

Les Rencontres de Physique de la Vallée d'Aoste

Latest rare decay results from LHCb

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Rare decays

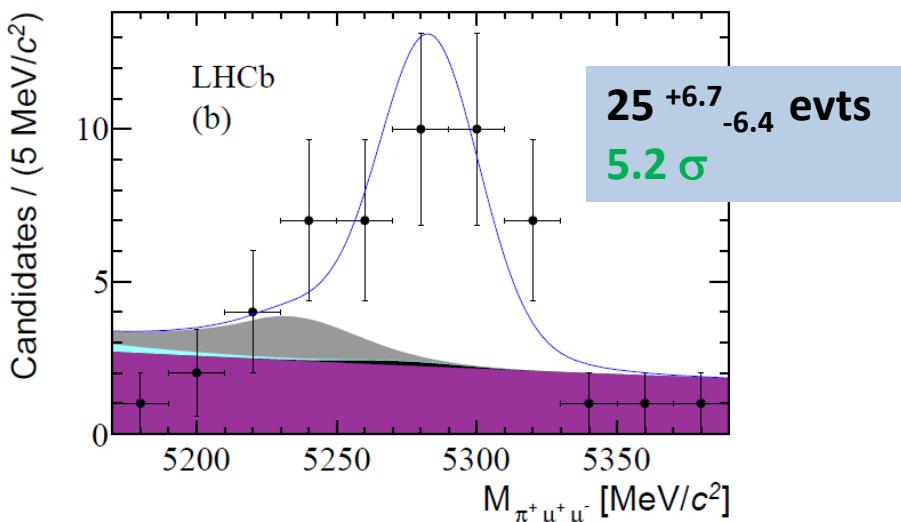
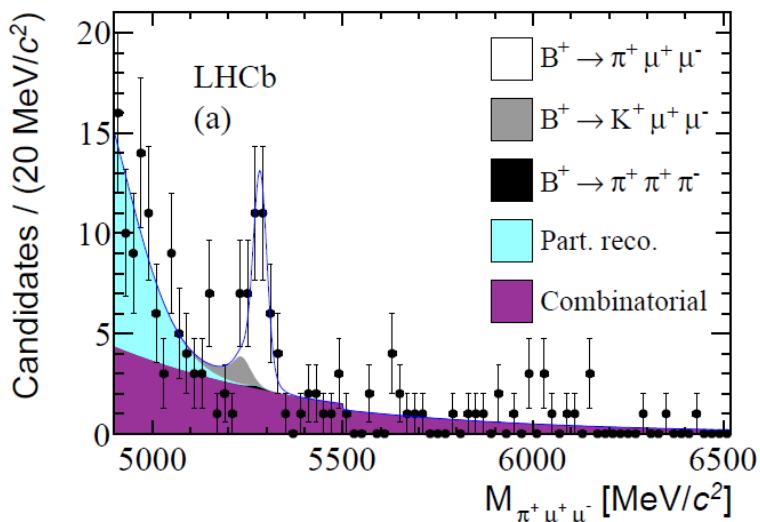
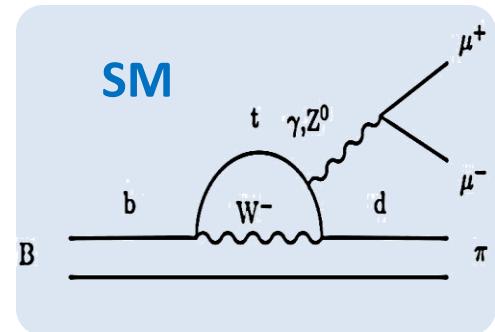
- Processes which are **suppressed in the SM** (FCNC, loops, GIM, helicity)
⇒ NP particles in loops can produce sizeable distortions in phases, amplitudes, Lorentz structure
⇒ **Many observables in rare decays probe NP**
- Today showing results for:
 - **Branching ratios:**
 - First observation of $b \rightarrow d\ell^+\ell^-$ transition
 - Purely leptonic B, D, K decays
 - Lepton Flavour Violating B and τ decays
 - **CP violation observables**
 - **Isospin asymmetries**
- All results shown for **1fb⁻¹ @ 7 TeV from 2011**, unless specified



} $b \rightarrow s\mu^+\mu^-$ transitions

First observation of $b \rightarrow d\ell^+\ell^-$

- **SM:** $\text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.0 \pm 0.2) \cdot 10^{-8}$ [arXiv:0711.0321]
- Previous limit: $< 6.9 \cdot 10^{-8}$ @ 90%CL (Belle) [arXiv:0804.3656]
- **LHCb:**
 - Normalize based on $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- K^+$
 - Exclude candidates with $m(\mu^+ \mu^-)$ consistent with $J/\psi, \psi(2S)$
 - Main source of systematics: limited sizes of MC samples



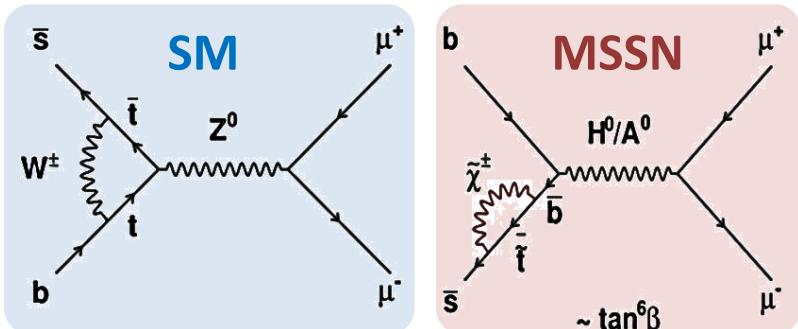
$\text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-) = [2.3 \pm 0.6(\text{stat}) \pm 0.1(\text{syst})] \cdot 10^{-8} \Rightarrow \text{rarest B decay seen until 11/2012}$

- Double suppression: FCNC & helicity

- **SM:**

- $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- = (3.54 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-9}$
- $B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- = (0.107 \pm 0.01) \times 10^{-9}$

Buras, Isidori: arXiv:1208.0934

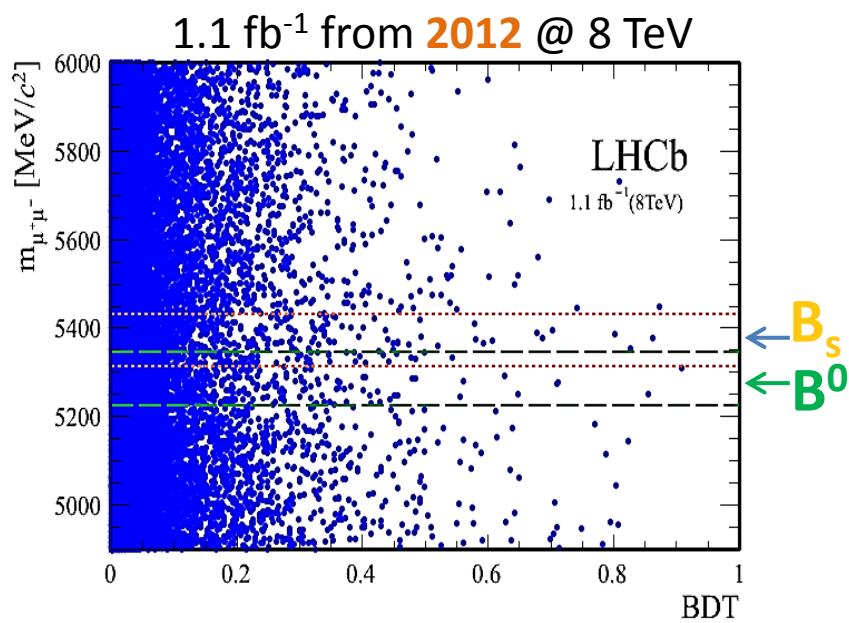


- Sensitive to extended Higgs sector models: MSSM, large $\tan\beta$ approximation

$$\text{BR}(B_{s,d} \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) \propto \tan^6\beta/M_A^4$$

