

Impact of LHCb measurements on PDFs

J. Blouw, on behalf of the LHCb collaboration

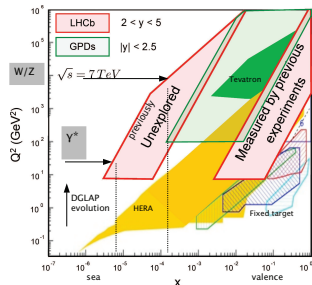
Max-Planck-Institut für Kernphysik, Heidelberg

XLIV International Symposium on Multiparticle Dynamics, Sep. 8-12, 2014,
Bologna, Italy.

- Motivation
- The LHCb spectrometer
- W-boson cross section measurement
- Z-boson cross section
- Impact on parton distribution functions
- Conclusions & Outlook

- Measurements sensitive to parton distribution functions

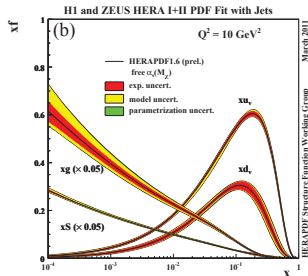
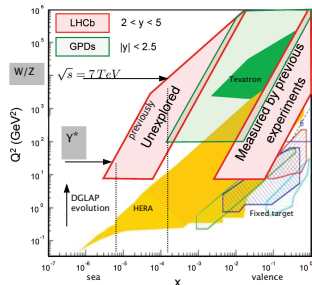
$$x_{1,2} = \frac{Q}{\sqrt{s}} e^{\pm y}$$

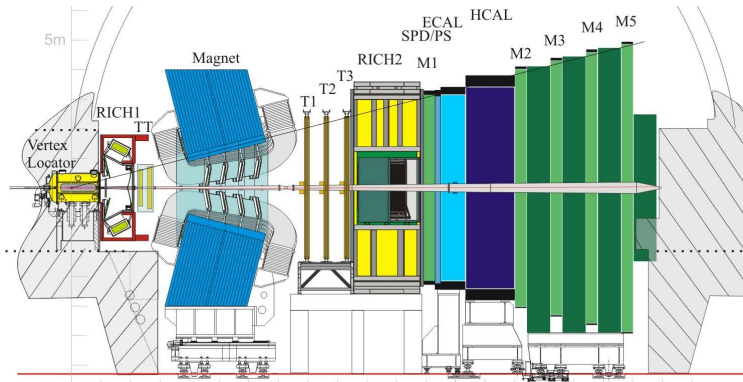


- Measurements sensitive to parton distribution functions

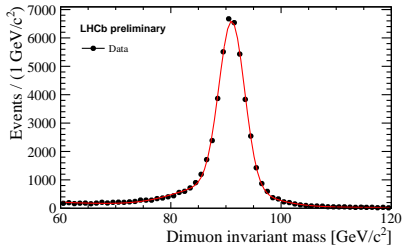
$$x_{1,2} = \frac{Q}{\sqrt{s}} e^{\pm y}$$

- Z boson probes low-x at $x \sim 1.4 \cdot 10^{-4}$ and high-x at $x \sim 1$
- Low-mass Drell-Yan (e.g. J/Ψ): $x \sim 8 \times 10^{-6}$ and $x \sim 0.1$
- Boson cross section ratios provide tests of standard model ($\frac{\sigma(W^+)}{\sigma(W^-)} \sim u_v/d_v$)
- Asymmetries probe difference between valence quark distributions in proton
- Unique kinematic range of LHCb complements those of central detectors

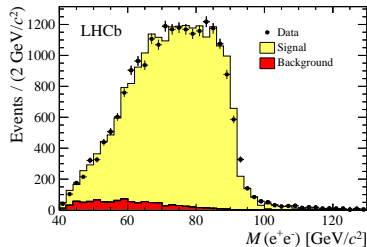




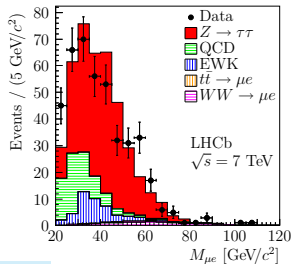
- Acceptance from $2 < \eta < 5$
- Probes down to $x \approx 5 \times 10^{-6}$
- Good IP measurement: $\langle \delta \text{IP} \rangle = 20 \mu\text{m}$ for $p_T > 2 \text{ GeV}$:
- μ ID efficiency: $\sim 97 \%$ for $< 3 \%$ $\pi \rightarrow \mu$ mis-id probability from $p = 2 - 100 \text{ GeV}$



