

Partecipazione a Belle II

- Frontiera dell'intensità e fisica del sapore
- da KEKB a SuperKEKB
- Belle II: rivelatori
- profilo temporale
- Partecipazione italiana: persone e interessi
- Trieste

Why flavour physics

Statistics

1. Explore the origin of CP violation

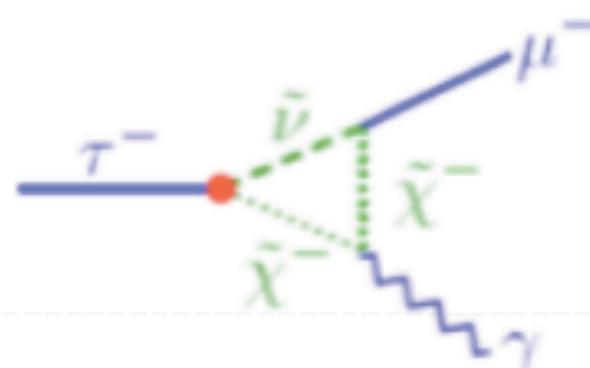
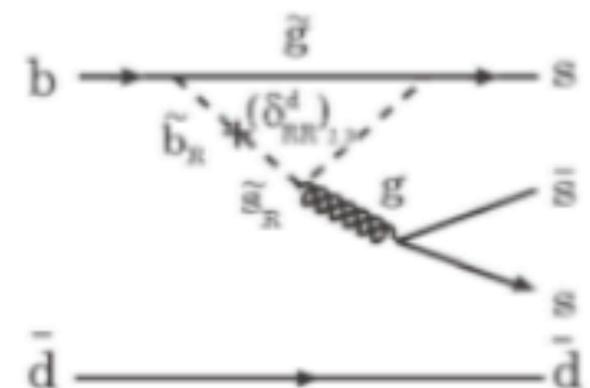
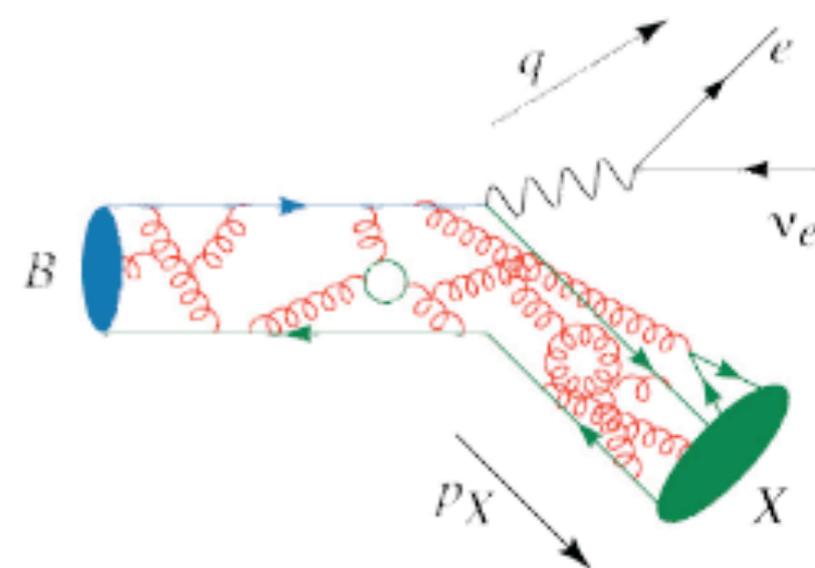
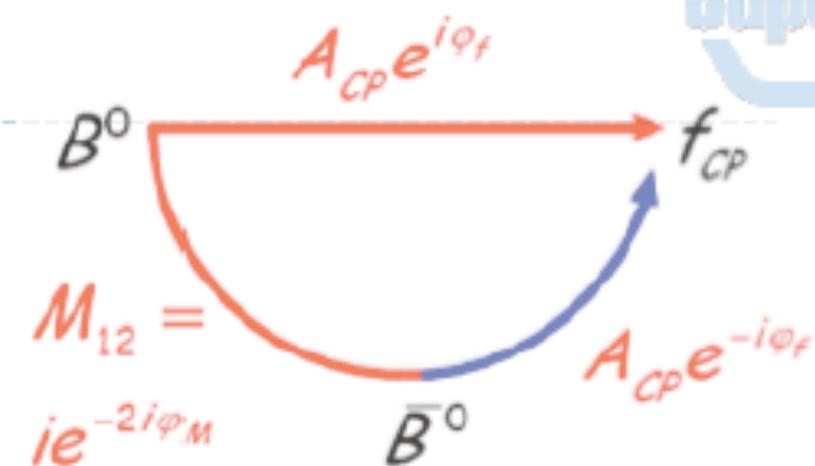
- ▶ Key element for understanding the matter content of our present universe
- ▶ Established in the B meson in 2001
- ▶ Direct CPV established in B mesons in 2004

2. Precisely measure parameters of the standard model

- ▶ For example the elements of the CKM quark mixing matrix
- ▶ Disentangle the complicated interplay between weak processes and strong interaction effects

