

LUNA: from Sun to Novae and beyond

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Men in pits or wells sometimes see the stars....

Aristotle



★ Stellar Energy+Nucleosynthesis

★ Hydrogen Burning

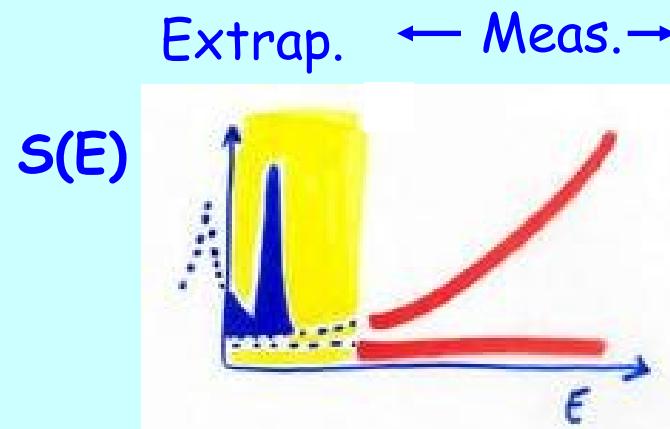
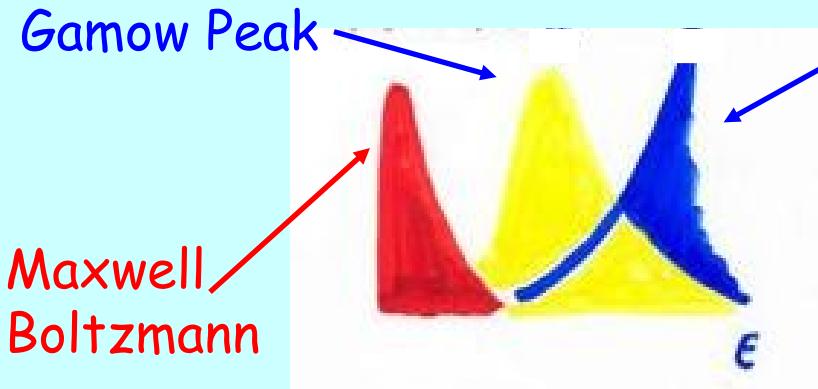
★ $\sigma(E_{\text{star}})$ with $E_{\text{star}} \ll E_{\text{Coulomb}}$

$$\sigma(E) = S(E) e^{-2\pi\eta} E^{-1}$$

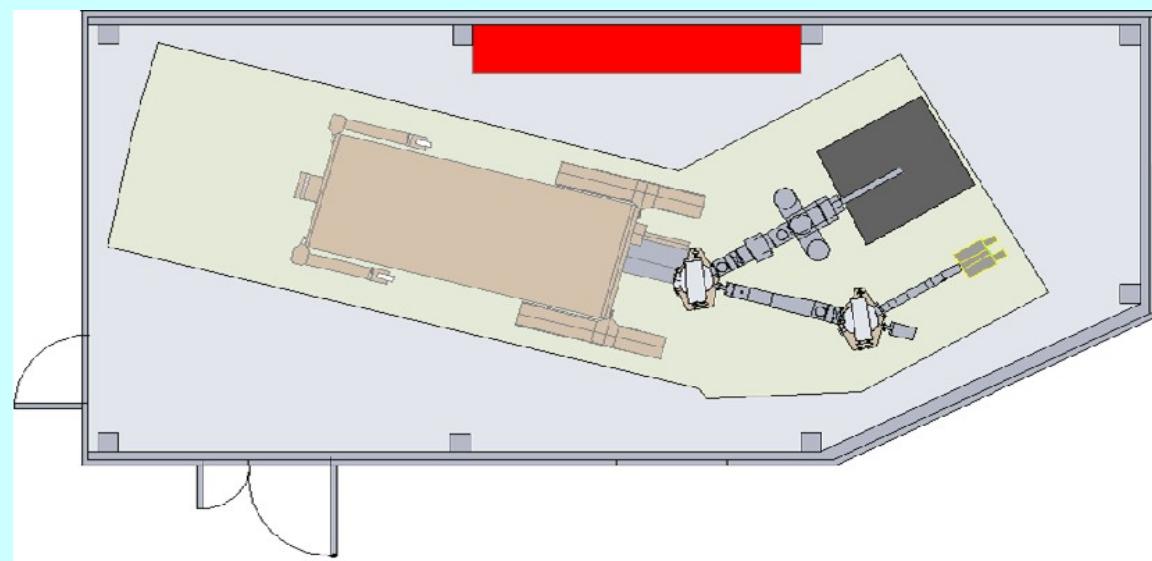
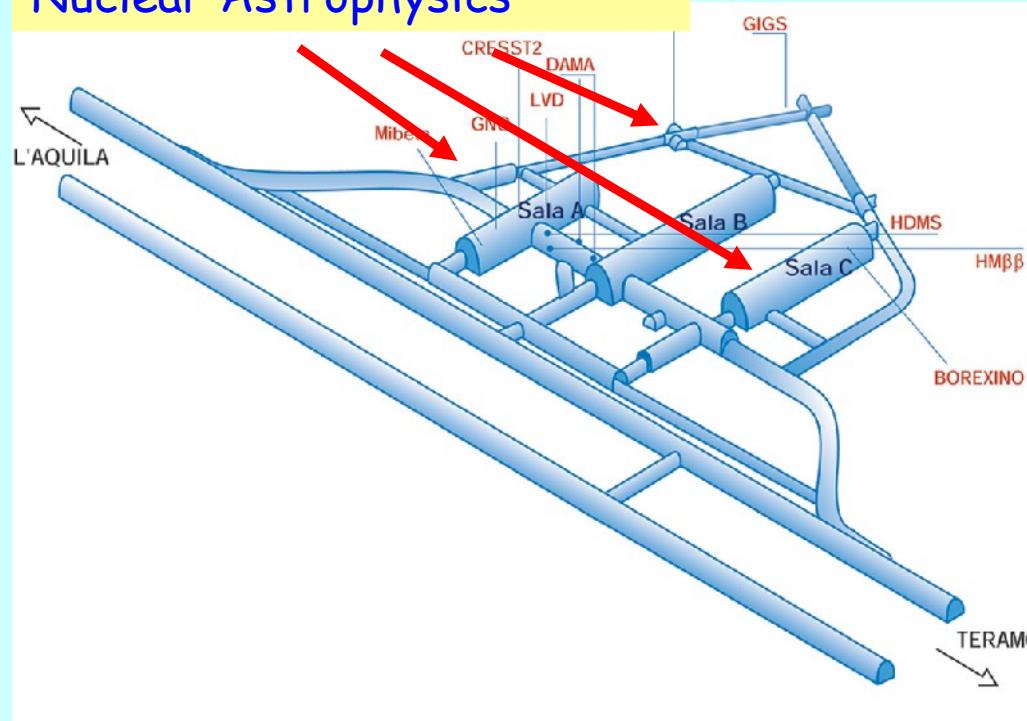
$$2\pi\eta = 31.29 Z_1 Z_2 \sqrt{\mu/E}$$

