

Proposal for an INFN Research Network (Iniziativa Specifica)

Section I:

Title:

Structure and Reactions of Nuclei: towards a global Theory

Acronym:

Strength

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Ex MI31:

P.F. Bortignon (P.O.)

R.A. Broglia (P.O, Ass.Senior)

G. Colo' (P.Ass.)

E. Vigezzi (Dir. Ric.)

Forte collegamento
con l'esperimento -> 50% Gr. III

X. Roca-Maza (Ass. Univ.)

M. Brenna (dott.)

Y. Niu (borsa post-doc, da nov. 2013)

A. Idini (dott., fino a feb. 2013)

2009-2012:
56 pubbl. ISI
65 talks

Density Functional Theory
Collective modes
Nuclear Field Theory (Particle-vibration coupling)
Nuclear superfluidity

Transfer reactions

Nuclear equation of state (symmetry energy)
Inner crust of neutron stars
Electron capture (supernovae)

MINISTERO DELL'ISTRUZIONE DELL'UNIVERSITÀ E DELLA RICERCA

Dipartimento per l'Università, l'Alta Formazione Artistica, Musicale e Coreutica e per la Ricerca Direzione Generale per il Coordinamento e lo Sviluppo della Ricerca

PROGRAMMI DI RICERCA SCIENTIFICA DI RILEVANTE INTERESSE NAZIONALE - Bando 2012

D.M. 28 dicembre 2012 n. 957/Ric

(Il presente decreto viene pubblicato nelle more della registrazione da parte della Corte dei Conti)

**PROPOSTA DI PROGETTO DI RICERCA TRIENNALE
prot. 2012EFFSEC
PARTE II**

1 - Titolo del Progetto di Ricerca

Testo italiano

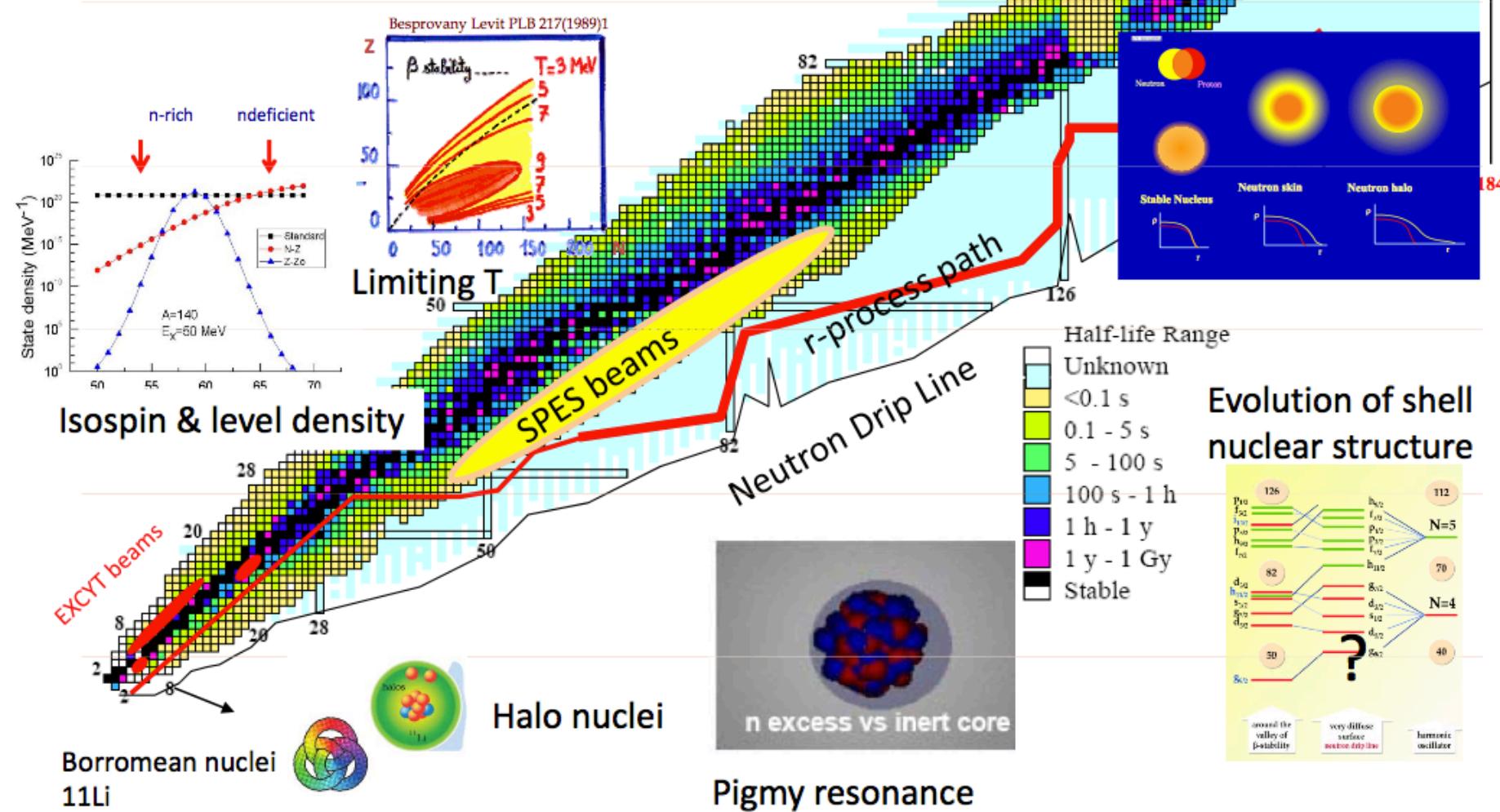
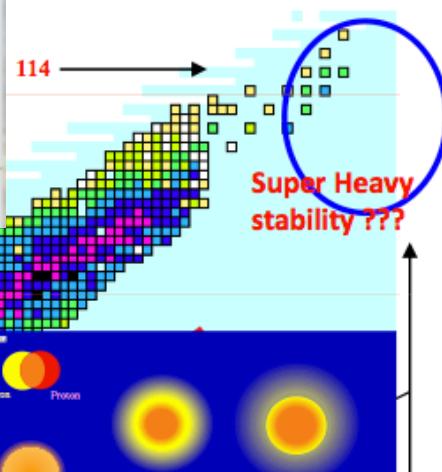
Teoria del nucleo atomico nell'era degli acceleratori per fasci radioattivi

