

**Nucleons form factors and the final state radiation
for the process $e^+e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}\gamma$**

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in collaboration with

J.H.Kühn and Sz.Tracz

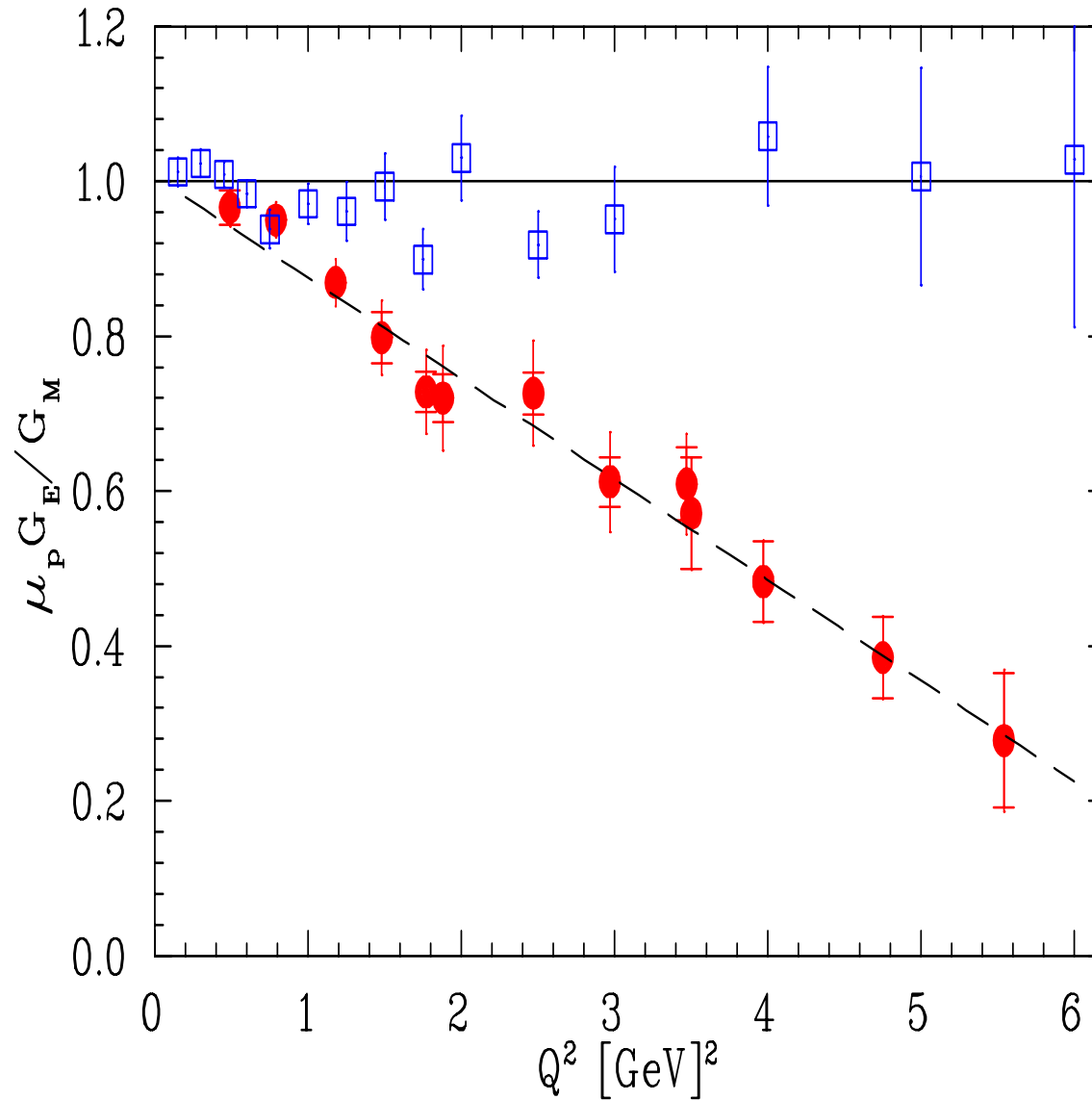


RMC WG Meeting, Trento 2013

Outline of the talk

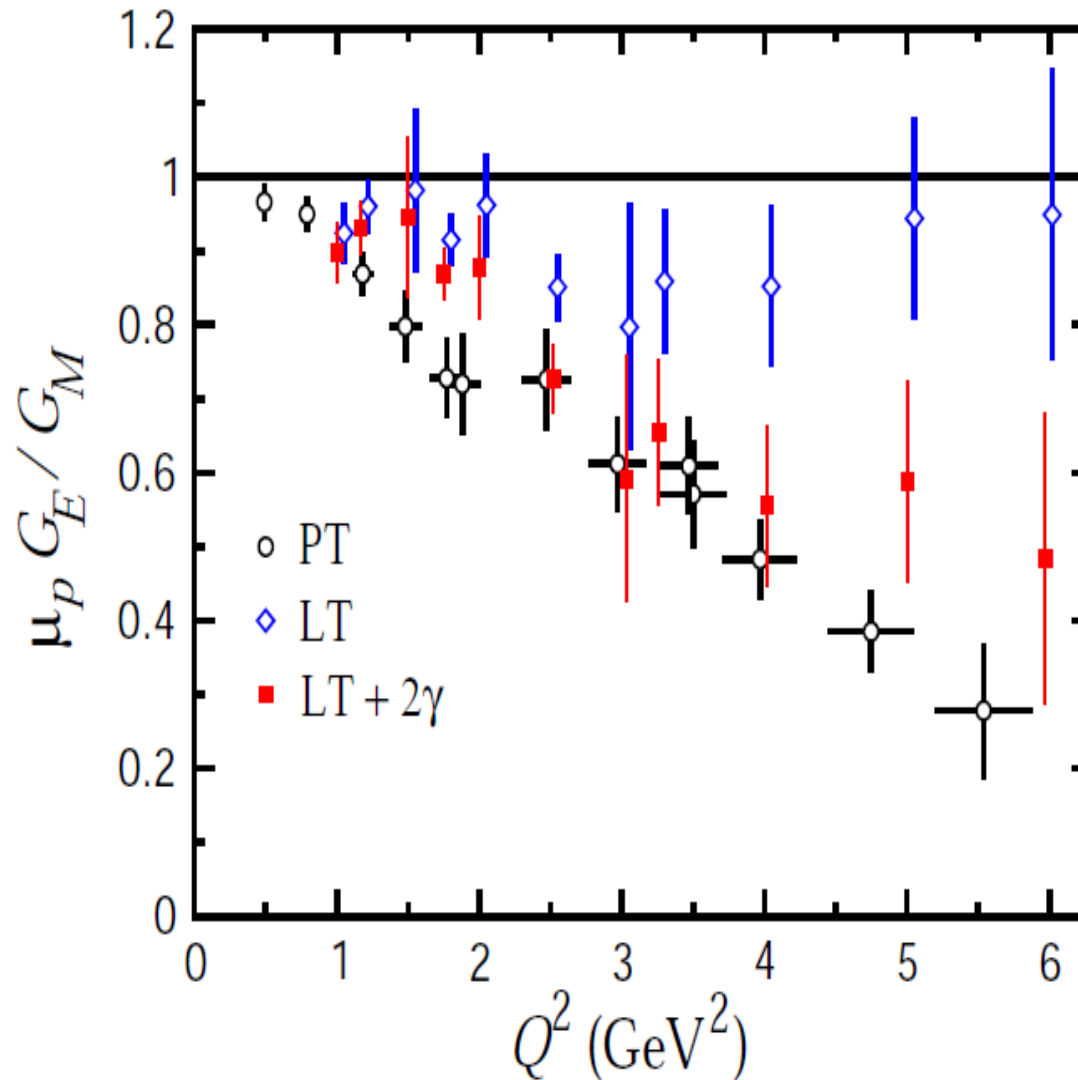
- ⇒ Motivation
- ⇒ Nucleon form factors
- ⇒ FSR radiative corrections
- ⇒ Implementation in PHOKHARA
- ⇒ Importance of the FSR corrections
- ⇒ Final remarks

Why proton FFs



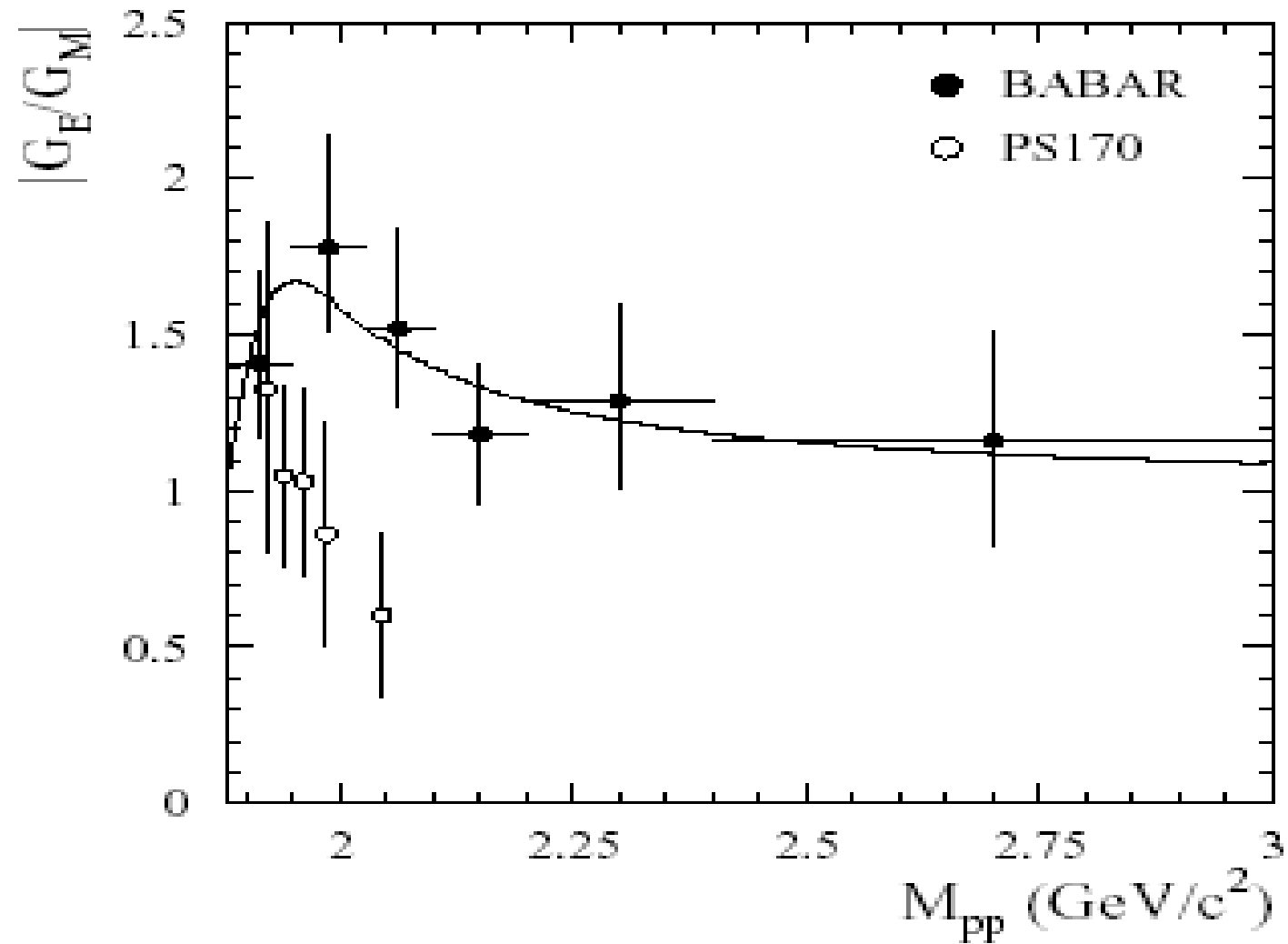
Arrington et al., Phys. Rev. C 68 (2003) 034325

