

# **ROLE OF KAON PRODUCTION AT JLAB12**

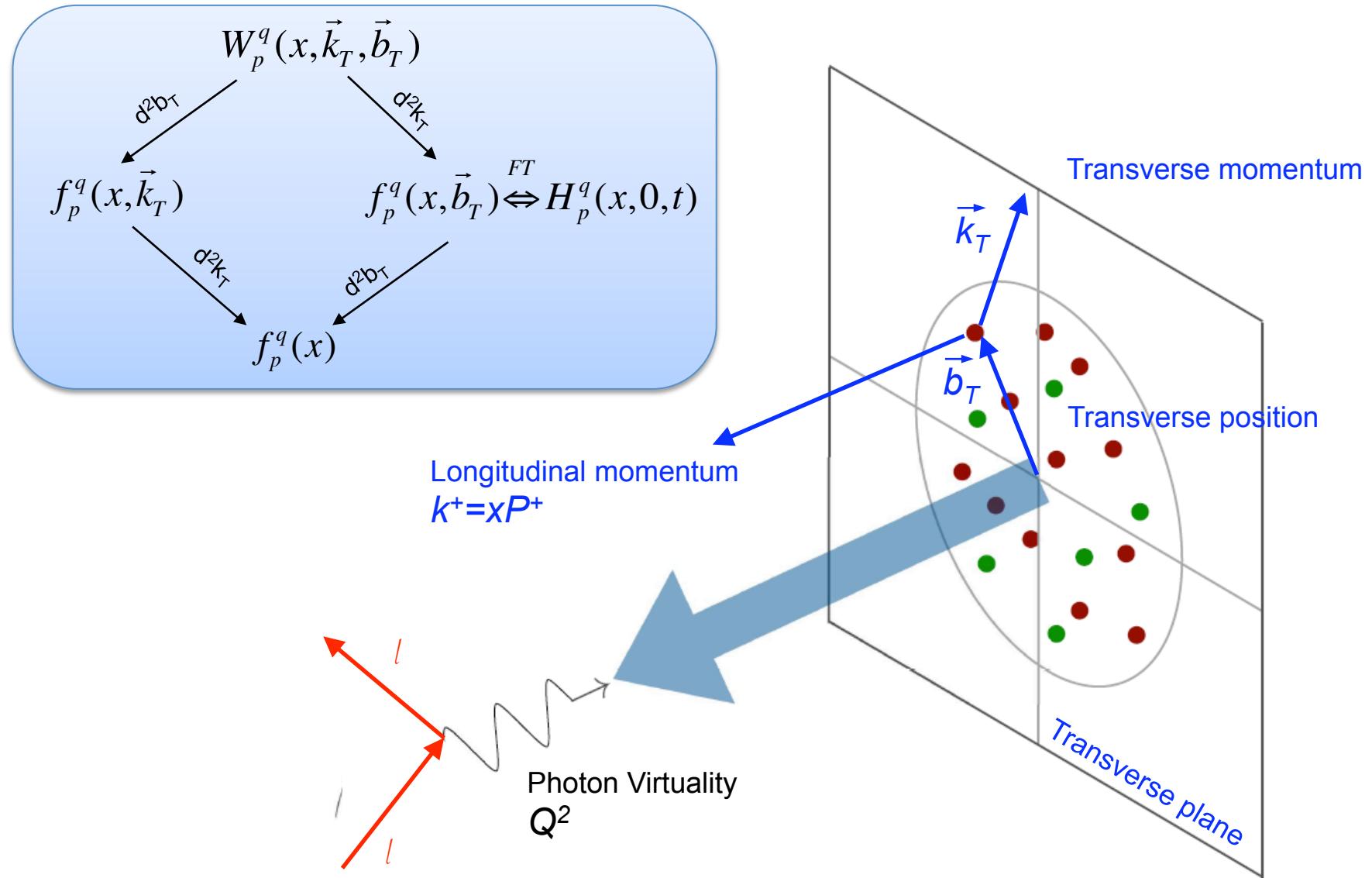
Contalbrigo Marco  
INFN Ferrara

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**PSHP 2013**  
13<sup>th</sup> November 2013, LNF

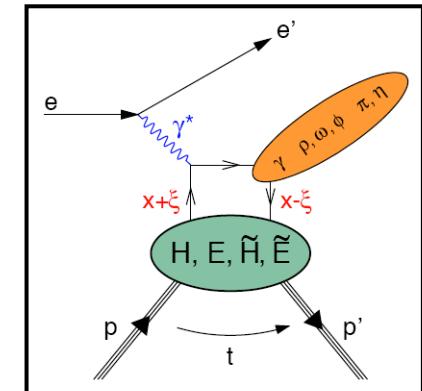
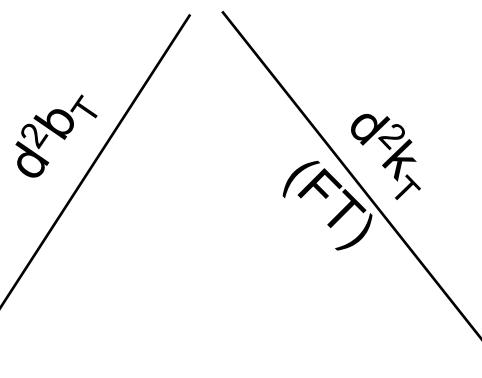
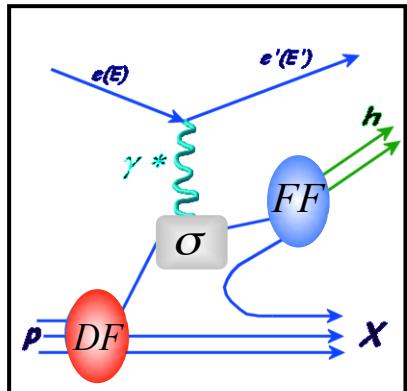
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# The 3D Nucleon Structure



# Quantum Phase-space Distribution of Quarks

$W_p^q(x, \vec{k}_T, \vec{b}_T)$  “Mother” Wigner distributions



TMDs:  $f_p^q(x, \vec{k}_T)$

Semi-inclusive measurements  
3D momentum distribution

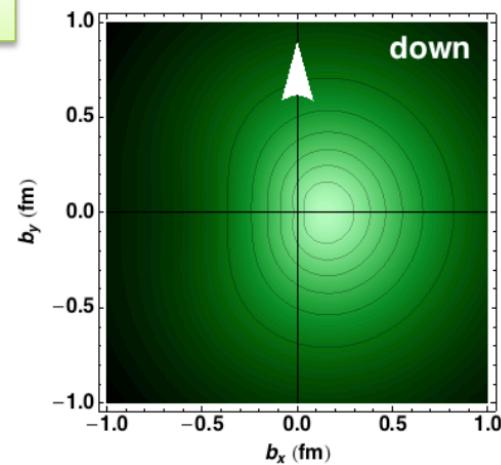
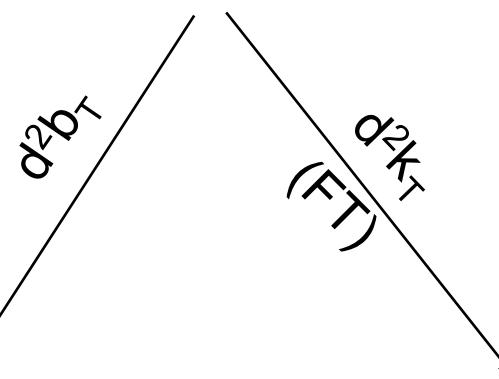
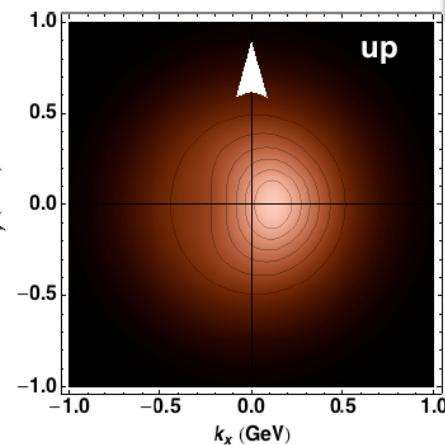
GPDs:  $H_p^q(x, \xi, t)$

Exclusive Measurements  
1+2D spatial distribution

PDFs  $f_p^q(x)$

# Quantum Phase-space Distribution of Quarks

$W_p^q(x, \vec{k}_T, \vec{b}_T)$  “Mother” Wigner distributions



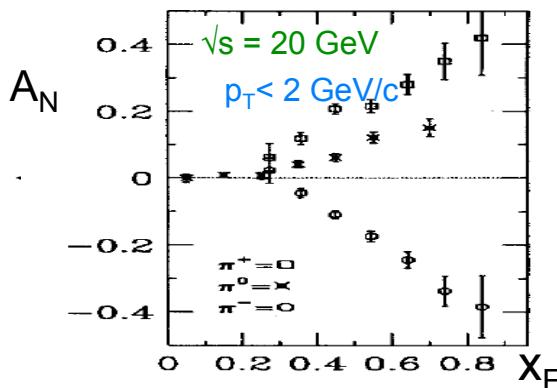
TMDs:  $f_p^q(x, \vec{k}_T)$

Semi-inclusive measurements  
3D momentum distribution

GPDs:  $H_p^q(x, \xi, t)$

Exclusive Measurements  
1+2D spatial distribution

May explain SSA & Lam-Tung

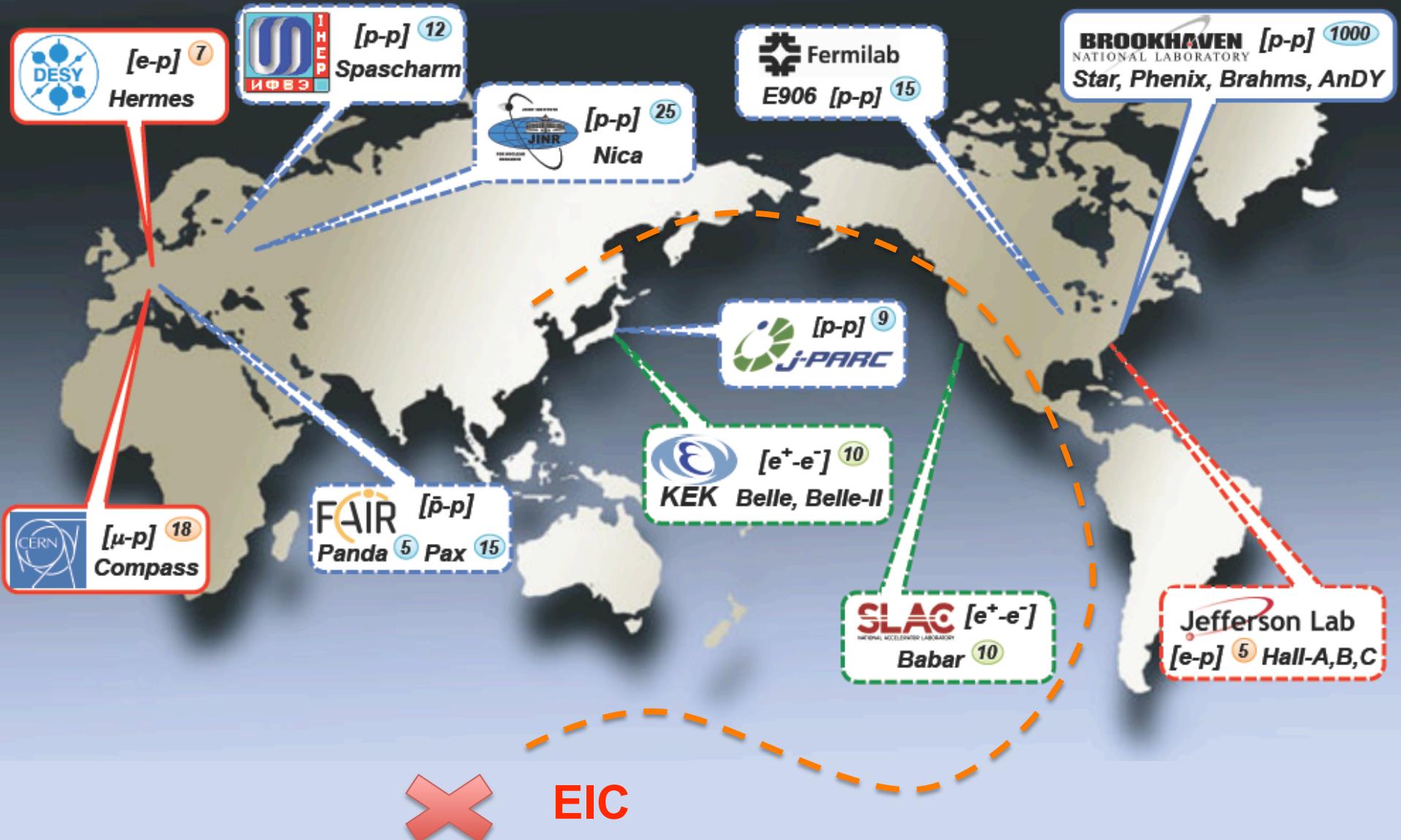


PDFs  $f_p^q(x)$

May solve  
proton spin puzzle

$$J_q = \frac{1}{2} \Delta \Sigma + L_q = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \int_{-1}^1 dx x [H(x, \xi, t) + E(x, \xi, t)]$$

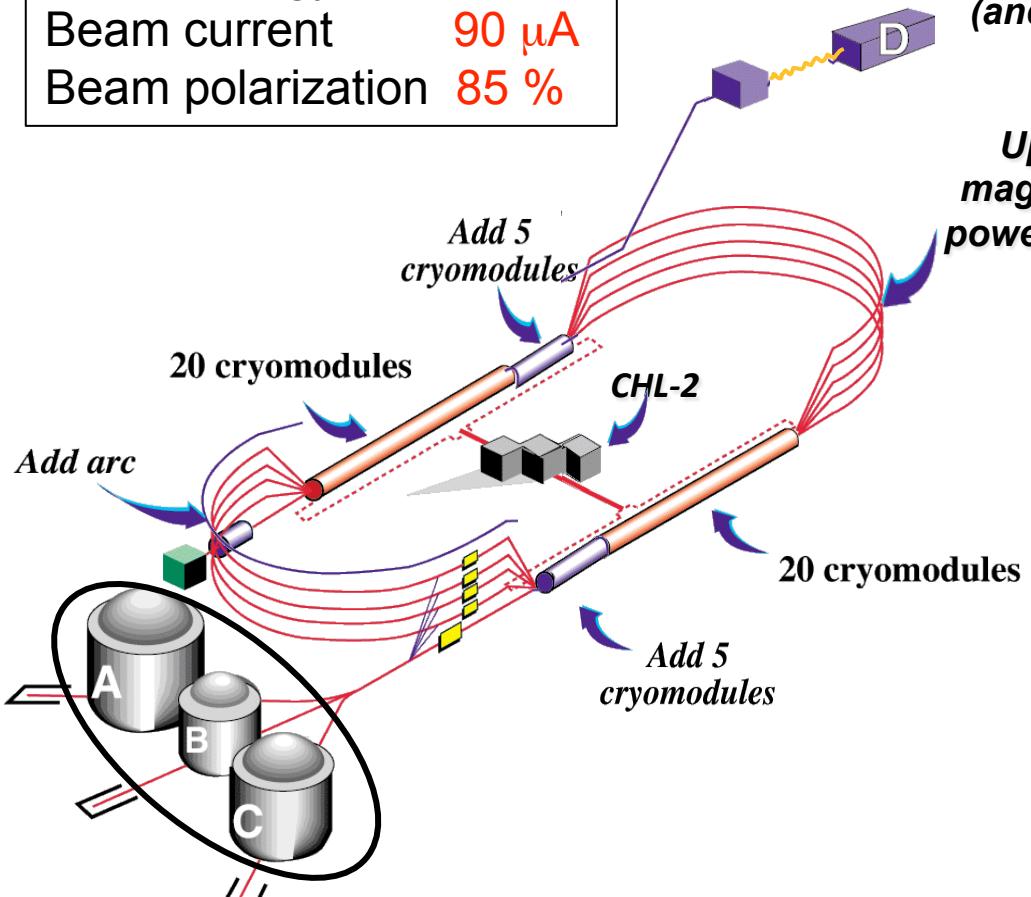
# A World-wide Challenge



# THE JLAB12 FACILITY

# CEBAF Upgrade at Jefferson Lab

Beam Energy      12 GeV  
Beam current      90  $\mu$ A  
Beam polarization      85 %



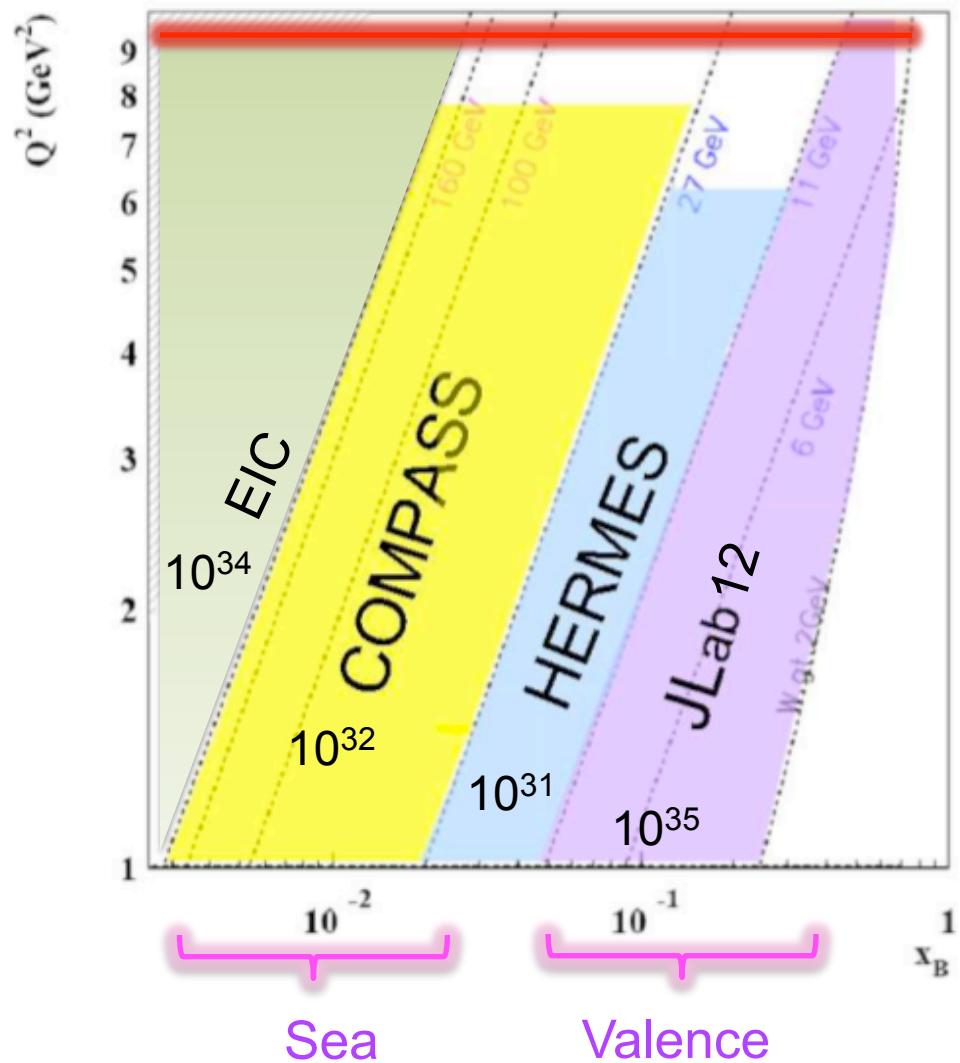
*add Hall D  
(and beam line)*

*Upgrade  
magnets and  
power supplies*



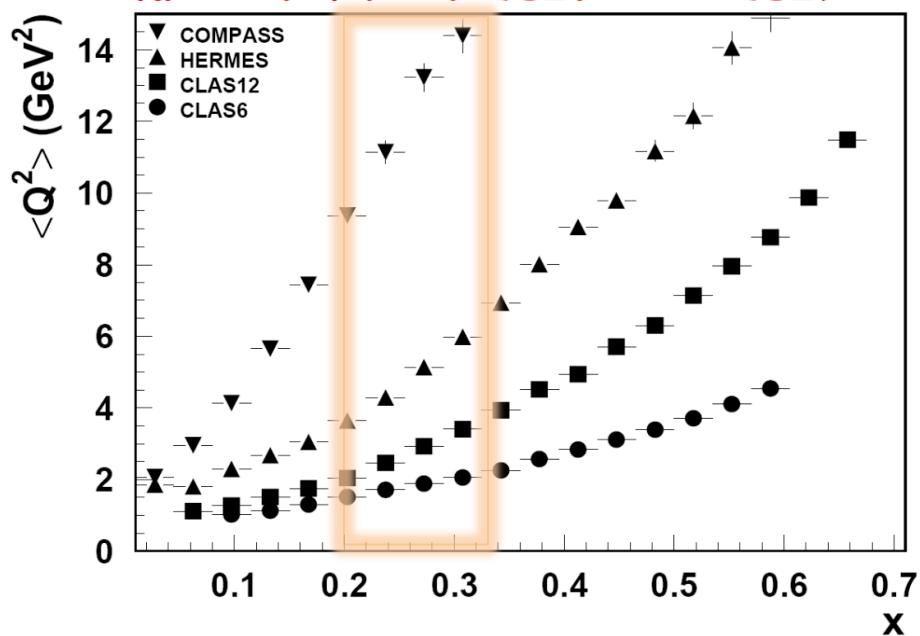
# The SIDIS Landscape

Limit defined by luminosity



$$\frac{d\sigma(ep \rightarrow e' hX)}{dxdy dzdP_{h\perp}} \propto \sum_q e_q^2 C[q(x, k_T)] D_q^h(z, p_T)$$

Different  $Q^2$  for same  $x$  range



Complementary experiments

# 12 GeV Project Status

Hall D Interior



3rd C100 cryomodule being transferred



Hall D & Counting House

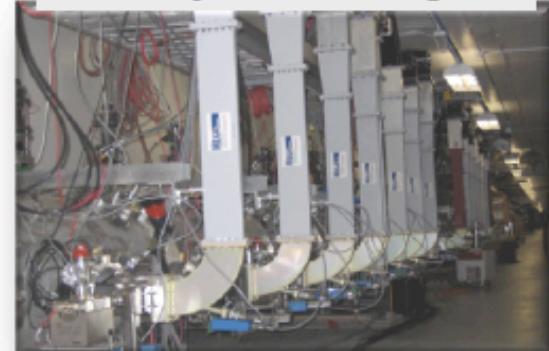


- Project 75% Complete, 88% Obligated
  - Civil (92%) ; Accelerator (88%) ; Physics Equip (~60%)
- We expect to be running beam to Hall A in February 2014 and Hall D later in the year
- Large user involvement in 12-GeV detector construction
- **7+ years approved, Halls have prepared initial schedule**

East Arc Tunnel Magnets

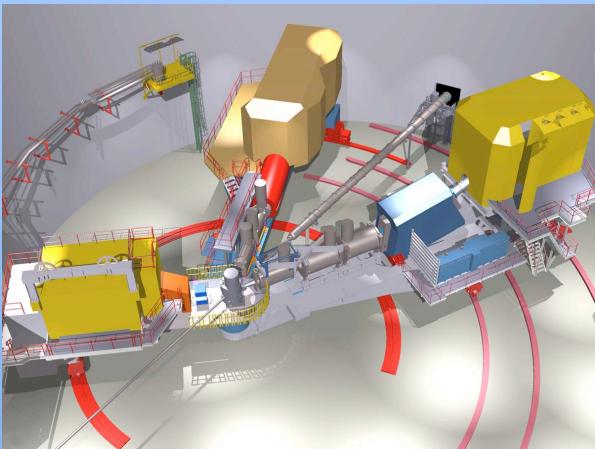


12 GeV Cryomodules/Waveguides



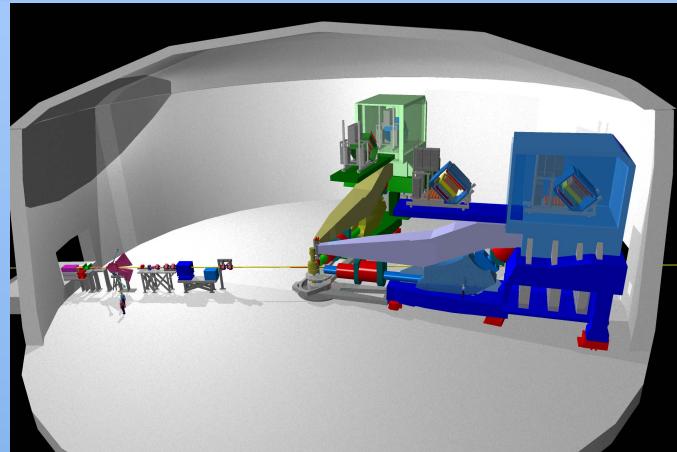
# JLab12 Experimental Halls

Hall-C



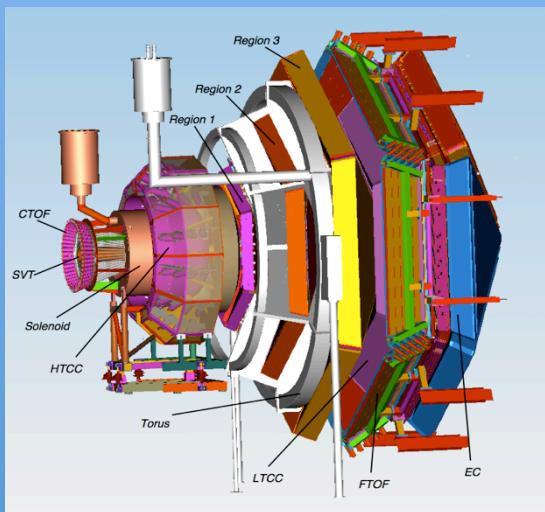
Super High Momentum Spectrometer (SHMS)  
unpolarized SIDIS, hadron ID

