



GEM Project Status

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Meeting CMS-GEM Italia Bari, 22-23 Gennaio 2014

Muon Upgrade Scenarios

CMS





GE1/1 project



Proposal: Install two layers (super chamber) of triple-GEM detectors in 1.5<|n|<2.2 during LS2

Improve L1 and HLT muon momentum resolution;

>ensure high trigger efficiency in high PU environment;

redundancy for robust tracking and triggering;

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Provide local independent pattern recognition and seeding of the track momentum fit (double layer).

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Project achievement

- Detector efficiencies above 98%
- Time resolution of 4ns

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- Spatial resolution of about 290µm with VFAT2 (digital) and <110µm APV (analog) readout chip
- Operation of GEMs in magnetic field
- Validation of single-mask technology
- Production of large area GEM foils
- New self-stretching technique for GEM assembly





E_{drift} [kV/cm]

di Fisica Nucleare





CMS Chamber design evolution | N F N Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare Sezione di Bari GE1/1-III **GE1/1-IV** GE1/1-V-long GE1/1-V-short Sec 2-2 Sec 5-2 Sec 8-2

2010

Generation I

The first 1m-class GEM detector ever built but still with spacer ribs and only 8 sectors total. Ref.: 2010 IEEE and RD51-Note-2010-005



2011

Generation II

First large detector 24 with readout sectors (3×8) and 3/1/2/1 gaps but still with spacers and all glued. Ref.: 2011 IEEE and RD51-Note-2011-013

Generation III

2012

The first sans-spacer (S2) detector, but with the outer frame still glued to the drift. This was tested extensively in beam test at CERN (2012) and also very recently at FNAL. The first detector ever built outside of CERN is of this design (at Fl. Ref.: Tech). 2012 IEEE N14-137.

Generation IV

2013

The current generation; no more gluing at all. We have built two at CERN and one at Frascati; Bari, Florida Tech, and Gent have received the parts to build one each. An assembled chamber will go to India. Ref.: MPGD 2013 and 2013 IEEE, COMO2013, **SIENA2013**

Generation V

2013/14

The upcoming version detector that we will install for the slice test. One long and one short version. Optimized final dimensions for max. acceptance and with final eta segmentation.

Major developments in 2013



- Collaboration expanded to 42 institutions; EOI from 183 collaborators; 75 authors for papers & conferences
- Parts for 6 large GE1/1-IV prototype detectors produced at CERN and shipped to production site candidates
- 5 GEI/I-IV prototypes built

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- 2 GE1/1-IV prototypes fully commissioned @ CERN
- **Positve Review from internal committee,**
- slice test in YETS 2016 approved \rightarrow proposal for installation in LS2
- Fermilab beam test of first GEI/I built outside of CERN
- 6 potential mass production sites being developed
- **GIF long-term aging test under way**
- Successful trial installation of GEI/I-IV dummy chambers
- Interfacing with Muon POG: Simulation validation & reconstruction effort ramped up
- "Motivational" Trigger and Physics plots approved by CMS
- Contributions to 6 large conferences and workshops
- **GEI/I TDR** on track

Production sites set-up

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Electronics system

tionale tictare term

Provide Trigger & Tracking informations from all GE1/1 chambers.







Installation of two long SC and one short SC.

- DAQ system will be integrated in CMS DAQ (M. Maggi -Ba);
- combined CSC+GEM trigger (USA-Belgium);
- reconstruction included in official CMSSW;
 - validation done with standard tool (Colaleo, Calabria, Radogna);
- background and noise rate included in simulation.

MOTIVATION:

▷gain integration experience with the final electronic system;

reduce the GEM commissioning period;
 trigger commissioning and performance check;

▹background measurement.

>opportunity to xcheck with data what expected by simulation.



Slice test preparation:integration



3 Super Chamber dummies were produced to optimize design and to perform trial insertion into CMS:

No detector and no electronics inside;

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- All positions connections at the right place;
- Weight and dimensions as real Super Chamber.



Installation trial for Long and Short Super Chambers to be done by 2014.