Why proton FFs



Carl E. Carlson , Marc Vanderhaeghen, Ann.Rev.Nucl.Part.Sci. 57 (2007) 171-204

nucleon FF

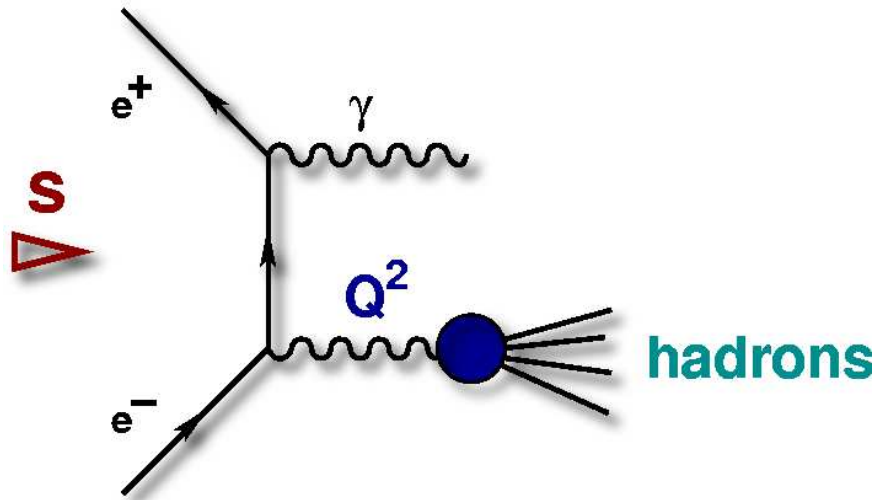


BaBar: Phys.Rev.D73:012005,2006.

THE RADIATIVE RETURN METHOD

$$d\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons} + \gamma(\text{ISR})) =$$

$$H(Q^2, \theta_\gamma) d\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons})(s = Q^2)$$



- ▶ measurement of $R(s)$ over the full range of energies, from threshold up to \sqrt{s}
- ▶ large luminosities of factories compensate α/π from photon radiation
- ▶ radiative corrections essential (NLO,...)

High precision measurement of the hadronic cross-section
at meson-factories

MC generators needed

EVA: $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$

- tagged photon ($\theta_\gamma > \theta_{cut}$)
- ISR at LO + Structure Function
- FSR: point-like pions

[Binner et al.]

$e^+e^- \rightarrow 4\pi + \gamma$

- ISR at LO + Structure Function

[Czyż, Kühn, 2000]

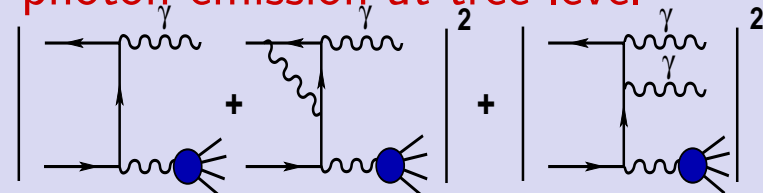
H.C., A. Grzebińska,

J. H. Kühn, E. Nowak-Kubat,

G. Rodrigo, A. Wapientnik

PHOKHARA 7.0: $\pi^+\pi^-$,
 $\mu^+\mu^-$, 4π , $\bar{N}N$, 3π , KK ,
 $\Lambda(\rightarrow \dots)\bar{\Lambda}(\rightarrow \dots)$, J/ψ , $\psi(2S)$

- **ISR at NLO:** virtual corrections to one photon events and two photon emission at tree level



- FSR at NLO: $\pi^+\pi^-$, $\mu^+\mu^-$, K^+K^-
- tagged or untagged photons
- Modular structure

<http://ific.uv.es/~rodrigo/phokhara/>

Form factors i PHOKHARA

$$G_M^N = F_1^N + F_2^N, \quad G_E^N = F_1^N + \tau F_2^N$$

$$F_{1,2}^p = F_{1,2}^s + F_{1,2}^v, \quad F_{1,2}^n = F_{1,2}^s - F_{1,2}^v$$

Form factors i PHOKHARA

$$F_1^s = \frac{1 \sum_{n=0}^3 c_n^1 BW_{\omega_n}(s)}{2 \sum_{n=0}^3 c_n^1}$$

$$F_1^v = \frac{1 \sum_{n=0}^3 c_n^2 BW_{\rho_n}(s)}{2 \sum_{n=0}^3 c_n^2}$$

$$F_2^s = -\frac{1}{2} b \frac{\sum_{n=0}^3 c_n^3 BW_{\omega_n}(s)}{\sum_{n=0}^3 c_n^3}$$

$$F_2^v = \frac{1}{2} a \frac{\sum_{n=0}^3 c_n^4 BW_{\rho_n}(s)}{\sum_{n=0}^3 c_n^4}$$

Form factors i PHOKHARA

$$BW_i = \frac{m_i^2}{m_i^2 - s - im_i\Gamma_i},$$

$$a = \mu_p - \mu_n - 1 \quad b = -\mu_p - \mu_n + 1$$

$$F_1 \sim \frac{1}{(Q^2)^2}, \quad F_2 \sim \frac{1}{(Q^2)^3}.$$

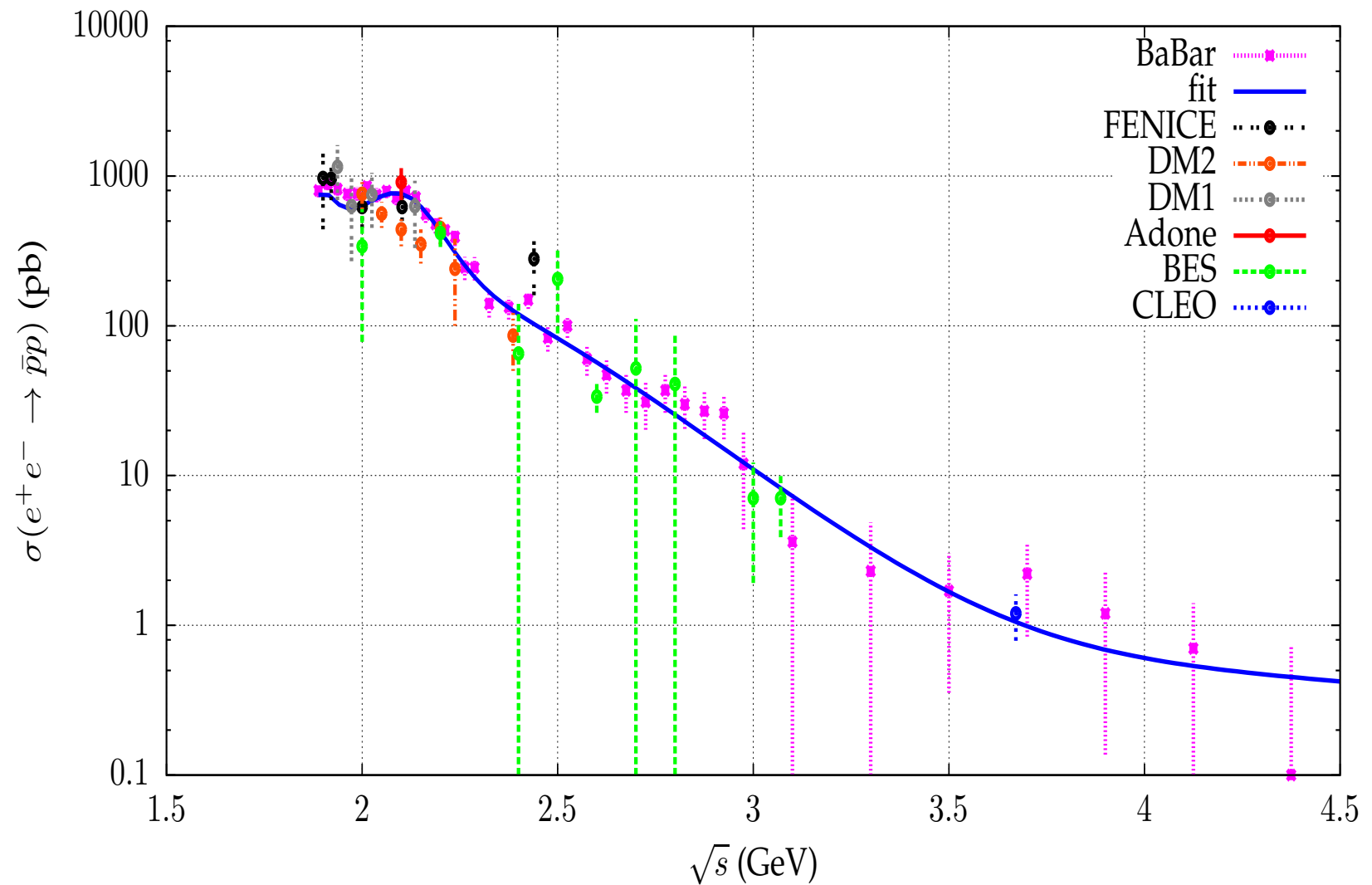
G. P. Lepage, S. J. Brodsky, Phys. Rev. D 22, 2157 (1980)