Hall-A



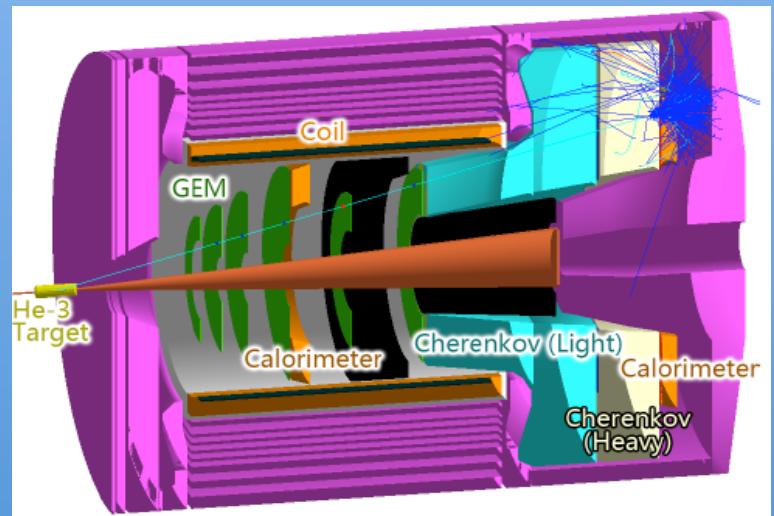
Spectrometer Pair, polarized  ${}^3\text{He}$  target  
up to  $10^{38} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  hadron ID

Hall-B



CLAS12 H,D polarized targets up to  $10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$   
“complete” acceptance, hadron ID

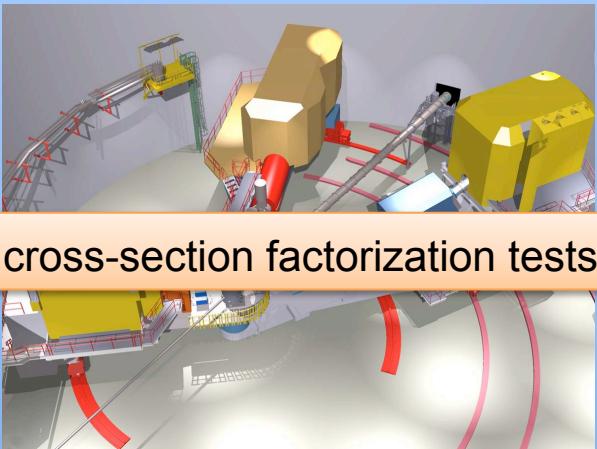
Hall-A



SOLID  ${}^3\text{He}$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  polarized targets  
up to  $10^{36} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  large acceptance, pion ID

# JLab12 Experimental Halls

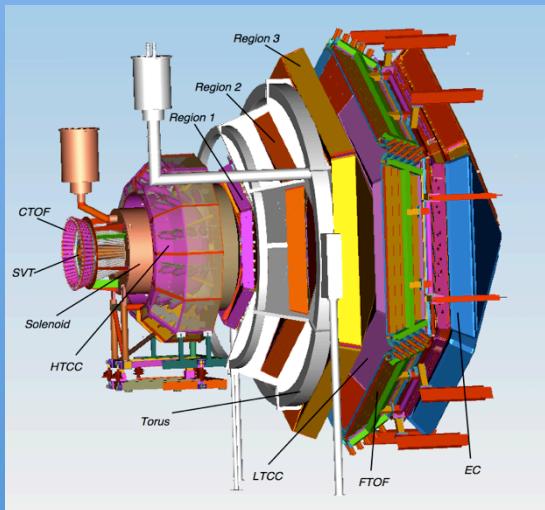
## Hall-C



SIDIS cross-section factorization tests

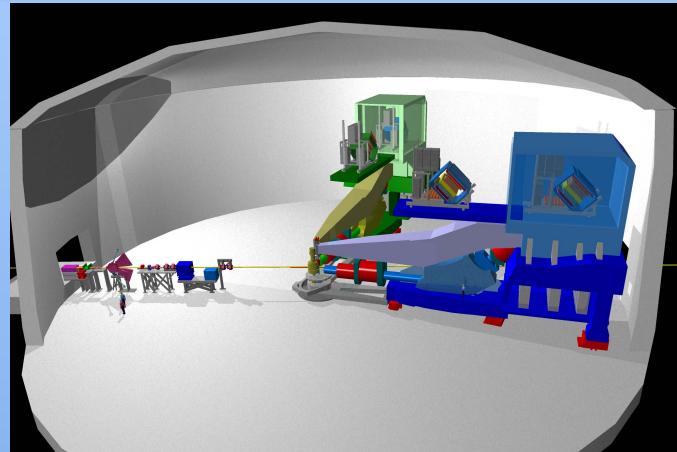
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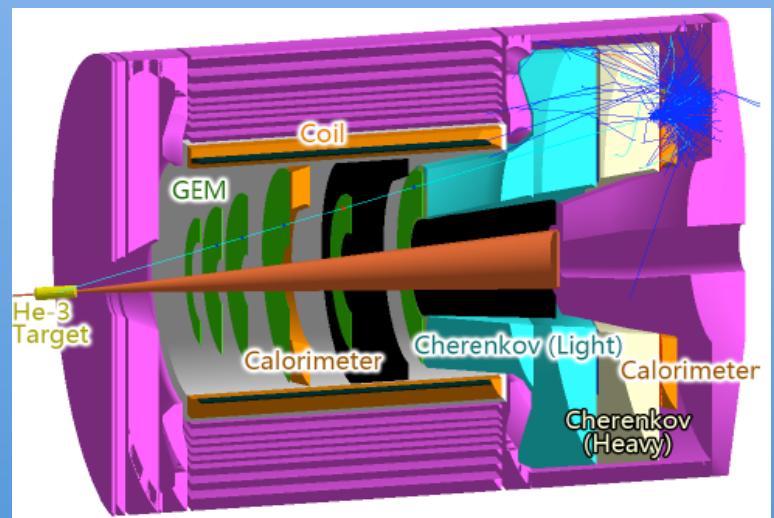
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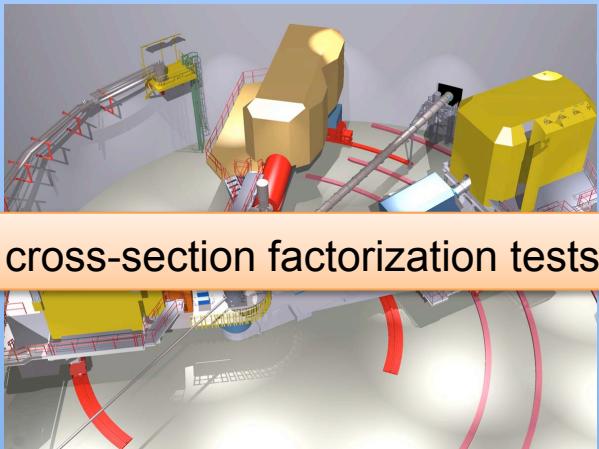
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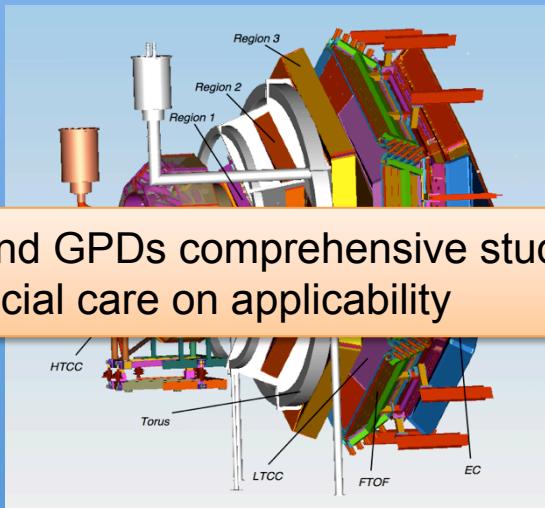
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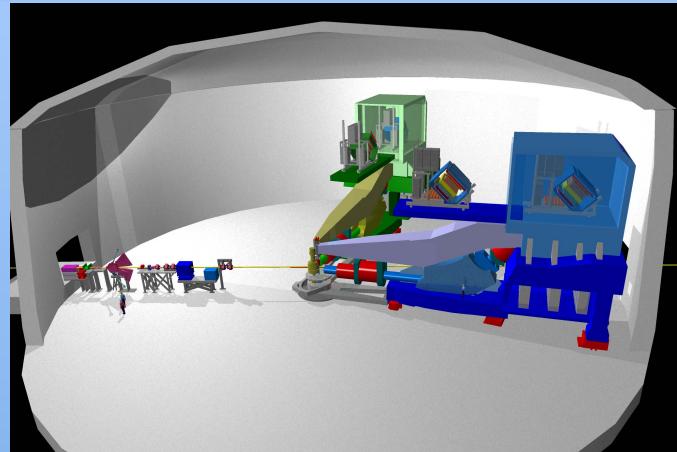
## Hall-B



TMDs and GPDs comprehensive study,  
with special care on applicability

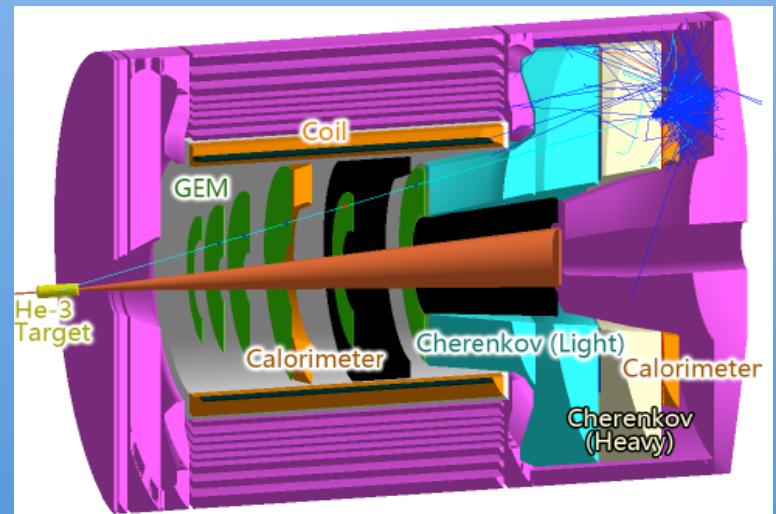
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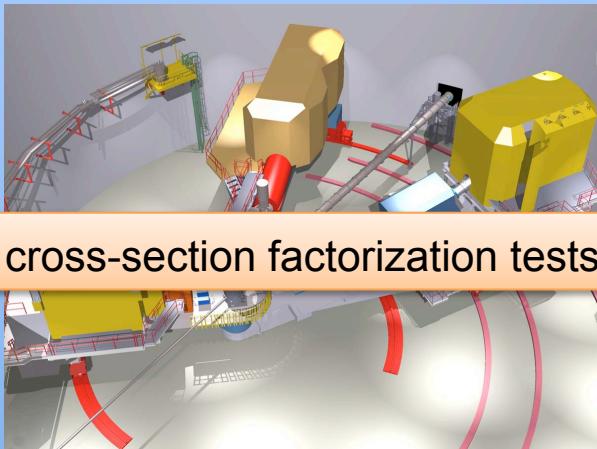
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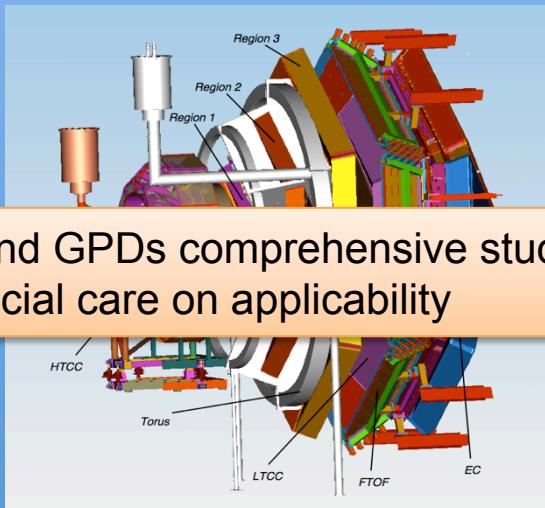
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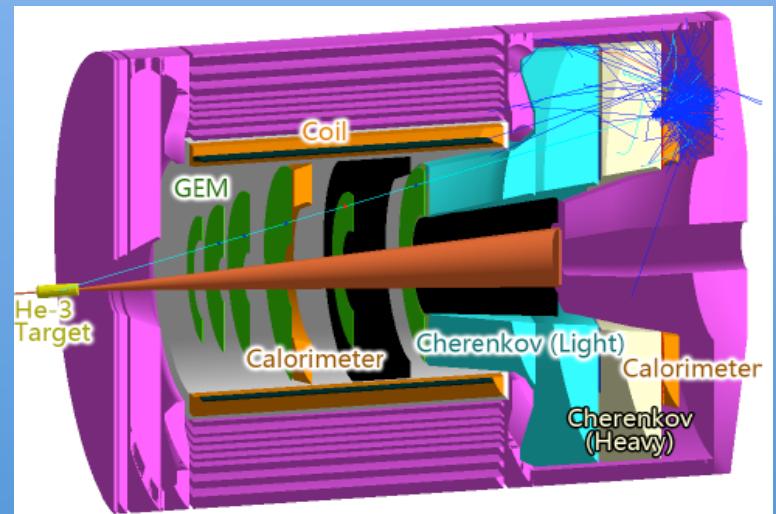
## Hall-A



Luminosity frontier  
World leading  ${}^3\text{He}$  target

Spectrometer Pair, polarized  ${}^3\text{He}$  target  
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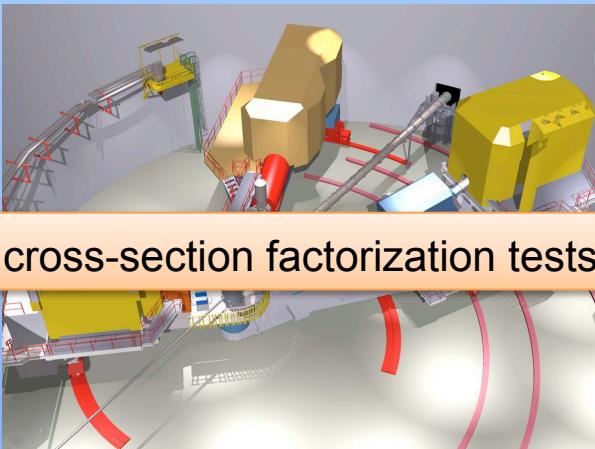
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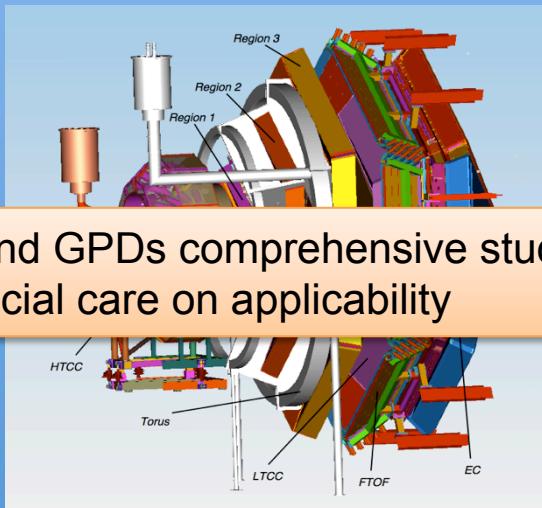
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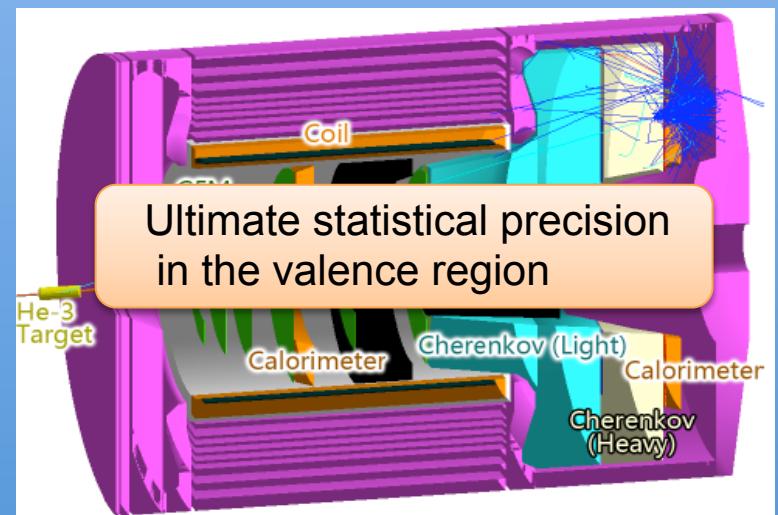
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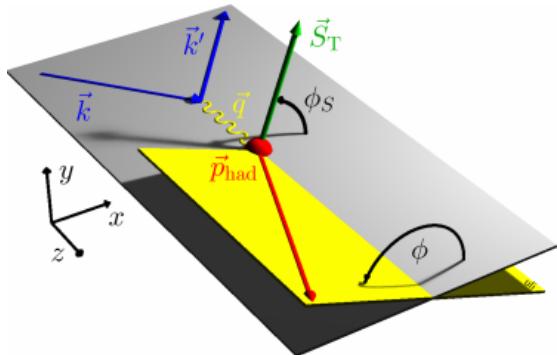
Ultimate statistical precision  
in the valence region

SOLID  $^3\text{He}$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  polarized targets  
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# **SIDIS: TRANSVERSE MOMENTUM DEPENDENCE**

# The SIDIS case

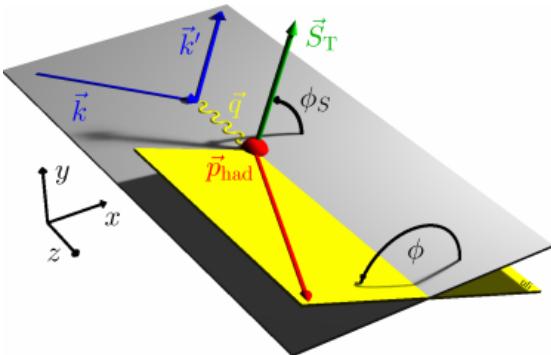
**SIDIS cross section  
(transversely pol. target):**



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{d^6\sigma}{dx dy dz d\phi_S d\phi dP_{h\perp}^2} \stackrel{\text{Leading}}{\underset{\text{Twist}}{\propto}} S_T \left\{ \sin(\phi - \phi_S) F_{UT,T}^{\sin(\phi - \phi_S)} \right\} \\
 & + S_T \left\{ \varepsilon \sin(\phi + \phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(\phi + \phi_S)} + \varepsilon \sin(3\phi - \phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi - \phi_S)} \right\} \\
 & + S_T \lambda_e \left\{ \sqrt{1 - \varepsilon^2} \cos(\phi - \phi_S) F_{LT}^{\cos(\phi - \phi_S)} \right\} + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

# The SIDIS case

SIDIS cross section  
(transversely pol. target):



$$\frac{d^6\sigma}{dx dy dz d\phi_S d\phi dP_{h\perp}^2} \stackrel{\text{Leading}}{\underset{\text{Twist}}{\propto}} S_T \left\{ \sin(\phi - \phi_S) F_{UT,T}^{\sin(\phi - \phi_S)} \right\}$$

$h_{1T}^\perp \otimes D_1$

$$+ S_T \left\{ \varepsilon \sin(\phi + \phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(\phi + \phi_S)} + \varepsilon \sin(3\phi - \phi_S) F_{UT}^{\sin(3\phi - \phi_S)} \right\}$$

$h_{1T}^\perp \otimes H_1^\perp$

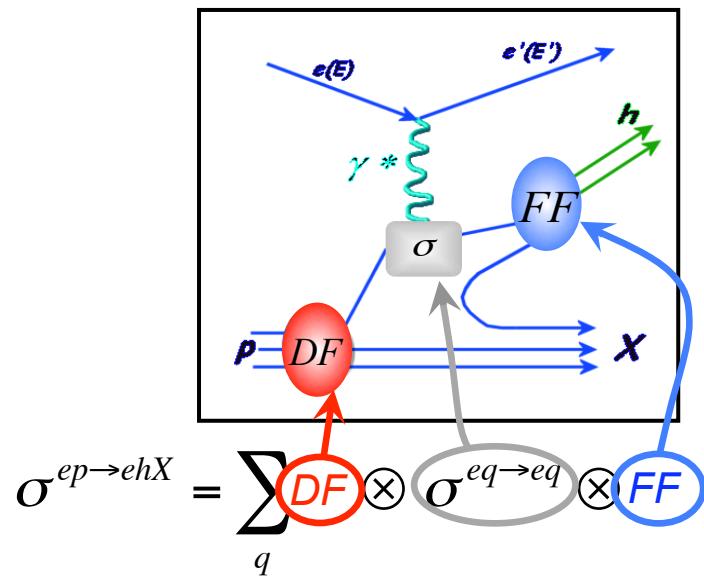
$$+ S_T \lambda_e \left\{ \sqrt{1 - \varepsilon^2} \cos(\phi - \phi_S) F_{LT}^{\cos(\phi - \phi_S)} \right\} + \dots$$

$g_{1T}^\perp \otimes D_1$

TMD factorization for  $P_T \ll Q$

$$f \otimes D = \int_q e_q^2 d^2 p_T d^2 k_T \dots w(k_T, p_T) f^q(x, k_T^2) D^q(z, p_T^2)$$

Involved phenomenology due to the convolution over transverse momentum



# Leading Twist TMDs

		quark polarisation		
N/q		U	L	T
U	$f_1$			$h_1^\perp$
	<i>Number Density</i>			<i>Boer-Mulders</i>
L		$g_1$	$h_{1L}^\perp$	
		<i>Helicity</i>	<i>Worm-gear</i>	
T	$f_{1T}^\perp$	$g_{1T}^\perp$	$h_1$	$h_{1T}^\perp$
	<i>Sivers</i>	<i>Worm-gear</i>	<i>Transversity</i>	<i>Pretzelosity</i>

## Transversity:

Survives transverse momentum integration  
(missing leading-twist collinear piece)

Differs from helicity due to relativistic effects and  
no mix with gluons in the spin-1/2 nucleon

## Off-diagonal elements:

Interference between wave functions with different  
angular momenta: contains information about parton  
orbital angular motion and spin-orbit effects

