



Super-LHC

W. Scandale, F. Zimmermann

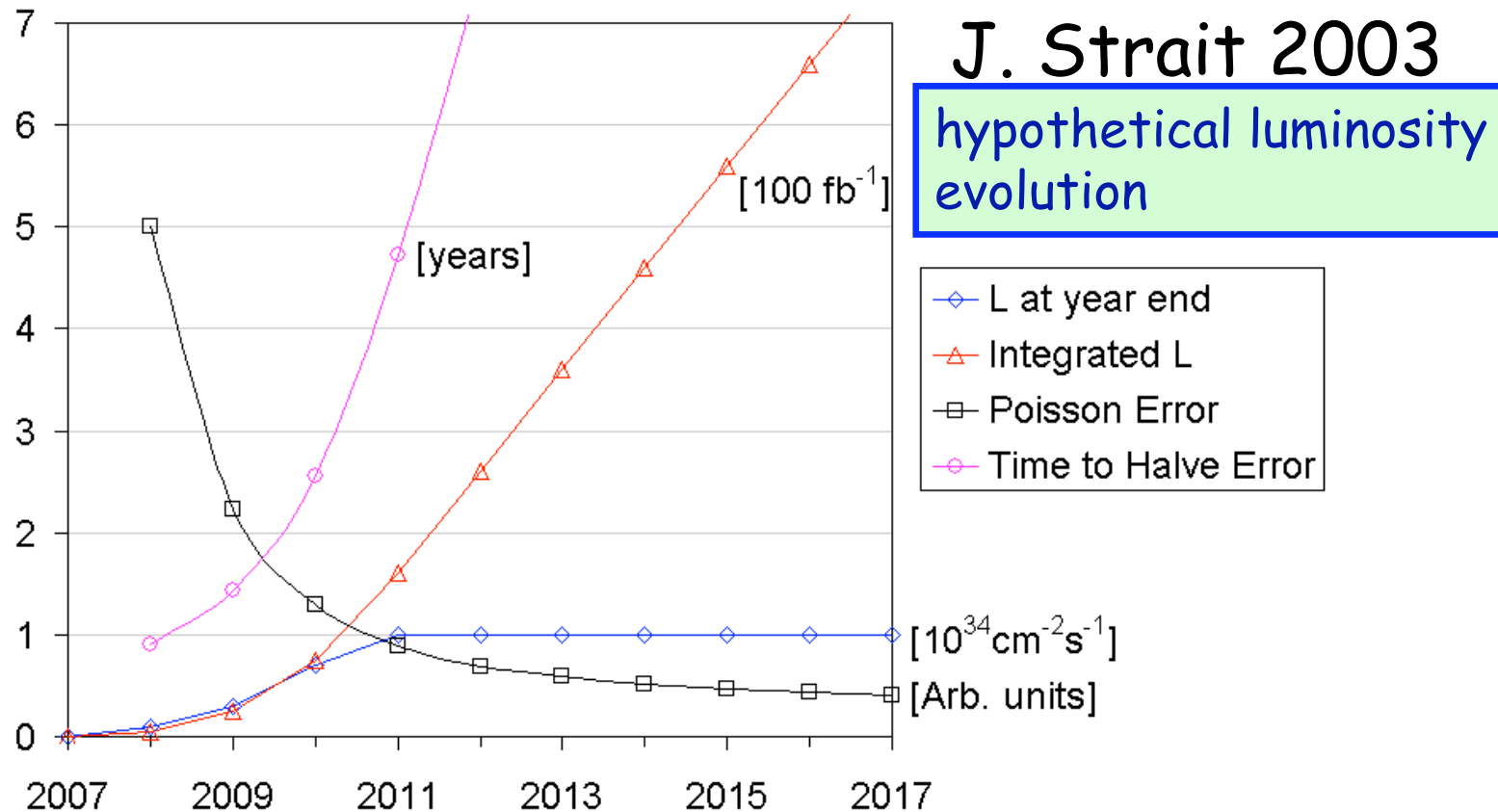
We acknowledge the support of the European Community Research Infrastructure Activity under the FP6 "Structuring the European Research Area" programme (CARE, contract number RII3-CT-2003-506395)



outline

- ✓ motivation & staged approach
- ✓ 3 upgrade scenarios
- ✓ luminosity levelling
- ✓ injector upgrade & schedule
- ✓ detector upgrade
- ✓ crab cavities
- ✓ beam-beam & e-cloud mitigation
- ✓ complementary advanced schemes
- ✓ strategy for “phase-2”

Three Strong Reasons for LHC Upgrade



- 1) after few years, **statistical error** hardly decreases
- 2) radiation damage limit of IR quadrupoles ($\sim 700 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) reached by $\sim 2016 \Rightarrow$ time for an upgrade!
- 3) **extending physics potential!**

staged approach to LHC upgrade

“phase-1” 2013:

new triplets, D1, TAS, $\beta^*=0.25$ m in IP1 & 5,
reliable LHC operation at $\sim 2\text{-}3x$ luminosity;
beam from new Linac4

“phase-2” 2017:

target luminosity 10x nominal,
possibly Nb₃Sn triplet & $\beta^*\sim 0.15$ m

***+ injector
upgrade***

complementary measures 2010-2017:

e.g. long-range beam-beam compensation,
crab cavities, new/upgraded injectors, advanced
collimators, coherent e- cooling??, e- lenses??

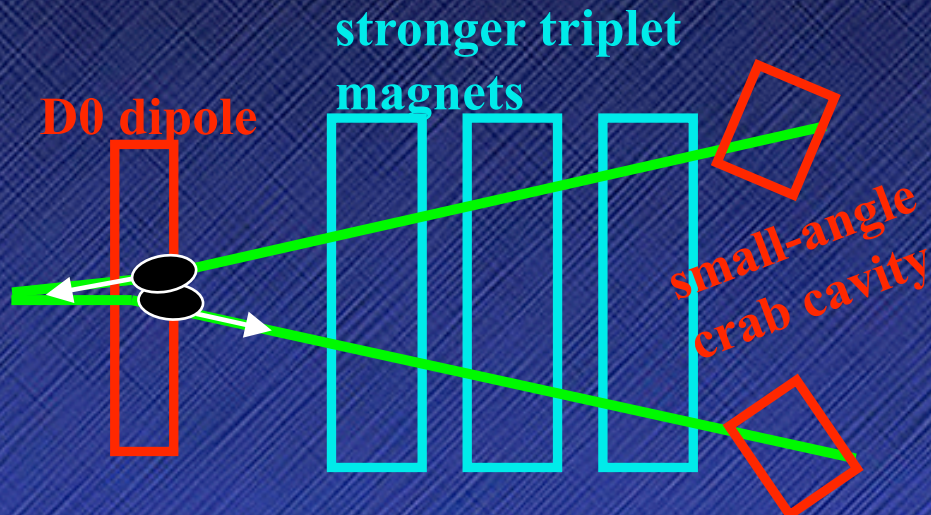
phase-2 might be just phase-1 plus complementary measures

longer term (2020?): energy upgrade, LHeC,...

LHC upgrade paths for IP1 & IP5

early separation (ES)

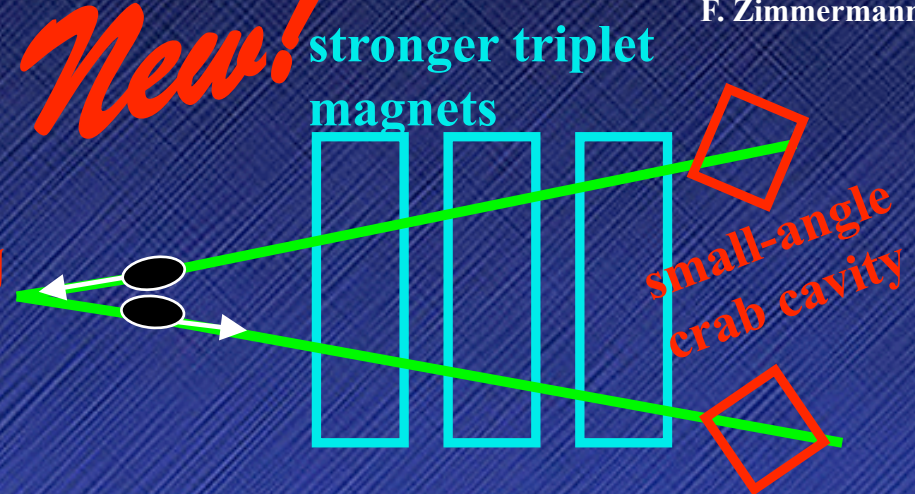
J.-P. Koutchouk



- ultimate beam (1.7×10^{11} protons/bunch, 25 spacing), $\beta^* \sim 10$ cm
- early-separation dipoles in side detectors, crab cavities
→ hardware inside ATLAS & CMS detectors, first hadron crab cavities; off- δ β -beat

full crab crossing (FCC)

