

# Multiple Parton Interactions in PhotoProduction at HERA



## Contents:

- I – Introduction and motivation
- II – MPI at HERA: past
- III – MPI at HERA: present
- IV – Summary and outlook (future?)

Lluís Martí Magro

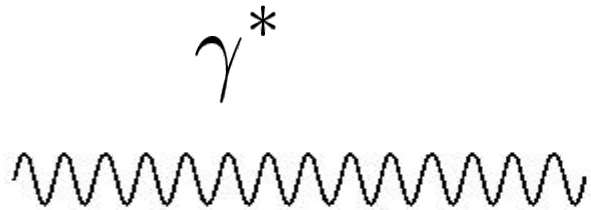
1<sup>st</sup> MPI@LHC, Perugia. 27<sup>th</sup> of October, 2008.

# Introduction & Motivation

# *Introduction & motivation*

---

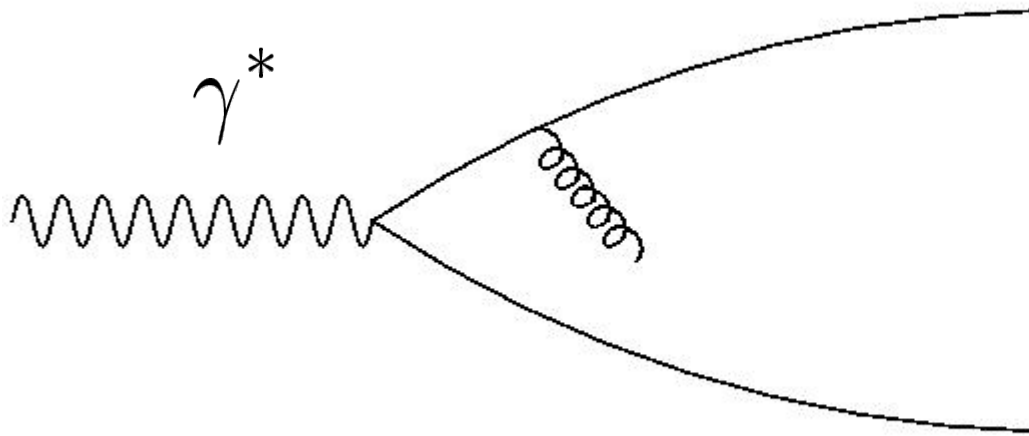
x At high virtualities,  $Q^2$ , the photon is a **point-like** particle



# Introduction & motivation

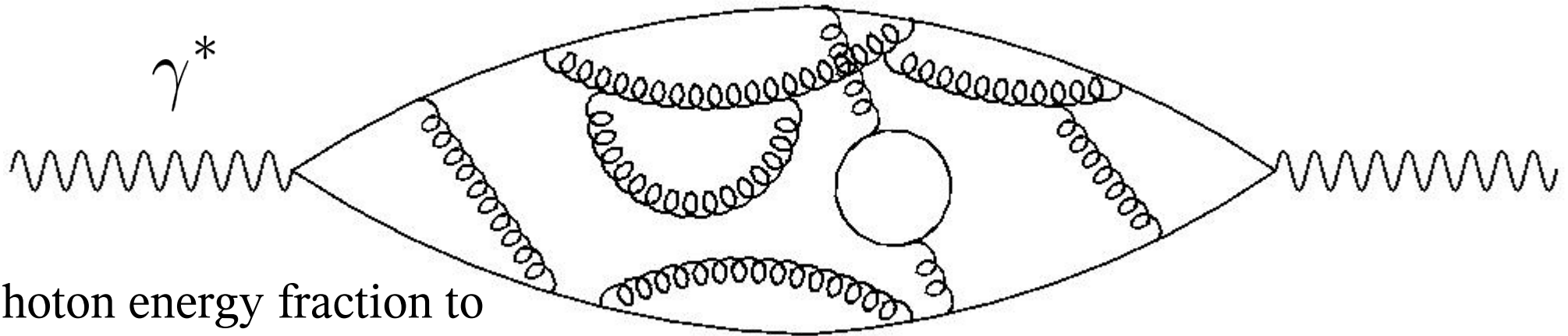
---

✗ while going to **lower virtualities** the photon lives longer and may fluctuate into a quark-anti quark pair



# Introduction & motivation

$x$  in **photoproduction** the photon lives enough to develop a complicated **hadronic structure**.



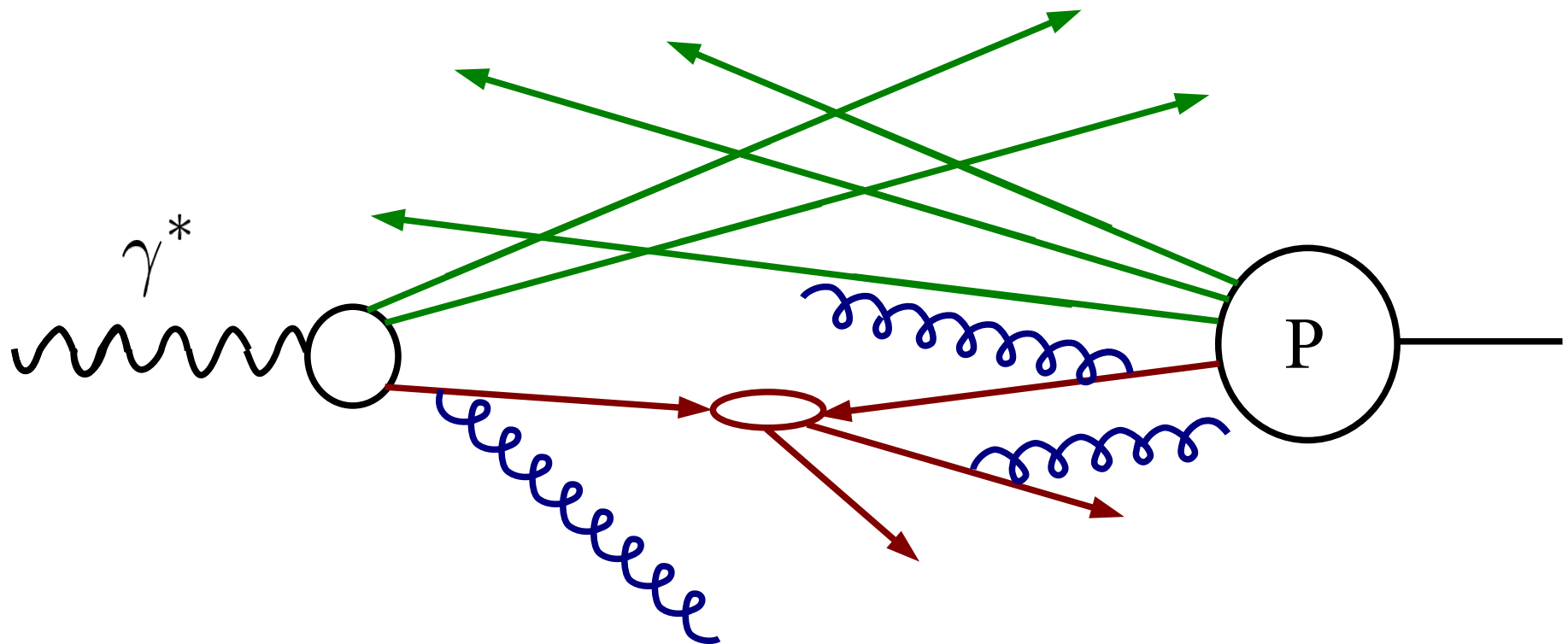
photon energy fraction to enter in the hard interaction

$$X_{\gamma}^{\text{obs}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N_{\text{jets}}} E_{\text{T}}^{\text{jet}_i} e^{-\eta^{\text{jet}_i}}}{2 E_{\gamma}}$$

- high values correspond to point-like photons
- low values correspond to resolved photons

# Introduction & motivation

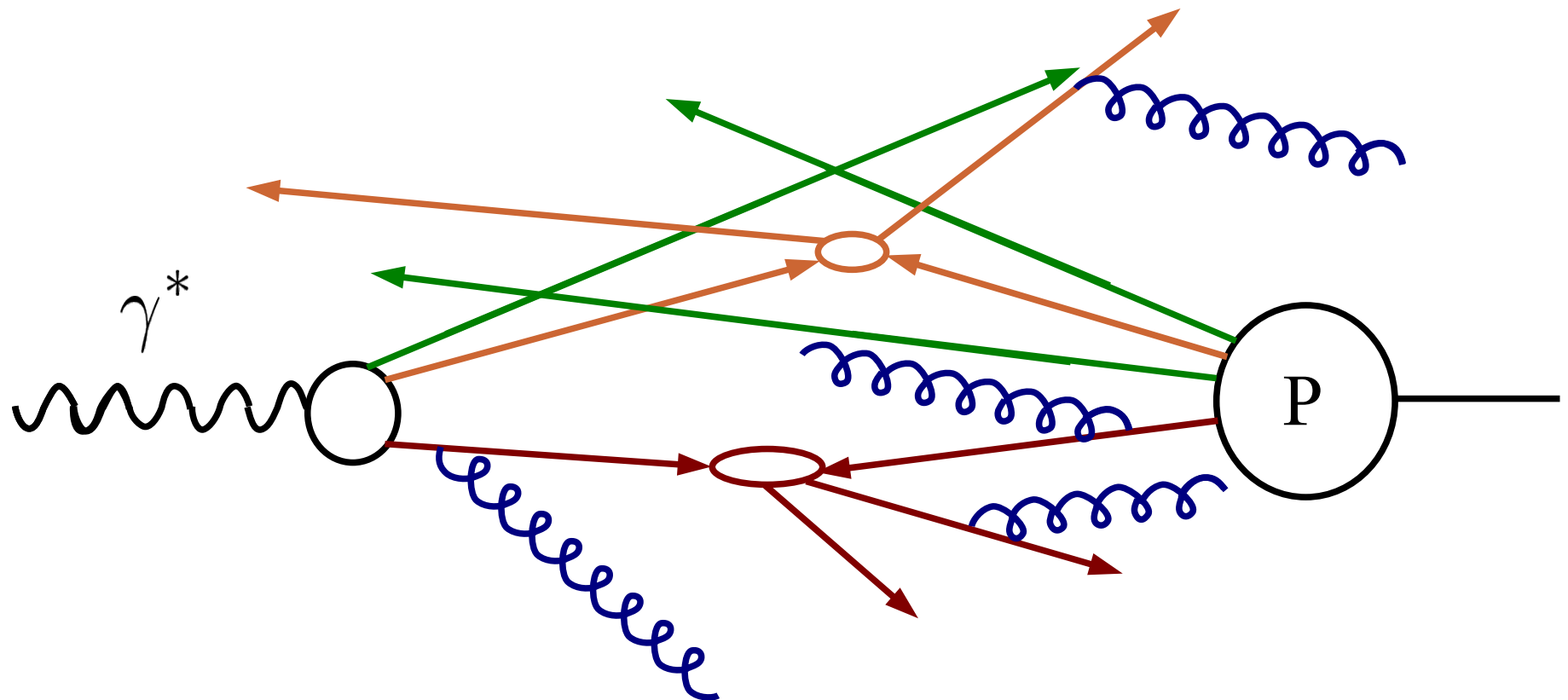
In ep we have a similar situation to the hadron-hadron collisions