Fits

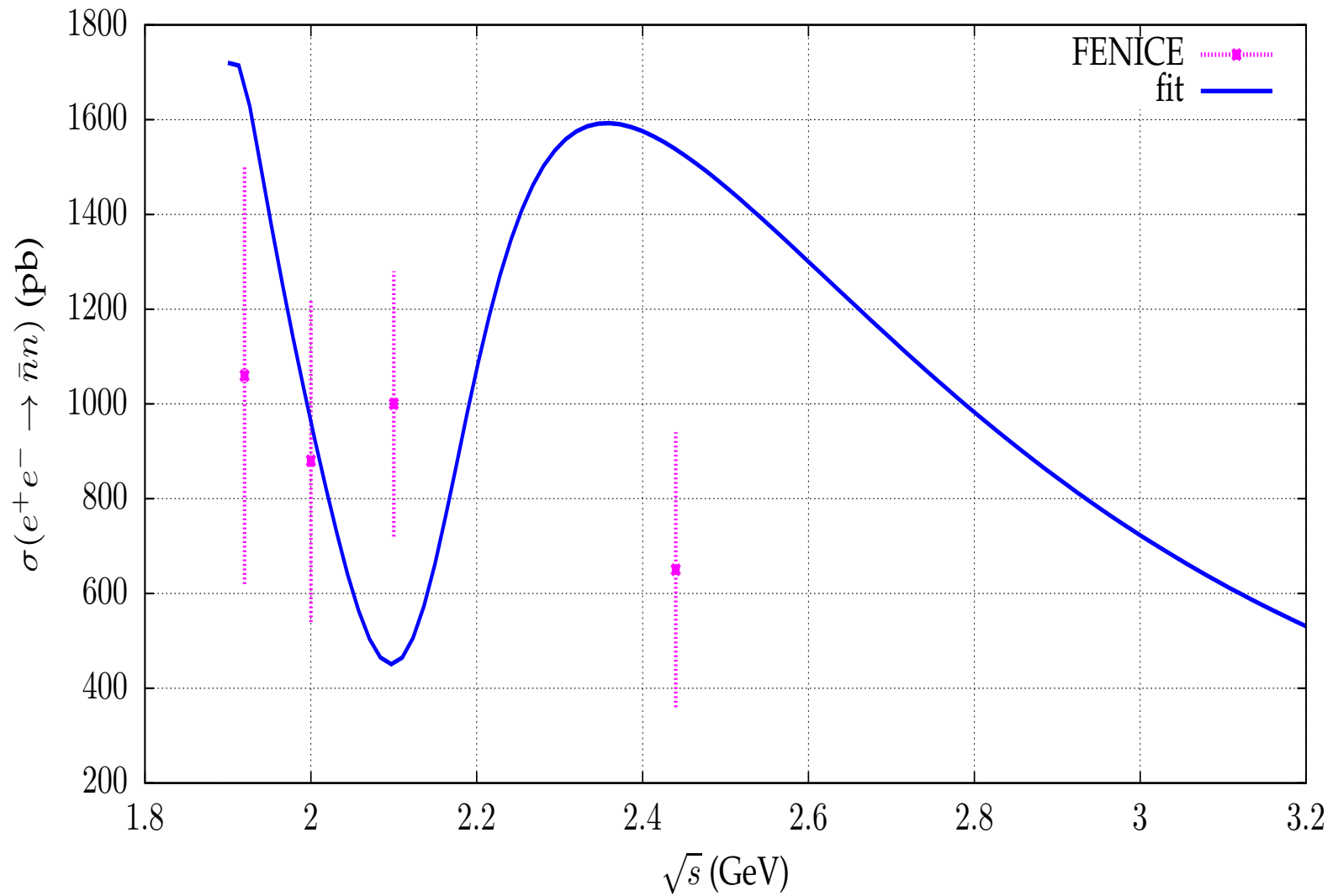
Experiment	number of points	chi-squared value	Experiment	number of points	chi-squared value
BaBar cross section	38	39.69	FENICE pp cross section	5	4.42
DM2 cross section	7	24.52	DM1 cross section	4	1.23
Adone cross section	1	0.46	BES cross section	8	13.58
CLEO cross section	1	0.127	JLab 2005 proton ratio	10	18.47
JLab 2002 proton ratio	4	5.32	JLab 2001 proton ratio	13	9.52
MAMI proton ratio	3	2.08	JLab 2010 proton ratio	3	3.63
PS 170 ratio	5	5.98	BaBar ratio	6	22.27
PS170 cross section	8	8.07	PS170 cross section	3	1.8
E760 cross section	3	1.05	E835 cross section	5	3.51
E835 cross section	2	0.08	JLab n ratio	3	3.64
BLAST n ratio	4	6.07	FENICE n cross section	4	15.26

