



# Building structures and infrastructures

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- Call for tender
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- Construction details
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- Technical plants
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- Closing credits





# THE HISTORY

- The SPES project was born in 1999
- We really started studying the building design january 2009
- Preliminary design completed june 2009
- The final project (phase 1) approved in march 2012
- Call for tender for civil works started june 2012 and closed december 2012
- Civil works started january 2013





# Call for tender.... details

- Publication of tender 9 July 2012
- Submission documents 06 August 2012
- 66 companies run for tender
- Maximum reduction
- 29 companies submit documents 19 September 2012
- 28 companies allowed to take part
- Public match 26 September 2012
- NBI (Astaldi group) win with 31,7% reduction
- Acceptance proceedings 22 October 2012
- Documents signature 22 December 2012





# Civil works Schedule

- Delivery works 10 January 2013
- Building completed in order to accept the cyclotron June 2014
- Installation of the cyclotron september 2014
- End of the works December 2014
- After Laramed approoval new end works June 2015



# Total Costs and cash flow

5986492 + IVA 10%

## • SAL 1

(10/01/2013-20/06/2013)

- Construction site
  - Diaphragm walls
  - Excavation
  - Reinforcement
- Euro 370 400  
+ IVA 10%**

## • SAL 2

(20/06/2013 – 26/8/2013)

- Diaphragm walls
  - Barrets
  - Excavation
  - Reinforcement
- Euro 591 956  
+ IVA 10%**

**1,9 Meuro + IVA 10%**

**=> 2,09 MEuro**

## • SAL 3

(26/08/2013 -26/10/2013)

- Concrete for foundation
  - well-point system
  - Excavation
  - Reinforcement
- Euro 407 654  
+ IVA 10%**

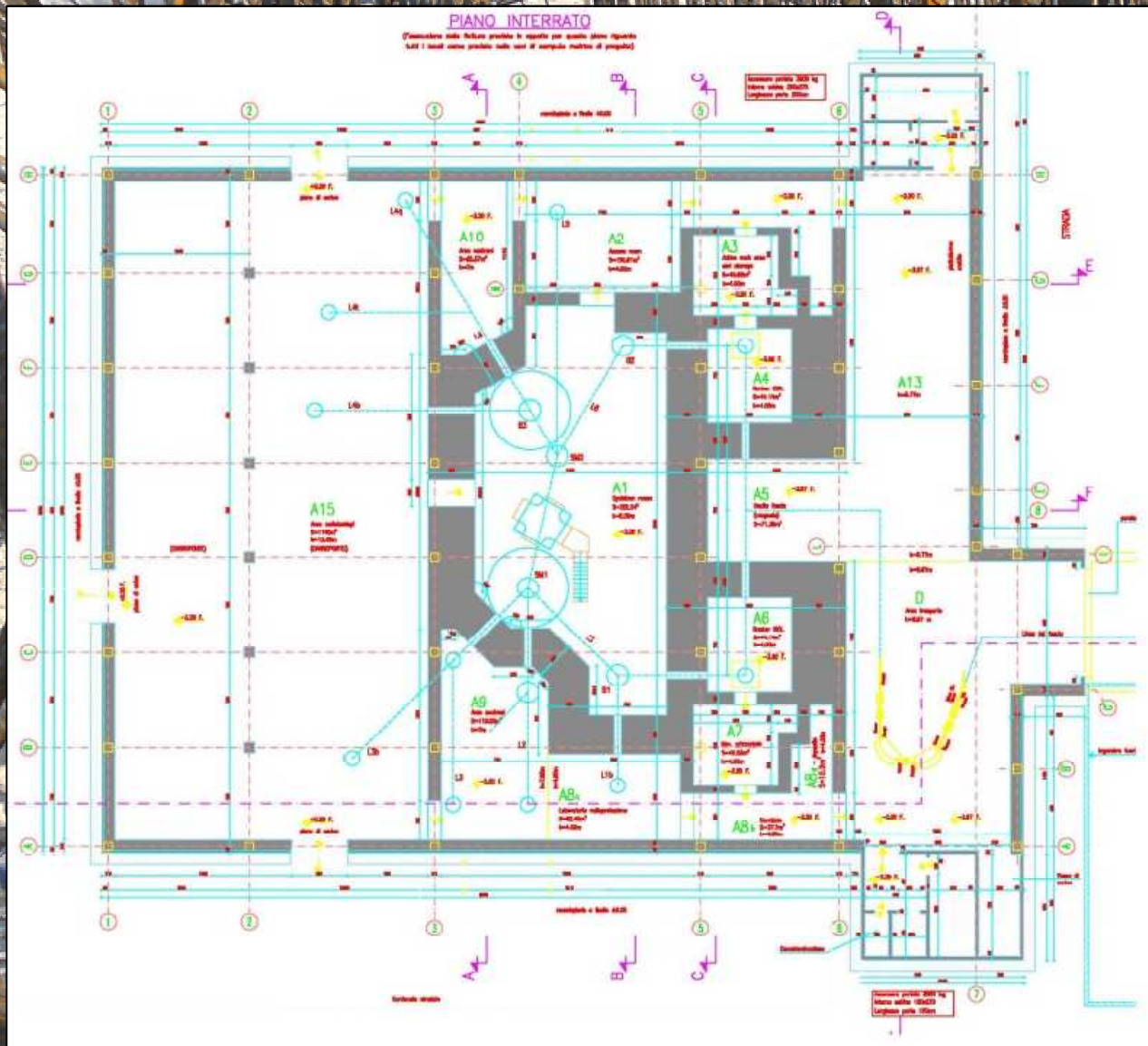
## • SAL 4

(26/10/2013- Now)