there are remnants from the photon and the proton side

# Introduction & motivation

x and partons from the remnants can interact

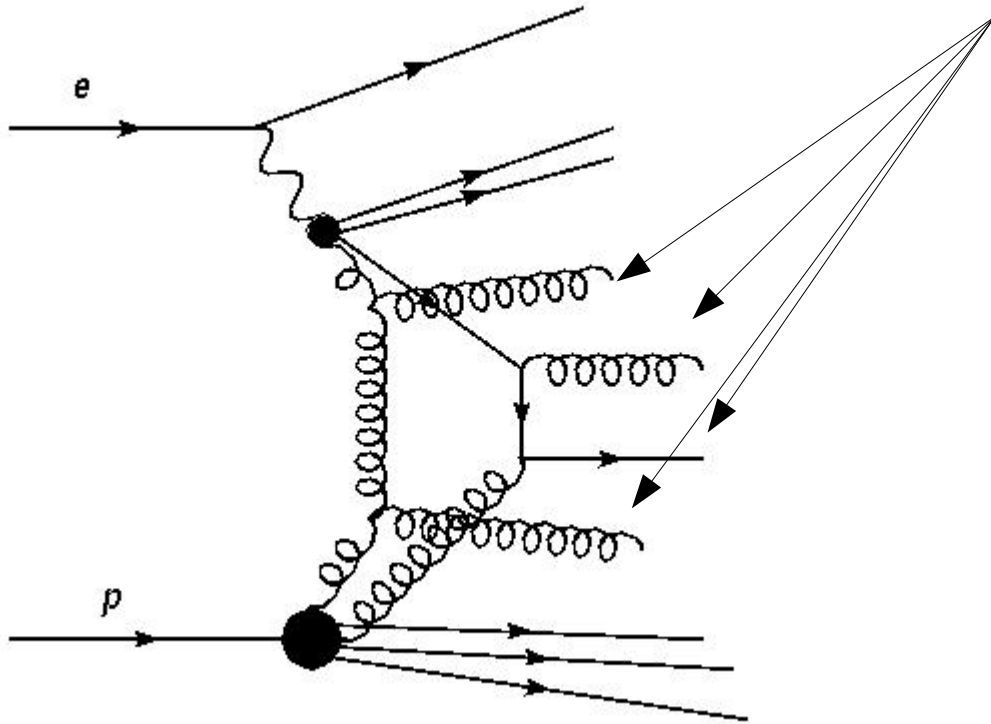


# Multiple parton interactions

---

## Observables:

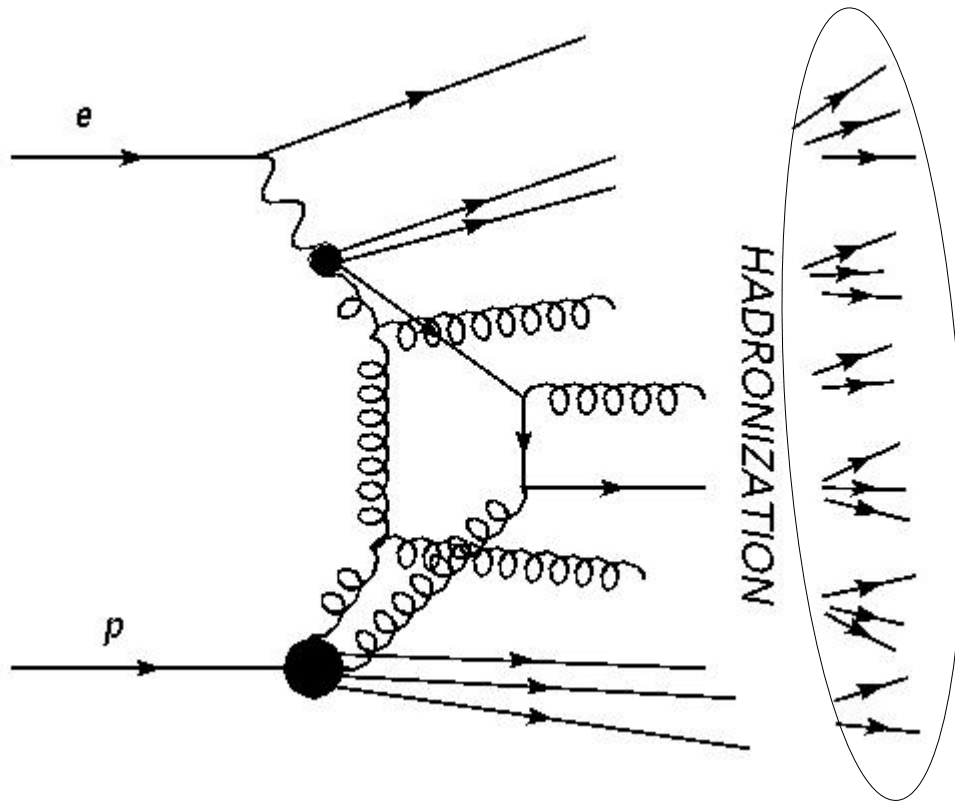
- **Hard MPI** in multi jet events: three or more jets with high  $P_T$





# Multiple parton interactions

## Observables:



- **Hard MPI** in multi jet events: three or more jets with high  $P_T$
- **Soft MPI**: charged particles, low  $P_T$  jets, energy flow....

# Monte Carlo

---

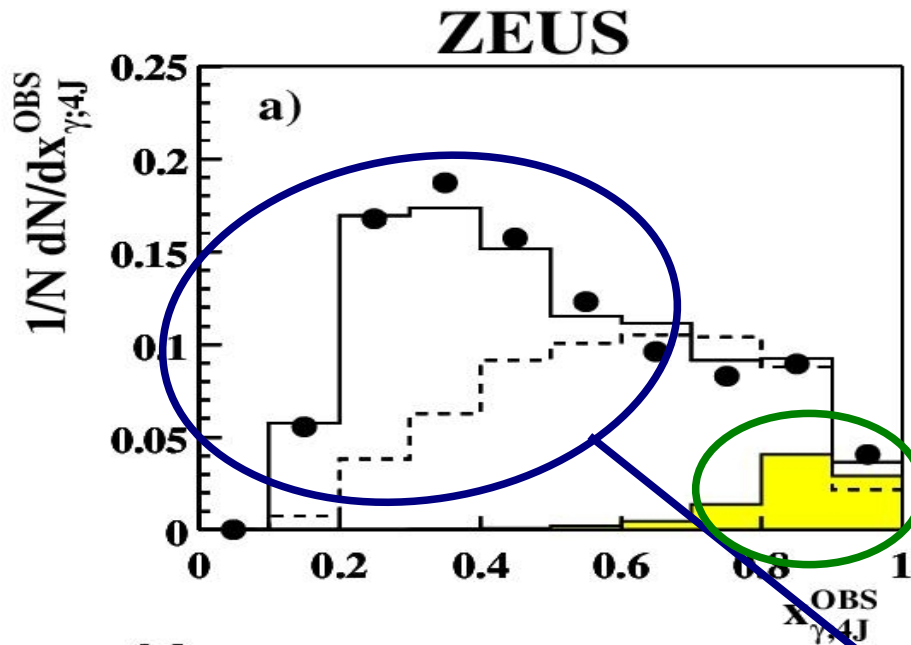
- ✓ **PYTHIA:** LO ME + DGLAP PS  
(semi-)hard MPI + different string scenarios for hadronization
- ✓ **HERWIG:** LO ME + DGLAP PS  
MPI from JIMMY. With impact parameter dependence. Similar to PYTHIA
- ✓ **CASCADE:** off shell LO ME + CCFM PS (no resolved photon, no MPI model implemented)
- ✓ **CDM:** LO ME + PS from the Color Dipole Model(no MPI impl.)
- ✓ **RAPGAP:** LO ME + DGLAP PS (no MPI implemented)

# HERA

## Past

# HERA present

## 4 jets events at ZEUS

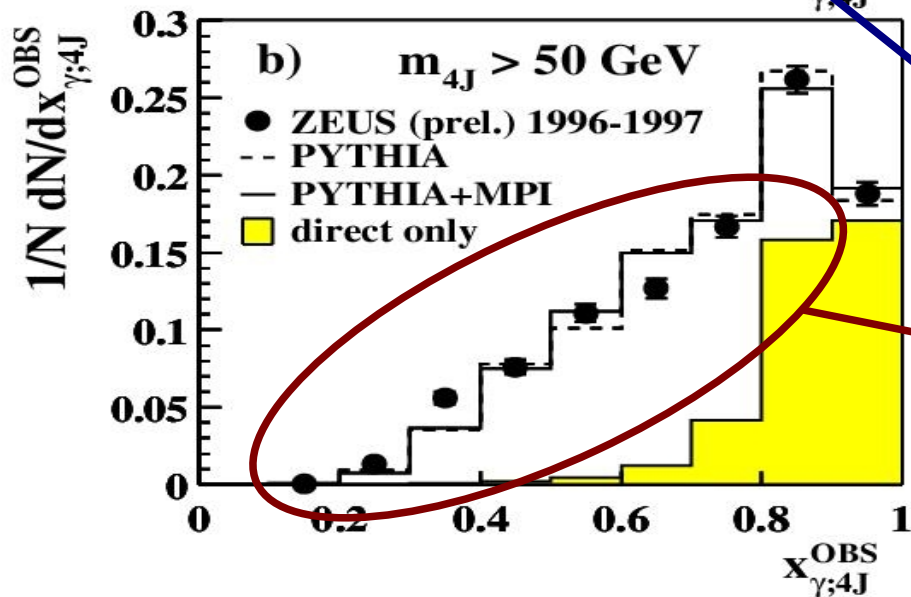


Photoproduction  $Q^2 < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$

4-jet events:  $E_T^{\text{jet}1,2} > 6 \text{ GeV}$   $E_T^{\text{jet}3,4} > 5 \text{ GeV}$

$$|\eta^{\text{jets}}| < 2.4$$

The direct photon component contributes only at high  $X_{\gamma}$  values



At low  $X_{\gamma}$  data can be described when including **MPI**

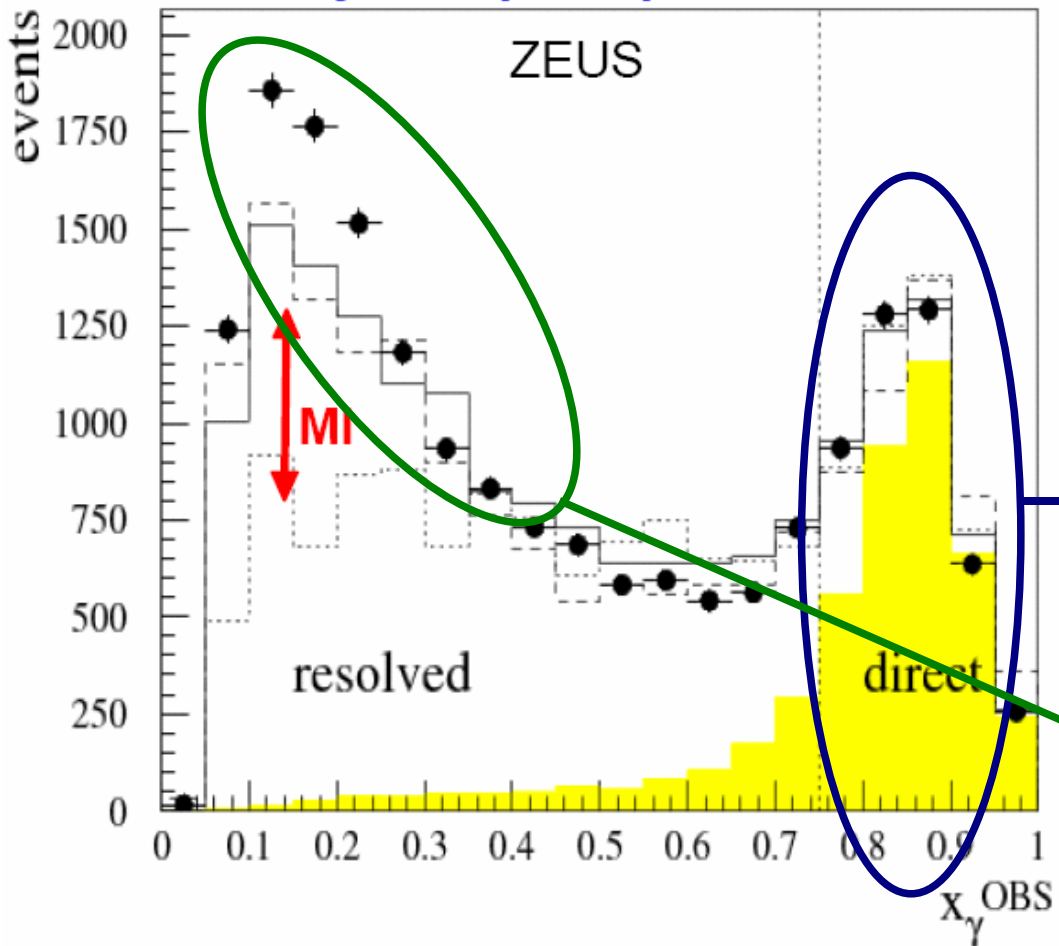
For an invariant mass of  $M_{4J} > 50 \text{ GeV}$  the MPI contribution vanishes

“Multijets in photoproduction at HERA” XXXI International Conference of High Energy Physics, abstract 849

