13th meeting of the WG Radio Monte CarLow

H. Czyz/G. Venanzoni



ECT* Trento, 11-12 April 2013

http://www.lnf.infn.it/wg/sighad/

Introduction: H. Czyz/G. Venanzoni - (09:00-09:30)

Thursday 11 April

Radiative Corrections and MC generators I - (09:30-10:30)

time	[id] title	presenter
09:30	[31] e+e> hadrons below 2 GeV	Dr. EIDELMAN, Simon
	[32] Twoloop electroweak corrections to highenergy wideangle Bhabha scattering	PENIN, A.

Radiative Corrections and MC generators II - (11:00-12:30)

time	[id] title	presenter
11:00	[33] Hadron form factors in pbar p=> e+ e annihilation: the role of radiative corrections	TOMASI, E.
	[34] FSR corrections to the process \$e^+e^> \bar p p \gamma: modelling and the implementation into the event generator PHOKHARA	CZYZ, H.
12:00	[35] The Why's and How's of covariance matrices in the KLOE ISR analyses	MUELLER, S.

Gamma Gamma physics, FSR and Transition Form Factors I - (14:30-16:00)

time	[id] title	presenter
14:30	[36] Time like TFF using ISR	KUPSC, A.
	[37] Estimated calculation of the hadronic light-by-light contribution to the (g-2) of the muon	MASJUAN, Pere
	[38] Analysis of eta and etaprime transition form factors within Pade approximants	SANCHEZ PUERTAS, P.

Gamma Gamma physics, FSR and Transition Form Factors II - (16:30-20:30)

time [id] title	presenter
16:30 [39] gammagamma talk on BESIII	REDMER, C.
17:00 [40] gammagamma sum rules and their implication on the hadronic LbL contribution to (g2)	PAUK, V.
17:30 [41] White book on meson TFF	A. KUPSC/S. EIDELMAN
19:00 Collaboration dinner	

Friday 12 April 2013

Hadronic VP, g--2 and Delta alpha - (09:00-11:00)

time	[id] title	presenter
09:00	[42] Analytical calculation of a_\mu from \pi^+\pi^ hadronic state, including RC to \sigma_B(s) and RC to the kernel in pointlike approximation for pion	KURAEV, E.
09:30	[43] Muon g2 and QCD sum rules	SPIESBERGER, H.
10:00	[44] Colloquium: The role of sigma_hadronic for the future of the precision determinations of the muon g2 and the running alpha_em	JEGERLEHNER, F.

tau physics - (11:30-12:30)

time [id] title		presenter	
11:30	[46] Are isospin corrections in ^ ^ 0 _ decays understood?	ROIG, Pablo	
12:00	[47] Comparison of Resonance Chiral Lagrangian Currents to Experimental Data for \$\tau\to\pi^{}\pi^{}\pi^{+}\nu_{\tau}\$	SHEKHOVTSOVA, Olga	

Discussion on RadioMotecarlow effort on a HAD evaluation - (12:30-13:30)

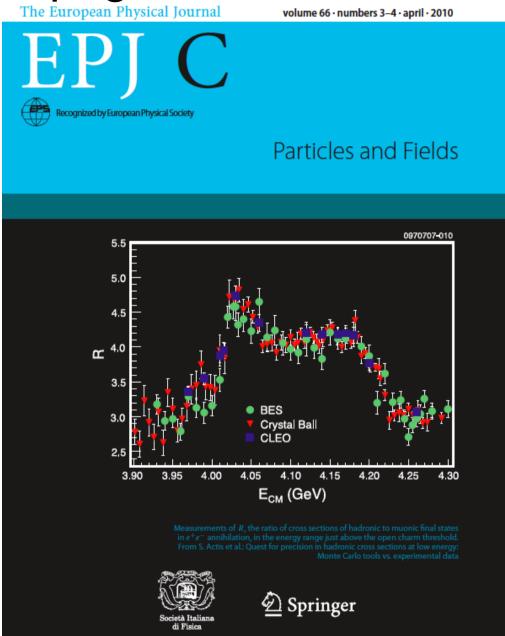
- Presenters: G.VENANZONI/S. EIDELMAN/T.TEUBNER

Continuation of the discussion/other talks? - (14:30-15:30)

Usual propaganda:

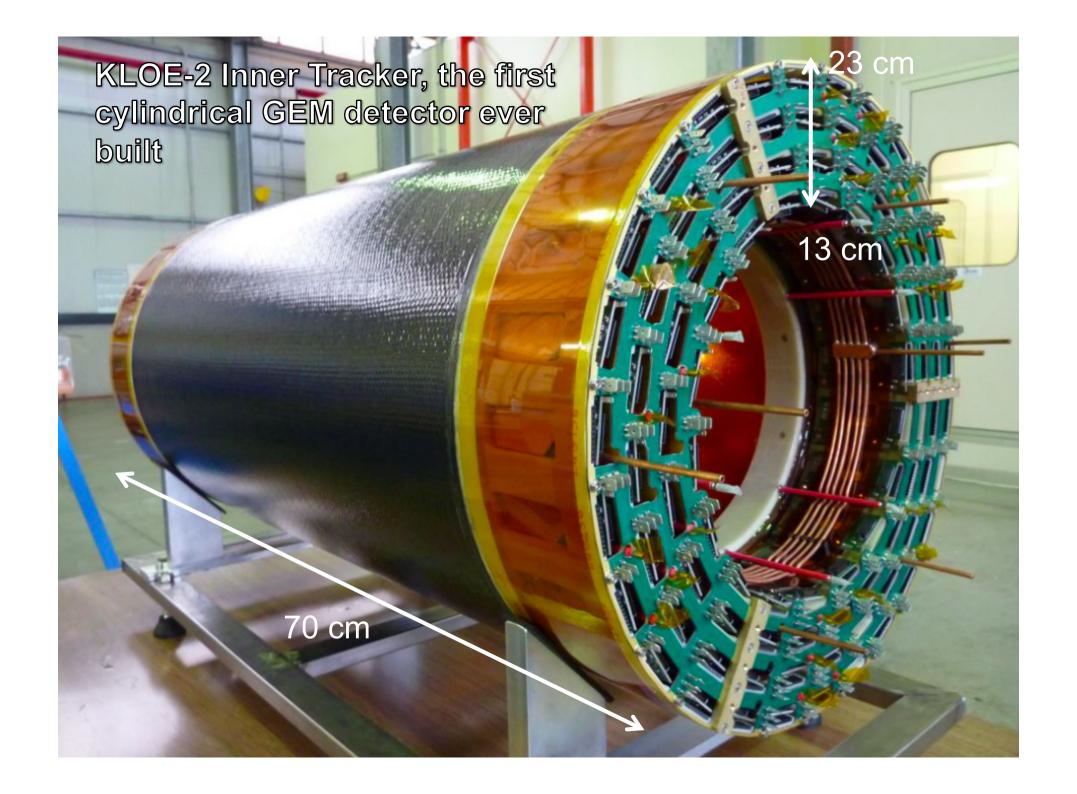
The paper "Quest for precision in hadronic cross sections at low energy:
Monte Carlo tools vs.
experimental data" has been published on the Eur.
Phys. J. C. Volume 66,
Issue 3 (2010), Page 585

Remember to quote the paper.



e+e- current activities

- Great session on Wednesday with impressive results from BESIII (and much more to come)
- First measurements (published) on multihadron xsect from VEPP-2000 (see Simon talk)
- DAFNE stopped in Dec 2012 for about 6 months to insert the new upgrades (Inner Tracker, and QCAL) and undertake DAFNE consolidation. Real data taking expected for this Summer.
- Still KLOE, BaBar and Belle can give important results on hadronic cross sections, γγ, and flavour physics.



New g-2 experiment at FNAL (E989) received CD0 in Sep 2012



Second muon experiment receives Mission Need approval from DOE



This rendering shows the location of the proposed Muon Campus at Fermilab. The arrow points to the proposed site of the planned Muon g-2 experiment. Click to enlarge. *Image: Muon Department/FESS*

Fermilab's plans for creating a Muon Campus with top-notch Intensity Frontier experiments have received a big boost. The Department of Energy has granted Mission Need approval to the Muon g-2 project, one of two experiments proposed for the new Muon Campus. The other proposed experiment, Mu2e, is a step ahead and already received the next level of DOE approval, known as Critical Decision 1.

"We now are officially on DOE's roadmap," said Lee Roberts, professor at Boston University and co-spokesperson for the roughly 100 scientists collaborating on the Muon g-2 (pronounced gee minus two) experiment. "This should make it easier to increase the size of our collaboration and foster international participation. Potential collaborators supported by the National Science Foundation or foreign funding agencies will be happy to see that we now have DOE's official Mission Need approval."

At present, the Muon g-2 collaboration includes scientists from institutions in China, Germany, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands and Russia as well as 16 institutions in the United States. Physicists from several institutions in the United Kingdom are in the process of joining the collaboration.