Testing QCD at the amplitude level

# Leading Twist TMDs

		quark polarisation		
N/q		U	L	T
U	$f_1$			$h_1^\perp$
L		$g_1$	$h_{1L}^\perp$	
T	$f_{1T}^\perp$	$g_{1T}^\perp$	$h_1$ Transversity	$h_{1T}^\perp$ Pretzelosity

$$D^{\perp,unf} \sim \frac{1}{2} D^{\perp,fav}$$

$$H^{\perp,unf} \sim -H^{\perp,fav}$$

*fav*:  $u \rightarrow \pi^+$

*unf*:  $u \rightarrow \pi^-$

Garzia, Giordano talks

## Transversity:

Survives transverse momentum integration  
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Differs from helicity due to relativistic effects and  
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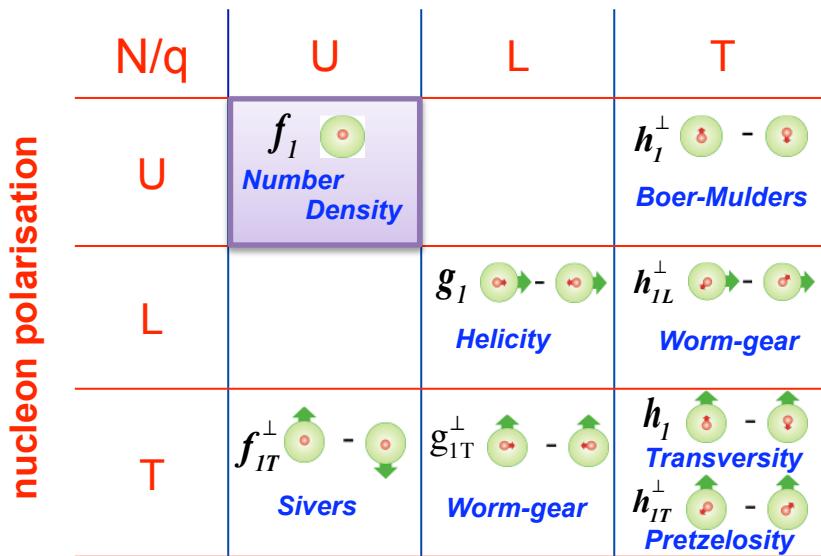
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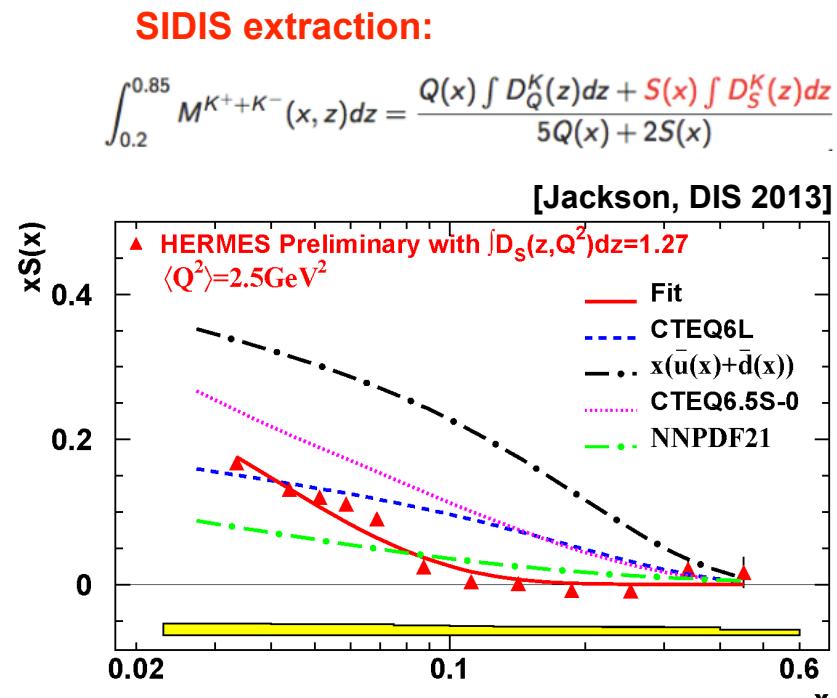
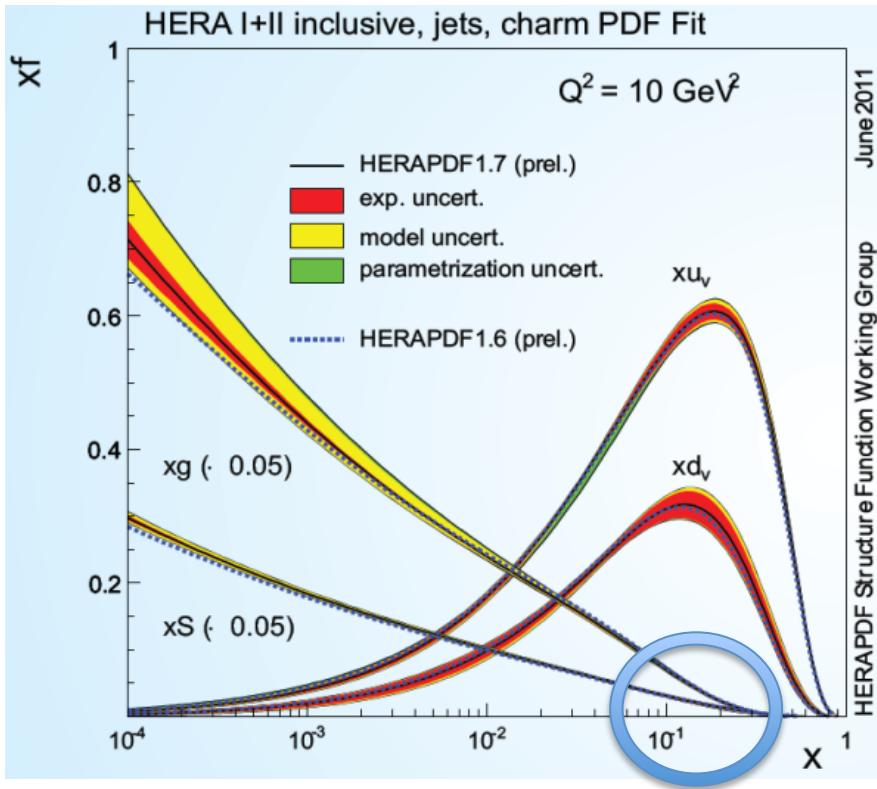
		quark polarisation		
N/q		U	L	T
U	$D_1$			$H_1^\perp$
L			$G_{1L}$	$H_{1L}^\perp$
T	$D_{1T}^\perp$	$G_{1T}$		$H_1$ Collins
				$H_{1T}^\perp$

# NUMBER DENSITY



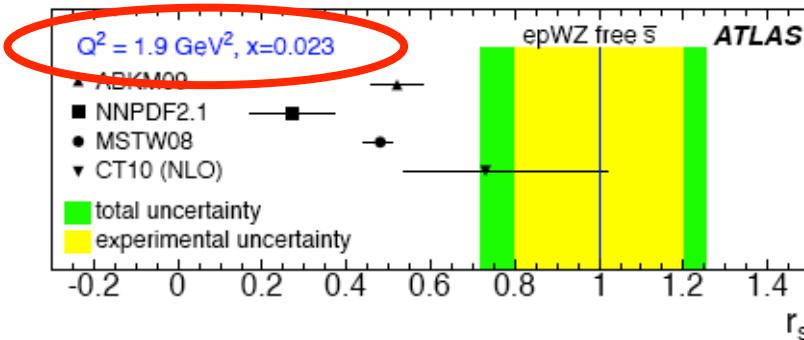
(THE BASELINE)

# Parton Number Density

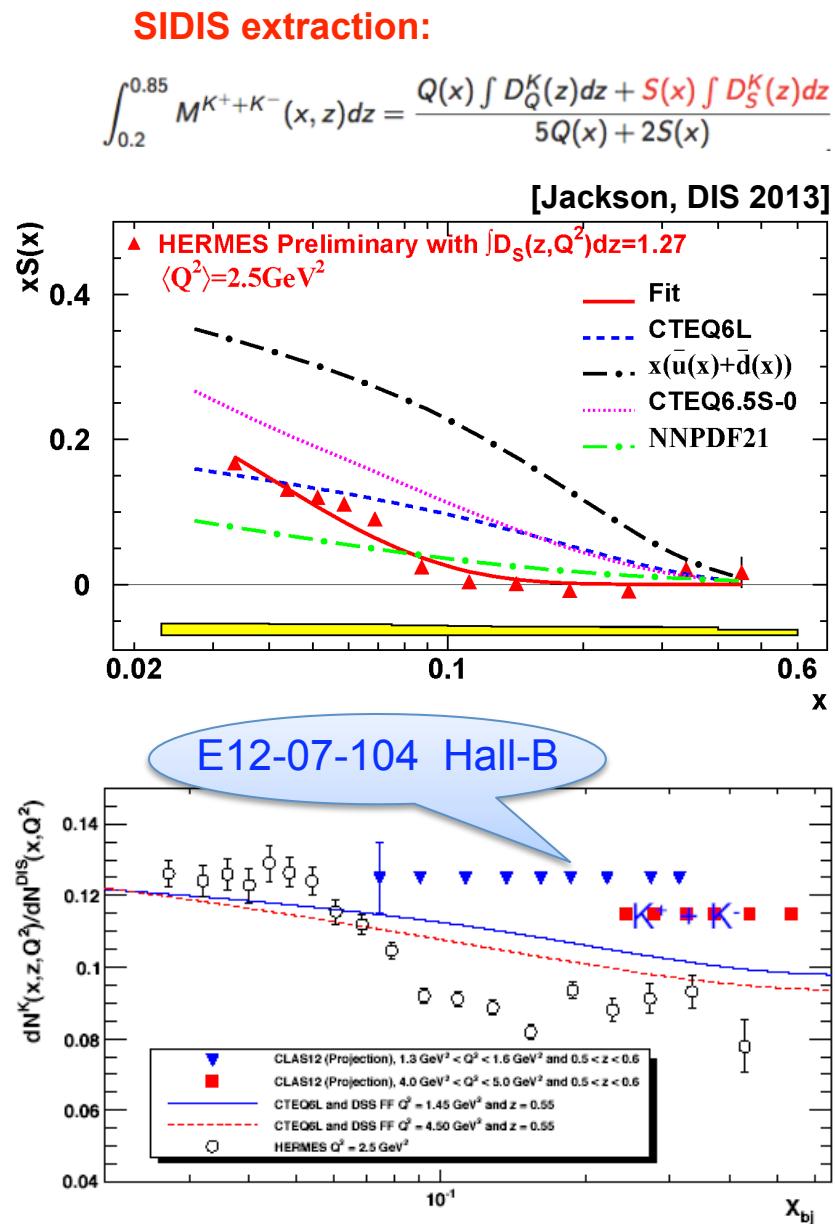
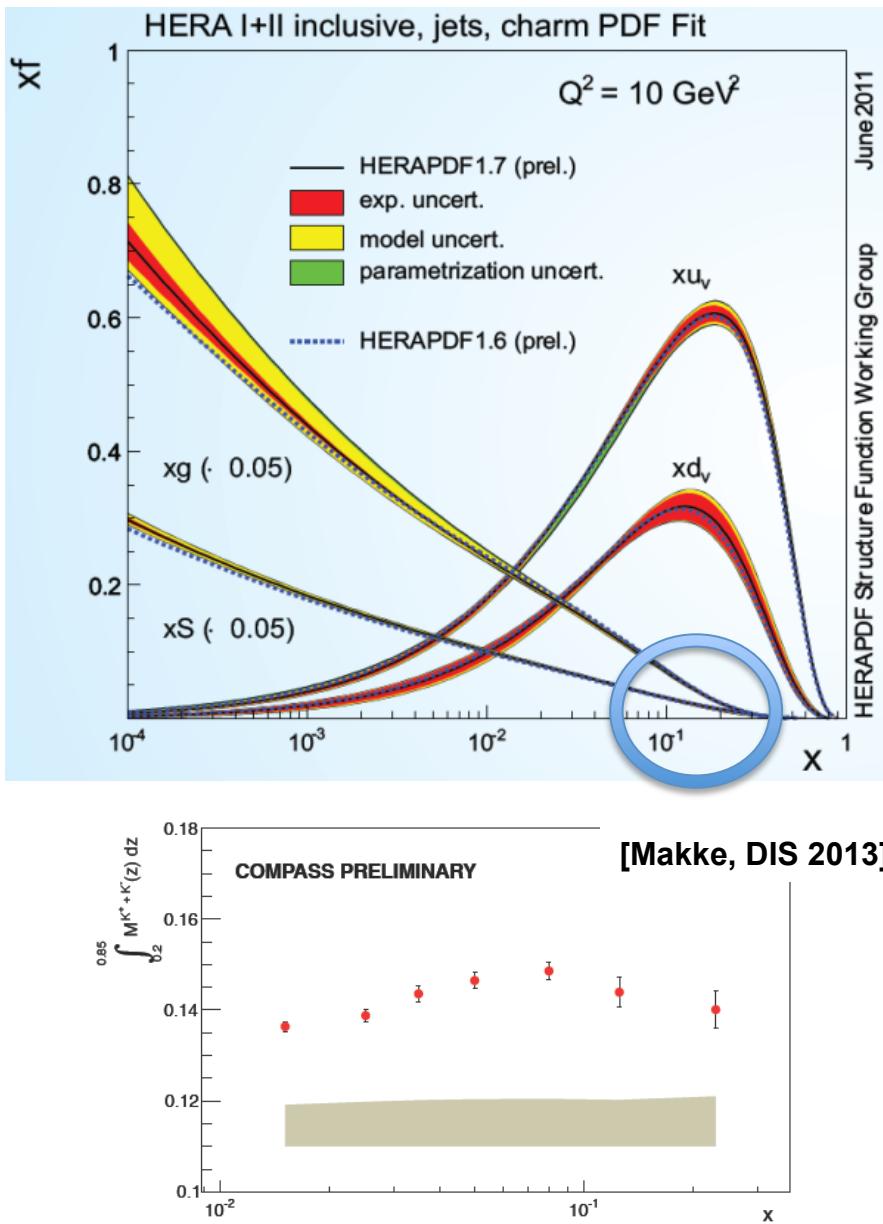


ATLAS: arXiv:1206.4051

$$r_s = 0.5(s + \bar{s})/\bar{d}$$



# Parton Number Density



# The $P_{h\perp}$ -unintegrated multiplicities

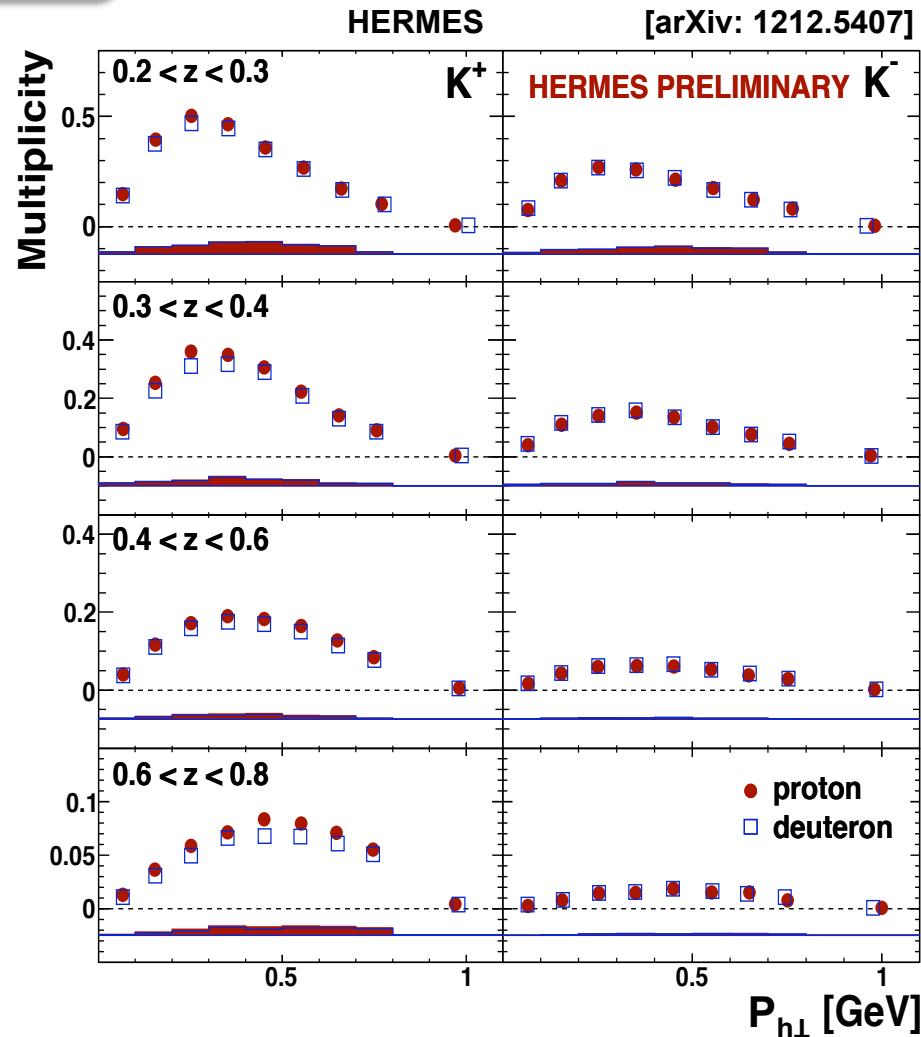
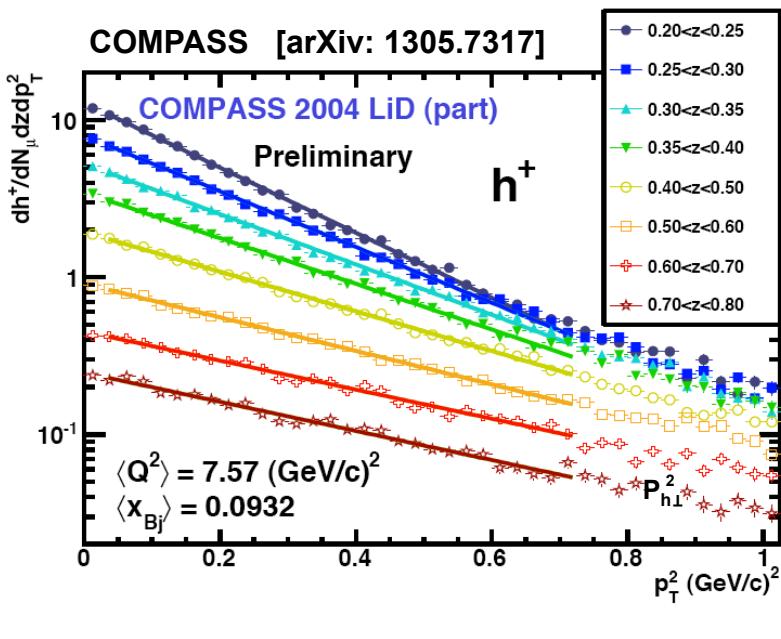
$f_1 \otimes D_1$

$$M_N^h(z) = \frac{1}{N_N^{DIS}(Q^2)} \frac{dN_N^h(z, Q^2)}{dz} = \frac{\sum_q e_q^2 \int dx f_{1q}(x, Q^2) D_{1q}^h(z, Q^2)}{\sum_q e_q^2 \int dx f_{1q}(x, Q^2)}$$

Disentanglement of  $z$  and  $P_{h\perp}$ : access to the transverse intrinsic quark  $k_T$  and fragmentation  $p_T$ ,

i.e. from gaussian anstaz:

$$\langle P_{h\perp}^2 \rangle = z^2 \langle k_T^2 \rangle + \langle p_T^2 \rangle$$



# The $P_{h\perp}$ -unintegrated multiplicities

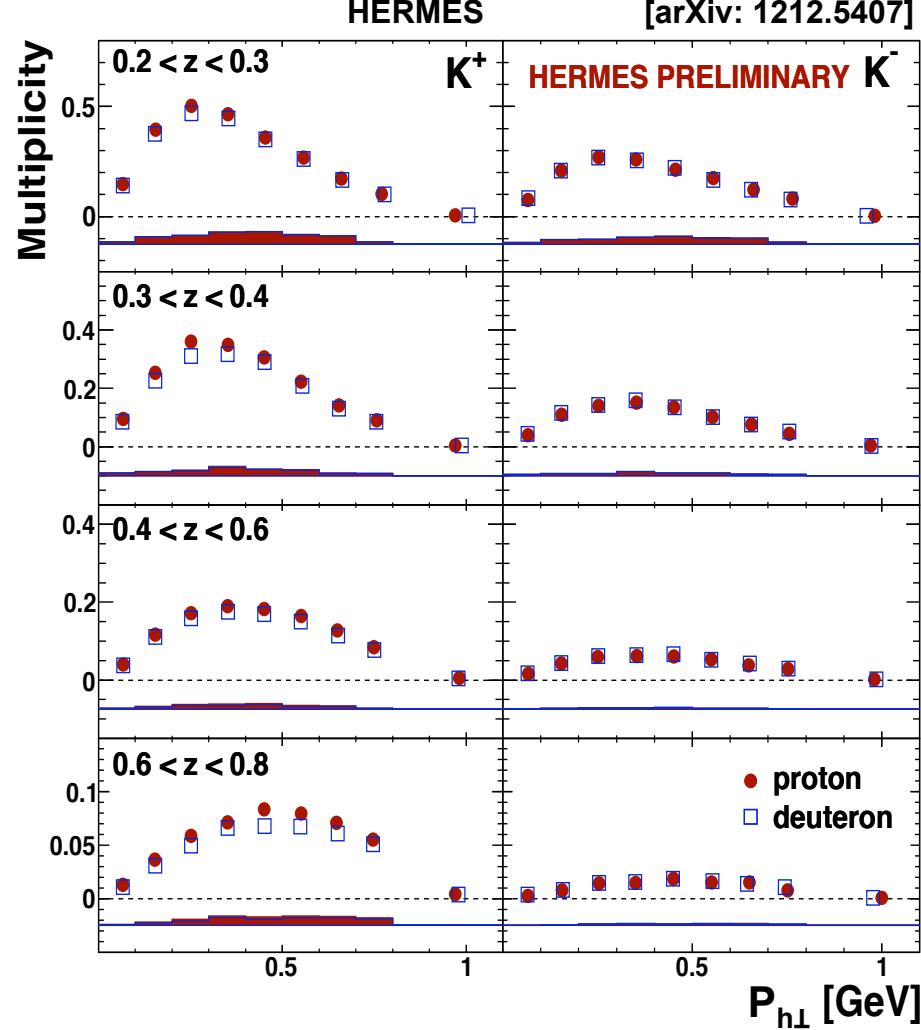
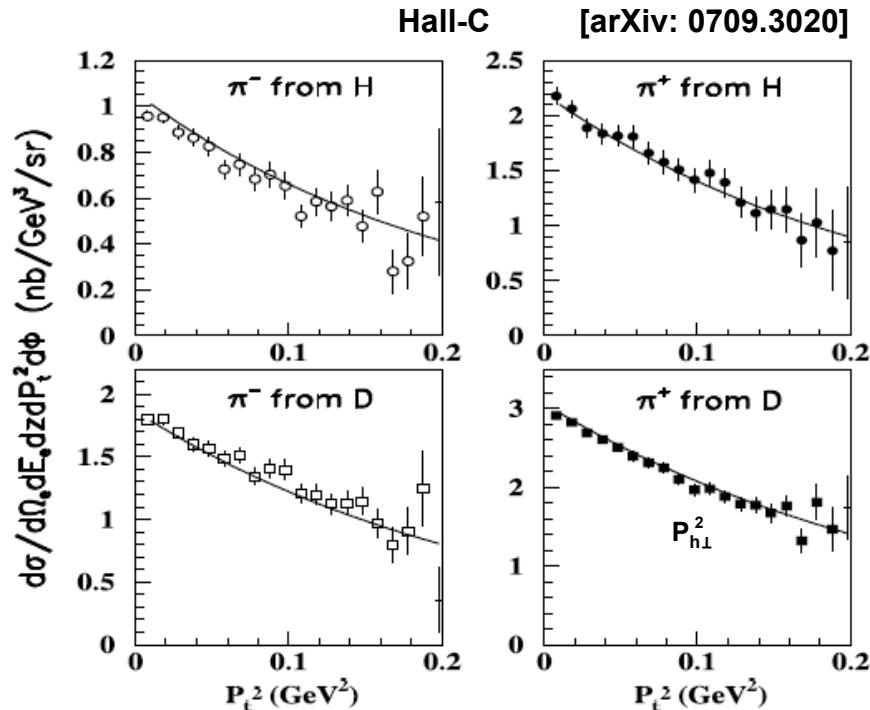
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Disentanglement of  $z$  and  $P_{h\perp}$ : access to the transverse intrinsic quark  $k_T$  and fragmentation  $p_T$ ,

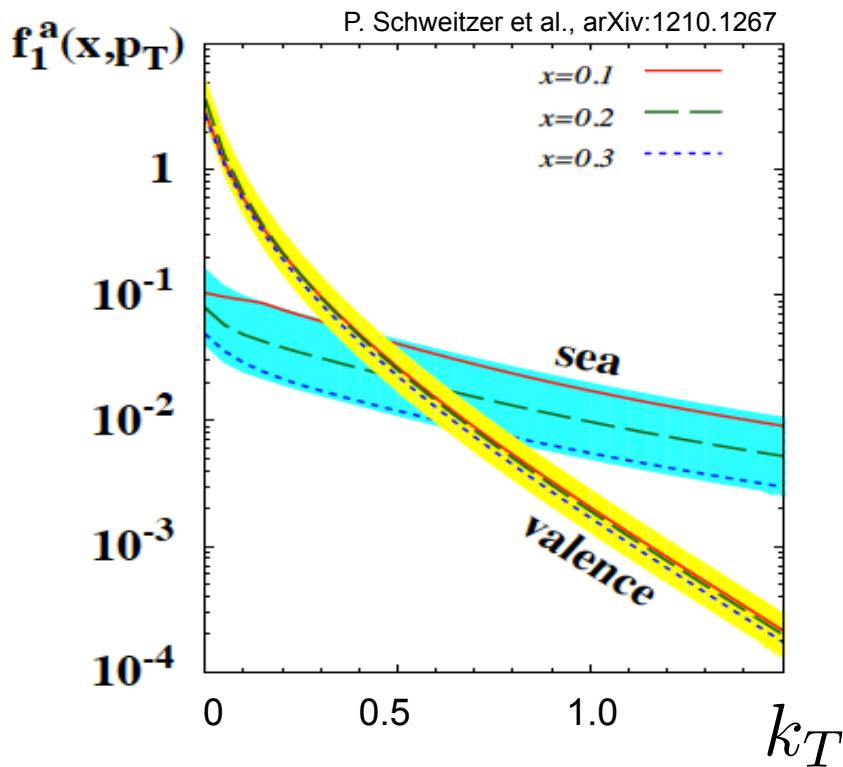
i.e. from gaussian anstaz:

$$\langle P_{h\perp}^2 \rangle = z^2 \langle k_T^2 \rangle + \langle p_T^2 \rangle$$