# HERA present

## dijets events at ZEUS

### Di-jets in photoproduction



Photoproduction  $Q^2 < 4 \text{ GeV}^2$

2-jet events:  $E_T^{\text{jet}1,2} > 6 \text{ GeV}$

$-1.375 < \eta^{\text{jets}} < 1.875$

direct component – no large differences between MCs

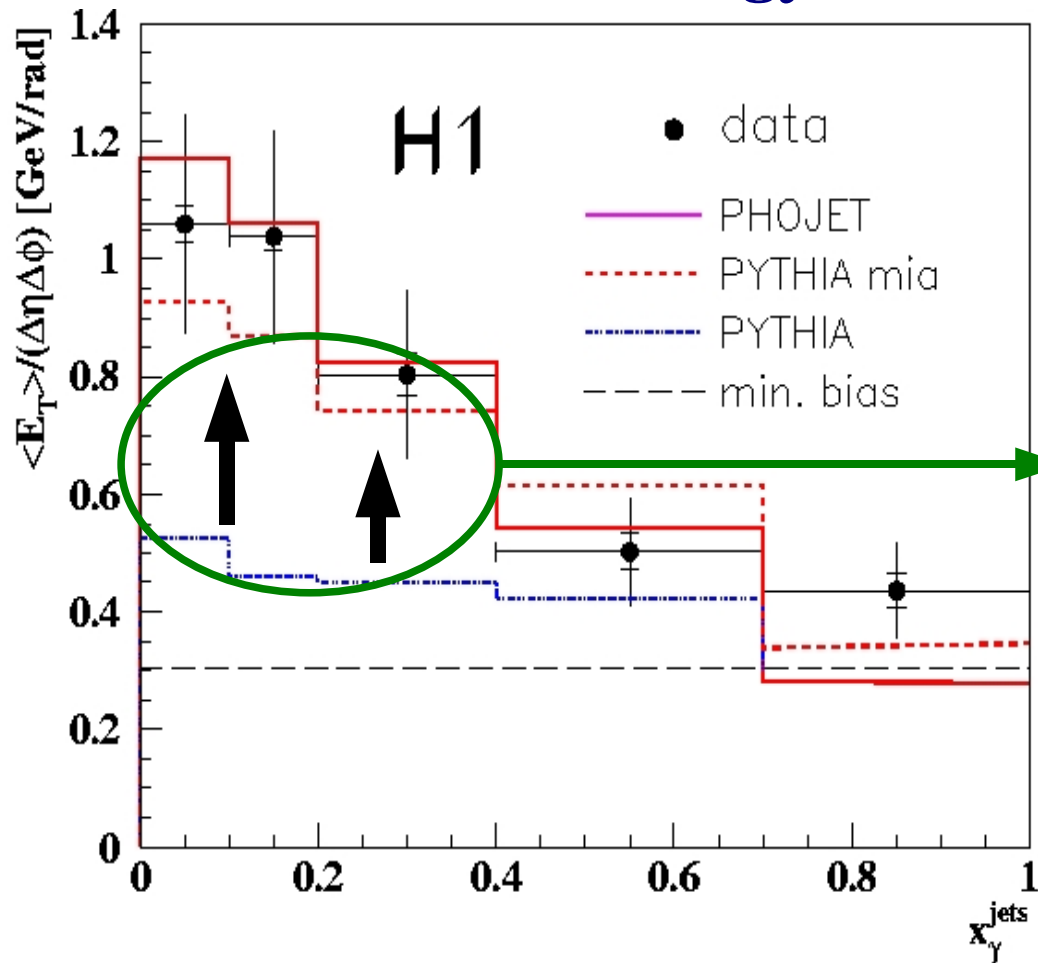
including MPI we get a much better data description

“Dijet Cross Sections in Photoproduction at HERA”

Eur.Phys.J.C1:109-122,1998

# HERA present

## Energy flow outside jets at H1



Photoproduction  $Q^2 < 0.01 \text{ GeV}^2$

At least one jet ( $E_T^{\text{jet}} > 5 \text{ GeV}$

$-1 < \eta^{\text{jet}} < 2.5$ )

The transverse energy density outside the jets can be described when MPI are simulated.

“Jets and Energy Flow in Photon-Proton Collisions at HERA” hep-ex/9511012

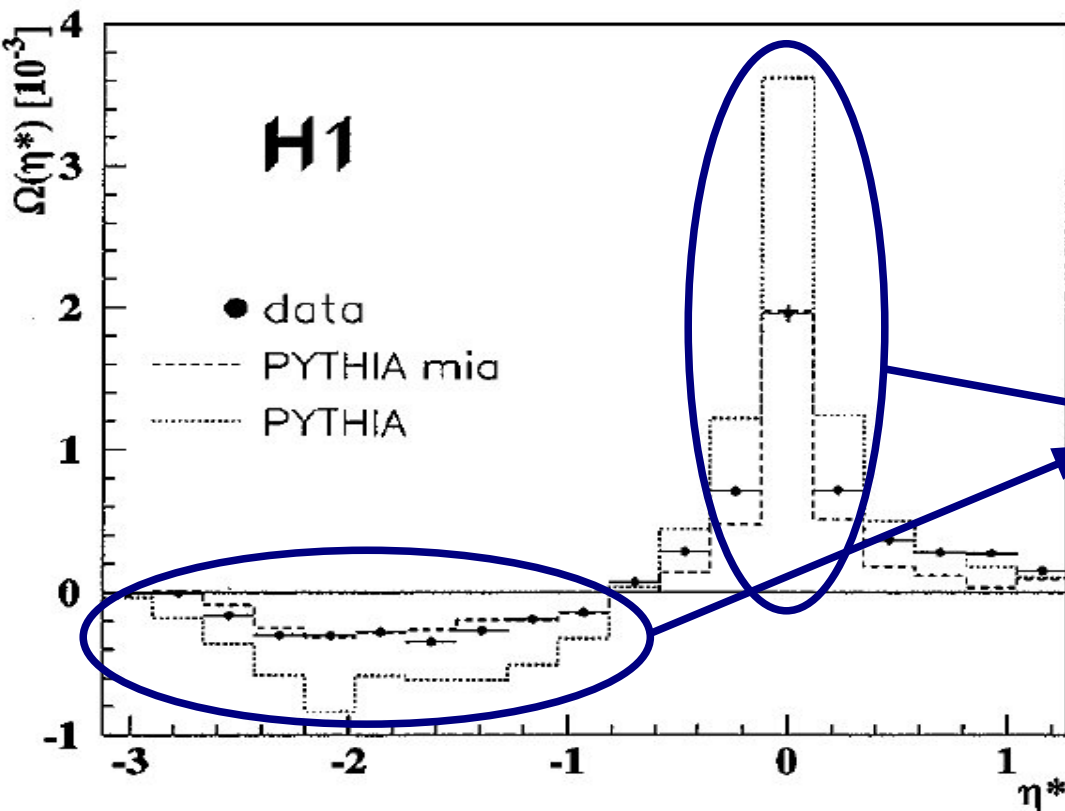
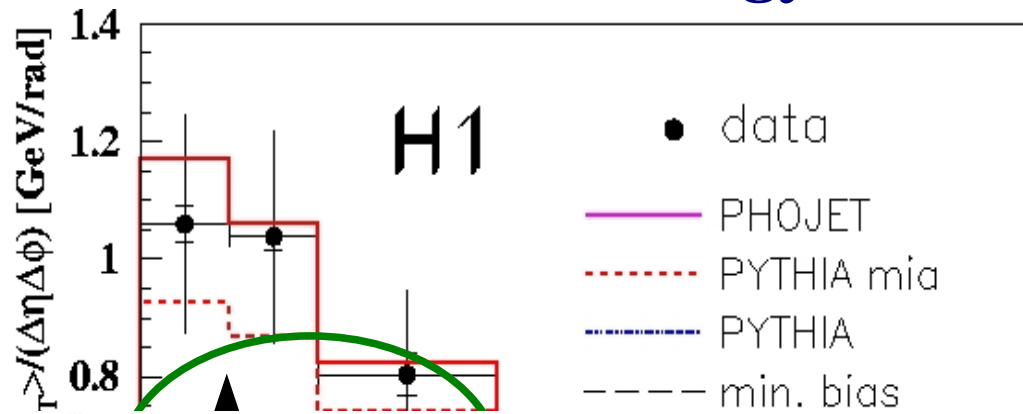
# HERA present

## Energy flow outside jets at H1

Photoproduction  $Q^2 < 0.01 \text{ GeV}^2$

High  $E_T$  sample ( $E_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$ )

$-0.8 < \eta < 3.3$



$$\Omega = \frac{1}{N_{\text{ev}}} \sum_{i=1}^{N_{\text{ev}}} \frac{(\langle E_{T,\eta=0} \rangle - E_{T,\eta=0}^i)(\langle E_{T,\eta} \rangle - E_{T,\eta}^i)}{(E_T^2)_i}$$

Only with MPI you can describe the  $\Omega$  rapidity correlations

HERA  
Present



# *HERA present: Multi jet events*

---

## Three and four jets events

Photoproduction:  $Q^2 < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$

Variable: n-jet invariant mass  $M_{nj} = \sqrt{\left(\sum_{i=1}^n p_i\right)^2}$   
with n number of jets n=3,4

**Three and four jets events:  $E_T^{\text{jets}} > 6 \text{ GeV}$**

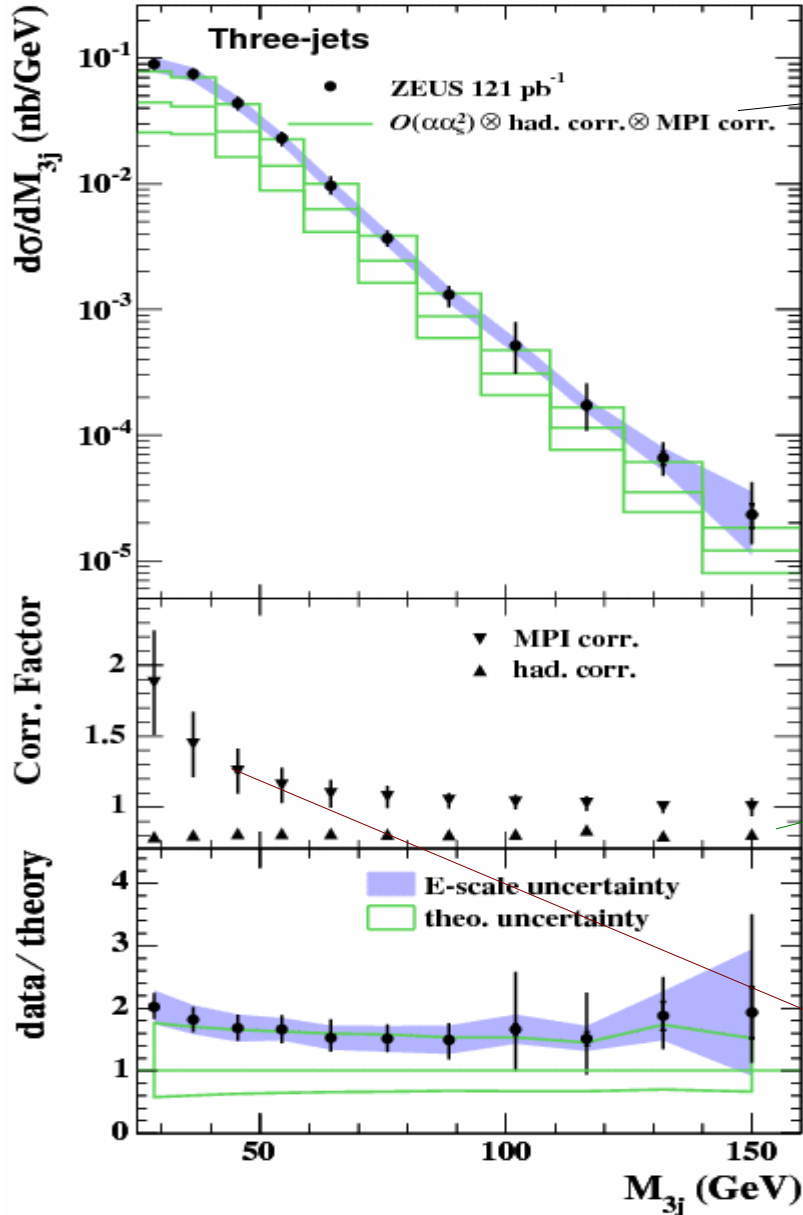
$$|\eta^{\text{jets}}| < 2.4$$

**“Three- and four-jet final states in photoproduction at HERA”**

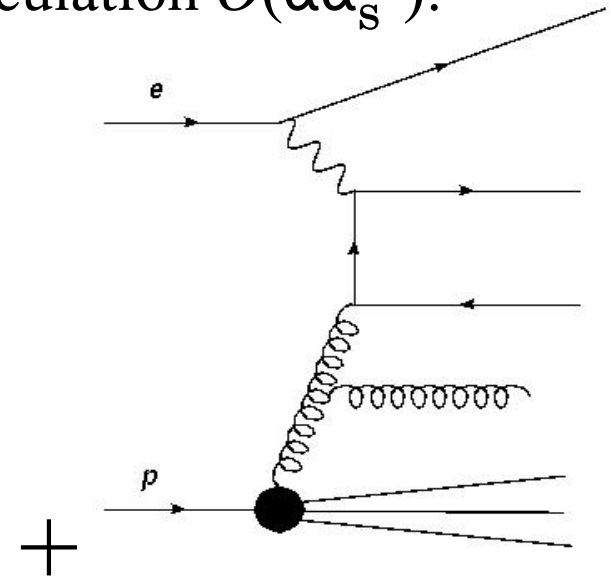
Nucl.Phys.B792:1-47, 2008, ZEUS Collaboration.