- **LHCb:**

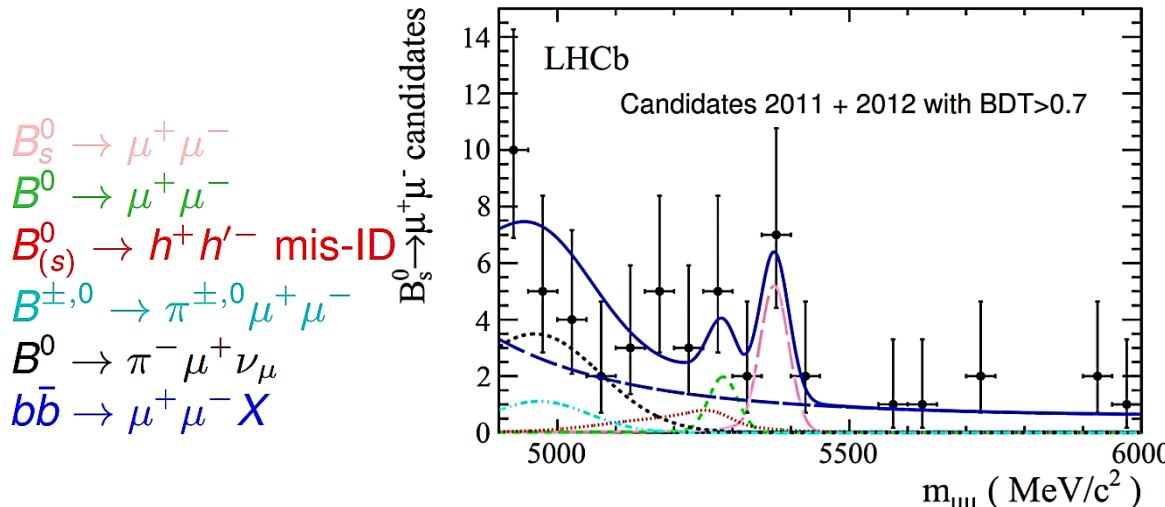
- maximize sensitivity by classifying events according to two variables:
 - $m_{\mu\mu}$
 - Boosted Decision Tree (BDT) combining geometrical and kinematic information
- Use $B^0/B_s \rightarrow h^+h^-$ as calibration of BDT



$B^0/B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

2 fb⁻¹

- Excess \Rightarrow extract BR from a simultaneous fit to different BDT, mass bins
- BR normalized using $B_{(s)} \rightarrow h^+h^-$, $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$



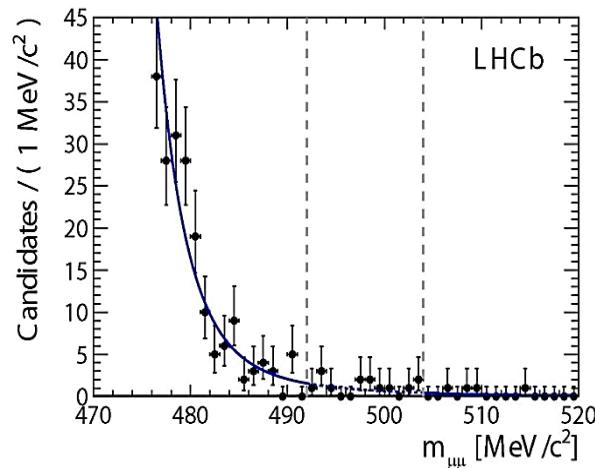
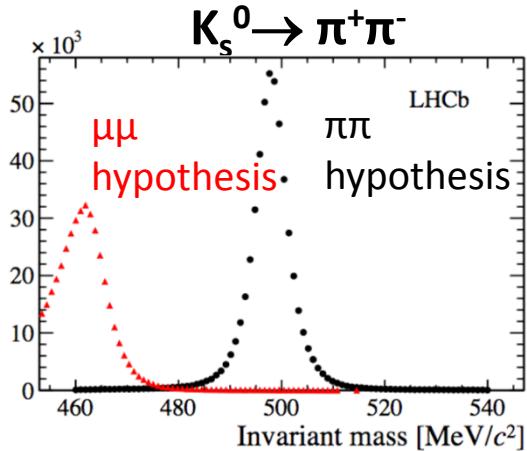
$$\text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (3.17 +1.45 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.23 \text{ (syst.)}) \cdot 10^{-9}$$

Probability of background-only fluctuation: $5 \times 10^{-4} \Leftrightarrow 3.5 \sigma$

- $\text{BR}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) < 9.4 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ @ 95% C.L (World-best)}$
 - Probability of background-only fluctuation: 11% $\Leftrightarrow 1.2 \sigma$.

$K_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$, $D^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

- **SM:** $\text{BR}(K_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \sim 5 \cdot 10^{-12}$ [JHEP 0401(2004)009], sensitive to new light scalars
- **LHCb:** main background is misidentified $K_s^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$, with a shifted mass



- **Result:** $\text{BR}(K_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) < 9 \cdot 10^{-9}$ at 90% CL
 - x 30 improvement wrt previous limit (from 1973!)

JHEP 01 (2013) 090

PLB44 (1973) 217

- **SM:** $\text{BR}(D^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \sim 6 \cdot 10^{-11}$ [PRD 66 (2992)]
- **Result:** $\text{BR}(D^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) < 1.3 \times 10^{-8}$ at 95% C.L.
 - O(10) improvement wrt previous limit from Belle

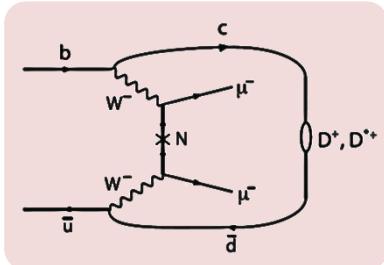
Previous talk by Benoit Viaud

LHCb-CONF-2012-005

Search for Majorana ν

0.4fb⁻¹

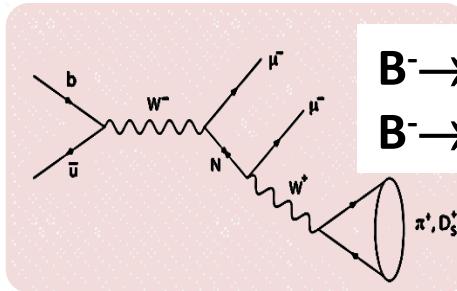
- **SM:** $B^- \rightarrow (h^0) h^+ \mu^- \mu^-$ are ($\Delta L=2$) strictly forbidden
- Can happen if Majorana neutrinos (N) enter in the diagrams:
- **Virtual:**



$$B^- \rightarrow D^{(*)+} \mu^- \mu^-$$

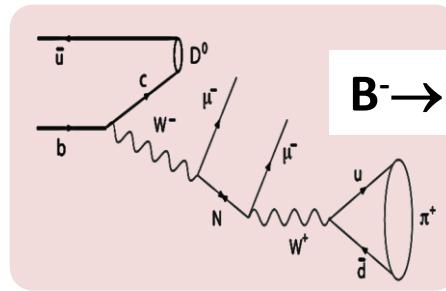
sensitive to any N mass

- **On-shell:**



$$B^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \mu^- \mu^-$$

$$B^- \rightarrow D_s^+ \mu^- \mu^- (*)$$



$$B^- \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+ \mu^- \mu^- (*)$$

- Additional constrain for reconstruction: $m_N = m(h^+ \mu^-)$
- Restricts the searches to the mass ranges kinematicaly accessible

