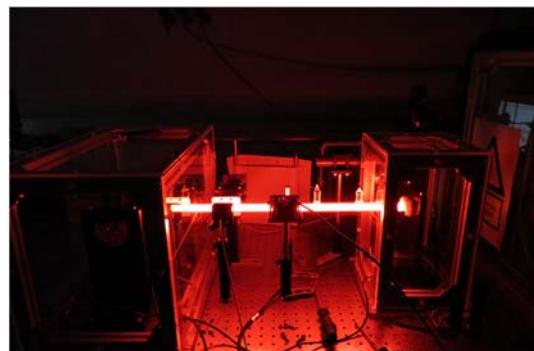


THz diagnostics for the plasma density and charged particle self-modulation measurement in AWAKE experiments

Roxana Tarkeshian, Olaf Reimann, Patric Muggli
Max -Planck Institut für Physik

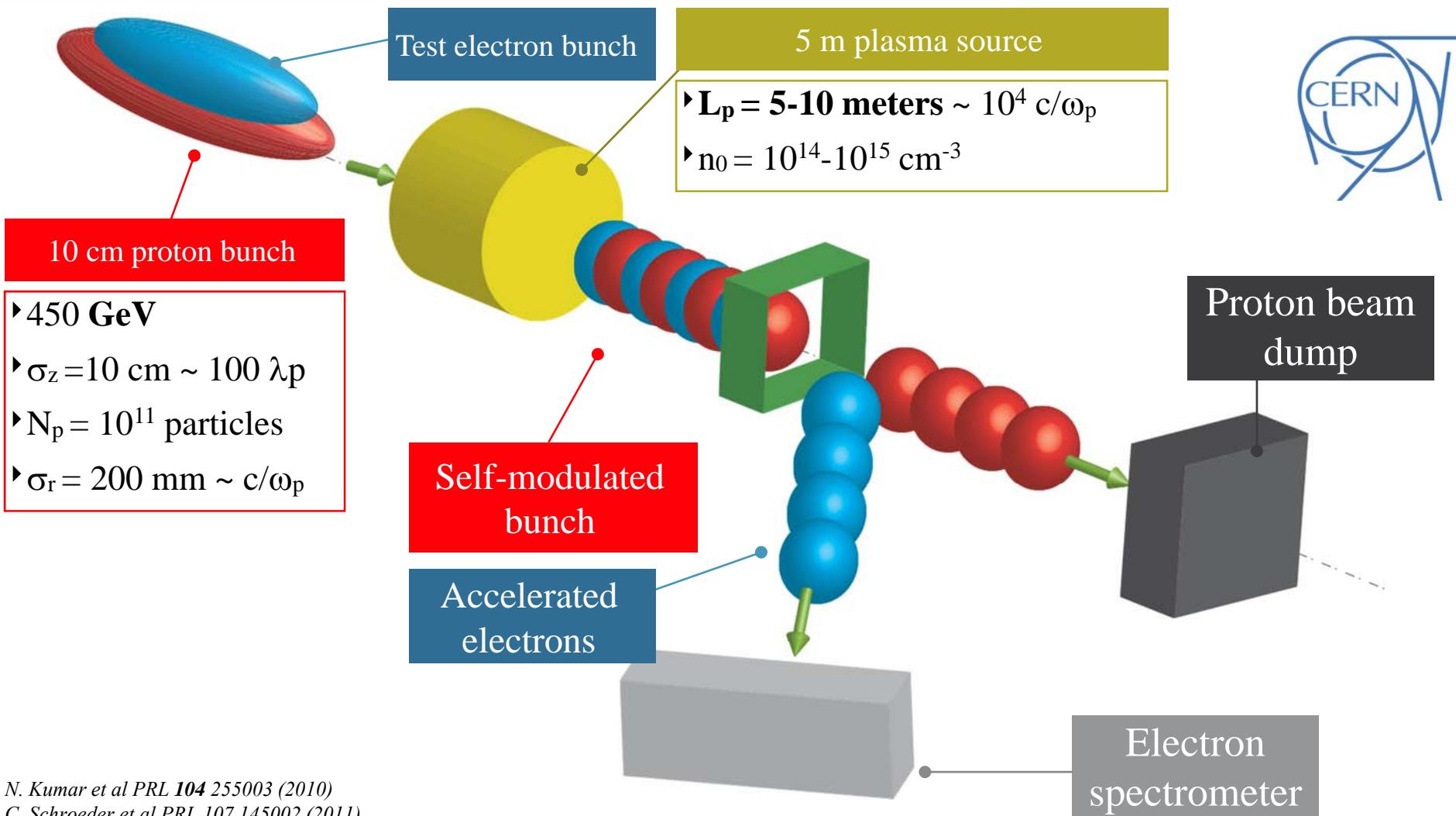


1st European Advanced Accelerator Concepts Workshop
June 2013

Overview

- ◎ Self-modulated proton driven wakefield acceleration
- ◎ p^+ - bunch modulation measurement
 - ◎ CTR and microwave measurement
 - ◎ TCTR and electro-optic measurement
 - ◎ Dispersive Fourier Transform method
 - ◎ * Time lensing/stretching
- ◎ Plasma density measurement
 - ◎ Cutoff frequency method
 - ◎ Chirped photo-mixing
 - ◎ THz-time domain spectroscopy
 - ◎ Optical emission spectroscopy (OES)

Self-modulated proton driven wakefield acceleration



N. Kumar et al PRL 104 255003 (2010)
C. Schroeder et al PRL 107 145002 (2011)
A. Pukhov et al PRL 106 145003 (2011)

J. Vieira | 17th May 2013 | GoLP Global Seminar, Lisboa

CTR - microwave measurement



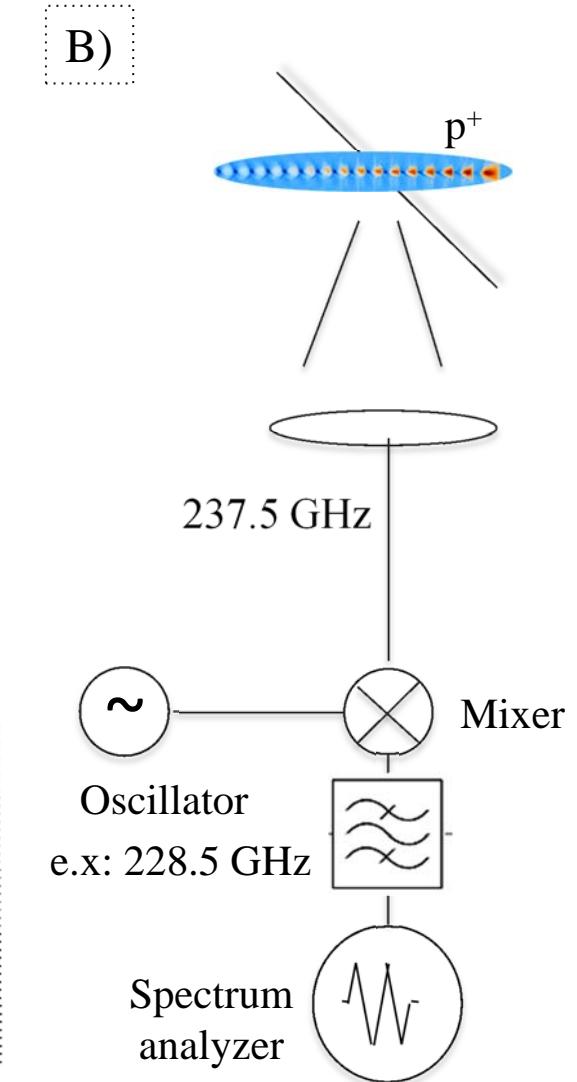
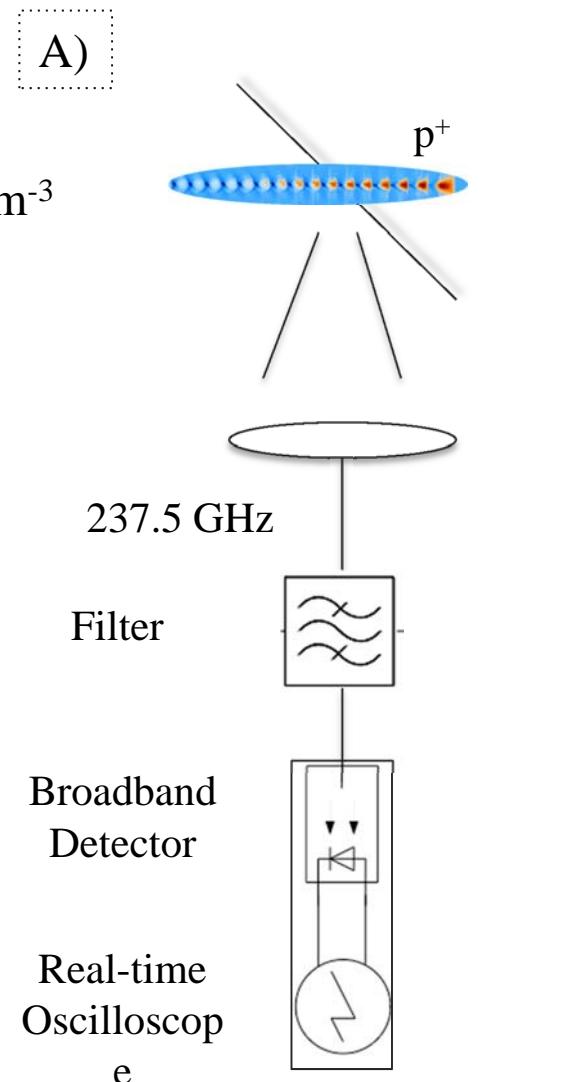
1st day measurement setup:

$$f_p = 237.5 \text{ GHz} @ n_e = 7 * 10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$$

Sensitivity is an issue..

Incoherent TR measurement

- Streak camera measurement
- Shot – noise measurement



Transverse coherent transition radiation (TCTR)



- ◎ The total current of bunch ($J = 2\pi\sigma_0^2 en_0 v_0$) remains unmodulated.

→ no signature of the p^+ bunch modulation in forward CTR.

- ◎ Bunch radius modulation

$$\sigma(t', z) = \sigma_0 [1 + \epsilon f(k(z - v_0 t'))]$$

ϵ : modulation depth

f : modulation function

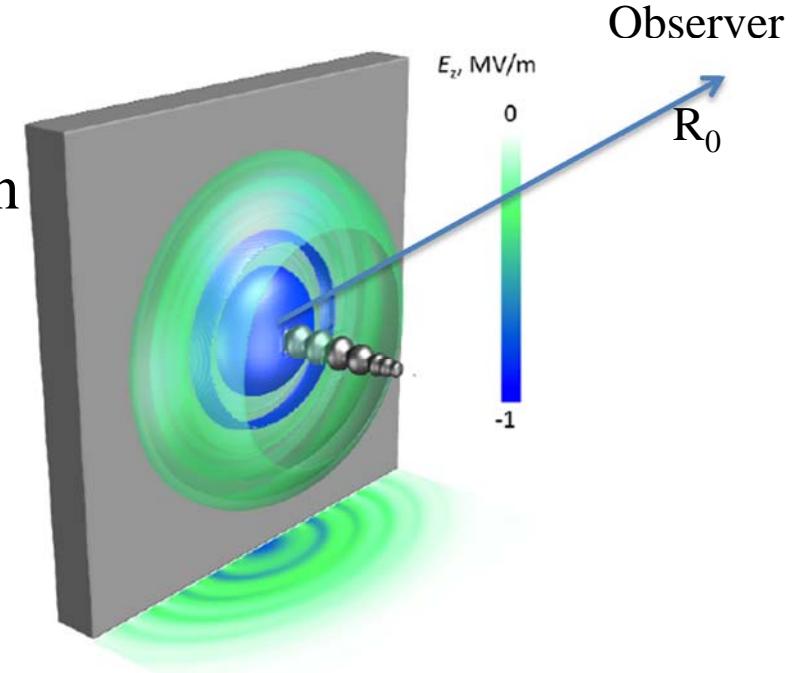
t' : retarded time

- ◎ Radiation field at R_0

$$E(t, R_0) = -2\epsilon \frac{J}{cR_0} (k\sigma_0)^2 \beta_0^3 f''(-kv_0 t)$$

J : total bunch current $J = 2\pi\sigma_0^2 en_0 v_0$

kv_0 : emitted radiation frequency

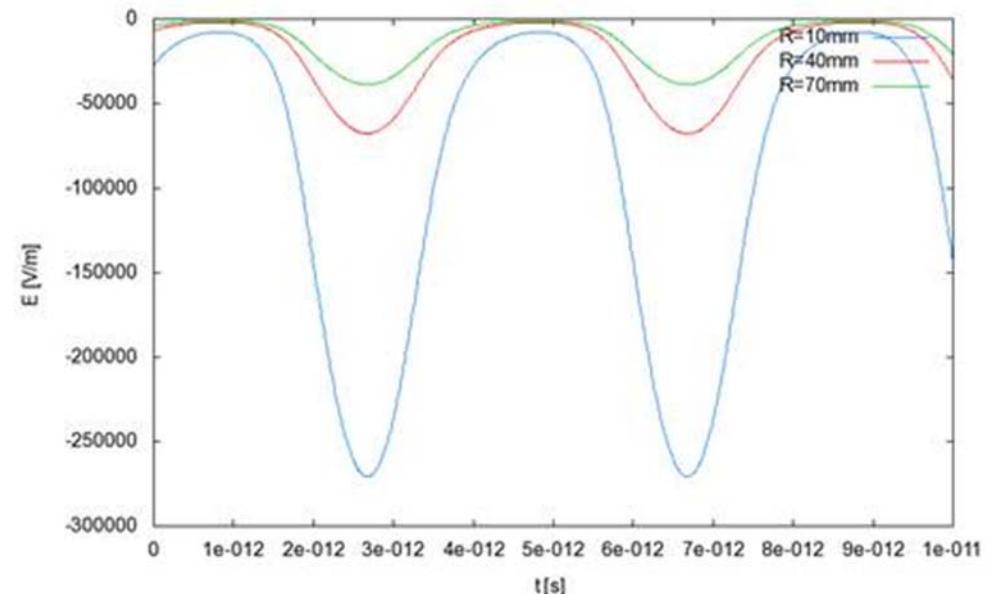
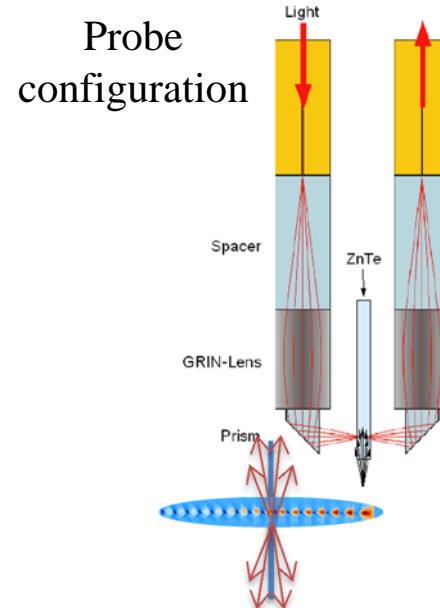


Pukhov, PR STAB, 2012

TCTR measurement using EO sampling

◎ Transverse CTR

- ◎ Parallel E-field component to the screen
- ◎ Signal is modulated by beam density to first order
 $237.5 \text{ GHz} @ n_e \sim 7*10^{14} \text{ cm}^{-3}$
- ◎ Field is proportional to the beam density
- ◎ Hundredths of kV/m at about 10 mm distance
- ◎ High frequency detection by EOS

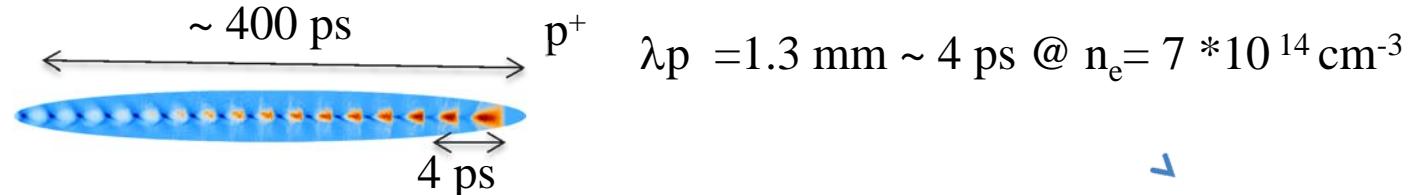


Typical E-field at different radial positions.