Testo inglese

Nuclear Theory in the Era of Radioactive ion beam Facilities (TERF)

7 - Elenco delle Unità operative

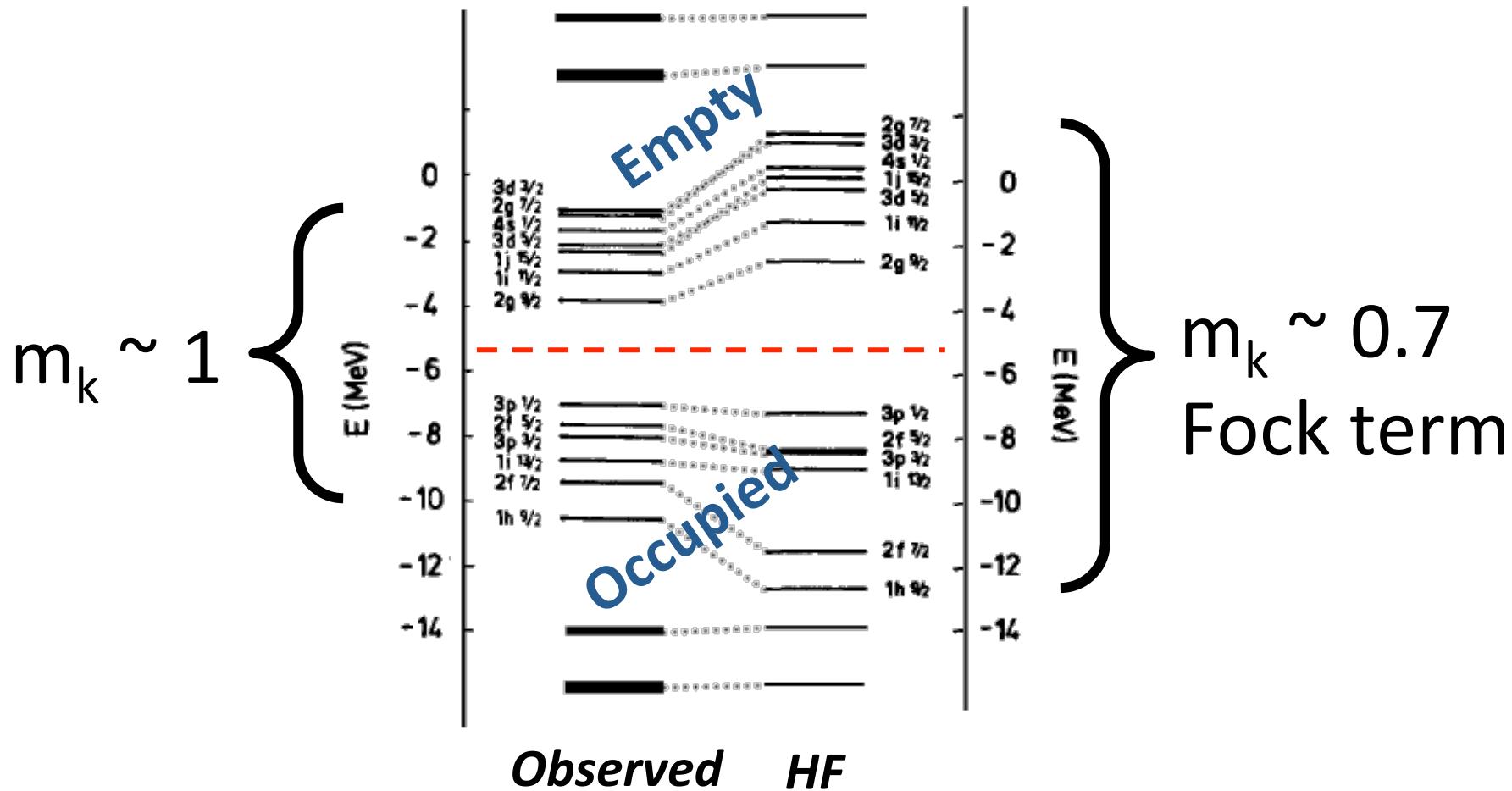
n°	Responsabile dell'Unità di Ricerca	Qualifica	Università/Enti	E-mail	Titolo e Data di conseguimento (primo dottorato o prima specializzazione, in assenza, prima laurea) solo per linea A o linea B
1.	COLO' Gianluca	Professore Associato confermato	Università degli Studi di MILANO	colo@mi.infn.it	Dottorato: 25/09/1993 Linea d'intervento: C
2.	COLONNA Maria	Primo ricercatore	Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare	colonna@lns.infn.it	Dottorato: 15/09/1993 Linea d'intervento: C
3.	LENZI Silvia Monica	Professore Associato confermato	Università degli Studi di PADOVA	lenzi@pd.infn.it	Dottorato: 22/10/1987 Linea d'intervento: C
4.	ITACO Nunzio	Ricercatore confermato	Università degli Studi di NAPOLI "Federico II"	itaco@na.infn.it	Dottorato: 09/06/1998 Linea d'intervento: B



