Advances in Meson Spectroscopy

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the experimental meson spectrum



 $\mathcal{L}_{\text{QCD}} = \sum \ \bar{\psi}_q \left(i \gamma^\mu \partial_\mu - m_q \right) \psi_q + g \, \bar{\psi}_q \gamma^\mu t^a \psi_q \, A^a_\mu - \frac{1}{4} F^a_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}_a$ q = udsrelativistic quarks strongly coupled to the which is massless • • •

gluonic field

strongly coupled QCD





and strongly coupled to itself

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{QCD}} = \sum_{q=uds} \bar{\psi}_q \left(i\gamma^{\mu} \partial_{\mu} - m_q \right) \psi_q + g \, \bar{\psi}_q \gamma^{\mu} t^a \psi_q \, A^a_{\mu} - \frac{1}{4} F^a_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}_a$$

$$\text{relativistic quarks} \qquad \cdots \qquad \text{strongly coupled to the} \qquad \cdots \qquad \text{which is massless and strongly coupled to itself}$$

$$\text{color confinement}$$

$$\text{strongly coupled QCD}$$





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quark-antiquark pair coupled to a gluonic excitation

gluonic excitation can contribute to J^{PC} quantum numbers \Rightarrow **'exotic'** J^{PC}

 $0^{--}, 0^{+-}, 1^{-+}, 2^{+-}$

experimental signature





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... but not present in the experimental spectrum ?

- too heavy ?
- b using unfavored production methods ?
- Iooking in unfavored decay channels ?



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... but not present in the experimental spectrum ?

too heavy ?

using unfavored production methods ?

 $0^{--}, 0^{+-}, 1^{-+}, 2^{+-}$



 \Rightarrow photon beam



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Iooking in unfavored decay channels ?



 \Rightarrow look in a range of final states



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 $b_1 \ a_0$ π ρ_3 π_2 $a_1 \quad a_2$ π_1 2.0 4^{++} **3**--actually a controversial candidate exotic state 1.5 2^{-+} 1^{-+} ... more to say about this later $m\,/\,{\rm GeV}$ 2^{++} 1.0 0.5 0-+





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 $0^{--}, 0^{+-}, 1^{-+}, 2^{+-}$

experimental signature















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 $\pi\pi \to \rho \to \pi\pi$





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 $\pi\pi \to \rho \to \pi\tau$



amplitude analysis or "PWA"

e.g. three-pion resonances

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known two-pion 'isobars',

 $\mathbf{r} = \sigma, \, \rho, \, f_2 \dots$

 $A_J(m_{3\pi}) Y_J(\theta_{r\pi},\phi_{r\pi}) \cdot P_r(m_{2\pi}) Y_{j_r}(\theta_{2\pi},\phi_{2\pi})$

unknown amplitudes

'fixed' basis functions

look for resonant behavior (in amplitude and phase)

multi-dimensional fitting to (potentially) 10s of millions of events



COMPASS $\pi^- Pb \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^-\pi^+ Pb$

Phys.Rev.Lett. 104 (2010) 241803







12

40 MeV bins

COMPASS $\pi^- Pb \rightarrow \pi^-\pi^-\pi^+ Pb$

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40 MeV bins







40 MeV bins







40 MeV bins













JLab 12GeV - complimentary meson production programs



real 9 GeV photon beam (~ $10^8 \gamma/s$) high statistics

high degree of linear polarisation

aids PWA

hermetic detector

high/flat acceptance high multiplicity final states



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quasi-real photoproduction (electroproduction at tiny Q^2) [forward tagged electrons]

high statistics

high degree of linear polarisation

near hermetic detector

low multiplicity final states including kaons

new world database of meson photoproduction events with systematic cross-check between two detectors





CLAS12 detector response



summary

Post 12 GeV have a major new experimental tools in **GlueX** & **CLAS12** through meson (quasi) photoproduction - complimentary measurements

> a new production method, can only happen at 12 GeV JLab

Recent technical progress in PWA computing + unprecedented statistics → requires theoretical improvements to PWA formalism (Physics Analysis Center)

► controlled formalism to make any observation robust

Experimental improvements coupled to significant progress in QCD theory

- lattice QCD now computing excited state spectra
- couplings of excited meson states to photons coming soon (demonstrated in charmonium)
- first computations of excited hadrons as **resonances** with **decay widths** underway

► reliable QCD results for hadron spectroscopy

> convergence of theory & experiment into the 12 GeV era