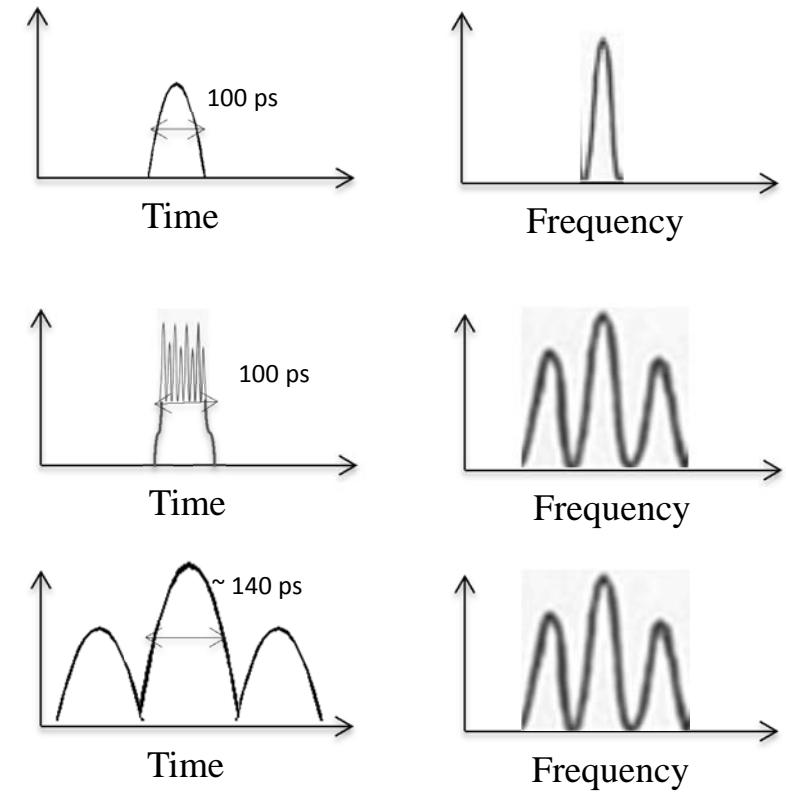
Dispersive Fourier Transformation (DFT)



Principle Idea:



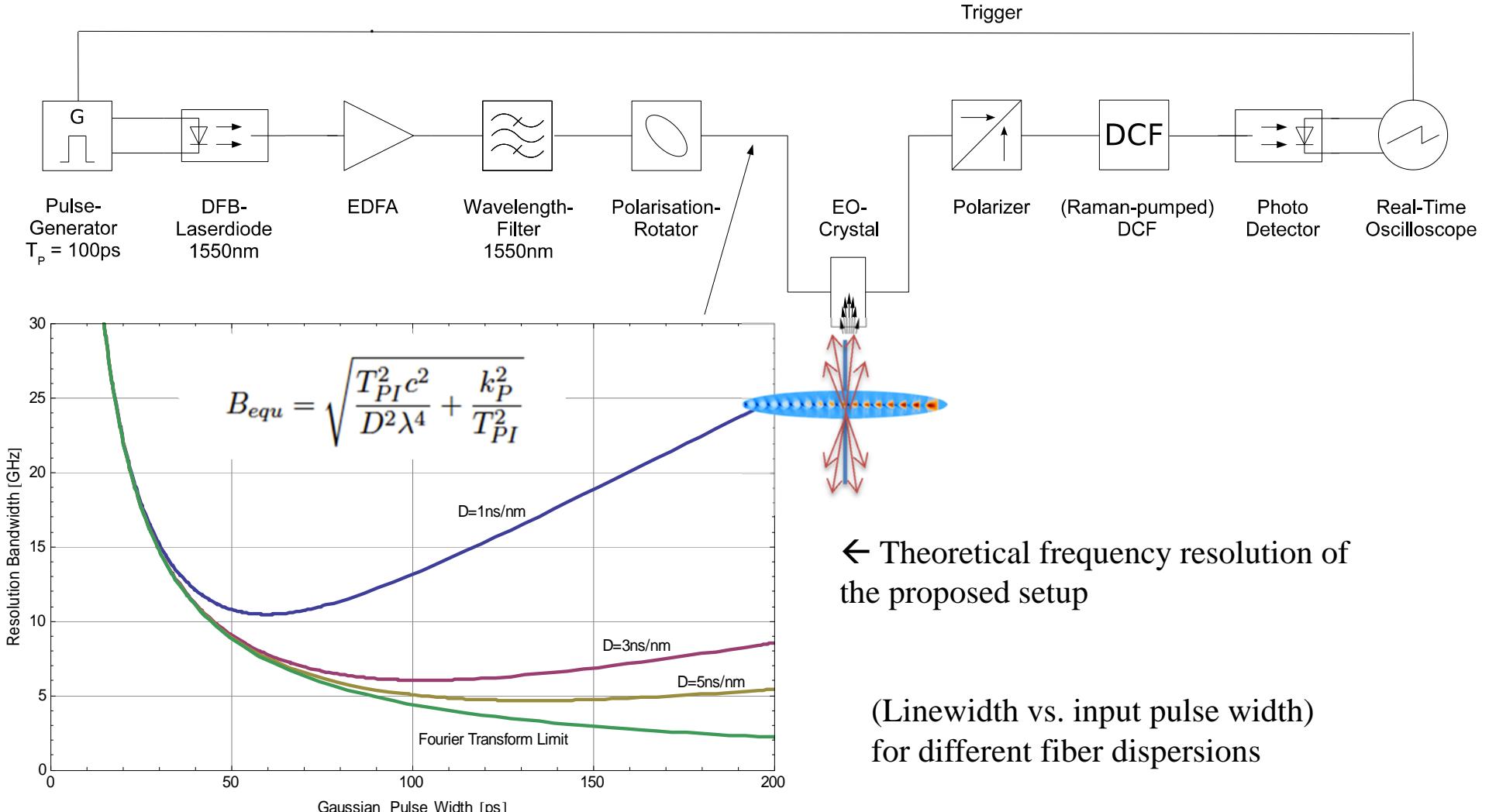
- ◎ Optical frequency for the measurement (@ 1550 nm)
Short Optical pulse (~ 100 ps)
(time slice from modulated p^+ bunch)
- ◎ Modulation by E-field of the plasma wake, via the EO effect
(phase modulator)
- ◎ Frequency-time mapping
(GVD in anomalous fiber)
- ◎ Real-time oscilloscope for detection of modulated optical signal