# HERA present: Multi jet events

## Three jets events



measured 3-jet cross section compared to the LO calculation  $O(\alpha_s^2)$ :

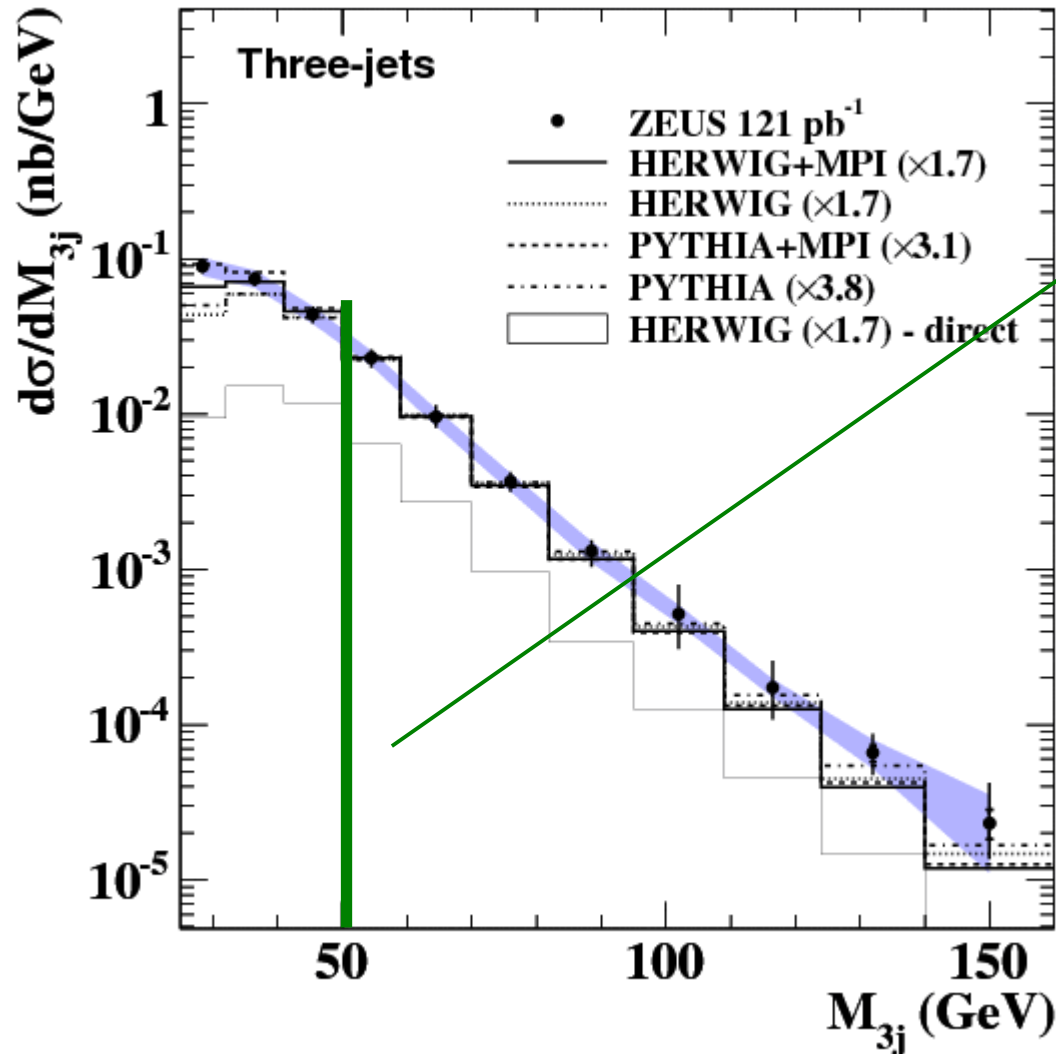


Hadronization corrections (small and constant)

MPI corrections (larger and increasing with decreasing 3-jet invariant mass)

# HERA present: Multi jet events

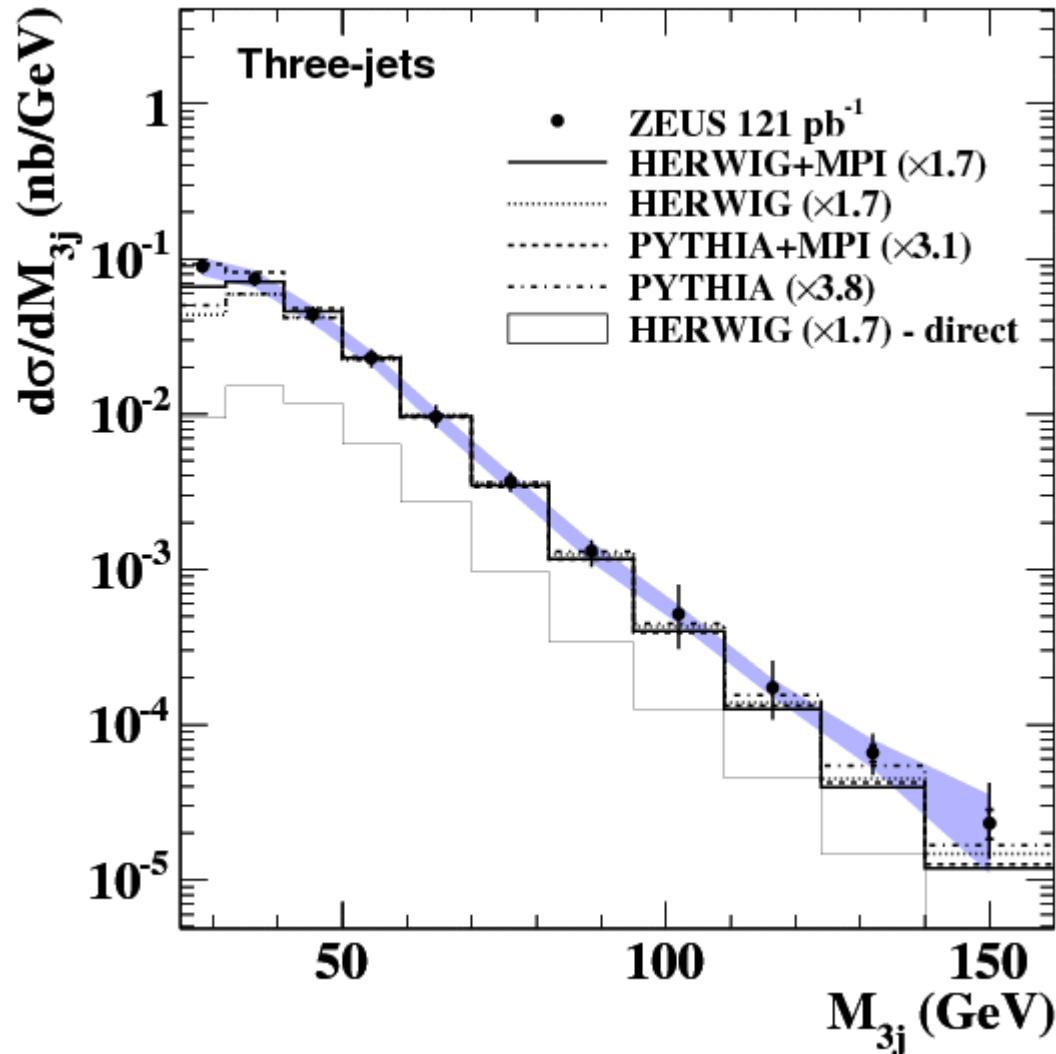
## Three jets events



The Monte Carlos were normalized to the high 3-jet invariant mass ( $M_{3j} > 50$  GeV)

# HERA present: Multi jet events

## Three jets events



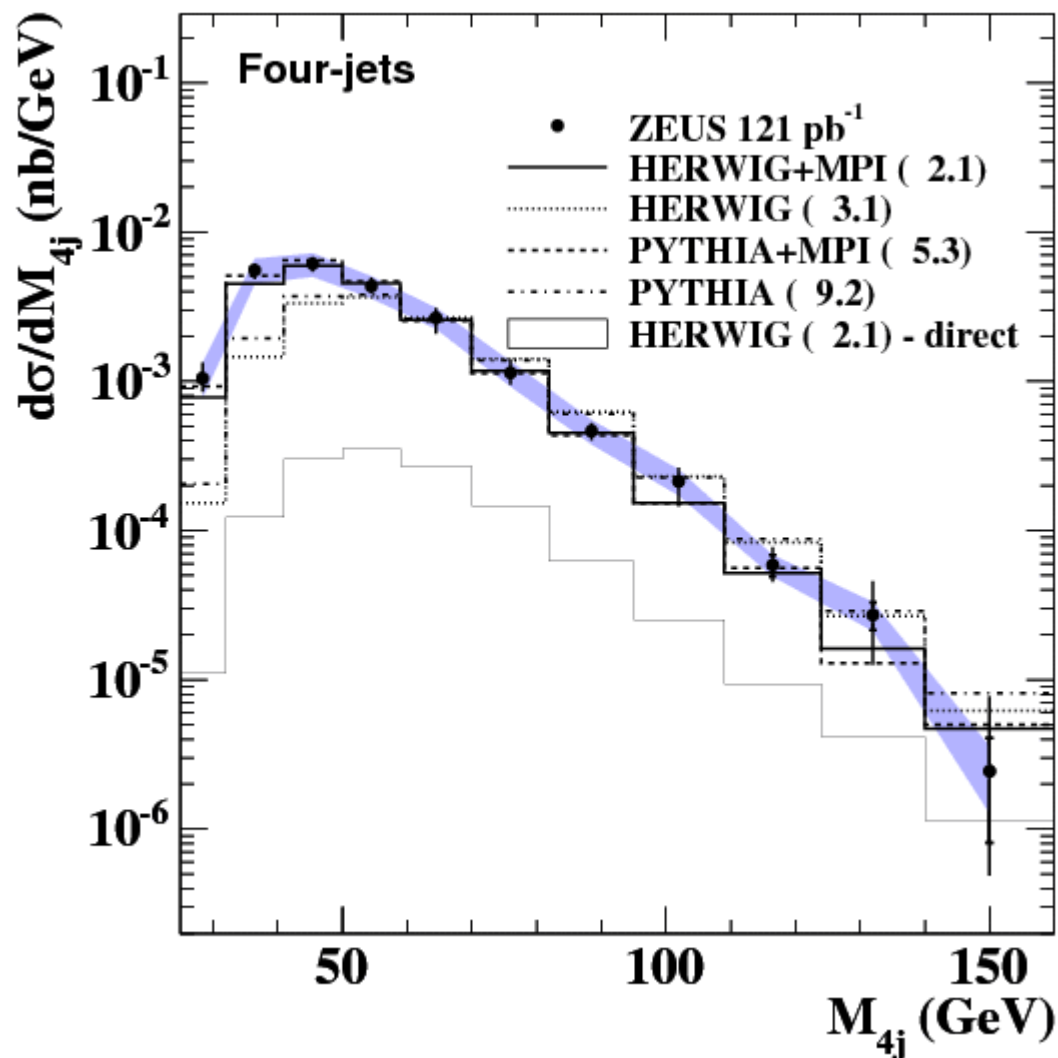
The  $O(\alpha\alpha_s)$  + PS Monte Carlos cannot describe the total normalization

**BUT**

only if **MPI** are included they can describe the shape (specially the low mass region)

# HERA present: Multi jet events

## Four jets events



Again, the  $O(\alpha\alpha_s)$  + PS Monte Carlos cannot describe the total normalization

**BUT**

only if **MPI** are included they can describe the shape.