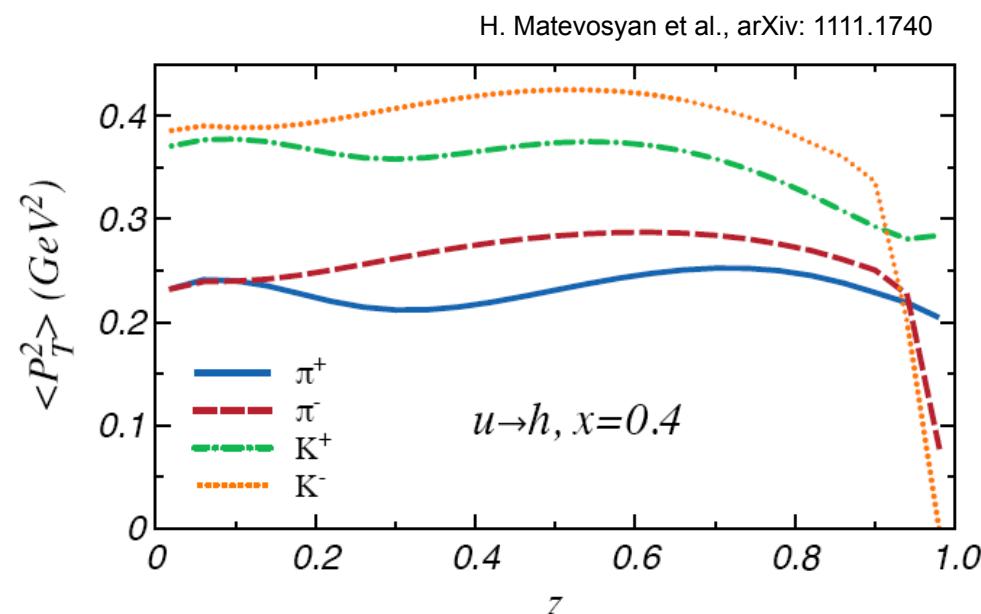


# $P_{h\perp}$ & Flavor Dependence

•  $k_T$ -distributions of TMDs depend on flavor and spin



Difference in hadronic transverse momentum distributions may come from fragmentation

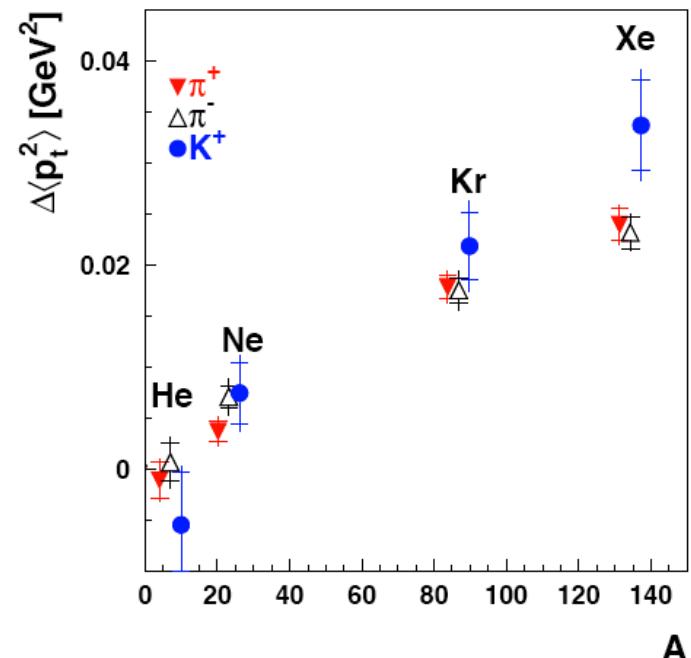
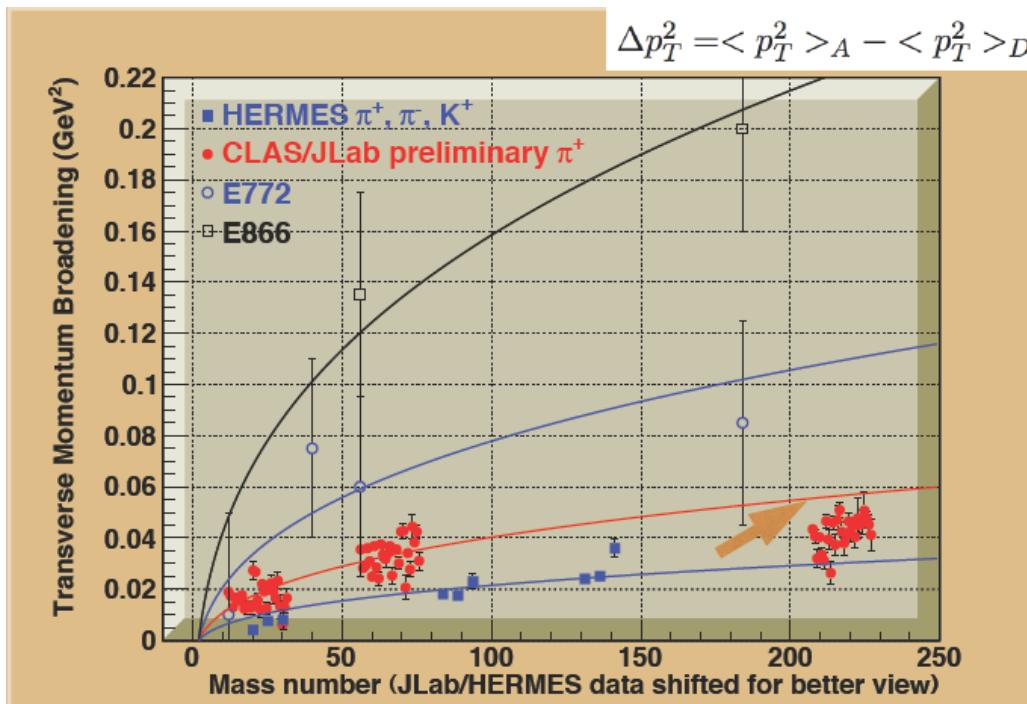
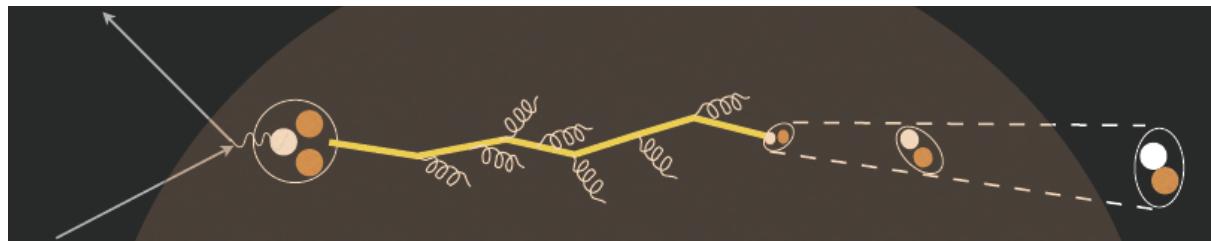


Final states with sensitivity to different parton types will be critical to separate contributions to the complex nucleon 3D structure

# Medium modification

In terms of the QCD, there are several contributions to  $P_T$  distribution of hadrons produced in SIDIS:

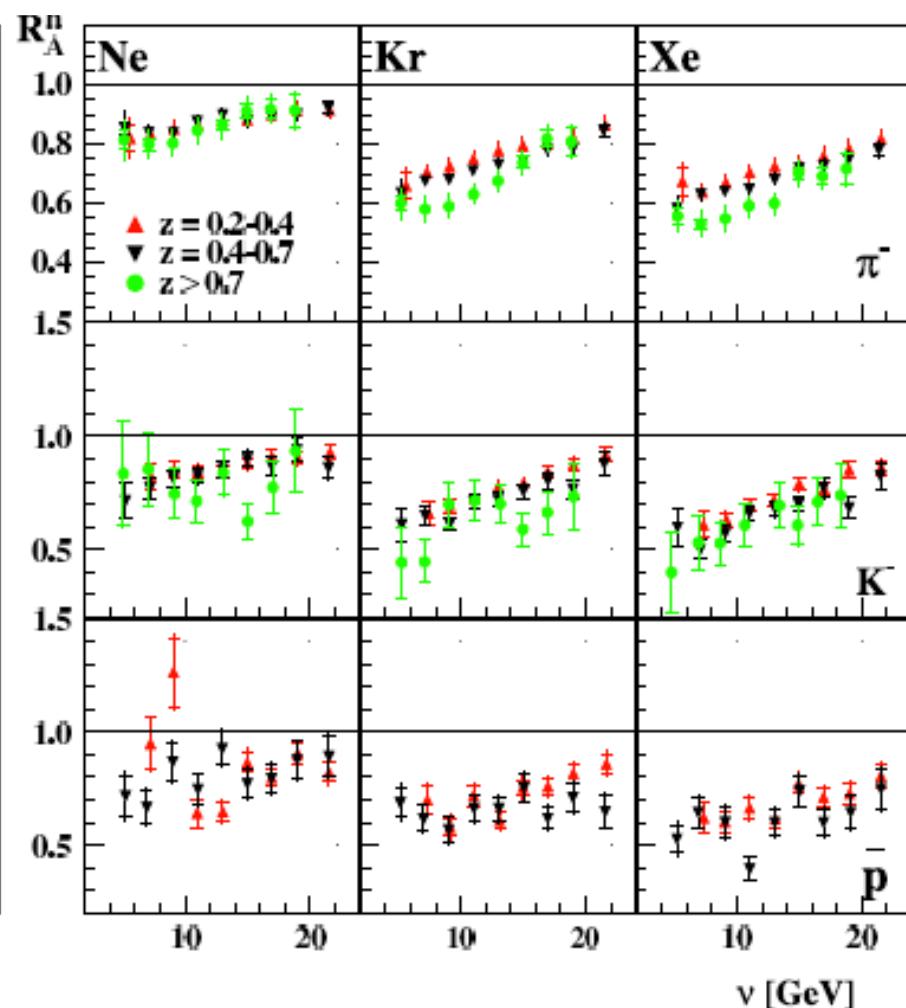
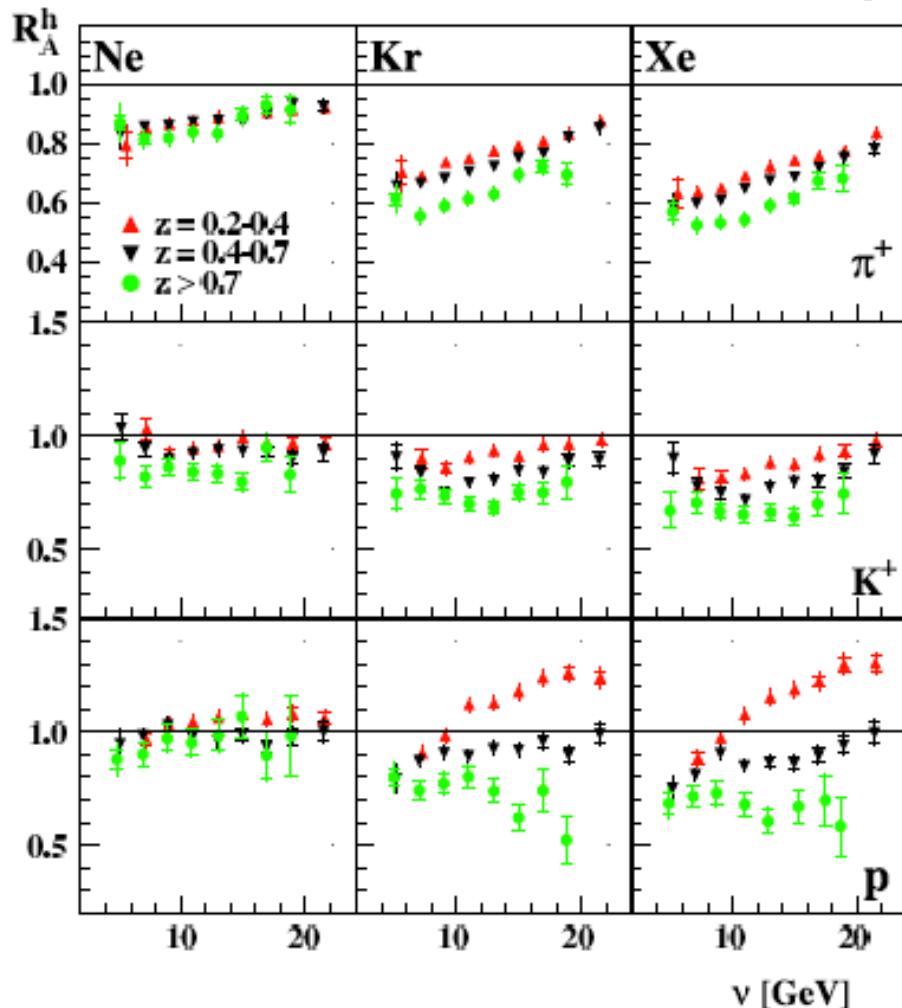
- primordial transverse momentum,
- gluon radiation of the struck quark,
- the formation and soft multiple interactions of the “pre-hadron”
- the interaction of the formed hadrons with the surrounding hadronic medium



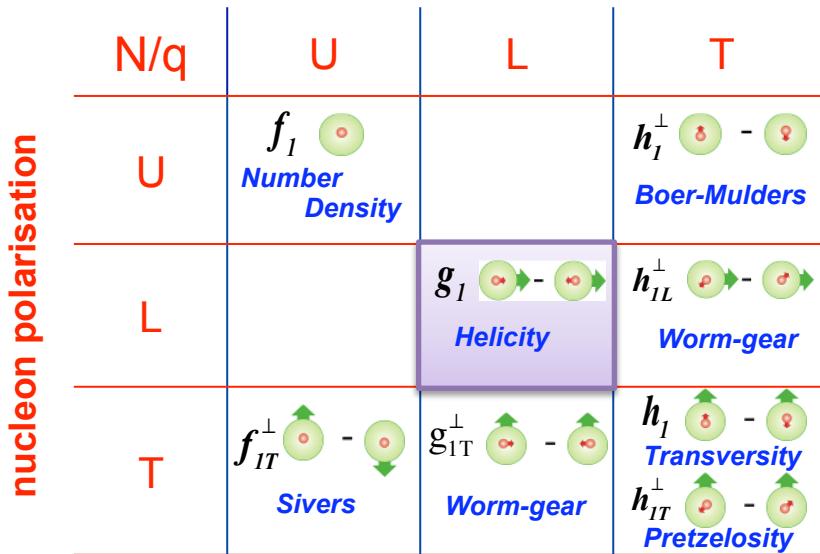
# Medium modification

$$R_M(z, v, Q^2, p_T^2) = \frac{\left| \frac{N_h(z, v, Q^2, p_T^2)}{N_{DIS}} \right|_A}{\left| \frac{N_h(z, v, Q^2, p_T^2)}{N_{DIS}} \right|_D} \propto \frac{\left| \frac{\sum e_f^2 q_f(x, Q^2, p_T^2) D_f^h(z, Q^2, k_T^2)}{\sum e_f^2 q_f(x, Q^2, p_T^2)} \right|_A}{\left| \frac{\sum e_f^2 q_f(x, Q^2, p_T^2) D_f^h(z, Q^2, k_T^2)}{\sum e_f^2 q_f(x, Q^2, p_T^2)} \right|_D}$$

Brooks talk



# HELICITY

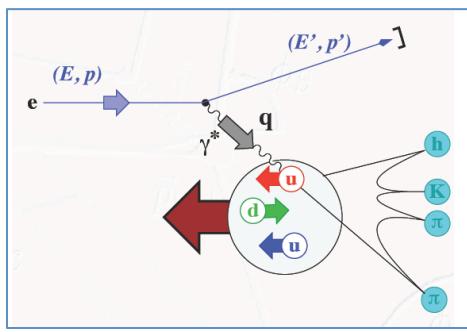
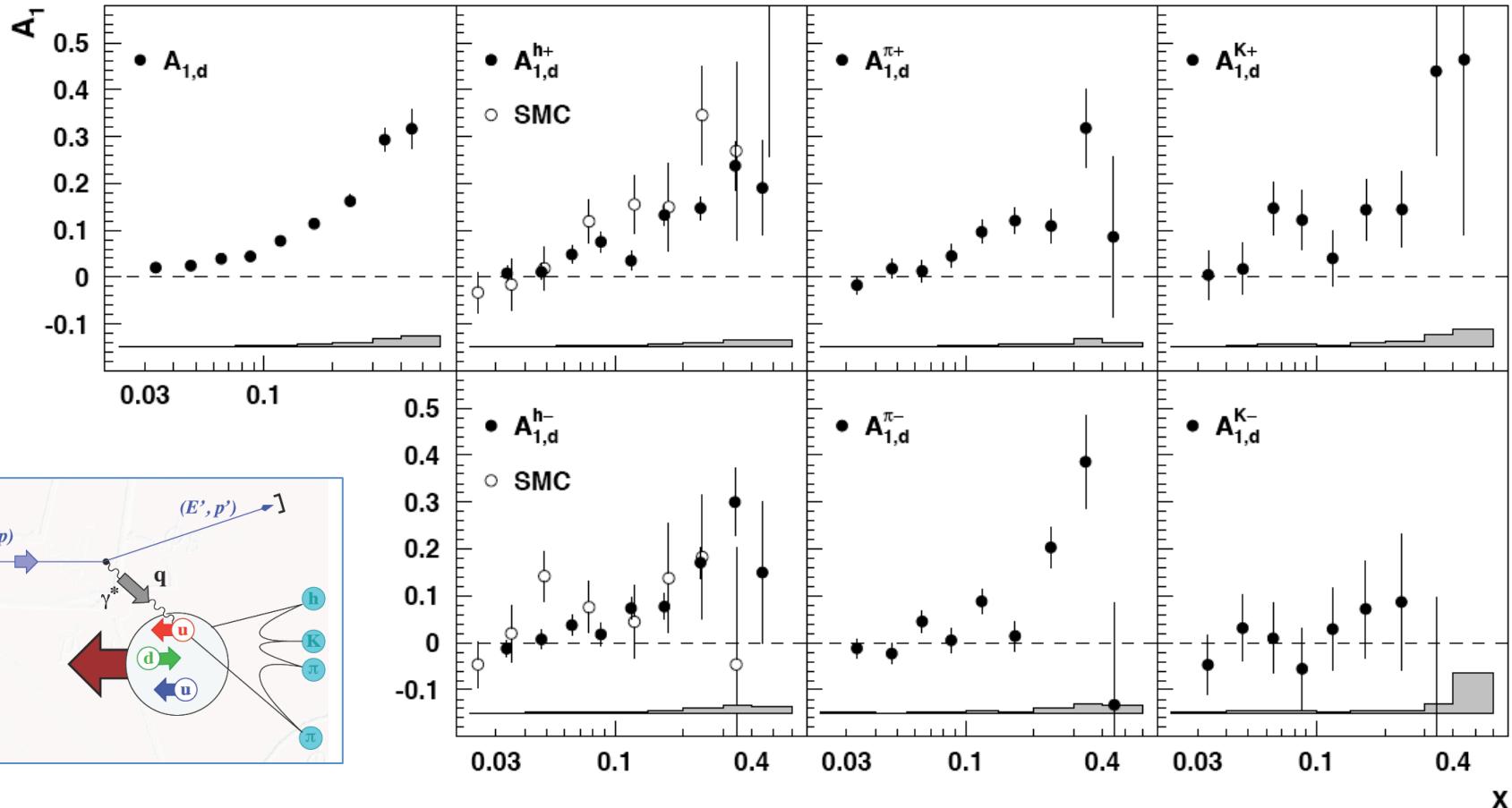


(THE FIRST PUZZLE)

# Parton Helicity from SIDIS

$g_1 \otimes D_1$

$$A_l^h(x) = \frac{\sum_q e_q^2 \Delta q(x) \int D_q^h(z) dz}{\sum_{q'} e_{q'}^2 q'(x) \int D_{q'}^h(z) dz} = \sum_q P_q^h(x) \frac{\Delta q(x)}{q(x)}$$

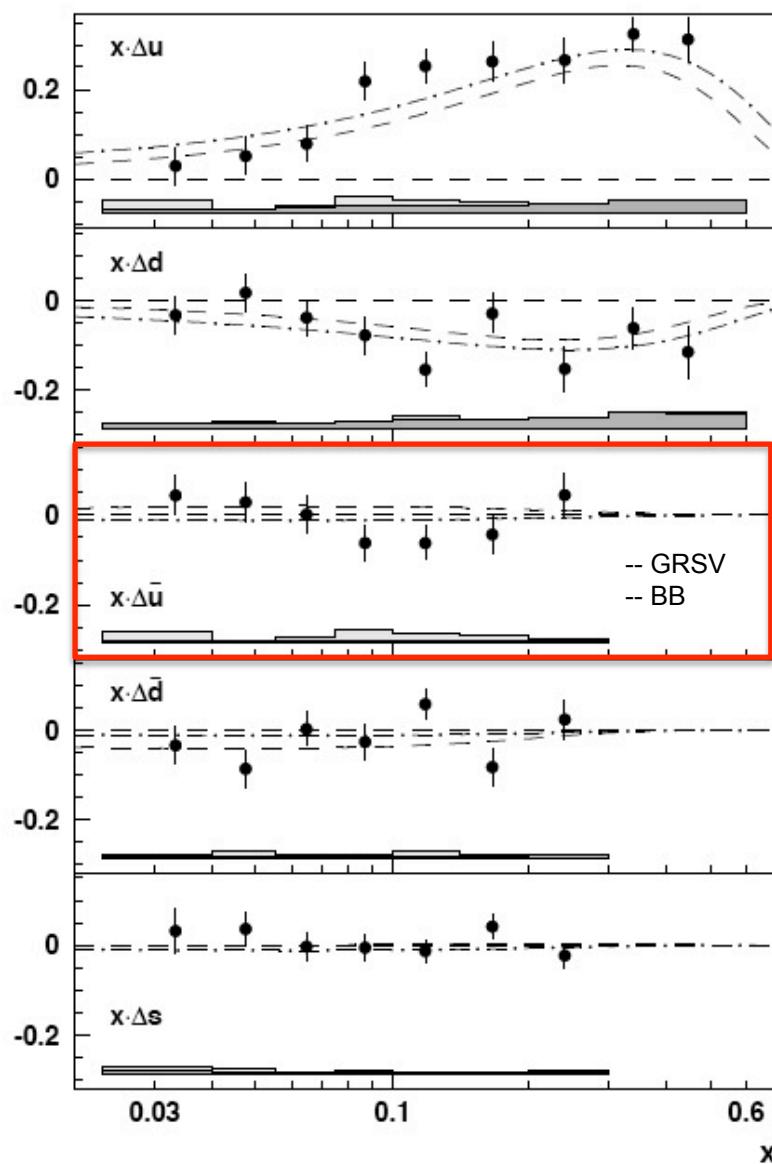


# Parton Helicity from SIDIS

$g_1 \otimes D_1$

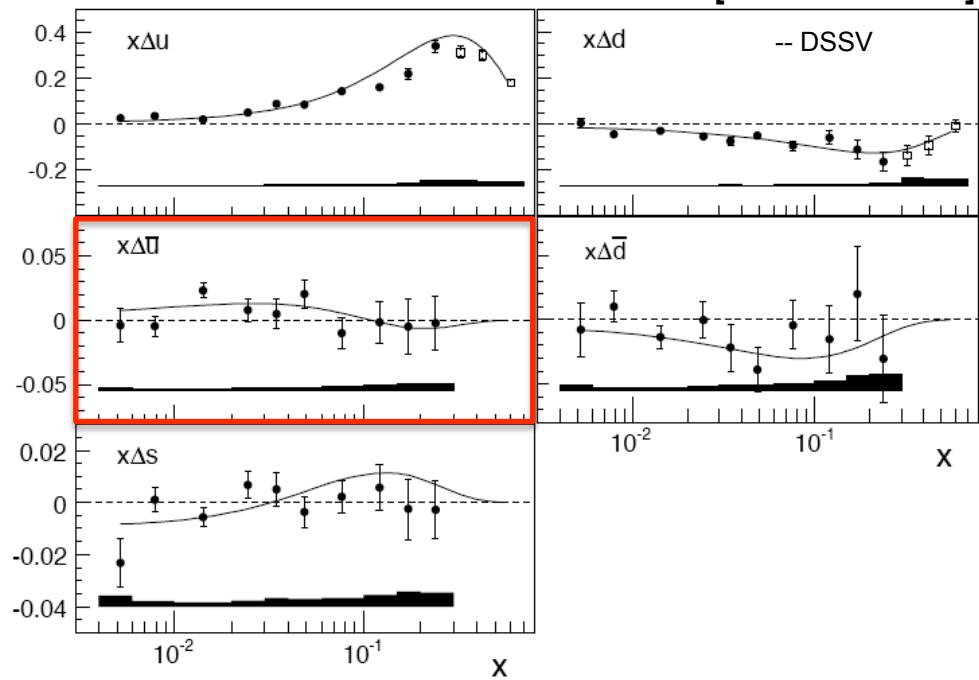
HERMES

[hep-ex/0407032]



COMPASS

[arXiv:1007.4061]