Di-muon Invariant mass



Invariant mass of $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$



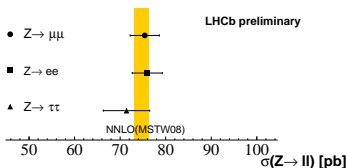
$$Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^- \rightarrow e^\pm \mu^\mp$$

$Z \rightarrow l^+l^-$ reconstruction:

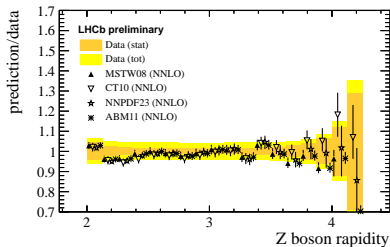
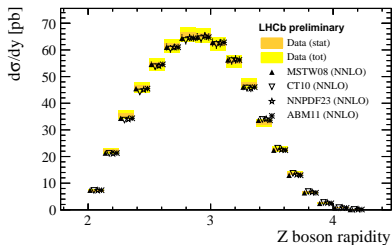
- $2 < \eta < 4.5$
- $60 < M_{l^+l^-} < 120$ GeV
- $p_T^l > 20$ GeV

Backgrounds:

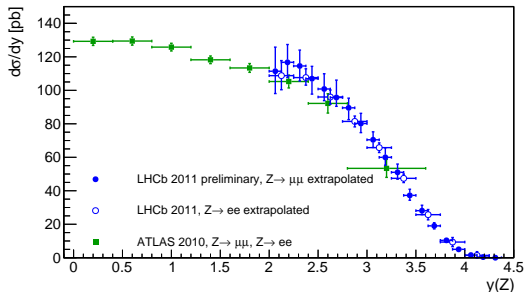
- Muon case: < 0.3% background
- Electron case: only 4.5% background
- Tau case: 28 – 37% background



- Good agreement between different channels
- And with NNLO calculations (MSTW08)

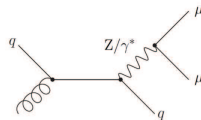
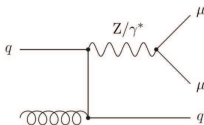
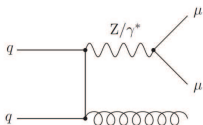
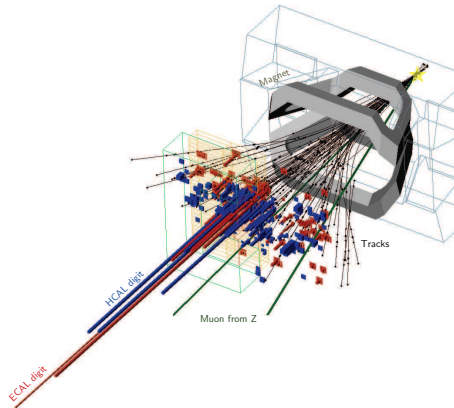


- $\mathcal{L} = 1.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ at 7 TeV analyzed
- LHCb data corrected for additional ATLAS cuts
- Compares well to ATLAS data (*JHEP* 12 (2010) 060)