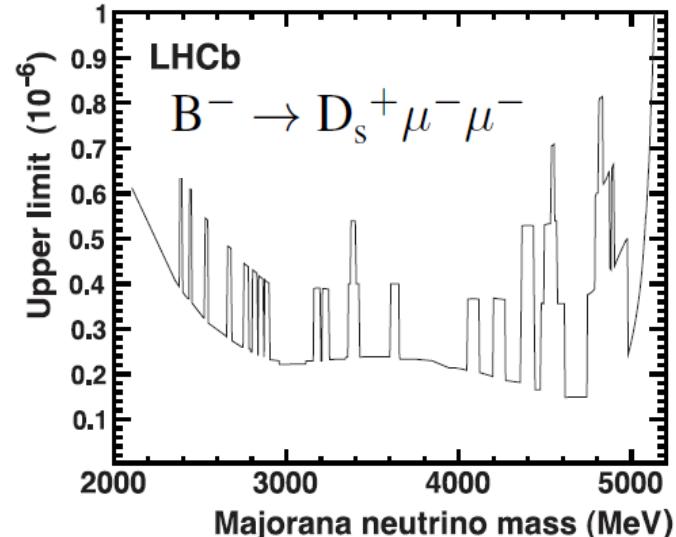
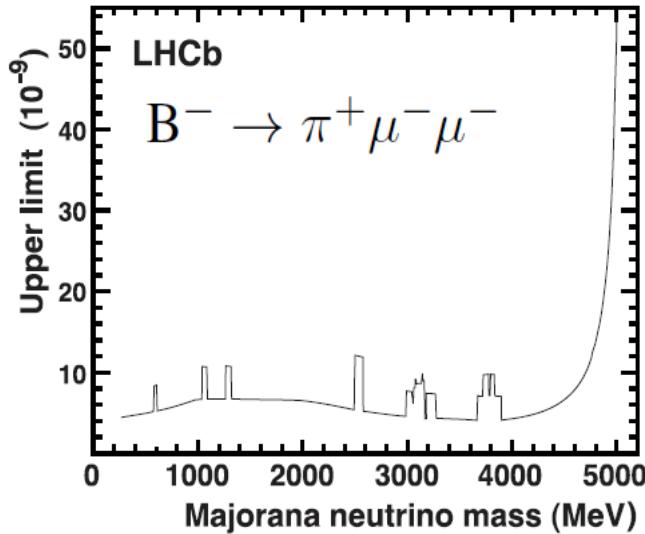
(*) : unexplored

- **LHCb:**

- Normalize to $B^- \rightarrow J/\psi K^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- K^-$ or $B^- \rightarrow \psi(2S) K^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi K^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^- K^-$
- Assume N is narrow but has negligible flight distance

Search for Majorana ν

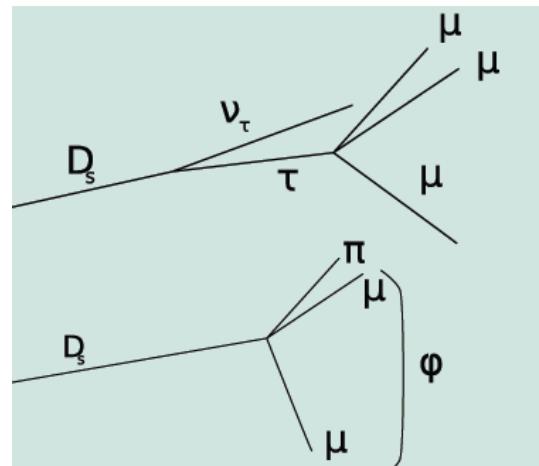
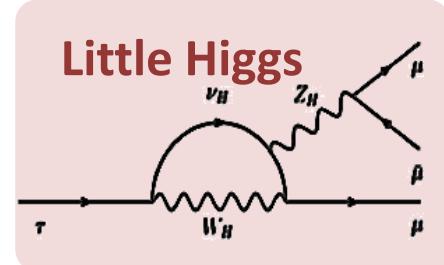
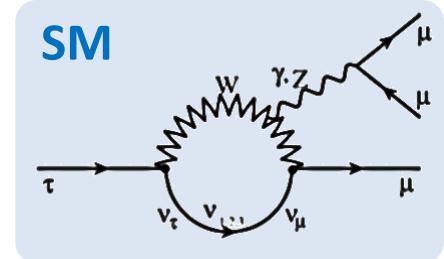
- Results in terms of 95% CL limits:



Mode	\mathcal{B} upper limit	Approximate limits as function of M_N
$D^+ \mu^- \mu^-$	6.9×10^{-7}	
$D^{*+} \mu^- \mu^-$	2.4×10^{-6}	
$\pi^+ \mu^- \mu^-$	1.3×10^{-8}	$(0.4 - 1.0) \times 10^{-8}$
$D_s^+ \mu^- \mu^-$	5.8×10^{-7}	$(1.5 - 8.0) \times 10^{-7}$
$D^0 \pi^+ \mu^- \mu^-$	1.5×10^{-6}	$(0.3 - 1.5) \times 10^{-6}$

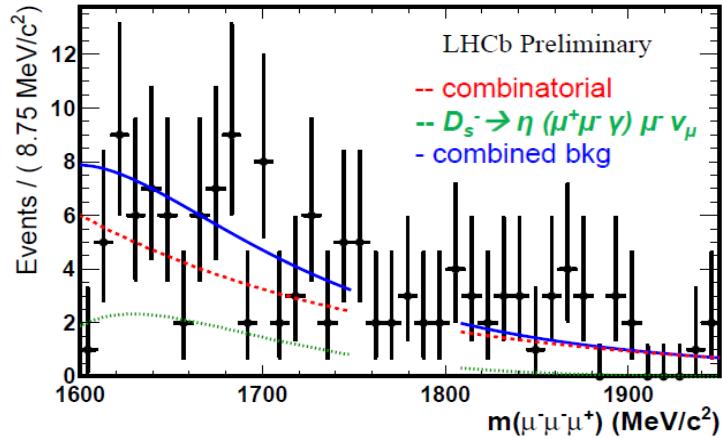
LFV decays: $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \mu^-$

- **SM:** $\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \mu^-) < 10^{-40}$
- **NP:** huge increases, e.g.:
 - Little Higgs: $< 10^{-7}$ [Acta Phys Pol B41 (2010) 657]
 - Doubly charged Higgs (e.g. PLB 99 411)
- PDG: $\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \mu^-) < 2.1 \cdot 10^{-8}$ @90%CL, B factories
- **LHCb:** $\sim 10^{11} \tau$ per year ($\sim 80\%$ from D_s^+)
 - Normalization and calibration on $D_s^+ \rightarrow \varphi(\mu^+ \mu^-) \pi^+$
 - Maximize sensitivity by classifying à la $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$:
 - $m_{\mu\mu\mu}$
 - Geometric and kinematic BDT
 - Muon PID BDT with info from muon, RICH and CALO systems
 - Extract BR from global fit to all bins



LFV decays: $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \mu^-$

- For illustration: in the 5 highest-purity bins (out of 150):



- $\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \mu^-) < 6.3 \cdot 10^{-8}$ @ 90% CL
 - Approaching B-factory sensitivity with only 1fb⁻¹
 - Proof of principle at a hadron collider

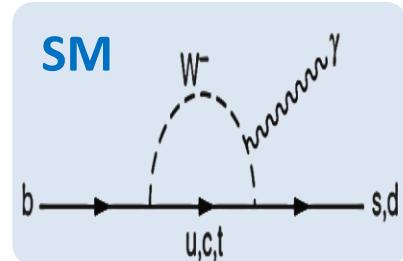
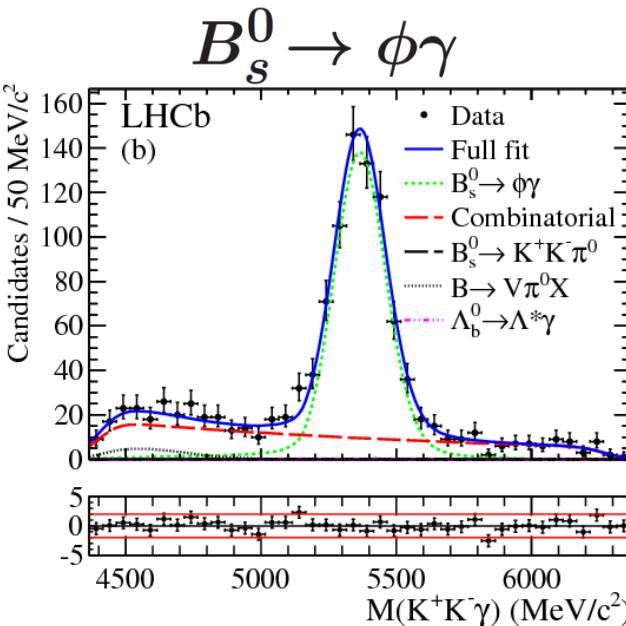
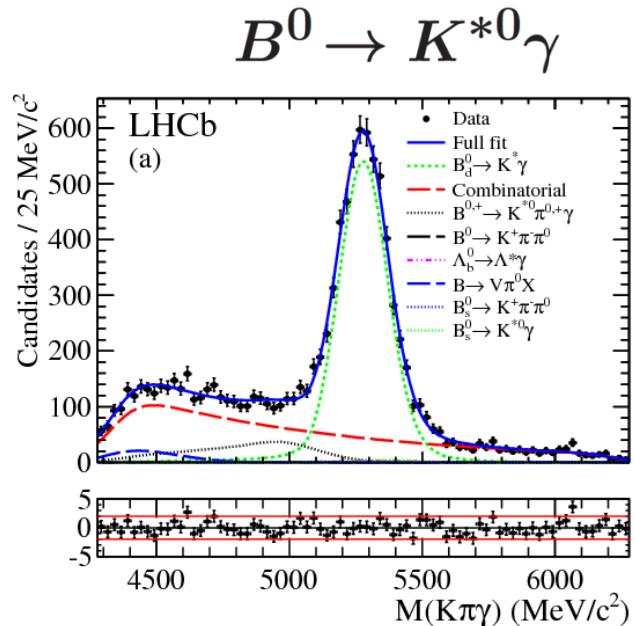
LHCb-CONF-2012-015