Prototype 3 : VFAT3 (or VFAT3 emulator to start) VFAT3 Hybrid Vx.... GEB v3 **OptoHybrid V3** Readout & Programming optically via GBT from/to uTCA Applications of Prototype 3 : Final system

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VFAT2

GEB v1

VFAT2

GEB v2

Hardware ~ 2015



Services



Ongoing work on GEI/I integration and services at P5:

GE1/1 powering scheme; fibers; space in UXC YE-1 Near Side Towers for LV Power and Electronics; space in USC Racks for HV and Electronics; cable routing; GE1/1 gas system; cooling



For the slice test need to install the services in LS1: use available RE1/1 services (cables, pipes), gas mixer need to be installed



- 120 GeV protons or 20-32 GeV pions & kaons
- > 60 APV's read out by Scalable Readout Sys.
- Acquiring data from FECs with an SRU
- SRS DAQ rate is ~150 Hz
- Using 6 or 9 25ns time slices for digitization

2012 beam test@FNAL





10 x 10 cm2 Tracker GEM1 Hit Position Map [TrioperNo# 50000 / Event# 40934



GE1/1 geometry

LAYOUT

 Two 10° triple-GEM chambers to form a "super chamber"

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- 144 total chambers (36 super chambers in one station per endcap)
- Each chamber is segmented into different columns and η region

Final geometry to be finalized:

- Short super chambers extend to 1.6 < |η|
 < 2.2 (due to the steel brackets):
 - 3 columns and 8 η-partitions with 384 strips per η-partition
- Long super chambers extend to 1.5 < |η|
 < 2.2:
 - 3 columns and 8-10 η-partitions (under studies) with 384 strips per η-partition







The validation come in two steps:

First step: Particle Fluxes

Simulation Tool: FLUKA

- CMS geometry:
 - 2019 scenario for GE1/1 Current geometry, not including any of the upgrade systems
 - We have presented a full study for GE1/1 finalized to the TDR
 - 2023 scenario including all upgrade systems (ME0, GE1/1, GE2/1, RE3, RE4). Need to have a realistic calorimetry upgrade description - Validation: also xcheck with BRIL group

Second step: Sensitivity

Simulation tool: GEANT

precise detector description in GEANT4 for the detector response to the photons and neutrons





- According to FLUKA after neutrons and photons the next most important contribution coming from electrons and muons in that order (sensitivity ~1)
- Only small percentage of them will generate a signal in the detector
- Since the sensitivities are energy dependent, need fluxes also as a function of energy
 A. Castaneda







- Precise, energy-dependent, detector sensitivities to each particle type is needed
- Description of triple-GEM detector and gas mixture in GEANT4
- An event is considered as sensitive if there is a deposition of energy (Drift Gap) of 5 times the average potential (15.54 ev)
 F. Zenoni

Convolution with detector sensitivity



Main trigger progress

Trigger analysis framework is in place

- Constructed a trigger analysis framework
- Working GEM simulations platform on GitHub

GEM-CSC integrated local trigger simulated

- Initial implementation done
- First results obtained and approved for ECFA 2013
- Development is ongoing, high pileup samples are being produced for new rate and efficiency studies

GEM standalone trigger

Work is starting

To Do:

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- High level trigger
 - Looking for new participants. Probably we can get some help from RECO people
- Future GEM studies
 - Implementation of a fast stub builder for GE2/1
 - Preliminary feasibility studies for a "ME0" and a GE2/1 system + approved for ECFA 2013



0.015

0.02 0.025 0.0 Δφ(ME0,CSC) [rad]

0.03

0.01

00

0.005

0.01

Reconstruction status





0. Digitization step: DONE with realistic cluster and background description
1. Local reconstruction:
Reconstruction of hits and track segments inside a chamber
DONE: GEM RecHit implemented for Digital R/O DONE: Correct RecHit

uncertainty implemented TO BE DONE: Seeding

2. Stand-alone Reconstruction (or Level-2 in HLT)	DONE: GEM RecHits included in		
Reconstruction of the track inside the muon system	the track fitting		

3. Global Reconstruction (or Level-3 in HLT) Reconstruction of the track combining the information from tracker and muon system DONE: GEMs included in the STA muon, GLB muon comes

Cosmin muon, Tracker and TeV muon

Muon ID with GEMs

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TO BE DONE

TO BE DONE



Improvement in charge-mis-id (up to 60%) and RMS for medium-high р Work to be done on tracker-muon and TeV muon

Charge misidentification prob



HL affects muon system performance. Forward region $|\eta| \ge 2.0$ especially challenging.