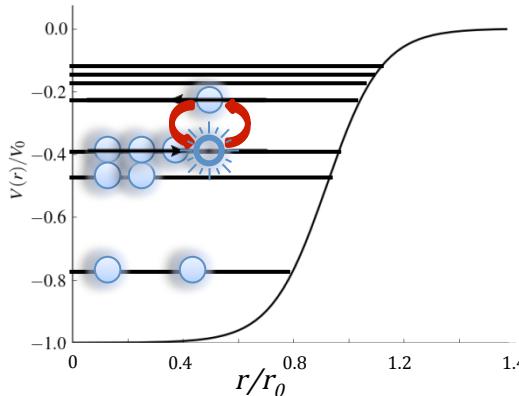
Hartree-Fock mean field provides qualitative agreement with exp. data

^{208}Pb

Neutron single particle levels



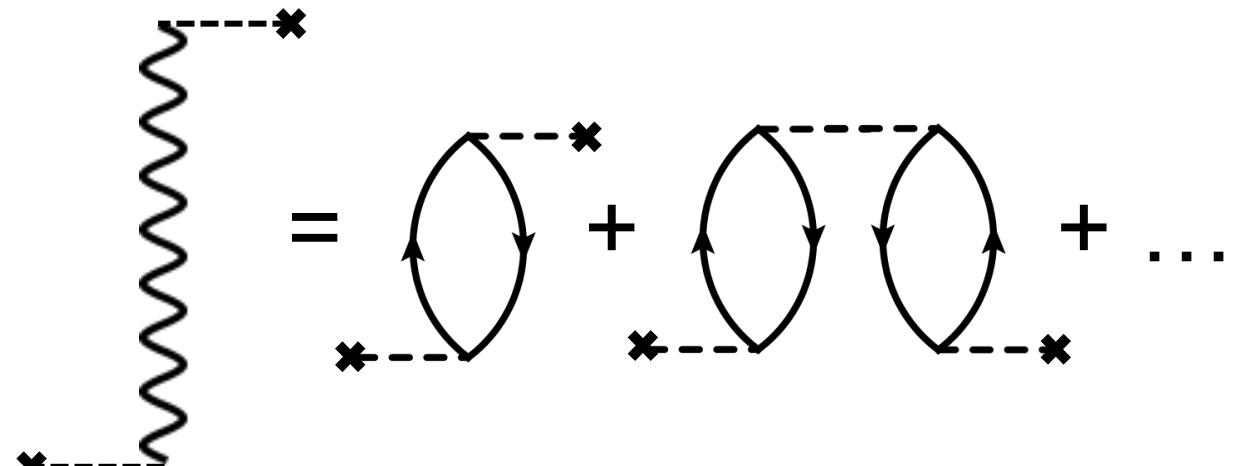
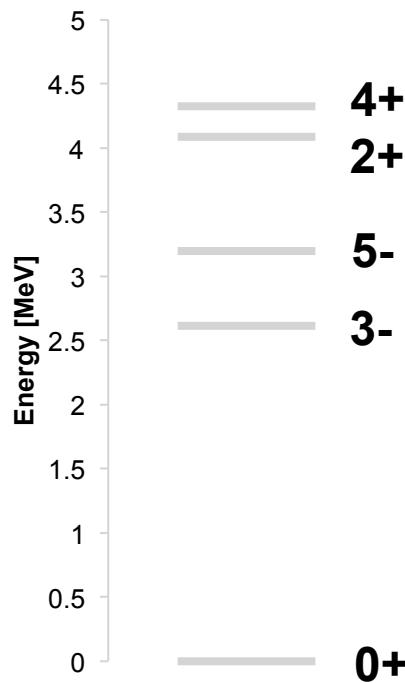
Teamworking



^{208}Pb



Correlated Particle-Hole excitations give rise to Collective Excitations.



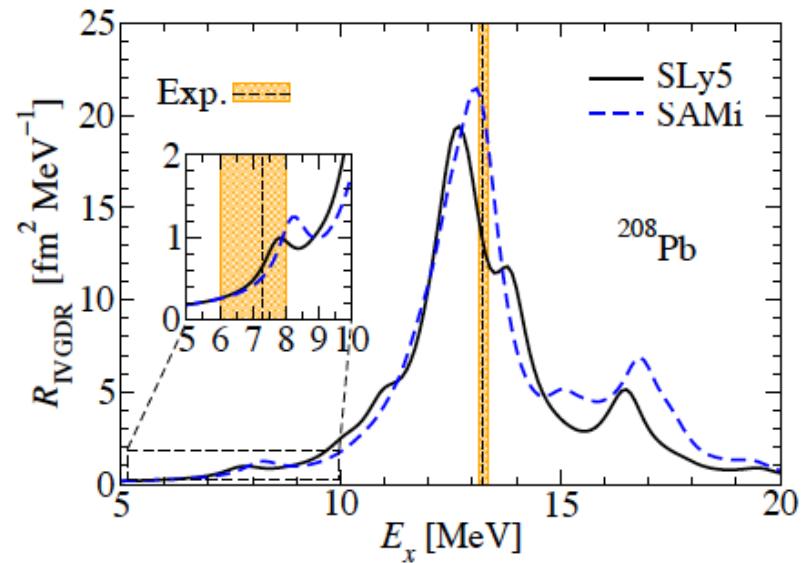
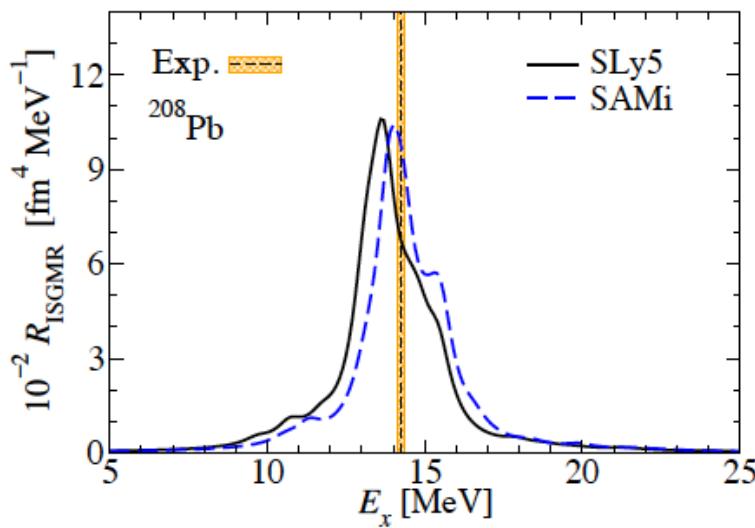
Random Phase Approximation