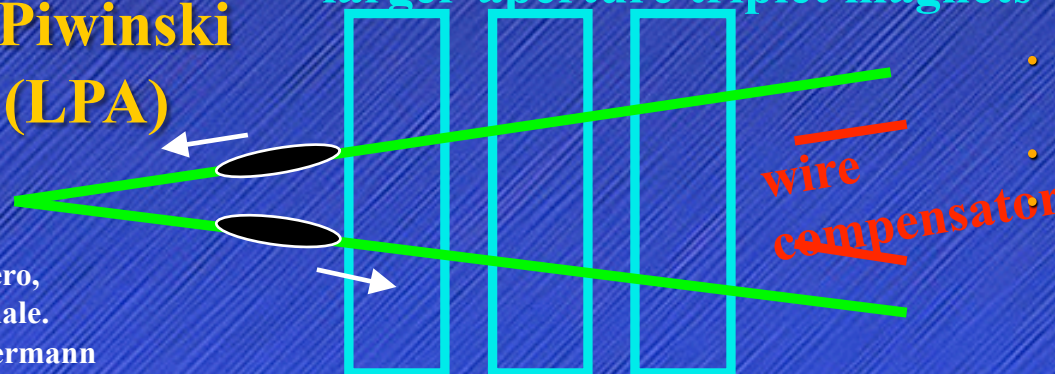
L. Evans,
W. Scandale,
F. Zimmermann



- ultimate LHC beam (1.7×10^{11} protons/bunch, 25 spacing)
- $\beta^* \sim 10$ cm
- crab cavities with 60% higher voltage
→ first hadron crab cavities, off- δ β -beat

large Piwinski angle (LPA)

larger-aperture triplet magnets



F. Ruggiero,
W. Scandale,
F. Zimmermann

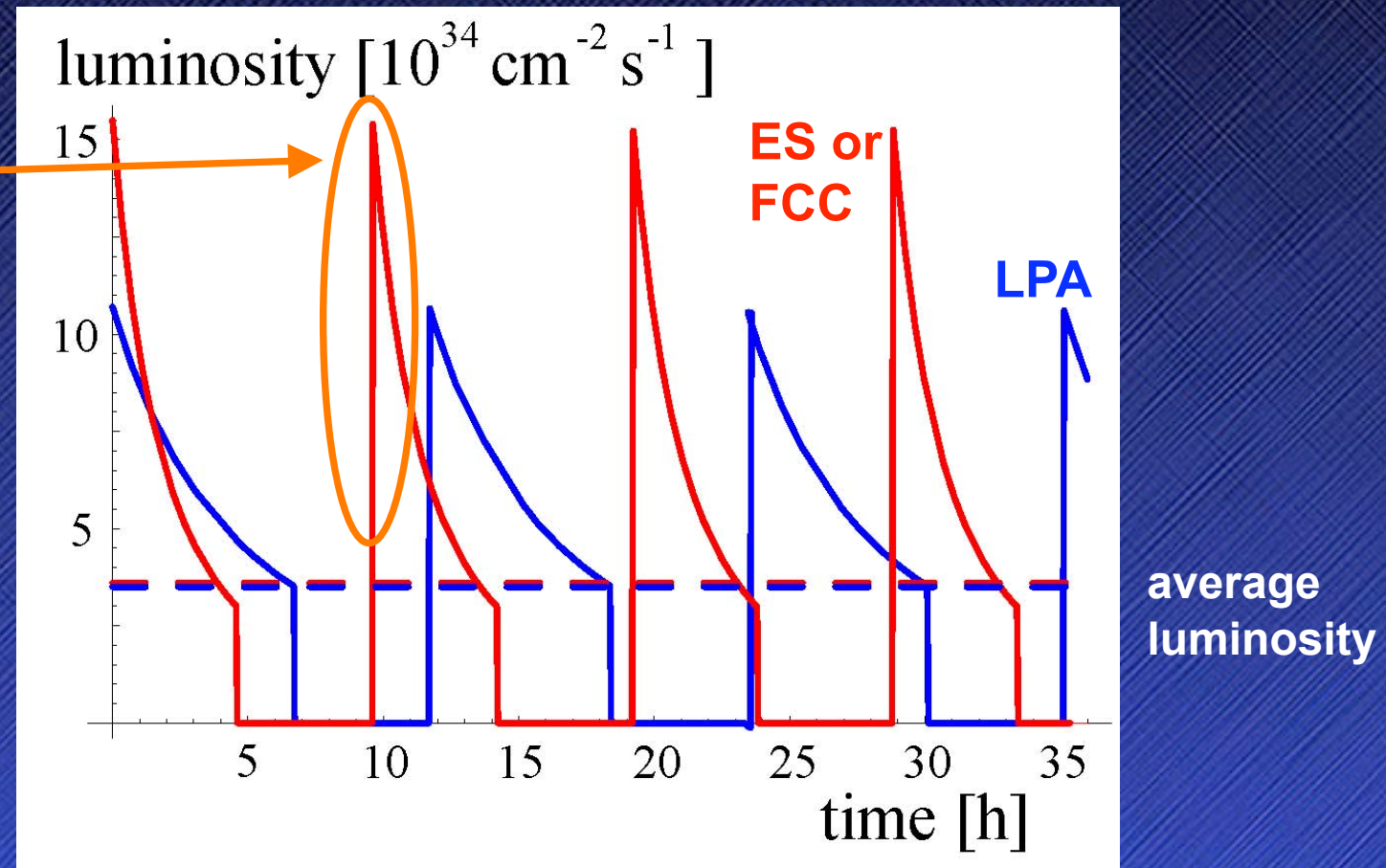
- 50 ns spacing, longer & more intense bunches (5×10^{11} protons/bunch)
- $\beta^* \sim 25$ cm, no elements inside detectors
long-range beam-beam wire compensation
→ novel operating regime for hadron colliders, and for beam generation

parameter	symbol	nominal	ultimate	Early Sep.	Full Crab Xing	L. Piv Angle
transverse emittance	ϵ [μm]	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75
protons per bunch	N_b [10^{11}]	1.15	1.7	1.7	1.7	4.9
bunch spacing	Δt [ns]	25	25	25	25	50
beam current	I [A]	0.58	0.86	0.86	0.86	1.22
longitudinal profile		Gauss	Gauss	Gauss	Gauss	Flat
rms bunch length	σ_z [cm]	7.55	7.55	7.55	7.55	11.8
beta* at IP1&5	β^* [m]	0.55	0.5	0.08	0.08	0.25
full crossing angle	θ_c [μrad]	285	315	0	0	181
Piwinski parameter	$\phi = \theta_c \sigma_z / (2 * \sigma_x^*)$	0.64	0.75	0	0	2.0
hourglass reduction		1.0	1.0	0.86	0.86	0.99
peak luminosity	L [$10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$]	1	2.3	15.5	15.5	10.7
peak events per #ing		19	44	294	294	403
initial lumi lifetime	τ_L [h]	22	14	2.2	2.2	4.5
effective luminosity ($T_{\text{turnaround}} = 10 \text{ h}$)	L_{eff} [$10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$]	0.46	0.91	2.4	2.4	2.5
	$T_{\text{run,opt}}$ [h]	21.2	17.0	6.6	6.6	9.5
effective luminosity ($T_{\text{turnaround}} = 5 \text{ h}$)	L_{eff} [$10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$]	0.56	1.15	3.6	3.6	3.5
	$T_{\text{run,opt}}$ [h]	15.0	12.0	4.6	4.6	6.7
e-c heat SEY=1.4(1.3)	P [W/m]	1.07 (0.44)	1.04 (0.59)	1.04 (0.59)	1.04 (0.59)	0.36 (0.1)
SR heat load 4.6-20 K	P_{SR} [W/m]	0.17	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.36
image current heat	P_{IC} [W/m]	0.15	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.78
gas-s. 100 h (10 h) τ_b	P_{gas} [W/m]	0.04 (0.38)	0.06 (0.56)	0.06 (0.56)	0.06 (0.56)	0.09 (0.9)
extent luminous region	σ_l [cm]	4.5	4.3	3.7	3.7	5.3
comment		nominal	ultimate	D0 + crab	crab	wire comp.

luminosity leveling

initial luminosity
peak may not
be useful for
physics
(set up &
tuning?)

experiments
prefer
~constant
luminosity, less
pile up at start
of run, higher
luminosity at
end