Principle setup for DFT method

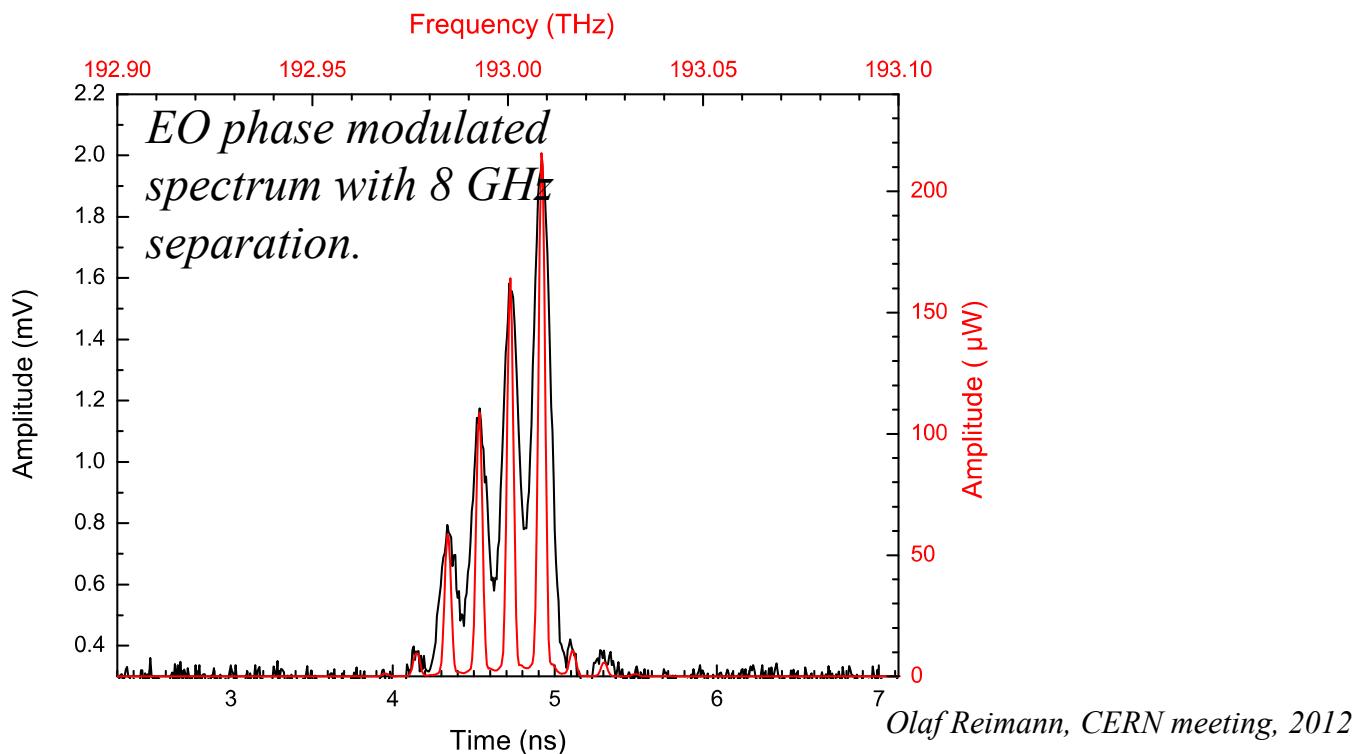


* different time slices using many lasers.



Comparative measurement

- ◎ Black : Measurement using 8GHz BW real-time oscilloscope
single shots by DFT method
- ◎ Red : averaged over 10^6 shots by optical spectrum analyzer





Max-Planck-Institut für Physik
(Werner-Heisenberg-Institut)

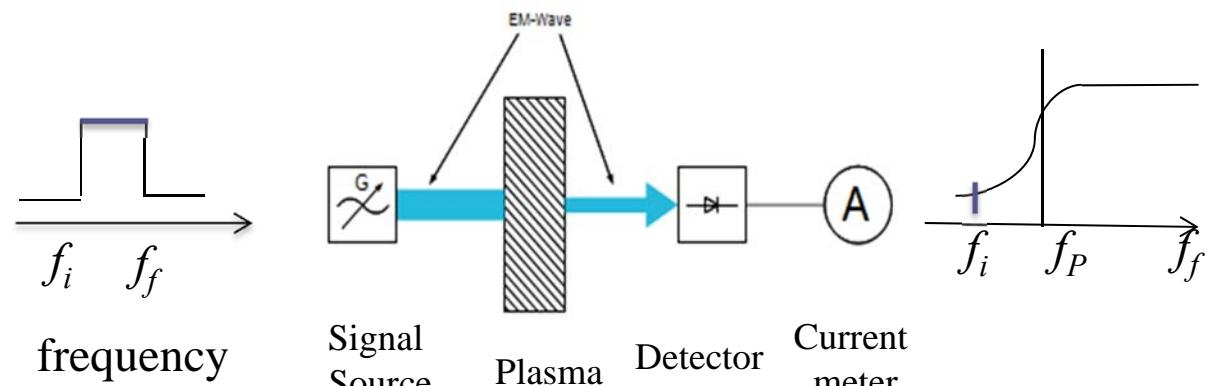
◎ Plasma Density measurements

Cutoff- frequency method



$$\omega_p = (n_e e^2 / \epsilon_0 m_e)^{1/2}$$

N_e (1/cm ³)	f_p (GHz)
7e14	237.5
1e14	89.8
3e13	50
9e12	26
1e11	2.8



- ◎ Scanning over a frequency range (10 ... 600 GHz)
- ◎ Measure the frequency dependent transmission (broadband detector)

Microwave/THz Generation & measurement

For $\delta n/n \sim 1\%$ → frequency resolution better than 500 MHz @ 10^{14} cm^{-3}

Analytical investigation

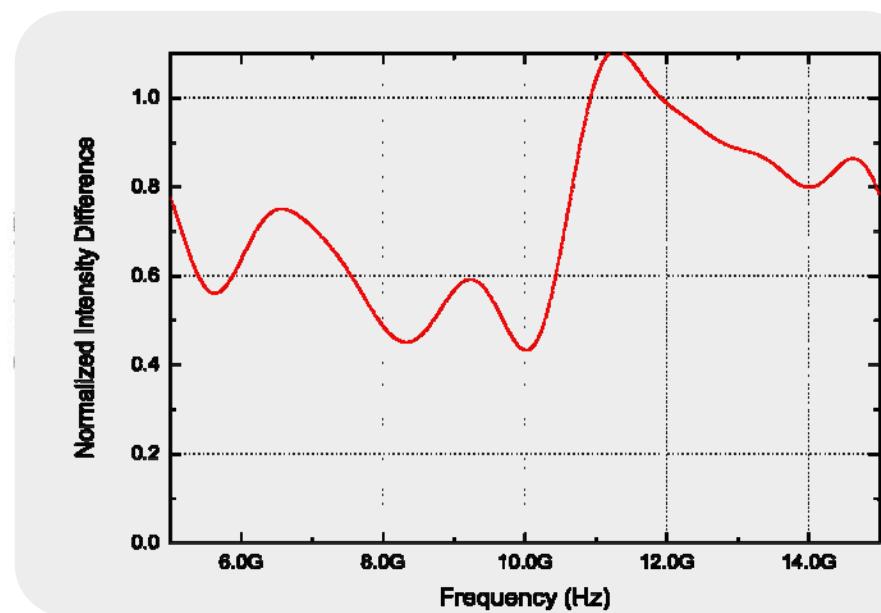


- Complex dielectric constant:

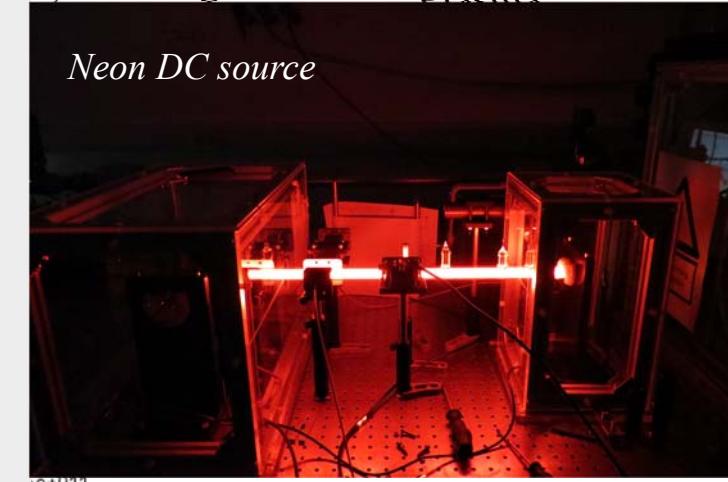
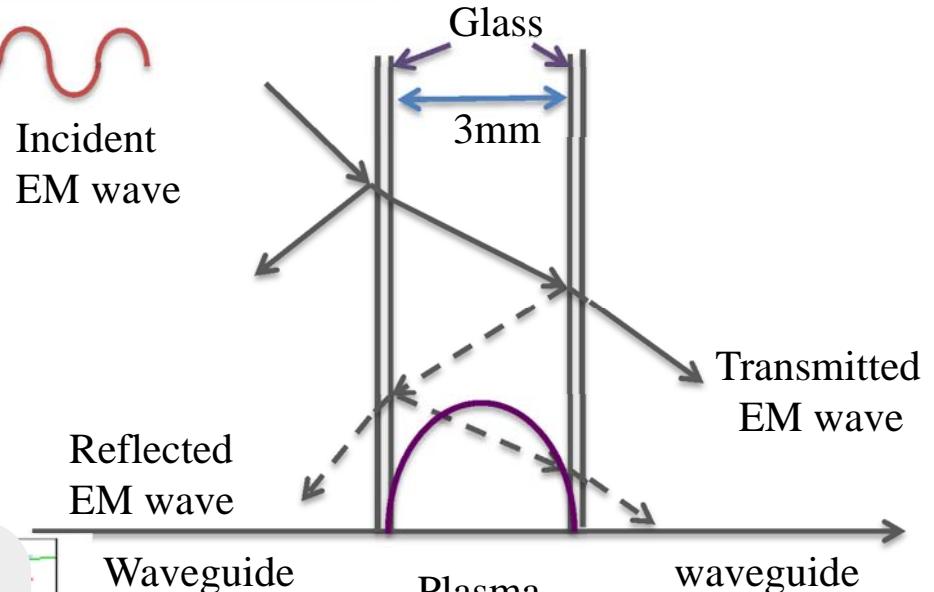
$$\varepsilon = 1 - \frac{\omega_P^2}{\omega^2 + \nu^2} + i \frac{\nu}{\omega} \frac{\omega_P^2}{\omega^2 + \nu^2}$$

- absorption coefficient

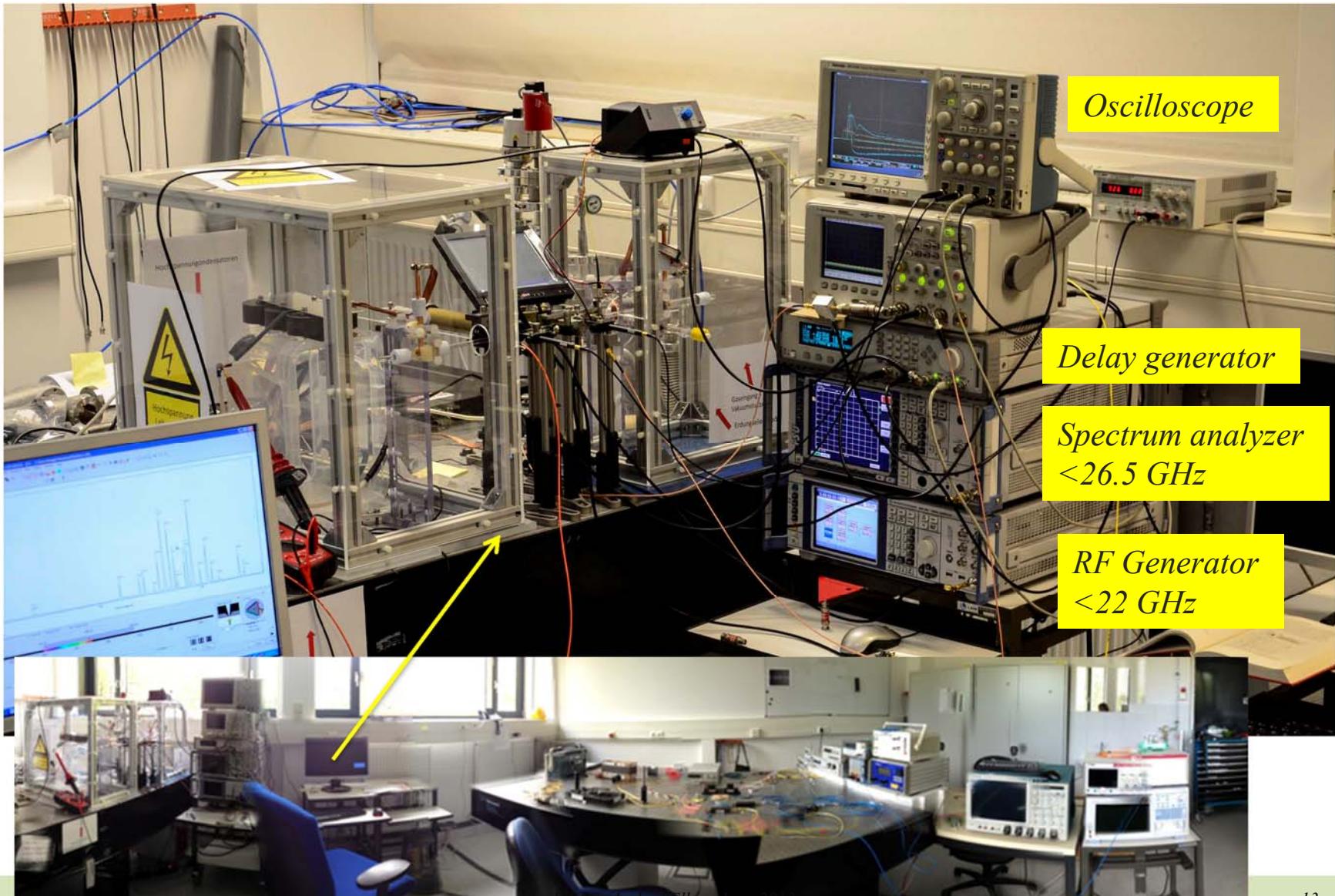
$$a = \frac{\omega}{c_0} \text{Im}(\sqrt{\varepsilon})$$