$$\mu = m_1 m_2 / (m_1 + m_2), E \text{ in keV}$$

$$\text{Reaction Rate(star)} \div \int \Phi(E) \sigma(E) dE$$



Laboratory for Underground Nuclear Astrophysics



Beam: H, He
Voltage Range : 50-400 kV
Output Current: ~1 mA

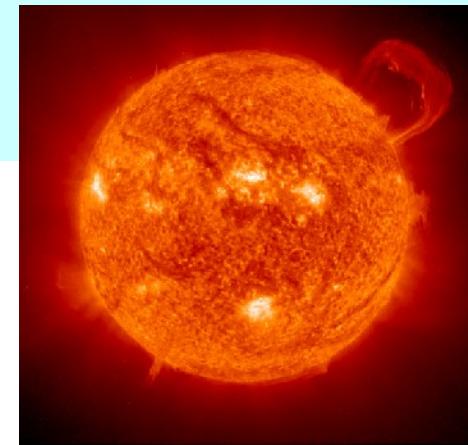
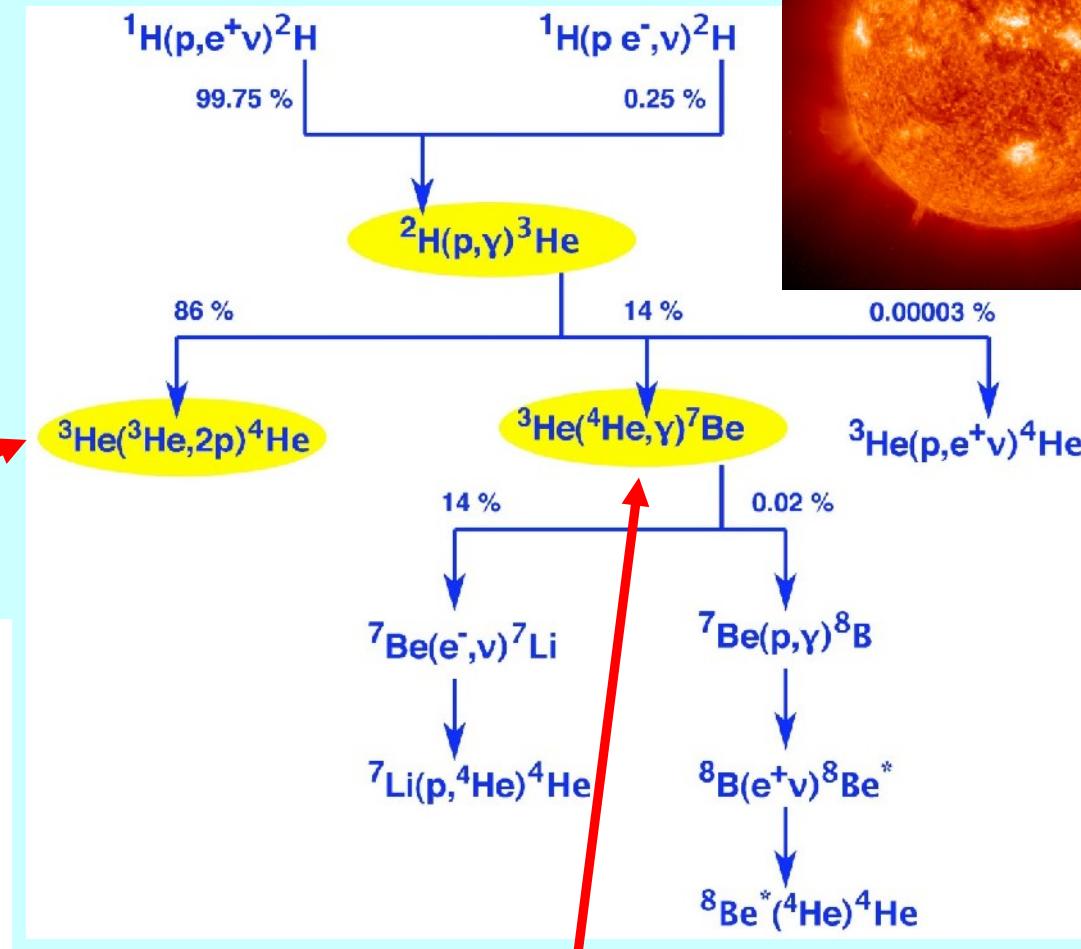
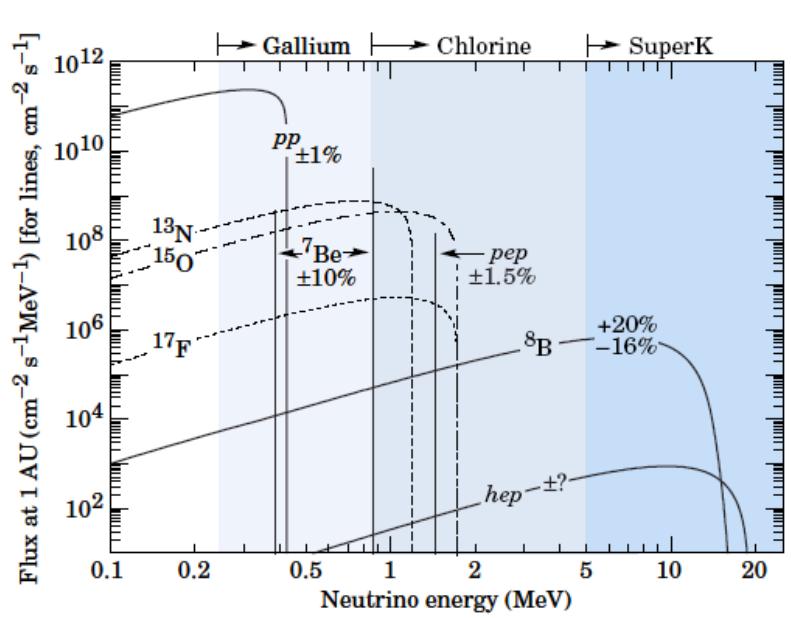
