

# LHCb Physics and Upgrade Introduction

Physics Results & upgrade introduction

RICH upgrade

DAQ & trigger upgrade

DL

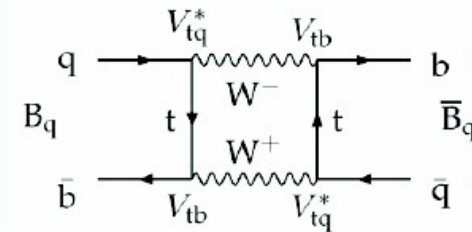
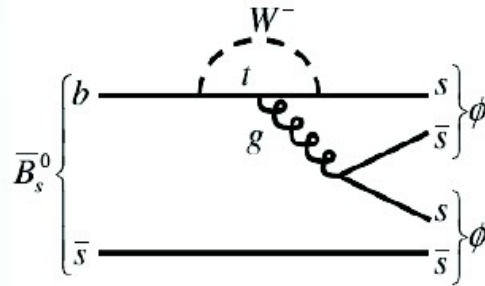
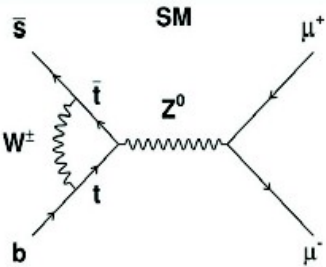
Gabriele Simi

Gianmaria Collazuol

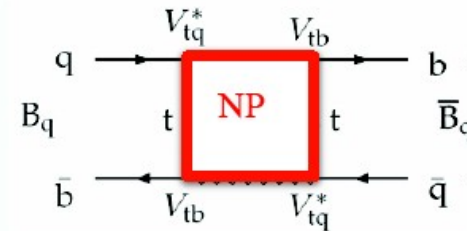
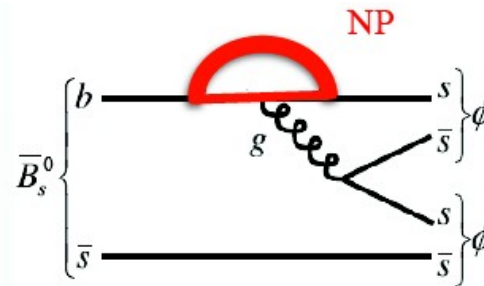
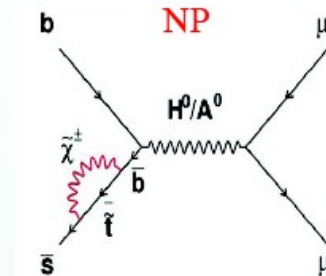
# Why b Physics

- ◆ Direct search for New Physics is becoming difficult, the mass scale could be not in LHC reaches
- ◆ Any extension of SM found in direct search must comply with a non-trivial flavor structure  $\rightarrow$  flavor key element of any BSM
- ◆ Searches via quantum loops already have reached quite large mass scales given certain assumptions.
- ◆ Examples :

SM



NP

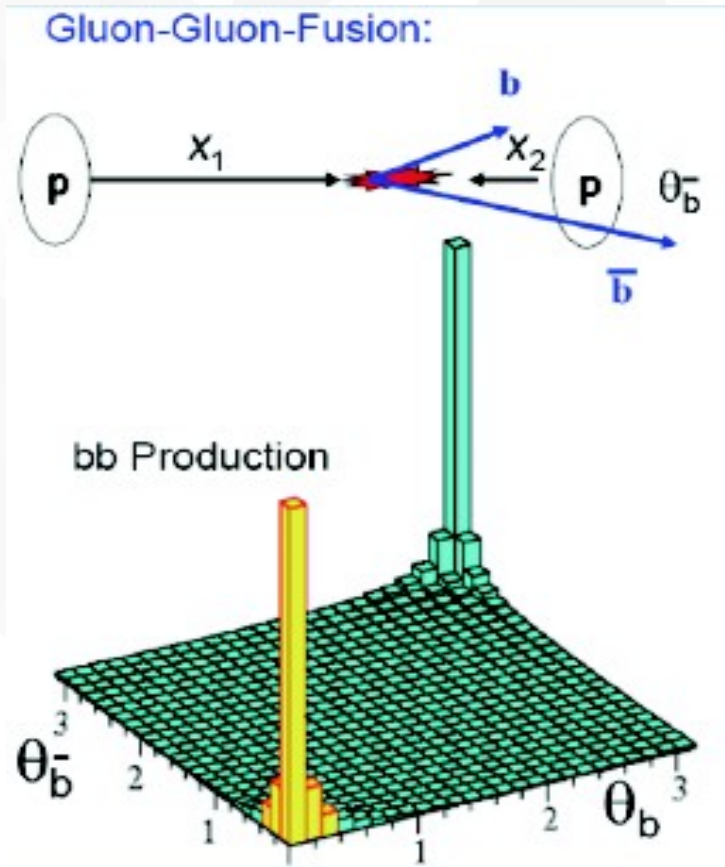


# b Production at LHCb

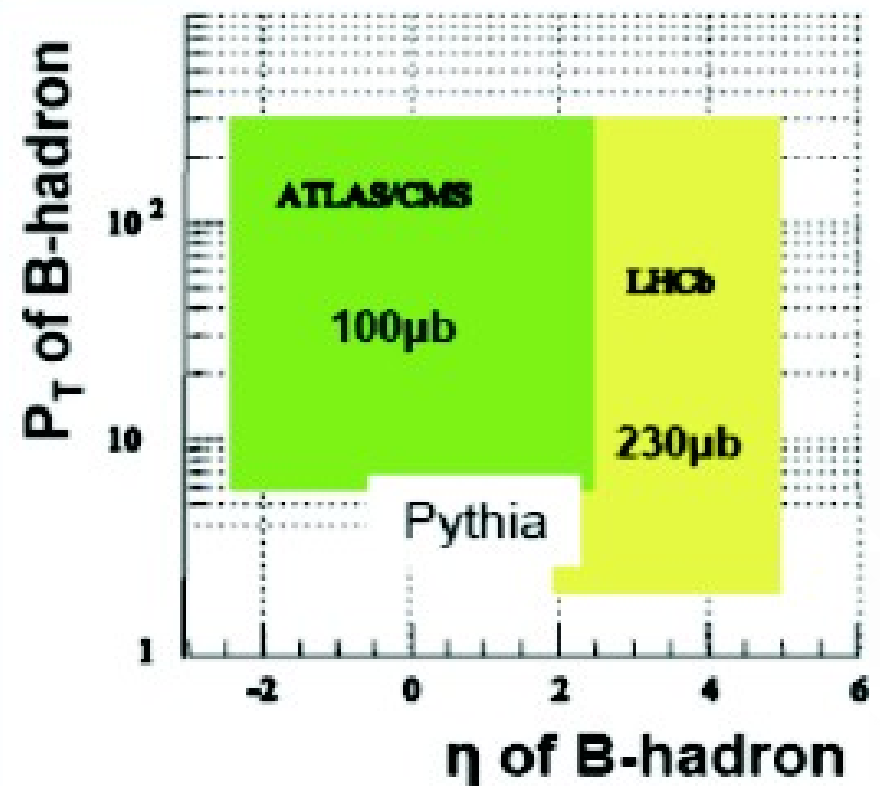
All b-hadron species produced :