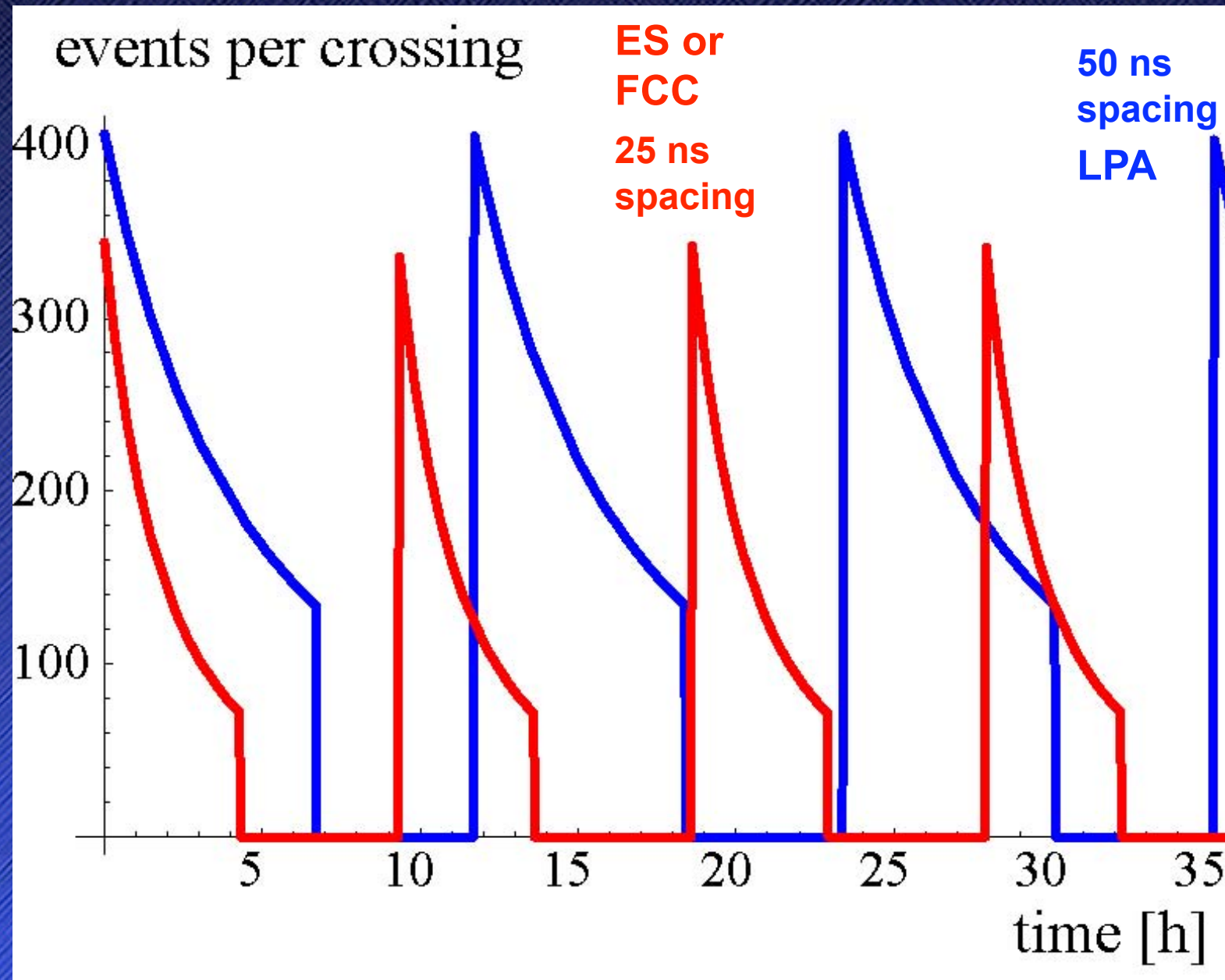


how can we achieve this?

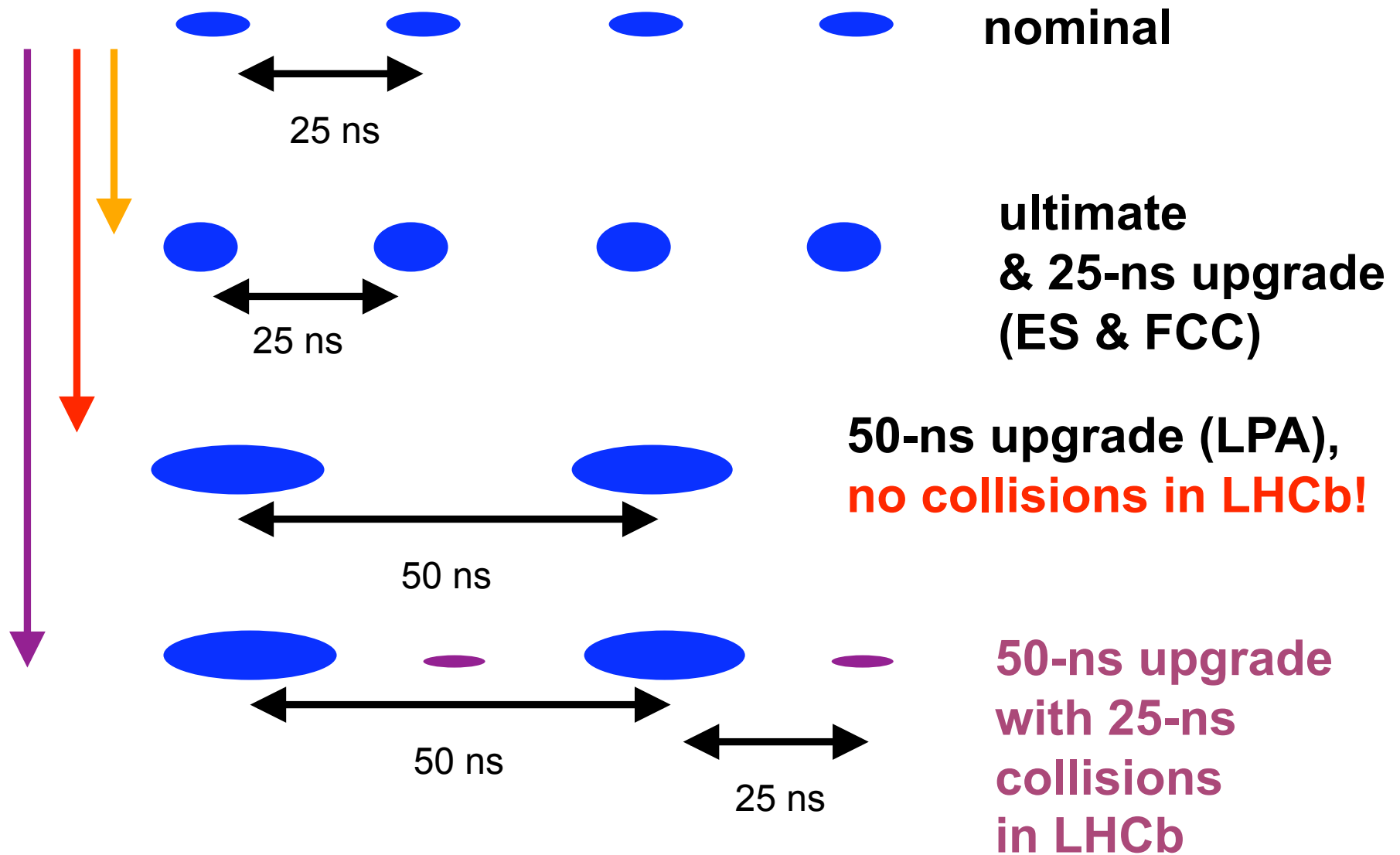
ES or FCC: dynamic β squeeze, or dynamic θ change (either IP angle bumps or varying crab voltage)

LPA: dynamic β squeeze, or dynamic change of bunch length

IP1& 5 event pile up for 25 & 50-ns spacing w/o leveling



upgrade bunch structures



**HHH** →

experimenters' choice (LHCC July 2008)

- ✓ no accelerator components inside detector
- ✓ lowest possible event pile up
- ✓ possibility of easy luminosity levelling

→ **full crab crossing upgrade**

New!

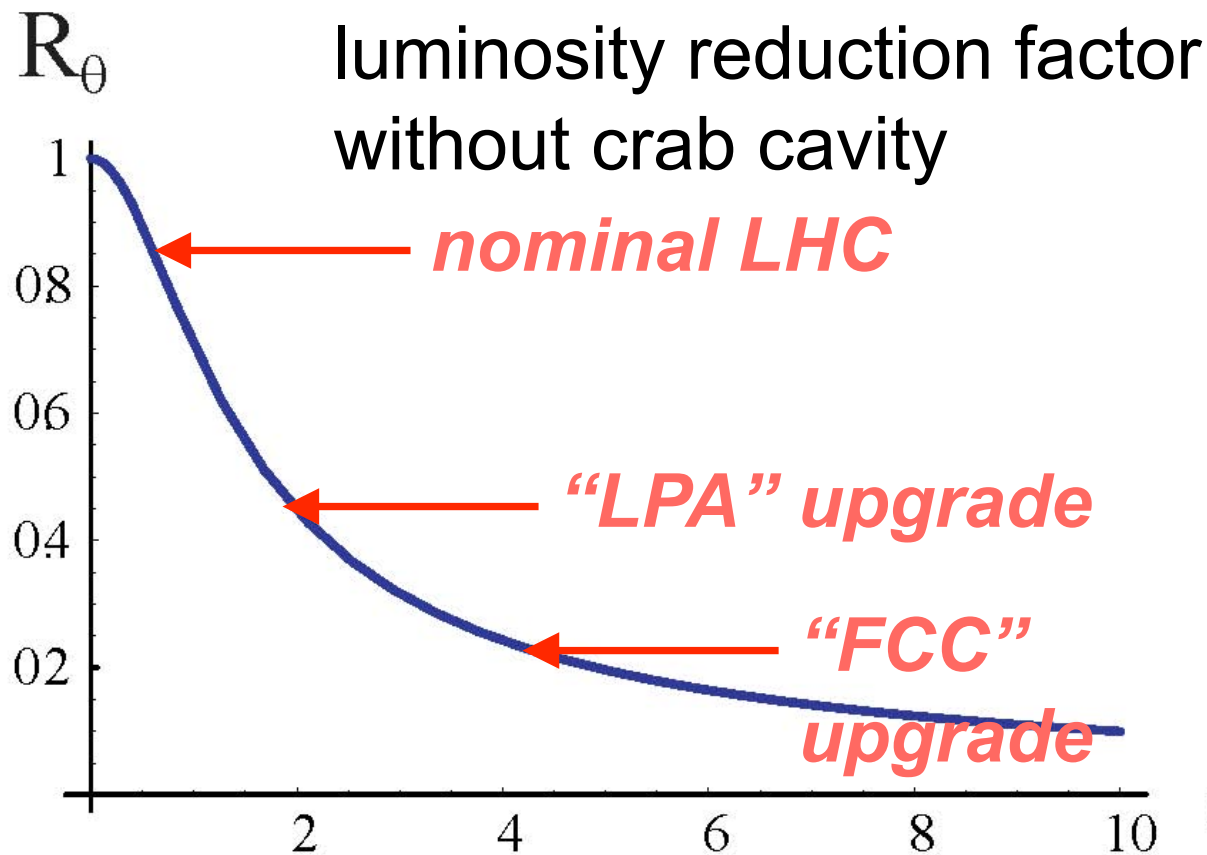
CERN



crab cavity motivation



$$R_\theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \phi^2}}; \quad \phi \equiv \frac{\theta_c \sigma_z}{2\sigma_x} \text{ "Piwinski angle"}$$