Many Body Systems are
coherent ensembles

They're forced
Playing together

Searching the best effective interaction: SAMi (Skyrme-Aizu-Milano) parameter set

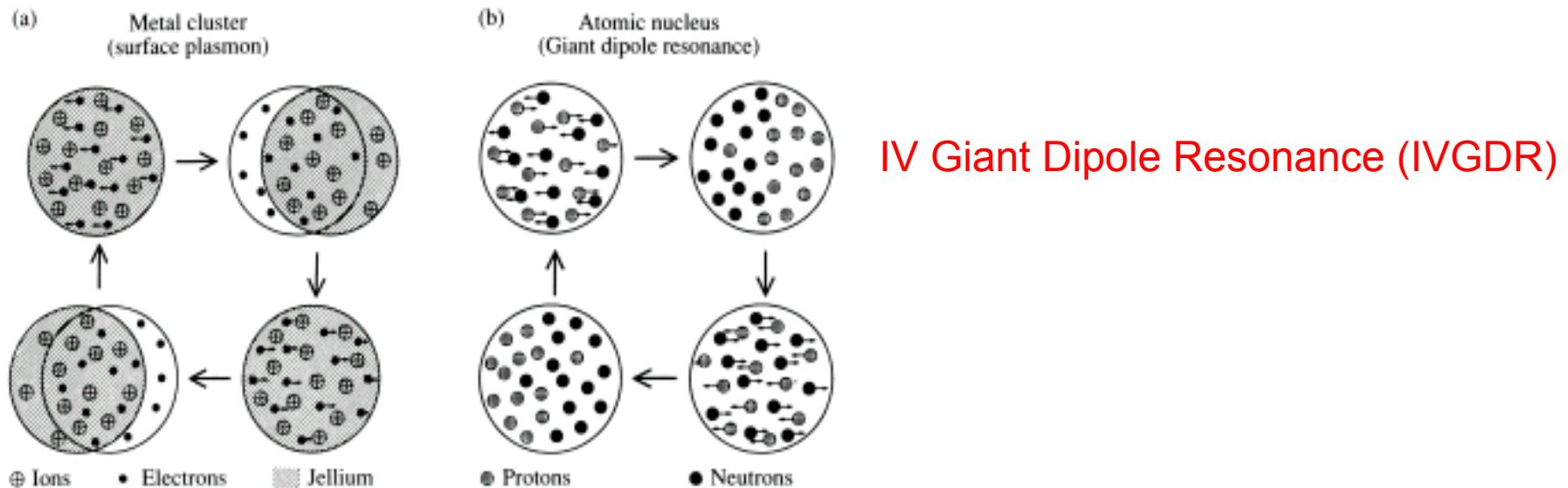


This set provides good results for both nuclear matter properties like the symmetry energy, and for GRs - including charge-exchange ones.

X. Roca-Maza, G.C., H. Sagawa,
Phys. Rev. C 86, 031306(R) (2012).

Isovector modes and symmetry energy

Neutrons and protons oscillate in opposition of phase. We expect that their properties can shed light on S.



Nuclear matter EOS

Symmetric matter EOS

Symmetry energy S

$$\frac{E}{A}(\rho, \beta) = \frac{E}{A}(\rho, \beta = 0) + S(\rho)\beta^2$$

$$\beta \equiv \frac{\rho_n - \rho_p}{\rho}$$

Main parameters that govern S:

$$S(\rho_0) \equiv J$$

$$S'(\rho_0) \equiv L/3\rho_0$$

$$S''(\rho_0) \equiv K_{\text{sym}}/9\rho_0^2$$

Nuclear structure experiments

- Hadronic/EM probes

Milano

O. Wieland *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 102, 092502 (2009)

- Weak probes

PREX (Roma)

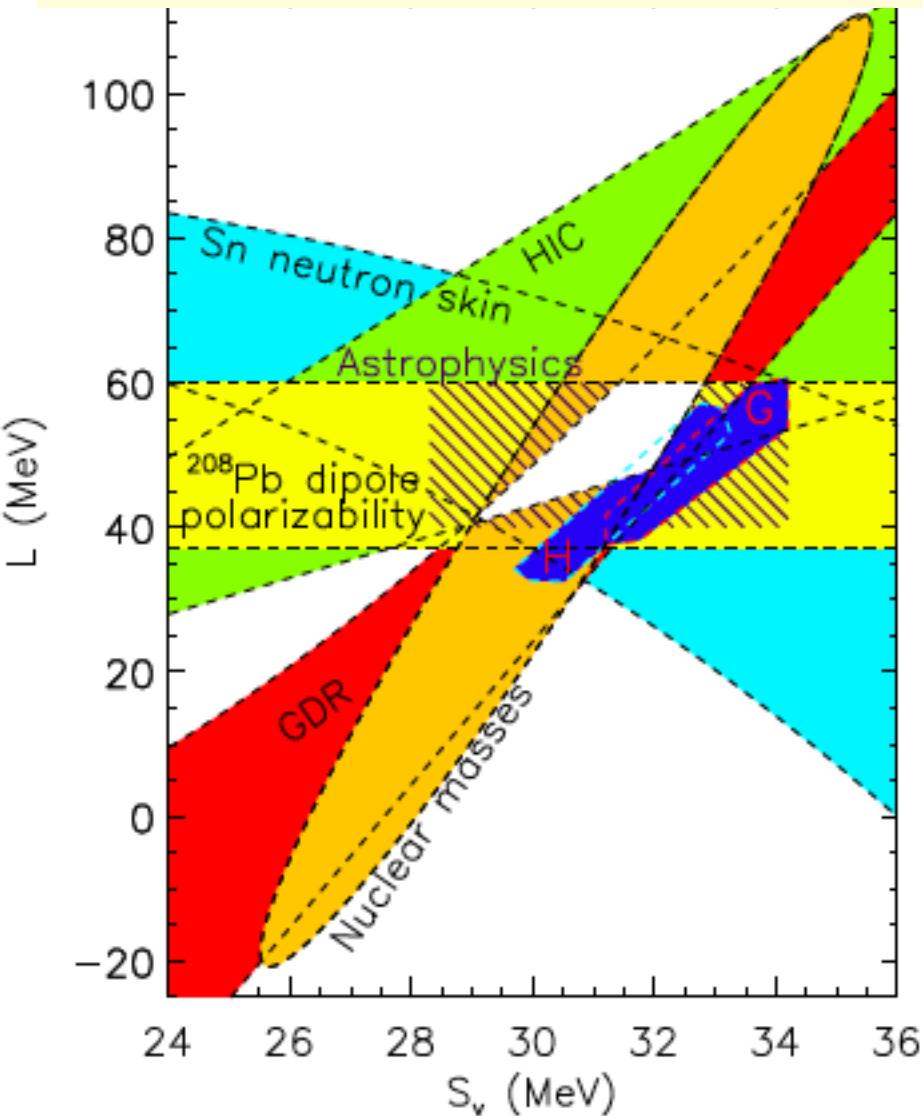
S. Abrahamyan *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 108, 112502 (2012).