# HERA present: Multi jet events

## Charged particle multiplicity

$$Q^2 < 0.01 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$\text{Dijet events: } P_T^{\text{jets}} > 5 \text{ GeV}$$

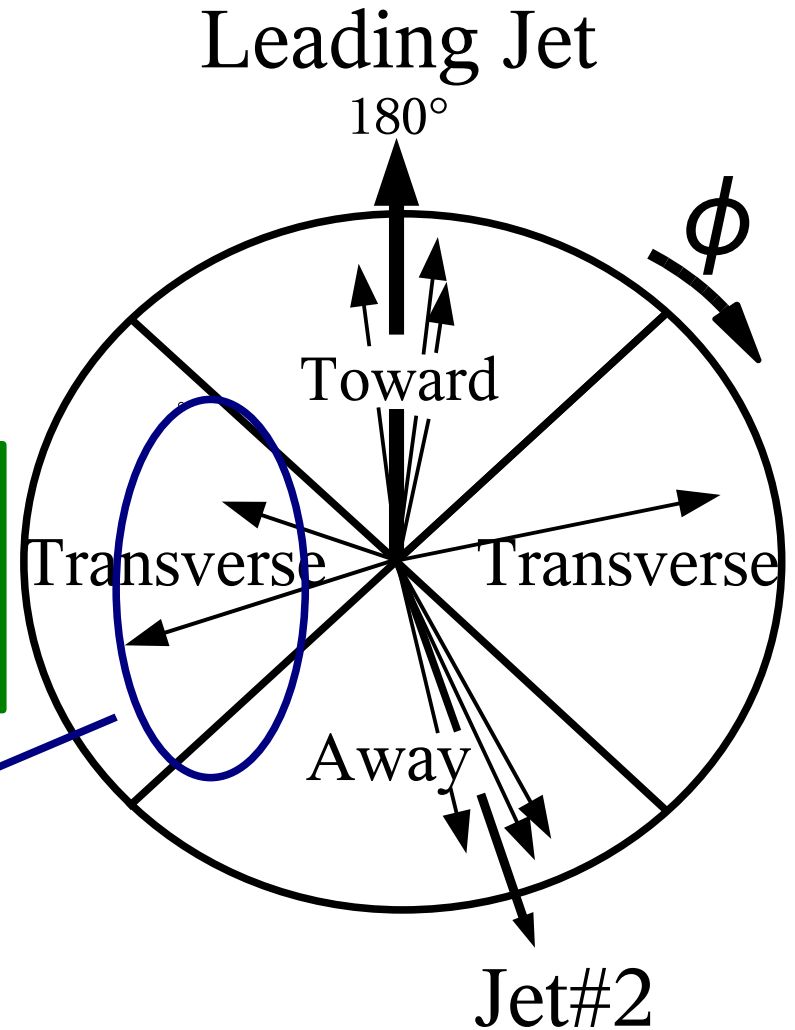
$$|\eta^{\text{jets}}| < 1.5$$

$$\text{Charged particles: } P_T > 150 \text{ MeV}$$

$$|\eta| < 1.5$$

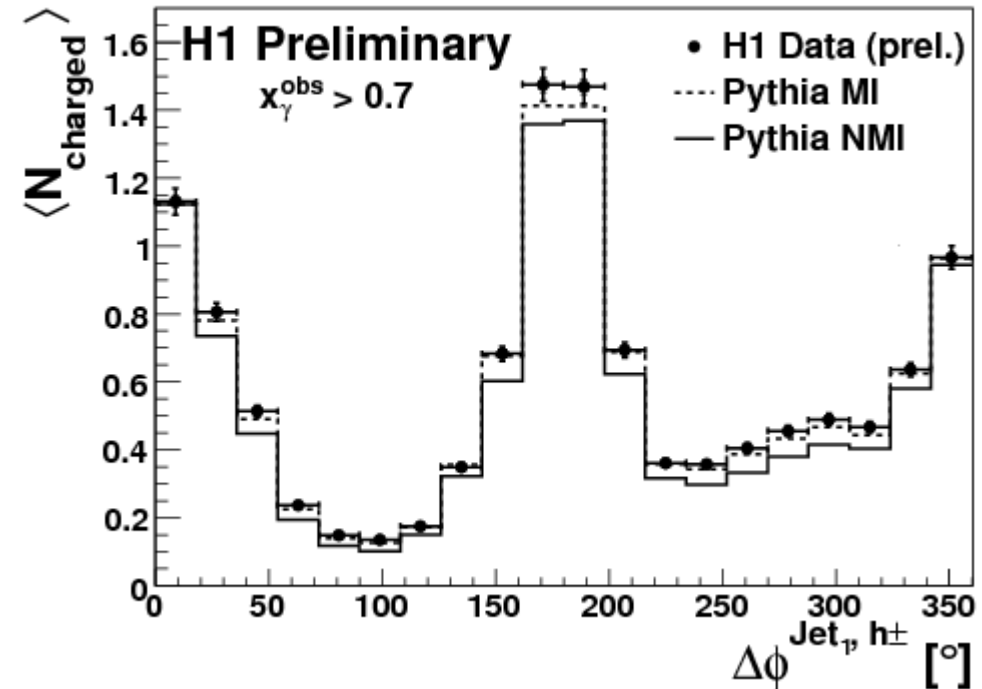
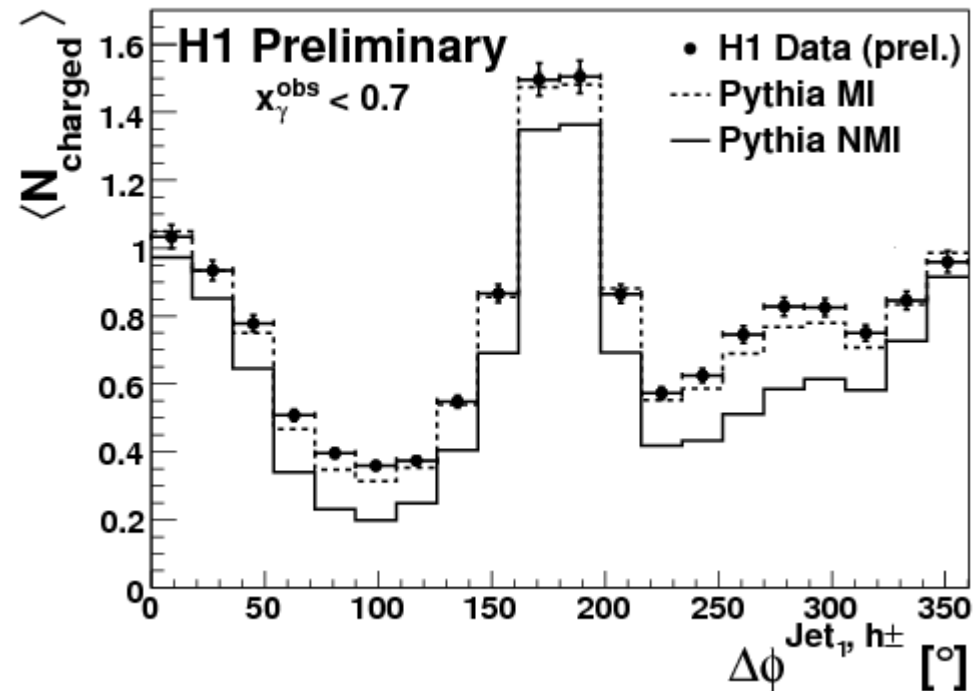
The high activity region is the transverse region hemisphere

$$\text{with higher } P_T^{\text{sum}} = \sum_i^{\text{tracks}} p_T^i$$



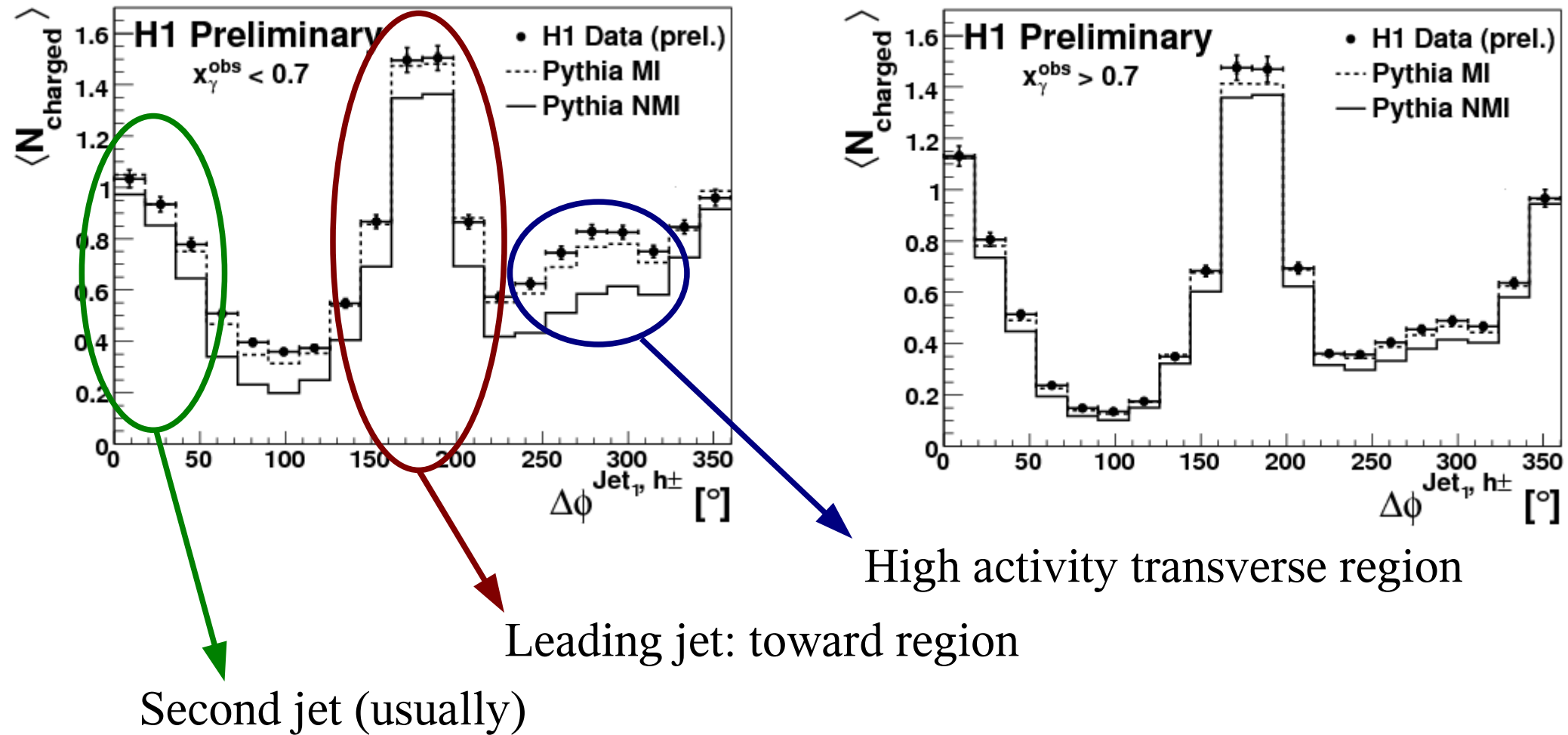
# *HERA present: Charged particle multiplicity*

**x** Charge particle multiplicity as a function of the  $\Delta\phi$  between the leading jet and the charged particles



# HERA present: Charged particle multiplicity

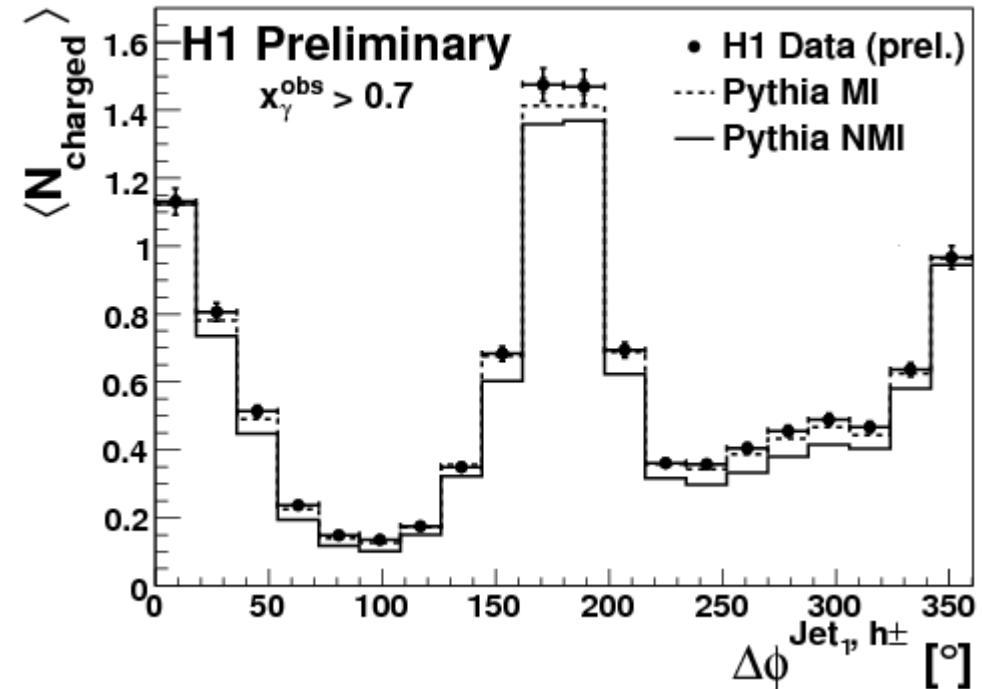
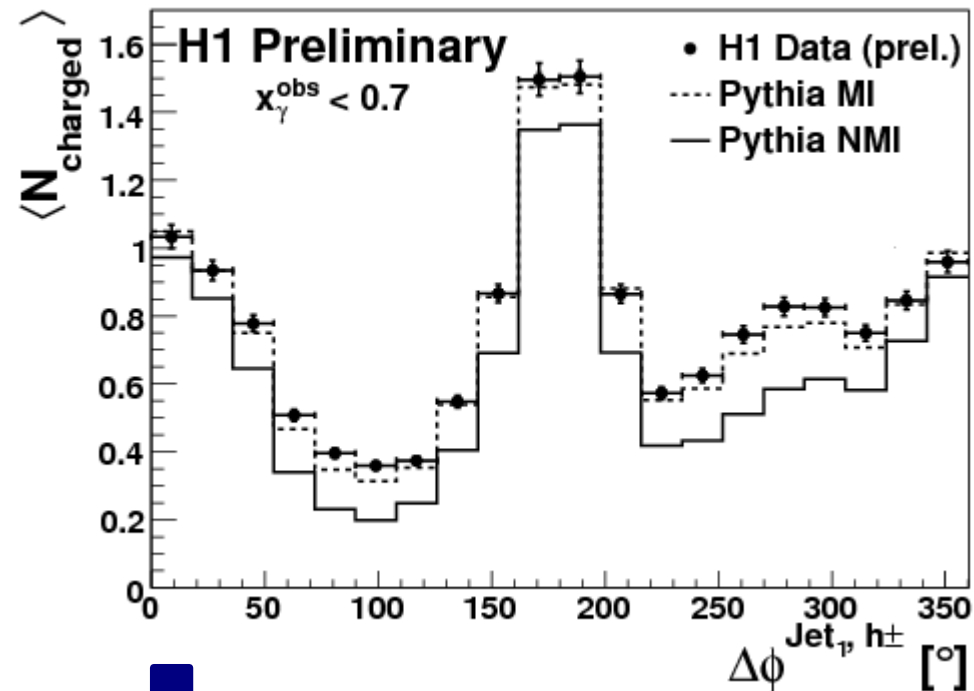
x Charge particle multiplicity as a function of the  $\Delta\phi$  between the leading jet and the charged particles