- Excavation
  - Load test
  - Sonic test
  - Waterstop system
  - Concrete for foundation
- «Expected»  
Euro 540 000  
+ IVA 10%**



# Spes plant

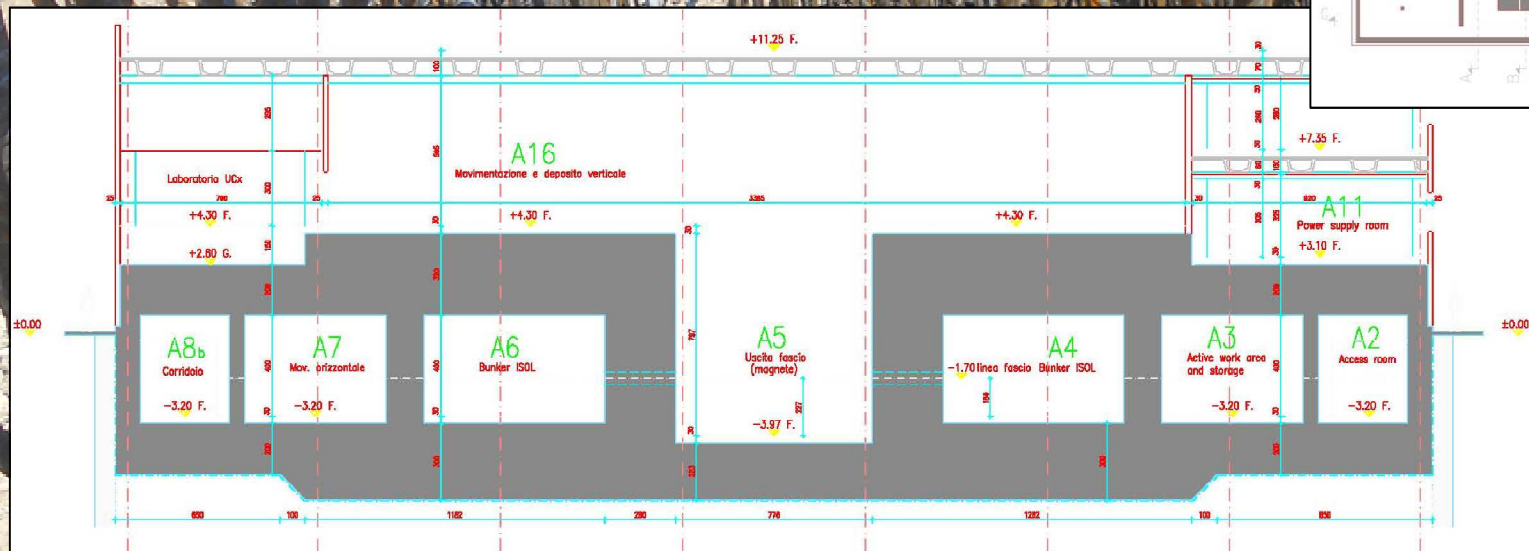
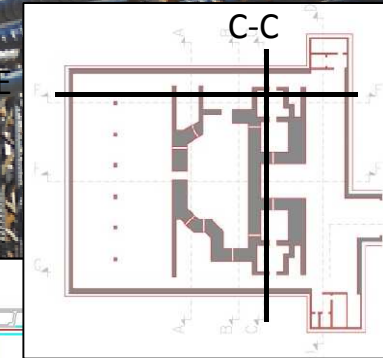