Nuclear reaction experiments

LNS

Observational data

M.B. Tsang *et al.*, PRC 86, 015803 (2012)
J.M. Lattimer, J. Lim, arXiv:1203.4286



Need to go beyond mean field description: one nucleon transfer experiments show that single-particle have spectroscopic factors smaller than one. This can be taken into account considering the coupling with collective vibrations (Nuclear Field Theory)

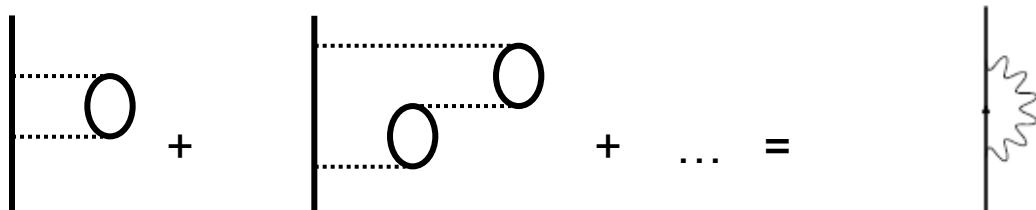
In the Dyson equation

$$[\omega - H_0]G(\vec{r}, \vec{r}'; \omega) = \delta(\vec{r} - \vec{r}') + \int d^3r' \Sigma(\vec{r}, \vec{r}'; \omega)G(\vec{r}, \vec{r}'; \omega)$$

we assume the self-energy is given by the coupling with RPA vibrations

$$\Sigma(\vec{r}, \vec{r}'; \omega) = \int d^3r_1 d^3r_2 v(\vec{r}, \vec{r}_1) \Pi^{(RPA)}(\vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2; \omega) v(\vec{r}_2, \vec{r}')$$

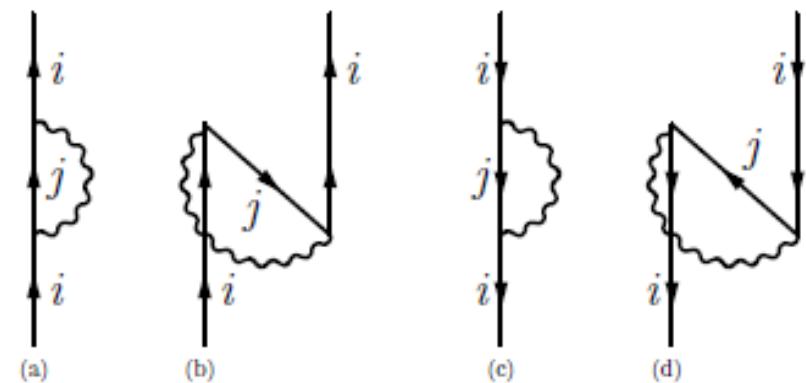
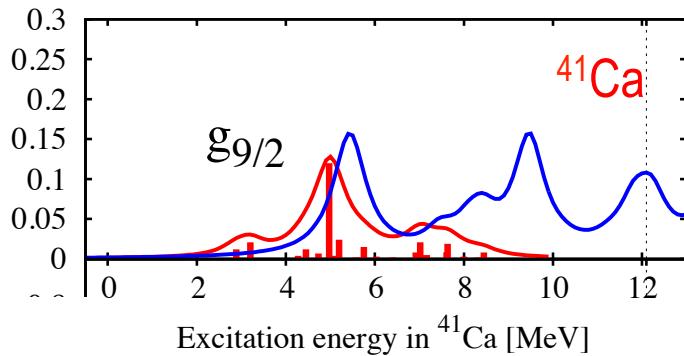
In a diagrammatic way