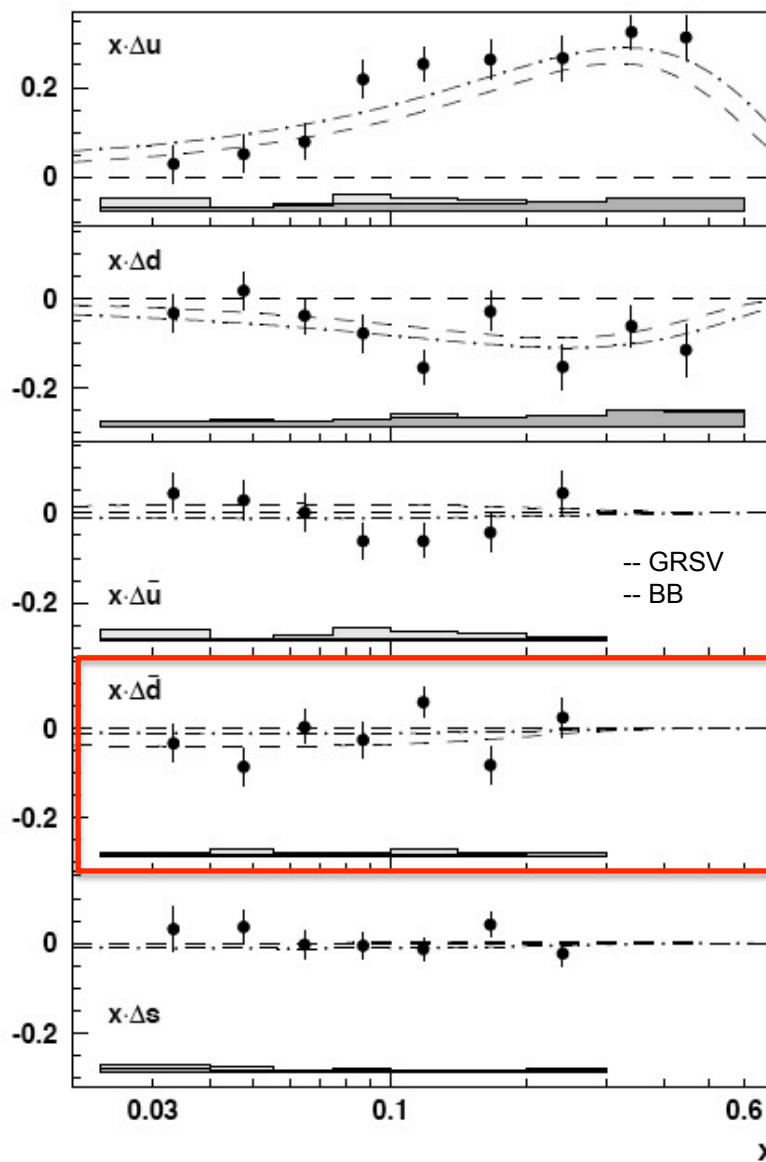


# Parton Helicity from SIDIS

$g_1 \otimes D_1$

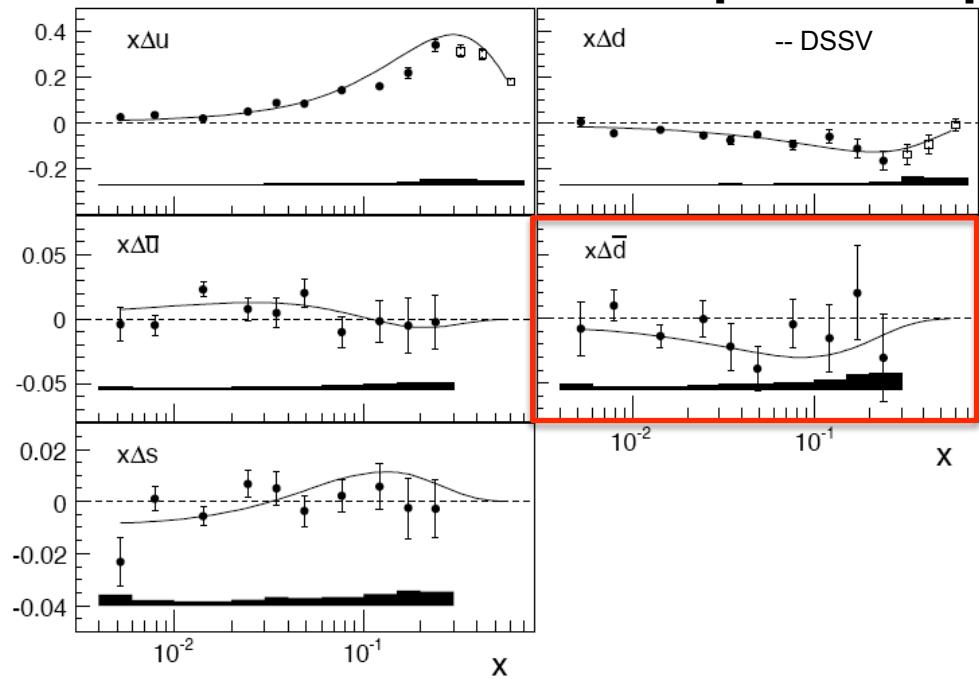
HERMES

[hep-ex/0407032]



COMPASS

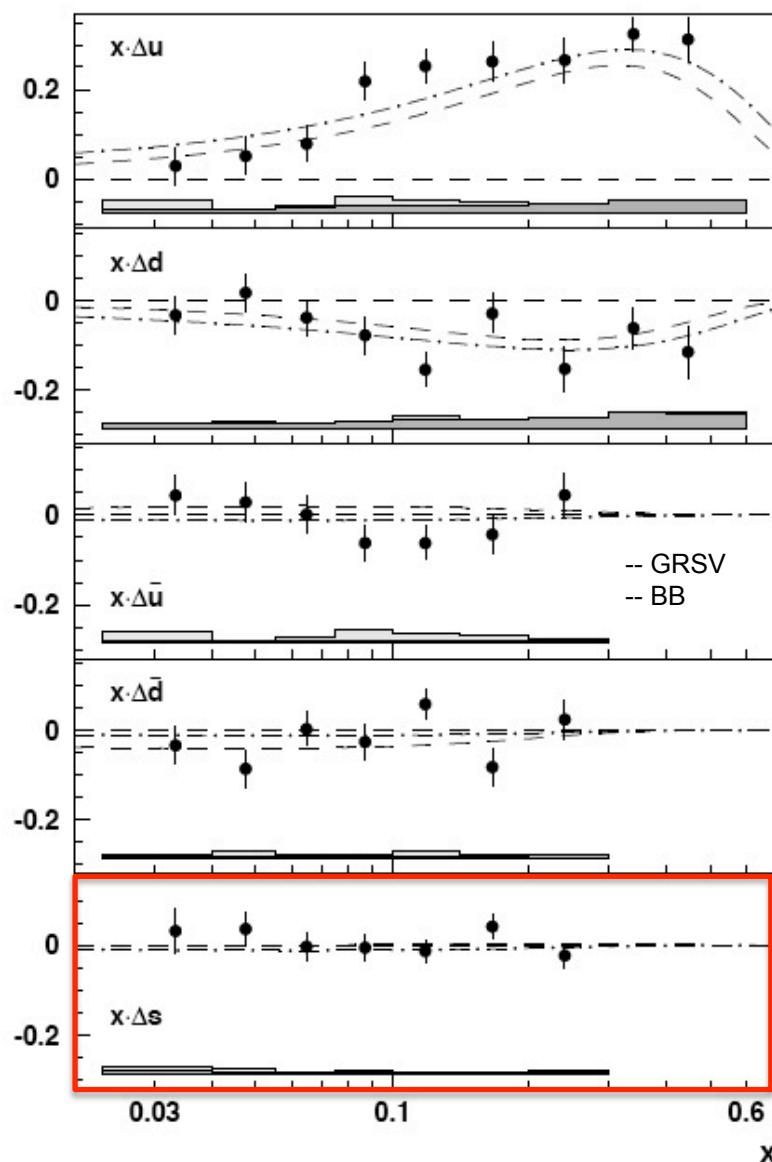
[arXiv:1007.4061]



# Parton Helicity from SIDIS

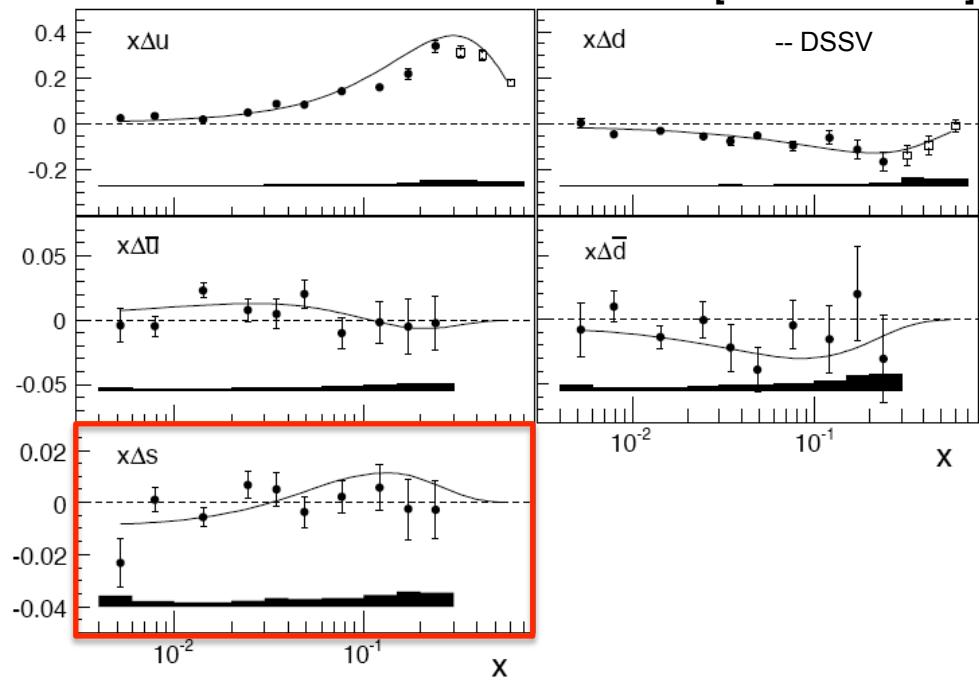
HERMES

[hep-ex/0407032]



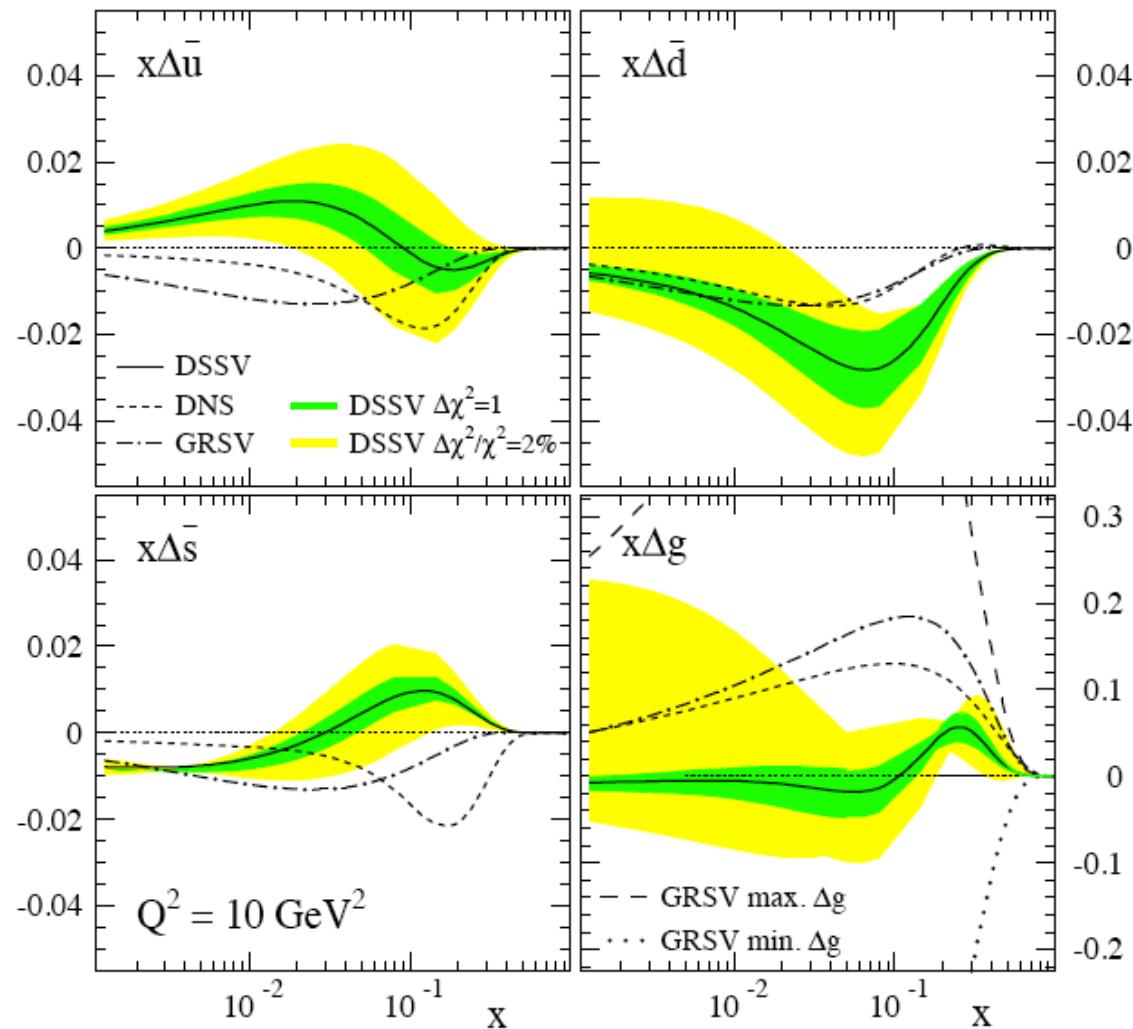
COMPASS

[arXiv:1007.4061]



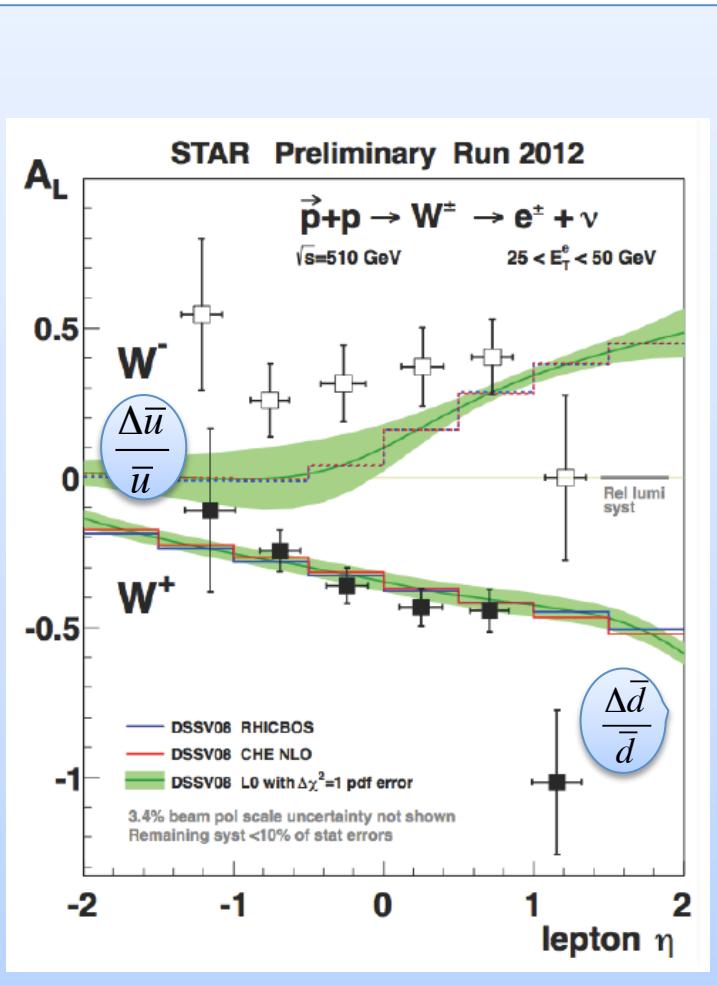
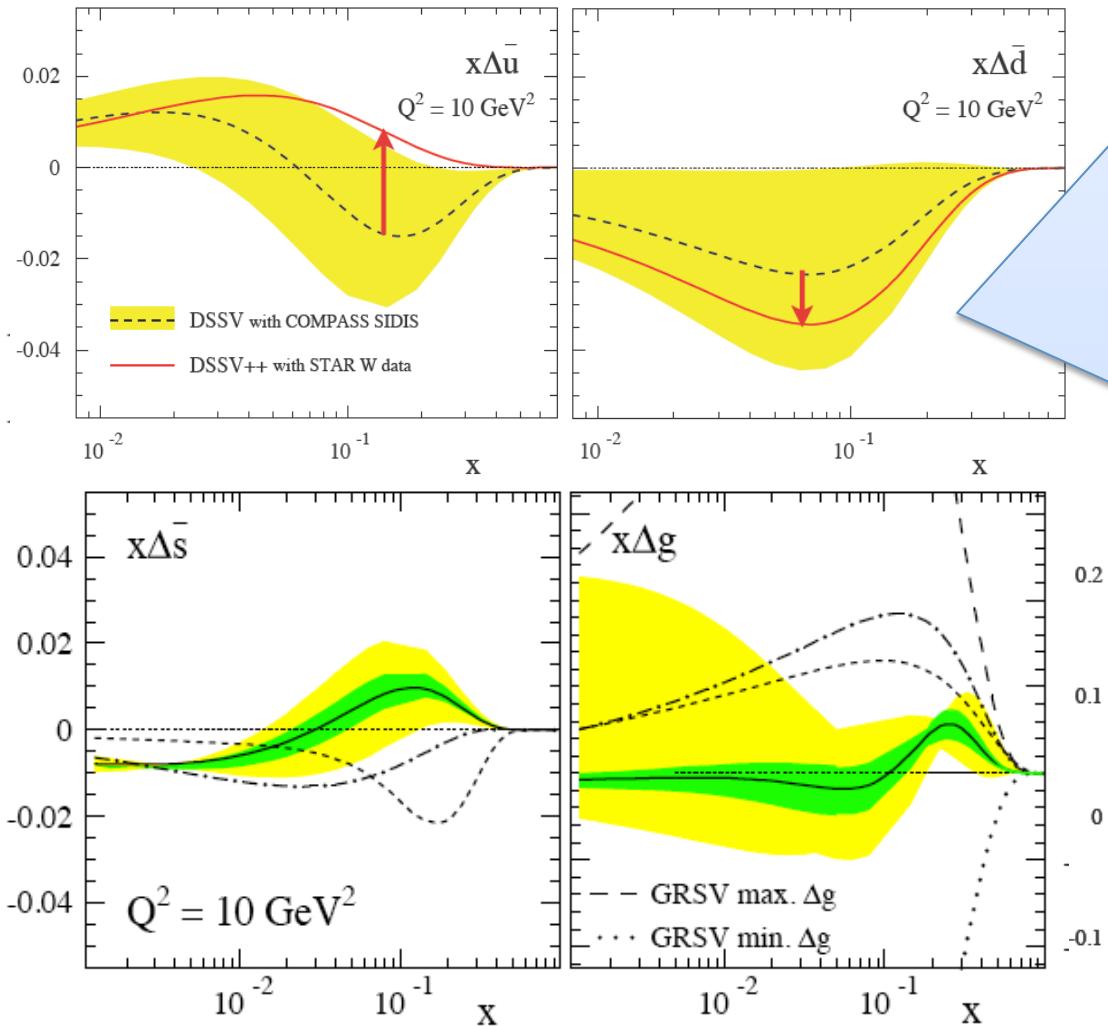
# Sea Parton Helicity from RHIC

DSSV [arXiv:0804.0422]



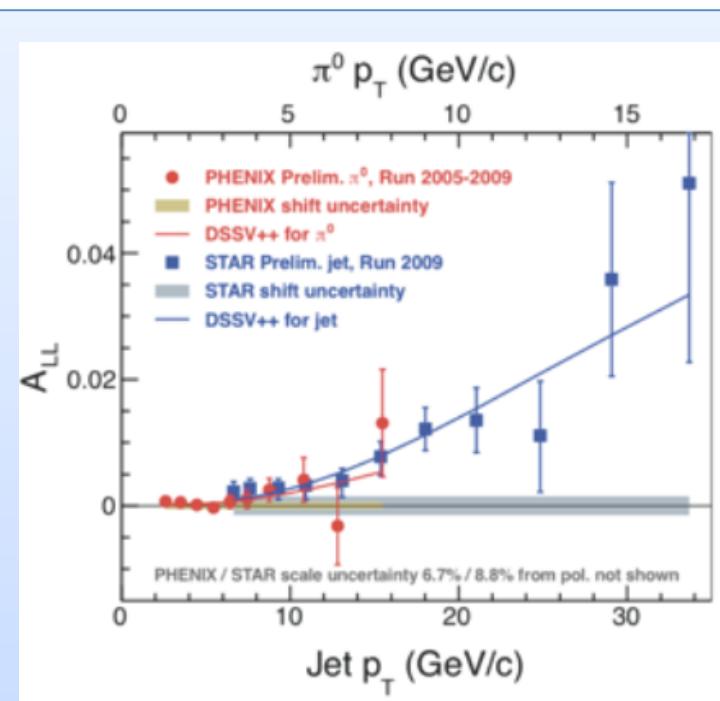
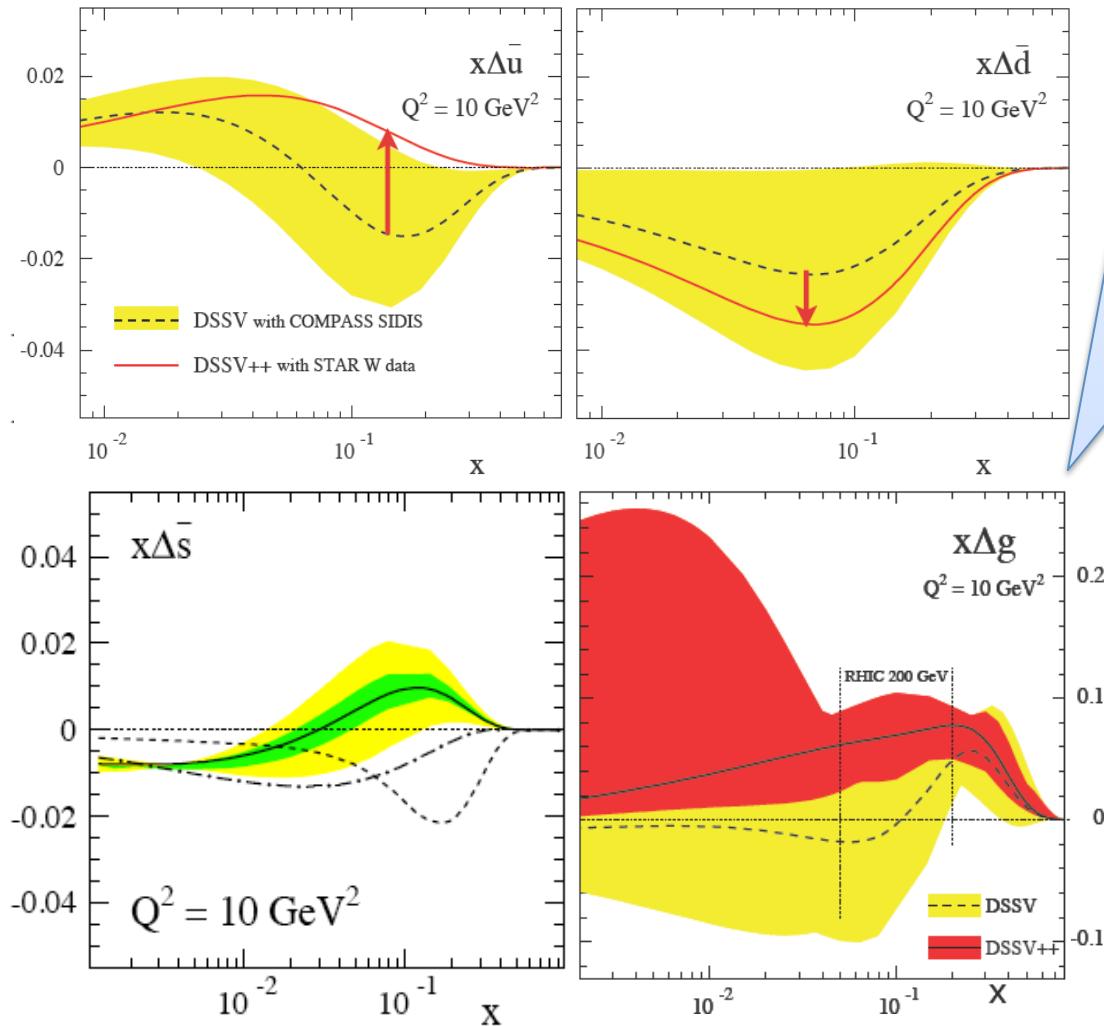
# Sea Parton Helicity from RHIC

DSSV++ [arXiv:1304.0079]