Fermilab E989 Experiment (July 12):



Argonne

Boston University

Brookhaven

CUNY Queens

Cornell

Fermilab

Illinois

James Madison

Kentucky

Massachusetts

Michigan

Muons Inc.

Northwestern

NIU?

Regis

Virginia

Washington



Shanghai



Frascati Rome





Dresden



KEK Osaka



KVI



Novosibirsk PNPI



>100 Collaborators,

~30 Institutions

"Collaboration has attained critical mass...have to put all this expertise to good use by matching tasks onto interests and capabilities"

C. Polly, Project Manager, June 12



MC-1 building progress

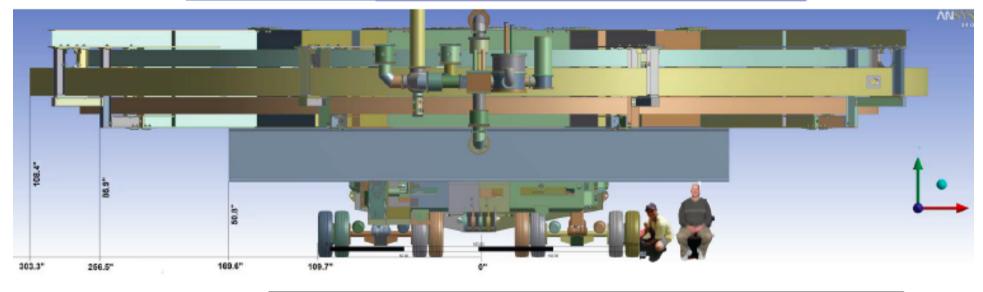


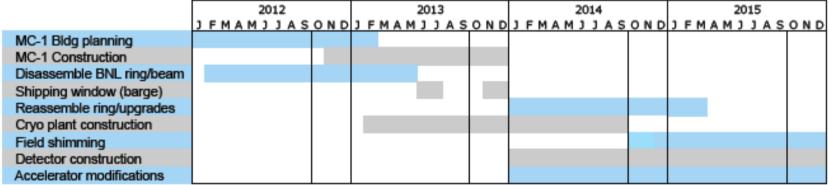




Major events last collab meeting







Shipping of the ring to FNAL expected by this year (probably in June) CD1 expected by this year (CDR expected by May) Data Taking expected in 2016/17

Important discussions:

- "White book on TFF" (A.Kupsc/S.Eidelman) on Thursday afternoon
- "WG effort on evaluation of hadronic contribution to aμ" (G.Venanzoni/S.Eidelman/T.Teubner) on Friday morning