Absolute Energy error
±300 eV
Beam energy spread:
< 100 eV
Long term stability (1 h) :
5 eV
Terminal Voltage ripple:
5 Vpp Ge detector

Hydrogen burning in the Sun @ 15×10^6 degrees:

6×10^{11} kg/s of H \rightarrow He
+ $0.7\% M_H \rightarrow E$

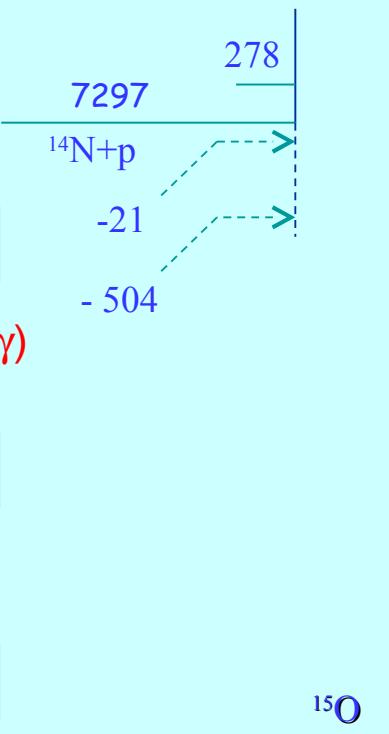
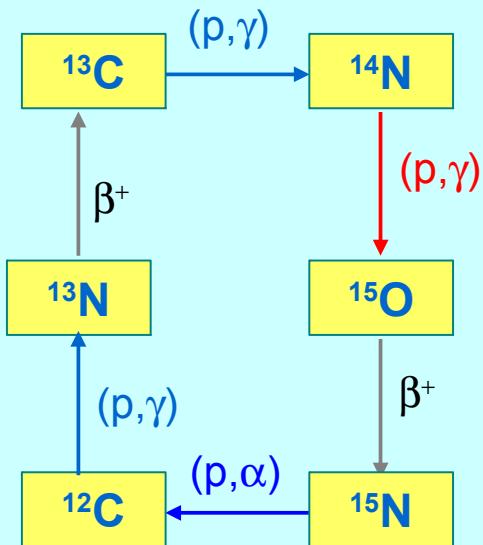
3 He burning in the p-p chain