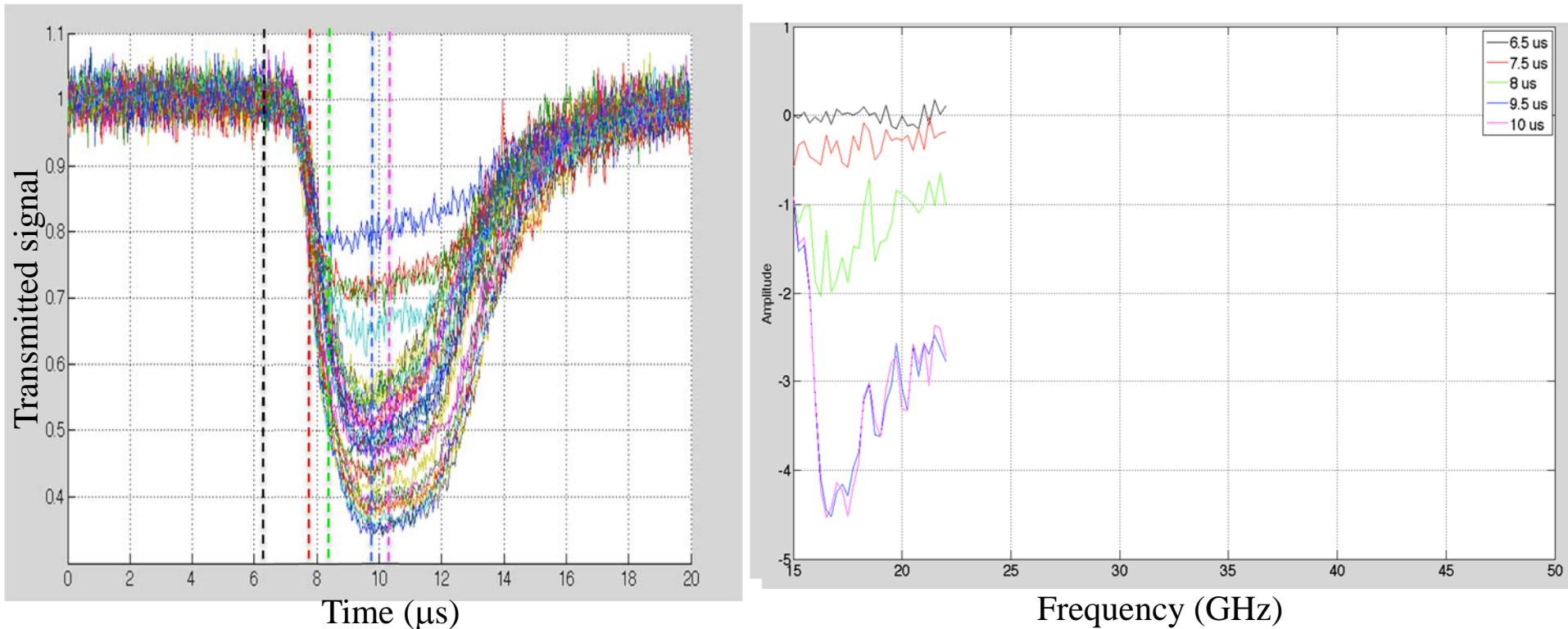

 f_0 Incident
EM wave



Experimental setup – Ar discharge source



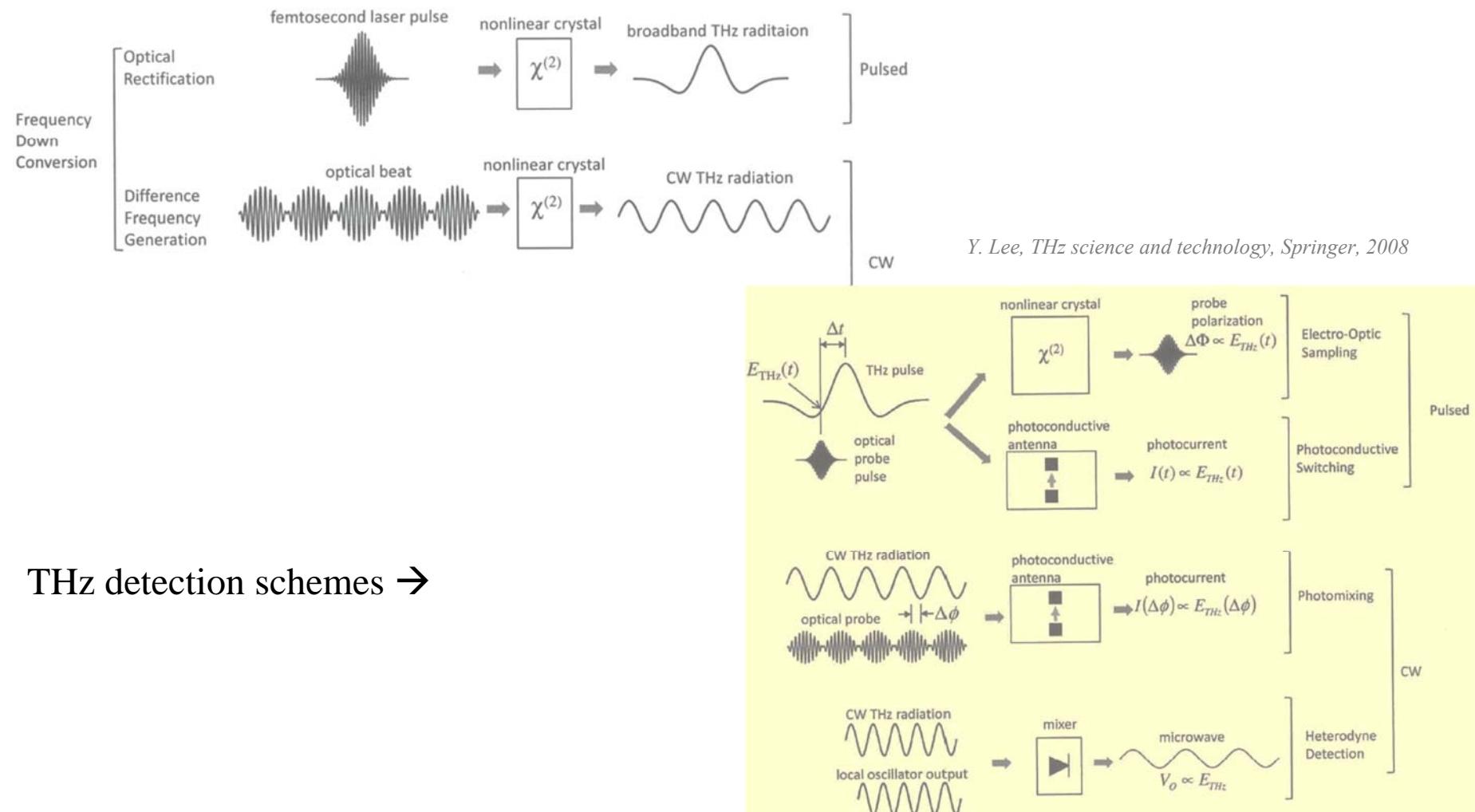
Transmitted signal using Horn antenna & RF generator



Parameter	Value
Frequency	15 -22 GHz
Sweep time	20 us
Pressure	0.531 mbar
Voltage	5.97kV

THz generation & detection

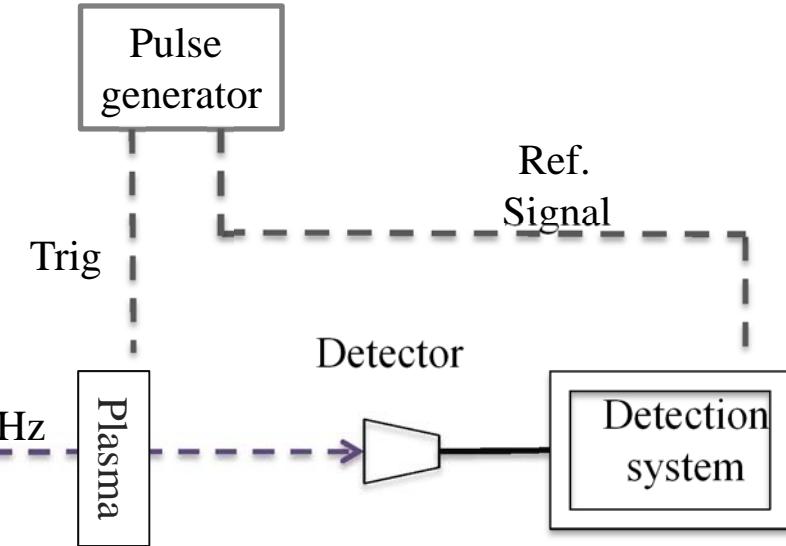
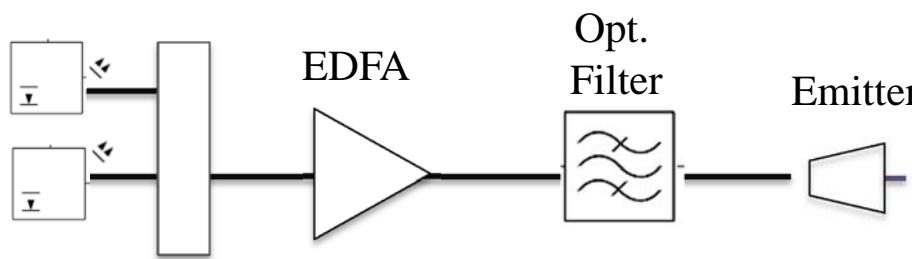
Non-linear optical techniques for the THz generation:



Chirp photo-mixing



$f_1 = 193 \text{ THz}$
 $f_2 = 193.2 \text{ THz} \pm 50 \text{ GHz over } 100 \text{ ns}$



First test :



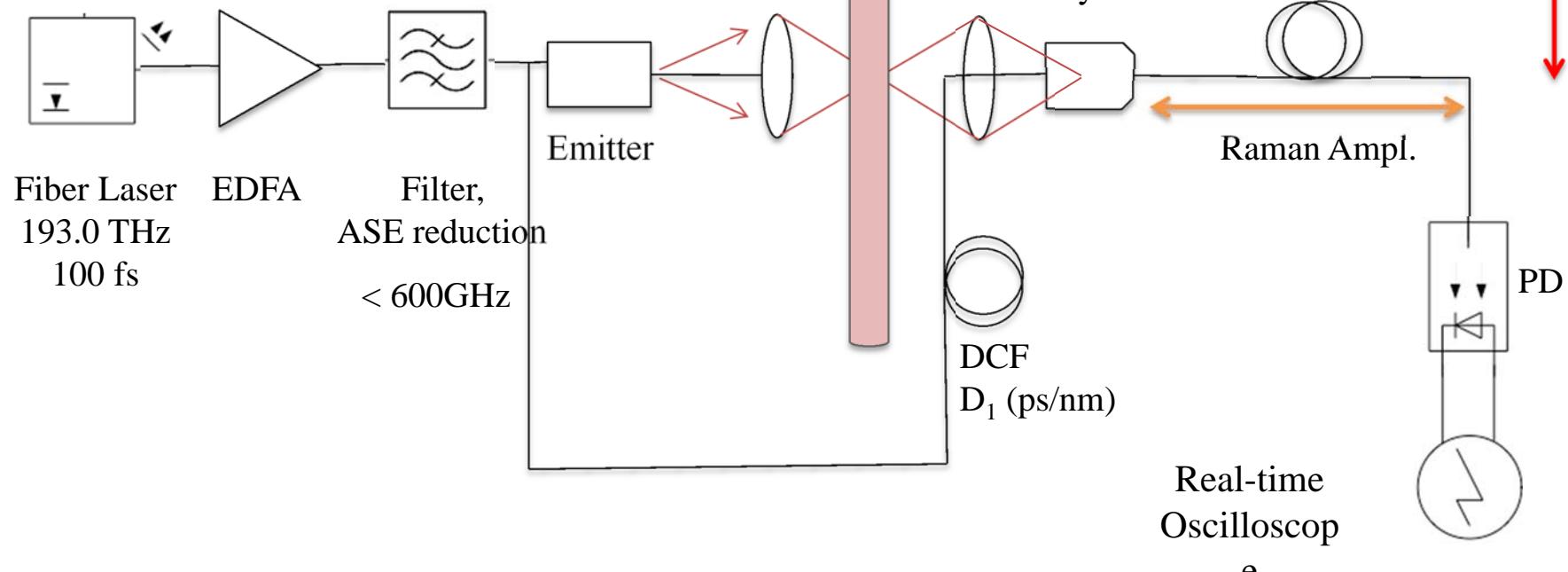
THz- time domain spectroscopy



- ◎ Time resolved method for characterizing plasma density
 - Plasma frequency cutoff ~ 280 GHz
 - Generate ($\sim 50 - 600$ GHz)

- ◎ Temporal magnification :

$$M = 1 + 2 D_2/D_1$$



Optical emission spectroscopy (OES)

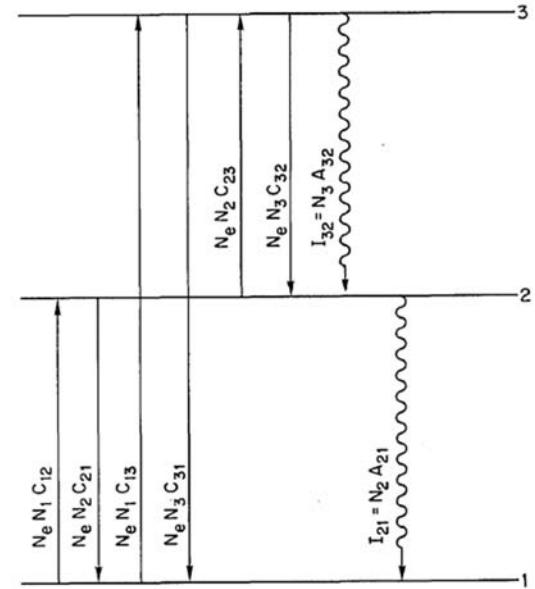


Density sensitive line-ratio measurement (LRM):

- ◎ building up a population model for a given pair of excited levels
- ◎ considering their dominant population and depopulation process
- ◎ density ratio of the two levels

$$\frac{I_{21}}{I_{31}} = \frac{n_2 A_{21}}{n_3 A_{31}}$$

- ◎ the ratio is a function of T_e , n_e ,... operating parameters (pressure, plasma dimension...)
- ◎ fitting the calculated ratio with the measured emission intensity ratio --> obtain plasma parameters