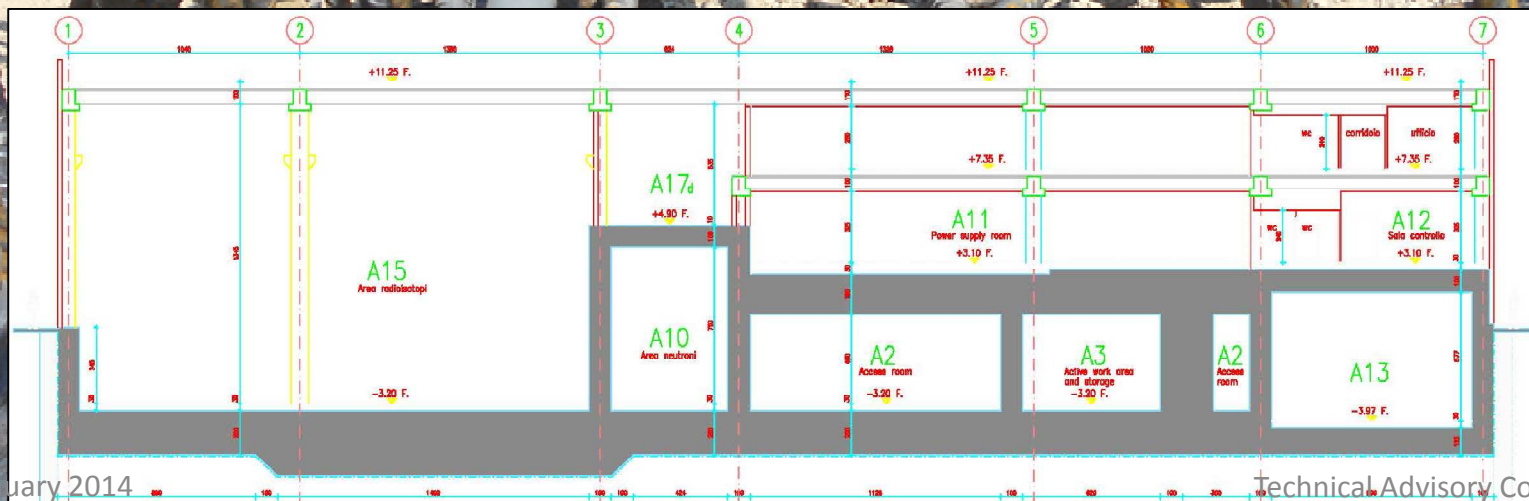
# Cross sections

C-C

E-E



E-E





# Timeline and technical information

- Construcion site
- Diaphragm walls and barrets
- Union wall
- Excavation
- Sonic test
- Before foundation..
- Waterproofing system
- Load test
- Some numbers





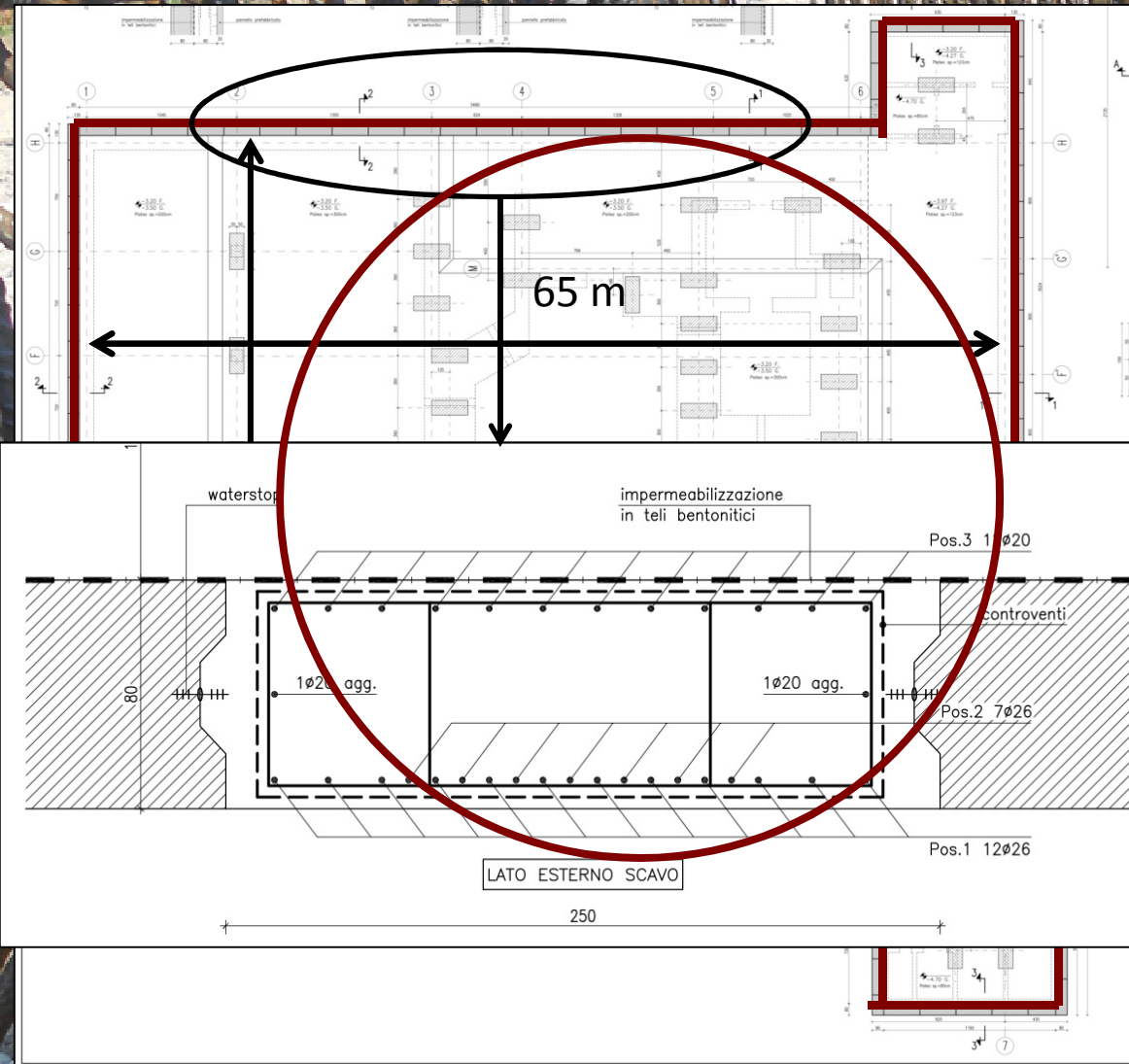
# Construction site

- Removal the overhead power line 20Kv
- Deforestation of site (2584 square meters)
- Preparation of area for construction site