# Gluon Parton Helicity from RHIC

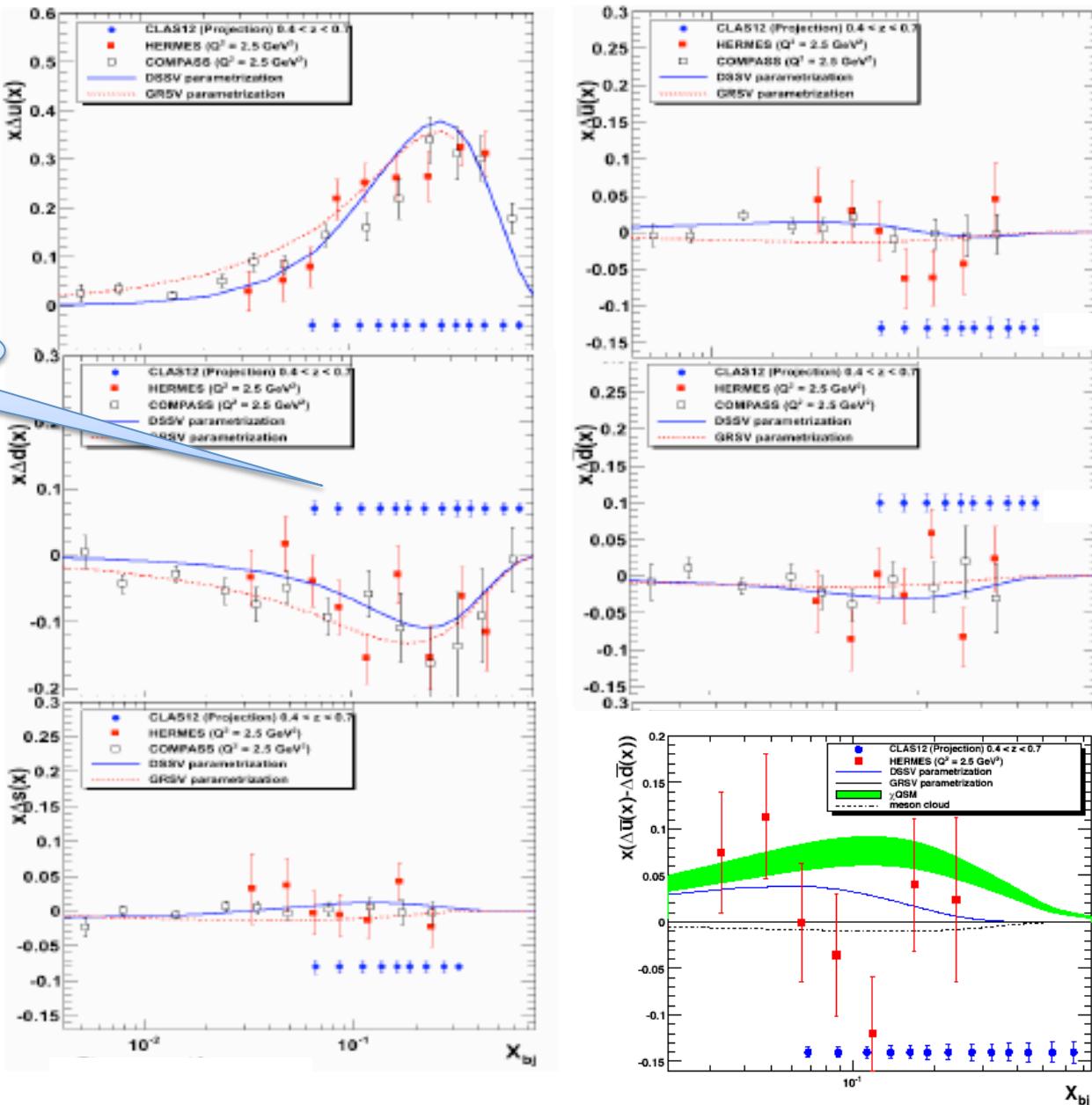
DSSV++ [arXiv:1304.0079]



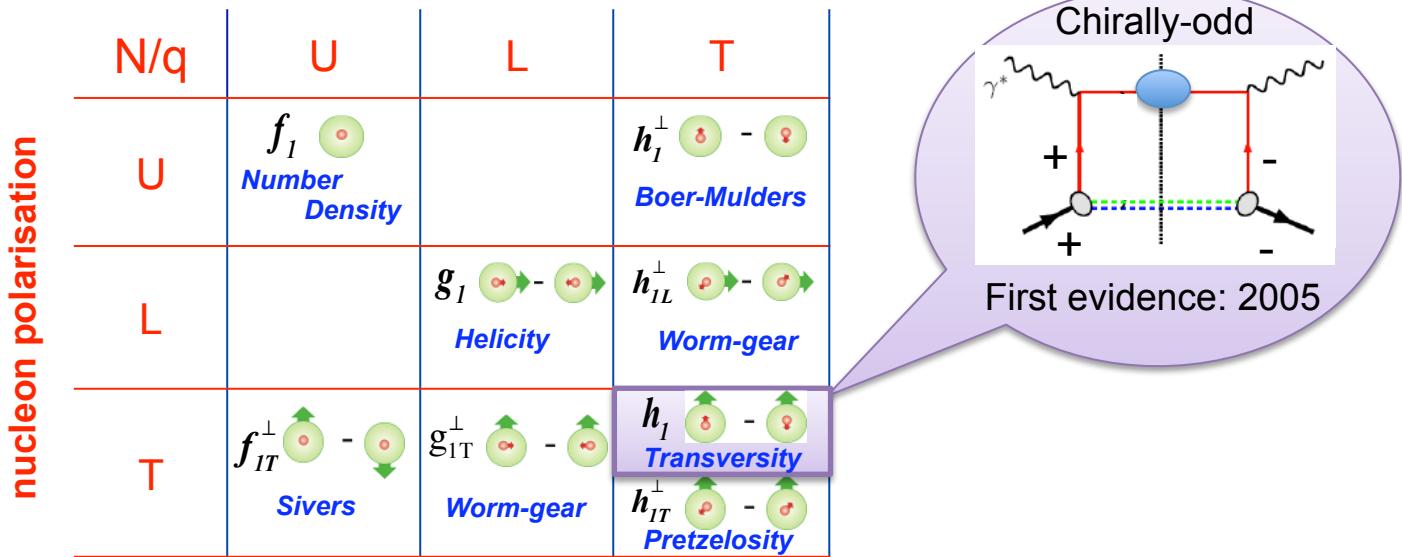
$$\int_{0.05}^{0.2} dx \Delta g(x, Q^2 = 10 \text{ GeV}^2) = 0.1^{+0.06}_{-0.07}$$

# Quark Helicity at High-x

E12-07-104 Hall-B



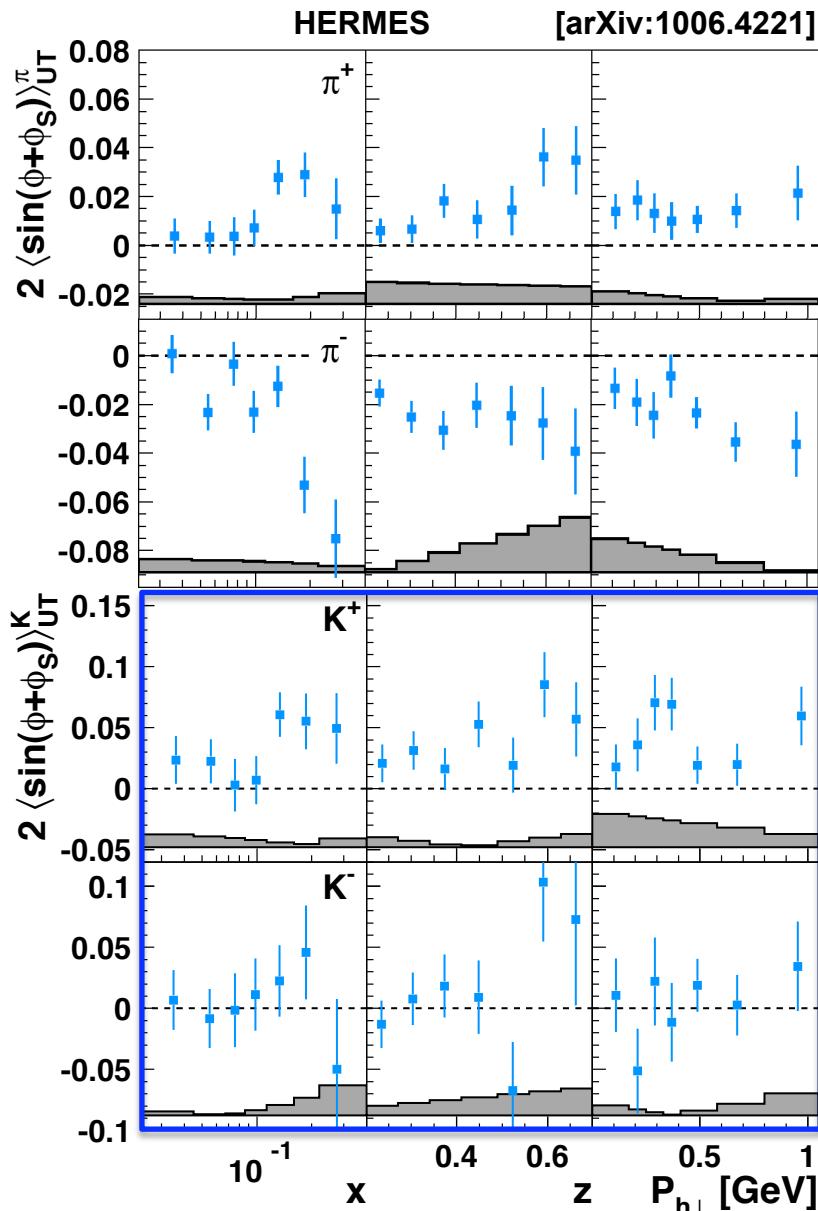
# TRANSVERSITY



(THE COLLINEAR MISSING PIECE)

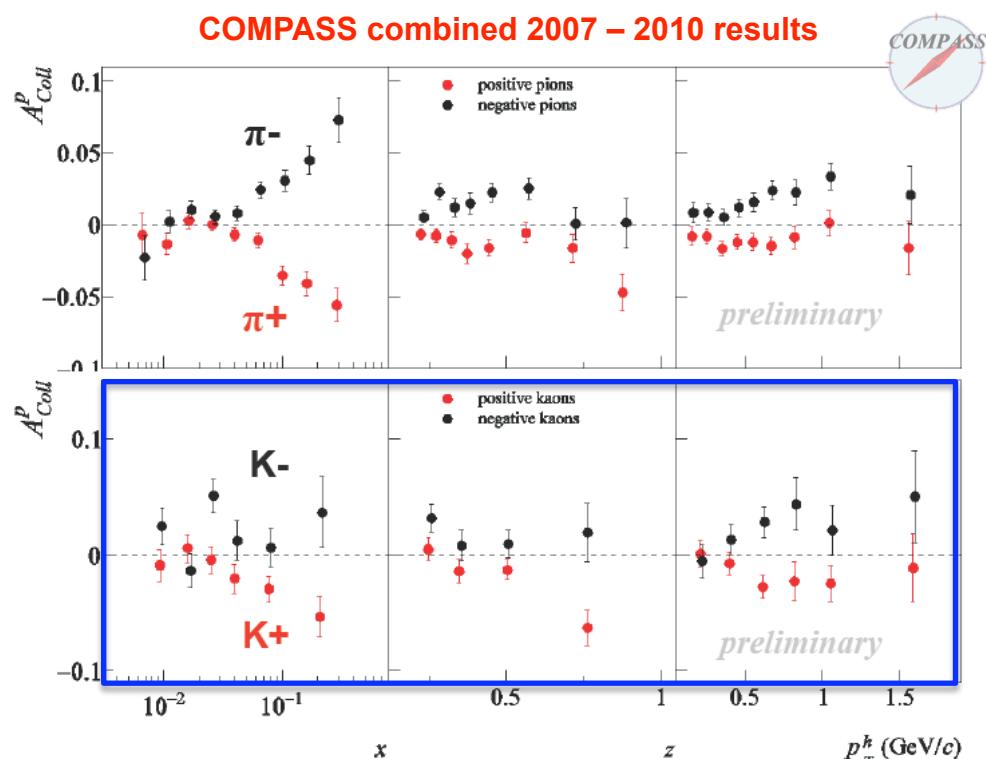
# The Collins Amplitude

$h_1 \otimes H_1^\perp$



$$\sigma_{UT}^{\sin(\phi - \phi_S)} \propto h_1 \otimes H_1^\perp$$

[Martin at DIS13]



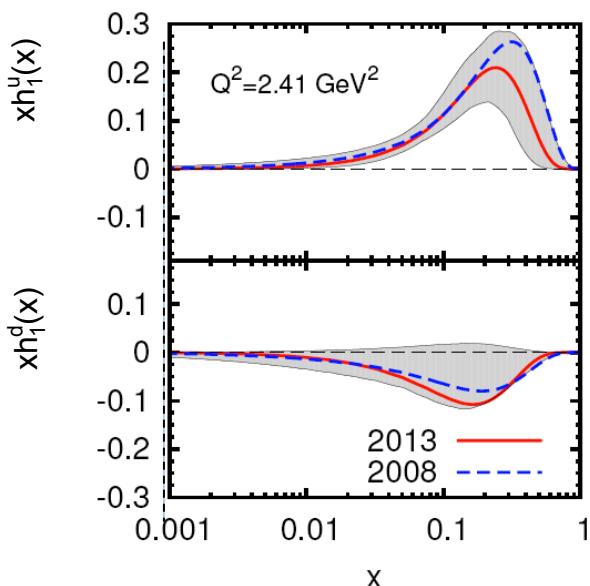
# Transversity Signals

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi+\phi_S)} \propto h_1(x) \otimes H_1^{\perp q}(z)$$

$$A_{UT}^{\sin(\phi_{R\perp}+\phi_S)} \propto \sin \vartheta h_1(x) \cdot H_1^{\triangleleft q}(z)$$

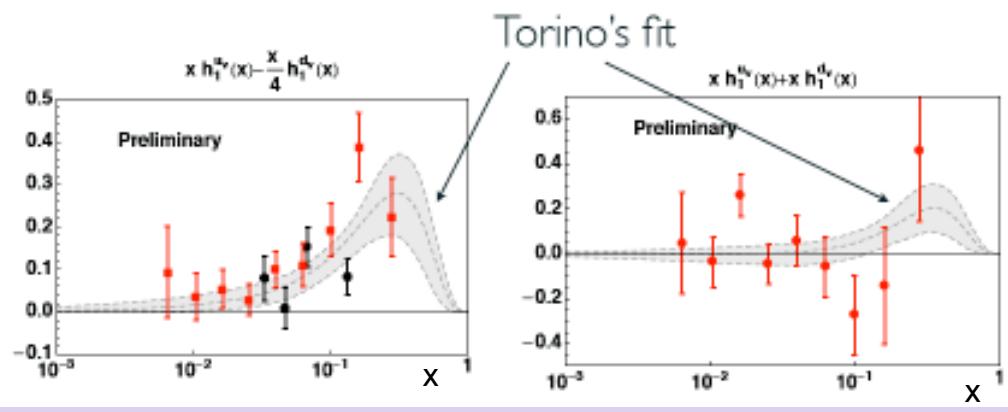
Existing data limited to  $x < 0.3$   
 FF evol.. from high energy colliders

## 1<sup>st</sup> extraction of Transversity!



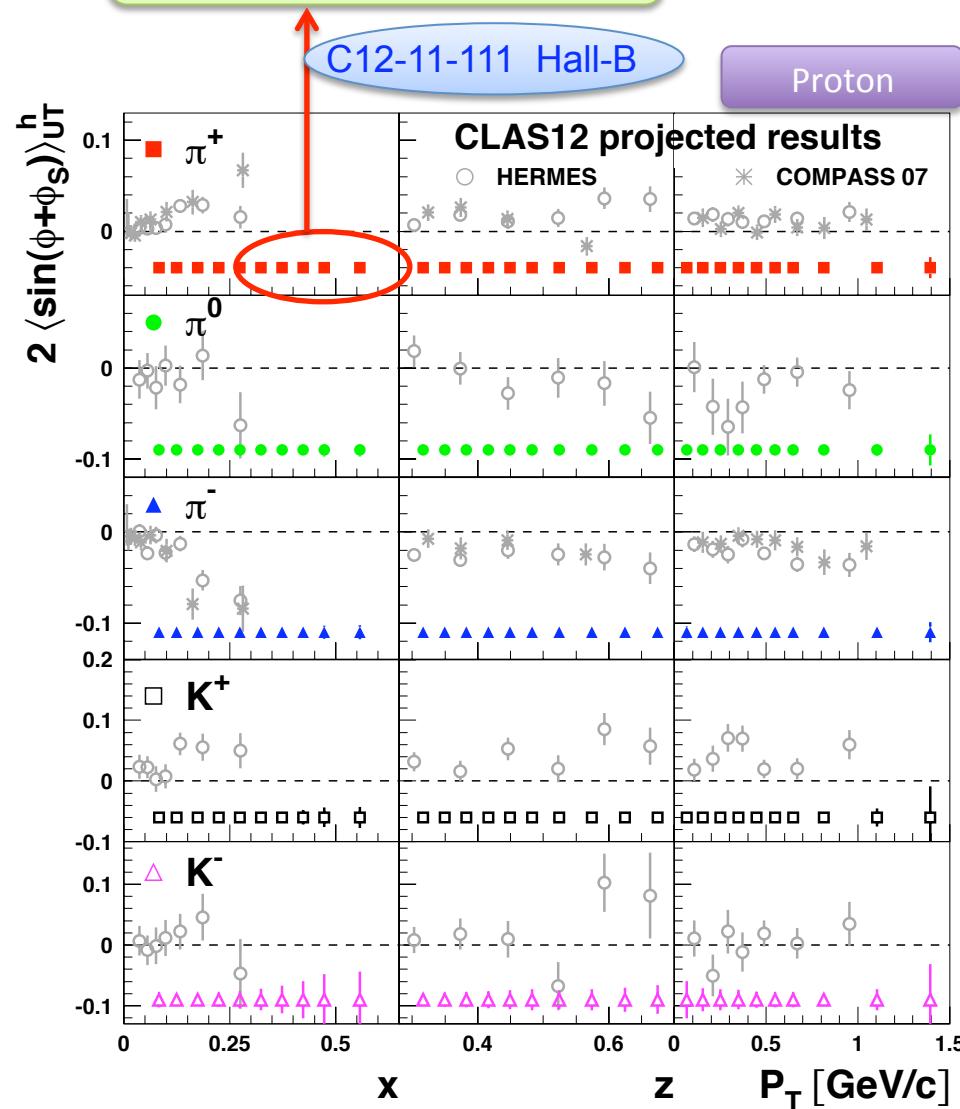
Anselmino++ [arXiv:1303.3822]

## Collinear extraction !

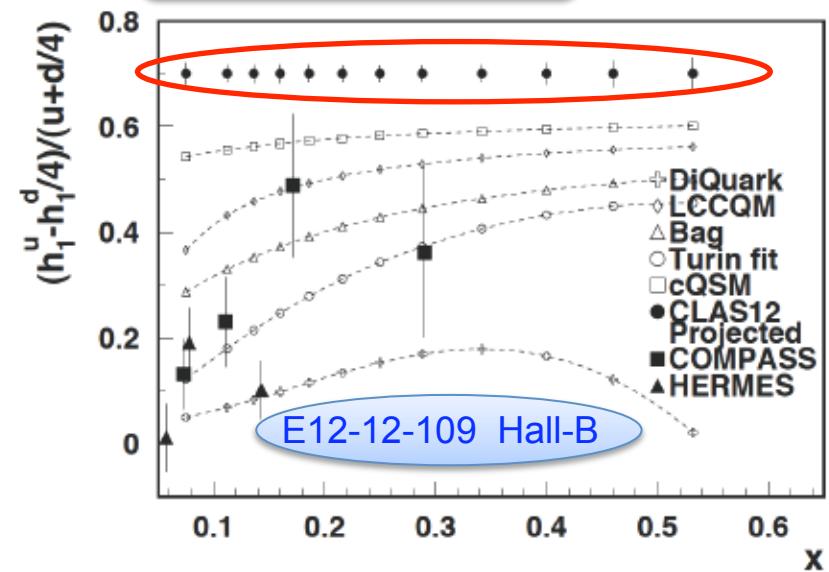


# Transversity @ JLab12

Large  $x$  important to constrain the tensor charge



Di-hadron channel for  $h_1$   
Test of TMDs extraction



# CAHN & BOER-MULDERS

$N/q$	U	L	T
U	$f_1$ Number Density		$h_1^\perp$ Boer-Mulders
L		$g_1$ Helicity	$h_{1L}^\perp$ Worm-gear
T	$f_{1T}^\perp$ Sivers	$g_{1T}^\perp$ Worm-gear	$h_1$ Transversity $h_{1T}^\perp$ Pretzelosity

Naïve-T-odd  
Chirally-odd  
Spin effect in unpolarized reactions

(THE NEGLECTED EFFECTS)

# The Azimuthal Modulation

$$h_1^\perp \otimes H_1^\perp$$

$$\frac{d^5\sigma^{ep \rightarrow e'hX}}{dx dy dz d\phi dP_{h\perp}^2} \propto \{ F_{UU,T} + \varepsilon F_{UU,L} + \sqrt{2\varepsilon(1+\varepsilon)} \cos(\phi) F_{UU}^{\cos(\phi)} + \varepsilon s \cos(2\phi) F_{UU}^{\cos(2\phi)} \}$$

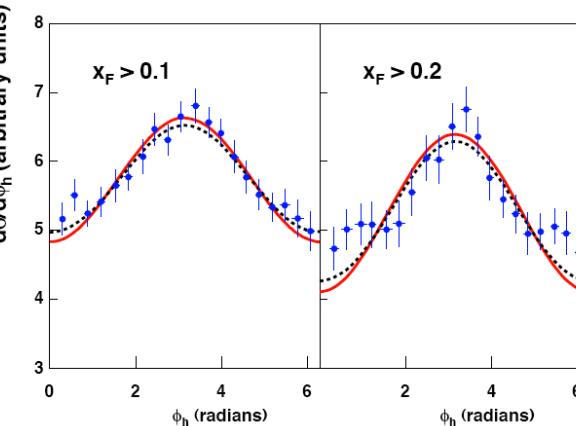
Cahn PLB 78 (1978)

Boer & Mulders PRD 57 (1998)

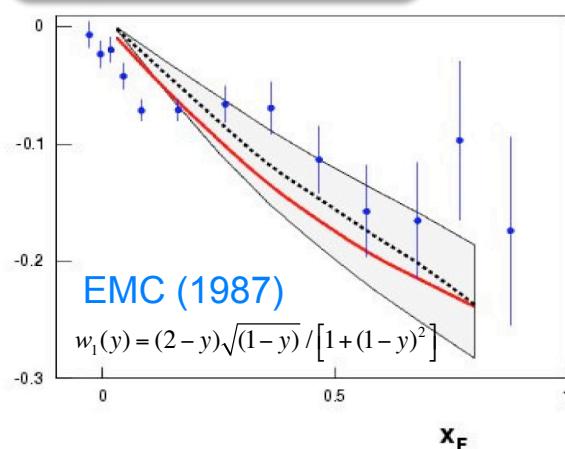
Kinematical effect predicted since 1978  
by Cahn due to non-zero intrinsic  $k_T$

Leading-twist contribution introduced  
by Boer & Mulders in 1998

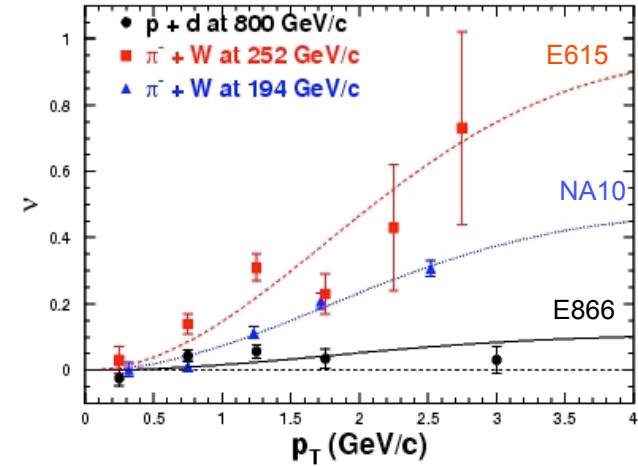
SIDIS: qualitative agreement with  
Cahn expectations till 2008



- No hadron identification
- No charge separation
- Poor statistics for  $\cos 2\phi$

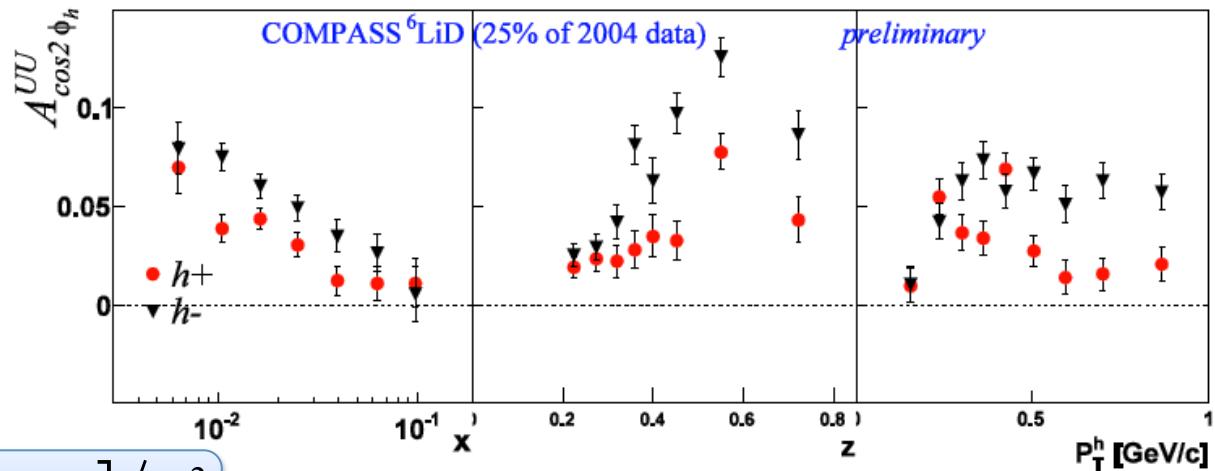


DY: violation of Lam-Tung relation



# Unpolarized Cross-section

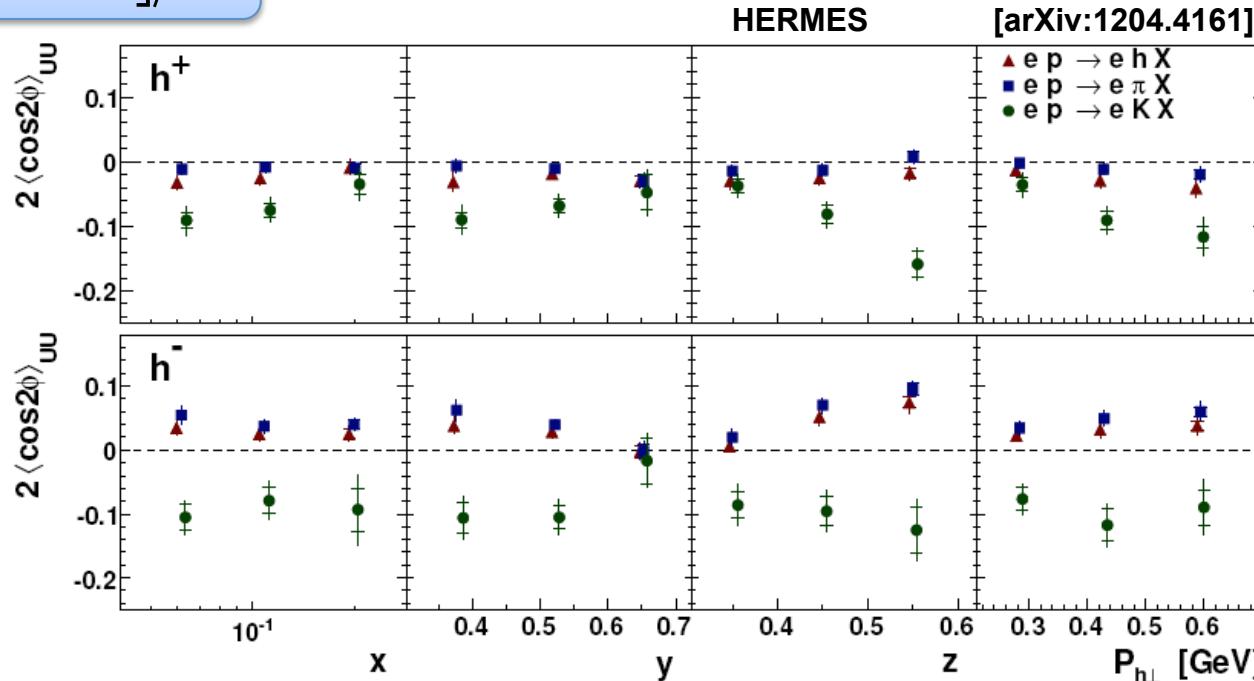
$\cos 2\phi$  non-zero !



$$\sigma_{UU}^{\cos(2\phi)} \propto h_1^\perp \otimes H_1^\perp + [f_1 \otimes D_1 + \dots] / Q^2$$

Striking difference among hadron types

Inconsistency among experiments for  $h^+$  ?