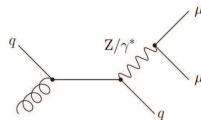
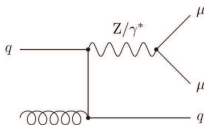
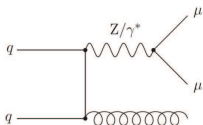
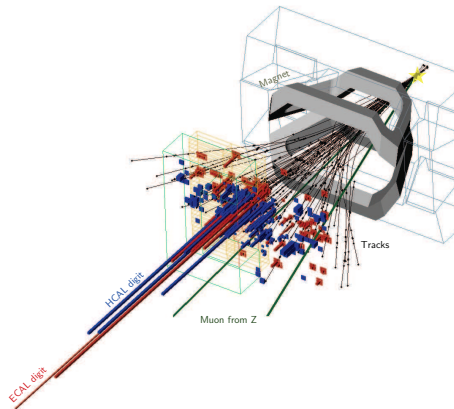
$Z \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ plus jet

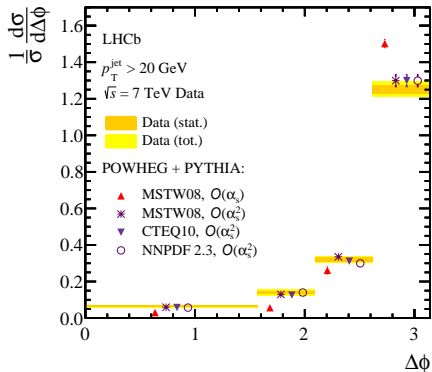
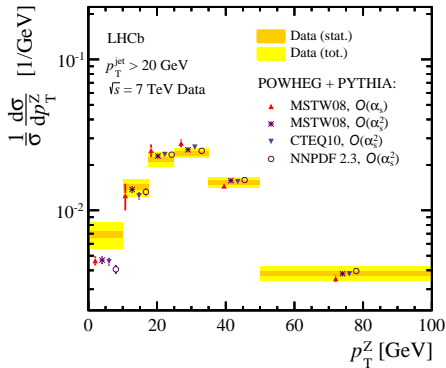
- Sensitive to gluon content of proton,
- to higher-order pQCD corrections, and



$Z \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ plus jet

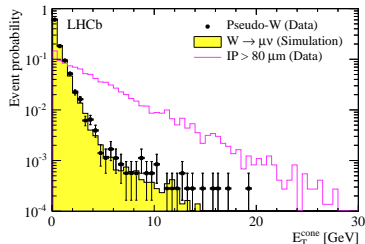
- Sensitive to gluon content of proton,
- to higher-order pQCD corrections, and
- $\mathcal{L}^{\text{int}} = 1.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$
- Jets: anti- k_T algorithm ($R = 0.5$)
- Jet-muon separation: $\Delta r(\text{jet}, \mu) > 0.4$
- $p_T^{\text{jet}} > 20 \text{ GeV}$





$W^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm \nu$ reconstruction:

- $2 < \eta_\mu < 4.5$
- $20 < p_T^\mu < 70 \text{ GeV}$
- Require μ from W decay to be isolated
- Isolation variables well described by simulation



Scalar sum p_T^{cone} around μ track

Background:

- From heavy-flavour: IP < 40 μm
- γ^*/Z : no other μ with $p_T > 2 \text{ GeV}$
- Remaining: decay in flight of K/π

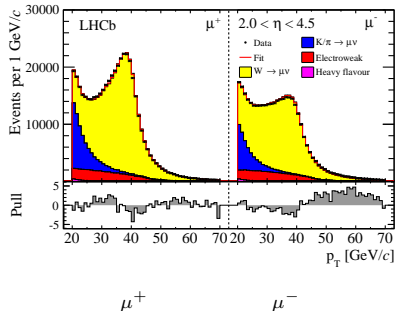
Background:

	Shape	Normalization
$W \rightarrow \mu\nu$	simulation	fit
K/π decay in flight	data	fit
$\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$	simulation	fixed
$W \rightarrow \tau\nu, Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$	simulation	fixed
Heavy flavor	data	fixed
hline		