- In a very similar analysis, LHCb puts **first limits** on:
 - $\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow \bar{p} \mu^+ \mu^-) < 4.5 \cdot 10^{-7}$
 - $\text{BR}(\tau \rightarrow p \mu^- \mu^-) < 4.5 \cdot 10^{-7}$

LHCb-CONF-2012-018

Radiative decays: $b \rightarrow (d,s)\gamma$

- Many observables: BR (10^{-5}), A_{CP} , isospin asym., γ polarization
- Two channels studied to date:



Sensitive to chromo-magnetic operator (C_{8g})

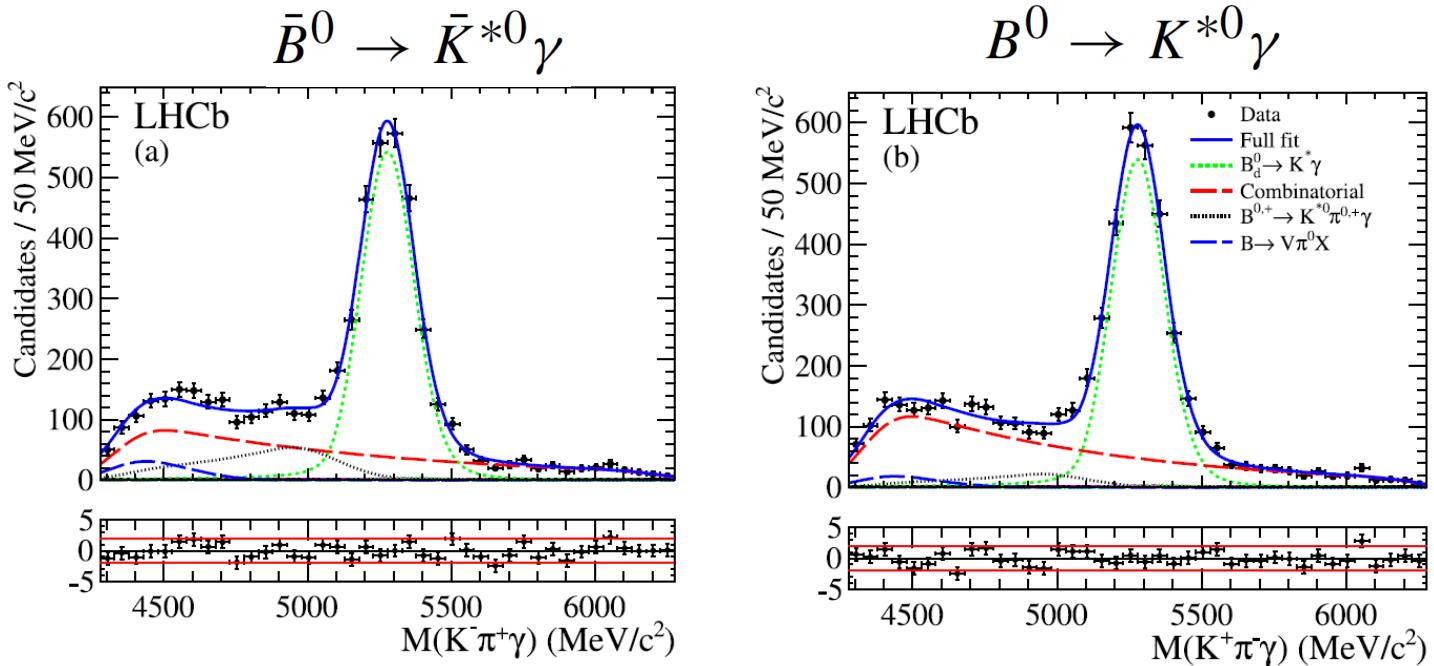
$\sigma_m \sim 100 \text{ MeV}$,
dominated by ECAL

- World-best measurements produced to date:

- $\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\gamma)}{\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\gamma)} = 1.23 \pm 0.06 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.04 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 0.10 \text{ } (f_s/f_d) \text{ SM: } 1.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ [EPJC 55 (2008) 577]}$
- By using World average of $\text{BR}(B^0 \rightarrow K^*\gamma)$: $\text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \phi\gamma) = (3.9 \pm 0.5) \cdot 10^{-5}$

$A_{CP}(B^0 \rightarrow K^*\gamma)$

- **SM:** $A_{CP} = (-0.61 \pm 0.43)\%$
- **NP: up to 15%!** [PRD72 (2005) 014013, arXiv:0710.3819, PRD60 (1999) 035004, NPB554 (1999) 50, PRD58 (1998) 094012]



$$\mathcal{A}_{CP}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\gamma) = (0.8 \pm 1.7 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.9 \text{ (syst.)})\%$$

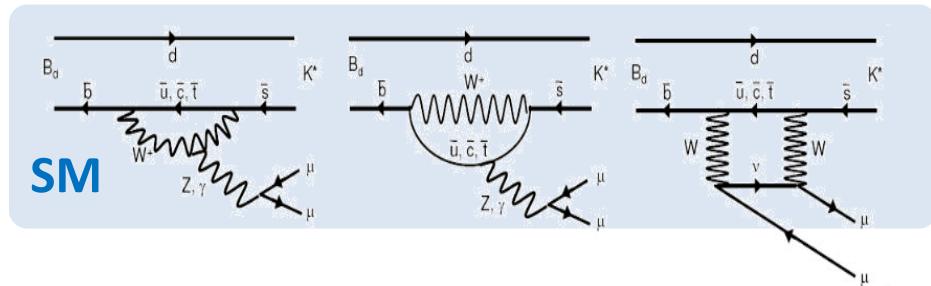
Most precise measurement to date

- New sources of systematics in CP measurements, see two previous talks

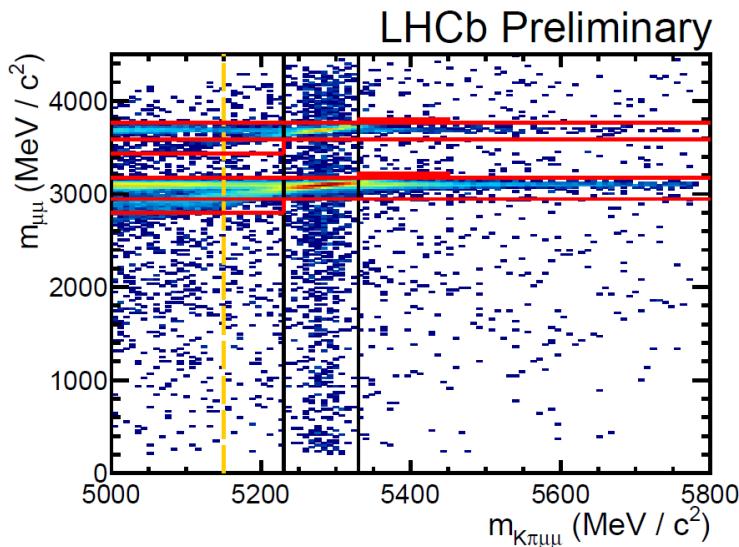
NPB 867 (2013) 1-18

$b \rightarrow s \mu^+ \mu^-$: $B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$