**Particle-vibration
coupling**

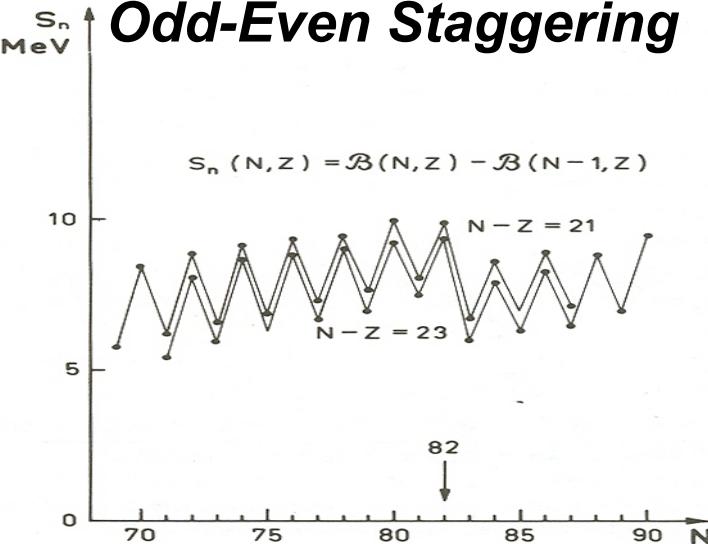
Microscopic calculations

- Starting from exact many-body equations the lowest-order approximation to PVC is calculated using consistently an effective interaction (Skyrme). Refitting should be necessary.
- S.p. states: r.m.s. deviations th. vs. exp. below ≈ 1 MeV (^{40}Ca , $^{208}\text{Pb} \dots$)
G.Colo', H. Sagawa, P.F. Bortignon, PRC 82, 064307 (2010).
- Implementation in the continuum. K. Mizuyama, G. Colo', E. Vigezzi, PRC 86, 034318 (2012).



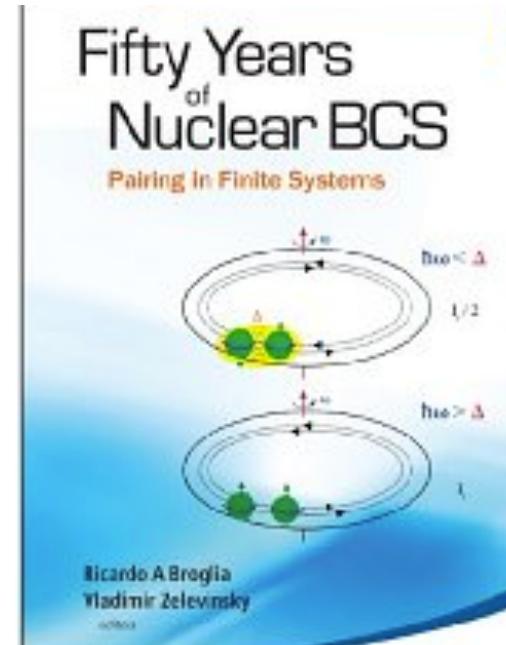
Nuclear Superfluidity

Odd-Even Staggering

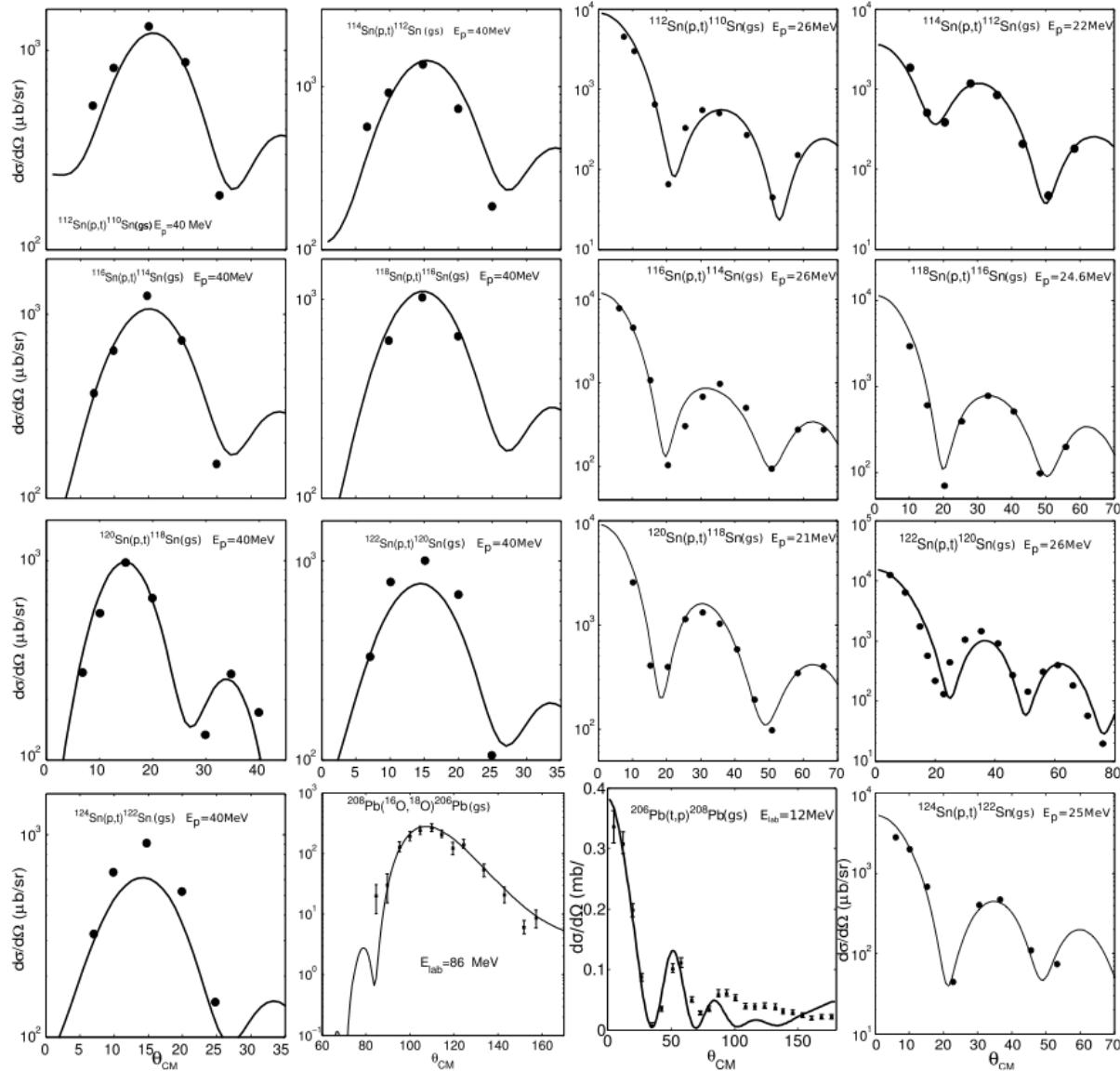


Different behaviour from **even** to **odd** open shell nuclei

Fermions pair together in bound states
(Cooper pairs): (quasi)bosons



The best probe of pairing correlations: two-particle transfer reactions



Success of second order
DWBA in the calculation of
absolute two-neutron
transfer cross sections