effective beam size $\sigma \rightarrow \sigma/R_\phi$



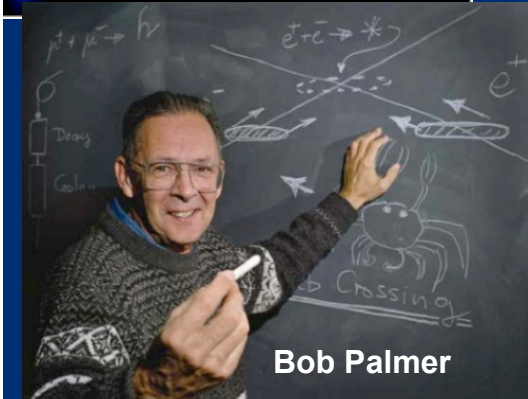


CARE-HHH LHC Crab Cavity Validation



Mini-Workshop, 21 August 2008

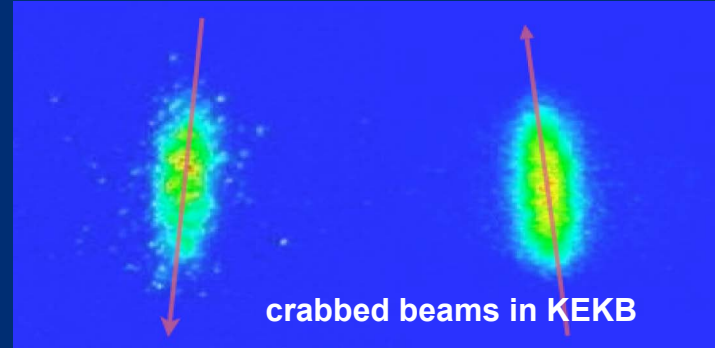
New!



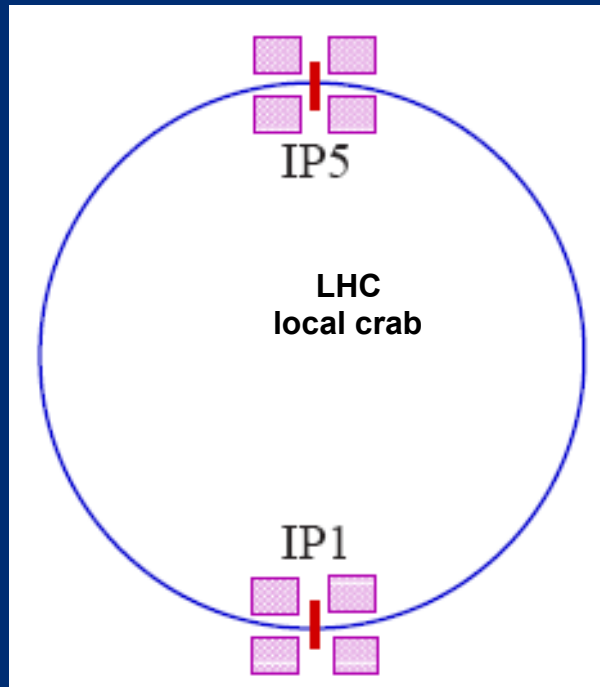
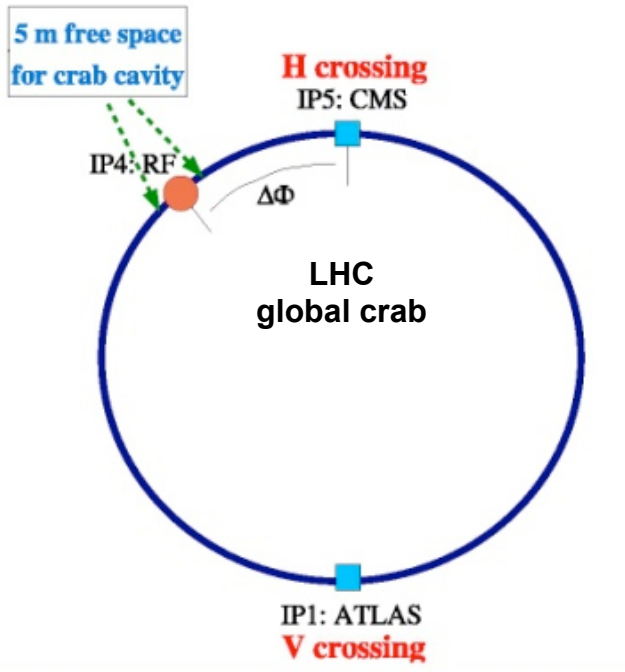
Bob Palmer

invention
1988

first use in operating
ring collider 2007



crabbed beams in KEKB



- KEKB experience
- R&D plan
- phased approach:
 - (1) prototype
 - (2) "global" crab cavity test in IR4,
 - (3) "local" crab cavities in IR1 & 5
- EuCARD, US-LARP & international collaboration

global & local schemes considered for LHC



tentative schedule for crab-cavity ~~HHH~~ → prototype & first beam tests

Schedule T. Linnecar, HHH Crab-Cavity Validation Workshop August 2009

New!

		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
R & D and test stand work	Cavity					
	Vertical test					
	HOM couplers					
	LOM coupler					
	Main coupler					
	Tuner					
	Cryostat					
Confirmation main parameters						
Full Prototype Design for installation	Cryostat plus cavity					
	Personnel / Hardware safety					
	Tunnel layout, cryogenics interface					
	Survey / Alignment					
	Radiation Issues					
	Cavity servo-control control					
	Synchronisation control					
	Slow controls					
	RF power source					
Paperwork for review						
Design validation review						
Construction & Installation	Construction cryomodules					
	Full bunker tests					
	Construction power source					
	Construction electronics					
	System tests					
	Tunnel mods.					
	Installation					
	Beam tests					

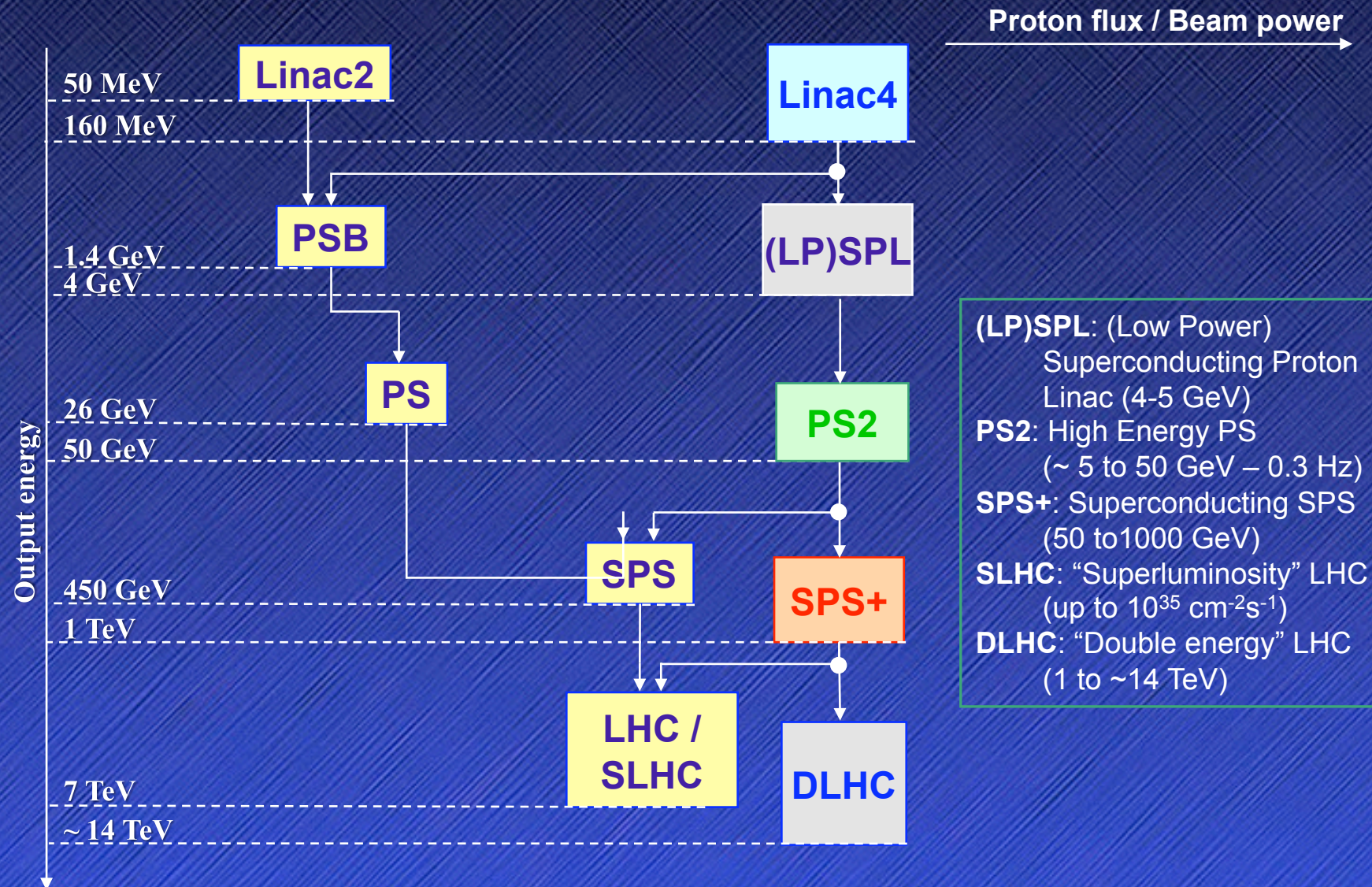
local crab cavities together with IR phase-2 ~2017 ?

