Positioning System for neutrino telescopes: SMO and KM3NeT-Italia in Capo Passero

Giuseppina Larosa

glarosa@Ins.infn.it





Erice International School of Ethology CETACEAN ECOLOCATION – OUTER SPACE NEUTRINOS Erice, Sicily (Italy) – October 18 - 21, 2013

KM3NeT-Italia

A prototype detection unit has been deployed on 23rd March 2013 at a depth of 3500 m, about 90 km offshore the village of Capo Passero (Sicily), composed by 8 horizontal structures called floors, kept vertical by appropriate buoyancy on the top (see talk F. Simeone).



Giuseppina Larosa

INFN

Acoustic positioning system

The acoustic positioning system is a mandatory subsystem for an underwater neutrino telescope.

Aims:

- 1. Provide optical module positions during the telescope operation for muon track reconstruction.
- 2. Give a guide during the deployment of the telescope structures and infrastructures.



Key elements:

- 1. Long Baseline of acoustic transceivers anchored in known and fixed positions.
 - In future auto-calibrating and time synchronization with detector Master clock.
- 2. Array of acoustic sensors (hydrophones) rigidly connected to the mechanical structure.
- 3. Auxiliary devices: compasses, CTD , sound celerimeters, current meters.

The array permits real-time study of acoustic biological sounds and acoustic background monitoring.

Giuseppina Larosa



NEMO – SMO acoustic positioning system

The acoustic positioning system for the towers of KM3NeT-Italia detector have been based on the positioning system developed by NEMO-SMO teams in collaboration with ACSA for KM3NeT NEMO Phase-2 prototype.



INFN

Giuseppina Larosa

NEMO-SMO acoustic sensors



Additional acoustic sensors

Floor #8 ECAP Piezo sensors + ECAP preamplifiers



Floor #7

FFR (Free Flooded Rings) Hydrophones + SMID preamplifiers (gain :+38 dB)



INFN

Erice, 18/10/2013

Giuseppina Larosa

NEMO-SMO: sensors performances



KM3NeT-Italia: real time positioning

The procedure to evaluate hydrophones positions consists of 3 steps:

- 1. Recognition of the beacon pulses (5 ms signal, 32 kHz)
- 2. TOA estimation by rising edge of the signal
- 3. Geometrical Triangulation (TOAs of LBL beacons)





Giuseppina Larosa

Acoustic positioning: first results

Hydrophones positioning script

Input:

- Beacons positions
- -TOAs
- Depths of floor 1 and floor 6 from CTDs
- Distances between hydrophones in the same floor
- Sound velocity (CTDs data)

The code finds iteratively a root (zero) of a system of nonlinear equations.



Conclusions

- NEMO-SMO acoustic array fully functional since deployment.
- All hydrophones working with the expected performances.
- Acoustic beacon's signals can be easily disentangled from the underwater background acoustic noise.
- Positioning code completed and improved.



Giuseppina Larosa

Thanks for your attention





Thanks for your attention