G. Potel et al.,
arXiv 1304.2569

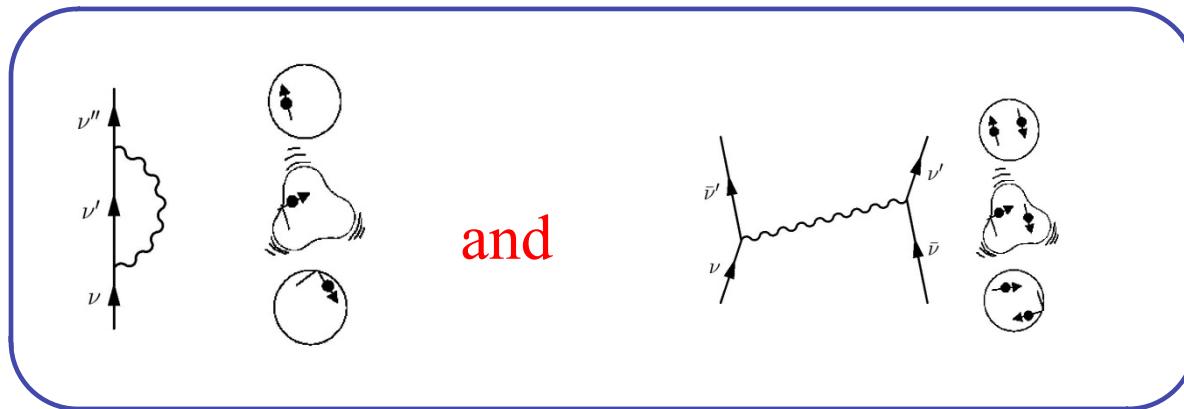
Theoretical progress in the microscopic description of superfluid nuclei beyond mean field: pairing induced interaction

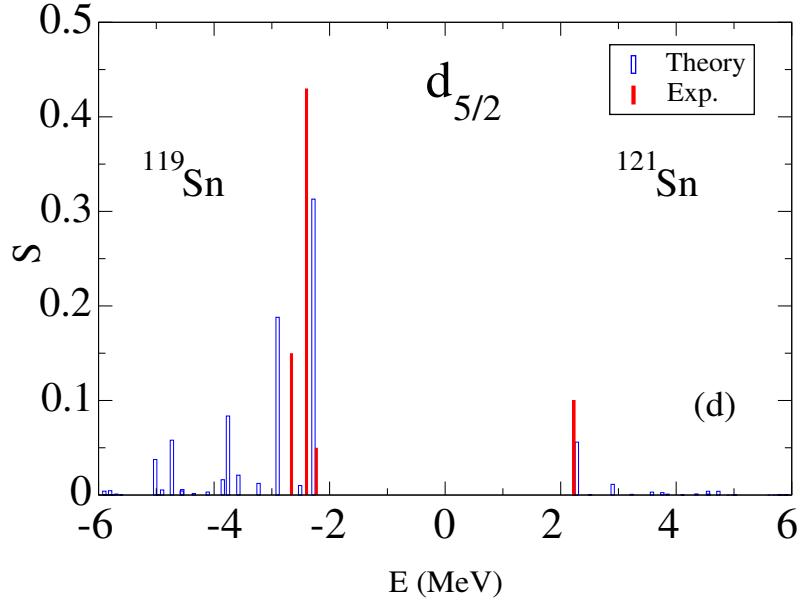
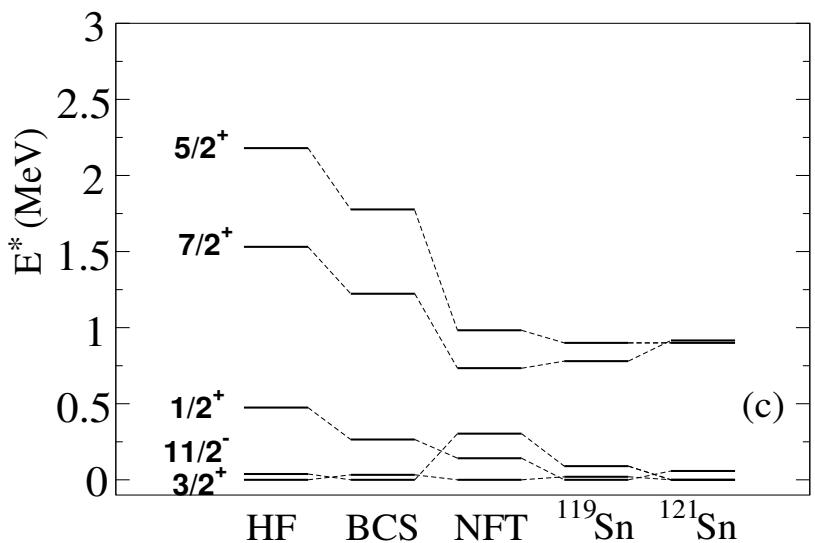
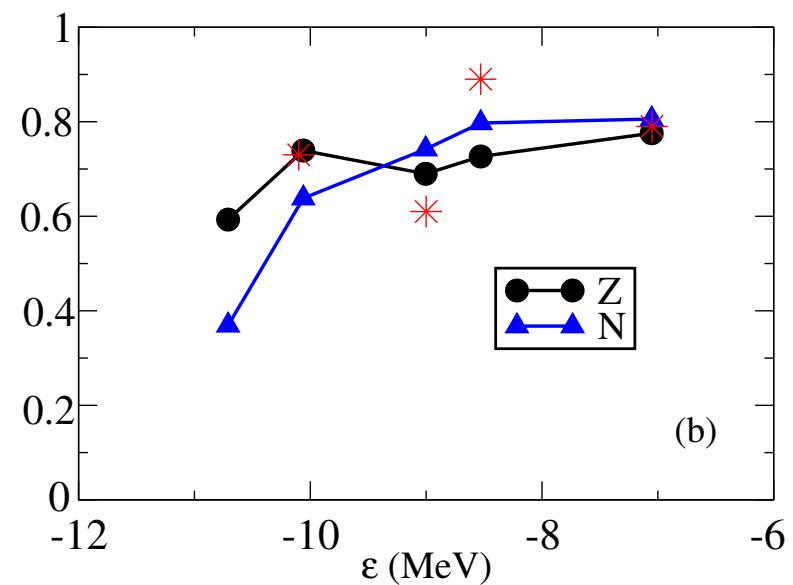
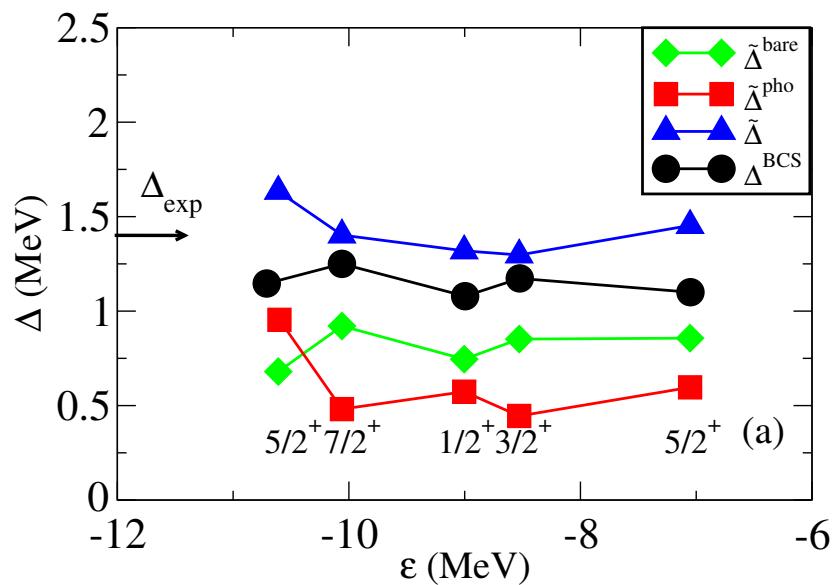
by extending the Dyson equation...