Resonance?



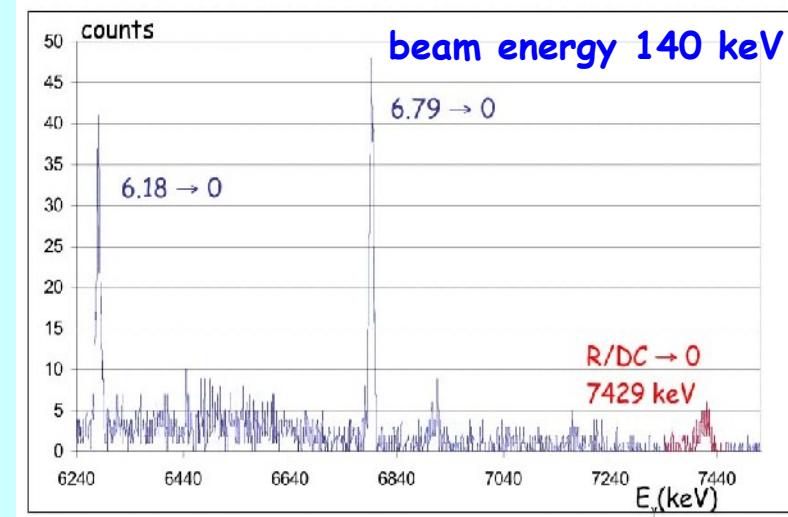
activation=prompt gamma
 Σ at low energy with 4% error