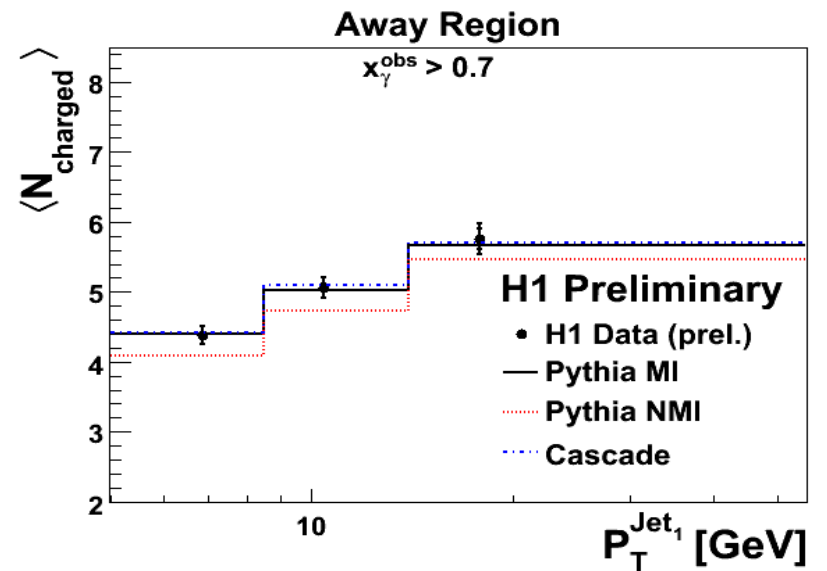
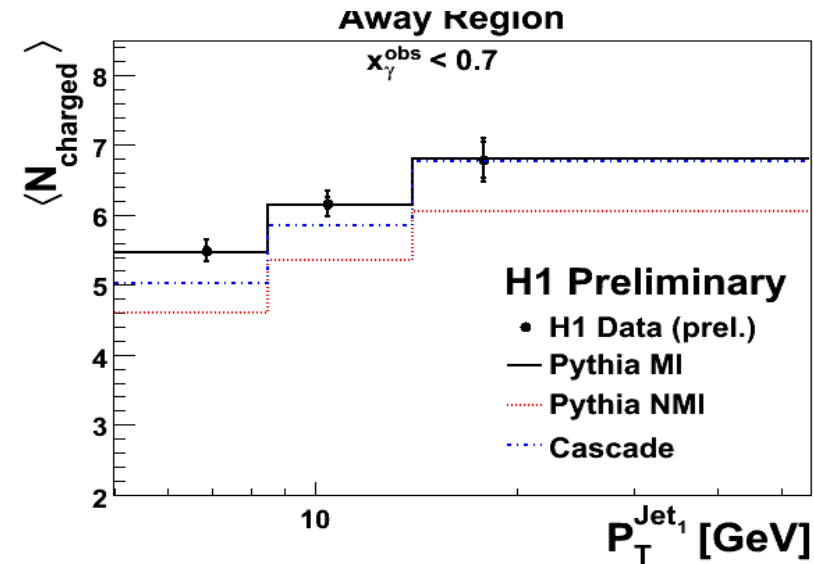
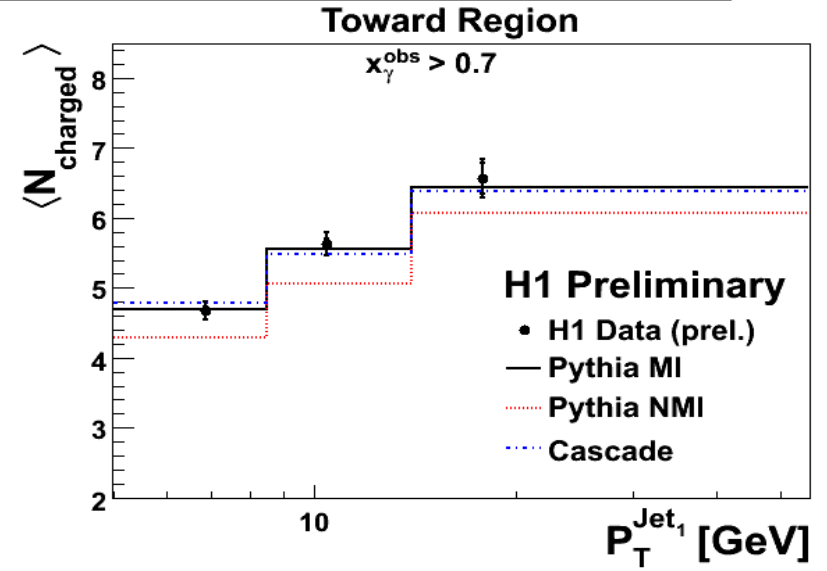
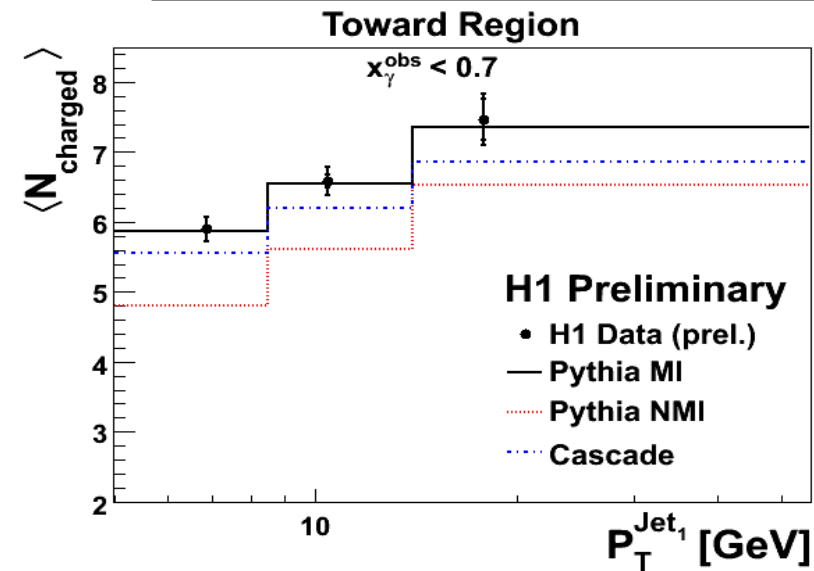
# *HERA present: Charged particle multiplicity*

**x** Charge particle multiplicity as a function of the  $\Delta\phi$  between the leading jet and the charged particles



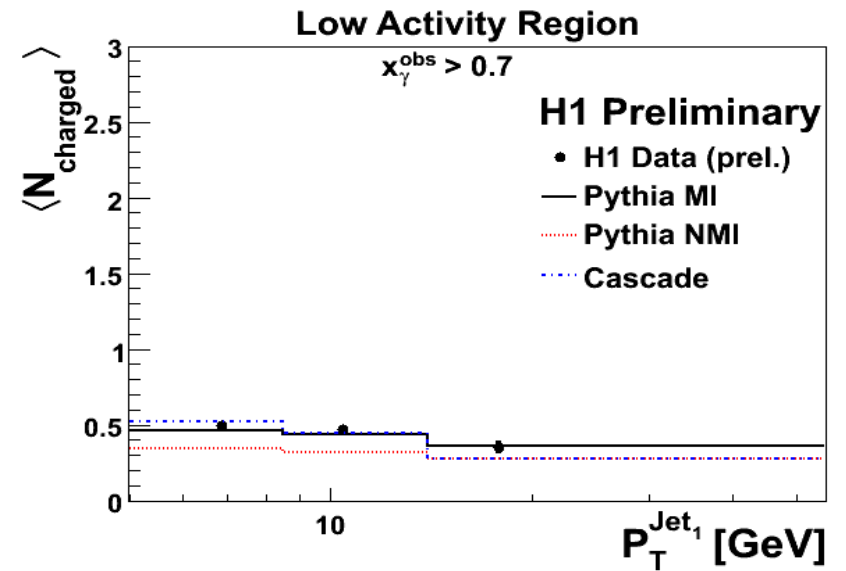
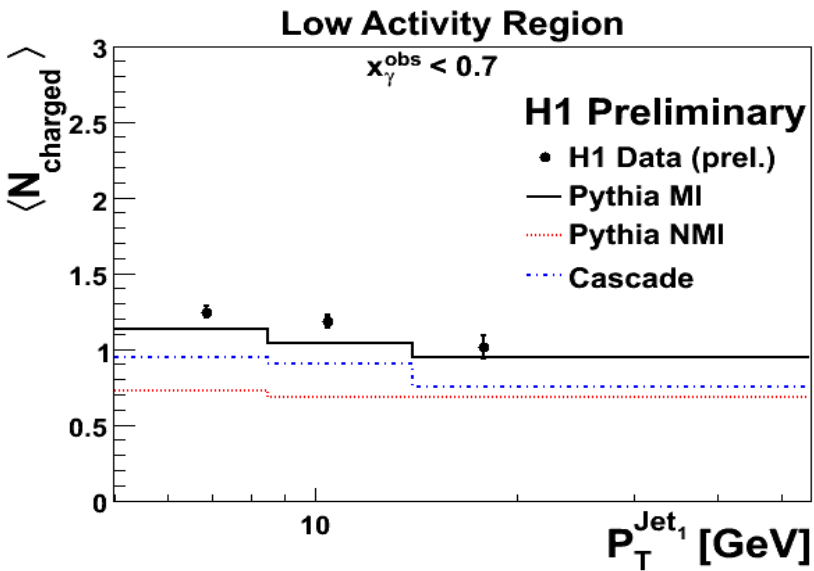
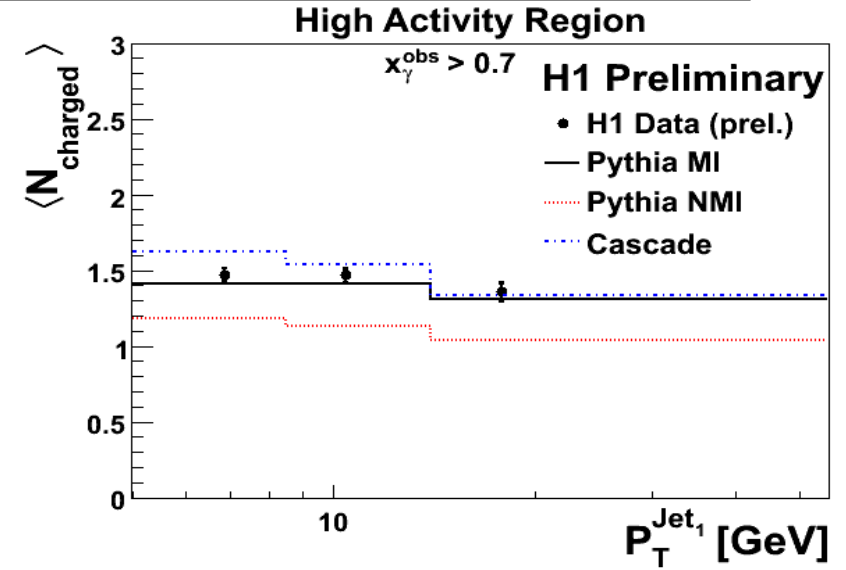
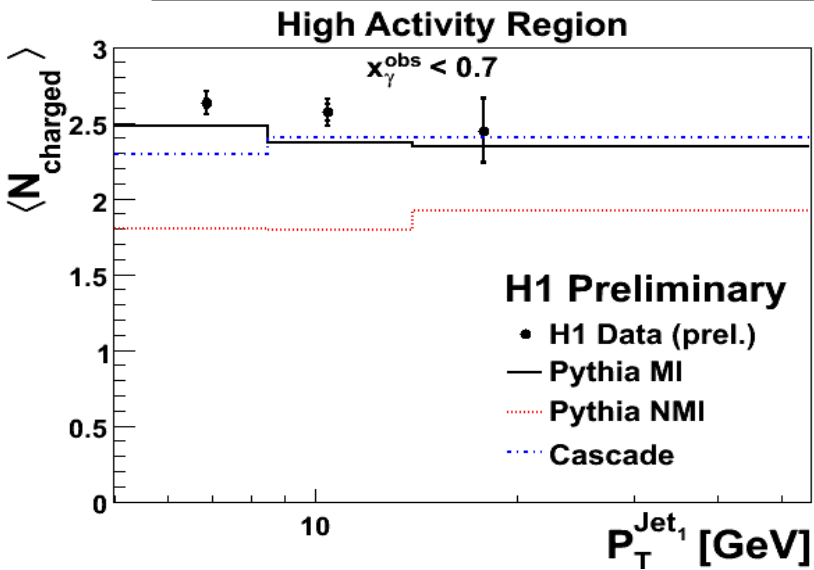
It look as a pedestal over the  $\Delta\phi$  but...it is not so simple...