Table 1: $N_{par} = 12$, $N_{points} = 136$, $\chi^2 = 191$

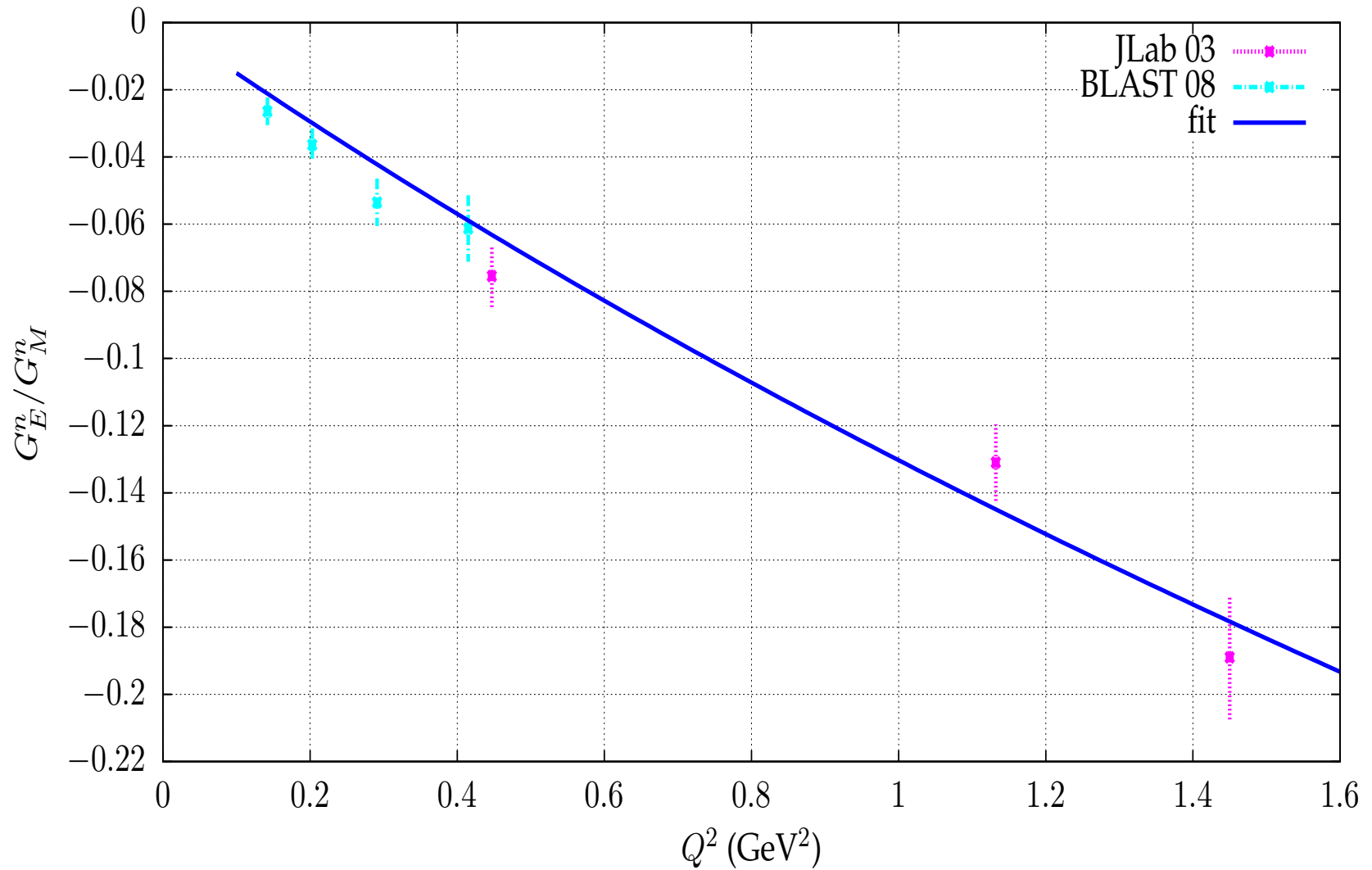
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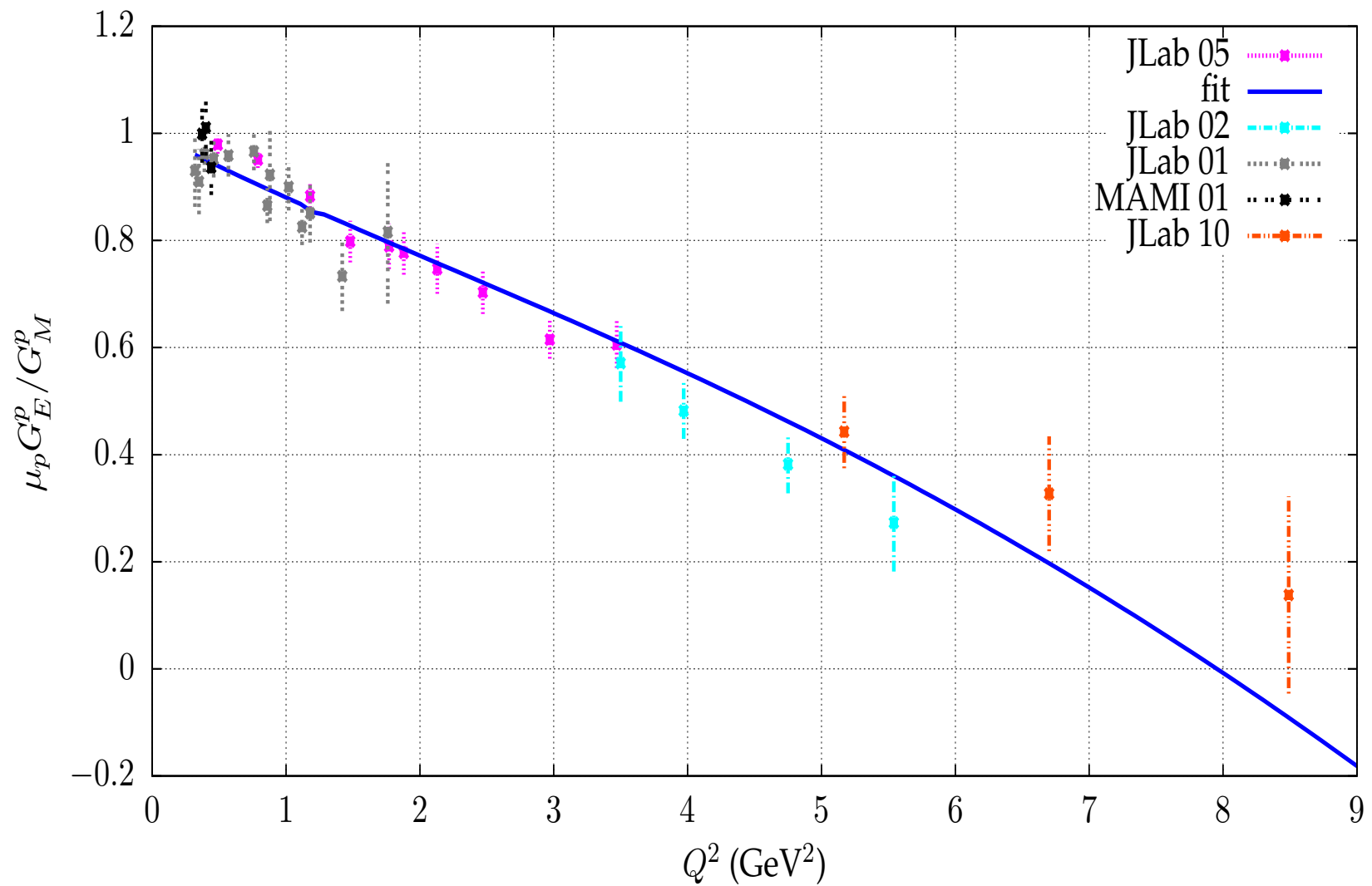
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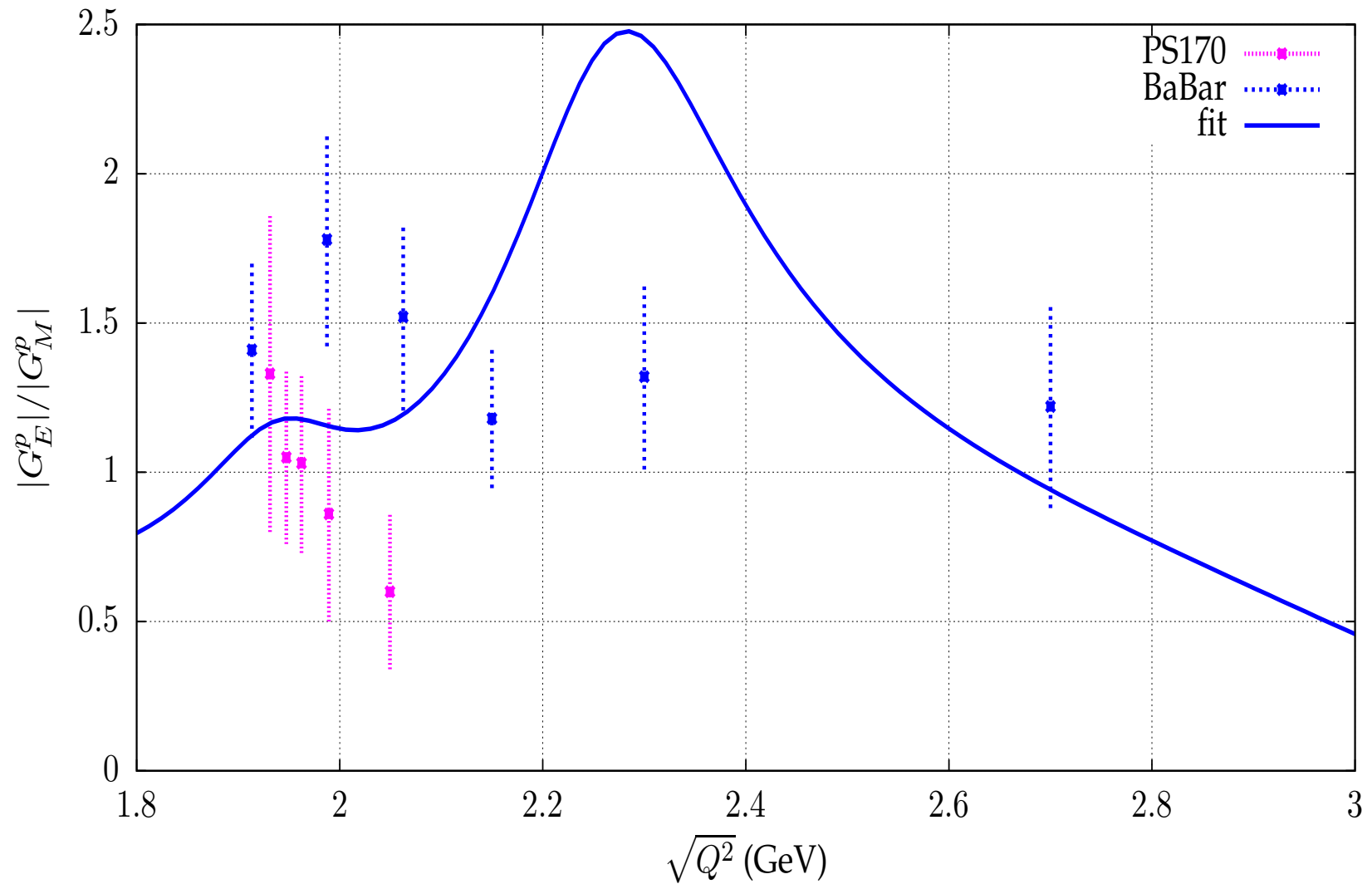
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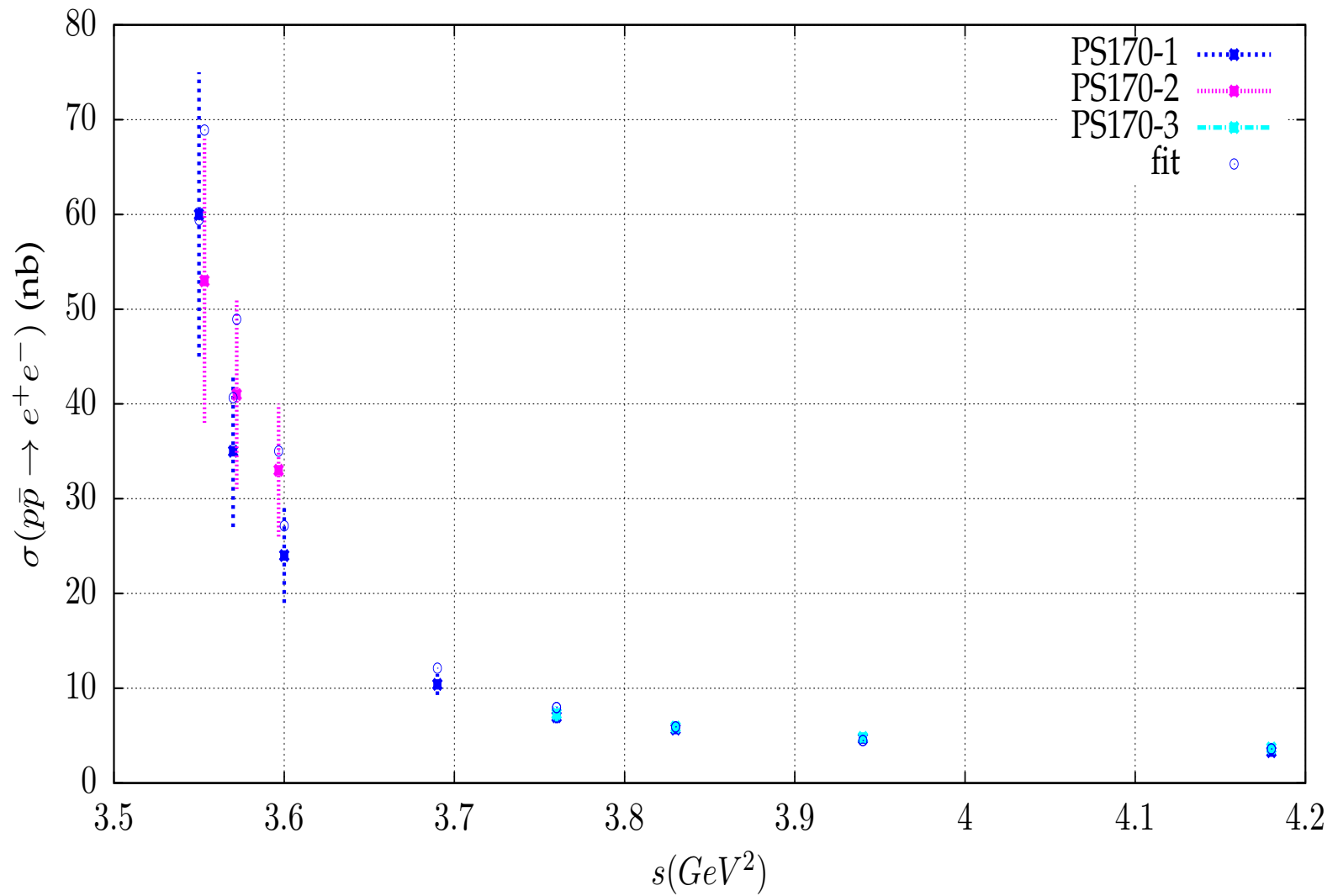
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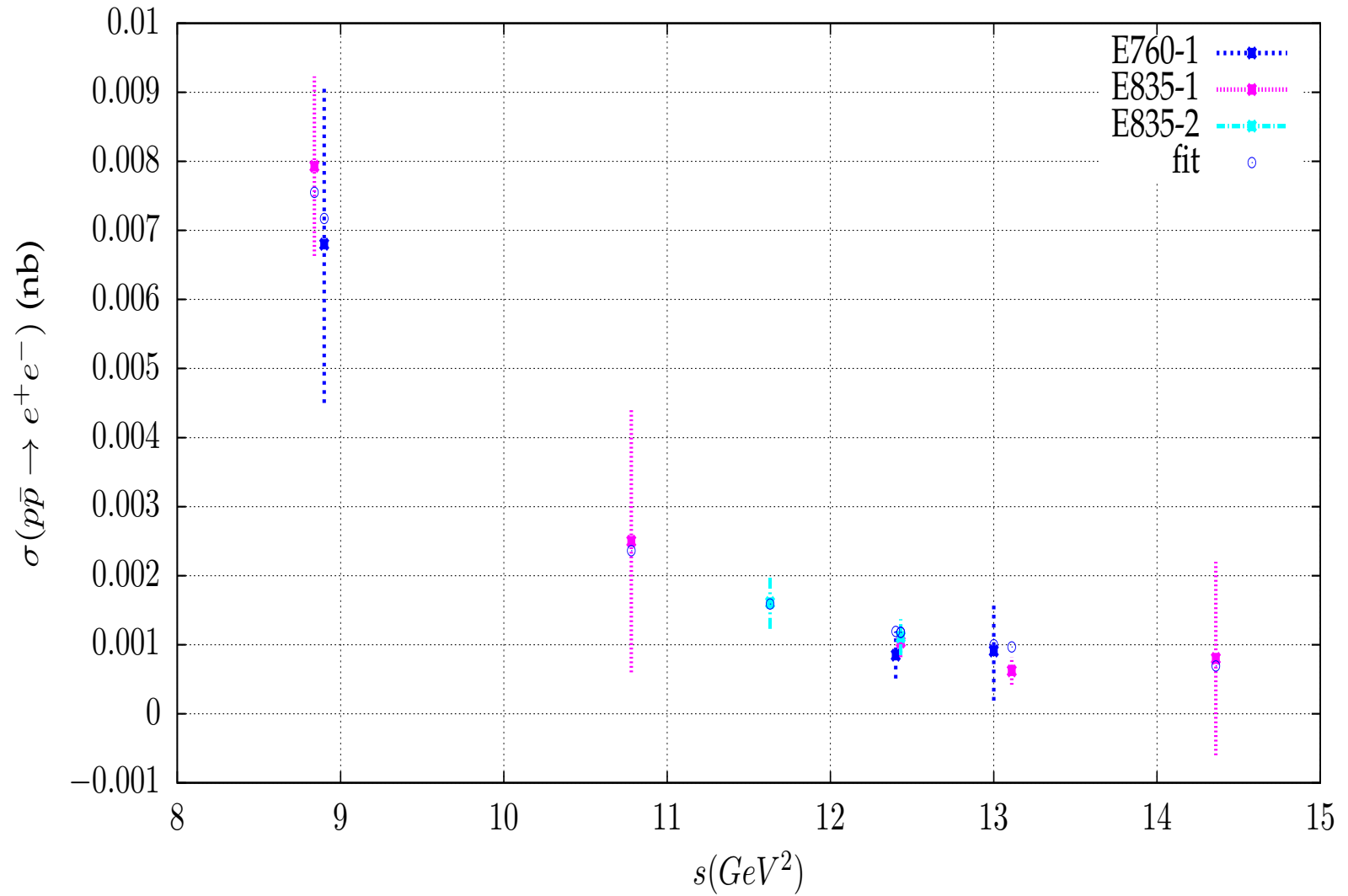
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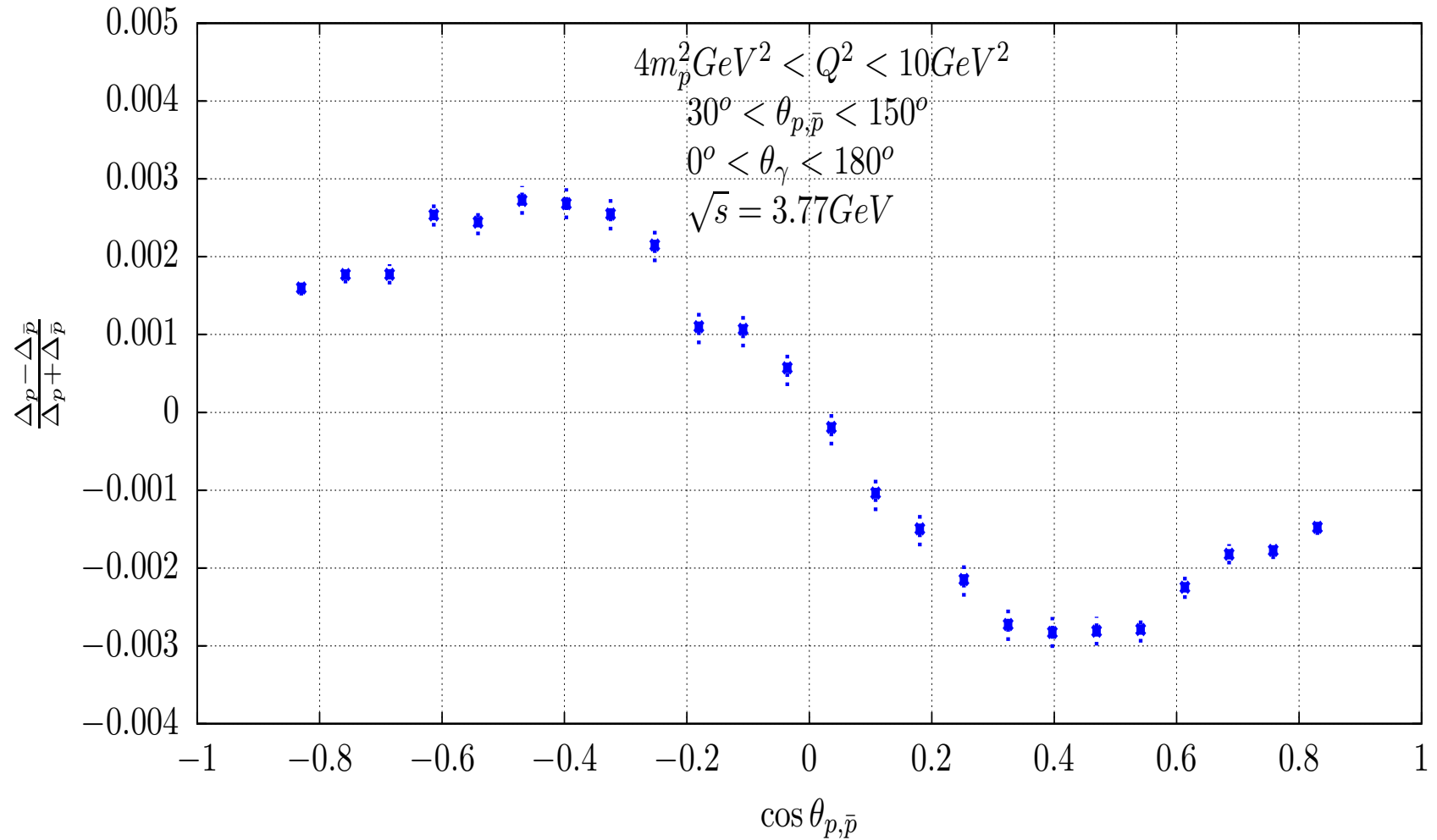