3. Search for the effects of physics beyond the standard model in loop diagrams

- ▶ Potentially large effects on rates of rare decays, time dependent asymmetries, lepton flavour violation, ...
- ▶ Sensitive even to large New Physics scale, as well as to phases and size of NP coupling constants



La fisica

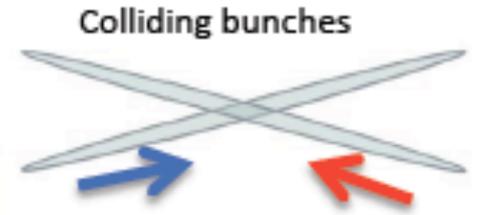
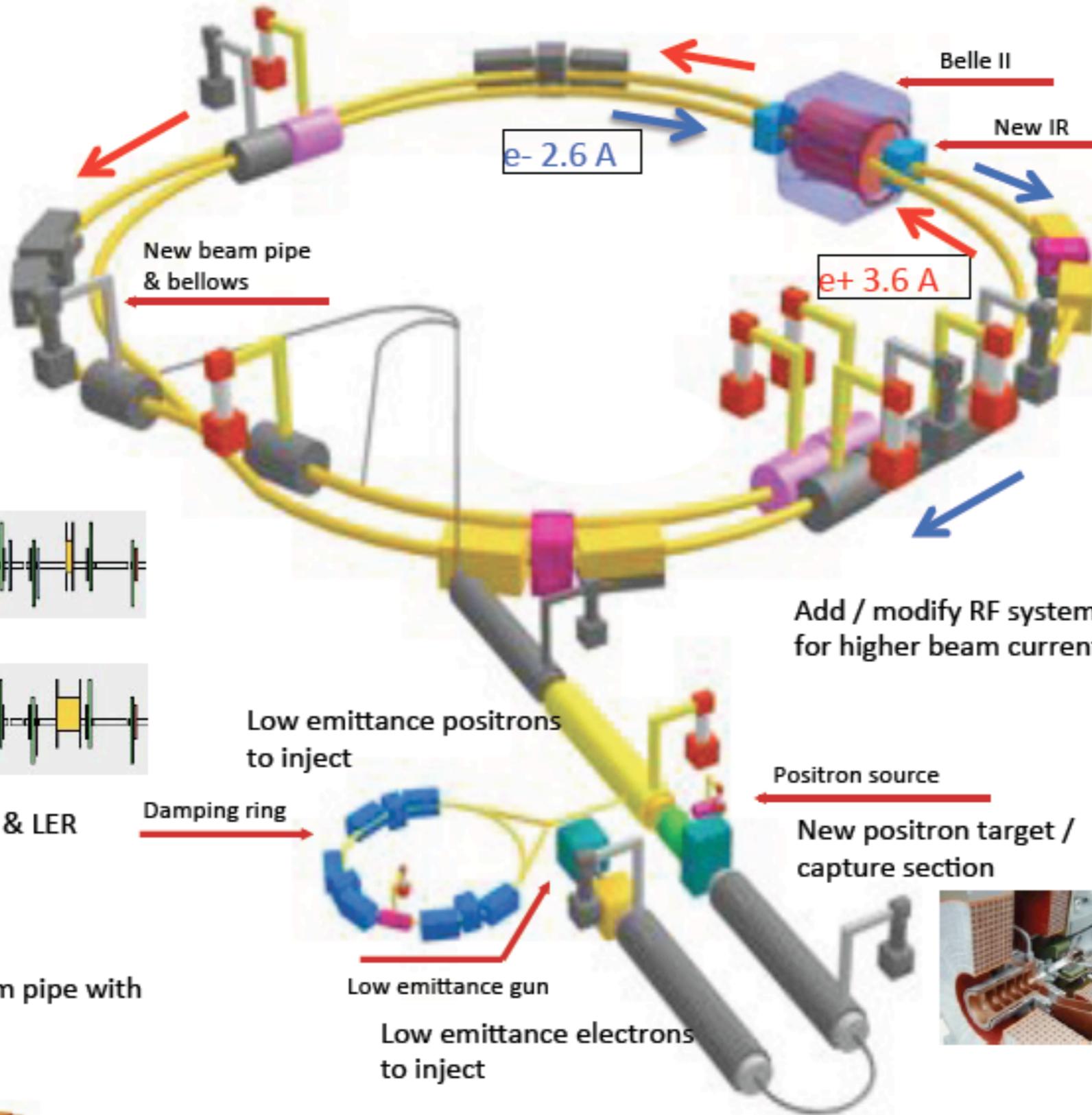
Fisica del flavour

