# Microtechnologies for Space Applications at MTLab Facility of FBK-CMM

P. Bellutti – MicroTechnologies Lab

http://mtlab.fbk.eu/en/home

INFN-Space/3
Frascati 19/09/2013







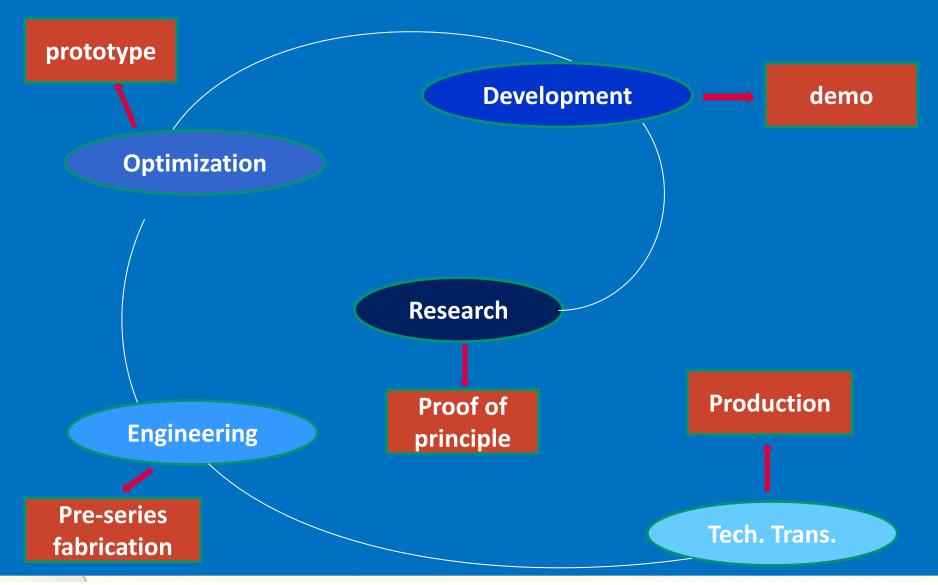
# **Microtechnologies Lab Facility**

Nationwide, the MTLab Facility is the only Public Research site currently providing at the same Location such extensive MOS, MEMS and advanced Radiation Detection R&D and Manufacturing Capabilities, open to both Industrial and Institutional Partners.





# MT Facility – Innovation model @ CMM



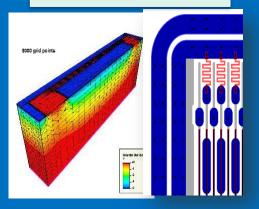


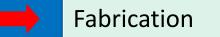


Centre for Materials and Microsystems-CMM

## Silicon Facility Expertise @CMM

TCAD simulation CAD design







#### Device testing



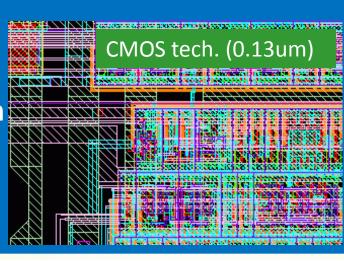
#### **Material Characterisation:**

- XPS
- SIMS
- ToF-SIMS
- TXRF
- AFM
- SEM

## **Custom CMOS design**

Development of ROIC by exploiting state of the art CMOS tech (external services)







Centre for Materials and Microsystems-CMM

# **MT Facility: MicroFabrication Area**

#### Two separate clean rooms

- 500m<sup>2</sup> of «derectors» clean room (class 10-100)
- 150m<sup>2</sup> of clean area (class 100-1000) equipped for MEMS technology

6 inch wafers (Si, Quartz, Glass)



#### **Employees**

7 Researchers

9 Technicians





Planar processing capacity: 4000 moves/week (on one shift)





## **MT Facility: Testing Area**

#### Four labs

- 20m² for manual parametric testing (2 probers)
- 15m² for solar cells qualification
- 60 m<sup>2</sup> for automatic parametric/functional testing (4 probers)
- 20 m<sup>2</sup> optical testing