$B_u, B_d, B_s, B_c, \Lambda_b, \Xi_b, \dots$

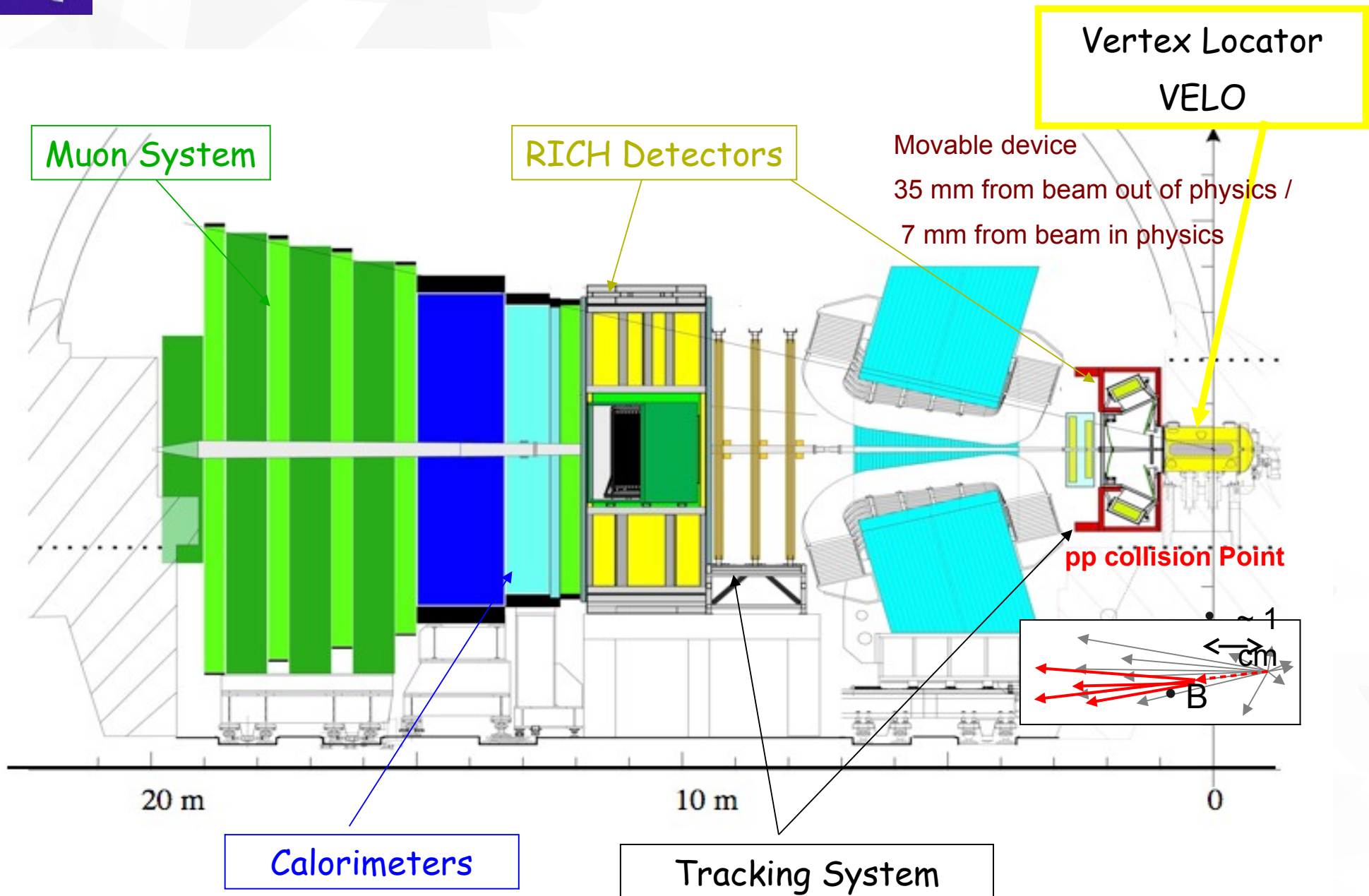
and c-hadrons as well



## Acceptance



# LHCb Detector



# Tracking Detector

## VELO (Vertex Locator)

21 modules of  $r$ - $\phi$  silicon sensor disks

Retracted for safety during beam injection

Impact parameter resolution  $\sim 20\mu\text{m}$

Proper-time resolution:  $\sigma t = 45\text{ fs}$

cf CDF:  $\sigma t = 87\text{ fs}$

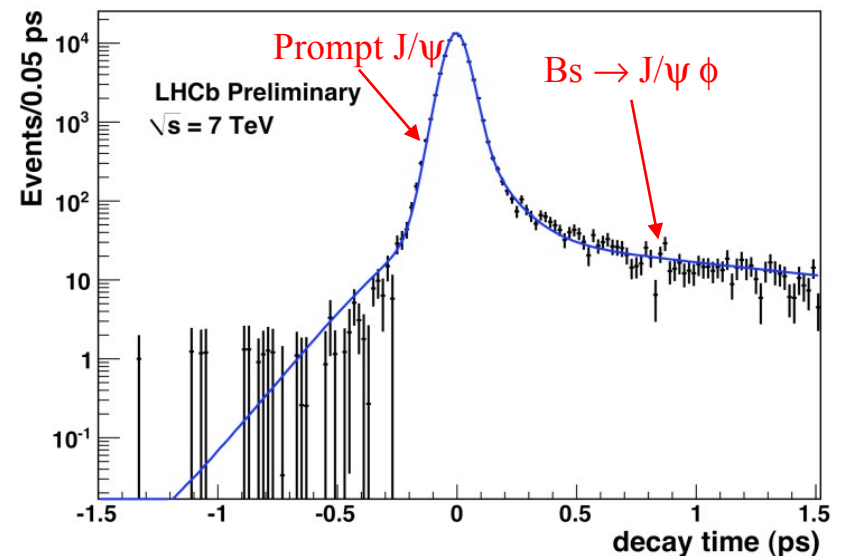
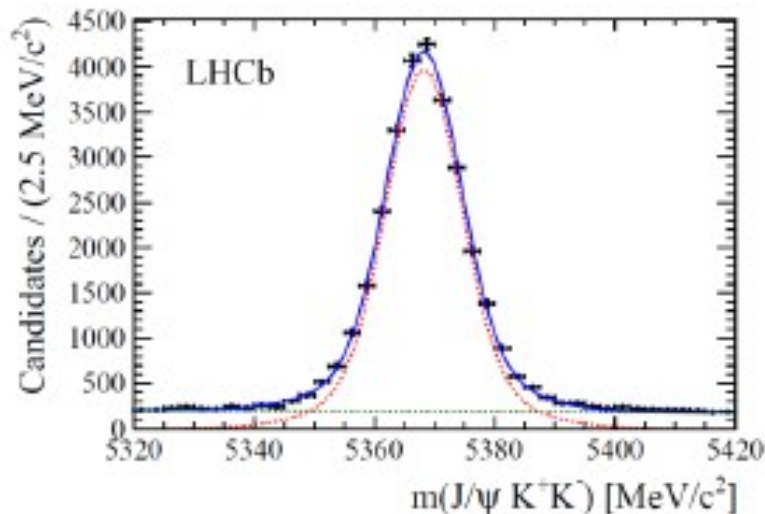
Tracking stations upstream (Si)

downstream(drift) magnet

Magnet field reversed time by time



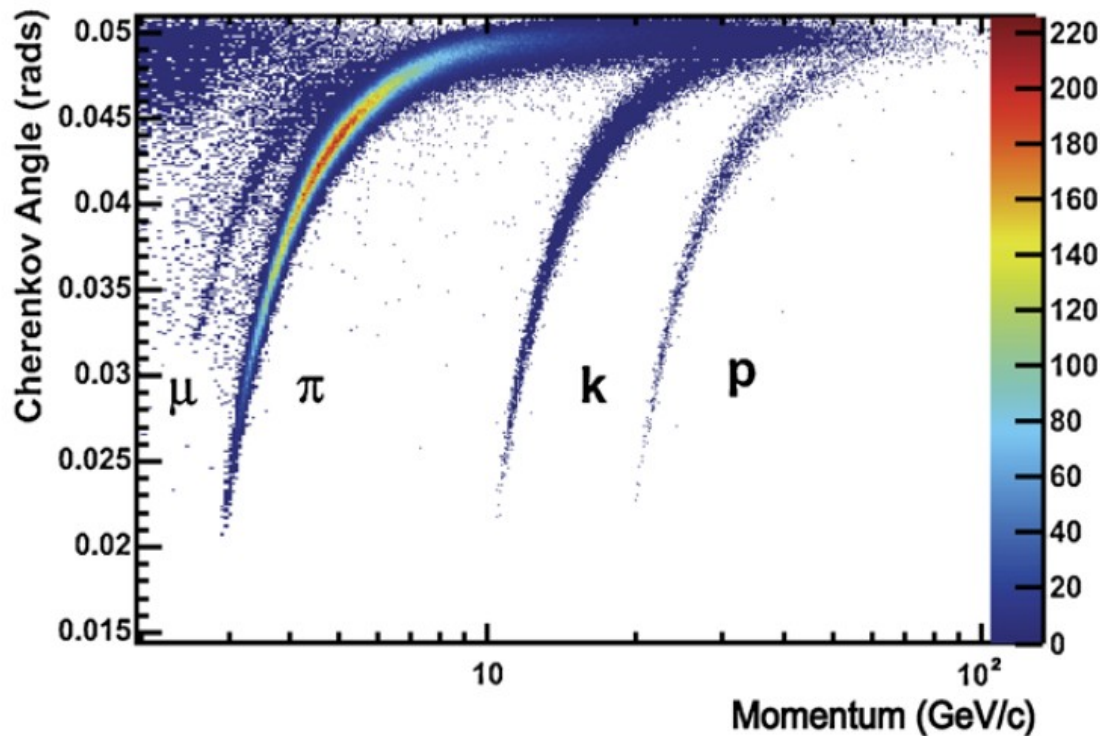
Mass Resolution  $6\text{ MeV}/c^2$



# Particle Identification: RICH

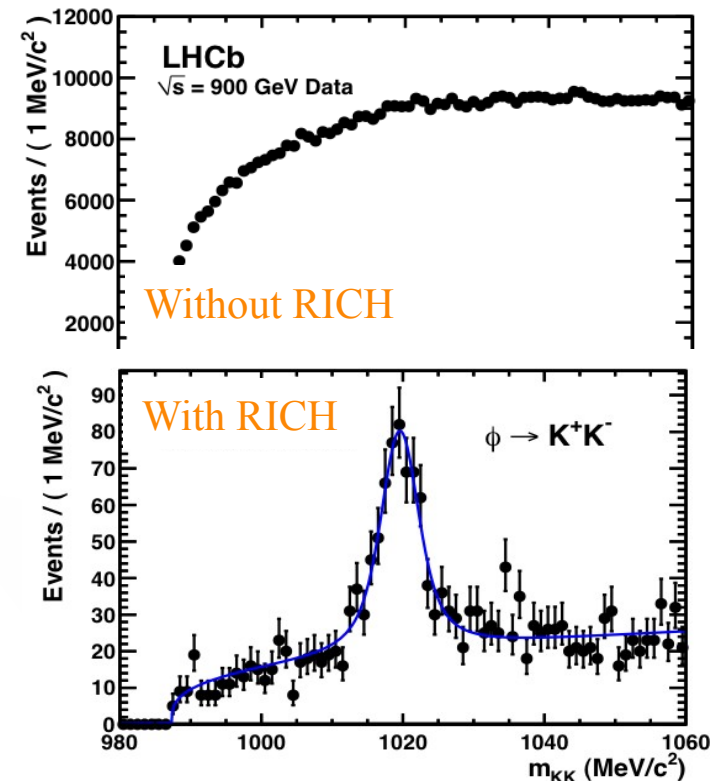
Charged hadrons identified with two Ring-Imaging Cherenkov :  
**RICH1** aerogel +  $C_4F_{10}$ , cover  $1 < p < 60$  GeV/c, upstream magnet