# HERA present: Charged particle multiplicity



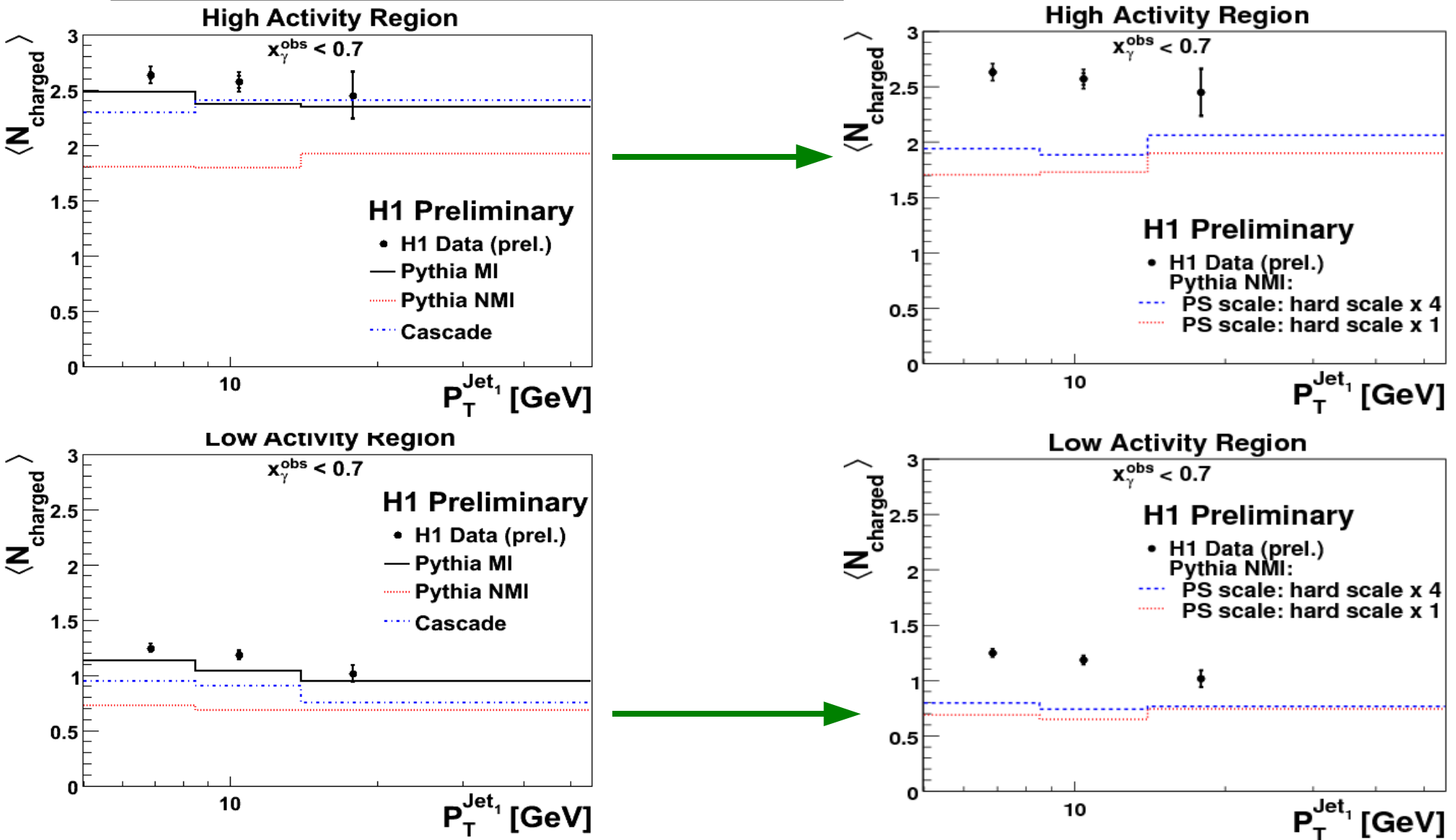
✘ MPI contributes more at low  $P_T^{\text{Jet}1}$  BUT not as just a pedestal since it decreases with increasing  $P_T^{\text{Jet}1}$

# HERA present: Charged particle multiplicity



✘ MPI contributes more at low  $P_T^{\text{Jet}1}$  BUT not as just a pedestal since it decreases with increasing  $P_T^{\text{Jet}1}$

# HERA present: Charged particle multiplicity



$\times$  MPI contributes more at low  $P_T^{\text{Jet}_1}$  BUT not as just a pedestal since it decreases with increasing  $P_T^{\text{Jet}_1}$

# HERA present: Multi jet events

## Low $E_T$ jets multiplicity

$$5 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$$

One jet events:  $E_T^{\text{jet}} > 5 \text{ GeV}$

$$0.5 < \eta^{\text{jet}} < 2.79$$

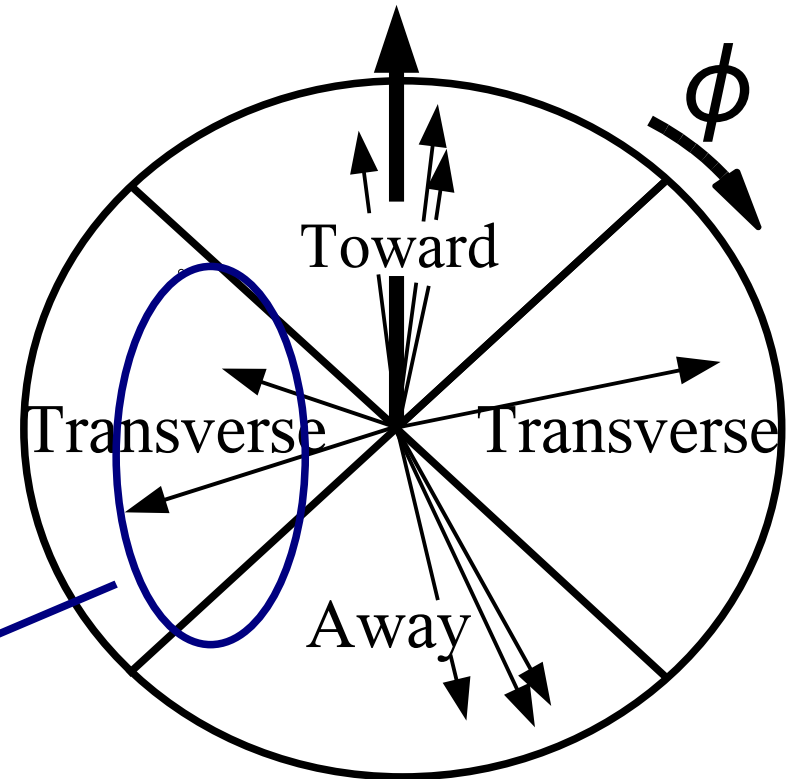
Mini-jets:  $E_T > 3 \text{ GeV}$

$$0.5 < \eta^{\text{jet}} < 2.79$$

The high activity region is the transverse region hemisphere

with higher  $E_T^{\text{sum}} = \sum_i^{\text{jets}} E_T^i$

Leading Jet



# HERA present: Multi jet events

## Low $E_T$ jets multiplicity

$$5 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$$

One jet events:  $E_T^{\text{jet}} > 5 \text{ GeV}$

$$0.5 < \eta^{\text{jet}} < 2.79$$

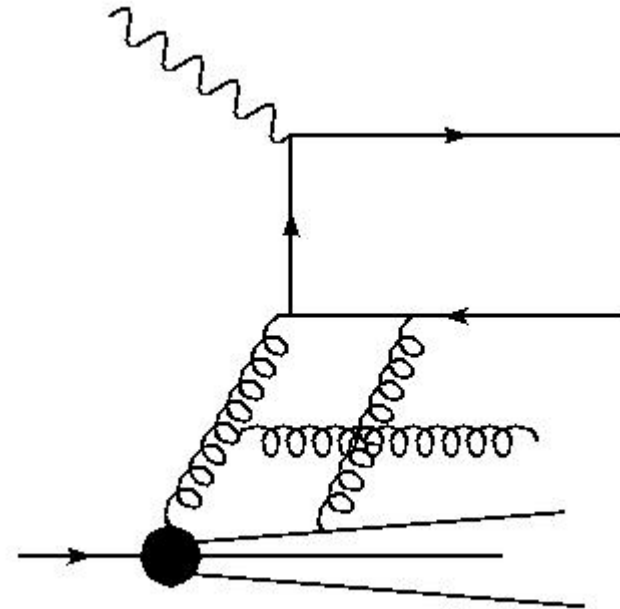
Mini-jets:  $E_T > 3 \text{ GeV}$

$$0.5 < \eta^{\text{jet}} < 2.79$$

WHY?

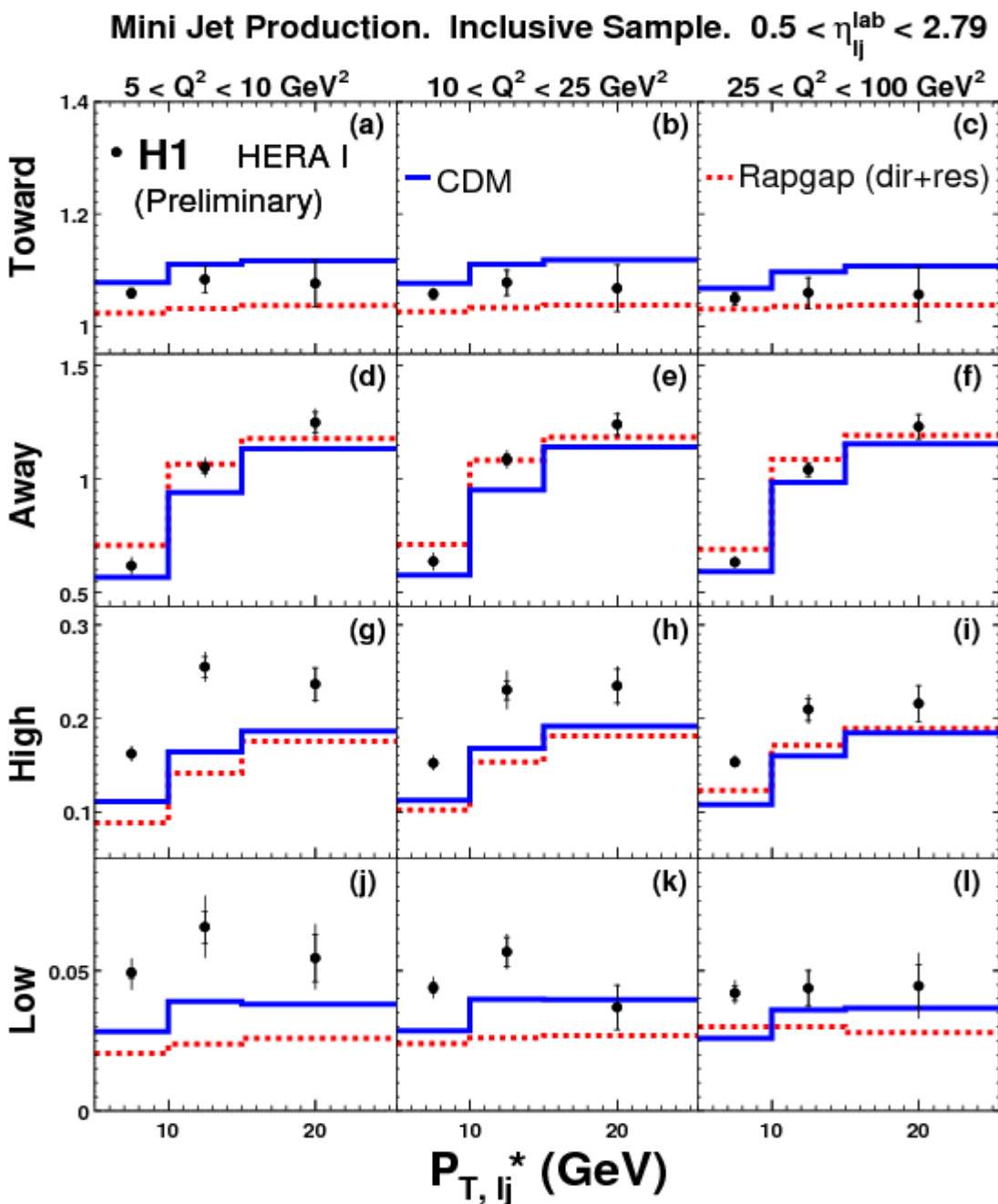
Study the effect of MPI as  $Q^2 \nearrow$

