

## Enabling Grids for E-sciencE



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Francesco Giacomini – INFN-CNAF

www.eu-egee.org www.glite.org







- WMS/CE overview
- Current situation
  - Recent improvements
  - Testing activity
- Near-future plans
  - gLite restructuring
- Conclusions



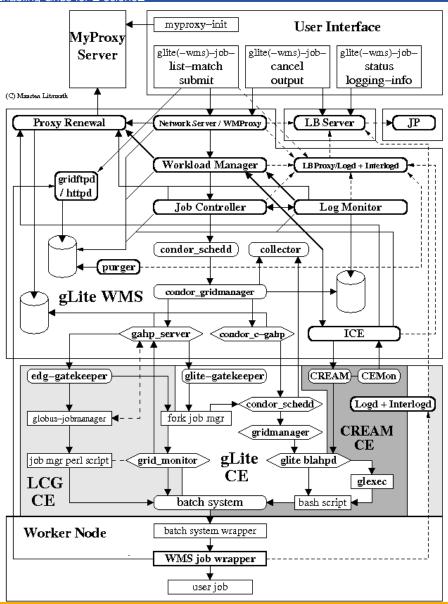




- The Workload Management System (WMS) comprises a set of Grid middleware components responsible for the distribution and management of tasks across Grid resources, in particular Computing Elements (CE), in such a way that applications are conveniently, efficiently and effectively executed
- Multiple processes on multiple machines
- Reliable communication, with persistency where/when needed
- Actions are done on behalf of the user, i.e. with delegated credentials