- BR $\sim 10^{-6}$
- Many **angular observables** sensitive to new operators



- **LHCb analysis:**
 - Selection based on BDT, then simultaneous fit to angles and m_B in bins of q^2 ($\equiv m_{\mu\mu}$)
 - Used $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^{*0}$ for normalization, calibration of BDT, modeling angular acceptance
 - Residual angular acceptance uncertainties dominate systematics

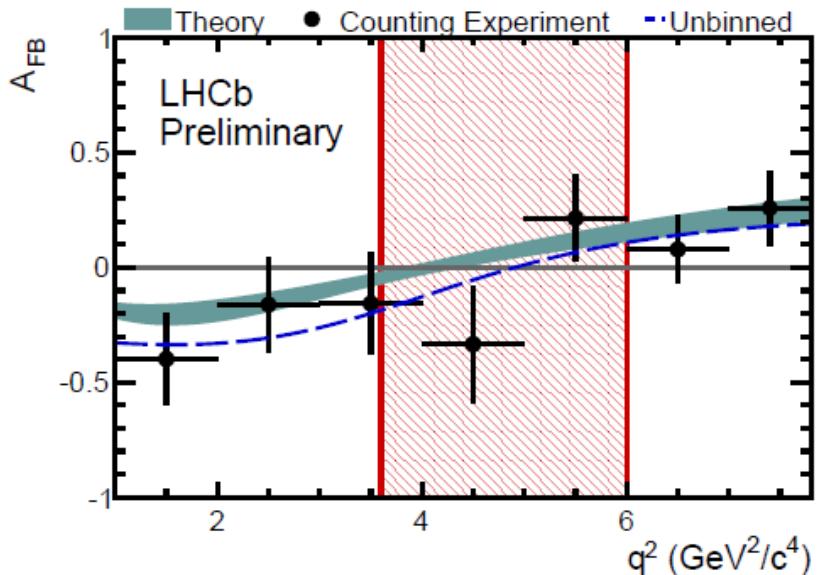
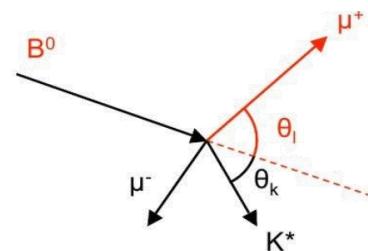
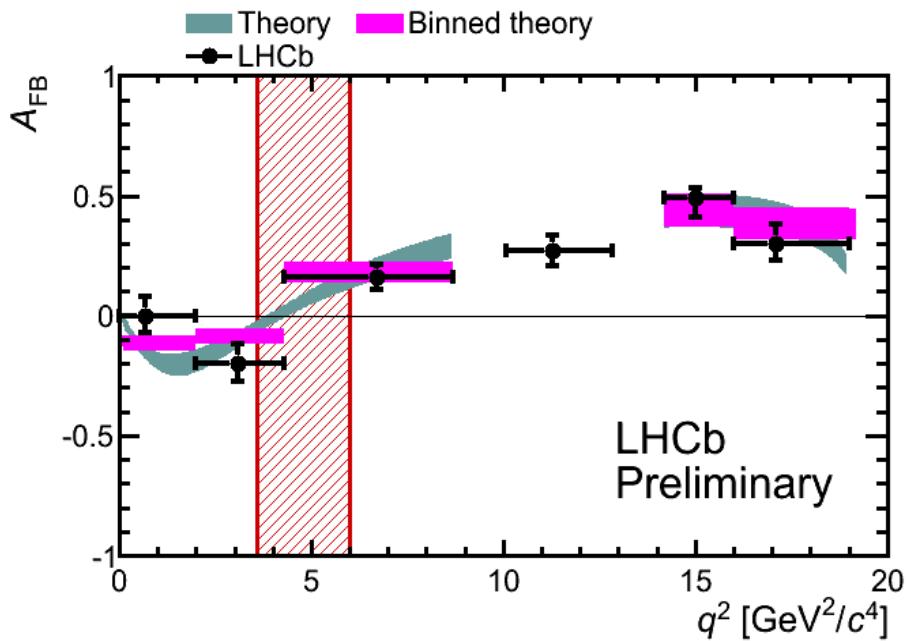


900 ± 34 signal events

Removed to avoid cc resonances
Removed to avoid partially reco. backgr.

$B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$: A_{FB}

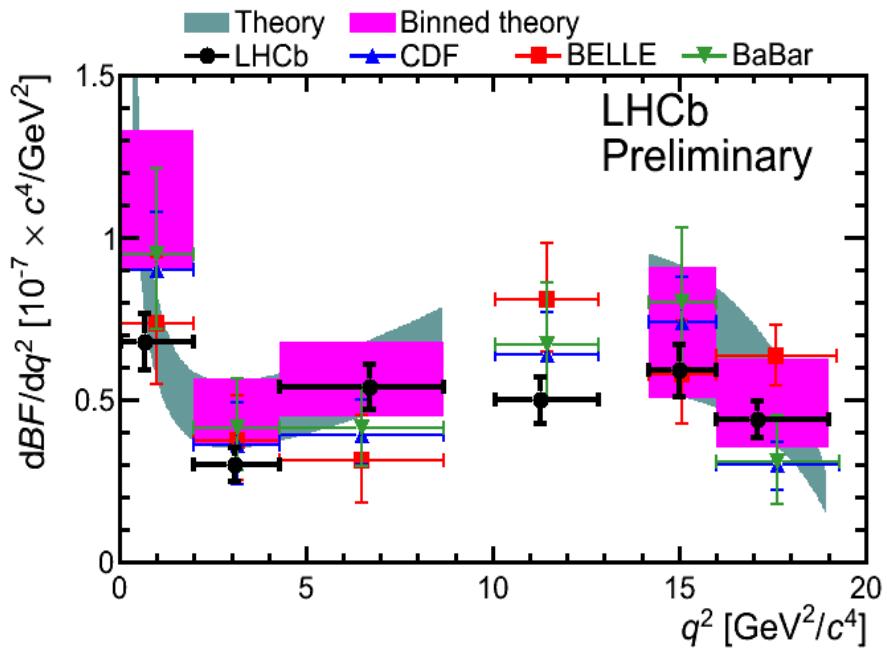
$$A_{FB}(q^2 = m_{\mu^+ \mu^-}^2) = \frac{N_F - N_B}{N_F + N_B}$$



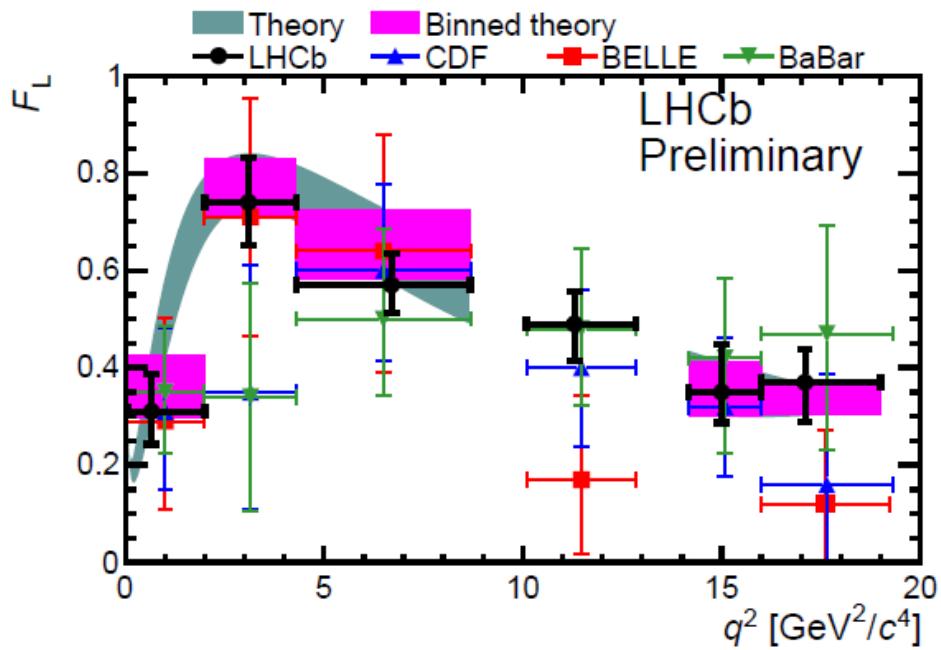
- In the SM, $A_{FB}(q^2)$ flips sign at a well predicted value of q^2
- Measured to be $4.9^{+1.1}_{-1.3}$ GeV^2 at LHCb, in agreement with SM