- Rates up to MHz/cm2 and growing with η
- Reduced resolution and longevity issues
- Exceeds capabilities of existing electronics
- pT mis-measurements and multiple scattering in iron yoke cause rate flattening

Region without redundancy at present

Several physics channels with **~20% of their event**s in that acceptance (1.5 – 2.2) H4Mu (20%), H2Tau (23%), Z2Mu (16%)



Charged particles

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Physics studies



Channel	Man Needed	power Available	Time scale	Physics argument
H2Tau	2	1	TDR	Lowering trigger threshold
WH \rightarrow W($\mu/\tau\nu$)H2Tau	3	3	Phase2	Extension in eta
H4Mu	3	3	TDR	Redundancy Improved pT measurement (?)
H2Mu	2	1	Phase2	Extension in eta ~20% gain
WH→WW→WWW (3mu3nu)	2	1	Phase2	
High momentum muons	2	0.5	Phase2	Do GEMs help with showering muons? See also DPG studies
Z→mumu	1	1	TDR	Performance studies
Redundancy studies	?	?	TDR	Performance studies



Technical Design Report



CERN European Organization for Nuclear Research Organisation européenne pour la recherche nucléaire





TECHNICAL DESIGN REPORT **Muon Endcap Upgrade** GE1/1 – The Station 1 GEM Project

Main editors: M. Abbrescia, A. Safonov, A. Sharma, M. Tytgat

- Ch. 1 Motivation and Introduction (J. Hauser, K. Hoepfner)
- Ch. 2 GEM Detectors (L. Benussi, M. Hohlmann)
- Ch. 3 Electronics (P. Aspell, G. De Lentdecker)
- Ch. 4 DAQ and Trigger (G. De Lentdecker, J. Hauser, A. Marinov, A. Safonov)
- Ch. 5 System Integration and Schedule (O. Bouhali, P. Karchin)
- Ch. 6 System Performance (P. Giacomelli, A. Colaleo, K. Hoepfner)
- Ch. 7 Integration, Installation and Commissioning in CMS (A. Lanaro, A. Marinov, M. Tytgat)
- Ch. 8 Controls and Monitoring (A. Cimmino, M. Maggi)
- Ch. 9 Project Organization and Costs (GEM-MB)
- Ch. 10 Schedule (A. Sharma)

English Editors: M. Hohlmann, P. Karchin





- First draft for Christmas Reading 24.12.2013
- Comments to be submitted by 31.1.2014
- Corrections completed 20.2.2014
- Circulate to GEM Collaboration for comments
- Corrections implemented by 20.3.2014
- Circulate to CMS for comments 31.3.2014
- Assembled for printing deadline 15.4.2014
- Comments implemented 15.4.2014
- Send for printing 30.4.2014
- Receive copies by July CMS week to be submitted to CMS Management

> Update schedule to be in sync with Muon Phase-2 Technical Proposal

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INFN Responsability



NFN people have most important roles in the collaboration: several CMS LV2 positio





Total costs and INFN contribution



CSN1 approved a maximum INFN contribution of 850 keuro (requested 950 keuro).

Items	Cost full project (kEuro)	INFN (K Euro)
Detector Components	776	210
Electronics	2074	510
Front-end (VFAT3)	623	210
HV & LV systems (incl. Cables)	566	300
off detector electronicss	843	
DCS/DSS	42	
Services (cooling&gas)	150	
Logistic & Installation	113	
Optimization and prototype	513	130
Prototype VFAT	83	28
Proto powering system	75	45
DAQ	233	
Electronics - Cooling Proto	25	
Prototype Chambers	97	57
Total (kEURO)	3626	850

-Include 10% on detector chambers and electronics ~ 3100 Keuro: CORE cost

30 keuro INFN In-kind contribution

~ 500 Keuro: finalize TDR and slice test preparation

Funds for 2014



Requests for 2014 finalized to the system optimization for the TDR, only "CORE" have been funded.

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Chamber Optimization and production	INSTIT	2014		
Ageing	LNF	8		
n.1GEMfulls	LNF	8		
consumable gas/cables/connect	LNF	- 4	Non CORE	Not fund
n.1GEMfulls	BA	8		
consumable gas/cables/connect	BA	- 4	Non CORE	
Optimization (2013-2014)		32		
Powering system	INSTIT	2014		
setup test system	NAPOLI	10		
optimization&prototype		10		
Front-end electronics	INSTIT	2014		
prototype (design and tests)	BA	15		
final prototype	BA			
optimization&prototype		15		
			То	t
TOTAL RICHIESTA 2014		57	49	keuro



INFN 2014 activities



Focusing on system optimization for the TDR

Aging and long term stability (LNF)

Characterize the GE1/1 materials under 20-yr radiation dose, asses the stability of gap spacing at the required precision level via optical measuring and monitoring.