LHC injector upgrade

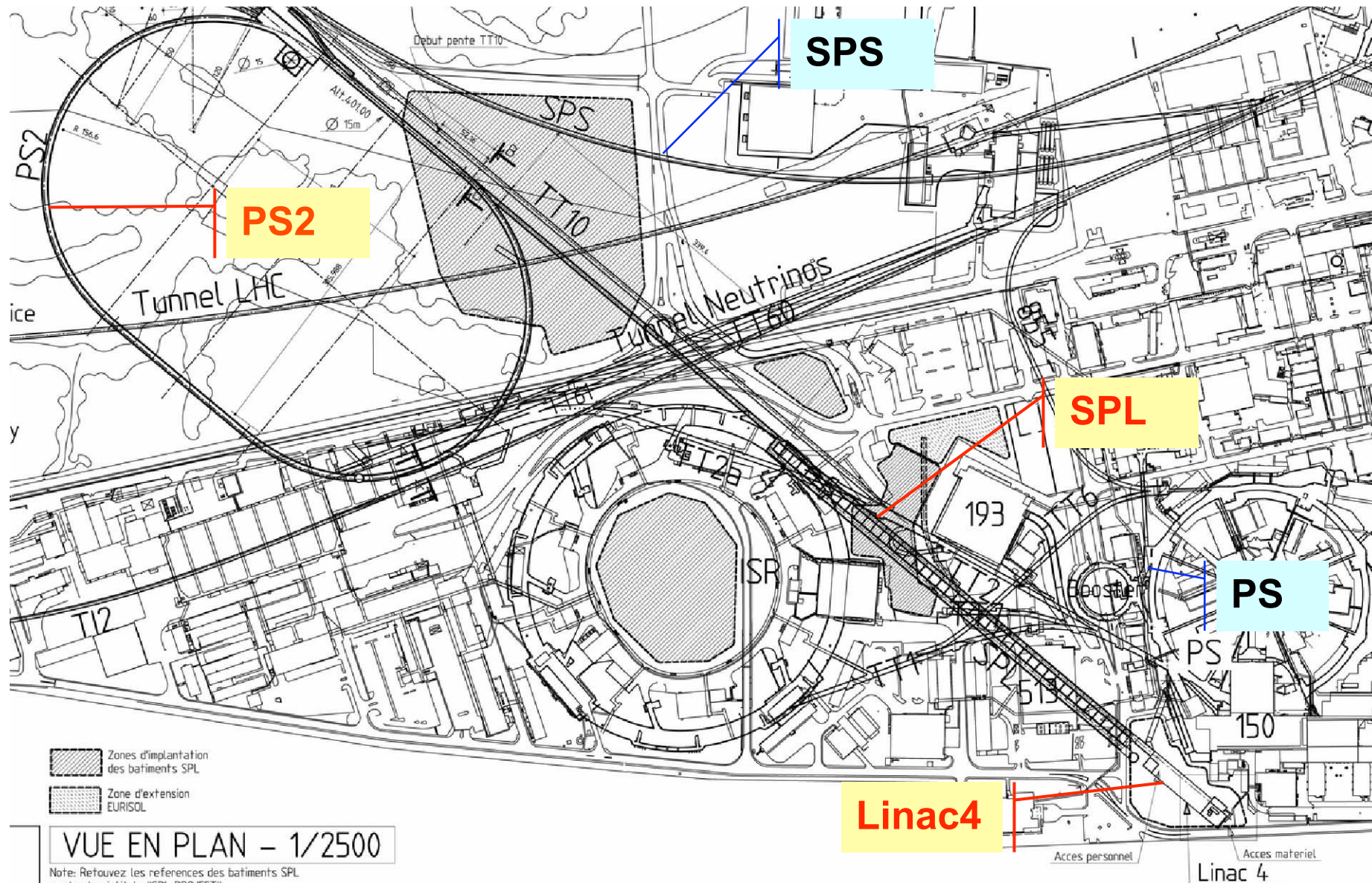
Reasons:

- need for **reliability**:
 - accelerators are old
[Linac2: 1978, PSB: 1975, PS: 1959, SPS: 1976]
 - they operate far from their design parameters and close to hardware limits
 - the infrastructure has suffered from the concentration of resources on LHC during the past 10 years
- need for **better beam characteristics**