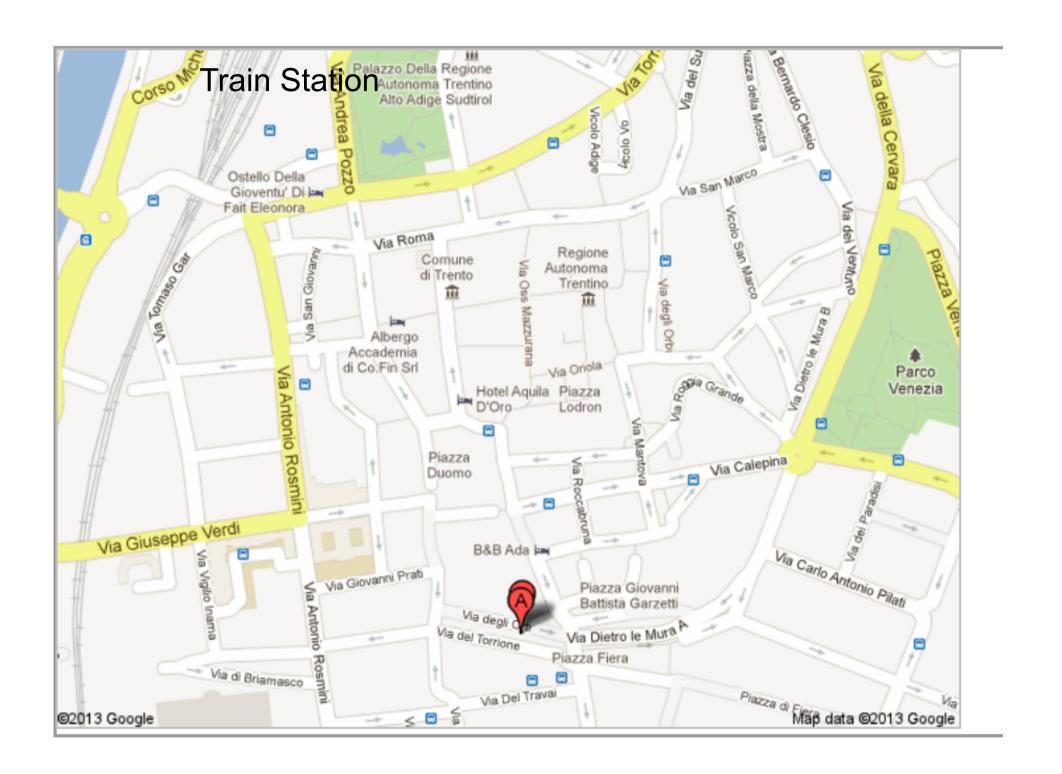
Colloquium

Friday, 12 April 10:00 - 11:00

The role of sigma_hadronic for the future of the precision determinations of the muon g-2 and the running alpha_em

Fred Jegerlehner

At 8.00 pm we will have the dinner at the Restaurant "Orso Grigio" Via degli Orti, 19, Trento



Next meeting

It will be done as satellite of PHIPSI13 Conference (Rome).

http://www.roma1.infn.it/phipsi13/index.html



It will be done in Frascati (or Rome) on 13/14 Sept (Fri/Sat) If it will be done in Frascati participants don't have to change hotel (they can stay in Rome) and take the local train (20') to reach Frascati.

More information soon

Have a nice meeting and many thanks to the director of ECT*, Prof. Wolfram Weise, for hosting this workshop and to the ECT* secretary, Dr. Ines Campo, for her valuable help with the organization of this meeting!!!

spare



Schedule for Director's Reviews



May June 2013



- Looks like May 29-31 is only possibility in this range
- Other dates we can infer from this
 - May 6: All docs due to PM office for final review (BoE, CDR, RLS, etc.) 32 days!
 - May 13: Final documents submitted to reviewers
 - May 22: Practice talks
 - June 24-28 or Jul 8-12: Earliest two possible weeks to schedule Lehman Review

CD1 expected by this year (CDR expected by May)
We need up to CD3 to have the project really approved

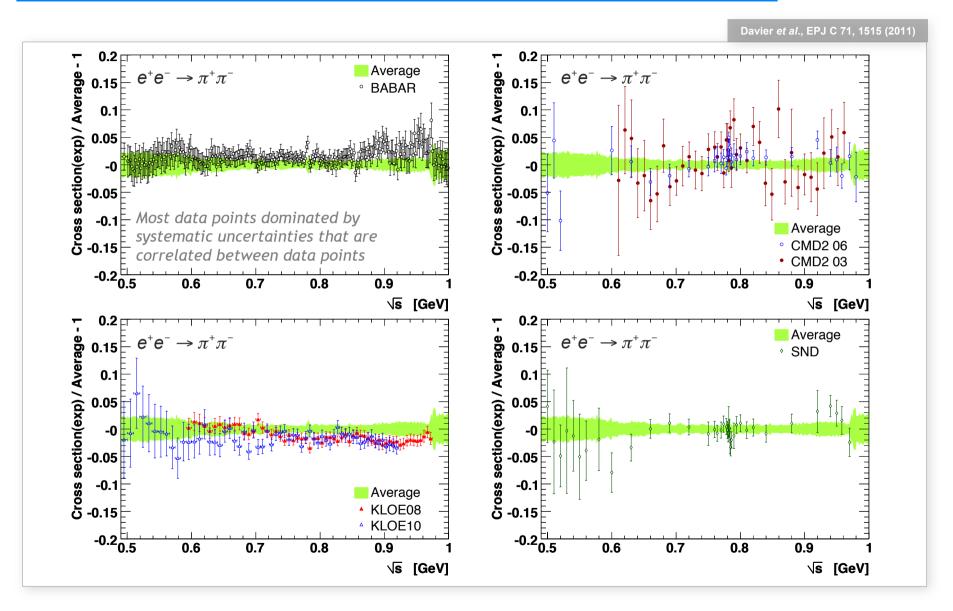
Precision target of new experiment at FNAL 1.6 10⁻¹⁰ (respect to 6.3 10⁻¹⁰ E821)

Accuracy of SM calculation ~5 10⁻¹⁰

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{exp}} - a_{\mu}^{\text{theo,SM}} = (27.7 \pm 8.4)10^{-10}$$
 (3.3 σ)
 $8.4 = \sim 5_{\text{HLO}} \oplus \sim 3_{\text{HLbL}} \oplus 6_{\text{BNL}}$
 $\uparrow \qquad \uparrow \qquad \uparrow \qquad \downarrow \qquad \downarrow$
? ? 1.6_{NEW G-2}

How much can theoretical error improve?