**RICH2**  $CF_4$ , cover  $15 < p < 100$  GeV/c, downstream tracking station



Cover picture of EPJ C, May 5, 2013

Strong suppression of combinatorial background in hadronic decays *e.g.*  $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$



# Particle Identification: $e, \gamma$ and $\mu$

ECAL: Shashlik Pb-scintillator

$$\sigma(E)/E = 10\% / \sqrt{E} \oplus 1\%$$

HCAL: Tile Fe-scintillator

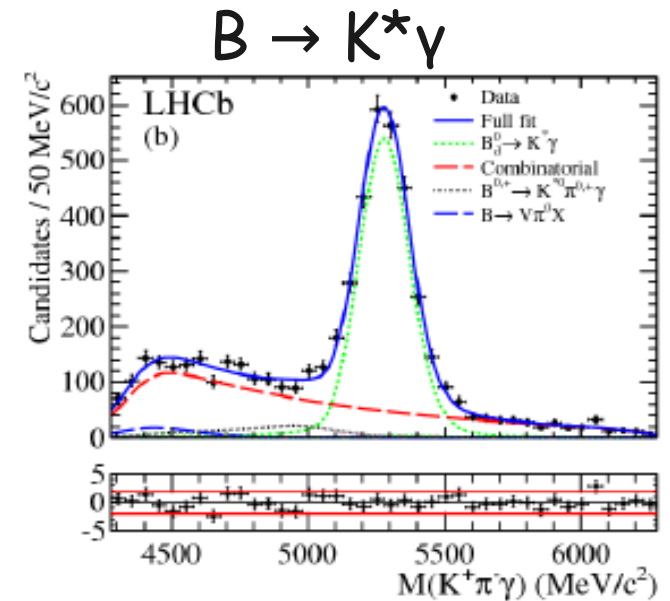
allows triggering on hadronic final states

$$\sigma(E)/E = 80\% / \sqrt{E} \oplus 10\%$$

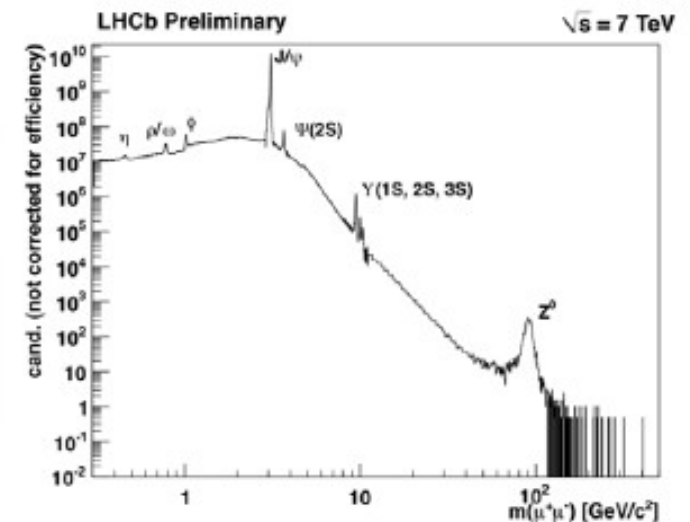
Muon system: 5 stations MWPCs/Fe

excellent  $\mu/\pi$  separation

single hadron mis-id rate  $\sim 0.7\%$



## Raw di-muon mass

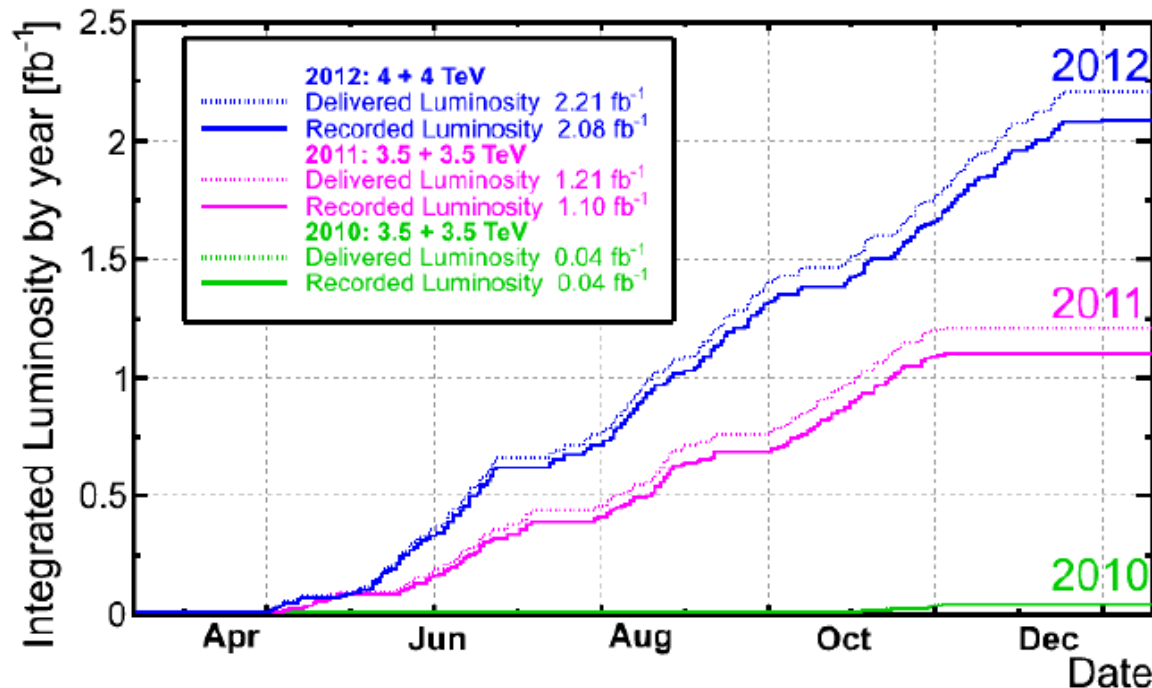
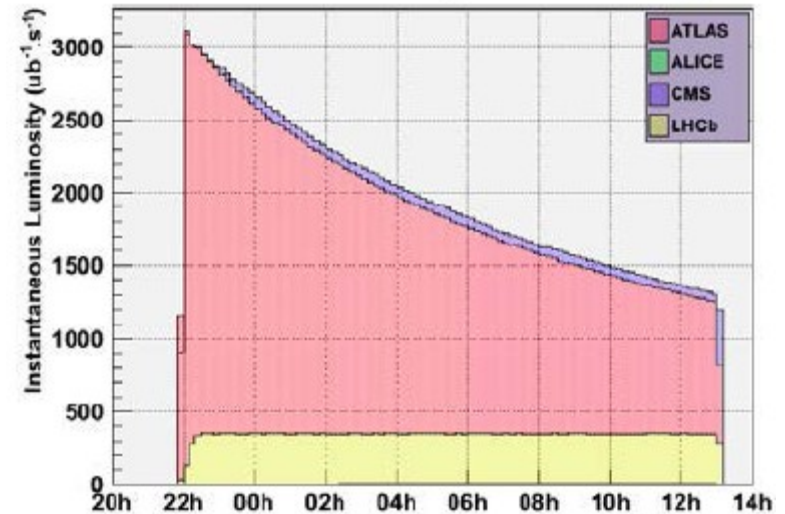