Use of optical sensors is proposed and will be optimized on a full-scale GE1/1 chamber in LNF

Time resolution studies (BA)

Study the time resolution response of full-size GE1/1 chambers as a function of mechanical tensioning of GEM foils, the different gap widths and gas mixtures (binary, ternary and guaternary gas mixtures) Front-end electronics (BA)

Bari is participating in chip design and have the responsibility of the Control Bias Monitoring and slow control circuitry.

2014: last prototyping steps and final submission foreseen in 2015.

Design of the power system (NA)

Naples is involved in designing and production of the power system. **Design has to be finalize for the TDR in 2014. Test setup in Naple to be prepared.** Induced noise study and the grounding schema also to be check on the chamber prototype

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2023 scenario



Moving towards the software integration of all Muon subdetectors in one scenario

<u>Task-force in place</u>: M. Maggi. I. Osborne, C. Calabria, S. Dildick, P. Verwillingen, S. Krutelyov

Extended2023HGCalMuon

The code is in GitHub.

- 2019 detector
- BE5D tracker
- HGCal (no ES nor EE nor HE)
- ME0
- GE1/1
- GE2/1
- RE3/1 and RE4/1 (extended to 2.4)

Look at the Yana's page

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/SWGuideUpgradeGeom 31

It will be replaced soon with either Extended2023SHCal (Shashlik+Phase II (shorter) HE) or Extended2023CFCal (CFCal)– 4.0 eta coverage



Background:2023 scenario



Two CMS geometry scenarios:

- "Nominal", old geometry (not including any of the subsystem upgrades)
- "Modfied", first attempt to modify endcap calorimetry (using Lovedeep's input file)
 - Add W-HF from 322-442cm, replacing current EE+HE
 - EE material (PBWO4) changed to tungsten (W) with 86% of density from nominal i.e 16.6 g/cm3 two times more dense than current EE media
 - Present pre-shower space used for shielding design to reduce radiation impact on tracker.



Background:very forward region



Running standalone FLUKA simulation

- 7TeV energy per beam
- Instantaneous luminosity=10E34cm-2s-1
- Flux in Hz/cm2

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Flux maps for neutrons and photons

A. Castaneda



Neutrons

GE2/1 geometry



• 20 degree chambers

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- 8 rolls up to 2.12 (Short Double super-chamber): station 2
- 12 rolls up to 2.4 (Long super-chamber): station 3.

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GE1/1 and GE2/1 simhits

globalY vs globalX occupancy plots. Note station 2 = GE2/1s, station 3 = GE2/1I



X-Y occupancy plots: GE2/1

• GEM RecHit Global x vs. global y, Region -1



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GEM RecHit occupancy: region-1, station3, layer2



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C. Calabria

Station2



GE2/1 Global Reco

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• The algorithm now include in the fit also the GEM recHits coming from GE2/1



...more plots for global reconstruction in few days

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2 x18 chambers (6 layers each) is available in 2023HGCal ³⁸ scenario, 2023HGCalMuon

S. Dildick

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Occupancy in XY

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RE3/1&RE4/1: SimHits X-Y view



P. Verwillingen

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SimHits Up to 2.1--> 2 eta partitions

40



ESP 2013-2014



In 2013 total ESP requests for approval by Upgrade manager: **42.5 months (only students)**

Preparing 2014 ...

Activity	Tasks	Pte Needed
Detector Hardware	Chamber R&D	
Detector Hardware	Test beam and test at irradiation facility	
Electronics and DAQ	Power System	
Electronics and DAQ	Electronic configuration	
Electronics and DAQ	DAQ and online DB	
Simulation	Reconstruction	
Simulation	Trigger	
Simulation	Detector simulation and background simulation	
Simulation	Physics studies	
Simulation	Sample Validation	
Software	Database	
Management	Coordinators	





- GEI/I LS2 Project:
 - Construct and Test Slice Test Detectors
 - Commission cosmic stand with QC fully developed
 - Integrate electronics with VFAT2 (3 final prototype) + GLIB + FPGA on detectors in TIF
 - Installation of services for Slice Tests

- **GE2/I** : Construct & test first prototypes
- ME0 : Finalize layout envelope and geometry for Technical Proposal
- Simulation and Physics Studies for Phase 2



- Hardware area
 - FE Electronics
 - Integration
 - Tests at neutron and gamma facilities
- Software
 - Geometry implementation
 - Background studies (also for RE3, RE4)
 - test beam analysis
 - sensitivity studies

- software development (Tracker-muon, TeV muon, cosmic muon, validation)