$B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$: more observables

- Differential branching fraction



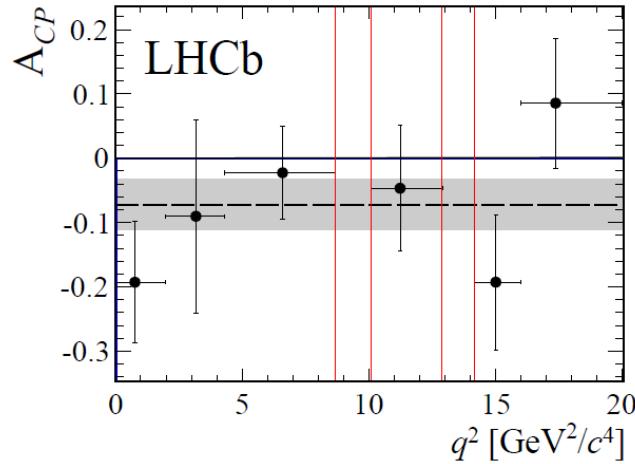
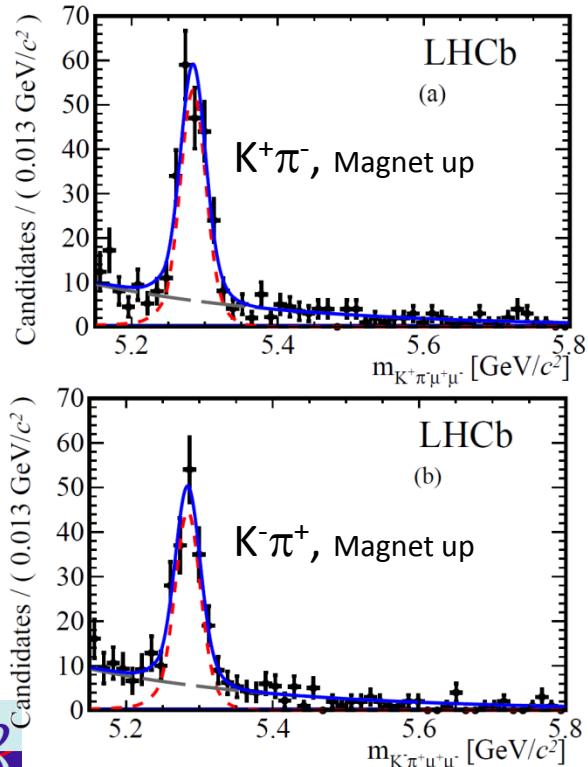
- Fraction of longitudinally polarized K^* :



$B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$: CP asymmetry

$$\mathcal{A}_{CP} = \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-) - \Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\Gamma(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \bar{K}^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-) + \Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-)}$$

- **SM:** $A_{CP} \sim 10^{-3}$ [JHEP 07(2008)106, JHEP 01(2009)019]
- **NP:** up to ± 0.15 [JHEP 1111(2011)122]
- Dominant systematics: different kinematic of signal and control modes



$A_{CP}(B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-) = -0.072 \pm 0.040(\text{stat}) \pm 0.005(\text{syst})$
Halved uncertainties wrt B factories

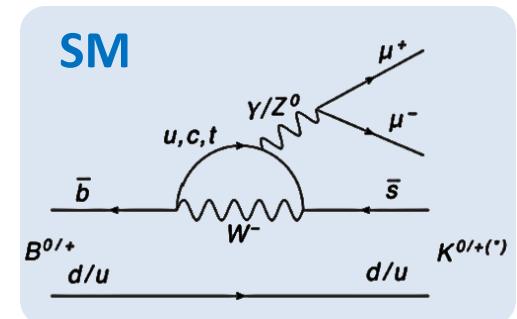
PRL 110, 031801 (2013)

Isospin asymmetry in $B^{(+)} \rightarrow K^{(*)}(+)\mu^+\mu^-$

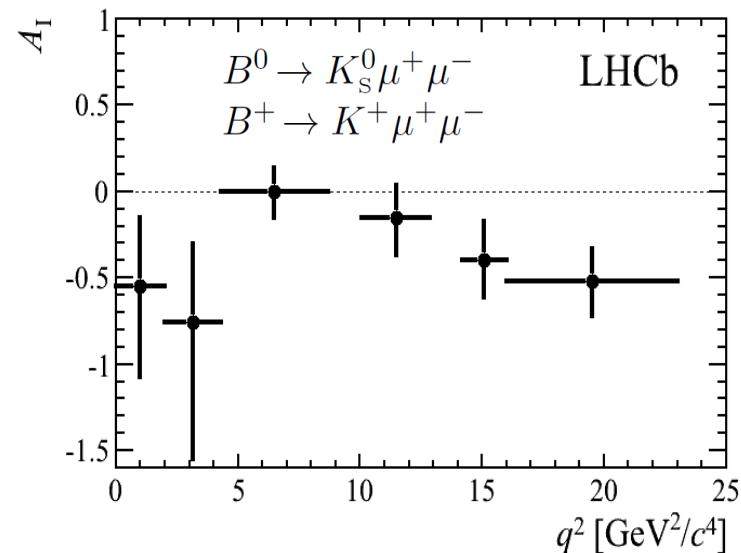
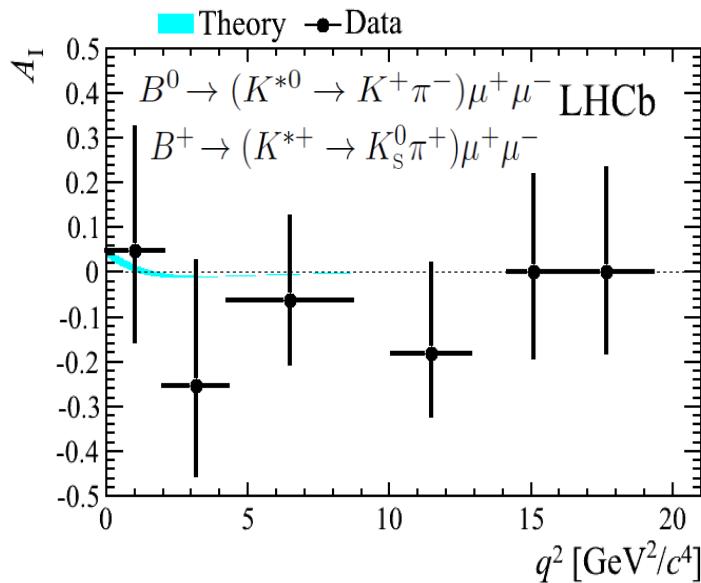
$$A_I = \frac{\Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow K^{(*)0}\mu^+\mu^-) - \Gamma(B^+ \rightarrow K^{(*)+}\mu^+\mu^-)}{\Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow K^{(*)0}\mu^+\mu^-) + \Gamma(B^+ \rightarrow K^{(*)+}\mu^+\mu^-)}$$

- **SM:**

- K^* : $A_I \sim -1\%$ for $q^2 < m_{J/\psi}$, $A_I \sim O(10\%)$ for $q^2 \rightarrow 0$
- K : no predictions, “expected” ~ 0