# Diaphragm walls and barrets



The plant of building is about 19.000 square meters and the diaphragm wall in external perimeter is around 250 meters long. It is a regular section plate and a system from stop to support the soil outside



# Diaphragm walls

- 1) Put the high-resistance plastic joint on a joint support sheet piling
- 2) Excavation of opening panel
- 3) Installation of the reinforcement
- 4) Installation of joint support sheet piling
- 5) Pouring of diaphragm panel
- 6) Excavation of the adjoining diaphragm panel
- 7) Removal of joint support sheet piling





# Barrets

Same process as diaphragm wall without plastic joint

Dimensions: 1m x 2.5 m

Depth: 22 m





# Union wall

Over the diaphragm a wall is realized to block the single diaphragm in position, after that is possible remove the material inside





# Excavation



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# Sonic test

Some pipes are include in the reinforcements for barrets and for diaphragm walls to do sonic test to measure variations in the density of concrete





# Before foundation..

- 1) Pour a concrete slab on the ground
- 2) Place a waterproofing system
- 3) Pour a small concrete slab for protection

Second concrete

Waterproofing system

First concrete



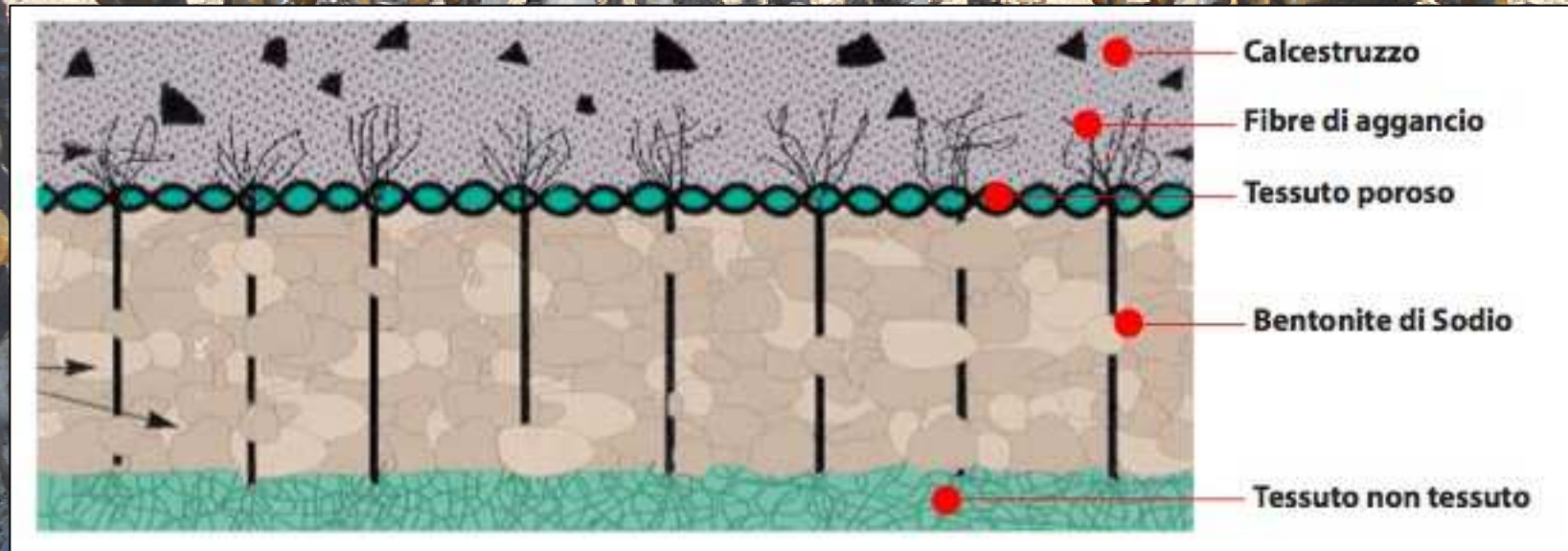


# Waterproofing system

A layer of Sodium Bentonite is placed and fixed on the concrete.

After a second layer of concrete screen to protect the waterproofing system.

When the membrane meets water it expands until 16 times so stop the water penetration.

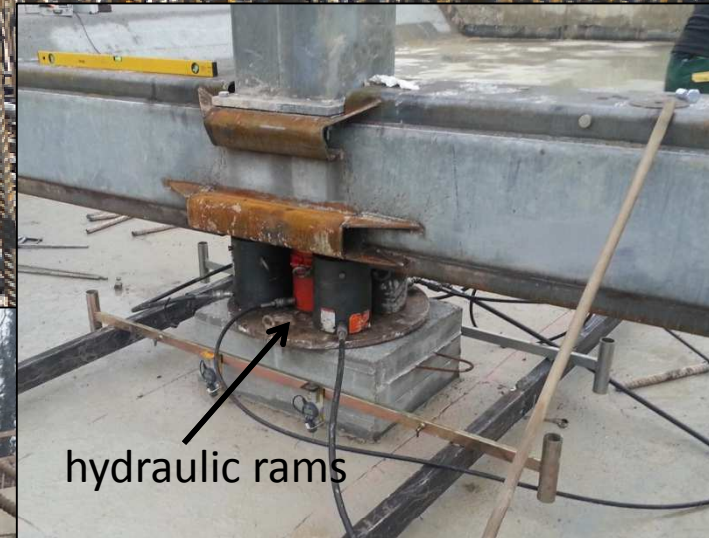




# Load test

Load test to confirm the theoretical load on a single barret.