Frontiera
dell'intensità

Potenziale di
scoperta
complementare
a LHC

Observable	Expected th. accuracy	Expected exp. uncertainty	Facility
CKM matrix			
$ V_{us} [K \rightarrow \pi l \nu]$	**	0.1%	<i>K</i> -factory
$ V_{cb} [B \rightarrow X_c l \nu]$	**	1%	Belle II
$ V_{ub} [B_d \rightarrow \pi l \nu]$	*	4%	Belle II
$\sin(2\phi_1) [c\bar{c}K_S^0]$	***	$8 \cdot 10^{-3}$	Belle II/LHCb
ϕ_2		1.5°	Belle II
ϕ_3	***	3°	LHCb
CPV			
$S(B_s \rightarrow \psi\phi)$	**	0.01	LHCb
$S(B_s \rightarrow \phi\phi)$	**	0.05	LHCb
$S(B_d \rightarrow \phi K)$	***	0.05	Belle II/LHCb
$S(B_d \rightarrow \eta' K)$	***	0.02	Belle II
$S(B_d \rightarrow K^*(\rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^0) \gamma)$	***	0.03	Belle II
$S(B_s \rightarrow \phi \gamma)$	***	0.05	LHCb
$S(B_d \rightarrow \rho \gamma)$		0.15	Belle II
A_{SL}^d	***	0.001	LHCb
A_{SL}^s	***	0.001	LHCb
$A_{CP}(B_d \rightarrow s \gamma)$	*	0.005	Belle II
rare decays			
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \tau \nu)$	**	3%	Belle II
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow D \tau \nu)$		3%	Belle II
$\mathcal{B}(B_d \rightarrow \mu \nu)$	**	6%	Belle II
$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \mu \mu)$	***	10%	LHCb
zero of $A_{FB}(B \rightarrow K^* \mu \mu)$	**	0.05	LHCb
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \nu \nu)$	***	30%	Belle II
$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow s \gamma)$		4%	Belle II
$\mathcal{B}(B_s \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$		$0.25 \cdot 10^{-6}$	Belle II (with 5 ab^{-1})
$\mathcal{B}(K \rightarrow \pi \nu \nu)$	**	10%	<i>K</i> -factory
$\mathcal{B}(K \rightarrow e \pi \nu) / \mathcal{B}(K \rightarrow \mu \pi \nu)$	***	0.1%	<i>K</i> -factory
charm and τ			
$\mathcal{B}(\tau \rightarrow \mu \gamma)$	***	$3 \cdot 10^{-9}$	Belle II
$ q/p _D$	***	0.03	Belle II
$arg(q/p)_D$	***	1.5°	Belle II

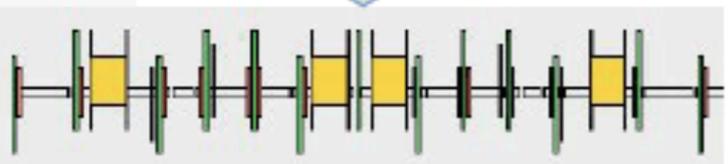
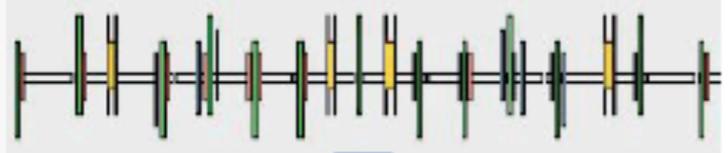
KEKB to SuperKEKB



New superconducting / permanent final focusing quads near the IP

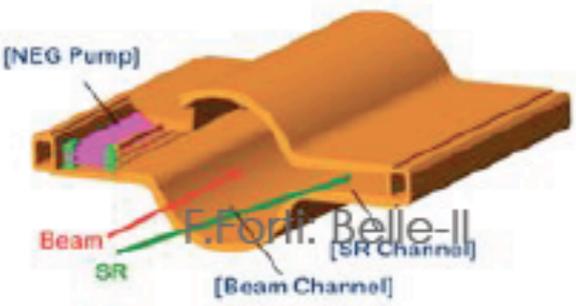


Replace short dipoles with longer ones (LER)



Redesign the lattices of HER & LER to squeeze the emittance

TiN-coated beam pipe with antechambers



To obtain x40 higher luminosity

Machine design parameters



parameters		KEKB		SuperKEKB		units
		LER	HER	LER	HER	
Beam energy	E_b	3.5	8	4	7	GeV
Half crossing angle	ϕ	11		41.5		mrاد
Horizontal emittance	ϵ_x	18	24	3.2	4.6	nm
Emittance ratio	κ	0.88	0.66	0.37	0.40	%
Beta functions at IP	β_x^*/β_y^*	1200/5.9		32/0.27	25/0.30	mm
Beam currents	I_b	1.64	1.19	3.60	2.60	A
beam-beam parameter	ξ_y	0.129	0.090	0.0881	0.0807	
Luminosity	L	2.1×10^{34}		8×10^{35}		$\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