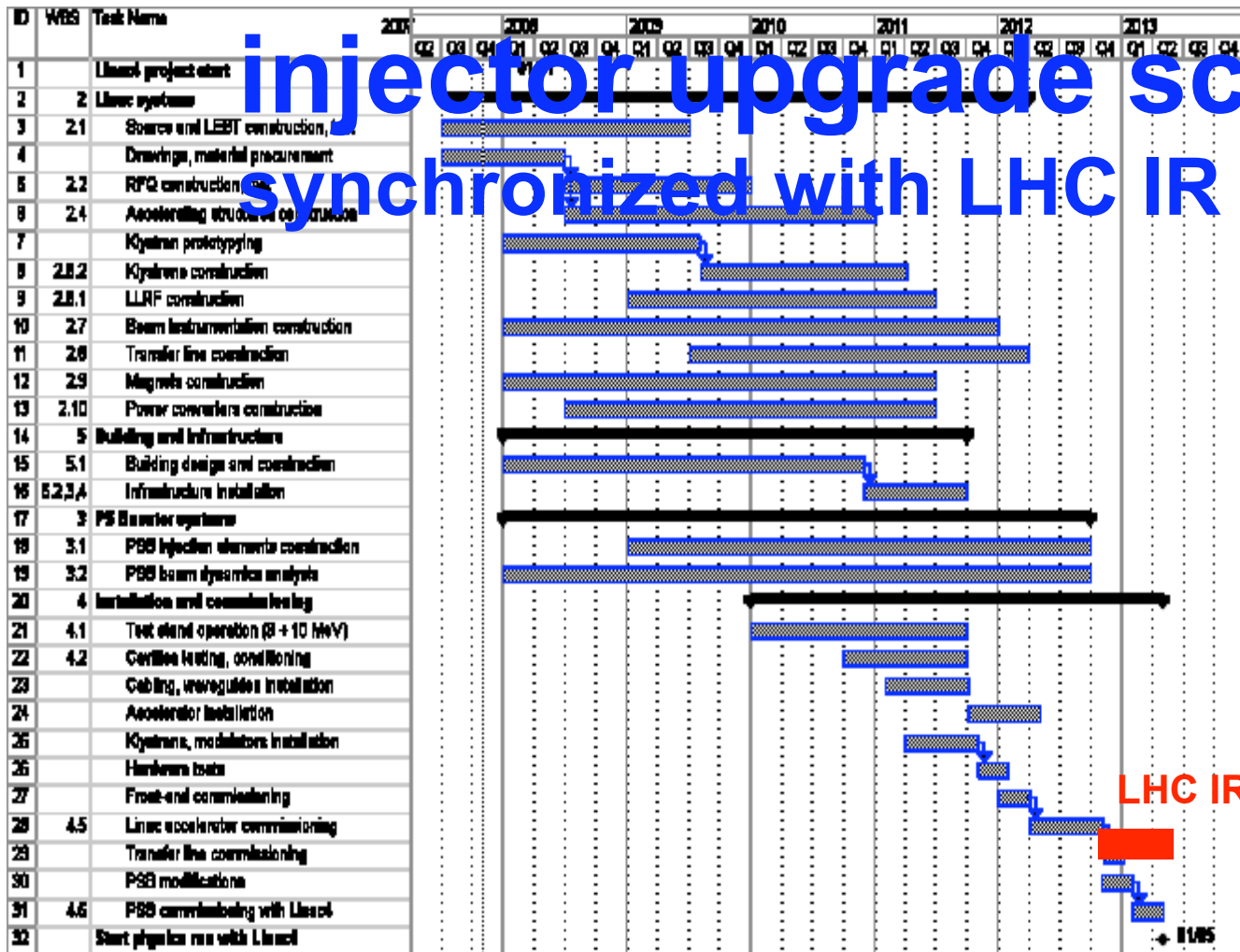
present and future injectors



layout of the new injectors

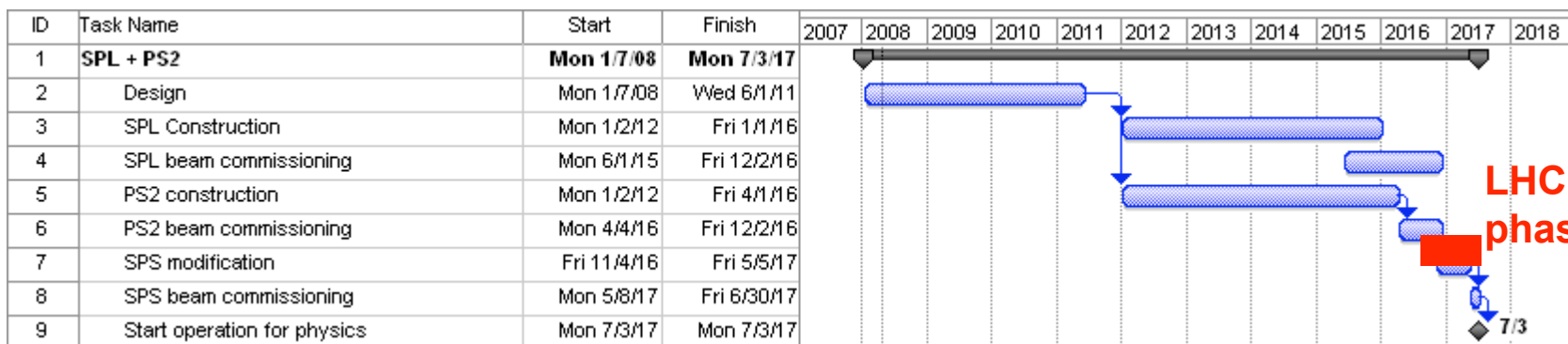


injector upgrade schedule synchronized with LHC IR upgrades



R. Garoby,
LHCC 1 July 2008

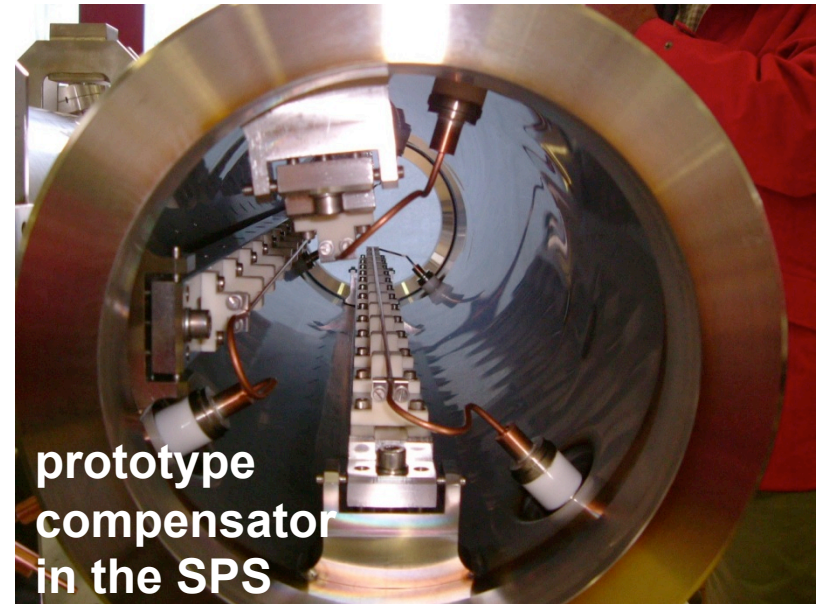
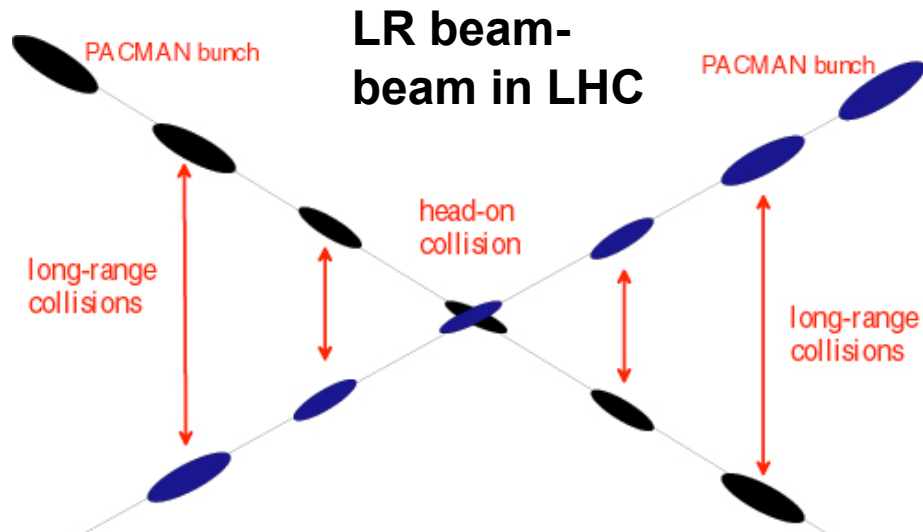
LHC IR phase 1



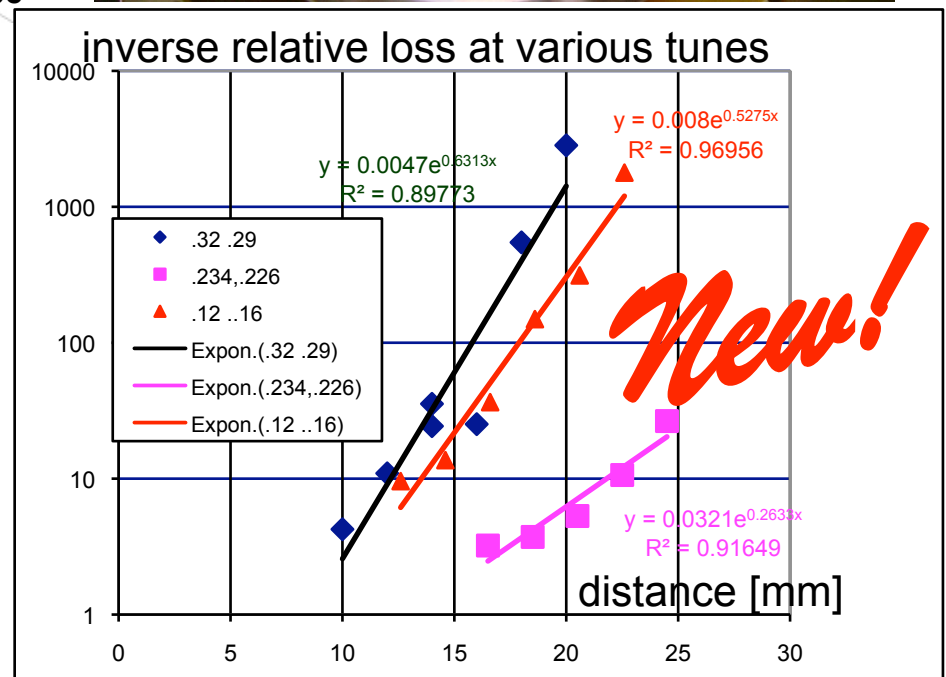
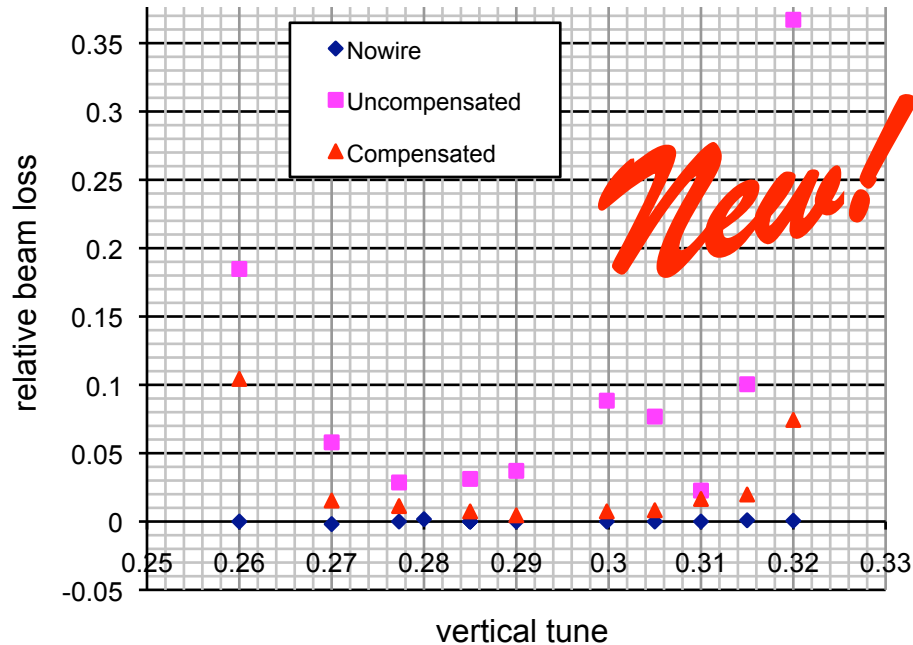
LHC IR
phase 2