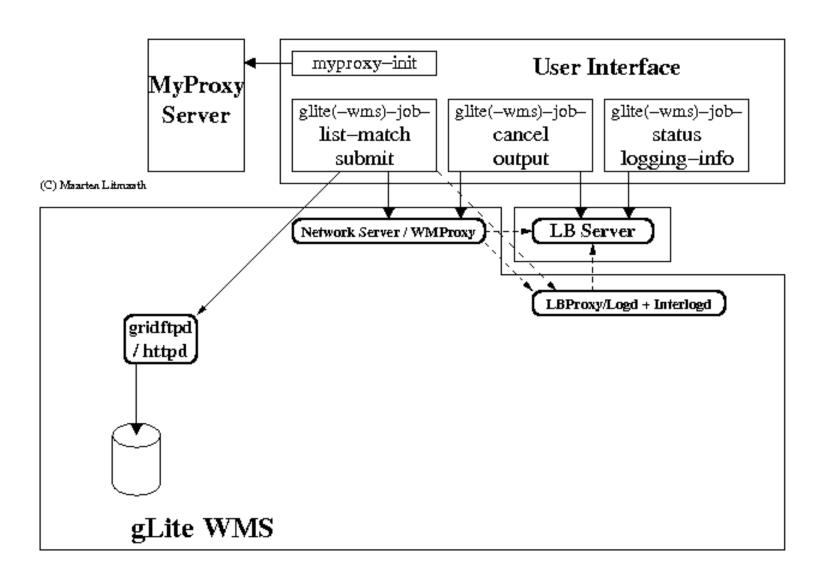


# **System Overview**



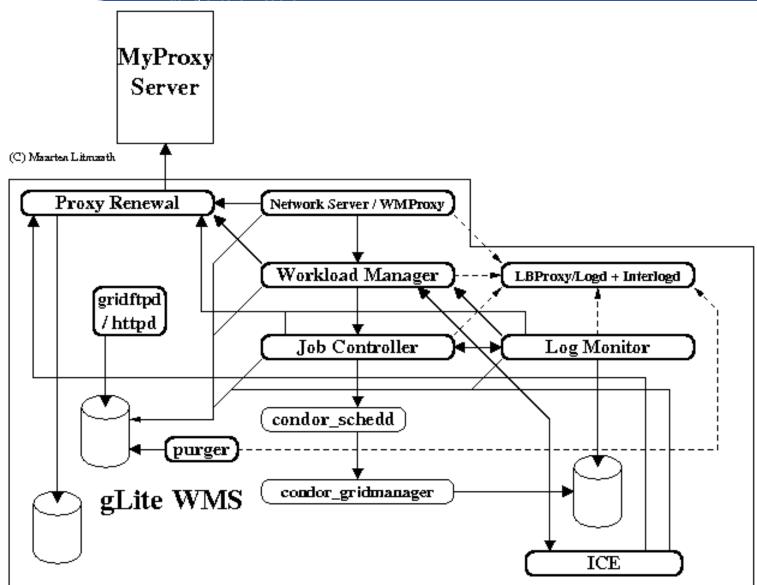


## **UI-WMS Interaction**



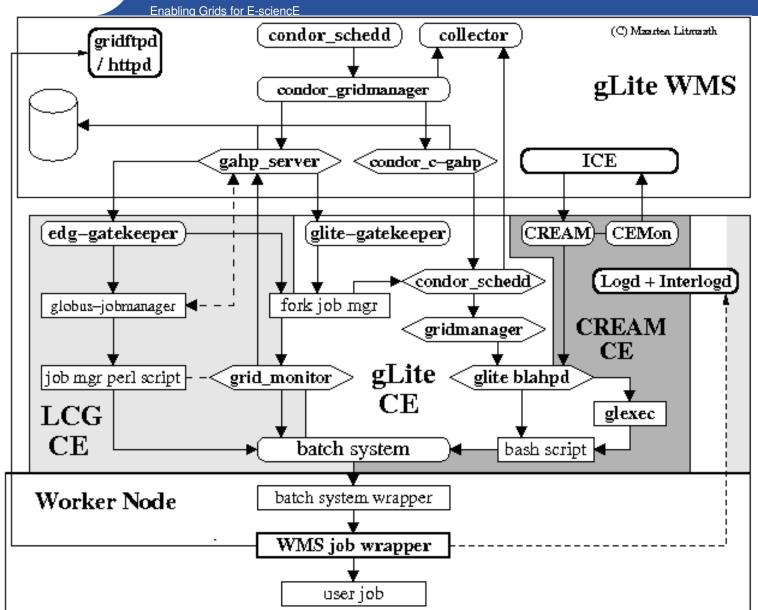


## **WMS Processing**





## **WMS-CE-WN Interaction**





## Recent improvements

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## Towards adoption of standard specifications

- Web service interface both for WMS and CE
  - BES
- JSDL
- Multi-language (C++, Java, Python) APIs

#### Sandbox management

- Compression
- Sharing
- On remote server (i.e. not loaded on the WMS)
- Support for multiple protocols, now gridftp and https
- Bulk submission and matchmaking
  - See later



## Recent improvements /2

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## Service discovery

- To automatically find both WMS endpoints on the client side and LB endpoints on the server side
- Some effort on leveraging the DNS is on-going

### Job files perusal

Look at the files produced by the job while it's running

### Job Wrapper

- Interoperability with OSG
- VO hook, i.e. allow applications to find middleware

## NS deprecated

Dismissed RLS support

- New components put in stand-by due to the prioritization of the certification and deployment activities
  - Difficult to improve these components if not used by real users
  - CREAM (CE), G-PBox (policy mechanism)
- Preview test-bed created by JRA1 to expose to users and site managers those components not yet considered for certification
- Slow start
  - Problems identifying resources
  - Best-effort support



## **Experimental services**

- Scalability of some critical components needed improvements
  - Stability as well
  - Workload Management System (WMS) and the Logging & Bookkeeping (LB)
  - gLite Computing Element (gLite CE)
- The normal certification process is not adequate
  - Tests need to be done at production scale
- Direct and continuous involvement of developers cannot stop before the scalability tests
  - ⇒ organizational changes