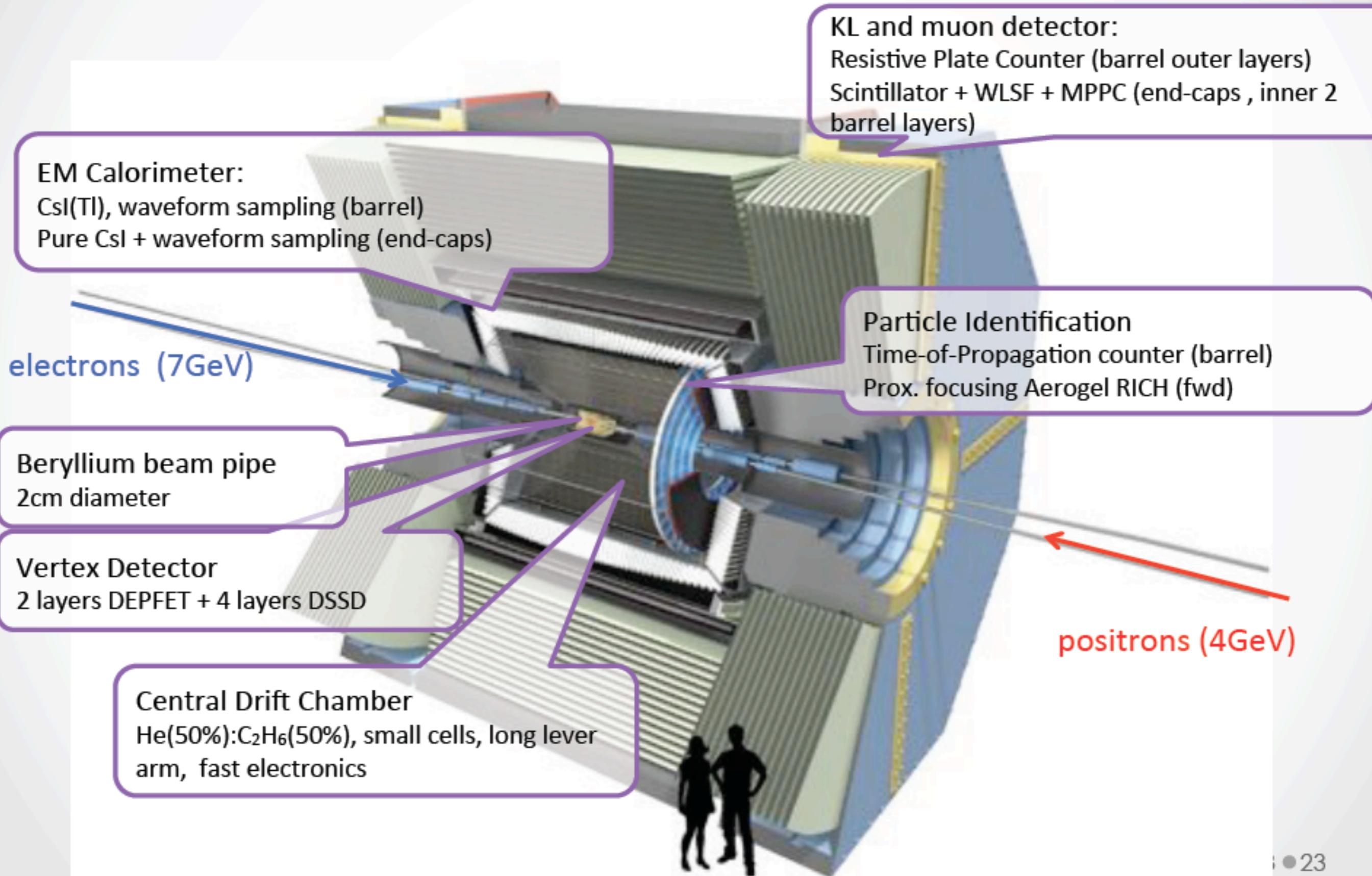
- Nano-beams and a factor of two more beam current to increase luminosity
- Large crossing angle
- Change beam energies to solve the problem of short lifetime for the LER

Luminosity Projection



Depends on operation budget

Belle II Detector



EM Calorimeter:

CsI(Tl), waveform sampling (barrel)
Pure CsI + waveform sampling (end-caps)

KL and muon detector:

Resistive Plate Counter (barrel outer layers)
Scintillator + WLSF + MPPC (end-caps, inner 2 barrel layers)

electrons (7GeV)

Particle Identification

Time-of-Propagation counter (barrel)
Prox. focusing Aerogel RICH (fwd)

Beryllium beam pipe
2cm diameter

Vertex Detector
2 layers DEPFET + 4 layers DSSD

positrons (4GeV)

