
- **Important feedback** to theorists and our understanding of QCD and electroweak processes in the high energy LHC regime

**Looking forward for more precise measurements
next year at 13 TeV!**





BACKUP



Total Integrated Luminosity in 2011 and 2012



- Excellent performance by both detectors
- Utilize most of the LHC delivered luminosity