AND



interactions between the hard scattering and the proton remnant

# HERA present: Multi jet events

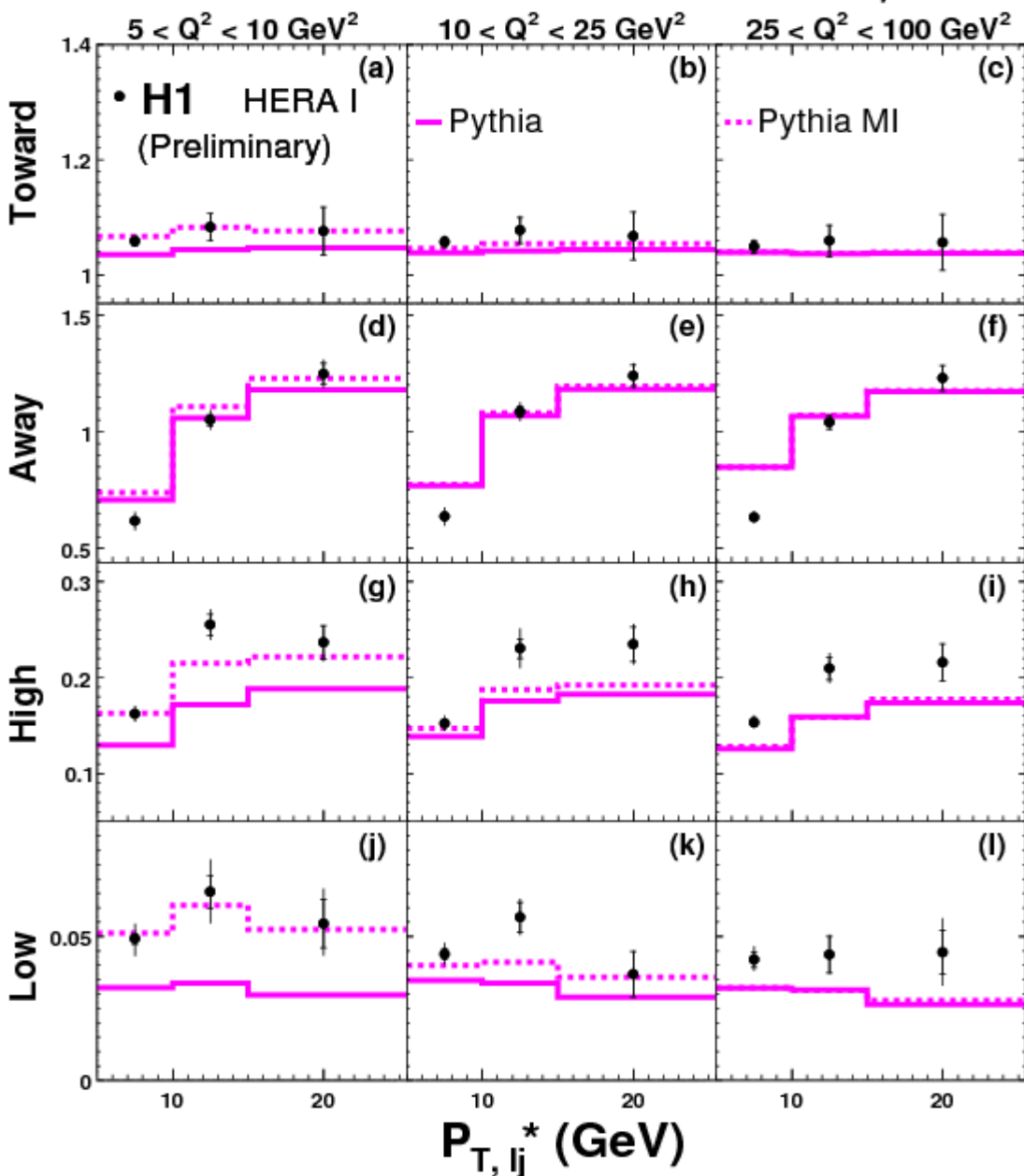


Toward and away regions are described by MC without MPI

MC underestimate the number of mini jets in the transverse regions

# HERA present: Multi jet events

Mini Jet Production. Inclusive Sample.  $0.5 < \eta_{ij}^{\text{lab}} < 2.79$



Including **MPI** we describe better the low  $Q^2$  regions but without resolved photons there is no MPI in MC



# Summary and outlook

---

## ✓ Hard MPI:

### ✓ Multijet photoproduction

3-jet cross section not described alone with  $O(\alpha\alpha_s^2)$ . MPI are needed

In 4-jet events the contribution from MPI is even larger

## ✓ Soft MPI:

### ✓ Charged particle multiplicity in photoproduction

Charged particle multiplicity outside the hard interaction not described without MPI (although CASCADE... )

Minijets in photoproduction can provide supplementary information

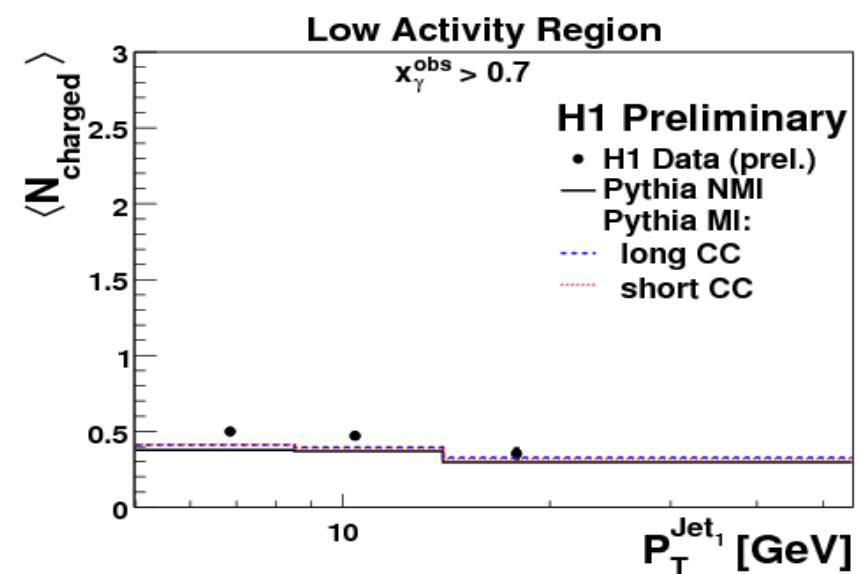
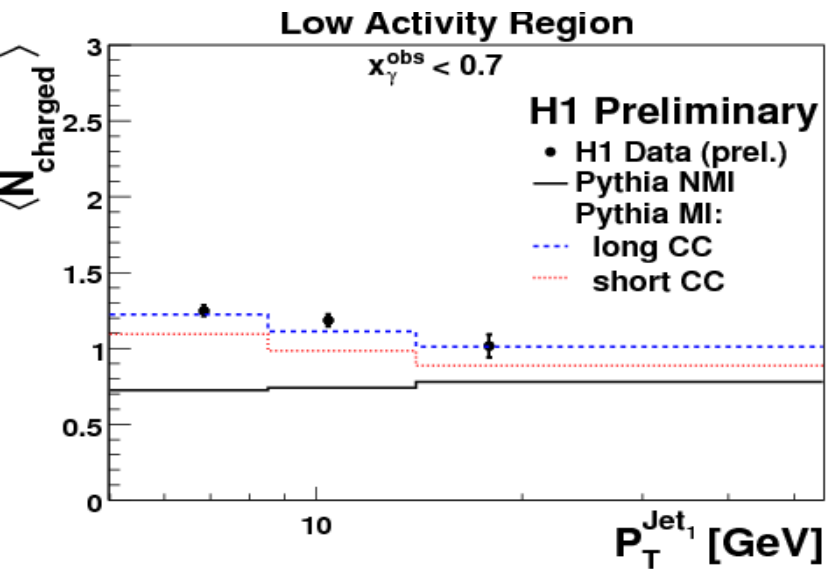
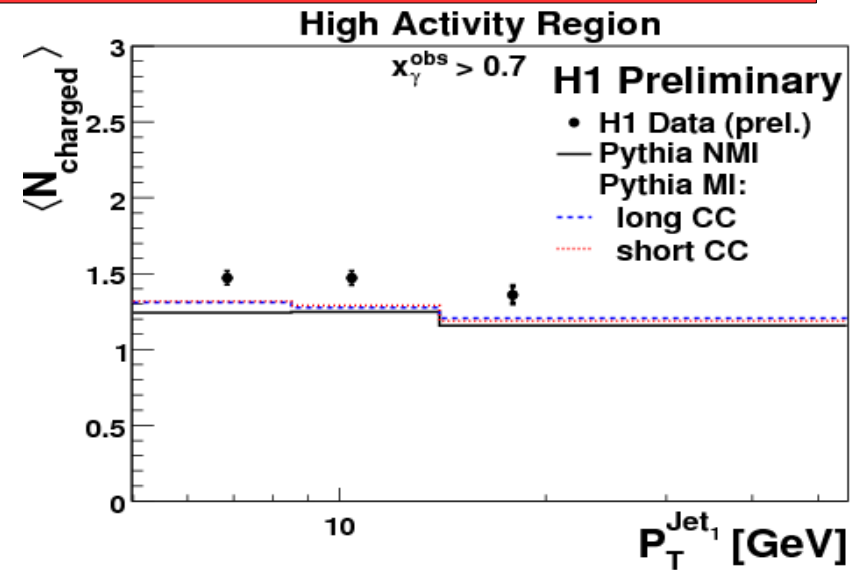
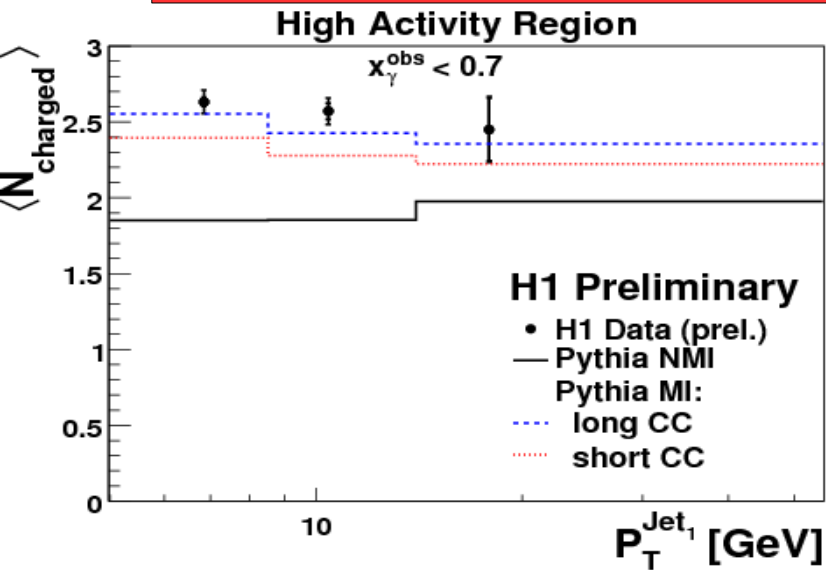
### ✓ Minijet production in at low $Q^2$

Including MPI improves the description where the resolved photon still contributes

Need to improve MC: improve PS (CASCADE) and MPI?

Thanks for your attention

# HERA present: Charged particle multiplicity



✘ MPI contributes more at low  $P_T^{\text{Jet}1}$  BUT not as just a pedestal since it decreases with increasing  $P_T^{\text{Jet}1}$