The CNO Cycle

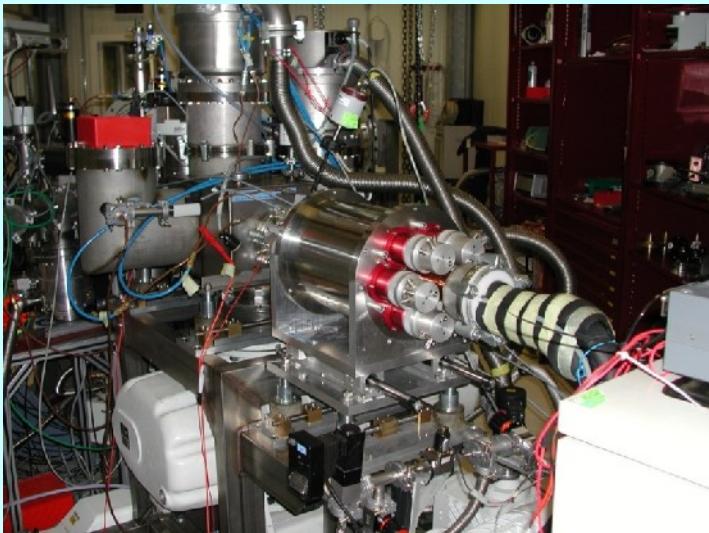


$^{14}\text{N}(\text{p}, \gamma)^{15}\text{O}$

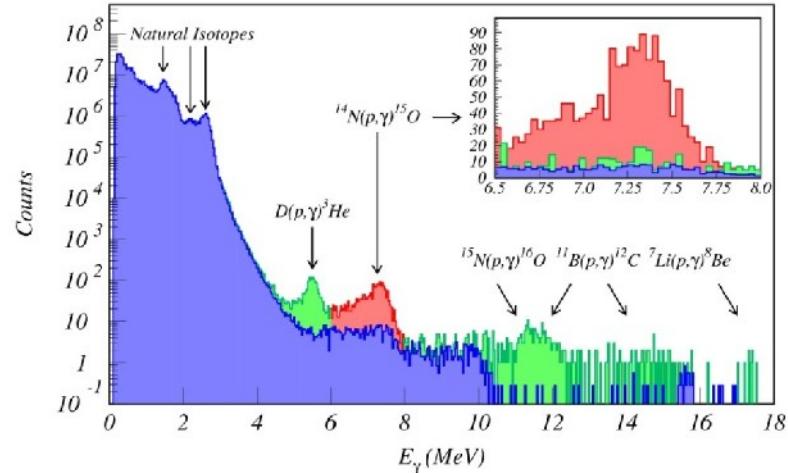
"High" energy: solid target + HpGe

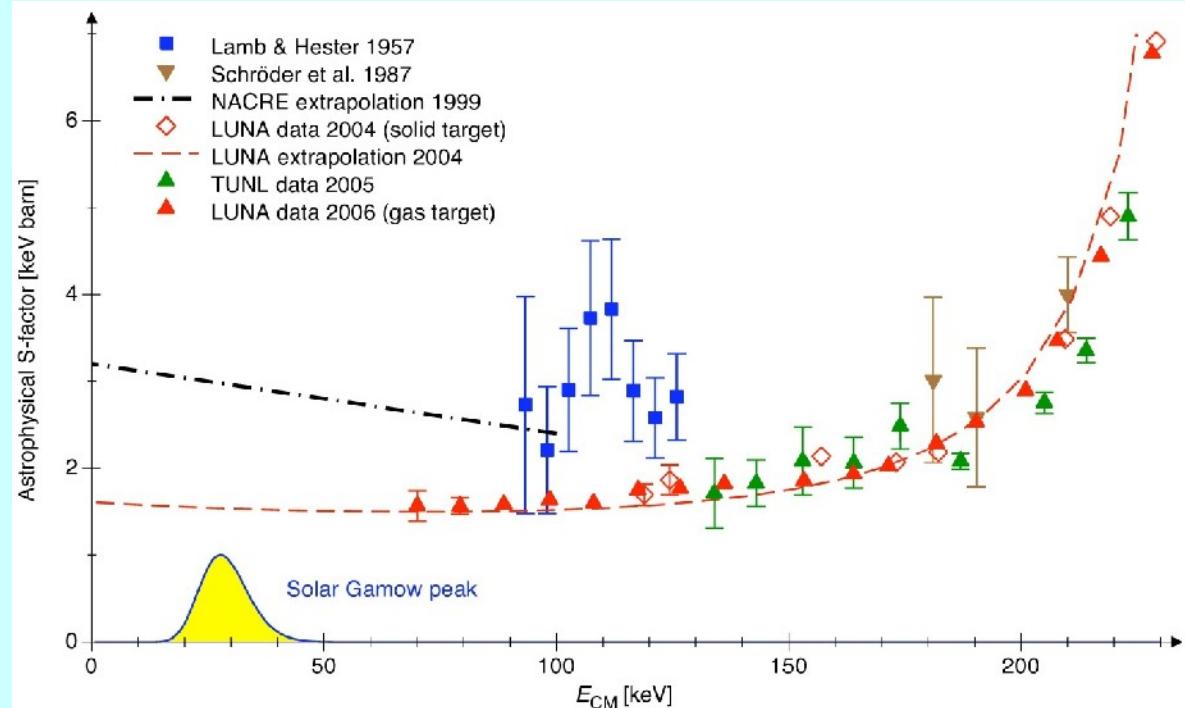


Low energy: gas target + BGO



beam energy 90 keV





$S_1(0)=1.57\pm0.13$ keV b
as suggested by indirect measurements

- * $\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{V}_{cno}$ from the Sun
- * Globular Cluster age +1Gy
- * more C at the surface of AGB