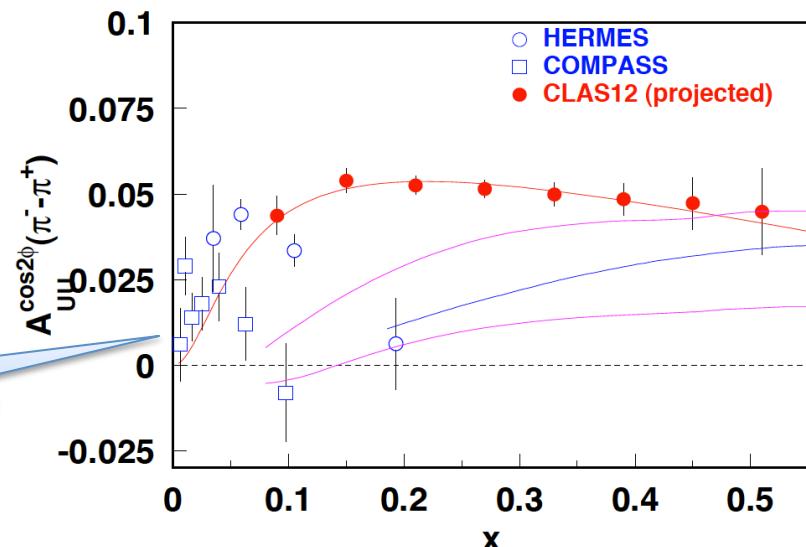
# The SIDIS $\cos 2\phi$ $p_T$ dependence

$$h_1^\perp \otimes H_1^\perp$$

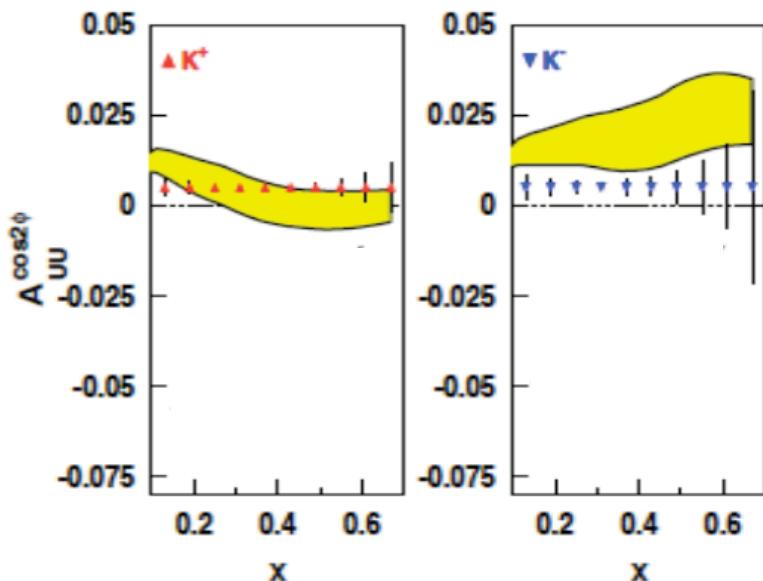
Boer-Mulders spin-orbit effect

$$F_{UU}^{\cos 2\phi} \propto h_1^\perp H_1^\perp + [f_1 D_1 + \dots] / Q^2$$

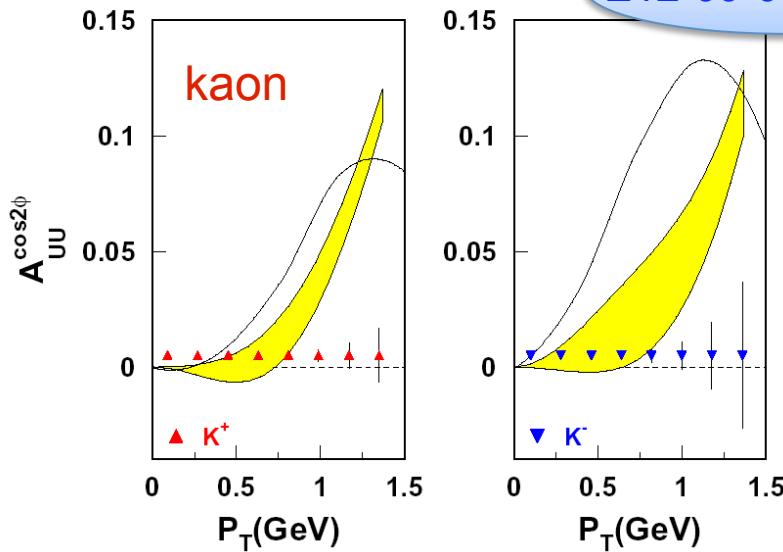
E12-06-112 Hall-B



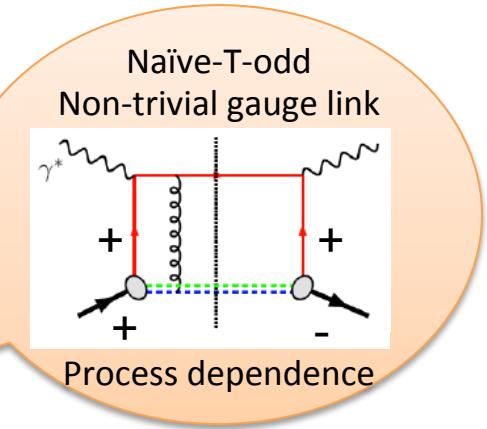
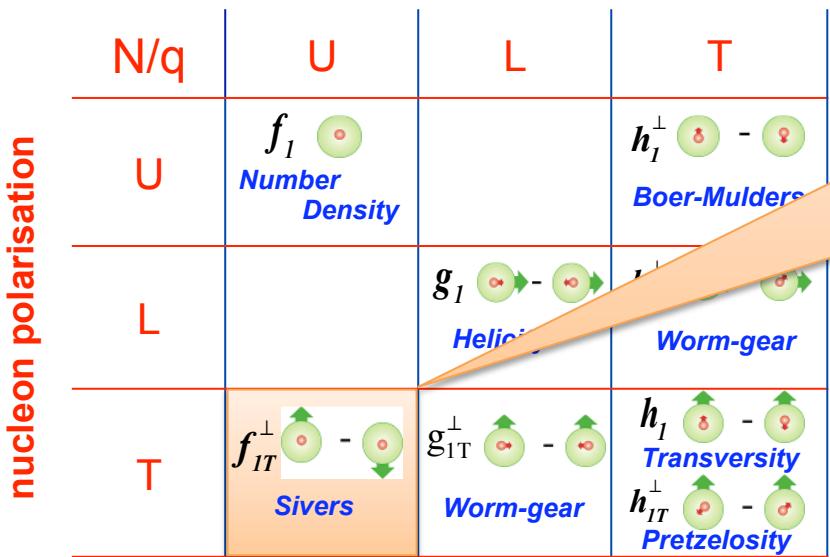
ep  $\rightarrow$  e' KX



E12-09-008 Hall-B



# SIVERS



(THE TMD CHALLENGE)

# The Sivers Signals

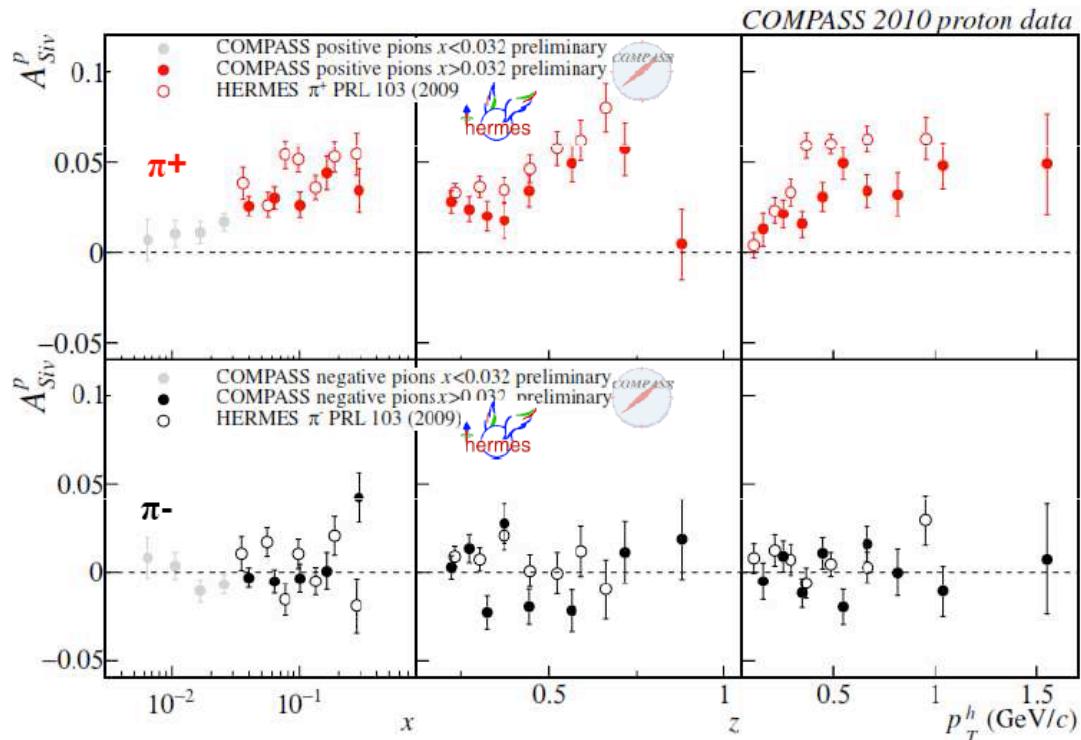
$$f_{1T}^\perp \otimes D_1$$

$$\sigma_{UT}^{\sin(\phi+\phi_S)} \propto f_1^\perp \otimes D_1$$

**Clear not-zero signals**

**COMPASS [arXiv: 1205.5122]**

**HERMES [arXiv: 0906.3918]**



# The Sivers Signals

$$f_{1T}^\perp \otimes D_1$$

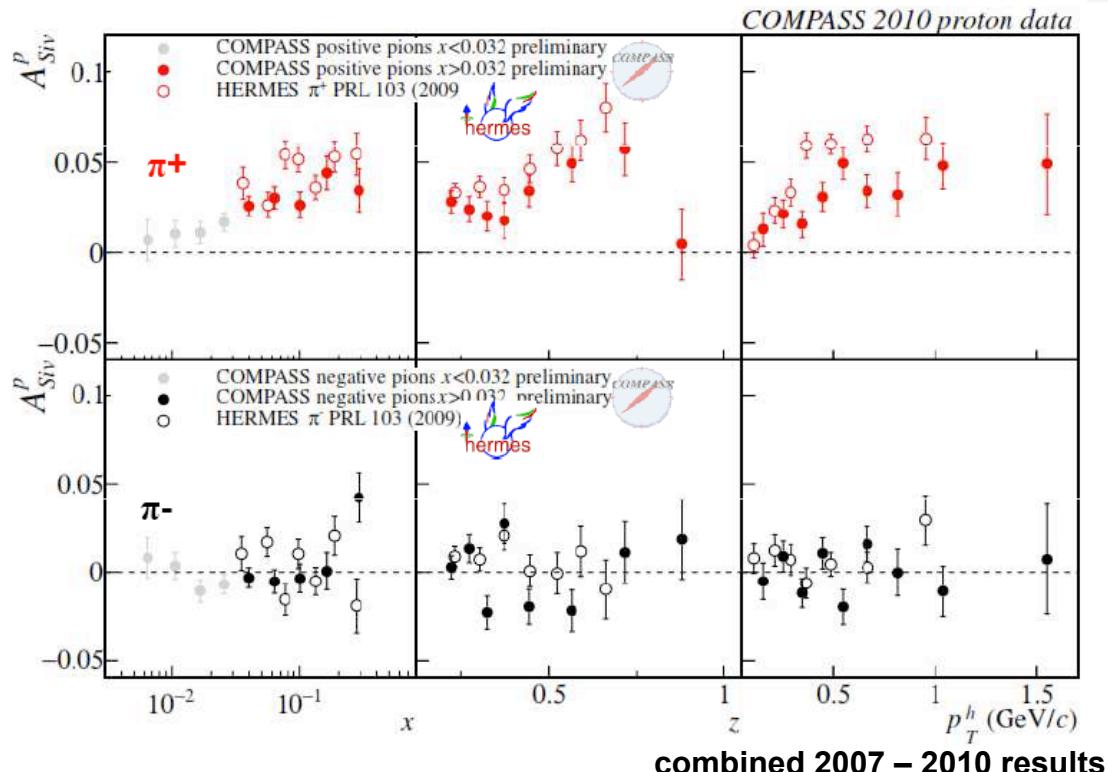
$$\sigma_{UT}^{\sin(\phi+\phi_S)} \propto f_1^\perp \otimes D_1$$

**Clear not-zero signals**

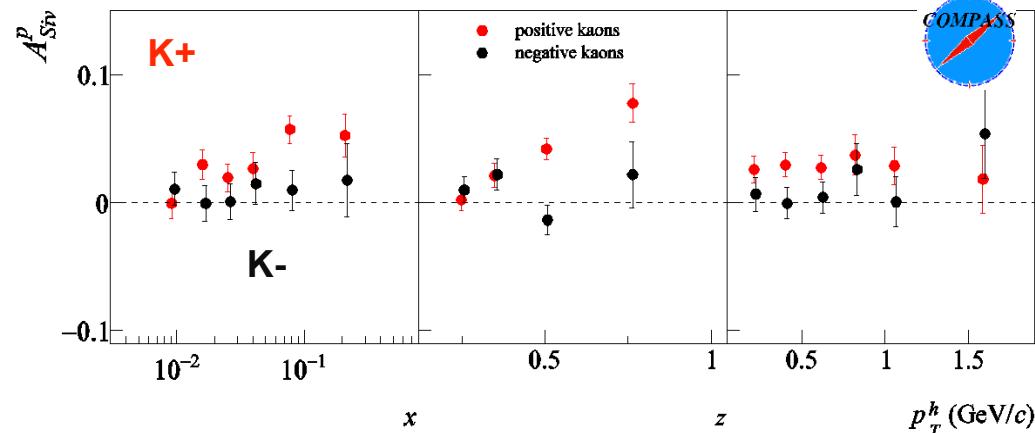
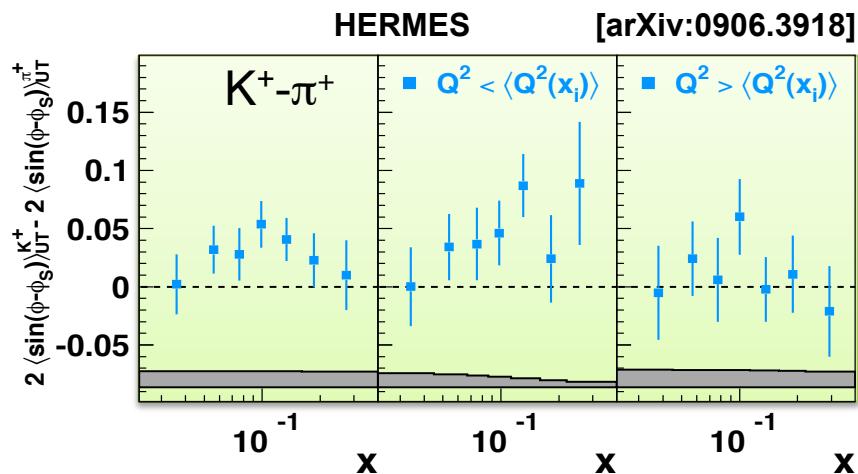
COMPASS [arXiv: 1205.5122]

HERMES [arXiv: 0906.3918]

**K<sup>+</sup> amplitudes larger than π<sup>+</sup>:**

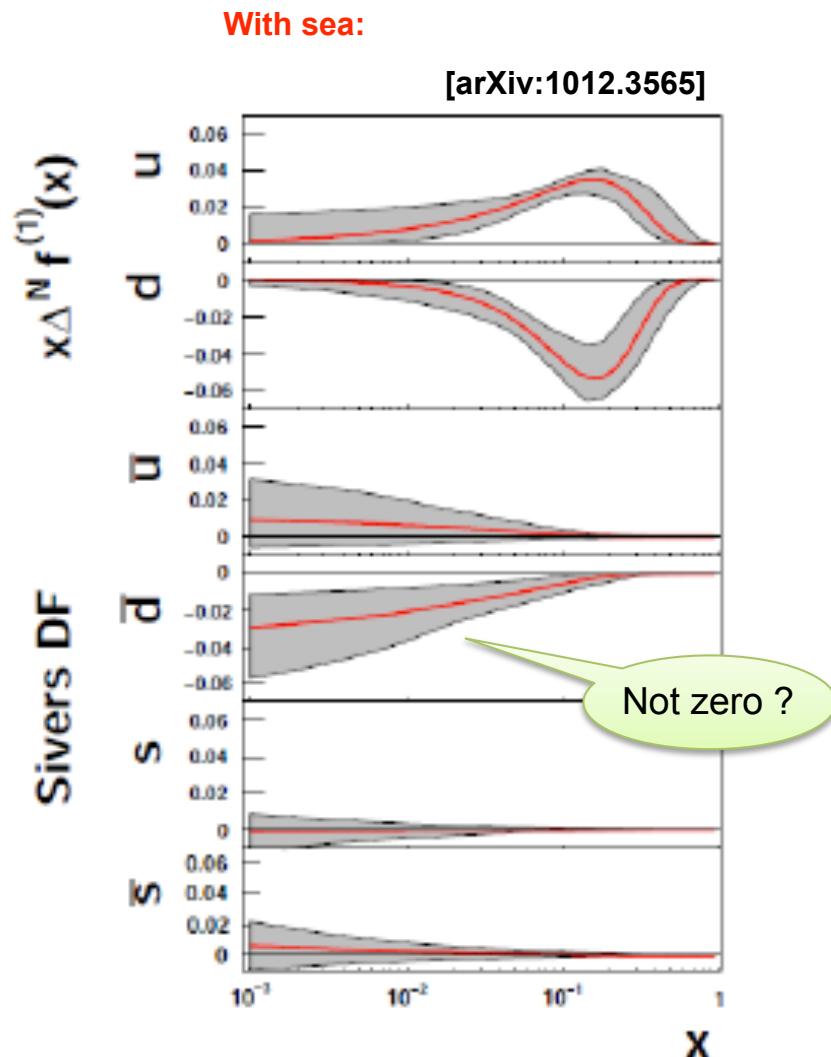
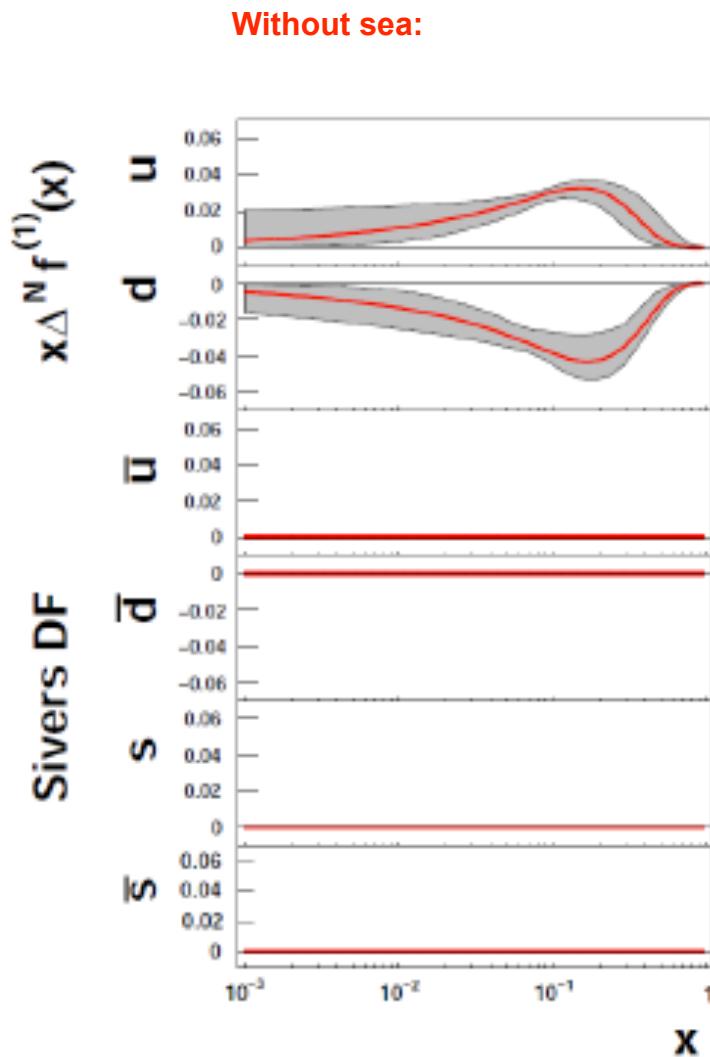


combined 2007 – 2010 results

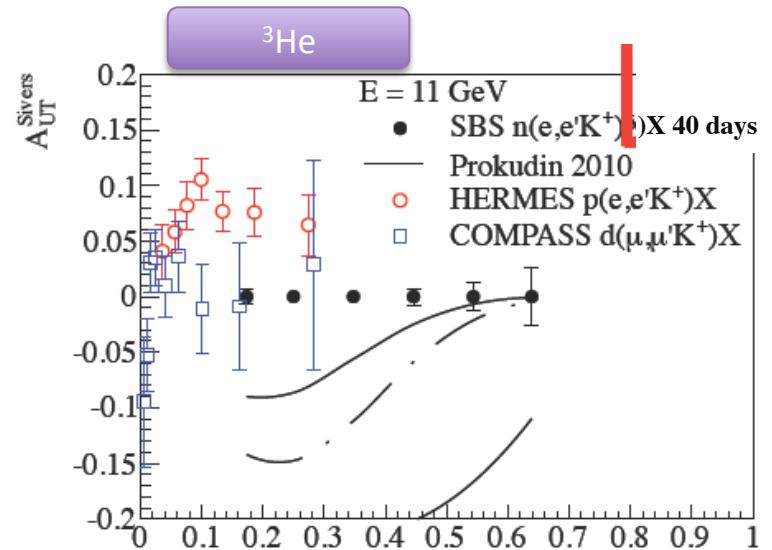
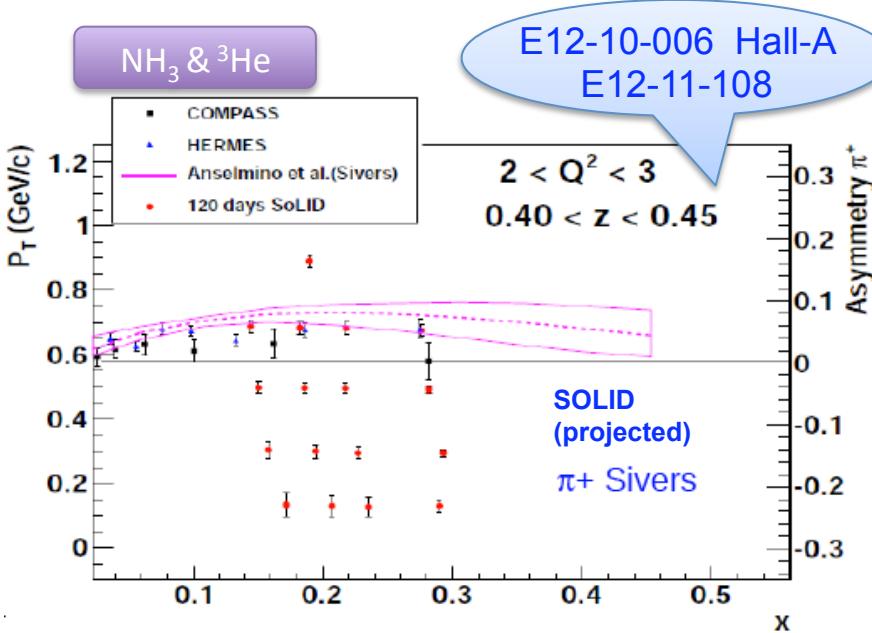
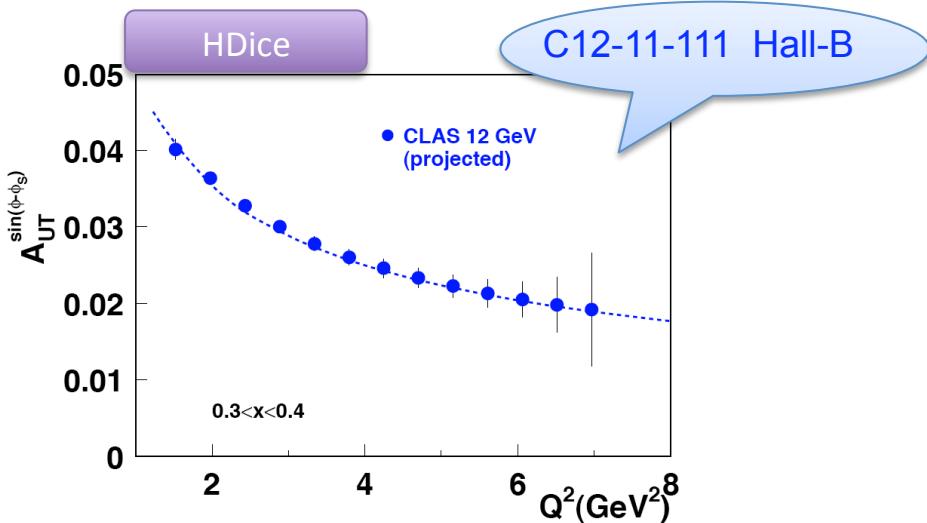