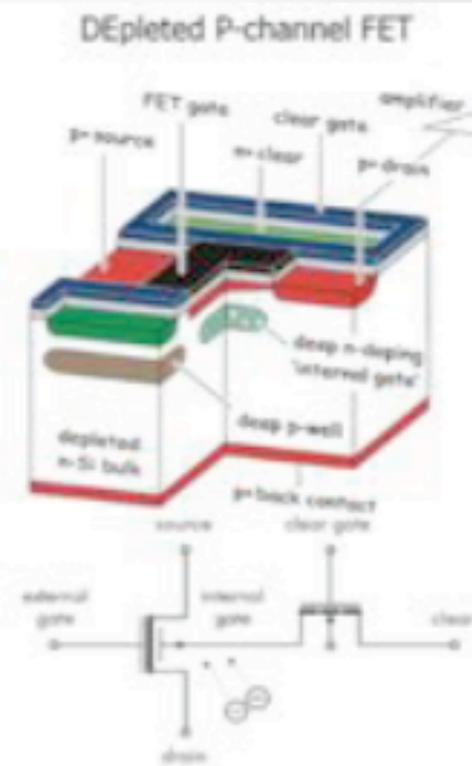
Central Drift Chamber

He(50%):C₂H₆(50%), small cells, long lever arm, fast electronics

Vertex Detector

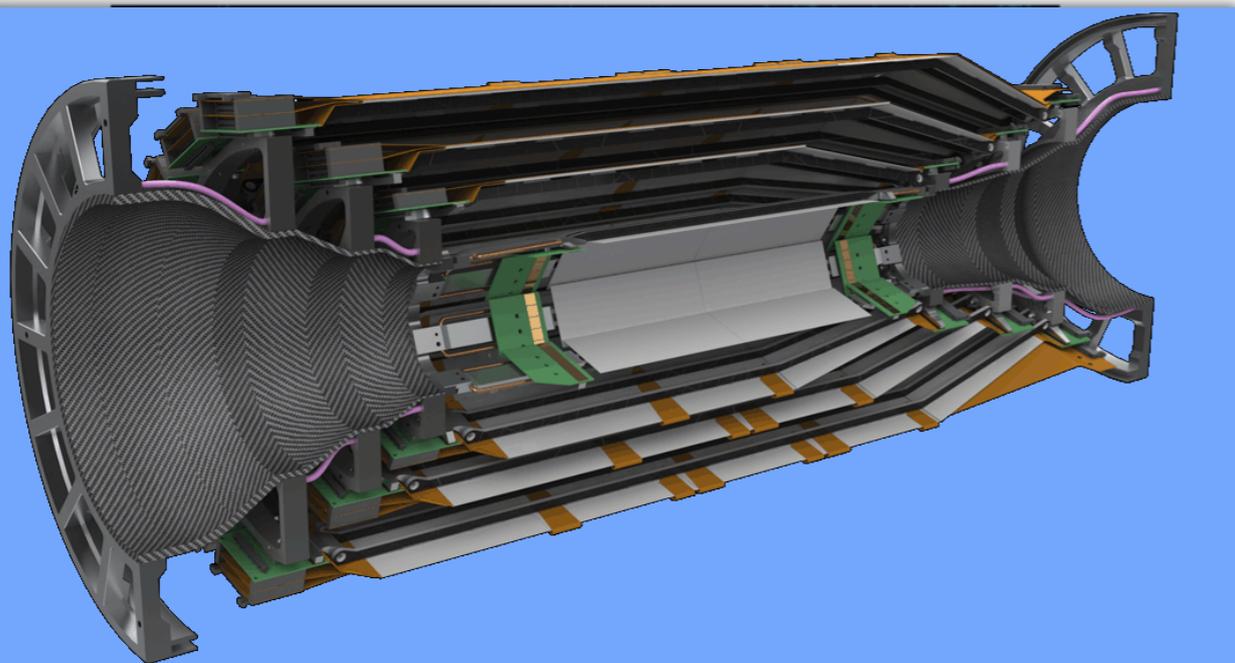
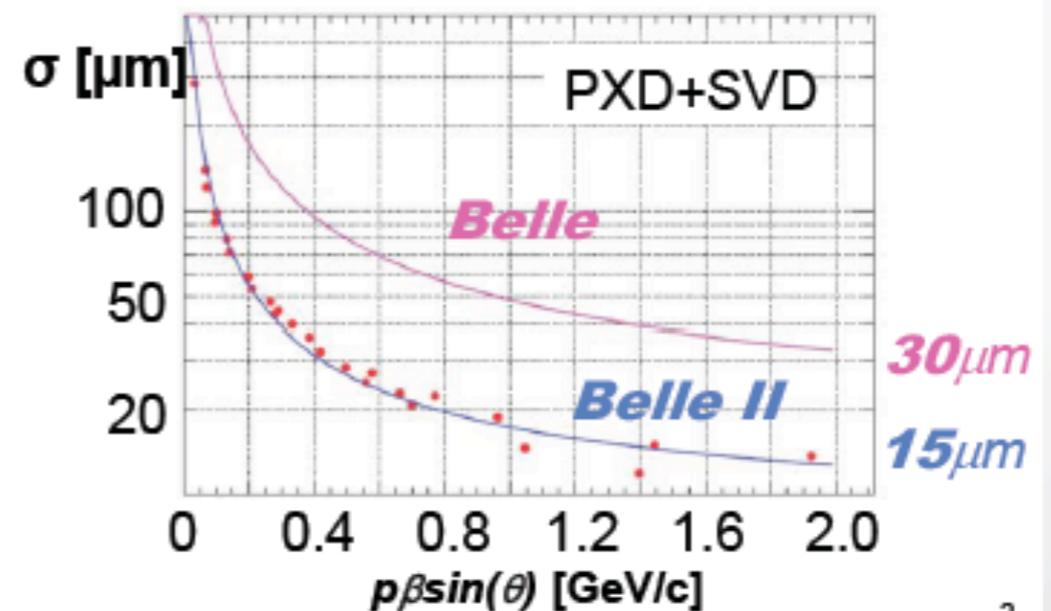
- **Pixel Detector (PXD)** – 8M pixels
 - 2 DEPFET layers at $r = 14, 22$ mm
 - Excellent and unambiguous spatial resolution ($\sim 15 \mu\text{m}$)
 - Coarse time resolution ($20 \mu\text{s}$)
- **Silicon Vertex Detector (SVD)** – 220k strips
 - 4 DSSD layers at $r = 38, 80, 104, 135$ mm
 - Good spatial resolution ($\sim 12/25 \mu\text{m}$) but ambiguities due to ghosting
 - Excellent time resolution (~ 3 ns)