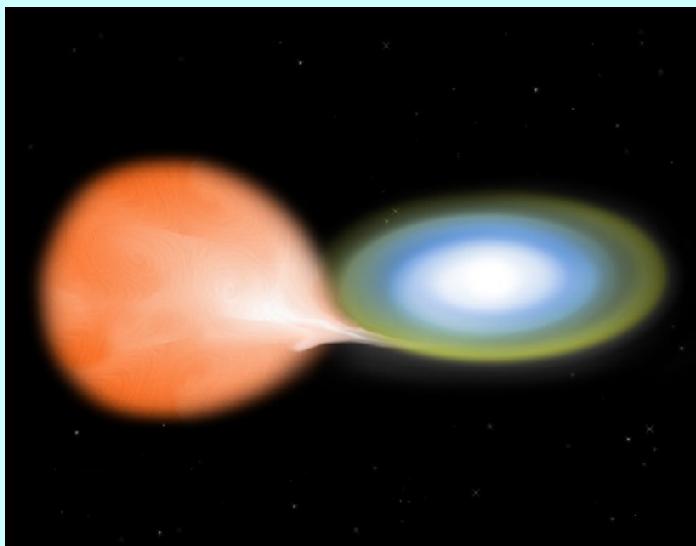
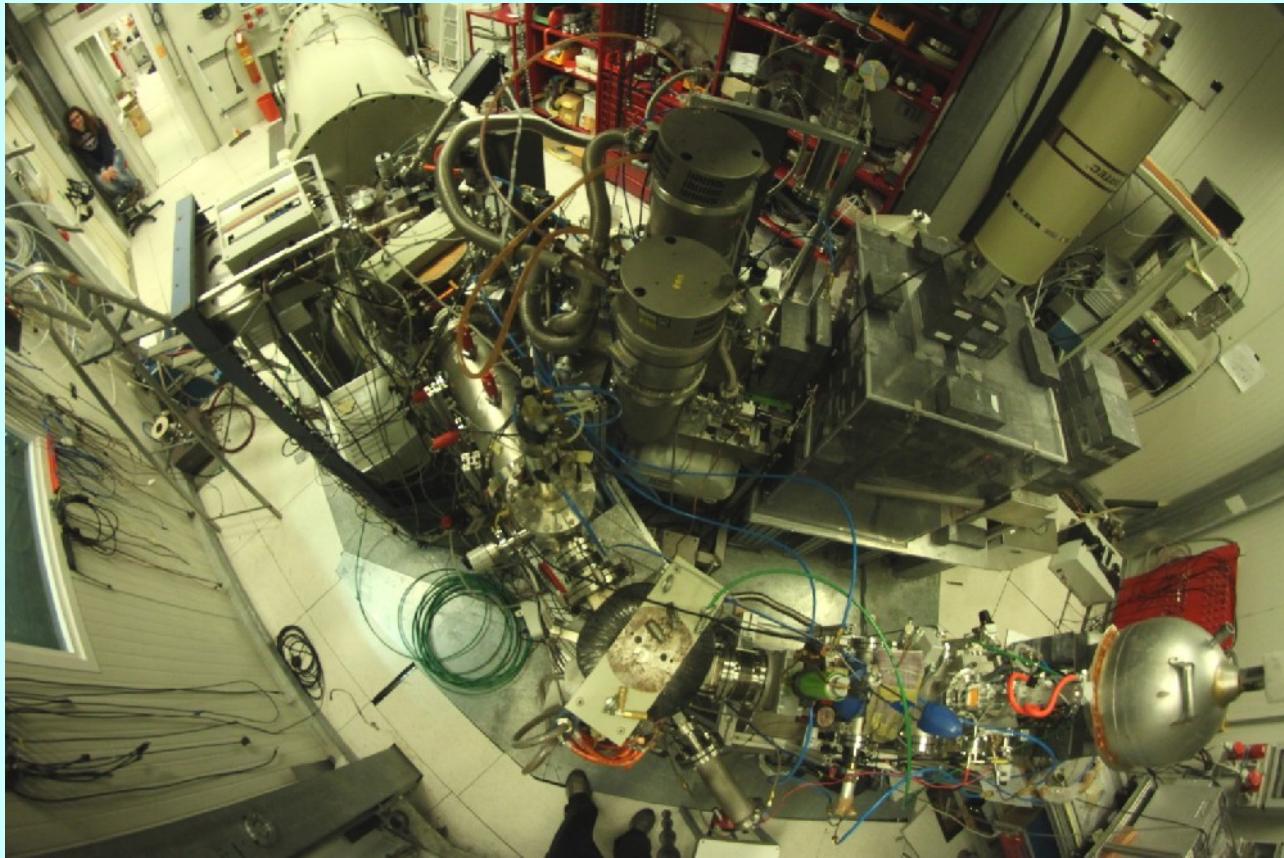
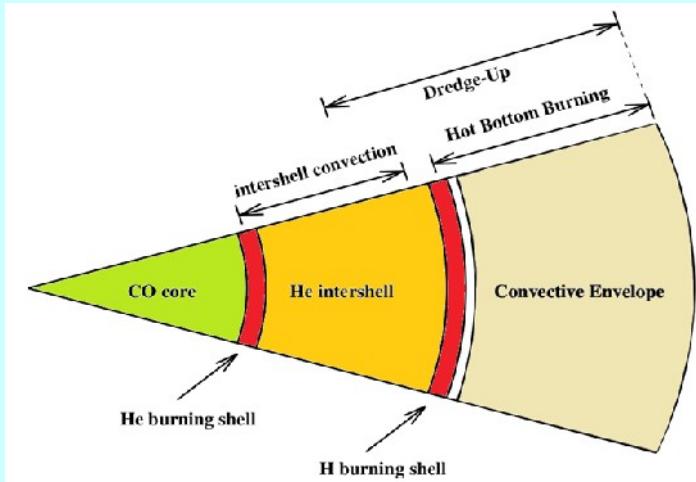
Solar composition problem:
 $Z/X \sim 0.024 \rightarrow \sim 0.018$
SSM predictions disagree
with Helioseismology results