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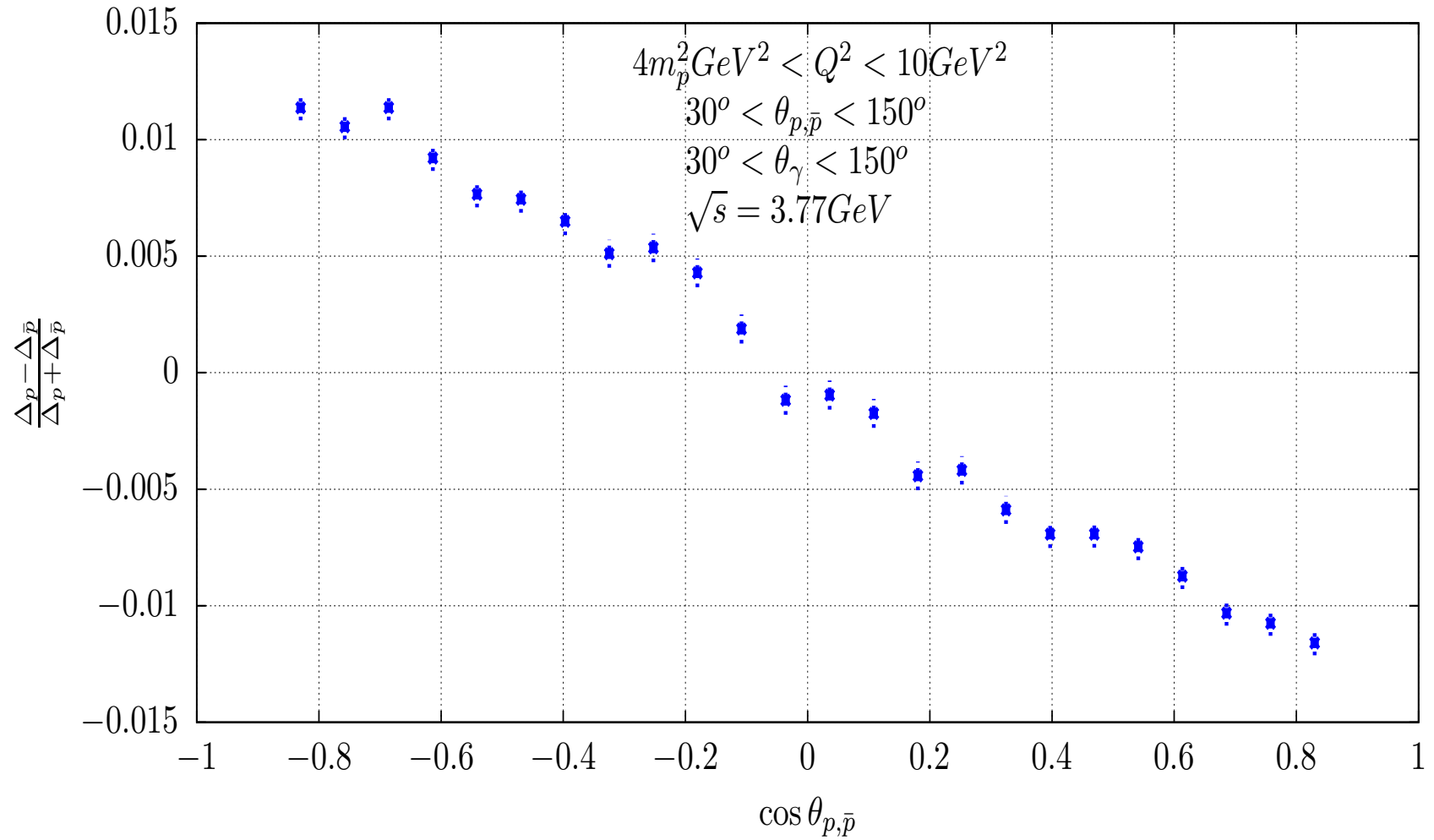
FSR