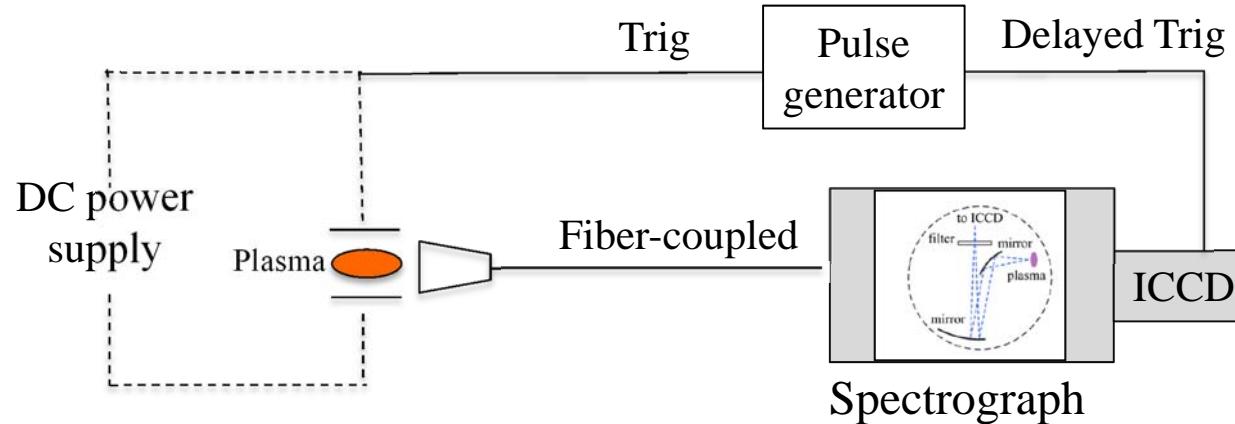


Feldmann, J.Opt. Soc. Am, 1977

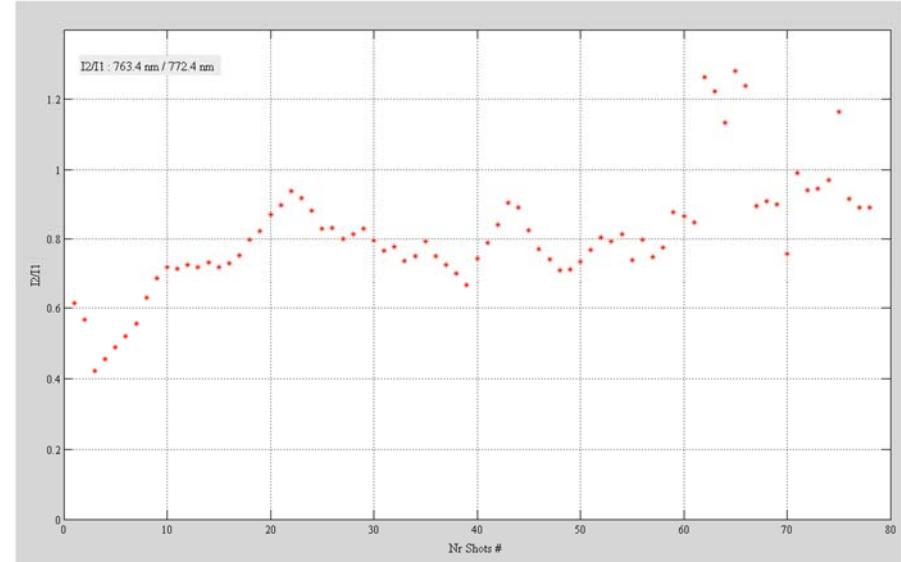
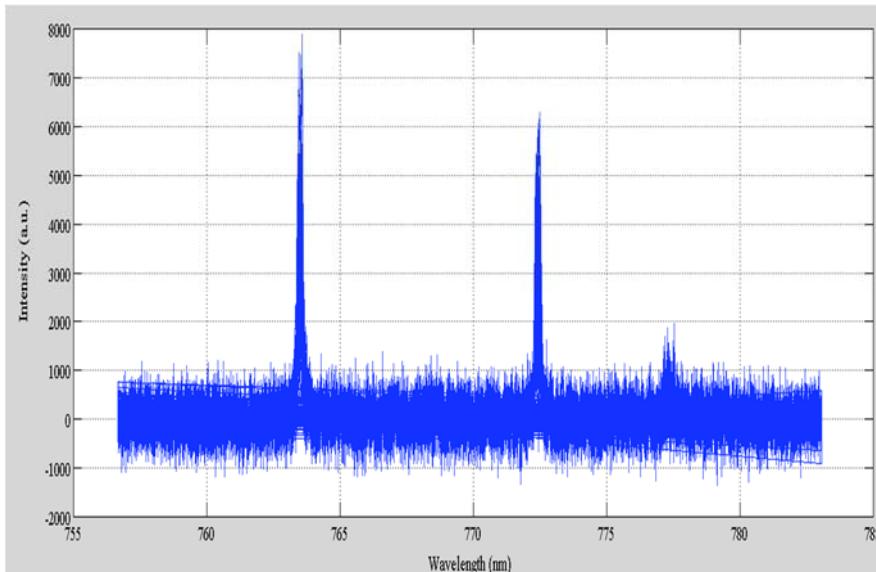
Hypothetical 3-level ion

Finding sensitive lines ...

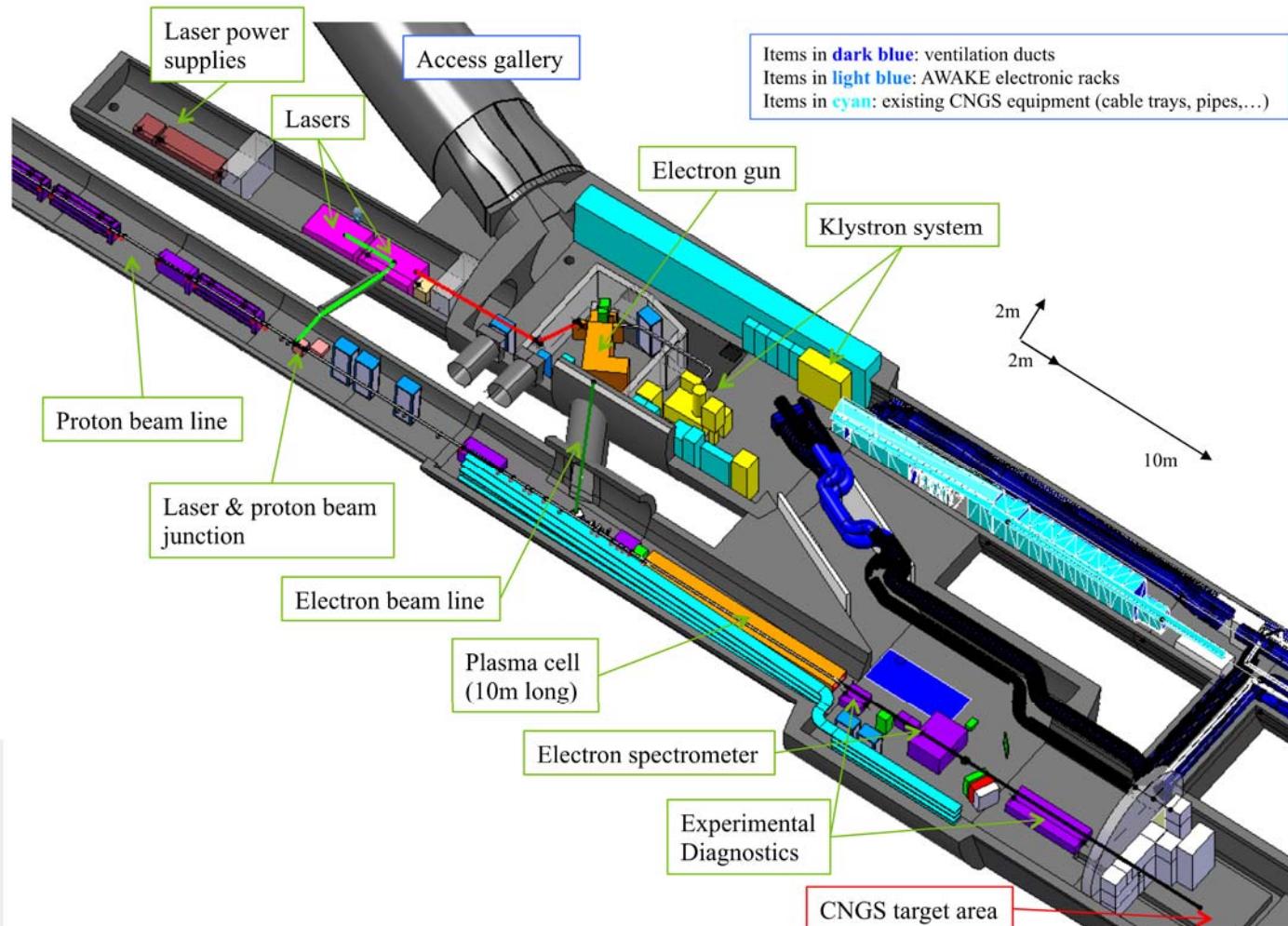
Experimental setup for LRM



Measurement results on argon DC source



Integration at Cern



CERN group

Summary

- ◉ Test and improve the experimental setup (EO sampling, DFT, Time lensing)
 - ◉ laboratory scale
 - ◉ test of the setup at SLAC
 - ◉ test of the setup at Zeuthen
- ◉ Simulation for diagnostic purposes (by Scott Mandry)
- ◉ Improving the cutoff frequency measurement setup
- ◉ THz generation and detection scheme over 100 ns
- ◉ Line ratio measurement
 - ◉ Argon discharge source
 - ◉ Neon DC discharge source
 - ◉ Argon helicon discharge source in Greifswald





Thanks for your attention!