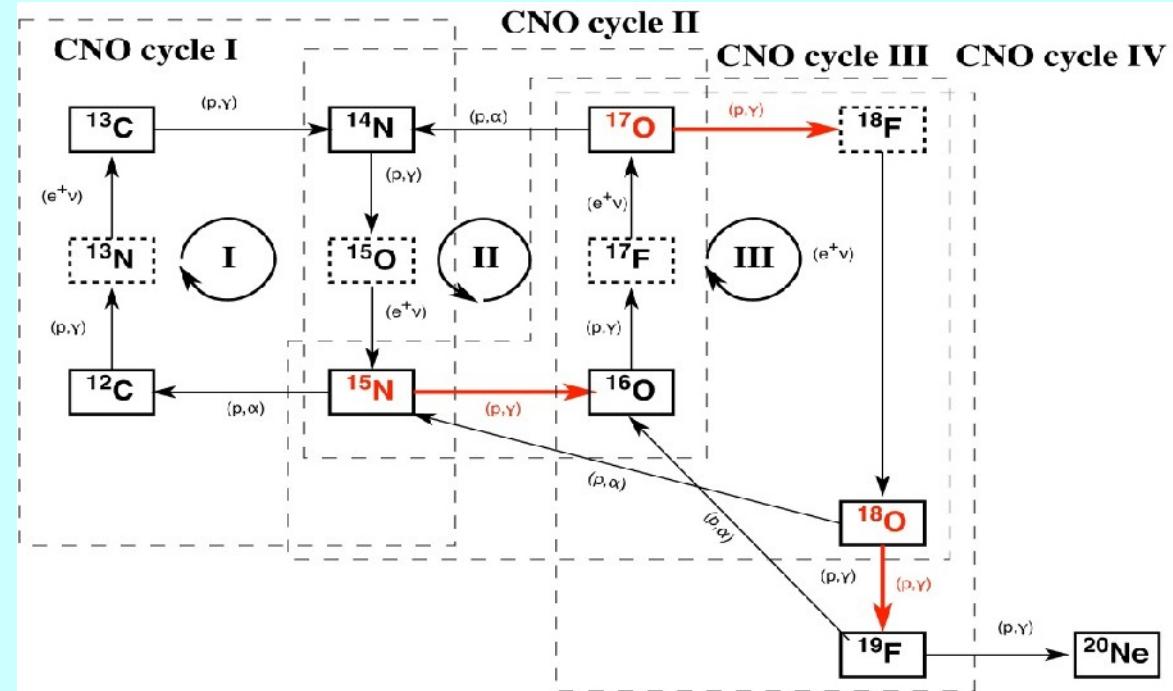
$\mathbf{V}_{cno}=f(Z, S_{14})$, ~30% decrease from high to low metallicity

From a measurement of \mathbf{V}_{cno} from the Sun

Metallicity of the Sun core (C+N)
Photosphere and core metallicity equal?
Correlation with the high C+N of giant planets?

LUNA beyond the Sun: isotope production in the hydrogen burning shell of AGB stars ($\sim 30\text{-}100 T_6$), Nova nucleosynthesis ($\sim 100\text{-}400 T_6$) and BBN





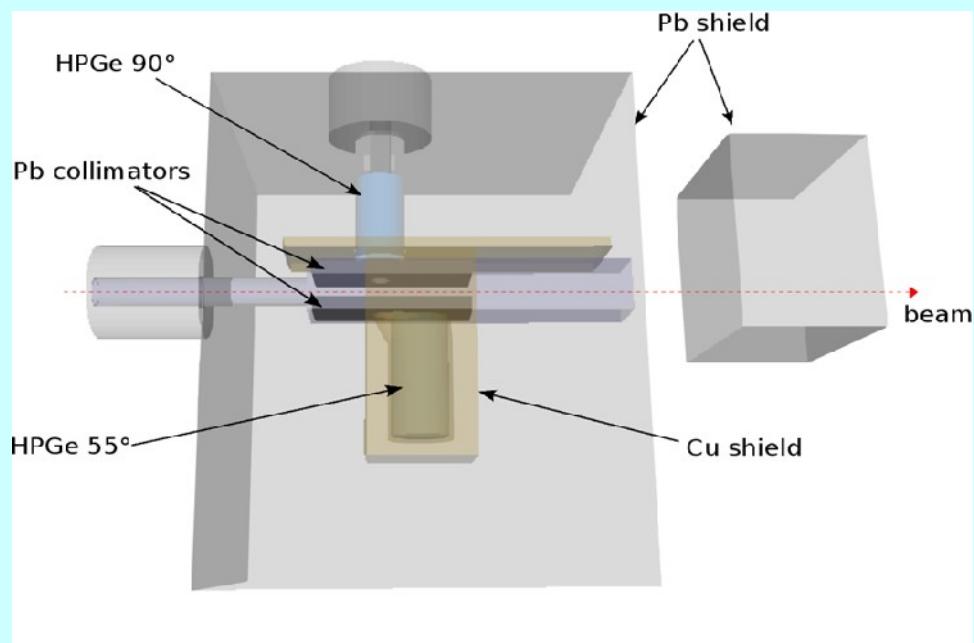
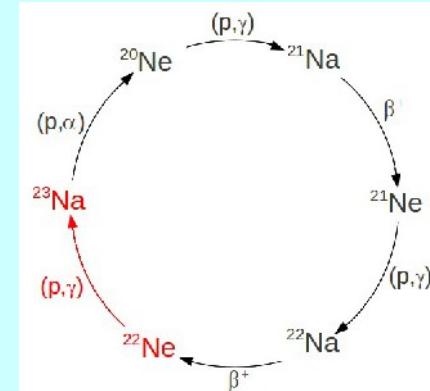
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The Ne-Na Cycle