$$e + e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}\gamma \text{ LO}$$



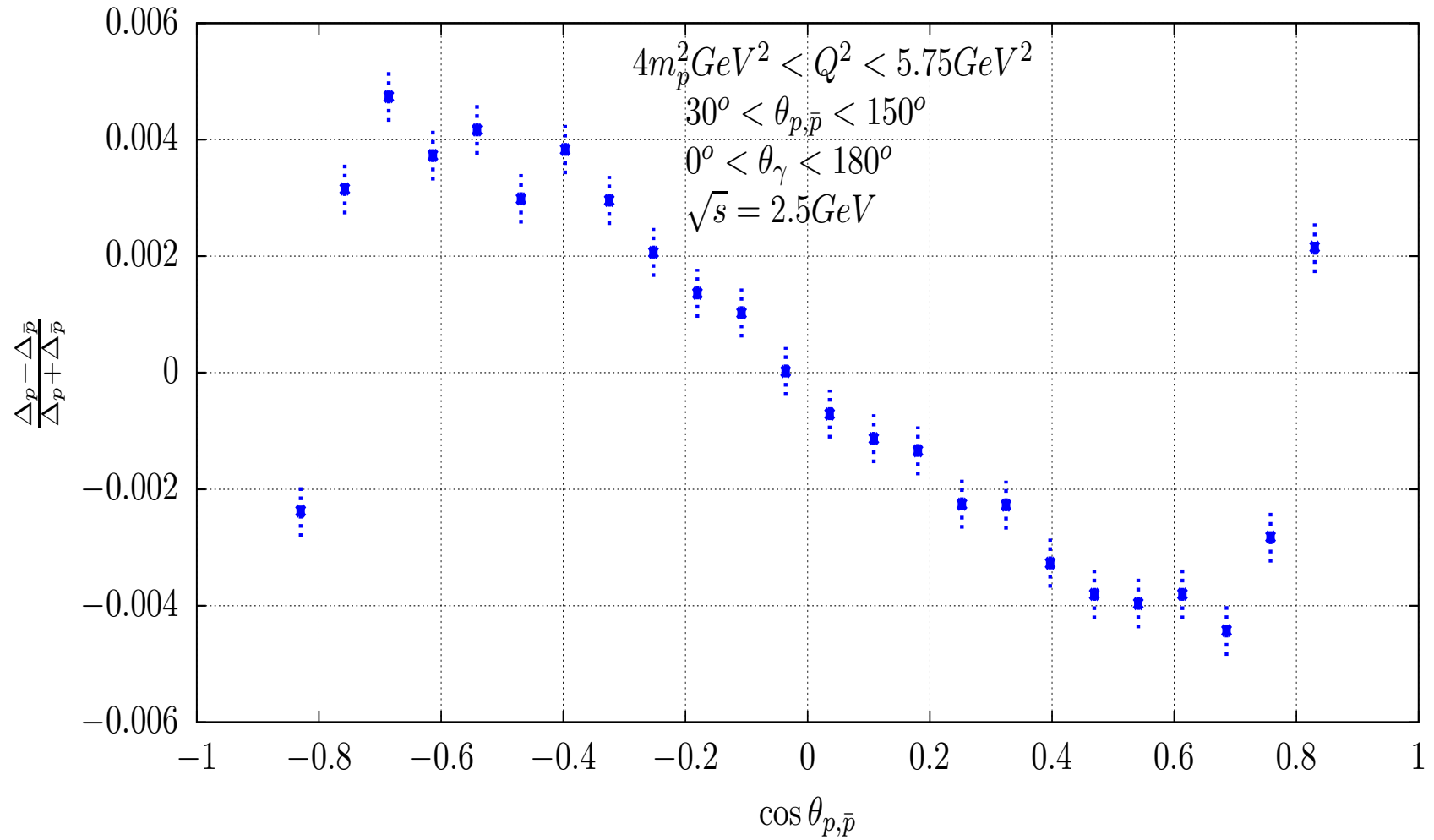
FSR

$$e + e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}\gamma \text{ LO}$$



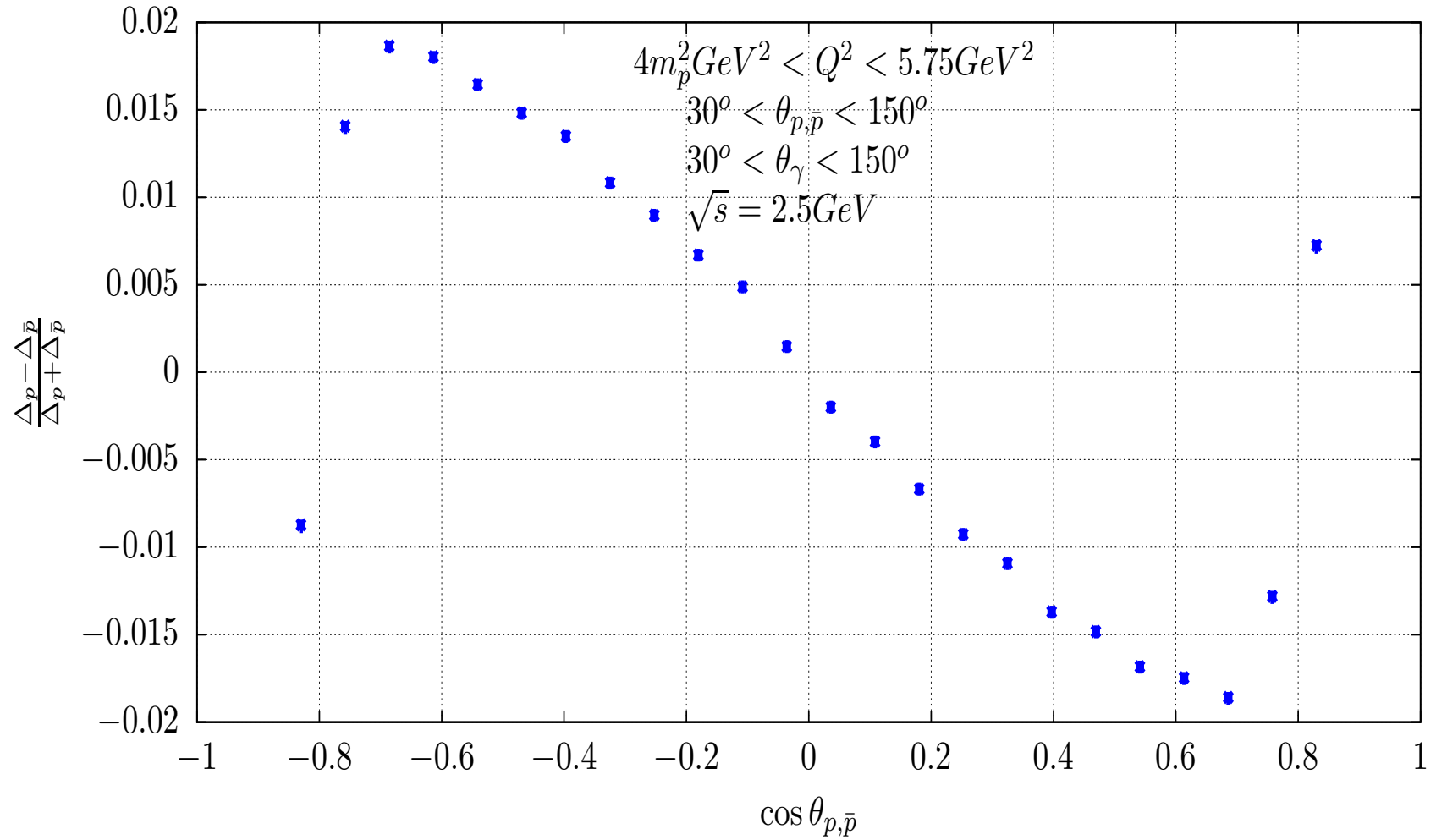
FSR

$e + e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}\gamma$ LO

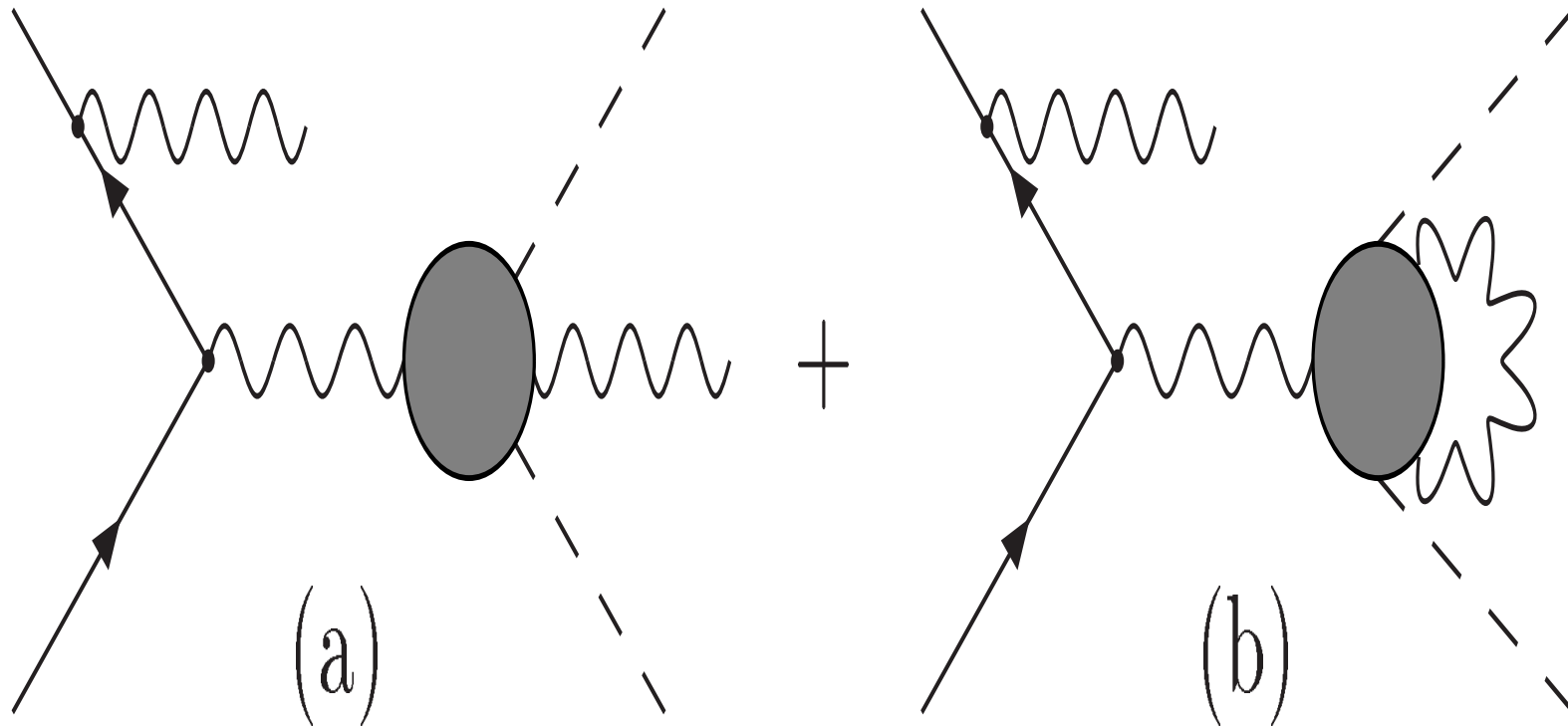


FSR

$e + e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}\gamma$ LO



FSR



Radiative corrections

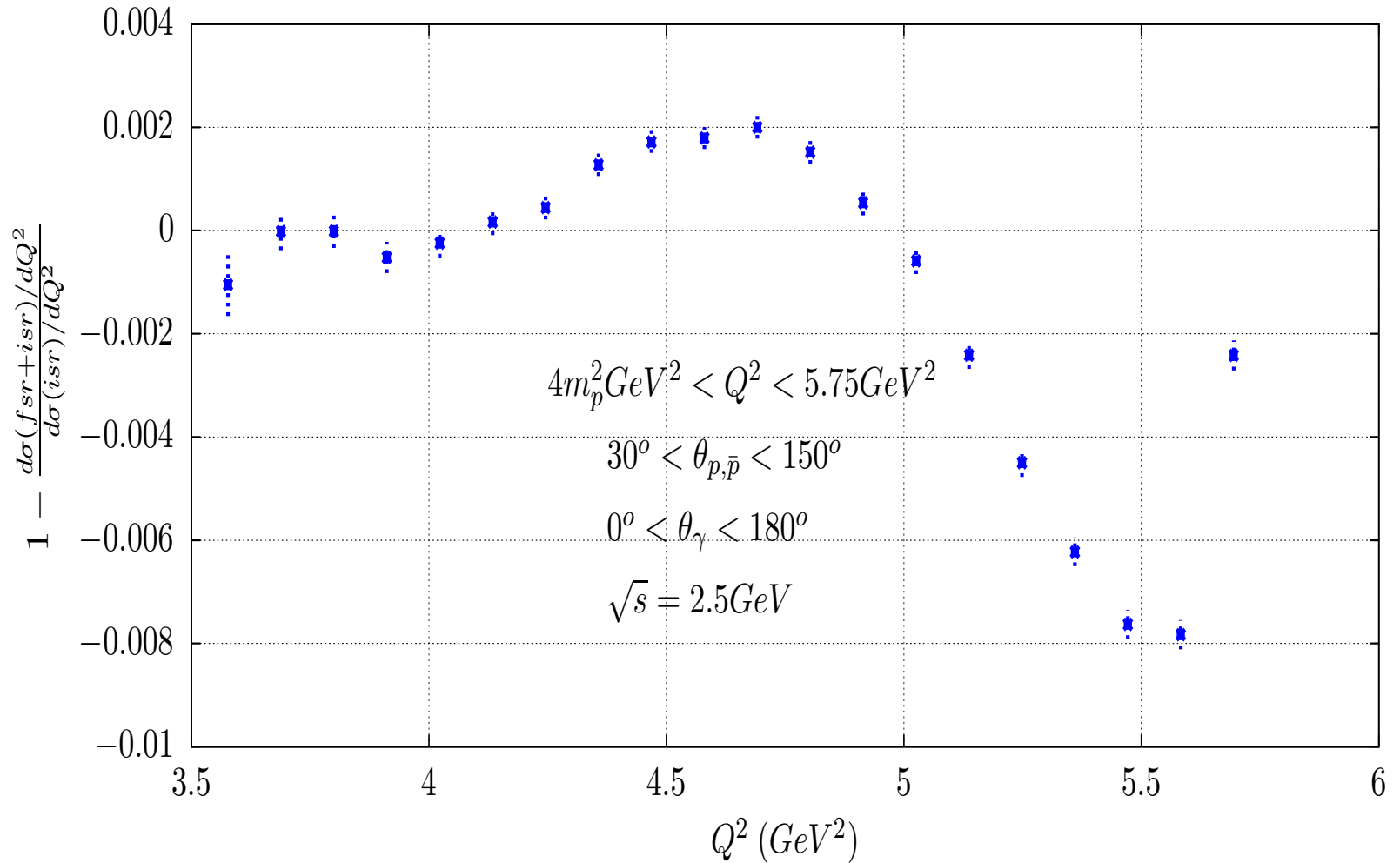
$$\Delta_{vert} = \frac{2\alpha}{\pi} \left[\frac{(1 + \beta^2)}{2\beta} \log \frac{Q^2(1 + \beta)^2}{4m_p^2} - 1 \right] \log 2w$$

$$F(y\gamma) = f(y\gamma) - f(\pi\alpha) + \frac{3\alpha}{4\pi} + 1$$

$$f(y\gamma) = \frac{y\gamma}{1 - \exp(-y\gamma)}, \quad y\gamma = \pi\alpha/\beta$$