Situation of Two-pion channel

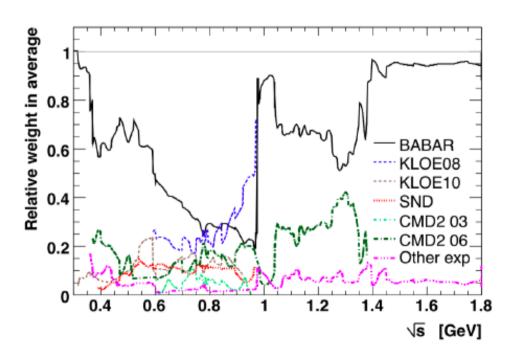


Agreement not excellent amongst all the data.

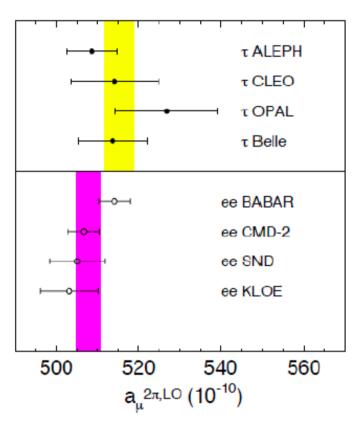
Impact of BABAR data for g-2: $\pi^+\pi^-$

Weights of different experiments in combining their results (DHMZ 2009-2010)

BABAR dominates everywhere, except between 0.8 and 0.93 GeV where KLOE is the most precise



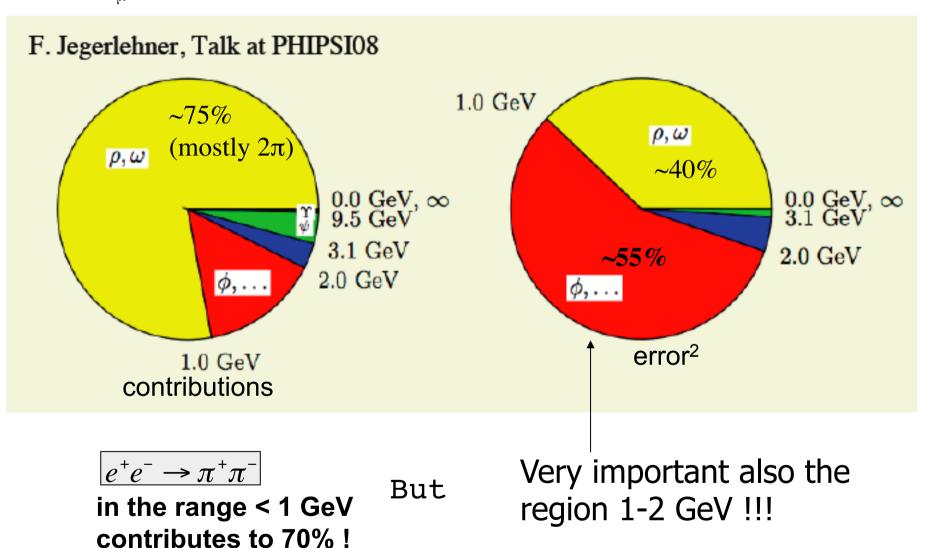
Integral from threshold to 1.8 GeV



BABAR most precise (with CMD-2) reduces tension between e^+e^- and τ

Error budget on a_μHLO

 $\delta a_{\mu}^{HLO} = 5.3 = 3.3 (\sqrt{s} < 1 \text{GeV}) \oplus 3.9 (1 < \sqrt{s} < 2 \text{GeV})) \oplus 1.2 (\sqrt{s} > 2 \text{GeV})$



$$\delta\sigma_{HAD}$$
 ~ 0.4% \sqrt{s} <1GeV (instead of 0.7% as now) $\delta\sigma_{HAD}$ ~ 2% 1< \sqrt{s} <2GeV (instead of 6% as now)

$$\delta a_{\mu}^{HLO}$$
 = 2.6 (instead of ~5 as now)

Possible with Direct scan at VEP2000 and ISR at DAFNE, BEPCII and B-factories

What about HLbL?