#### **Employees**

- 2 Researchers
- 3 Technicians

Testing capacity: 12000 hours/year

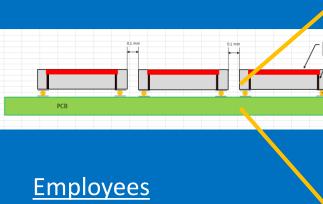




# **MT Facility: Microsystems Integration Area**

#### 40m<sup>2</sup> devoted to:

microassembly, bonding, micromilling/drilling screen printing



1 Researcher

1 Technician





# **Devices for Space Applications**

@ a glance





# **Production of Microstrip Detectors Technology**

AMS experiment (@ISS)

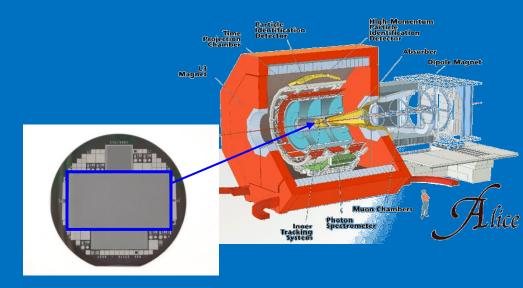


#### **Detector characteristics:**

- Area: 7.2x4.2cm<sup>2</sup>
- double-sided with orthogonal strips

700 in spec detectors produced

ALICE experiment (@CERN)



#### **Detector characteristics:**

- Area:7.5x4.2cm<sup>2</sup>
- double-sided with strips slightly tilted
- AC coupled

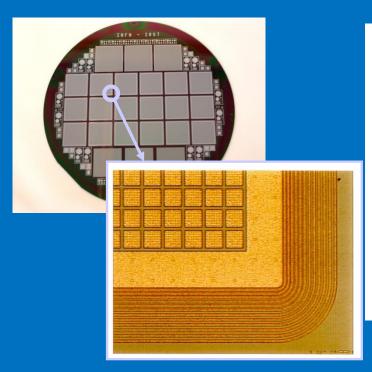
600 in spec detectors were fabricated ALICE Industrial Awards in 2006





# **Pixel Detectors Technology**

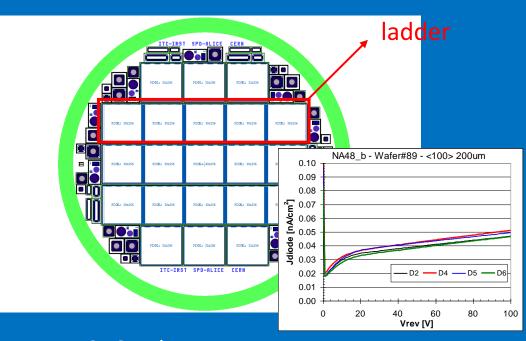
#### Medipix 1&2



- Medipix1: pixel size 170x170um²
- Medipix2: pixel size 55x55um²

Substrate thick.: up to 1.5mm

#### NA48/ALICE experiment



- ALICE SPD layout
- pixel size 50x400um²

300 ladder produced (2006-2007).