- **Results:**



- $K\mu^+\mu^-$: Integrating over q^2 : **4.4σ from 0**
 - Consistent with “hints” from CDF, BaBar (3.9σ), Belle

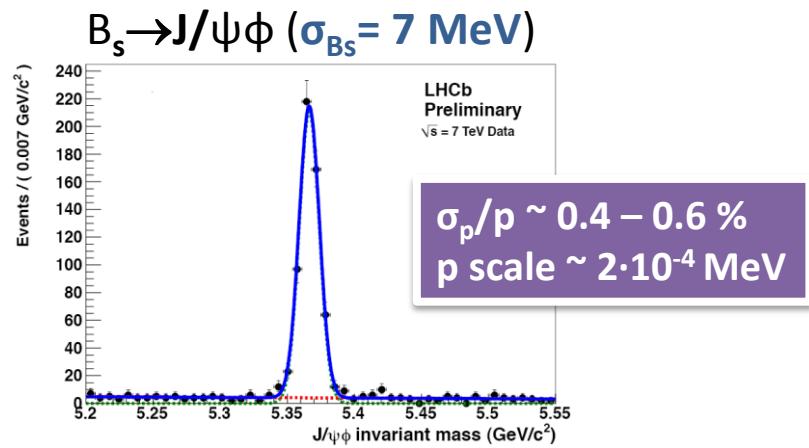
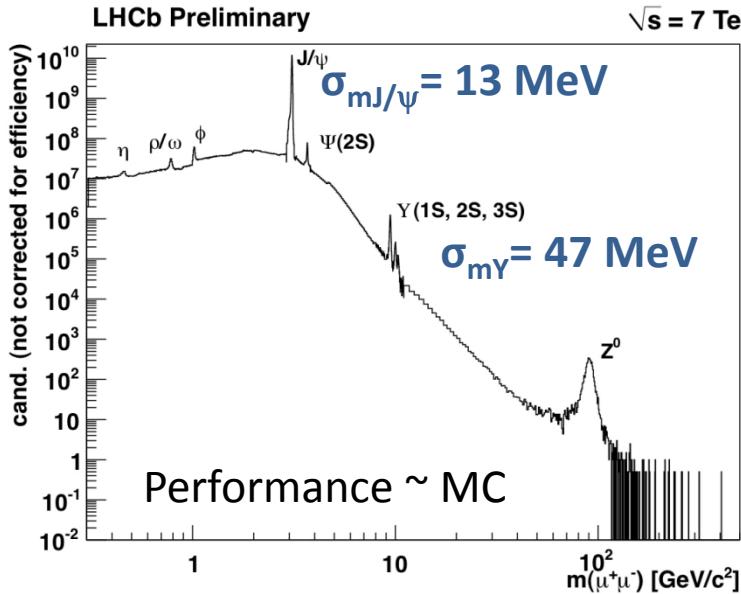
Conclusions

- Room for NP in many observables has been reduced
 - $\text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$
 - $B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-$
 - ...
- Proof of principle that LHCb can do challenging Physics in a hadronic environment
 - Radiative decays
 - LFV τ decays
 - Many-track decays
- Much more to come: 1fb^{-1} analyzed + 2 fb^{-1} on tape + 4 fb^{-1} by 2017 + 50 fb^{-1} by end of upgrade phase...

Back-up

Performance

- Mass resolution



Produced World-best b-hadron masses

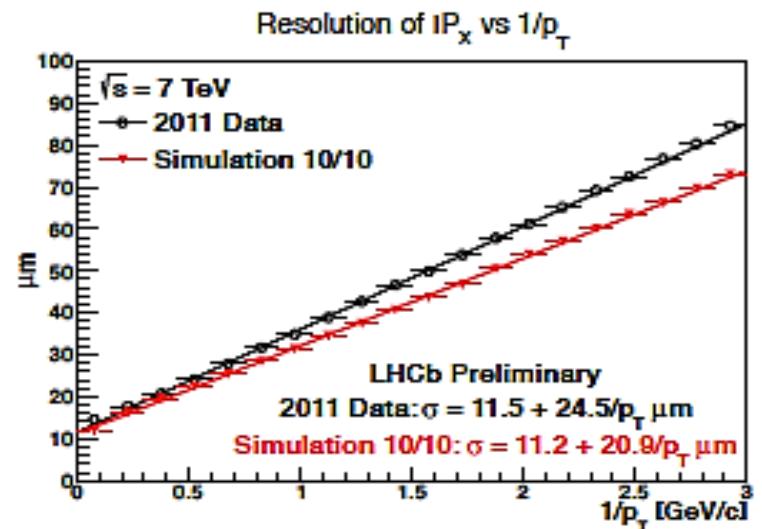


PLB 708 (2012) 241-248

Vertexing

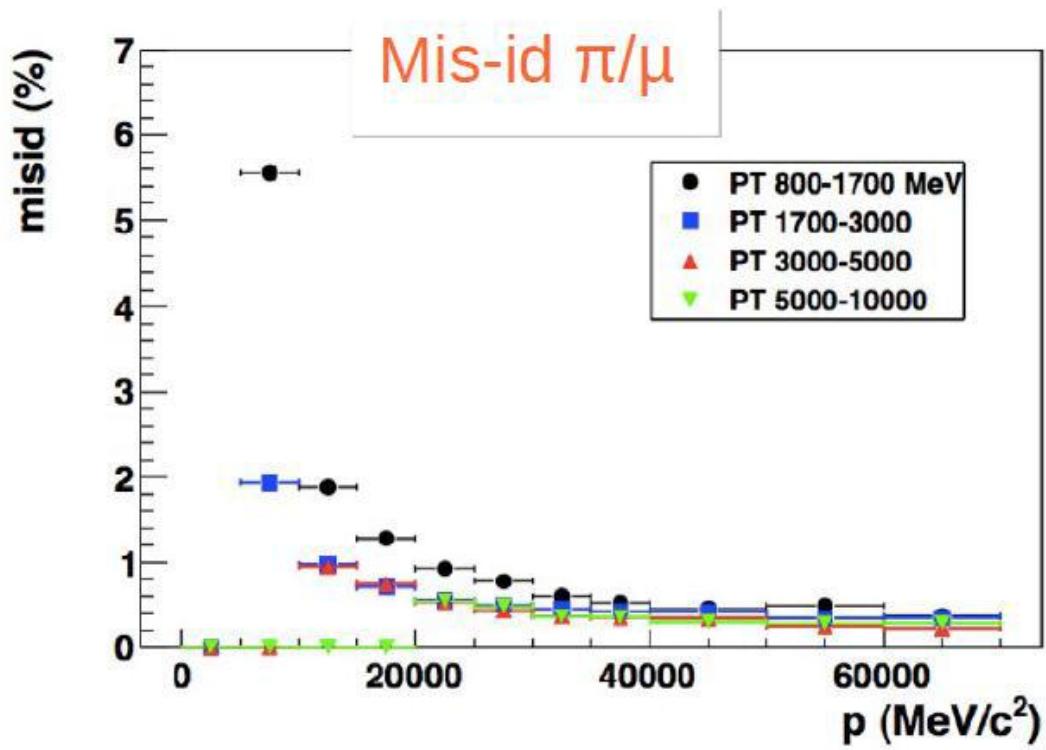
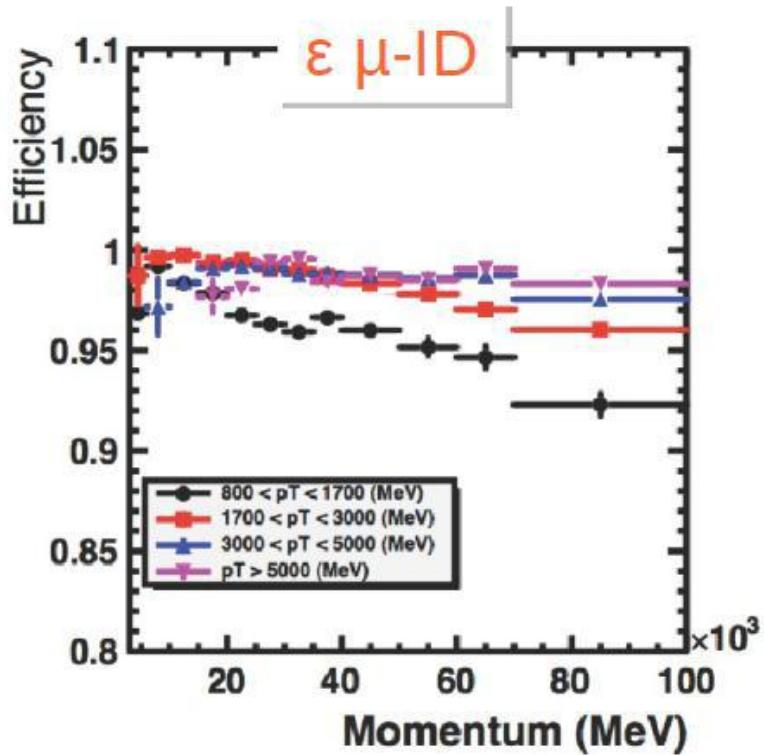


VELO:
@1cm
from
beam!