7/3

long-range beam-beam compensation



G. Sterbini, J.-P. Koutchouk U. Dorda, et al, SPS MD August 2008

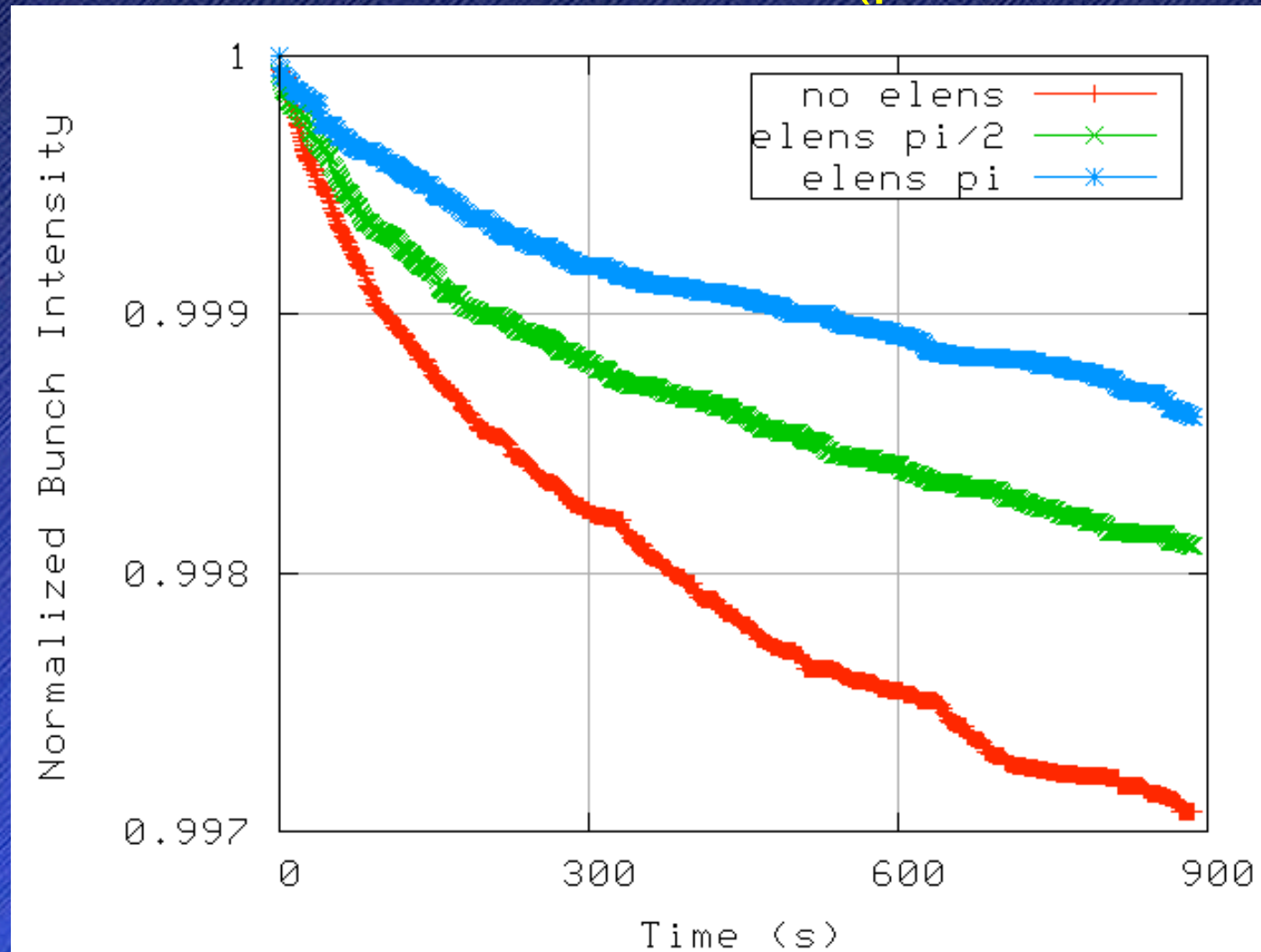




electron lens

HHH →

use of e-lens as tune-spread compressor improves simulated LHC beam lifetime (phase to IP important)



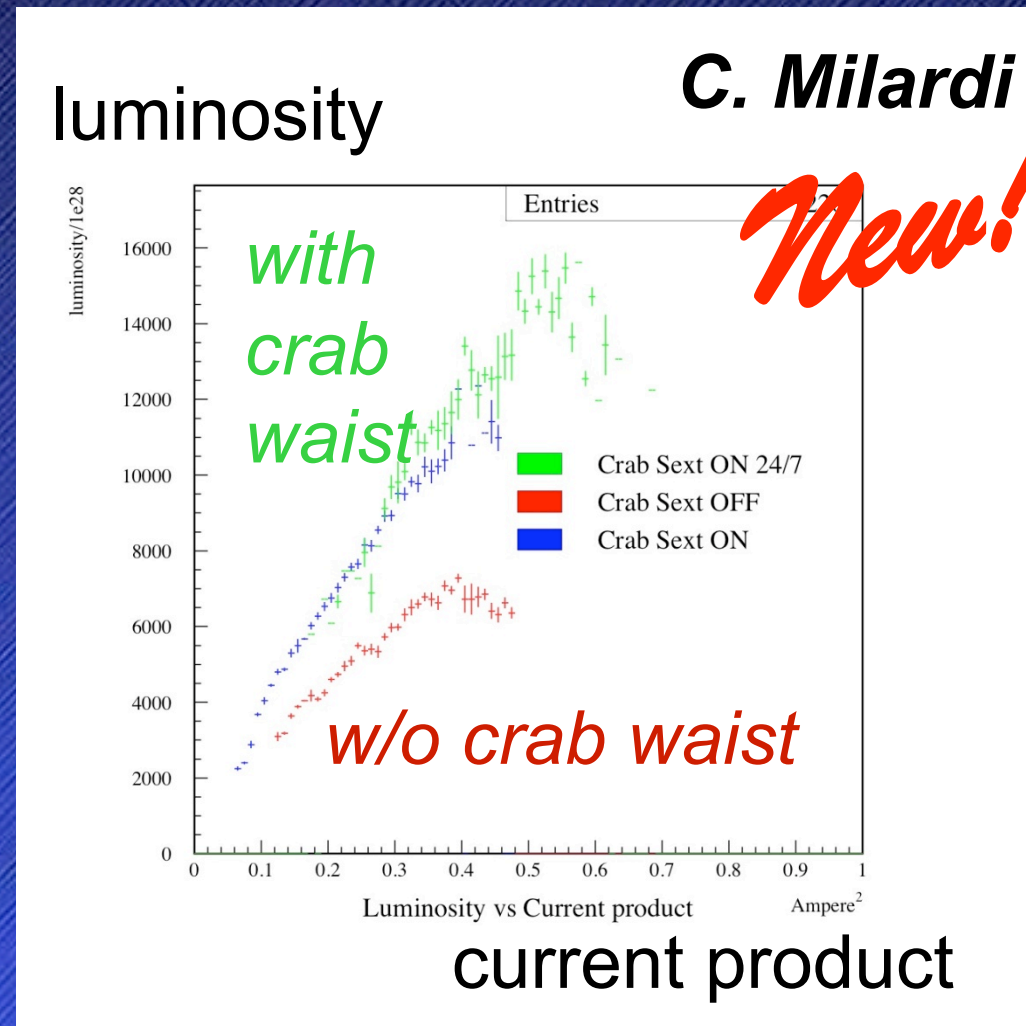
A.Valishev,
CARE-HHH
mini-workshop
on beam-beam
Compensation,
28 August 2008

New!



“crab-waist” collisions at DAFNE

(note: no crab cavities but sextupoles!)



can we make
use of
crab waists
at the LHC?



crab waist in LHC?



one example:

K. Ohmi
CARE-HHH
mini-workshop
28 August '08

$\phi=3.5$ in LPA option

β_y squeezed to $\sigma_x/\phi=2.1\text{cm}$ (*extreme!*)

→ L increases $(14/2.1)^{1/2}=2.6$ times

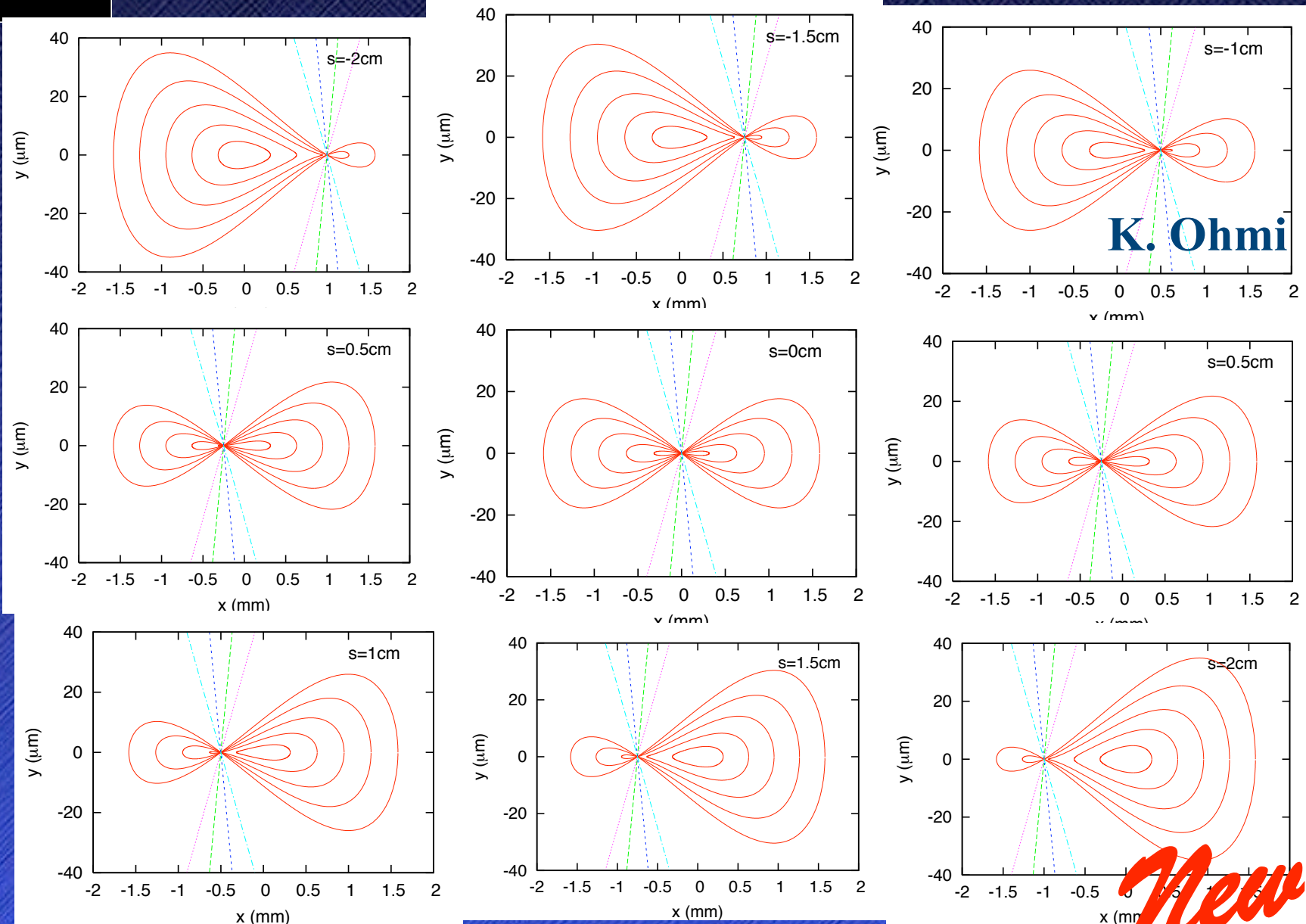
→ ξ_y decreases and ξ_x is small for LPA

→ “crab waist has a chance to work!”