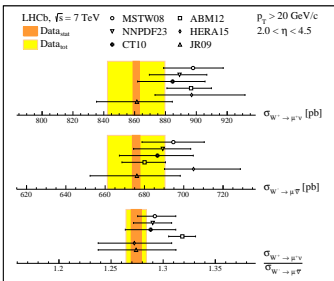
Resulting purities:

$$W^+ \quad 77.17 \pm 0.19 \%$$

$$W^- \quad 77.40 \pm 0.23 \%$$

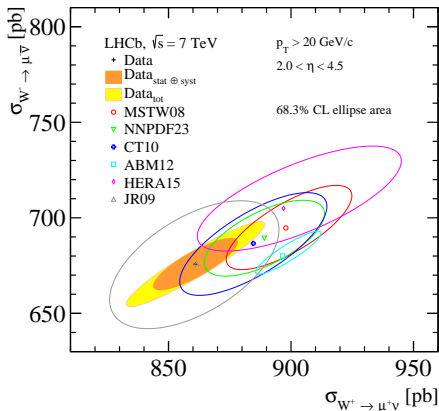


W boson cross section at LHCb



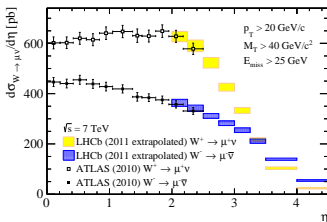
W^\pm cross sections and ratios compared to various PDFs

- Statistical error much smaller than systematic
- 1.3% systematic error
- And only 1.7% error from luminosity measurement

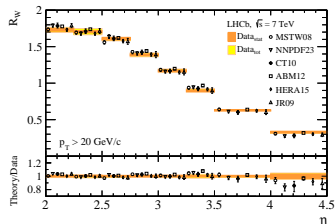


Correlation between $\sigma(W^+) \text{ vs. } \sigma(W^-)$

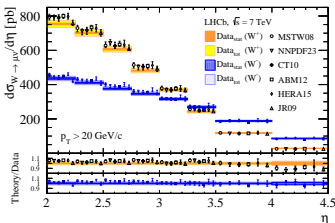
W boson cross section at LHCb



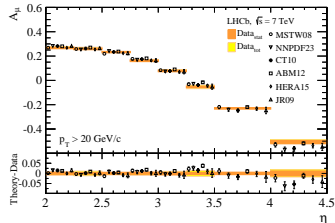
Comparison of $\sigma(W^\pm)$ to ATLAS data



W^\pm cross section ratio vs. various predictions



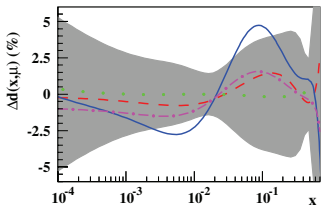
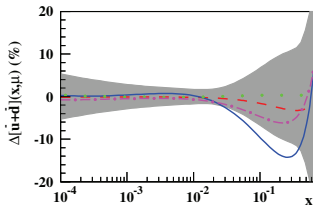
$\sigma(W^\pm)$ vs. η compared to various predictions



Lepton charge asymmetry vs. η

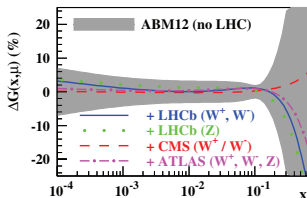
Impact of LHCb data on parton distribution functions

- LHCb data used by Alekhin *et al.* (PR D89, 054028)
- LHCb data used also by NNPDF, Ball *et al.* (NP B867 (2013) 244–289)
- PDFs nicely describe LHCb W^\pm and Z decays
- Large impact of LHCb data



Impact of LHCb data on d-quark PDF

Impact on sea quark PDF



Impact on gluon PDF

- Unique kinematic regime accessed by LHCb down to ($x \sim 5 \cdot 10^{-6}$)
- Cross sections for $Z \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-, e^+ e^-, \tau^+ \tau^-$
- Cross sections for inclusive $W^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm \nu$
- W results very accurate; updated $Z \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ to be released soon
- Data used for PDF fits
- LHCb data consistent with ABM12 & NNPDF2.3 PDFs
 - Large relative impact of LHCb data thanks to forward kinematic regime
 - Only fraction of data used...
 - e.g. $Z + \text{jet}$ not included in PDF fits
- More LHCb data available: low-mass Drell-Yan data: $J/\Psi, \phi(2S)$ & $\Upsilon(1S)$ cross sections