Mechanical mockup of pixel detector

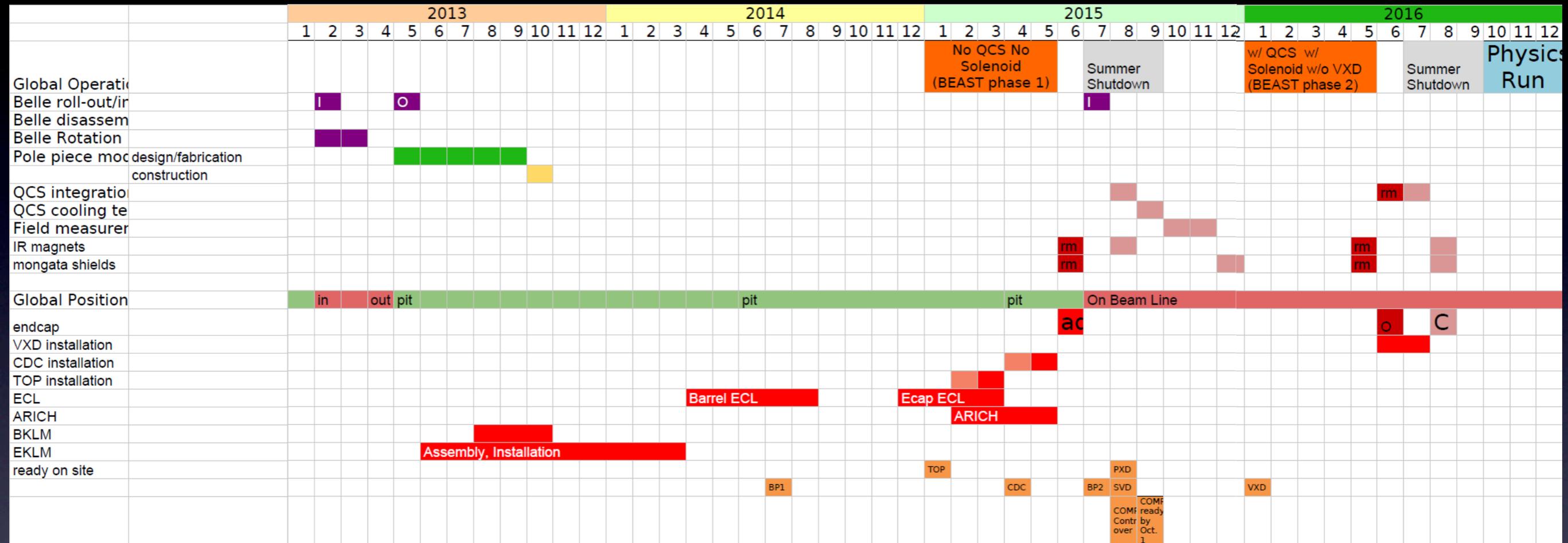


Combining both parts yields a very powerful device!

Significant improvement in z-vertex resolution



Profilo temporale



- KLM in this JFY(-March 2014), followed by barrel ECL electronics (April 2014-)
- More concrete planning for endcap necessary
- TOP (-March 2015), CDC (May 2015)
- PXD, SVD: ready to be integrated by August 2015

Partecipazione italiana

Gruppi (INFN+Univ.):

Torino

Padova

Trieste

Pisa

Perugia

Laboratori Nazionali di

Frascati

Roma 3

Enea Casaccia/Roma 1

Napoli

accolta al B2GM !!!



FTE italiani

Instit.	NPhy	NEng	NTot	FTEPhy	FTEEng	FTETot
LNF	6	2	8	3	0.4	3.4
NA	6	2	8	2.7	0.5	3.2
PD	3		3	1.3		1.3
PG	5		5	3.1		3.1
PI	9	1	10	4.7	1	5.7
RM1	3		3	0.6		0.6
RM3	5	1	6	3.2	1	3.2
TO	3		3	2.2		2.2
TS	3		3	2.2		2.2
TOTAL	43	6	49	23	2.9	24.9

Foreseen activities I

- **SVD**
 - Contribution to silicon detector testing
 - Contribution to the assembly of strip detector modules
 - Contribution to overall mechanical design & assembly
 - Power supplies replacement for LV and HV
 - Environmental & Radiation Monitoring
 - Software development for Silicon-only tracking and Alignment
- **PID (TOP)**
 - Contribution to timing calibration system
 - Contribution to online and offline calibration software
 - Contribution for Power supplies

Foreseen Activities II

- **ECL**
 - Contribution to Simulation and Calibration software
 - R&D on Large Area APD for reading pure Csl
 - R&D on different technologies for Backward Endcap
 - Contribution to R&D and construction of front end electronics and slow control system
 - Contribution to endcap construction. Possibility of building three complete forward endcap modules.