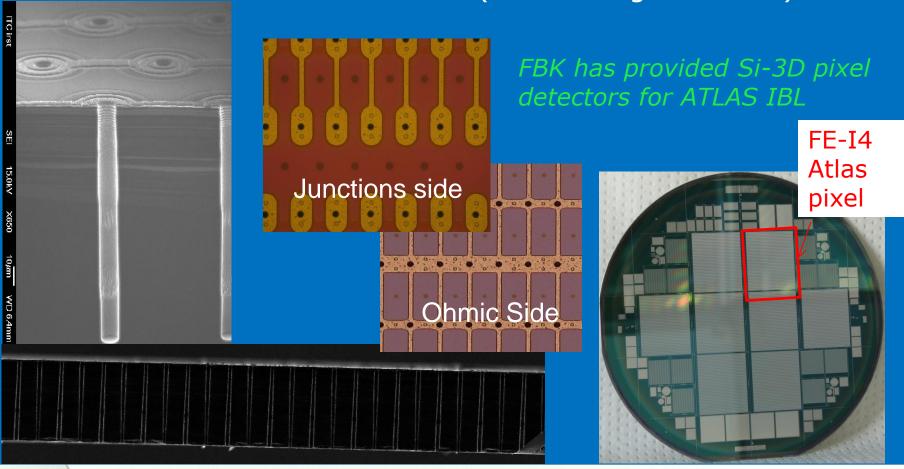
Substrate thickness: 200um





## **3D-Detectors Technology**

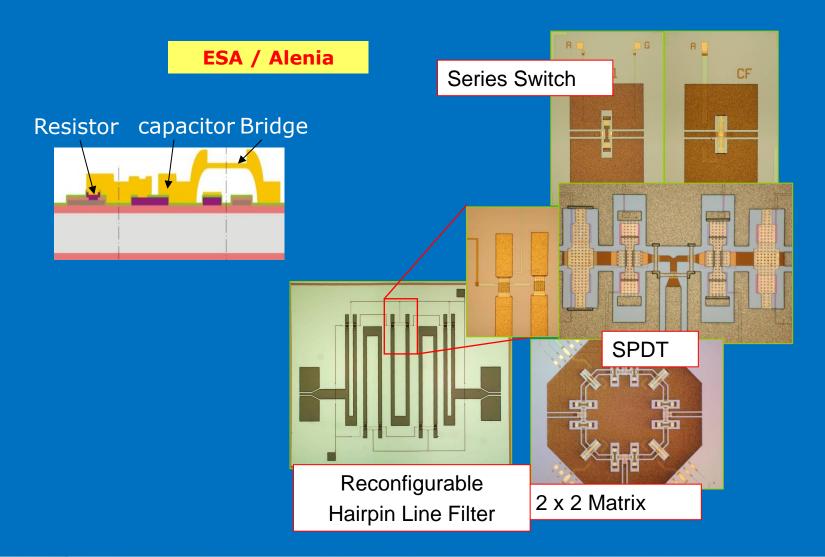
Ultra radiation-hard silicon particle detectors for future high-energy physics experiments Based on columnar electrodes (Pass through columns)







## **RF-MEMS Platform**







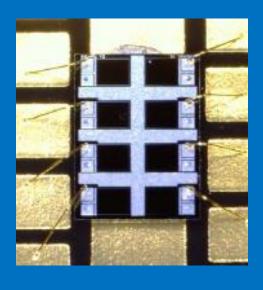
## **Phototransitors**

#### In three diferent contracts

- CNES
- ESA (optocoupler)