# Data Taking LHCb

Automatic luminosity leveling  
through vertical beam  
displacement

Design  $2 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

Actual  $4 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

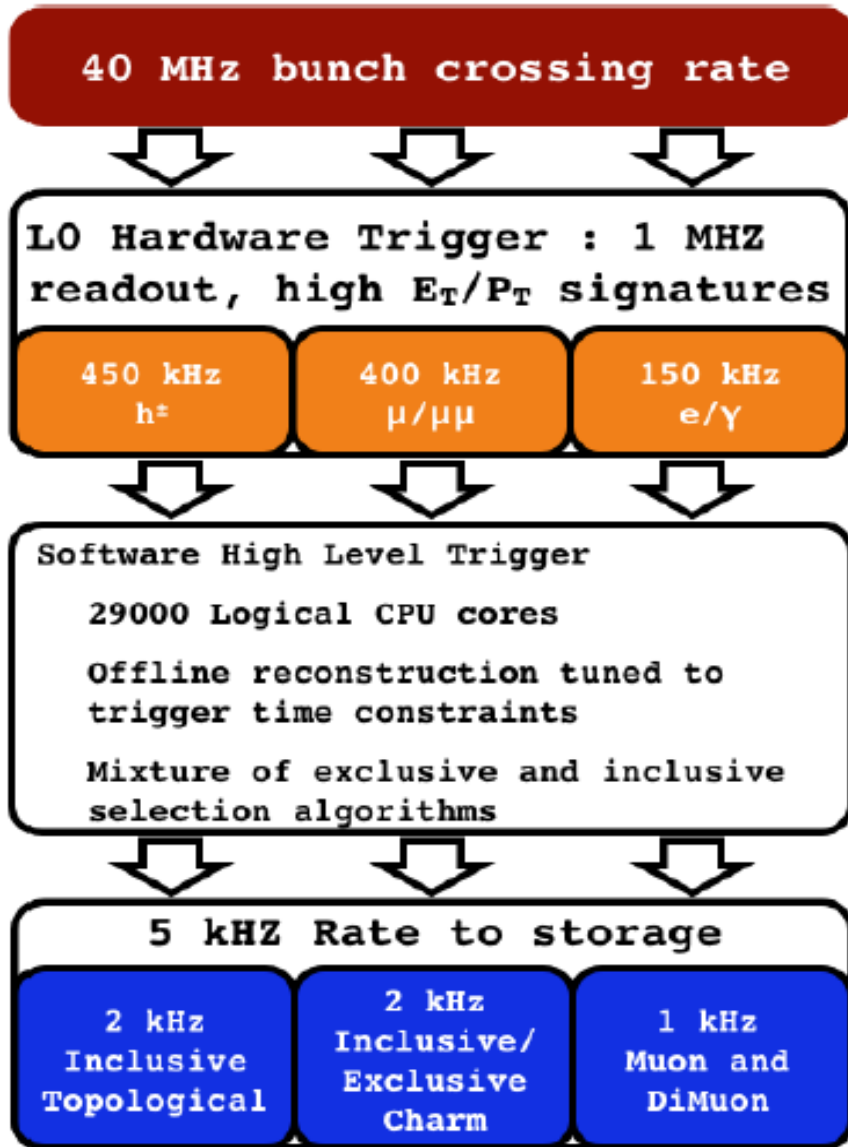


Very good efficiency :  
 $\epsilon \sim 94 \%$

$$\int L = 0.035 + 1.1 + 2.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$



# Trigger Strategy



Level-0 :

- use custom electronic to get 1 MHz rate
- select the highest  $p_T(E_T)$  hadron/ $e/\gamma/\mu$

HLT :

- two software levels :
  - HLT1 partial event reconstruction ( $p_T$ , IP)
  - HLT2 full event reconstruction (invariant mass, etc)

# Data Preservation

Padova

Silvia Amerio, Mauro Morandin

- Interest in long term data preservation by HEP community.
- LHC experiments devote efforts to data preservation issues
- LHCb : long term data preservation task force started Spring 2013

Areas of work:

- *open access* : open access policy since February 2013; small data samples available for educational purposes
- *preservation of the full analysis chain*: requirements definition; construction of long term future analysis framework

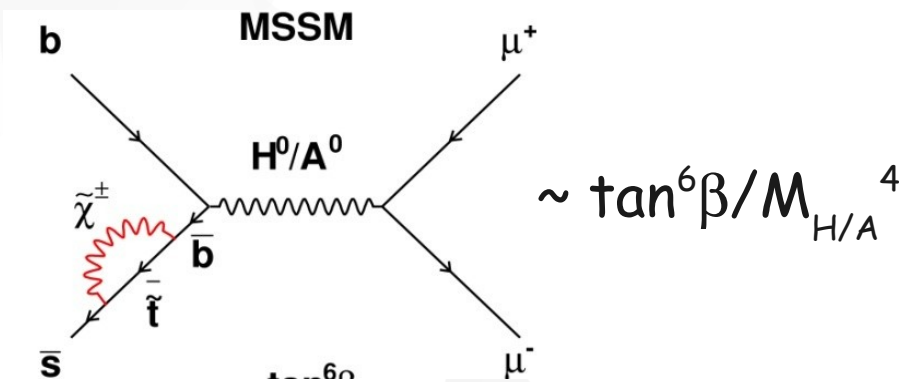
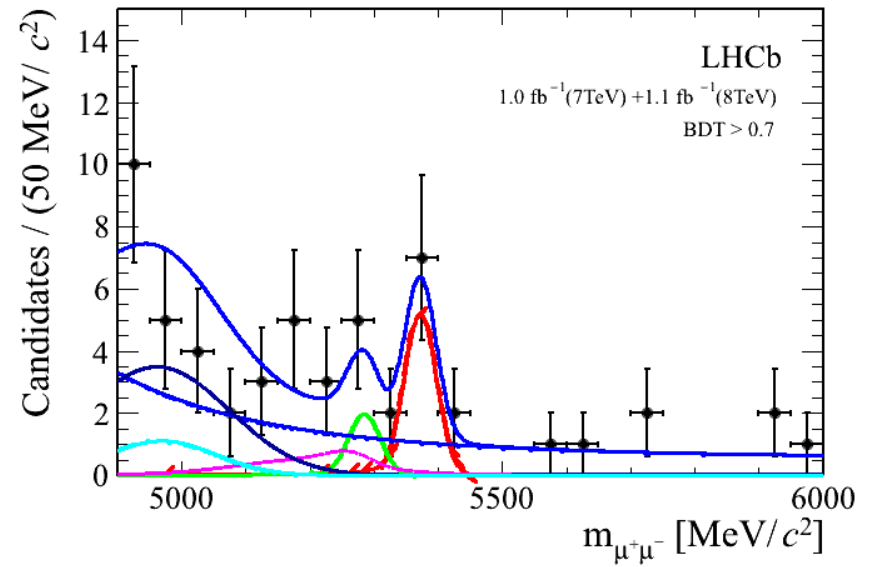
Padova is contributing in the development of the analysis and validation framework.

# Physics Highlights

# Rare Decays: $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

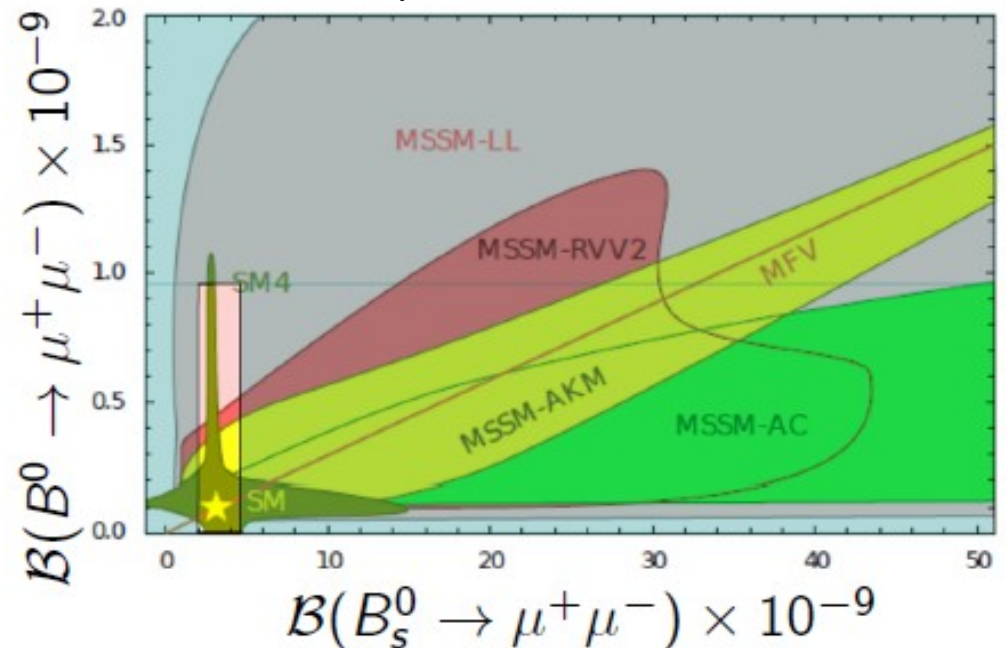
First observation of  $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

Strongly suppressed in SM,  
 $BR = (3.5 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-9}$  it could be  
 strongly enhanced in SUSY



Limit on  $BR(B_d \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) =$   
 $(9.4 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-10}$  @95% CL