$$G_{\mu}^{-1} = (G_{\mu}^o)^{-1} - \Sigma_{\mu}(\omega)$$



to the case of superfluid nuclei (Nambu-Gor'kov), it is possible to consider both:

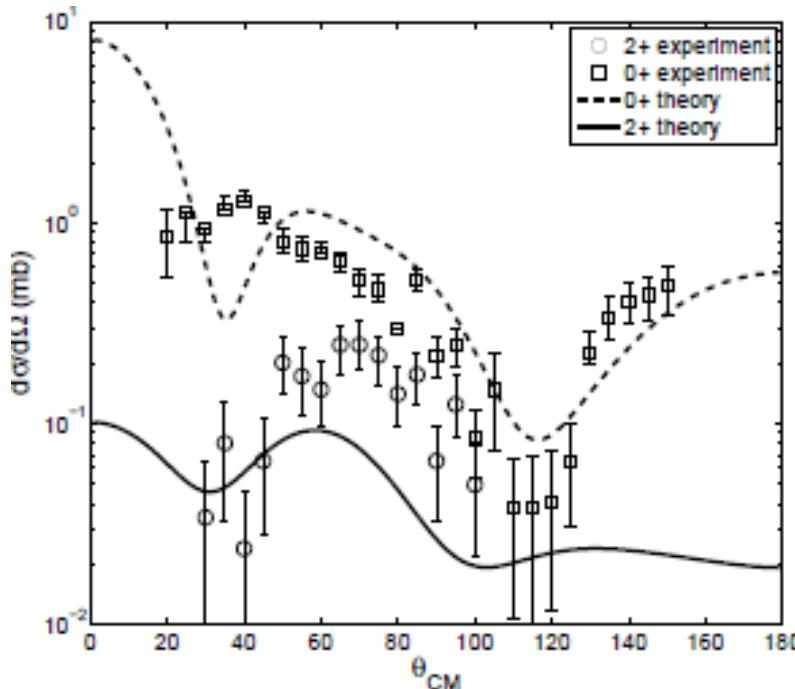




Understanding the physics of halo nuclei

Data	Value	Refs.
S_{2n}	$378 \pm 5, 369.15 \pm 0.65$ keV	[7,8]
^{11}Li matter radius	$3.27 \pm 0.24, 3.12 \pm 0.16, 3.55 \pm 0.10$ fm	[9–11]
^9Li matter radius	2.30 ± 0.02 fm	[10,12]
^{11}Li charge radius	$2.467(37), 2.423(34), 2.426(34)$ fm	[13–15]
^9Li charge radius	$2.217(35), 2.185(33)$ fm	[13,14]
–	–	–

	$\sigma(^{11}\text{Li(gs)} \rightarrow ^9\text{Li (i)})$ (mb)		
i	ΔL	Theory	Experiment
gs ($3/2^-$)	0	6.1	5.7 ± 0.9
2.69 MeV ($1/2^-$)	2	0.5	1.0 ± 0.36



G. Potel et al.,
PRL 105 (2010) 172502