ESA Contract No. 4000102425/10/NL/NR

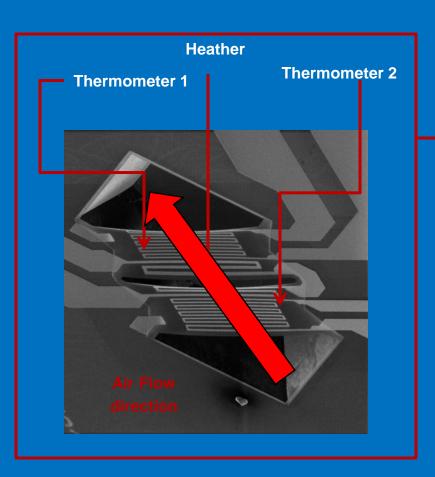
ASI

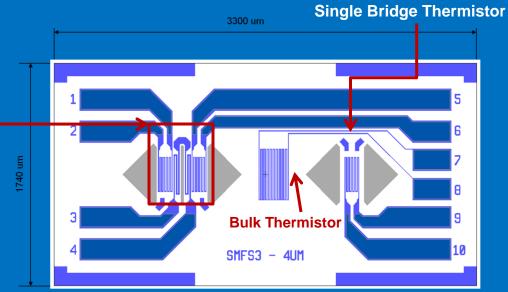






## **Mass Flow Sensors for Cold Gas Microthrusters**



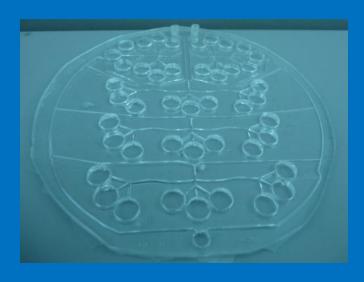


Thales Alenia Space for GAIA/LISA Pathfinder

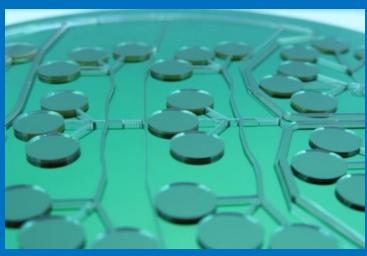




# Miniaturised Multi-parameter Cell Analysis



**ASI Astralab** 

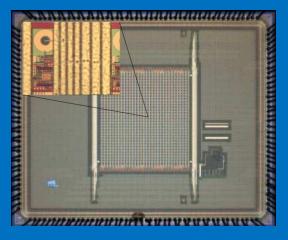






# MILS ESA Project: CSEM, FBK, Astrium, LZH, EPFL

- FBK was technology provider of SPAD-based CMOS imager for LIDAR
- Different technologies have been assessed (CMOS PMD vs CMOS SPAD, micro mirrors)
- SPAD-based solution was demonstrated to be the best candidate for rendezvous and landing





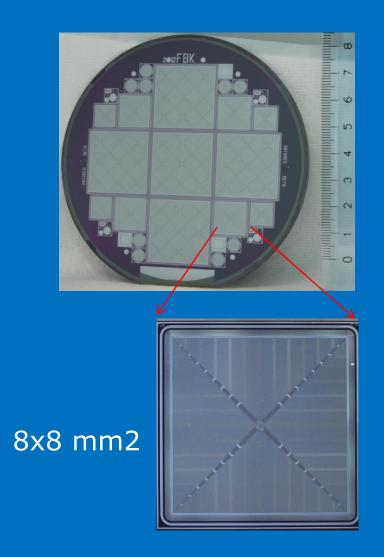


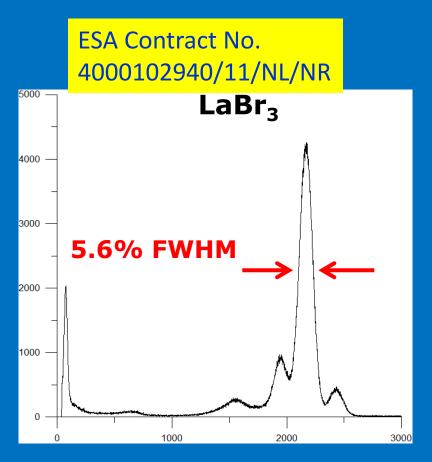






## **Silicon Drift Detectors**





Gamma-ray spectrum of <sup>57</sup>Co





# LOFT (Large Observatory For x-ray Timingin)

Science: high energy astrophysics - state and nature of matter in ultradense (supra-nuclear) conditions (Equation of State of NS); behaviour of matter under strong gravitational field (General Relativity close to BH) and ultrastrong magnetic field; multi-purpose general observatory (high energy resolution combined with 10-m<sup>2</sup> effective collecting area).