New!



crab-waist collisions



K. Ohmi

New!

vertical focus moves through the beam horizontally



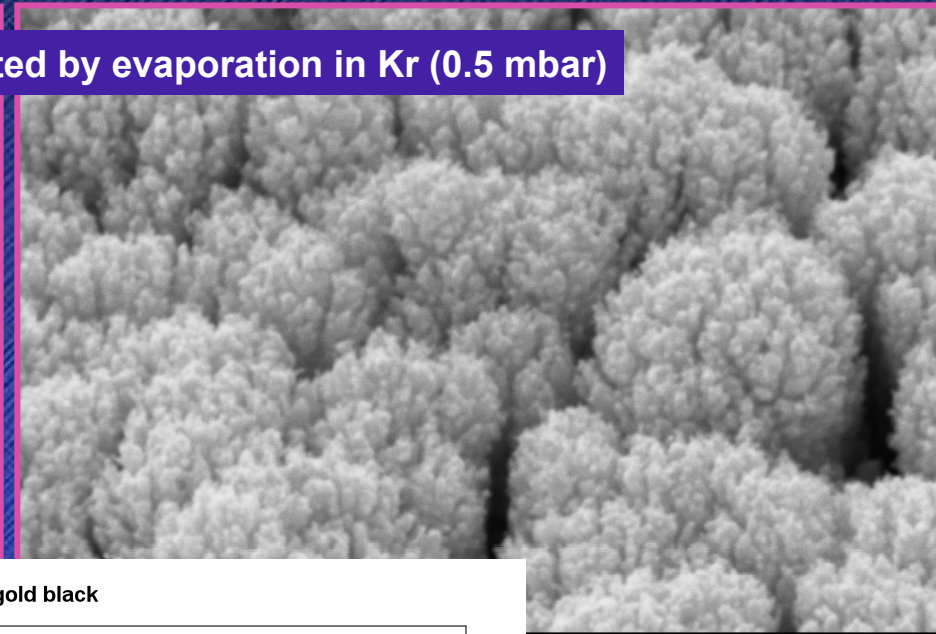
e-cloud mitigation



Evaporation of metals in relatively high pressure of a rare gas produces very rough and porous films. Already mentioned in the literature, “gold black” has been produced and characterized.



Gold black deposited by evaporation in Kr (0.5 mbar)



gs #2, 5.5.2008

S. HEIKKINEN TS/MME/MM

Date :8 May 2008

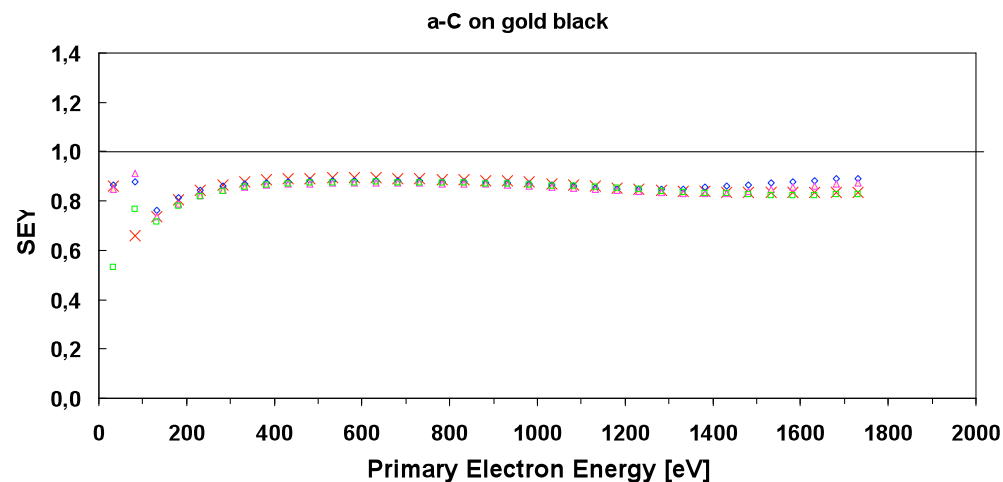
File Name = Au-Cu-HP08.tif

Mag = 10.00 K X
EHT = 20.00 kV
Detector = SE1

Au on Cu, High Press
Tilted 60°

1µm

for PS2 and SPS
upgrade;
effort triggered
by HHH ECL'2
workshop

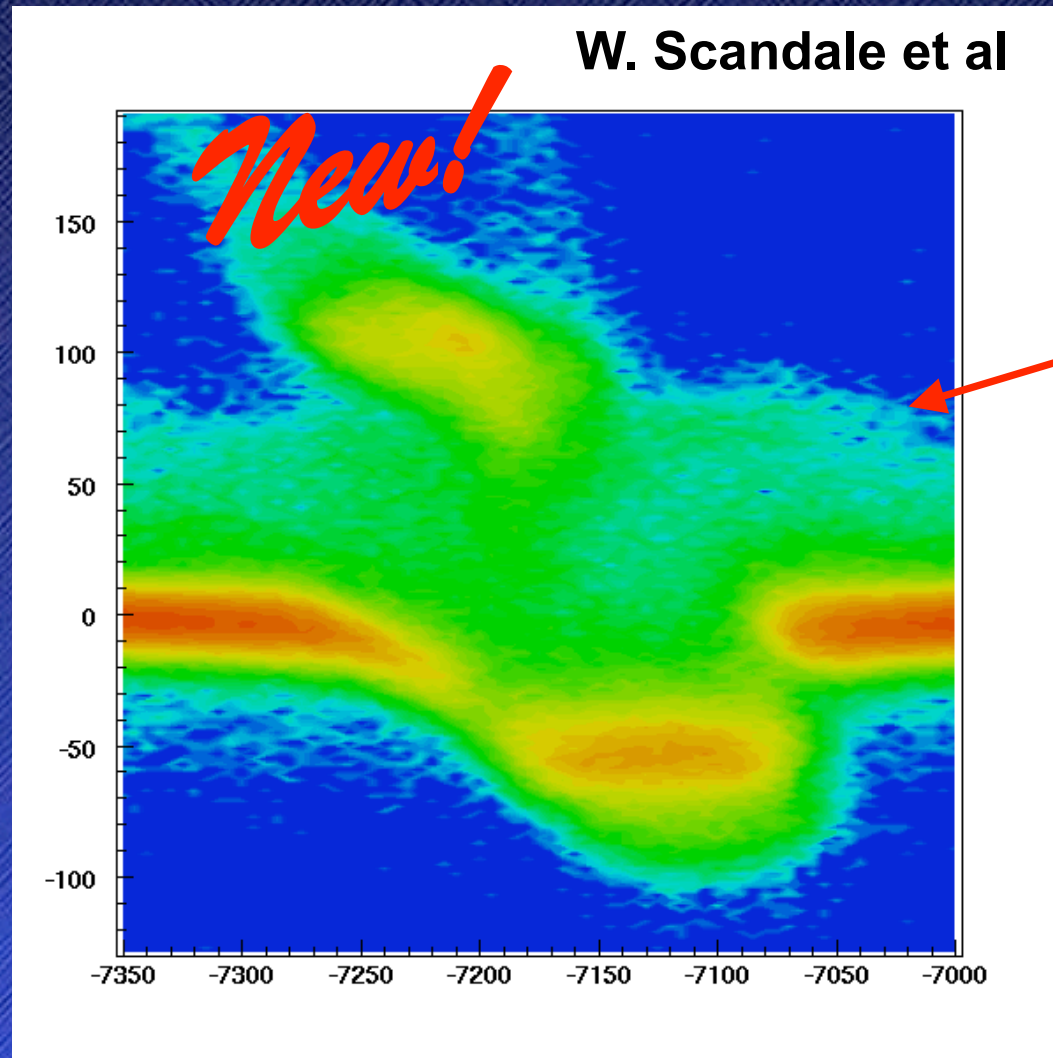


P. Chiggiato
et al

New!
promising:
graphite coating on
black gold substrate



crystal collimation



experiments
in SPS North
area since 2006

2008 result:
crystal deflection
of 450 GeV protons
with an array of five
aligned crystals

parallel simulation
effort

approved experiment
in SPS ring proper



lower beam emittance



- can compensate for luminosity loss due to large crossing angle [R. Garoby]
- may be provided by **new injectors**
- and/or by “**coherent e- cooling**” [V. Litvinenko]

damping times in hours:

Collider	Species	Energy, GeV/n	Synchrotron radiation	Electron cooling	Coherent electron cooling
RHIC	Au ions	100	$\sim 2 \cdot 10^4$	~ 1	0.015
RHIC	proton	2,750	$\sim 4 \cdot 10^4$	> 30	0.3
LHC	Pb ions	450	10	$> 4 \cdot 10^4$	0.15
LHC	protons	7,000	13	∞	~ 1

promise of
1-hr damping
time at 7 TeV!

CeC proof-of-principle
experiment
at RHIC in
2012



strategy for “phase 2”



- ✓ pursue vigorous R&D program for larger-aperture higher-field magnets
- ✓ parallel crab-cavity development and testing
- ✓ design, production & installation of wire compensator already in phase-0
- ✓ exploration of complementary schemes, like crab waist, coherent e-cooling, e-lenses, crystal collimation; integrate them into upgrade plan when they become available
- ✓ establish generation method long flat bunches
- ✓ identify main limitations of the real LHC
- ✓ LHC machine studies to explore upgrade scenarios, e.g. large Piwinski angle
- ✓ close coordination with detector upgrades