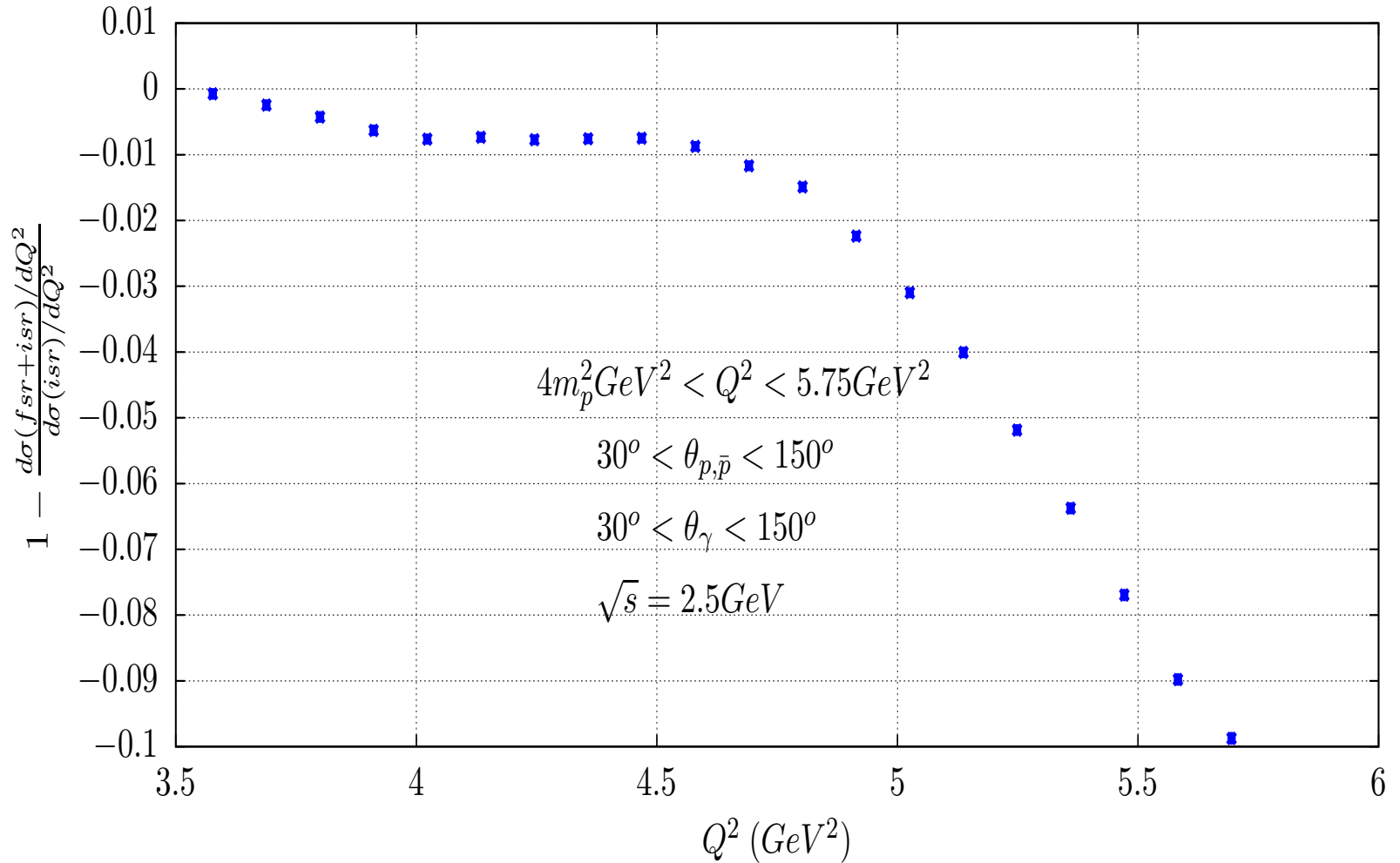
FSR

$e + e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}\gamma$ NLO



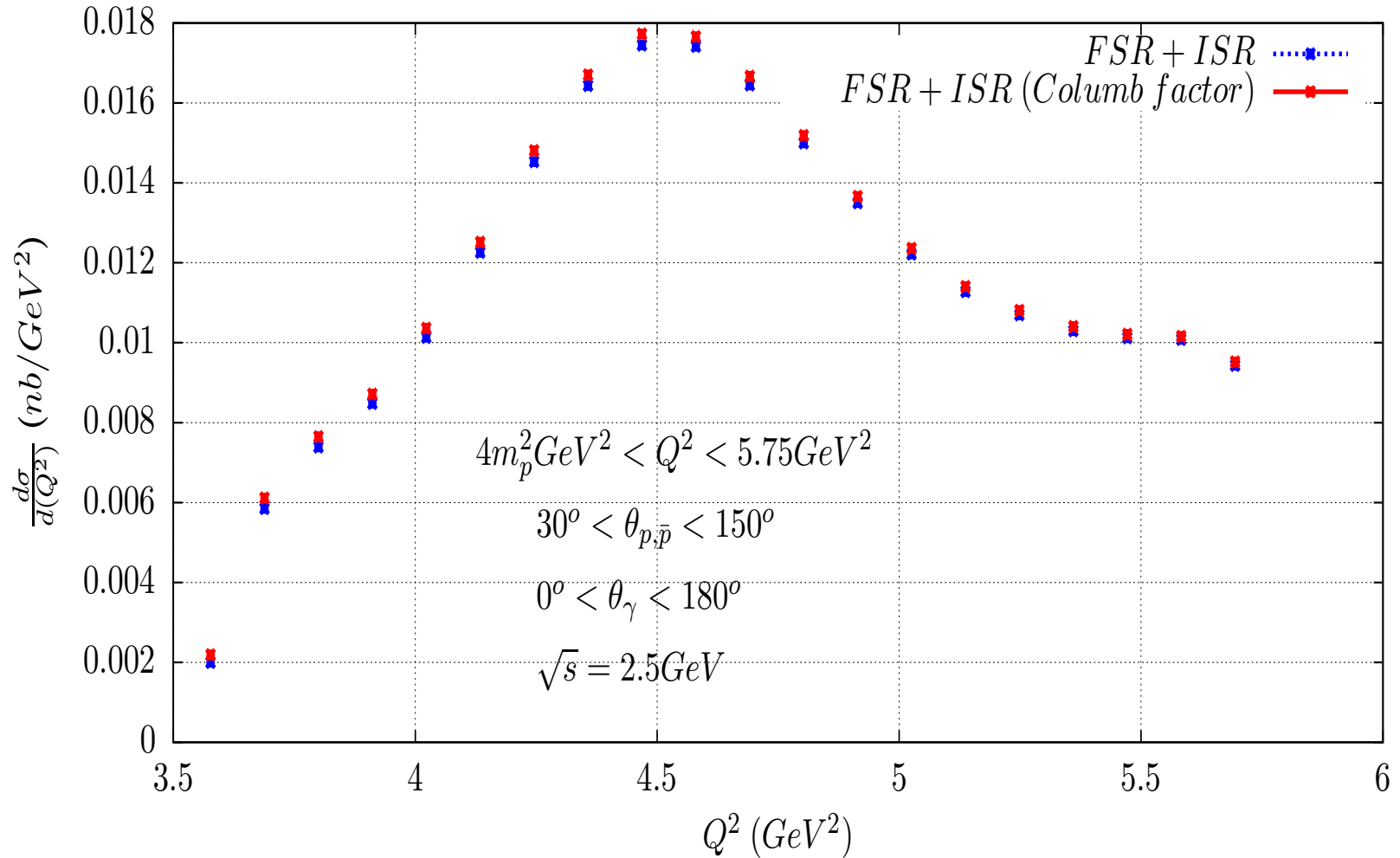
FSR

$e + e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}\gamma$ NLO



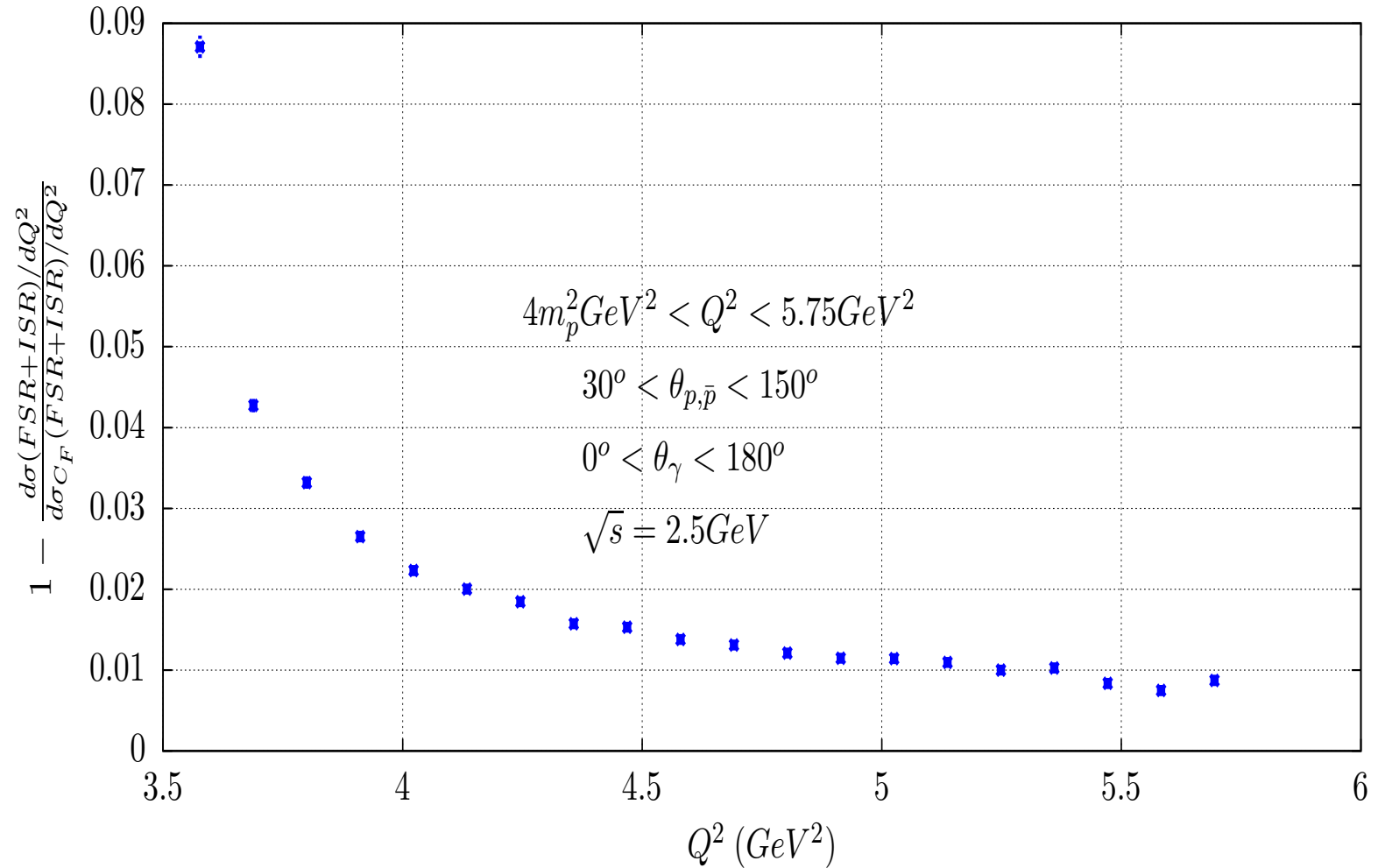
FSR

$e + e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}\gamma$ NLO



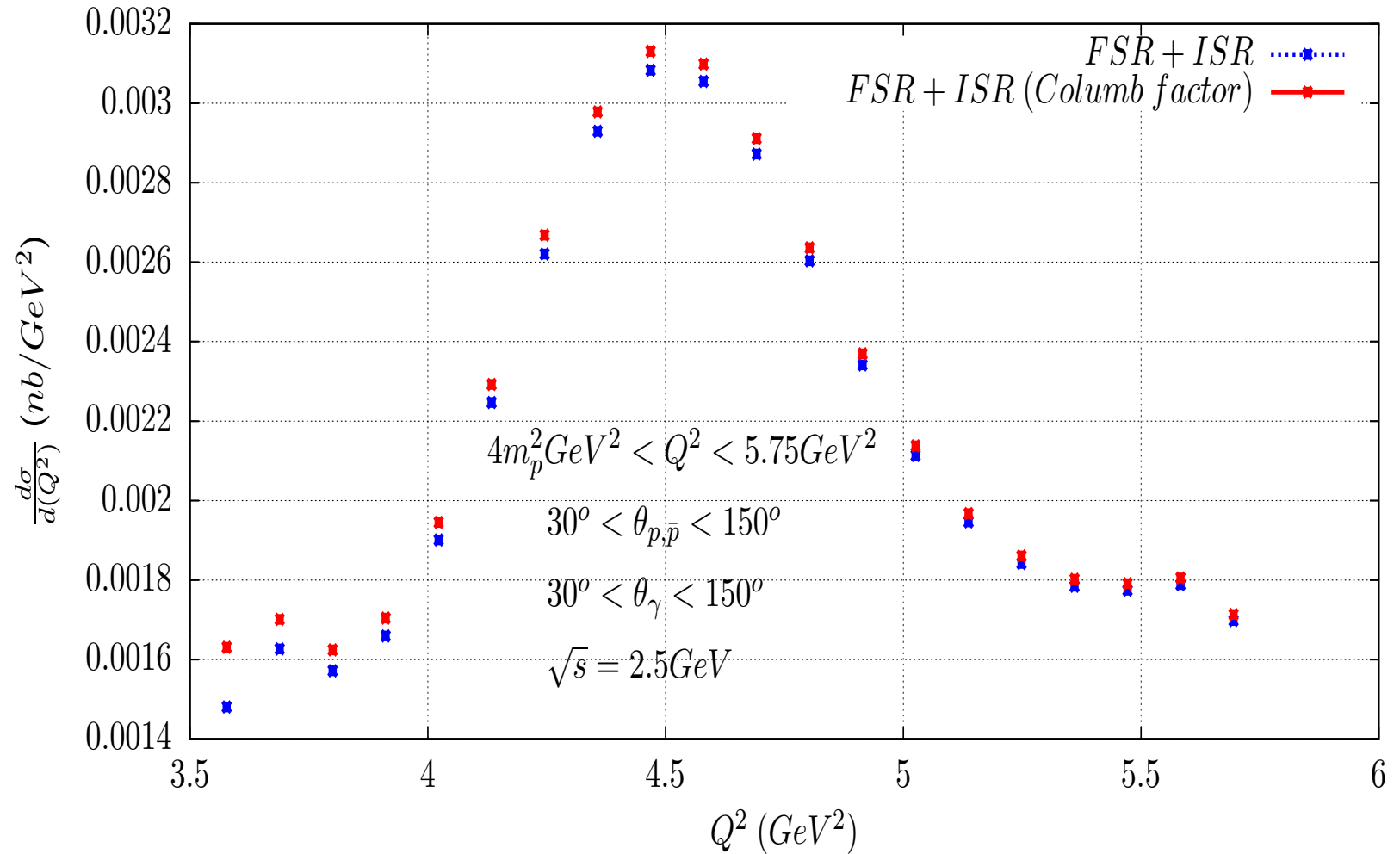
FSR

$e + e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}\gamma$ NLO