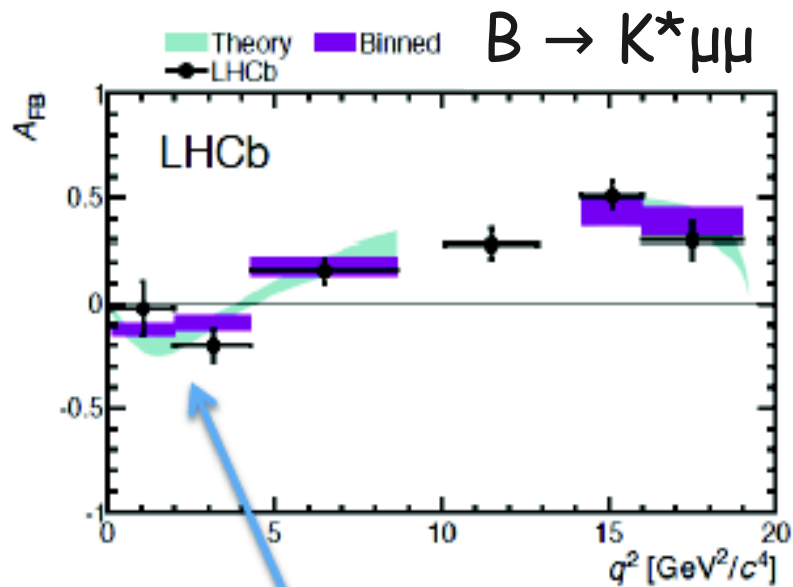
Straub plot



# Rare Decays: $b \rightarrow s$ transitions

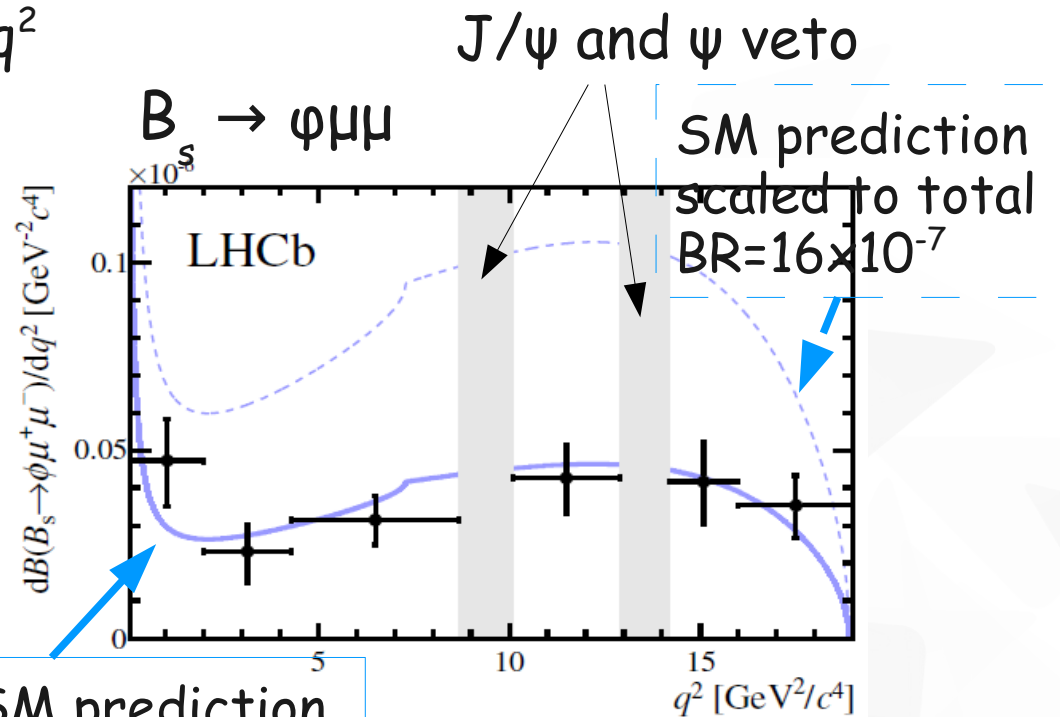
$B \rightarrow \phi \mu \mu$  and  $B \rightarrow K^* \mu \mu$  Flavor Changing Neutral Current decay proceeding via penguins. NP can contribute at any level : rate, asymmetry, angular distributions.

$A_{FB}$  changes sign at well defined  $q^2$



$$q_0^2 = 4.9 \pm 0.9 \text{ GeV}^2$$

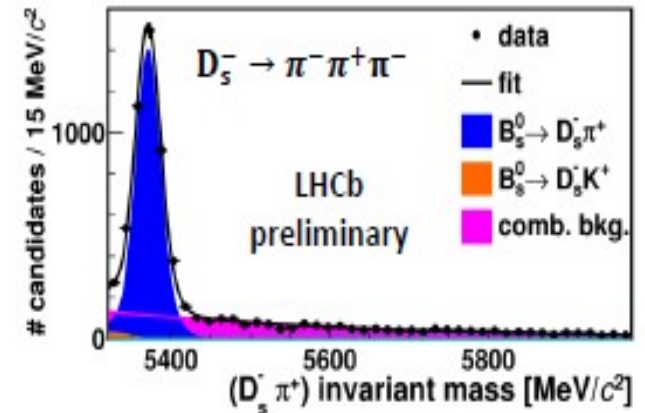
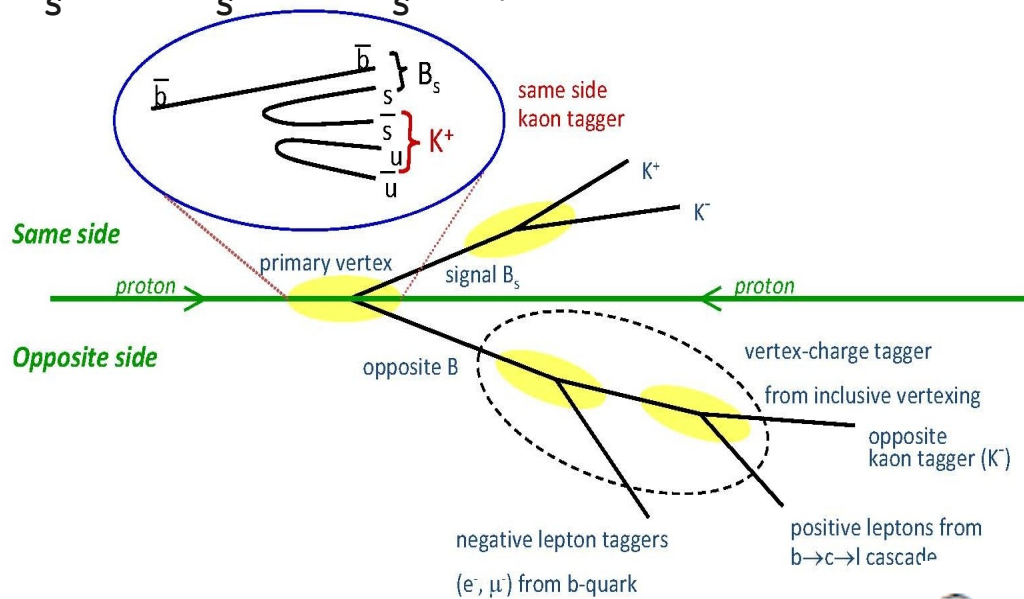
$$q_{SM}^2 : 4.36 \pm 0.33 \text{ GeV}^2$$



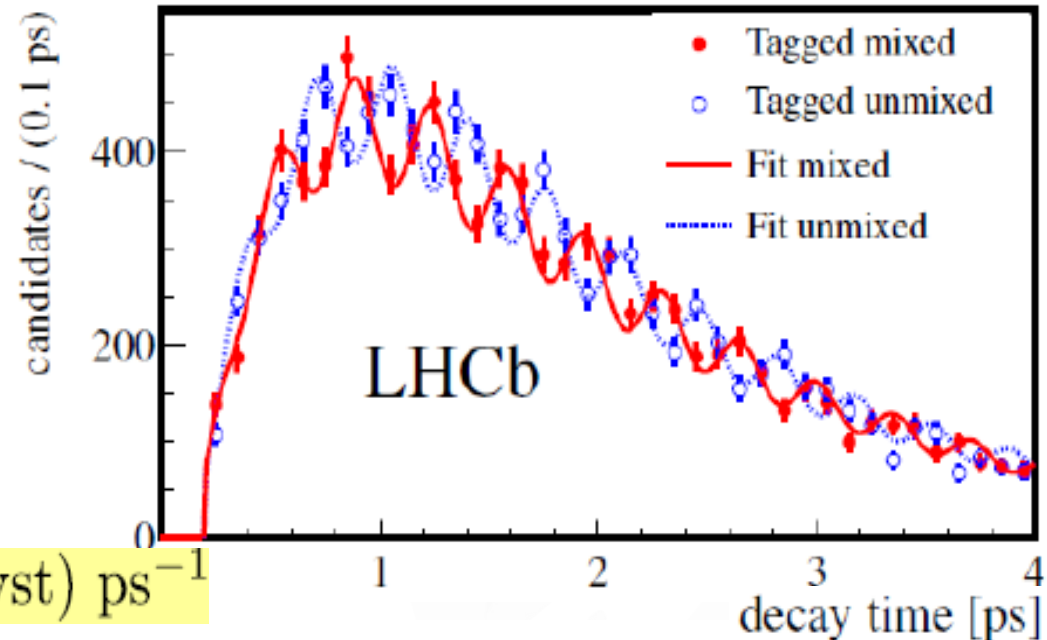
SM prediction scaled to the fitted total BR

# Bs Mixing measurement

$B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^- \pi^+ \quad D_s^- \rightarrow \varphi \pi^- \quad K^* K, KK\pi, K\pi\pi, \pi\pi\pi$  decay channels combined



Time dependent mixed and unmixed asymmetry are fitted to extract:



$$\Delta m_s = 17.768 \pm 0.023(\text{stat}) \pm 0.006(\text{syst}) \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

# Mixing phase, $\phi_s$

CP violation in the interference between mixing and decay:

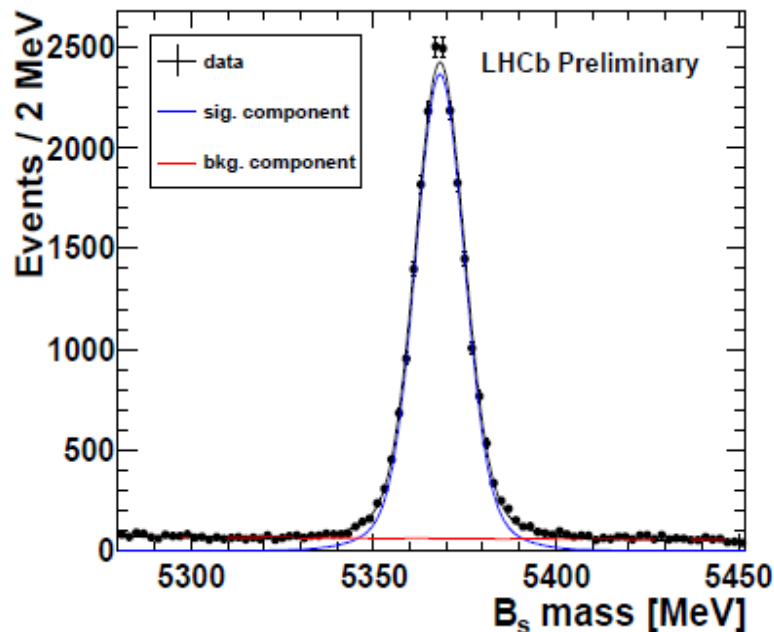
$B \rightarrow J/\psi K_s$  favored  $\rightarrow \sin(2\beta)$

$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi V$  suppressed  $\rightarrow \sin(2\Phi_s)$   $\Phi_s \sim -2\beta_s$

Contribution from physics beyond SM can effect measured  $\Phi_s$

$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \Phi$ : very complex measurement, needs:

- flavor tagged time dependent angular analysis to disentangle CP-even from CP-odd components

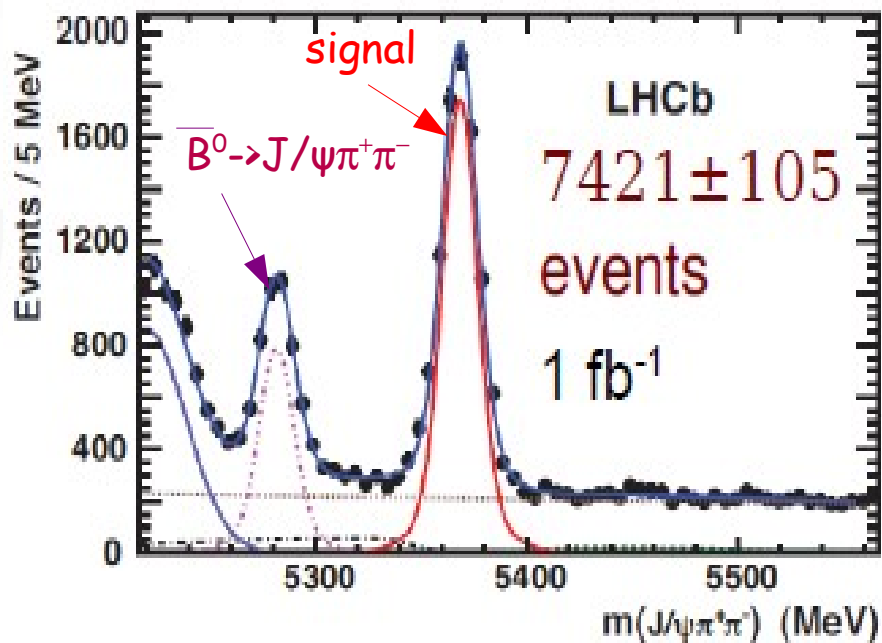


Most precise measurement

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_s &= 0.07 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.01 \text{ rad} \\ \Gamma_s &= 0.663 \pm 0.005 \pm 0.006 \text{ ps}^{-1} \\ \Delta\Gamma_s &= 0.100 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.003 \text{ ps}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

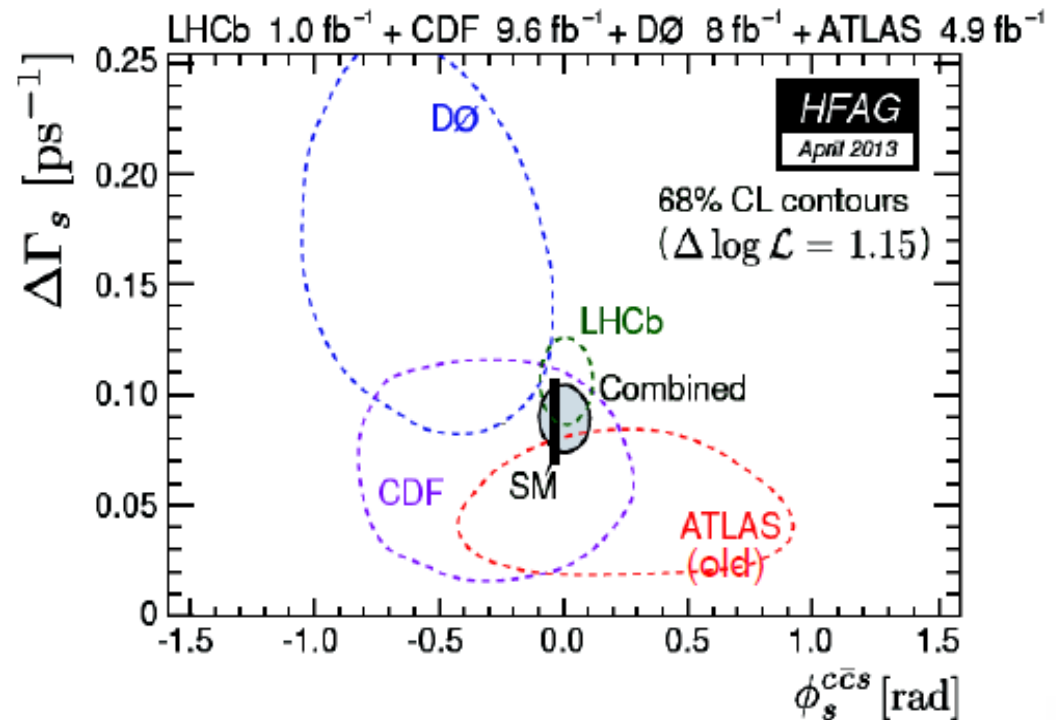
# Mixing phase, $\phi_s$ combination

$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi\pi\pi$ : dominated by CP-odd via  $f(980)$  amplitude, angular analysis not needed



$$\phi_s = -0.14_{-0.16}^{+0.17} \pm 0.01 \text{ rad}$$

## LHCb Combination



$$\phi_s = 0.01 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.01 \text{ rad}$$

$$\Gamma_s = 0.661 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.006 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

$$\Delta\Gamma_s = 0.106 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

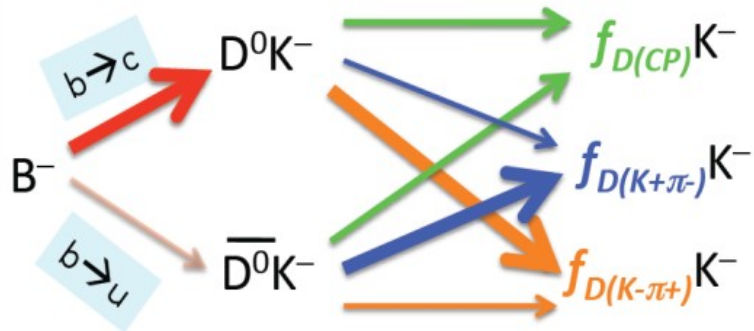


# CP Violation: $\gamma$ , $B^0$ decays

The least well-determined CKM angle

$$\gamma = \arg\left(\frac{-V_{ud} V_{ub}^*}{V_{cd} V_{cb}^*}\right) \quad \text{SM fit: } \gamma = (67.7^{+4.1}_{-4.6})^\circ$$

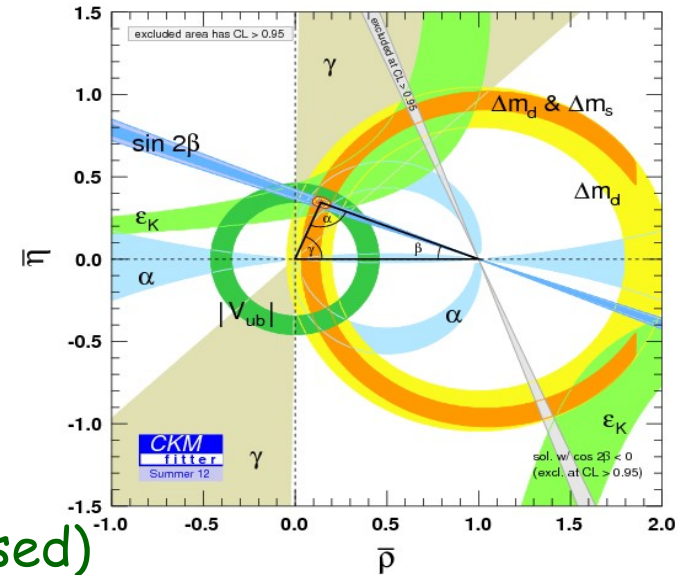
Tree-level decays:



$b \rightarrow c$  (dominant) and  $b \rightarrow u$  (color suppressed) amplitudes interfere in decays to a common  $D^0$  and  $\bar{D}^0$  modes.