- **COMP**
 - Contribution to development of distributed computing system
 - Contribution in terms of grid-enabled resources

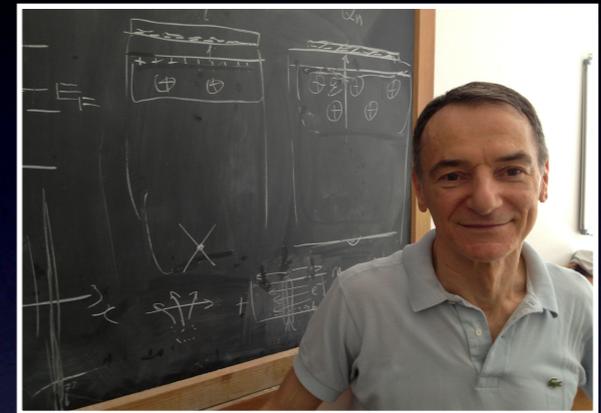
Piano finanziario

- Varie opzioni possibili
 - Modulabili sulla base della disponibilità di risorse
- Sembra non essere incompatibile con le risorse di CSN1
- Dettagli da discutere con i referee
- Per il 2013 necessari circa 400K oltre a quanto già assegnato.

SISTEMA	Item	TOTALE	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
VXD	TOTALE VXD BASE	980	87	203	332	328	0	0
PID	Totale PID	543	65	175	155	45	0	0
ECL	TOTALE ECL	1,178	5	149	161	220	273	370
COMP	TOTALE COMP	486	5	14	33	30	67	337
M&O	M&O FUNDS (Estimated)	185	5	5	25	50	50	50
	TOTAL BASE CORE	3,372	167	546	706	674	390	757
ALL	Meeting e metab. 20 FTE Missioni	1,800	300	300	300	300	300	300
ALL	Lab e metab. 20 FTE consumi * 5	600	100	100	100	100	100	100
	GRAND TOTALE BASE	5,772	567	946	1,106	1,074	790	1,157
VXD	<i>OPZIONE Triplets backup</i>	400		100	200	100		
VXD	<i>OPZIONE pixel upgrade INMAPS</i>	1,000		Gr V	200	300	300	200
ECL	Opzione-----				?	?	?	?