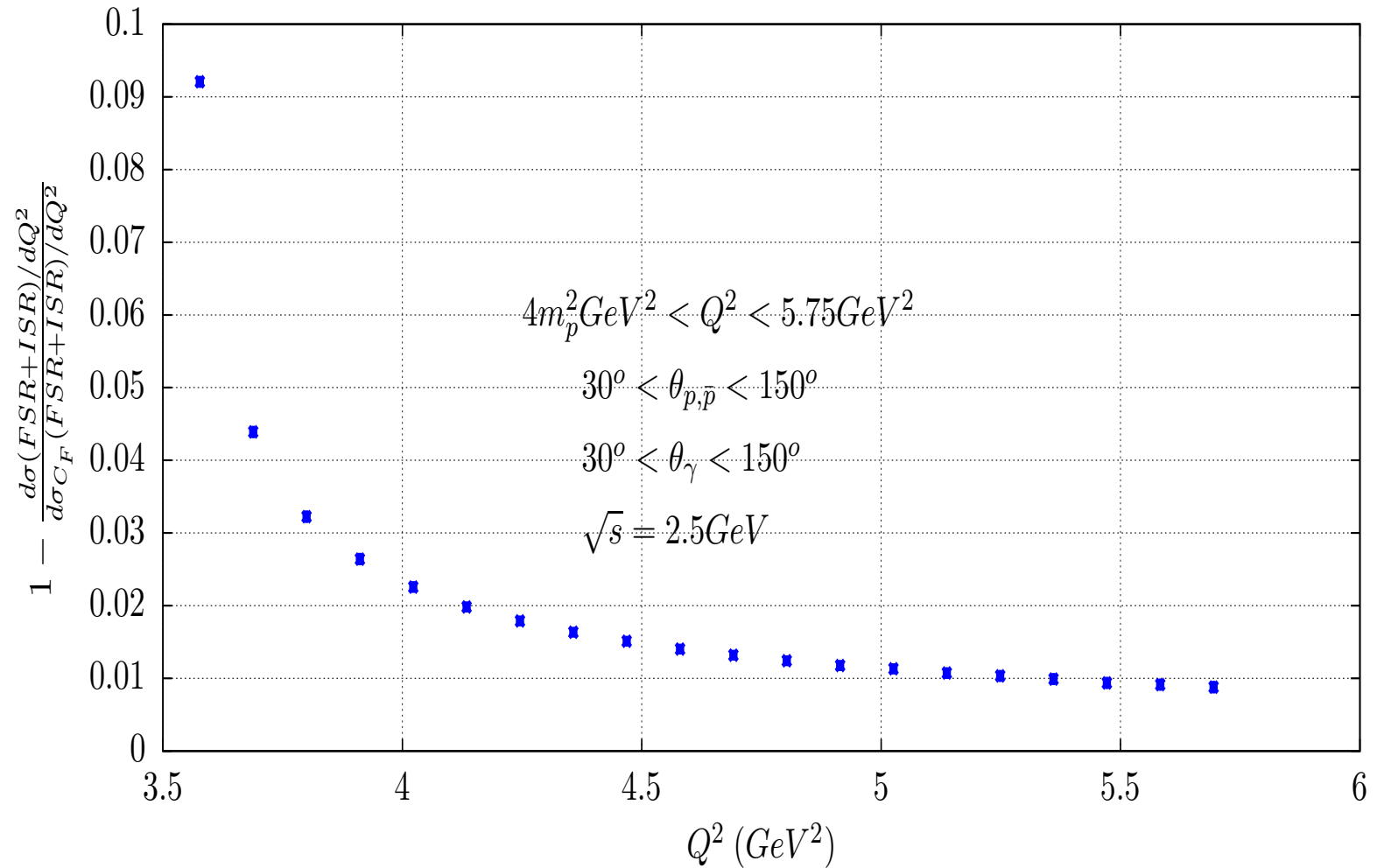
FSR

$e + e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}\gamma$ NLO



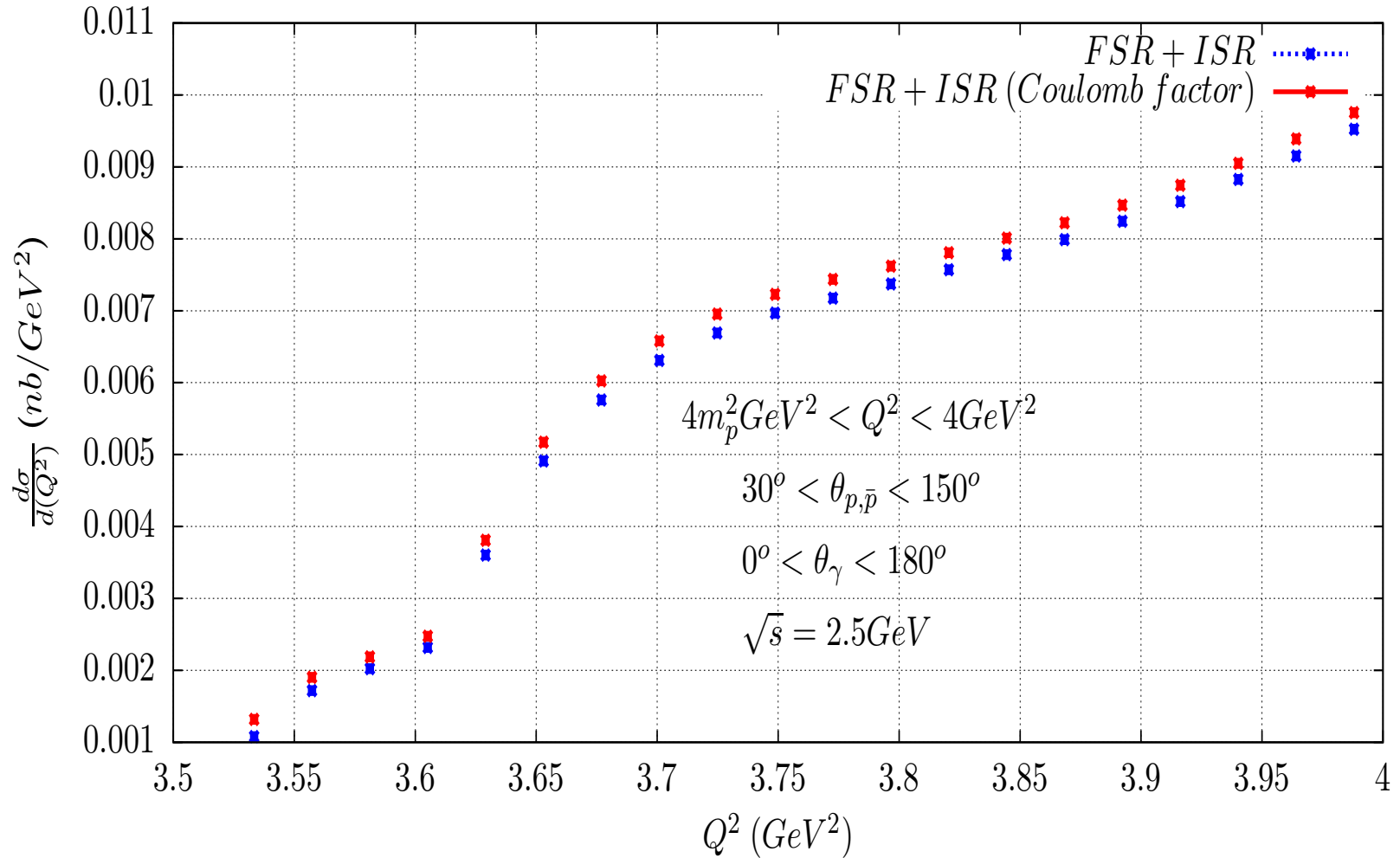
FSR

$e + e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}\gamma$ NLO



FSR

$$e + e^- \rightarrow p\bar{p}\gamma \text{ NLO}$$



Final remarks

- ⇒ New model of the nucleon FFs developed
- ⇒ FSRNLO corrections implemented in PHOKHARA for $e^+e^- \rightarrow \bar{p}p\gamma$
- ⇒ FSR radiative corrections important for precision measurements