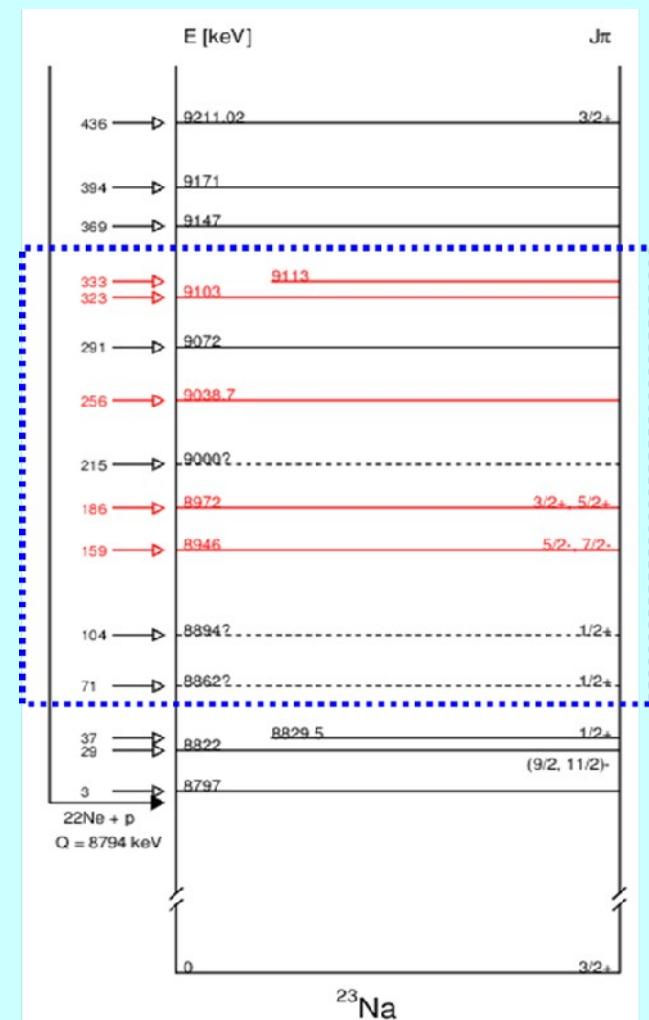


Only upper limits (μeV) on the strength of the 14 possible resonances below 400 keV (factor 2000 on the rate)

→ Ne, Na, Mg and Al yield in AGB and Novae (up to a factor 100)



The strength of 5 resonances measured in the first 3 months of the experiment with a neV sensitivity



What Next: 3.5 MV accelerator mainly devoted to Helium-Burning
(in stars: ~ 100 T₆, $\sim 10^5$ gr/cm³)

$^{12}C(\alpha,\gamma)^{16}O$ the most important reaction of nuclear astrophysics: production of the elements heavier than A=16, star evolution from He burning to the explosive phase (core collapse and thermonuclear SN) and ratio C/O

Sources of the neutrons responsible for the S-process: 50% of the elements beyond Iron

$^{13}C(\alpha,n)^{16}O$: isotopes with $A \geq 90$ during AGB phase of low mass stars

$^{22}Ne(\alpha,n)^{25}Mg$: isotopes with $A < 90$ during He and C burning in massive stars
(α,γ) on 3He , ^{14}N , ^{15}N , ^{18}O

LUNA-MV accelerator financed by MIUR, to be installed in Hall C of LNGS (Opera space)

★ ^3He ($^3\text{He}, 2\text{p}$) ^4He : σ down to 16 keV

no resonance within the solar Gamow Peak

★ $^3\text{He}(\alpha, \gamma)^7\text{Be}$: $^7\text{Be} \approx$ prompt γ , cross section measured with 4% error

★ $^{14}\text{N}(\text{p}, \gamma)^{15}\text{O}$: σ down to 70 keV

V_{cno} reduced by ~ 2 with 8% error → Sun core metallicity

Globular cluster age increased by 0.7-1 Gy

More carbon at the surface of AGB stars

★ $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p}, \gamma)^{16}\text{O}$: σ down to 70 keV, reduced by ~ 2

★ $^{25}\text{Mg}(\text{p}, \gamma)^{26}\text{Al}$: first measurement of the 92 keV resonance,

strength $w\gamma = (2.9 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-10}$ eV

★ $^{17}\text{O}(\text{p}, \gamma)^{18}\text{F}$: rate uncertainty @ Novae temperature reduced to 5%

→ uncertainty on ^{18}O , ^{18}F and ^{19}F less than 10% (from 40-50%)

★ Future: Hydrogen and Helium burning (3.5 MV accelerator)

LUNA Collaboration

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