**Load 650 tonn => displacement 7mm**  
(theoretical displacement => 11mm)





# Some numbers...

- 2584 m<sup>2</sup> trees removal
- 25965 m<sup>3</sup> soil removal => 1730 trucks
- 3782 m<sup>3</sup> of concrete for barrets
- 3641 m<sup>3</sup> of concrete for outside wall
- 1226 m<sup>3</sup> of concrete for preparation of foundation
- => In total 8649 m<sup>3</sup> of concrete => 787 cement mixer
- 402573 kg of iron for outside wall
- 143100 kg of iron for barrets
- => 545673 kg of iron => 15 trucks





# Computer simulation





# The reality show





# Tecnical plants the requirements



# Technical plants air distribution and treatment

Technical plants  
air distribution and treatment

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Canister with  
absolute  
filtration

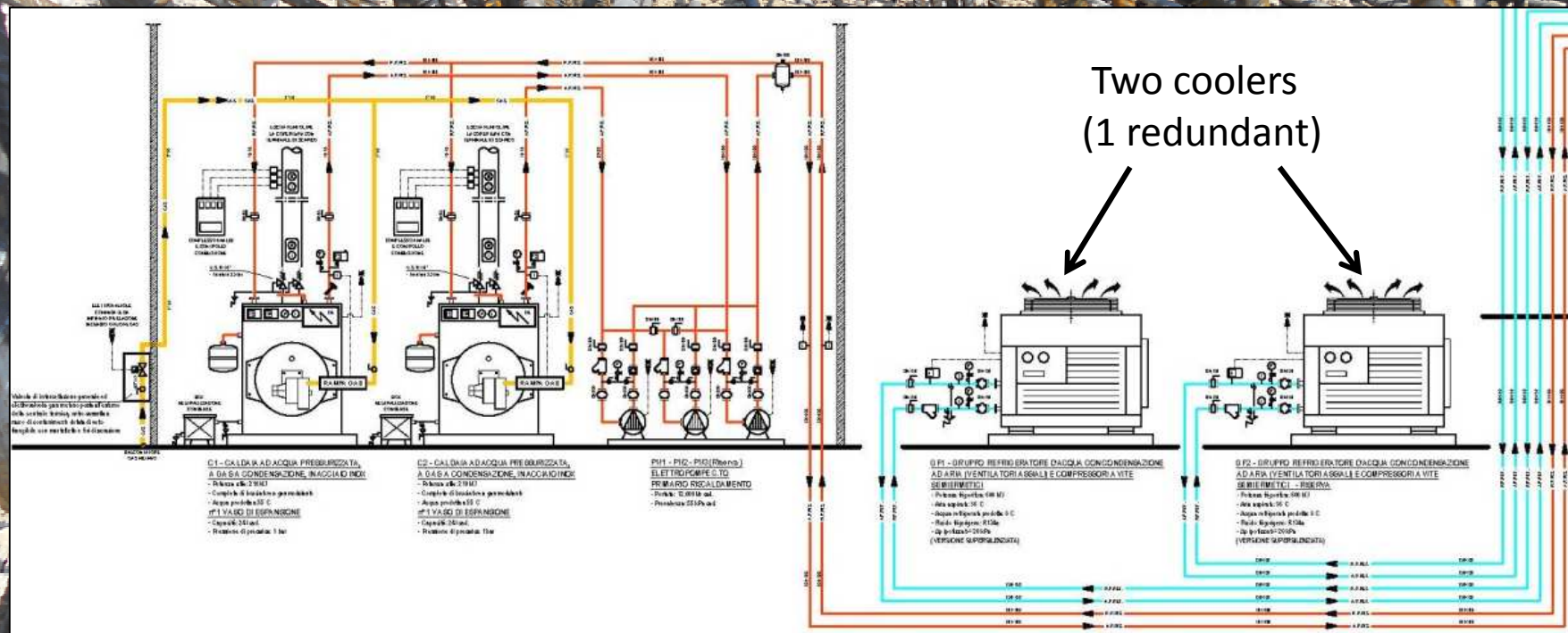




# Technical plants Cooling and heating

Thermal power  
plant

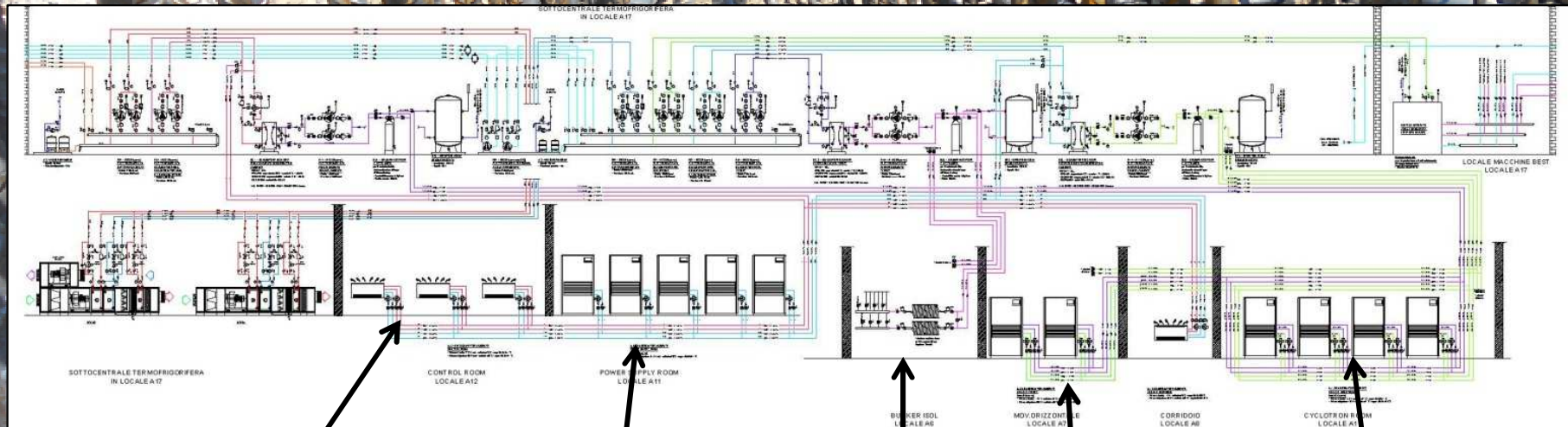
Cooling  
plant





# Technical plants Water distribution

Water plants



Control room

Power Supply room

Bunker ISOL

Handling room

Cyclotron room

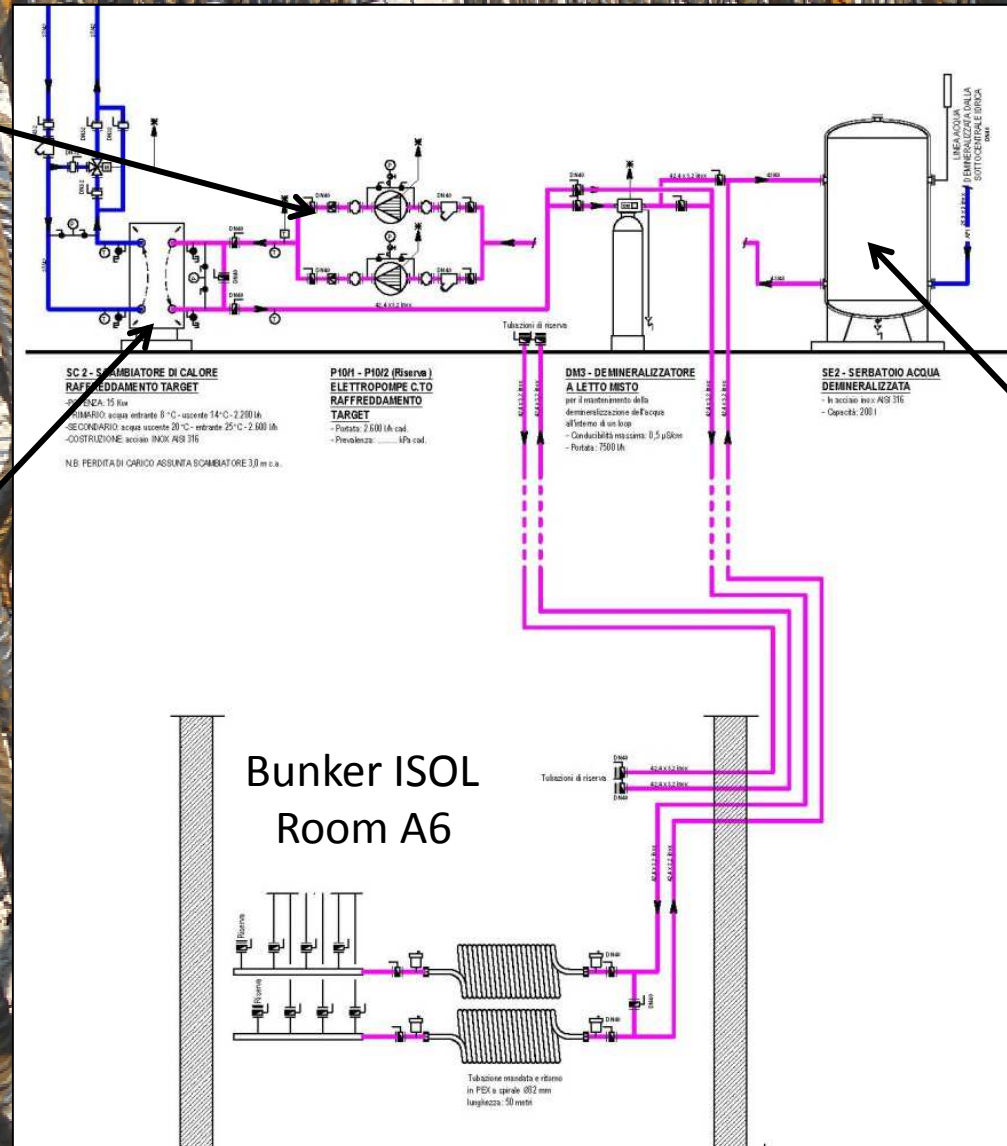


# Target separated water plant

Electropumps  
(1 redundant)

