

The ASY-EOS experiment at GSI: investigating symmetry energy at supra-saturation densities

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Summary

- Brief intro on High Density investigation of Symmetry Energy with H-I
- Suggestion for a route toward model independency...
- First results of the ASY-EOS experiment
- Future possibilities
- Conclusions

Symmetry Energy



EOS of symmetric nuclear and neutron matter from Ab initio calculations (red) and phenomenological approaches

 $E_{svm}(\rho) = E(\rho, I = 1) - E(\rho, I = 0)$

 $I = \frac{N - Z}{N + Z}$



Constraints of the Symmetry Energy

B.A. Li NuSym13 summary talk

$$\boldsymbol{E_{Sym}}(\boldsymbol{\rho}) = S(\rho) = S_0 + \frac{L}{3} \left(\frac{\rho - \rho_o}{\rho_o}\right) + \frac{K_{\text{sym}}}{18} \left(\frac{\rho - \rho_o}{\rho_o}\right)^2 + \dots$$

Terrestrial laboratories

Several constraints (quite consistent among

average of the means 31.55415 58.88646 them) around and below ρ_0 standard deviation 0.915867 16.52645 •Few constraints above ρ_0



 E_{sym} at high density: π^-/π^+ ratio (measured by FOPI, for different systems and energies, as compared to different models)



See:

Z. Xiao et al., PRL 102 (2009) IBUU04
Z.Q. Feng, PLB 683 (2010) ImIQMD
W.J. Xie , et al., PLB 718 (2013) ImIBL
G. Ferini, et al., NPA 762 (2005) RMF
Ad. from IWM 2011 - Y. Leifels

•Results model dependent •Density dependence of symmetry energy unambiguously soft or hard BUT •symmetry energy \rightarrow n/p ratio, number of nn, np, pp collisions asystiff $\frac{n}{p} \downarrow \Rightarrow \frac{Y(\Delta^{0,-})}{Y(\Delta^{+,++})} \downarrow \Rightarrow \frac{\pi^{-}}{\pi^{+}} \downarrow$ •medium \rightarrow effective masses (N, π , Δ), cross sections \rightarrow thresholds asystiff $\Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{\pi^+}$ \uparrow \rightarrow Interpretation of pion data not straight forward

Kaons:more sensitive probes?

- •Higher thresholds
- Weakly interacting in medium

•Freeze-out already at 20 fm/c: more reliable than pions as high p probes

High densities: flows

$$\frac{dN}{d(\phi - \phi_R)}(y, p_t) = \frac{N_0}{2\pi} \left(1 + 2\sum_{n \ge 1} v_n \cos n(\phi - \phi_R) \right)$$

$$Y = \text{rapidity} \text{pt = transverse momentum}$$

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Qingfeng Li, J. Phys. G31 1359-1374 (2005) P.Russotto et al., Phys. Lett. B 697 (2011)





stiffnes



Results with Tübingen QMD

UrQMD: momentum dep. of isoscalar field momentum dep. of NNECS momentum independent power-law parameterization of the symmetry energy

Tübingen-QMD: density dep. of NNECS asymmetry dep. of NNECS soft vs. hard EoS width of wave packets momentum dependent (Gogny inspired) parameterization of the symmetry energy

M.D. Cozma, PLB 700, 139 (2011); arXiv:1102.2728

x =-1.35±1.25

M.D. Cozma et al., Towards a model-independent constraint of the high-density dependence of the symmetry energy,

arXiv:1305.5417 [nucl-th] PRC88 044912 (2013)

FIG. 2: Model dependence of npEFD and npEFR and comparison with FOPI-LAND experimental data, integrated over impact parameter b \leq 7.5 fm. Sensitivity to the different model parameters, compressibility modulus (K), width of nucleon wave function (L), optical potential (V_{opt}) and parametrization of the symmetry energy (S) are displayed. The total model dependence is obtained by adding, in quadrature, individual sensitivities

Results with Tübingen QMD and UrQMD



 $x = -1.0 \pm 1.0$

M.D. Cozma et al., Towards a model-independent constraint of the highdensity dependence of the symmetry energy,

arXiv:1305.5417 [nucl-th]

PRC88 044912 (2013)

ASY-EOS S394 experiment @ GSI Darmstadt (May 2011) Au+Au, ⁹⁶Zr+⁹⁶Zr, ⁹⁶Ru+⁹⁶Ru @ 400 AMev



µBall: 4 rings 50 Csl(Tl), **O>60°.** Discriminate target vs. reactions with air. **Multiplicity and reaction** plane measurements.



KraTTA: 35 (5x7) triple telescopes (Si-CsI-CsI) placed at 21°<O<60° with digital readout . Light particles and IMFs emitted at midrapidity



Shadow bar:

evaluation of





TOFWALL: 96 plastic bars; ToF, ΔE , X-Y position. Trigger, impact parameter and reaction plane determination



CHIMERA: 8 (2x4) rings, high granularity Csl(Tl), 352 detectors $7^{\circ} < \theta < 20^{\circ} +$ 16x2 pads silicon detectors. Light charged particle identification by PSD. Multiplicity, Z, A, **Energy: impact** parameter and reaction plane determination



LAND: Large Area **Neutron Detector**. **Plastic scintillators** sandwiched with Fe 2x2x1 m³ plus plastic veto wall. New **Taguila front-end** electronics. Neutrons and Hydrogen detection. Flow measurements

Au+Au @ 400 A.MeV: Some kinematics



* Random uniform distribution EKin<100 Mev

P. Russotto et al., EPJA 50, 38 2014.

P. Russotto et al., Procs. of INPC2013, EPJ Web of Conf.

P. Russotto et al., Journal of Phys. Conf. Series 420, 012092, (2013)



Au+Au @ 400 A.MeV: Background rejection



Au+Au @ 400 A.MeV: Centrality selection





ad. from P. Danielewicz et al., PLB 1985

J-Y Ollitrault arXiv:nucl-ex/9711003v2

Neutron azimuthal distributions from LAND

Au+Au @ 400 AMeV b< 7.5 fm



How much background to subtract ?