## **Experimental services /2**

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### Experimental Services were introduced

- WMS/LB at CNAF, gLite CE at CERN
- Instances of the services attached to the production infrastructure
- Maintained by SA1 and SA3
- JRA1 patches are installed immediately (before the certification)
- Testing done by selected application users
- Process controlled by the EMT

## The result was a rapid improvement of the components

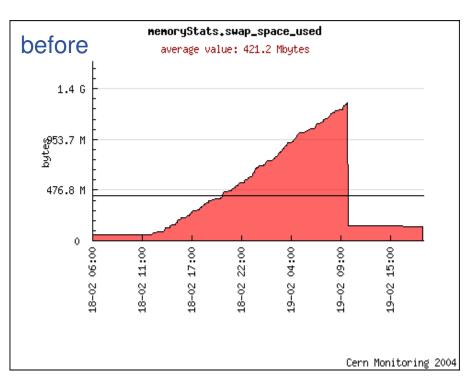
- WMS and LB now ready for production
- Most gLiteCE problems ironed out
  - But some not specific to the gLite CE, e.g. Proxy renewal didn't work at CERN because of a peculiar firewall setup between front end and WNs
- Next will be the new CREAM Computing Element

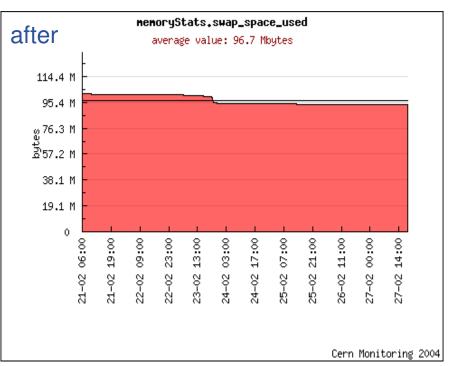


## High memory usage healing

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#### Evident memory leaks in some components



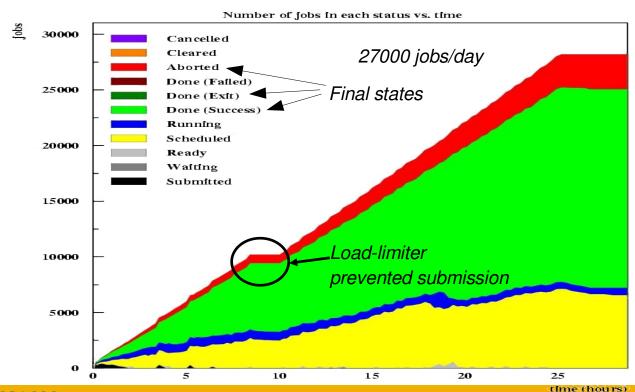


- Inadequate memory management in the C++ runtime
  - Use of alternative allocators (e.g. google-malloc)



## **Acceptance tests**

- A single WMS/LB instance should demonstrate submission rates of at least 10 Kjobs/day sustained over 5 days, without the need to be restarted
- The number of stale jobs after 5 days must be < 5%</li>



- Bulk submission: possibility to submit a bunch of jobs in one single interaction with the WMS
  - (possibly) heterogeneous → collection
  - Homogeneous → parametric
- These jobs used to be transformed into a DAG and managed with Condor DAGMan
  - Correct but overkill solution, because nodes don't have dependencies
  - Major source of instability and complexity of the system
  - Mitigation hacks, e.g. global limit on the number of planners
- Now direct management
  - Much smoother behavior



# **Bulk matchmaking**

- Natural completion of bulk submission
  - Match "equivalent" jobs in one shot, i.e. with one single mm operation
- Two jobs are equivalent if their significant attributes are literally the same
- The significant attributes are specified by the user
  - Typically Requirements, Rank, FuzzyRank, ...