# The Sivers Distributions

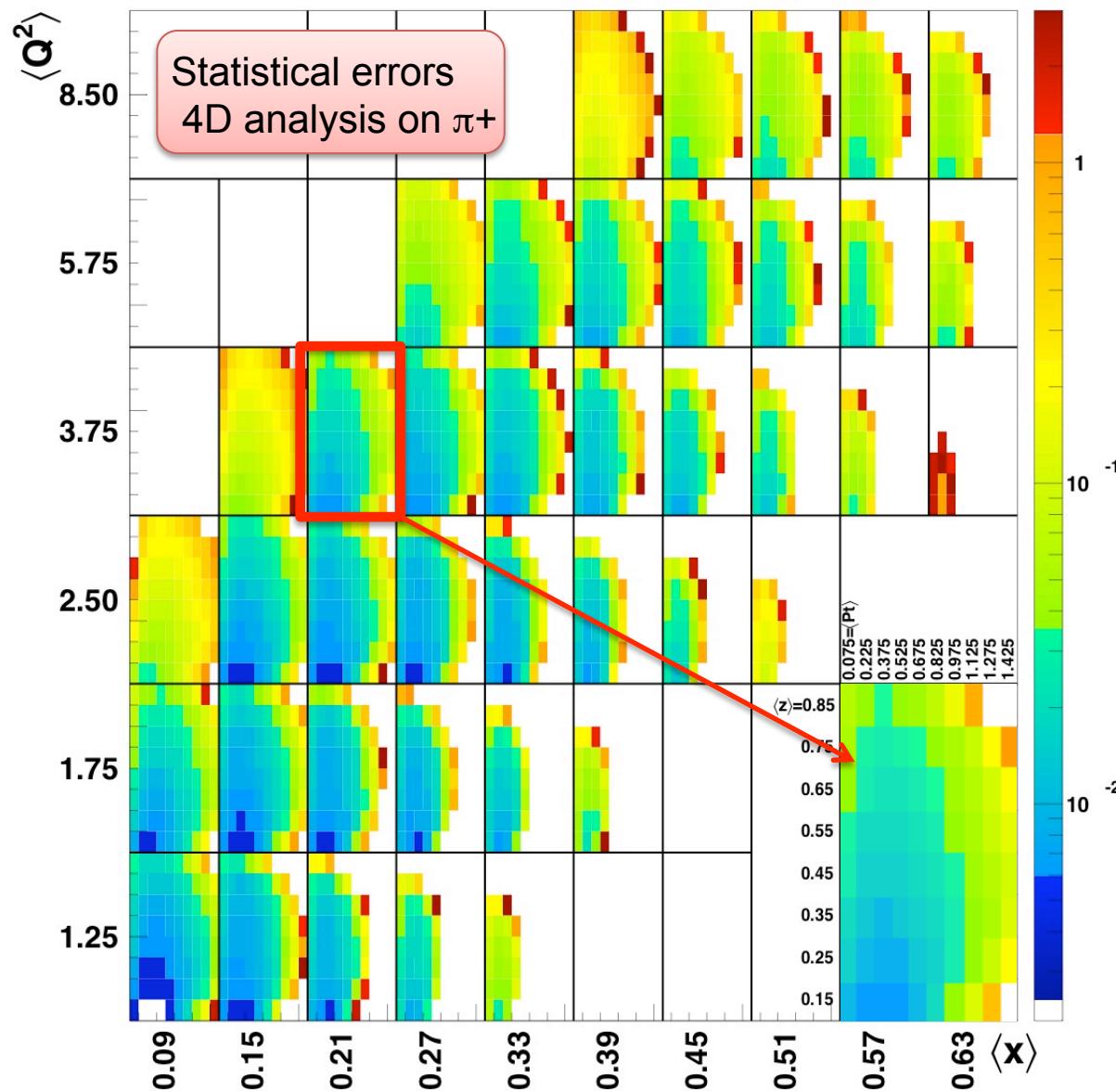
$f_{1T}^\perp \otimes D_1$



# Sivers @ JLab12

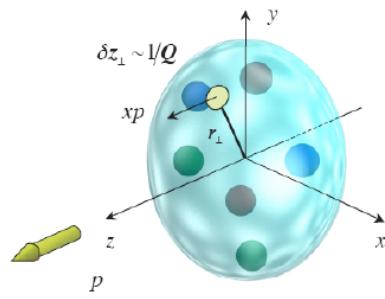


# Multi-D Analysis



# HARD EXCLUSIVE: TRANSVERSE POSITION DEPENDENCE

# Generalized parton distributions

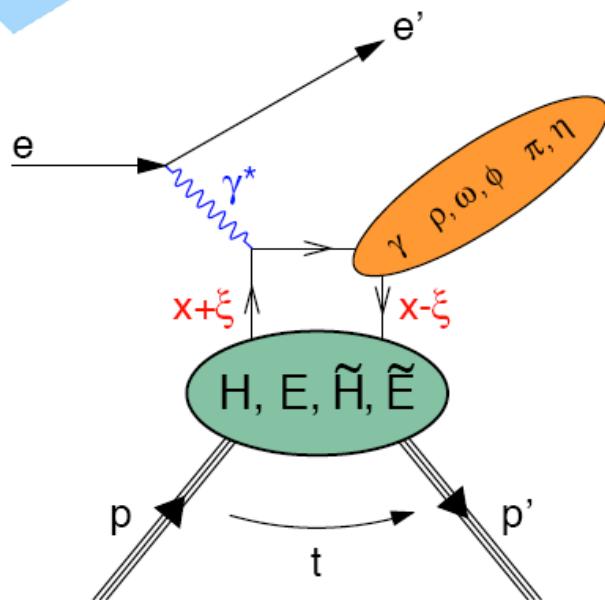
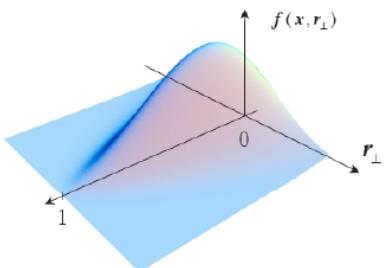


Encompass parton distributions and form factors

Longitudinal momentum and transverse spatial position correlated information

Access OAM  $L_q = J_q - \frac{1}{2}\Delta\Sigma$  via Ji sum rule

$$J_q = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \int_{-1}^1 dx x [H_q(x, \xi, t) + E_q(x, \xi, t)]$$



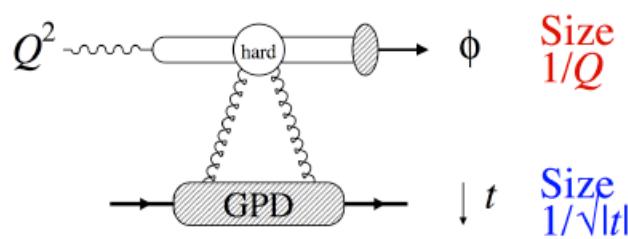
nucleon polarisation

N/q	U	L	T
U	$H$		$\epsilon_T$
L		$\tilde{H}$	
T	$E$		$H_T, \tilde{H}_T$

The process of meson production

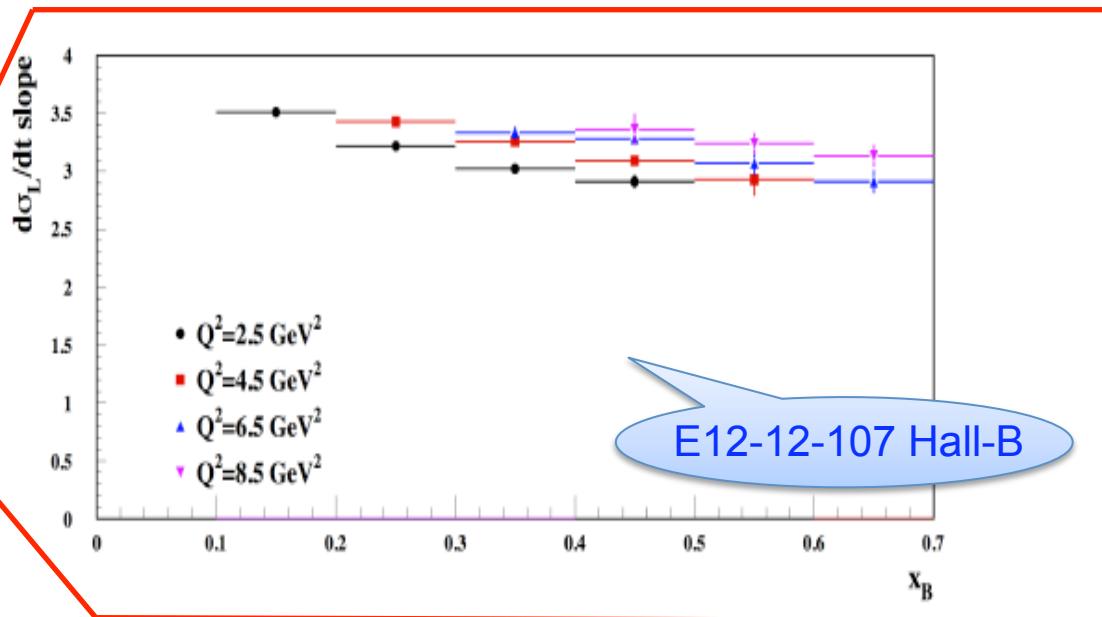
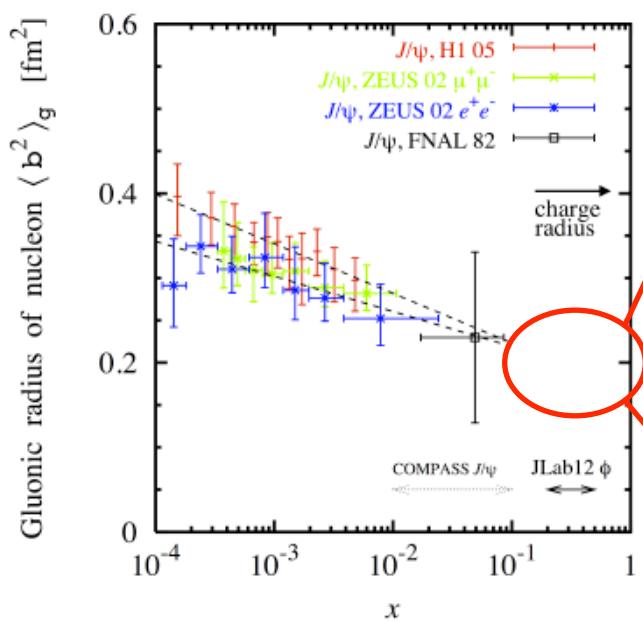
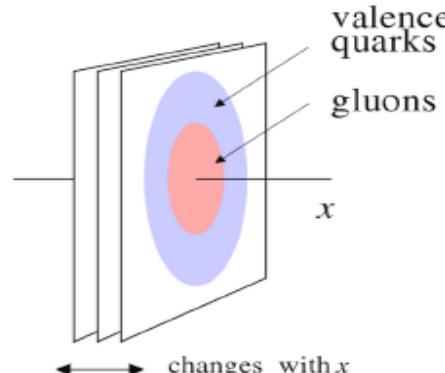
- $\phi$  production (gluon&strange sea)
- $\rho, \omega$  production (gluon&sea&valence quarks)

# Exclusive $\phi$ and the Gluonic Radius

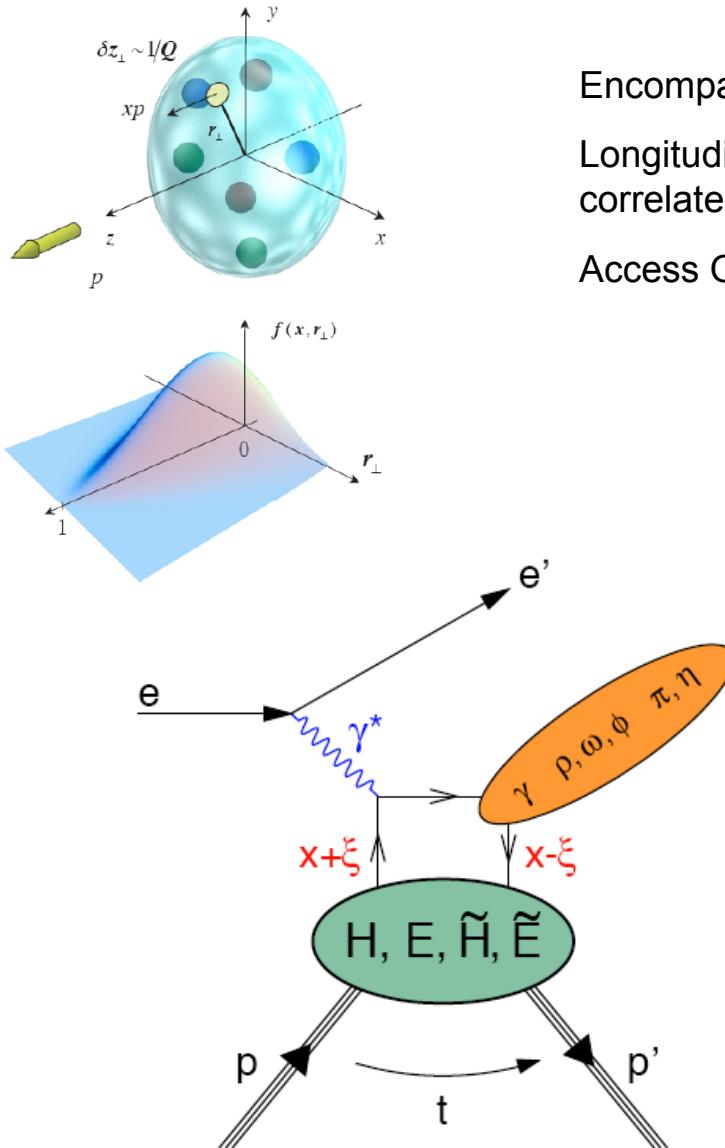


Dominance of small-size configurations  
at  $Q^2 \sim$  few  $\text{GeV}^2$

From  $t$  slope of  $d\sigma/dt$  ( $e p \rightarrow e p \phi$ )  
→ average impact parameter



# Generalized parton distributions



Encompass parton distributions and form factors

Longitudinal momentum and transverse spatial position correlated information

Access OAM  $L_q = J_q - \frac{1}{2}\Delta\Sigma$  via Ji sum rule

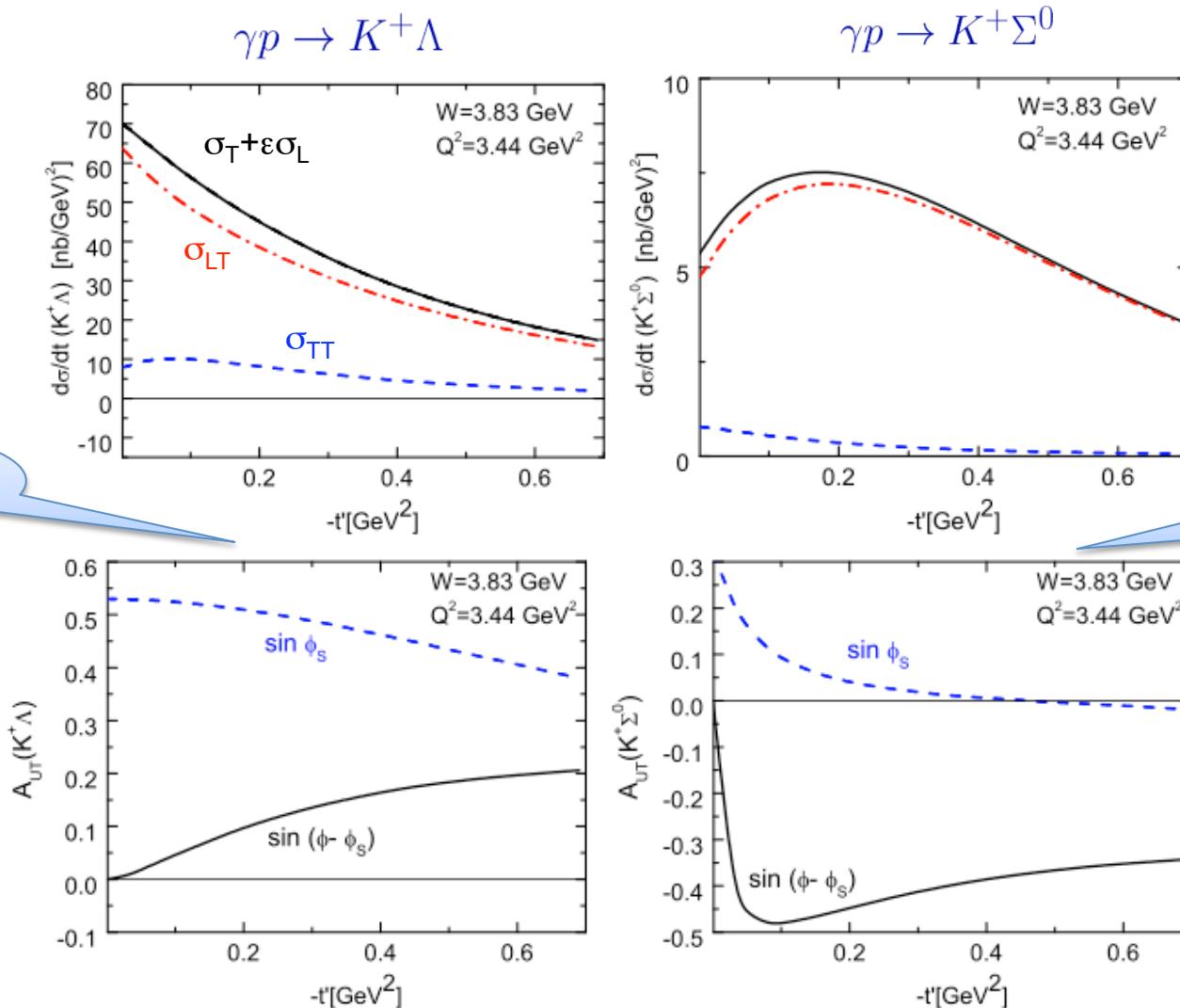
$$\mathcal{J}_q = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \int_{-1}^1 dx x [H_q(x, \xi, t) + E_q(x, \xi, t)]$$

quark polarisation			
N/q	U	L	T
U	$H$		$\epsilon_T$
L		$\tilde{H}$	
T	$E$		$H_T, \tilde{H}_T$

Factorization only for **longitudinally polarized**  $\gamma^*$   
 $\sigma_T$  suppressed by  $1/Q^2 \rightarrow$  at **large  $Q^2$** ,  $\sigma_L$  dominates

# Exclusive Kaons

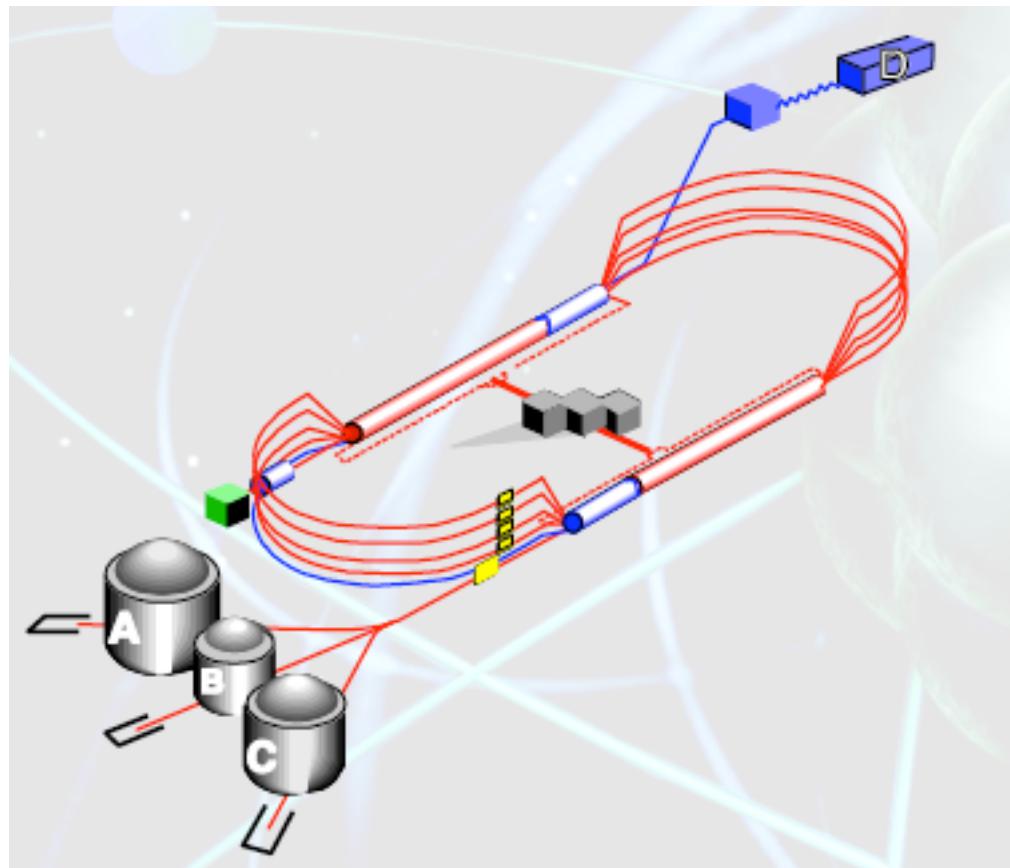
At JLab12 dominant contribution from transverse photon:  
possible access to the chiral-odd GPDs (and spatial distribution of transversely polarized quarks)



Goloskokov talk

# The JLab12 Charge

**Start of Accelerator commissioning expected in November  
and running beam to Hall-A in February 2014**



**Complete mapping (3D) of the nucleon in the valence region  
High potential of the complementary programs of 3 experimental halls**