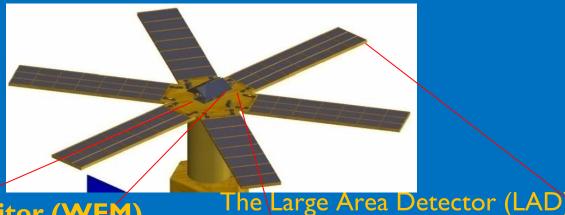
Enabling Technology: large-area Silicon Drift Detectors (INFN-LHC-ALICE heritage, FBK SDD technology development since 2009, INFN-FBK Loft dedicated development since 2011) enable to deploy 18-m<sup>2</sup> of X-ray detectors in space

Scientific Consortium: Kaly (PI), UK, France, Germany, Switzerland, Spain, Denmark, Finland, Poland, Czech Rep., USA, Japan, Brazil, India

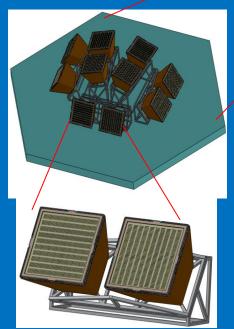
In Italy: ASI, INAF, INFN, Universities; FEK to produce SDDs, TAS-I running for Prime contractor







The Wide Field Monitor (WFM)



Driving technology: FBK / INFN Trieste Large-area



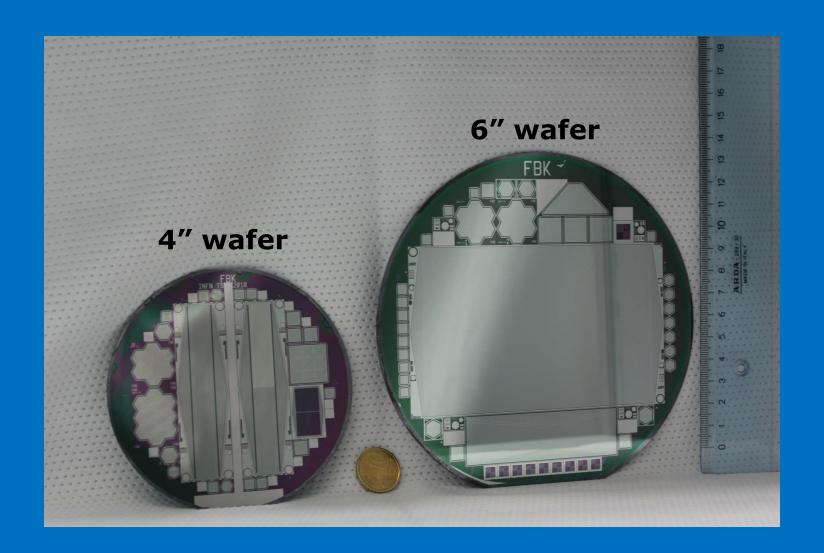
WFM FoV covers >50% of the LAD-accessible sky at any time, in the 2-50 keV energy range







Centre for Materials and Microsystems-CMM

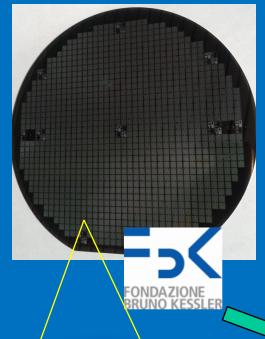




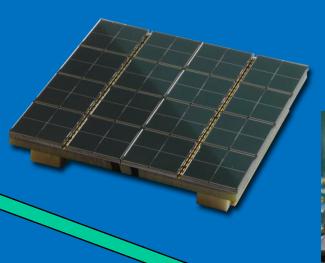


# **Silicon Photomultiplier Technology**

For calorimetry















# SiPM Tech. Road Map







(Red-Green-Blue SiPM)



**NUV-SiPM** 

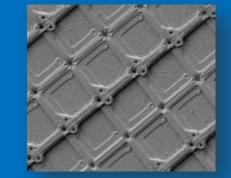
(Near-UV SiPM)



RGB-SiPM\_HD

(Red-Green-Blue SiPM – high density)















# **Thanks for your Attention**