- As today $\delta a_{\mu}^{LbL} = [2.5-4]10^{-10}$
- How to improve? γγ physics can help? YES!

On the possibility to measure the $\pi^0 \to \gamma \gamma$ decay width and the $\gamma^* \gamma \to \pi^0$ transition form factor with the KLOE-2 experiment

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D. Babusci<sup>1</sup>, H. Czyż<sup>2</sup>, F. Gonnella<sup>3,4</sup>, S. Ivashyn<sup>a,5</sup>, M. Mascolo<sup>3,4</sup>,
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R. Messi^{3,4}, D. Moricciani^{b,4}, A. Nyffeler⁶, G. Venanzoni¹ and KLOE-2

Collaboration*

the purpose of this letter. The estimates are performed to demonstrate, within several approaches, an improvement of uncertainty, which will be possible when the KLOE-2 data appear. Discussion of the validity of these approaches as well as the form factor modeling is beyond the scope of this letter.

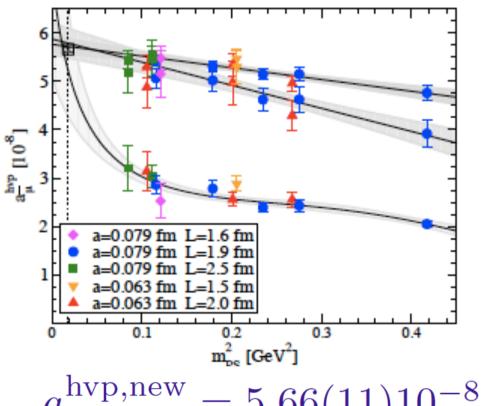
Eur.Phys.J. C72 (2012) 1917

 $\gamma\gamma$ physics is done at B-factories.

It will also be done at KEDR, KLOE-2 and BESIII with dedicated detectors, in a region where data are scarse Also $e+e- \rightarrow PS_{\gamma}$ (A. Kupsc)

Of course other approaches are possible

A new 2-3% lattice result for the <u>lowest-order</u> hadronic (u,d quarks only) contribution:



Prospects for HLBL?

Experimental value:

$$a_{\mu,N_f=2}^{\text{hvp,exp}} = 5.66(05)10^{-8}$$

 $a_{\mu,N_f=2}^{\mathrm{hvp,new}} = 5.66(11)10^{-8} \leftarrow \textit{Excellent agreement}$

- p. 25/29

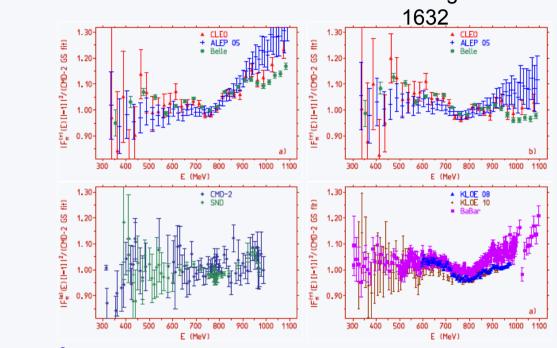
-Other ideas?

In both cases experimental and theoretical activities are essential!

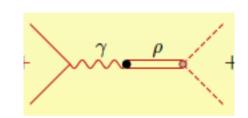
Still a lot of work for our WG!

Jegerlehner and Szafron claim that the e^+e^- vs τ is solved if an additional correction (ρ – γ mix.) is included

F. Jegerlehner and R. Szafron, Eur. Phys. J. C71 (2011)



 $|F_{\pi}(E)|^2$ in units of e^+e^- l=1 (CMD-2 GS fit): a) τ data uncorrected for $\rho - \gamma$ mixing, and b) after correcting for mixing. Lower panel: e^+e^- energy scan data [left] and e^+e^- radiative return data [right]





$$a_{\mu}^{\text{had,LO}}[e,\tau] = 690.96(1.06)(4.63) \times 10^{-10} \quad (e+\tau) \text{ JS } 11$$

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{had,LO}}[e^+e^-] = (692.3 \pm 4.2_{\text{ee+QCD}}) \times 10^{-10}$$

 $a_{\mu}^{\text{had,LO}}[\tau] = (701.5 \pm 3.5_{\tau} \pm 1.9_{\text{SU(2)}} \pm 2.4_{\text{ee+QCD}}) \times 10^{-10}$

DHMZ 11

How to improve the critical mass: can we access to European funds (especially for travelling and positions)?

Can we have time to discuss this?

It seems we are too small to apply for a network