$B \rightarrow DK$  combination :  $\gamma = (67 \pm 12)^\circ$  world's most precise

$B_s \rightarrow D_s K$ : Interference between 2 tree diagrams via  $B_s$  mixing



# CP Violation: $\gamma$ Time dependent

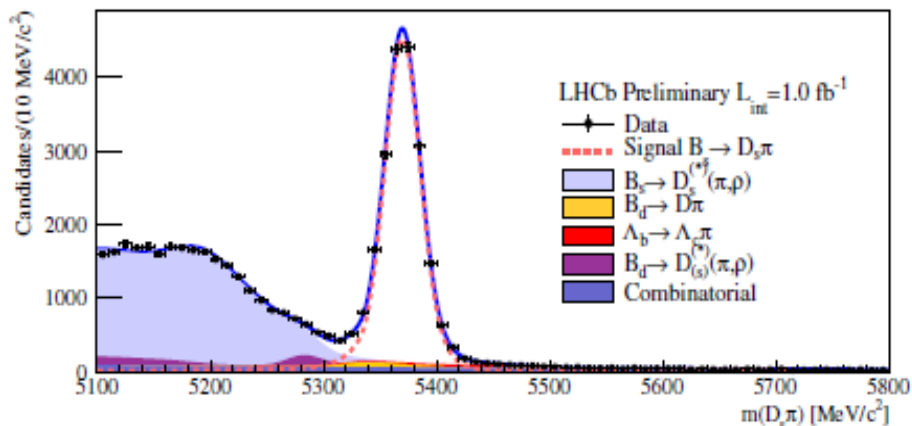
Interference between mixing and decay amplitude generate CP violation:

- weak phases  $\gamma$ ,  $\phi_m$  and strong phases  $\delta$
- measure 4 decay amplitudes as function of proper time:

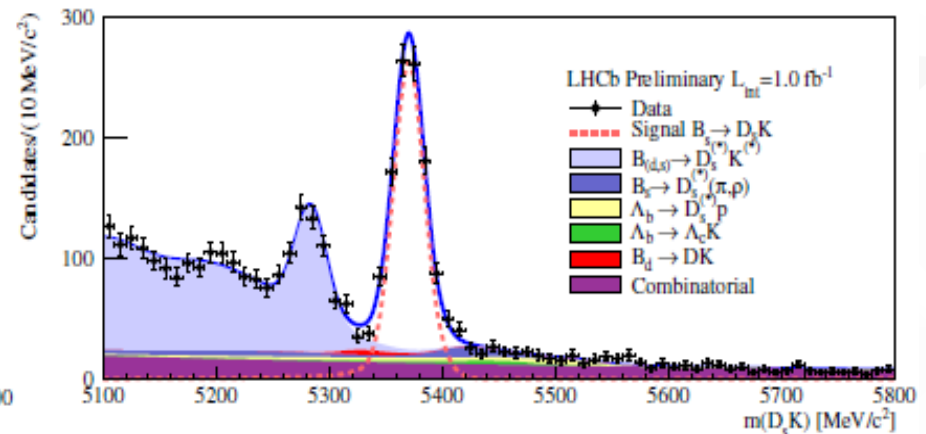
$$\Gamma_{B_S^0 \rightarrow D_S^- K^+}(t), \Gamma_{B_S^0 \rightarrow D_S^+ K^-}(t), \Gamma_{\bar{B}_S^0 \rightarrow D_S^- K^+}(t), \Gamma_{\bar{B}_S^0 \rightarrow D_S^+ K^-}(t)$$

- select  $B_s \rightarrow D_s K$  and  $B_s \rightarrow D_s \pi$ , analysis optimized for  $D_s K$

D $\pi$



D $s$ K



Need flavor tagging

# Flavor Tagging

$\epsilon$  = efficiency

D = dilution

$D = 1 - 2\omega$

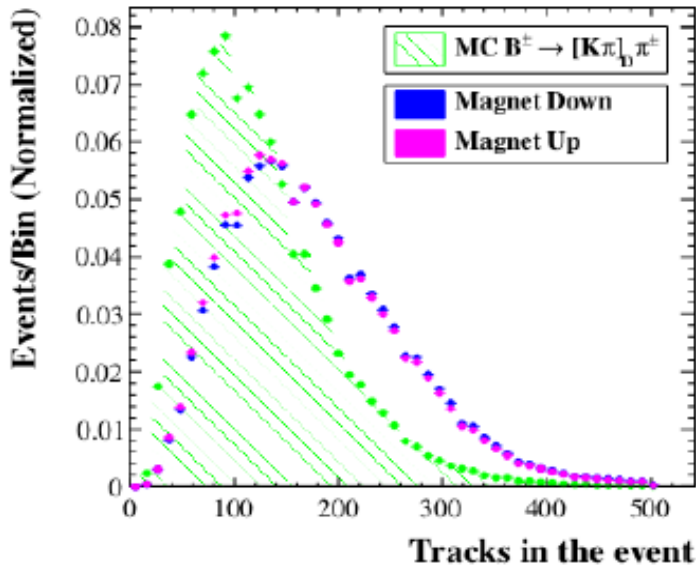
$\omega$  = mistag prob.

Efficiency and dilution

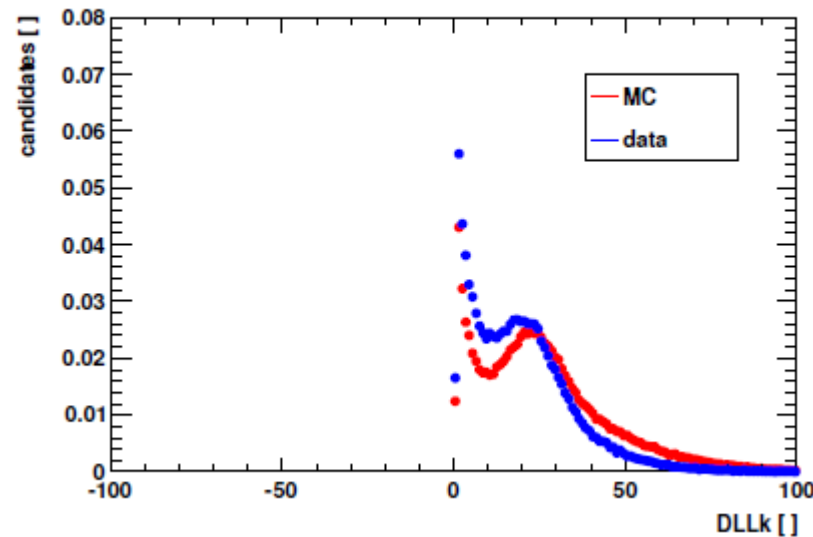
measured on data:  $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+ B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^- \pi^+$

tagger	$\epsilon_{\text{tag}}(\%)$	$\omega(\%)$	$\epsilon_{\text{tag}} D^2(\%)$
OS $\mu$	$5.20 \pm 0.04$	$30.8 \pm 0.4$	$0.77 \pm 0.04$
OSe	$2.46 \pm 0.03$	$30.9 \pm 0.6$	$0.36 \pm 0.03$
OSK	$17.67 \pm 0.08$	$39.33 \pm 0.24$	$0.81 \pm 0.04$
$Q_{\text{vtx}}$	$18.46 \pm 0.08$	$40.31 \pm 0.24$	$0.70 \pm 0.04$
<b>SSK</b>	<b><math>16.3 \pm 0.4</math></b>	<b><math>35.3 \pm 2.1</math></b>	<b><math>1.4 \pm 0.4</math></b>

To to improve the algorithm need a better MC tuning: particularly true for the next run at 14 TeV.

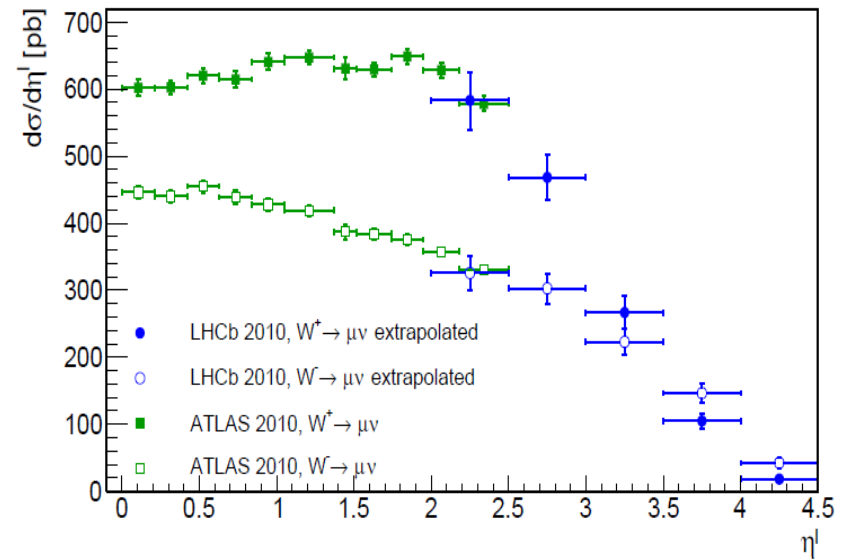
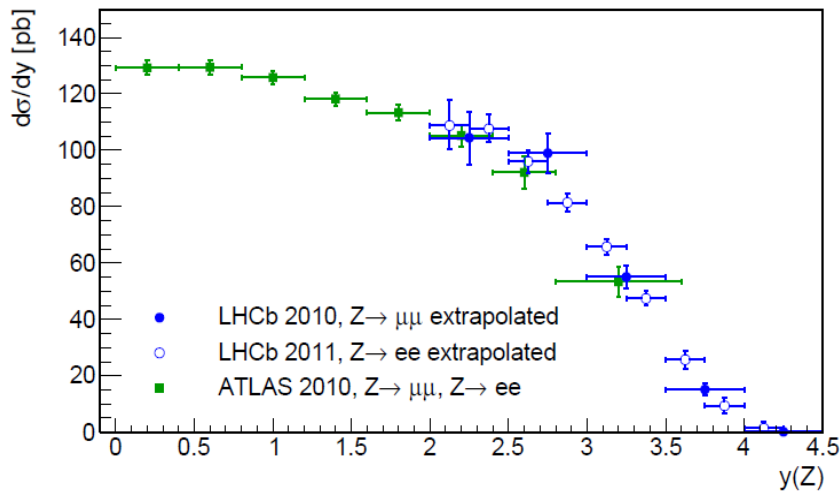