- Batch-system Local Ascii Helper
- Interface to reliably transfer jobs to a batch system for execution
- From past production experience:
  - It needs to be as simple and lightweight as reasonably achievable
  - It needs to keep as little state as reasonably achievable
- Used by both the gLite CE and CREAM



#### Pros:

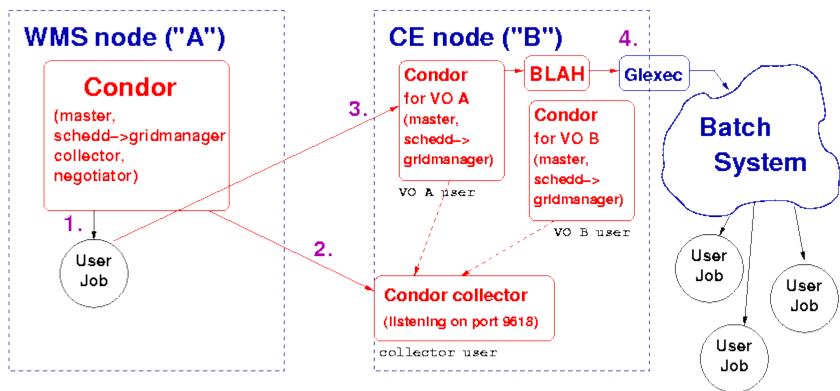
- Practical and workable abstraction to map the job lifecycle onto a different system
- Still a reasonably simple component with little dependencies

#### Cons:

- Hard to resist pressure to add more functionality to this supposedly thin layer
- Needs some tracking with new versions of batch systems to synchronize with changes in client functionality and log formats



 Try replacing with more stable measures the (many) workarounds that had to be added in the Condor-G layer and the EDG RB to address GRAM troubles



- 1. Job is submitted to Condor on A
- 2. Condor on A gueries collector on B
- 3. Job is transferred to Condor on B
- 4. Job is executed on batch system via BLAH and Glexec



- INFN solution to the computing resource management problem
- Designed and implemented from scratch
  - No legacy constraints
  - Adoption of WS standards
- Thoroughly tested on the preview testbed
  - Outperforms other CEs
- Appeared on the experimental WMS
  - ICE is the client side of CREAM, equivalent to JC + CondorG + LM
  - With the DAG-less collections, nodes can now be submitted to ICE
  - Direct support for bulk submission to ICE/CREAM is planned



- Usual support, bug fixing, coordination, ...
  - >50% of the time
- The current functionality is reasonably complete
  - Applications/frameworks can be built on top of the current system
    - e.g. Workflow management
  - New features will be added only on (strong) demand
- Most development dedicated to improve stability, performance, scalability, ...
  - The system is resource-hungry
- Portability to other platforms

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#### User-friendliness

- Review of error messages
- Is the provided interface adequate?

## Sysadmin-friendliness

- Simplify system installation/configuration/management
- Common Logging Format
  - security-driven
  - https://edms.cern.ch/document/793208
- Grid Monitoring Working Group
  - Started with a survey collecting information for each service: log files, files/directories, network ports, useful metrics, ...



# gLite restructuring

- The support of legacy components and the existing internal and external dependencies make the gLite stack too complex
  - One of the causes of the delay of the gLite 3.1 release
- Finally the need to stop the development of new functionality was recognized, in order to devote some time to the code base cleanup
- Activity in principle pursued with high priority, but the daily duties still take a lot of time
  - support, bug fixing, important improvements decided by the TCG,
    adoption of ETICS, porting to SLC4, porting to 64bit archs, ...
- The result will be a simpler system



- The job management system has finally reached an acceptable state
  - It is usable
  - Feature-complete (more or less)
- The system has not yet reached a stable state
  - Still a lot of development needed to address non-functional aspects of the system
  - Need to address some architectural shortcomings
    - e.g. Policies and Information System
- Organizational changes will be reflected in EGEE-III
  - Closer collaboration between development and testing&certification
  - The responsibility of a component assigned to a single partner