$\sigma_{\tau_B} \sim 50 \text{ fs}$
period $B_d(B_s) \sim 12500(350) \text{ fs}$

Muon ID



b fragmentation functions

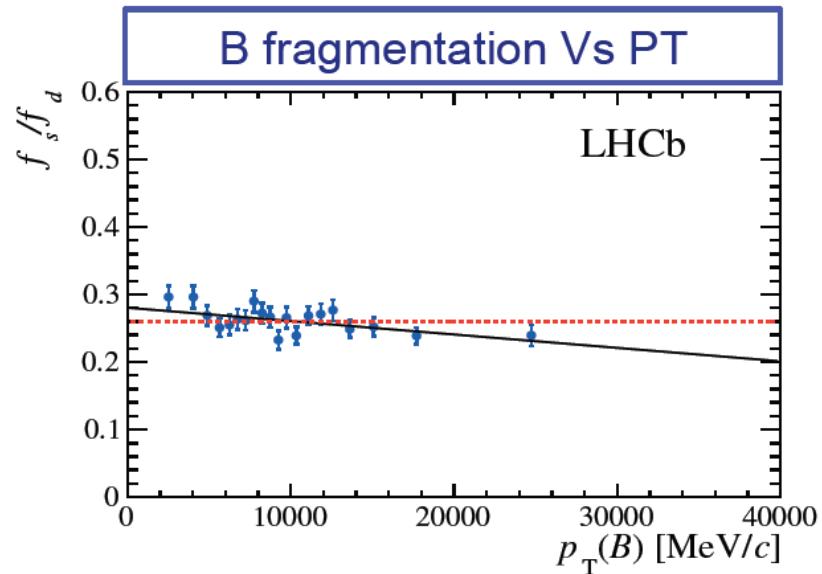
- LHCb has measured the fraction of $b \rightarrow B_s$ in two ways:
 - Ratio of $B_s \rightarrow D_s \mu X$ to $B \rightarrow D^+ \mu X$ [PRD85 (2012) 032008]
 - Ratio of $B_s \rightarrow D_s \pi^+$ to $B \rightarrow D^+ K$ and $B^0 \rightarrow D^+ \pi^+$ (newly updated:
 1fb^{-1} @ 7 TeV)

- Combined result

$$\frac{f_s}{f_d} = 0.256 \pm 0.020$$

[LHCb-Paper-2012-037]
to appear shortly

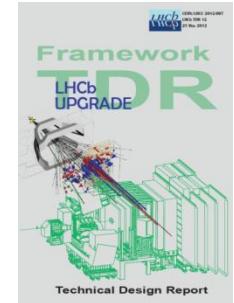
- Found to be dependent of p_T
 - For the p_T values involved:
effect smaller than 0.02
→ negligible
- Stability 7 vs 8 TeV checked
 - $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$ / $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ ratio stable



Upgrade

- LHCb: 5 fb^{-1} in coming 5 years. Upgrade: 50 fb^{-1}
- Aim: forward physics + match \sim theory precision in key observables:

Type	Observable	Current precision	LHCb 2018	Upgrade (50 fb^{-1})	Theory uncertainty
B_s^0 mixing	$2\beta_s (B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi)$	0.10 [9]	0.025	0.008	~ 0.003
	$2\beta_s (B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi f_0(980))$	0.17 [10]	0.045	0.014	~ 0.01
	$A_{fs}(B_s^0)$	6.4×10^{-3} [18]	0.6×10^{-3}	0.2×10^{-3}	0.03×10^{-3}
Gluonic penguin	$2\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi)$	—	0.17	0.03	0.02
	$2\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B_s^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\bar{K}^{*0})$	—	0.13	0.02	< 0.02
	$2\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B^0 \rightarrow \phi K_S^0)$	0.17 [18]	0.30	0.05	0.02
Right-handed currents	$2\beta_s^{\text{eff}}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\gamma)$	—	0.09	0.02	< 0.01
	$\tau^{\text{eff}}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\gamma)/\tau_{B_s^0}$	—	5 %	1 %	0.2 %
Electroweak penguin	$S_3(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\mu^+\mu^-; 1 < q^2 < 6 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4)$	0.08 [14]	0.025	0.008	0.02
	$s_0 A_{FB}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}\mu^+\mu^-)$	25 % [14]	6 %	2 %	7 %
	$A_I(K\mu^+\mu^-; 1 < q^2 < 6 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4)$	0.25 [15]	0.08	0.025	~ 0.02
	$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\mu^+\mu^-)/\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+\mu^+\mu^-)$	25 % [16]	8 %	2.5 %	$\sim 10\%$
Higgs penguin	$\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$	1.5×10^{-9} [2]	0.5×10^{-9}	0.15×10^{-9}	0.3×10^{-9}
	$\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)/\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$	—	$\sim 100\%$	$\sim 35\%$	$\sim 5\%$
Unitarity triangle angles	$\gamma (B \rightarrow D^{(*)}K^{(*)})$	$\sim 10\text{--}12^\circ$ [19, 20]	4°	0.9°	negligible
	$\gamma (B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s K)$	—	11°	2.0°	negligible
	$\beta (B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S^0)$	0.8° [18]	0.6°	0.2°	negligible
Charm CP violation	A_Γ	2.3×10^{-3} [18]	0.40×10^{-3}	0.07×10^{-3}	—
	ΔA_{CP}	2.1×10^{-3} [5]	0.65×10^{-3}	0.12×10^{-3}	—

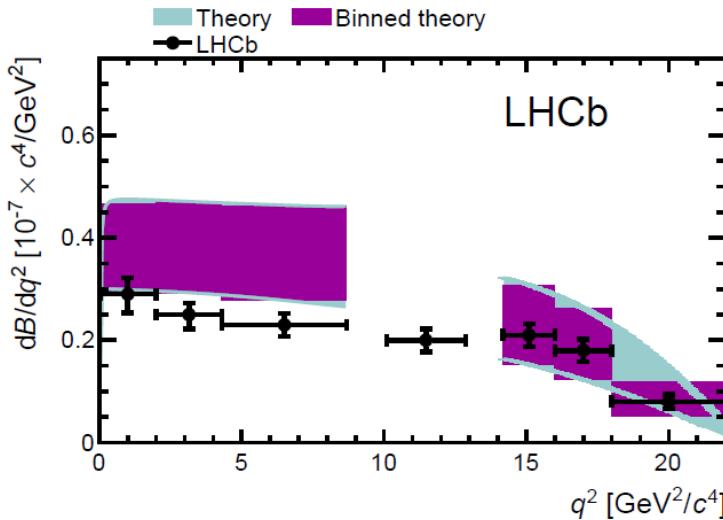


* Statistical sensitivities, assume measured (or SM) central values

- How:
 - CPU-trigger, upgrade all detectors for read-out @40 MHz
 - Increase inst. lumi. $\times 2.5$ to 10^{33} (25ns bunch spacing)
- Yield increase: $\times 10$ (20) in channels with (out) muons

$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$

- Normalization from $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ J/\psi \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$



LHCb-PAPER-2012-024,
submitted to JHEP