DLLk

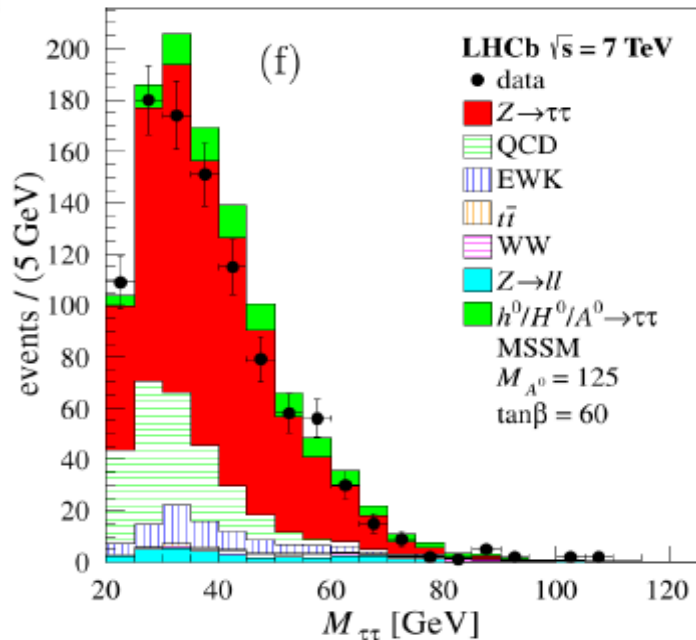


# Not only b-physics...

LHCb can test SM in regions complementary to ATLAS/CMS



## Search for Higgs



In progress, search for :

- $W/ZH \rightarrow l bb$
- $A/\Phi \rightarrow bbbb$

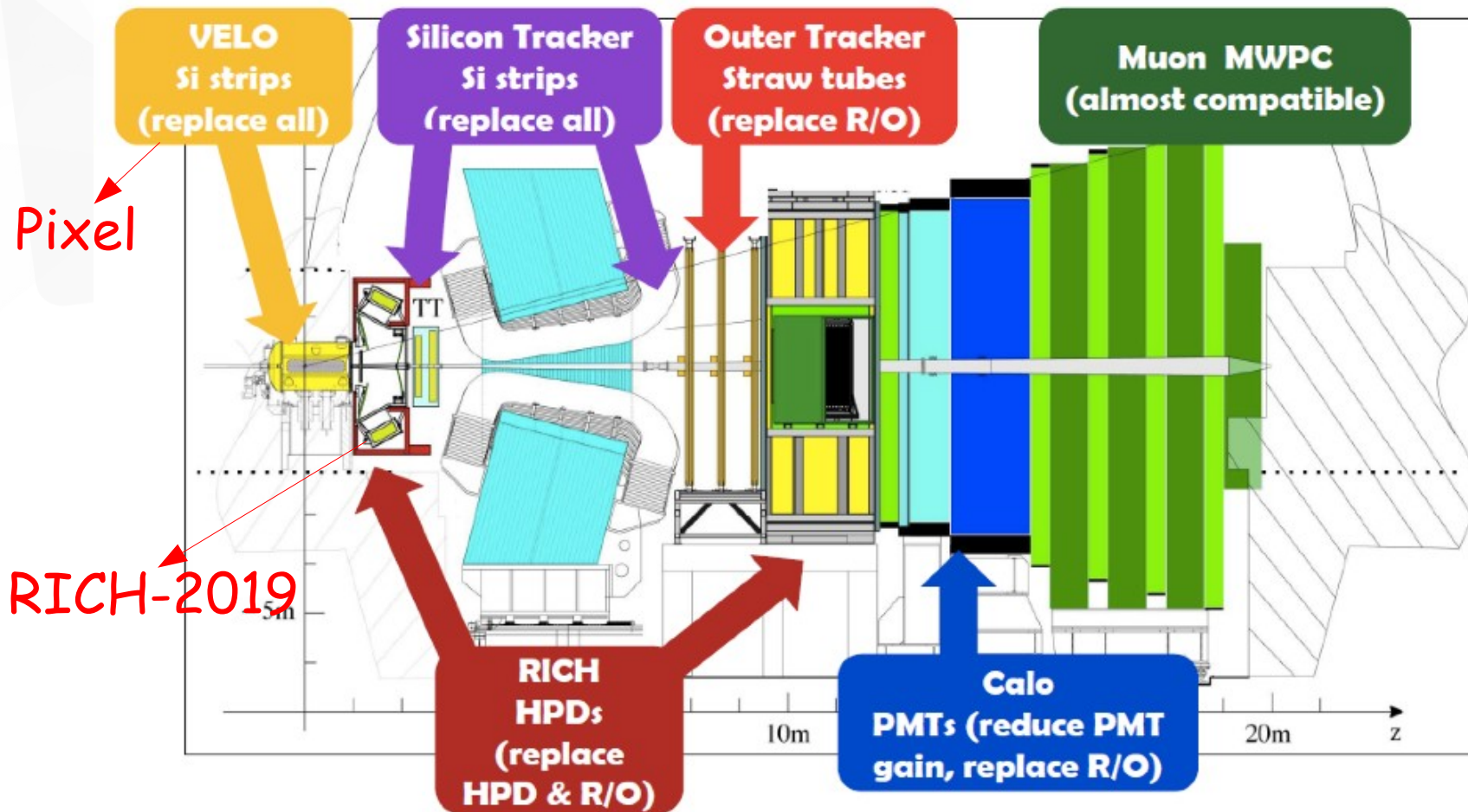
Measured :

- $\sigma(\overline{bb})$
- Central/Forward asymmetry  $A_{FC}^{bb}$

Padova

# LHCb Upgrade

Baseline detector modifications to allow 40 MHz readout  
 Several decisions taken recently.



# LHCb upgrade in Italy

detector	sub-system	countries involved
VELO	modules & infrastructure	BR, CERN, ES, IE, NL, RU, UK, US
	electronics & readout	BR, ES, CERN, CN, NL, PL, UK, US
Tracker	modules & infrastructure	CERN, CH, DE, NL, RU, UK, US
	electronics & readout	BR, CERN, CH, CN, DE, ES, FR, NL, PL, US
RICH	mechanics & infrastructure	CERN, <b>IT</b> , UK
	electronics & readout	CERN, <b>IT</b> , RO, UK
Calo	electronics & readout	ES, FR, RU
Muon	chambers	<b>IT</b> , RU
	electronics & readout	<b>IT</b>
Trigger	electronics & readout	BR, CN, FR, <b>IT</b>

Table 15: Expressions of interest to the detector construction, subject to funding.

Sunday submitted the upgrade project to CTS  
 First audit July 12th

# LHCb upgrade in Italy

CTS Document

WP1 *Muon upggrade* (Ca, Fe, Fi, Frascati, Rm1, Rm2)

WP2 *Upgrade of the RICH* (Fe, Ge, Mi-B, Pd)

WP3 *Construction of PCIe Gen3 readout boards for the LHCb DAQ system* (Bo)

WP4 *Track Trigger in the LLT* (Mi, Pi)

WP5 *High Level Trigger Farm based on many-core architectures* (Pd)

# Padova People and Requests

Ricercatori	FTE
Amerio Silvia	0.7
Busetto Giovanni	0.7
Collazuol Gianmaria	0.3
Lucchesi Donatella	0.8
Morandin Mauro	0.7
Simi Gabriele	0.7
Stroili Roberto	0.7
Rotondo Marcello	0.7
Total	5.3
Tecnologi	
Bellato Marco	0.3
Benettoni Massimo	0.4
Corvo Marco	1
Gianelle Alessio	1
Montecassiano Fabio	0.3
Total	3
Total	8.3

Request :

MI : 1 k€/FTE

ME : 2 m.u./FTE +

1 m.u./FTE service task

1 m.u. = 3.8 k€

Consumo : 1.5 k€/FTE

Apparati e inventariabile :

Simi e Collazuol