Il gruppo di Trieste

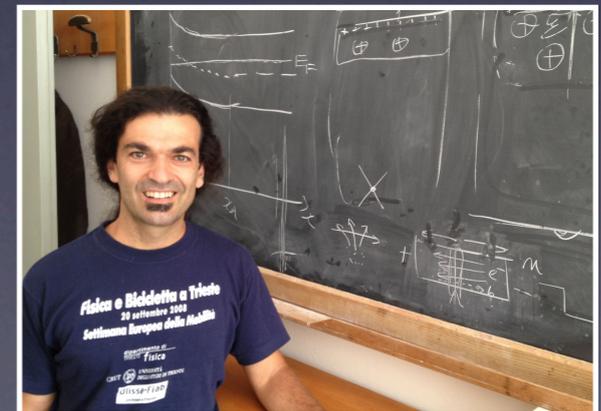
Luciano Bosisio PA 0.6 FTE



Livio Lanceri PO 0.8 FTE



Lorenzo Vitale RU 0.8 FTE

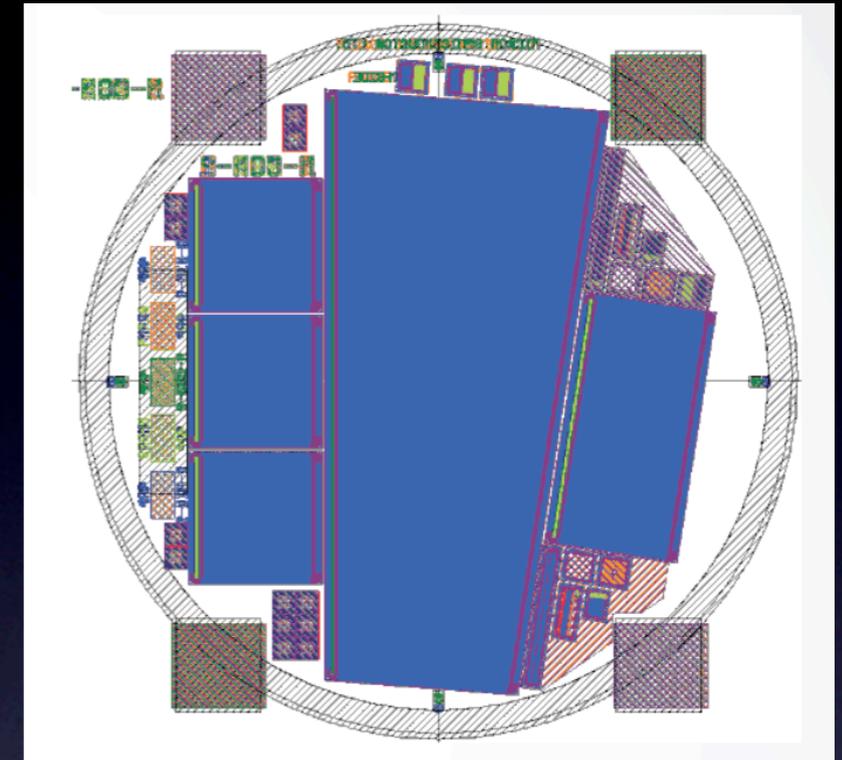


Contributi a Belle II da TS

- SVD subdetector
 - ▶ Contributi ai test e alla caratterizzazione dei sensori
 - ▶ Sistema di monitor e interlock per la radiazione e le variabili ambientali
 - ▶ Collaborazione allo sviluppo del software di monitor e allineamento
- Analisi dei dati
 - ▶ dopo la fase costruttiva...

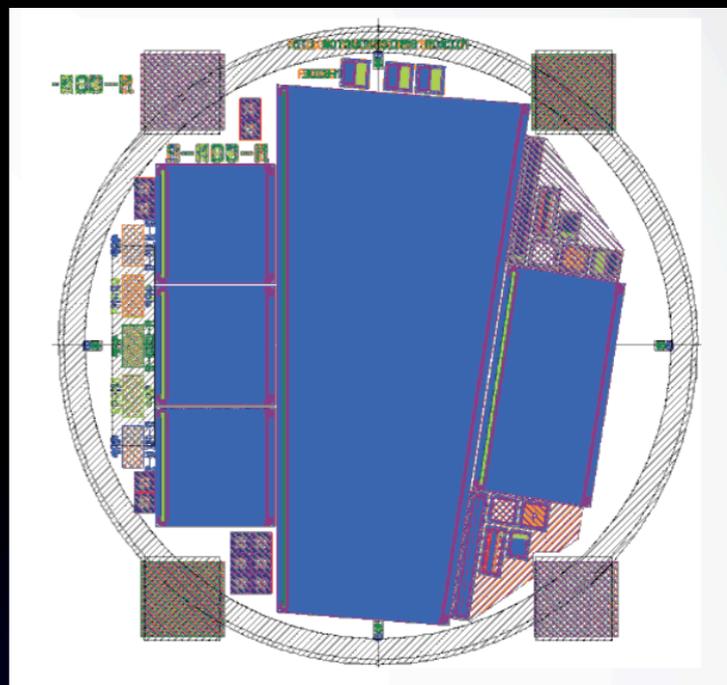
Hardware

- ricevuti i primi wafer per la messa a punto delle procedure di test
- specifiche per il sistema di monitor: in preparazione
- ci stiamo procurando sensori al diamante per valutarli come sensori di radiazione
- primo passo: prototipi monitor radiazione e beam abort per le fasi di commissioning (BEAST 1 e 2)



	Diamond	Si
Band gap [eV]	5.48 Low leakage cur.	1.12
Electron mobility [cm ² /Vs]	2200	1450
Hole mobility [cm ² /Vs]	1600	500
Saturation velocity [cm/s]	2 x 10 ⁷	0.8 x 10 ⁷
Dielectric constant	5.7 Low capacitance, low noise	11.9
e-h creation energy [eV]	13	3.6
e-h pairs per MIP [μm ⁻¹]	36 Smaller signal (typically 1/5 of Si)	89
Displacement energy [eV]	43 High radiation hardness	13 ~ 20
Decrease in charge collection after irradiation with 1 x 10 ¹⁵ proton/cm ² *	Not observed :by ~40 % at 5 x 10 ¹⁵ p/cm ²	No signal

Hardware



- ricevuti i primi wafer per la messa a punto delle procedure di test

- specifiche per il sistema di monitoraggio

- ci stiamo lavorando per i diamanti sensorizzati

- primo prototipo di sensori di com

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Low leakage cur.

Fast signal collection

Low capacitance, low noise

Smaller signal (typically 1/5 of Si)

High radiation hardness

Altri impegni

- Preparazione e review di pubblicazioni BaBar (0.2+0.2 FTE)
- partecipazione a R&D su rivelatori (0.4 FTE)

Preventivo 2014 e servizi

- Preventivo 2014: 80.5 kE
 - ▶ 33.5 kE consumi
 - ▶ 42.5 kE missioni
 - ▶ 2.5 kE licenze SW
 - ▶ 2.0 kE trasporti
- Laboratorio elettronica: 11 m.u.
- Officina meccanica: 4 m.u.