Heat exchanger

Tank





# LARAMED .....

- New Civil works.... costs increasing 800 k€
- Technological plants .....under study
- New delivery date june 2015



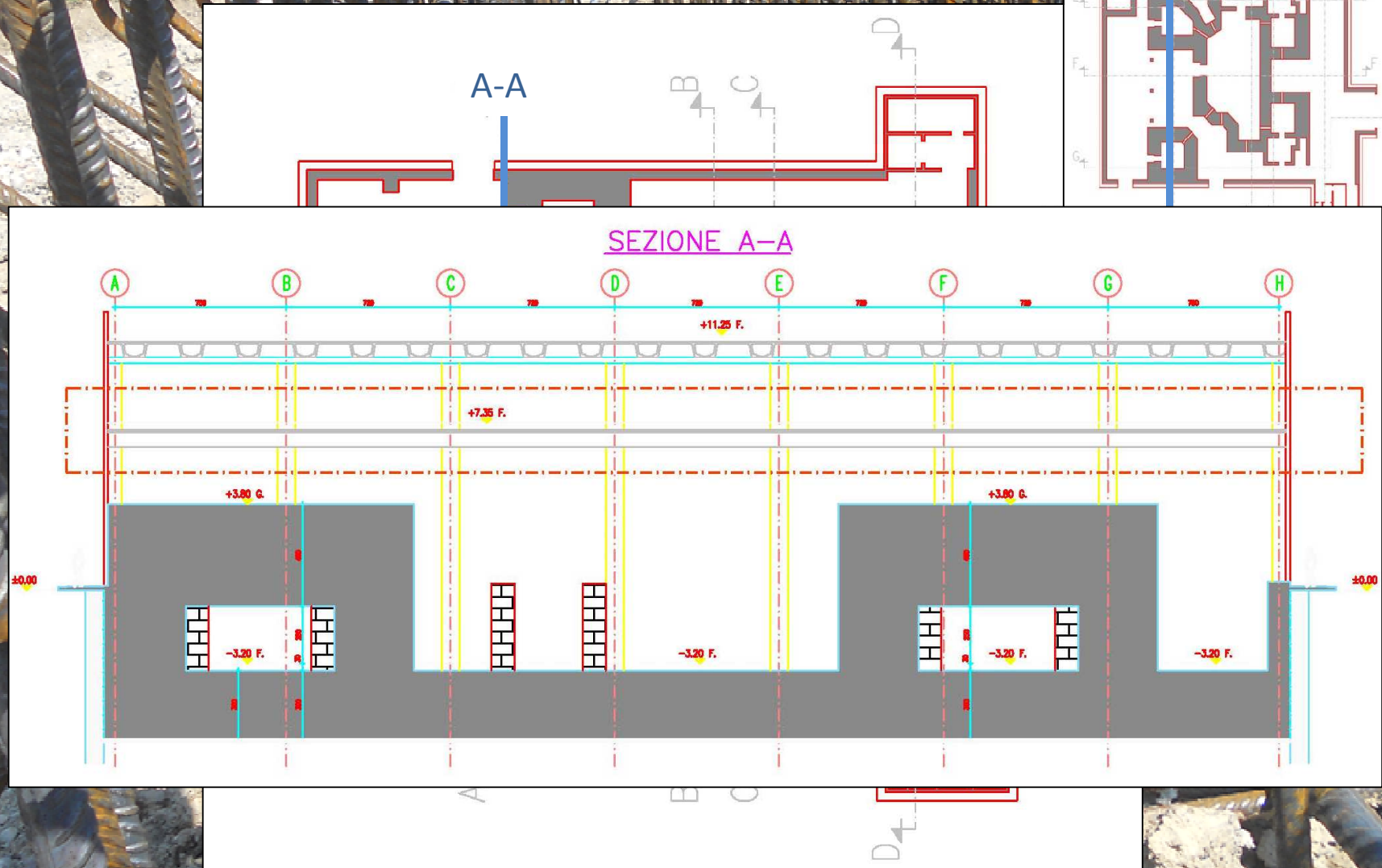
# New bunkers on the lower floor

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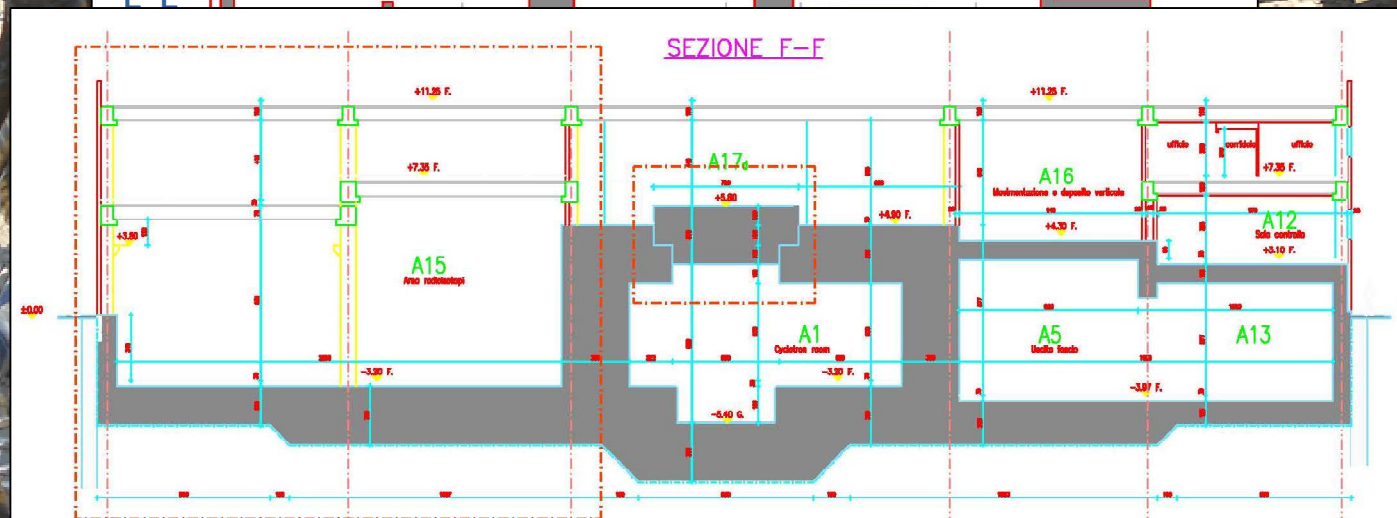
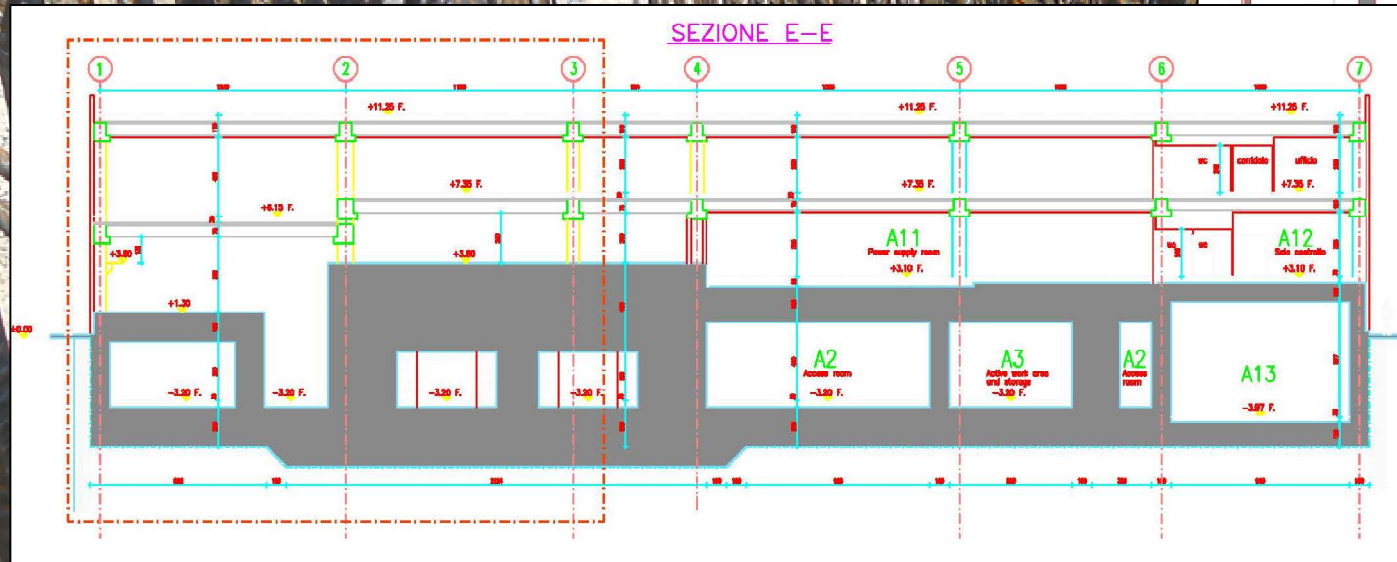
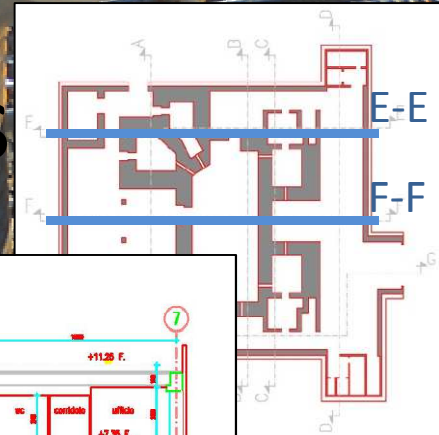


# Cross sections





# Longitudinal sections





# Closing credits

Average presence for month

- INFN:  
RUP, project management unit 3,8 FTE
- NBI (Astaldi group) 2,5 FTE
- TIFS & MG progetti (direction work) 2,8 FTE
- Eurogeo (diaphragm walls and barretts) 5 FTE
- Asfalti coppo (waterstop layer) 5 FTE
- Edilmanna (civil works) 4 FTE
- RGM (load test) 0,7 FTE
- Special Effects/Visual Effects 0,25 FTE

**TOT 24 FTE/month**





THE END

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