Comparison with UrQMD Au+Au @ 400 AMeV b<7.5 fm

Wbg= 110 %



Only charged particles!!!



γ extrapolation from rapidity dependence

Au+Au @ 400 AMeV b<7.5 fm

Wbg= 110 %



 γ extrapolation from transverse momentum dependence

Au+Au @ 400 AMeV b<7.5 fm



γ extrapolation : v2n/v2ch vs v2n/v2H (FOPI-LAND data)

Au+Au @ 400 AMeV b<7.5 fm

 $0.25 < y_{lab} / y_{proj} < 0.75$ θ_{lab} cut as in ASY-EOS set-up



Comparing ASY-EOS with FOPI-LAND exp: rapidity dependence



Comparing ASY-EOS with FOPI-LAND exp: transverse momentum dep.



Comparing ASY-EOS with FOPI: rapidity dep. of charged particles



Comparing KraTTA* with FOPI: rapidity dep. of isotopes



γ extrapolation from transverse momentum dependence : Wbg influence







preliminary



γ extrapolation: impact parameter selection influence Au+Au 3<b<7.5 fm Au+Au 3.35<b<6 fm



Last result: improved background evaluation

Au+Au @ 400 AMeV b<7.5 fm

Neutrons: (Au+Au)-(Au+Au with SB)+ -(Au+EF)+(Au+EF with SB)

> Charged Particles: (Au+Au)-(Au+EF)



The analysis is in progress...

$$S(\rho) = S_0 + \frac{L}{3} \left(\frac{\rho - \rho_o}{\rho_o} \right) + \frac{K_{\text{sym}}}{18} \left(\frac{\rho - \rho_o}{\rho_o} \right)^2 + \dots,$$



IAS isobaric analog states Danielewicz/Lee 2008

HIC

PDR

heavy-ion collisions isospin diffusion, n/p ratios Tsang et al., 2009 pygmy dipole resonance Klimkiewicz et al. 2007

> see also "Complete Electric Dipole Response in ²⁰⁸Pb" Tamii et al., PRL 107, 062502 (2011)

symmetry pressure $P_0=(L/3)\rho_0$

 $S_0 = E_{sym}(\rho_0)$

from M.B. Tsang et al., PRL 102, 122701 (2009) vertical lines: analyses with ImQMD (Zhang et al.) and IBUU04 (Li and Chen)

*P.Russotto et al., Phys. Lett. B 697 (2011)



NeuLAND @ FAIR/GSI

TDR finalized in Oct 2011 and submitted total volume 2.5x2.5x3 m³ each bar readout by two PMT 3000 modules (plastic scintillator bars) 250x5x5 cm³ 30 double planes with 100 bars each, bars in neighboring planes mutually perpendicular $\sigma_{t} \leq 150 \text{ ps and } \sigma_{x,y,z} \leq 1.5 \text{ cm}$ one-neutron efficiency ~95% for energies 200-1000 MeV multi-neutron detection capability I. Gasparic AsyEOS2012 workshop,

Califa CALorimeter for the In Flight detection of γ rays and light charged pArticles

CsI(TI) read by APD with digital read-out 6.9.2012, Siracusa, Italy





FAIR rates



Some interesting beams (and I²) ¹⁹⁷Au+¹⁹⁷Au @ 600,800,1000 AMeV (0.039+0.039) ¹³²Sn+¹²⁴Sn @ 400, 800, 1000 AMeV (0.059+0.037) ¹⁰⁶Sn+¹¹²Sn @ 400, 800, 1000 AMeV (0.003+0.011)

B.-A. Li et al. / Physics Reports 464 (2008) 113-281



atio of free nucleons taken from the reactions of 132 Sn + 124 Sn and 112 Sn + 1 m (right panel). Taken from Ref. [67].

B.-A. Li et al. / Physics Reports 464 (2008) 113-281



Why ¹³²Sn?

B.-A. Li et al. / Physics Reports 464 (2008) 113-281



φ (degree)

V. Baran et al. / Physics Reports 410 (2005) 335-466



1.5 A GeV (b = 6 fm) from the three different models f ill circles and solid line: $NL\rho\delta$. Open circles and dashe ext and the previous caption.

0.4

0.6

p, (GeV/c)

0.8

1.0

1.2

1.2

0.0

0.2

233

Conclusions

Symmetry Energy:

- · Low densities: several constraints quite consistent
- High density:
 - > pion constraints not consistent
 - n/p flows suggests...a route "Towards a modelindependent constraint of the high-density dependence of the symmetry energy"
 Finalizing ASY-EOS data analysis is in progress
- Work on code consistency needed ... everywhere
- New and better experiments on n,p flows and ratio, pions and kaons, also with high asymmetric beams (e.g. ¹³²Sn) and new detectors (Riken TPC, NeuLand@R3B)
- International collaborations and efforts

On the road.....



The Asy-Eos Collaboration

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THANKS!