

Recent results on Higgs to $\gamma\gamma$ at ATLAS

Maud Schwoerer (LAPP)

On behalf of

The ATLAS Collaboration

Les Rencontres de Physique de La Vallée d'Aoste
27/02/2013

4th July 2012

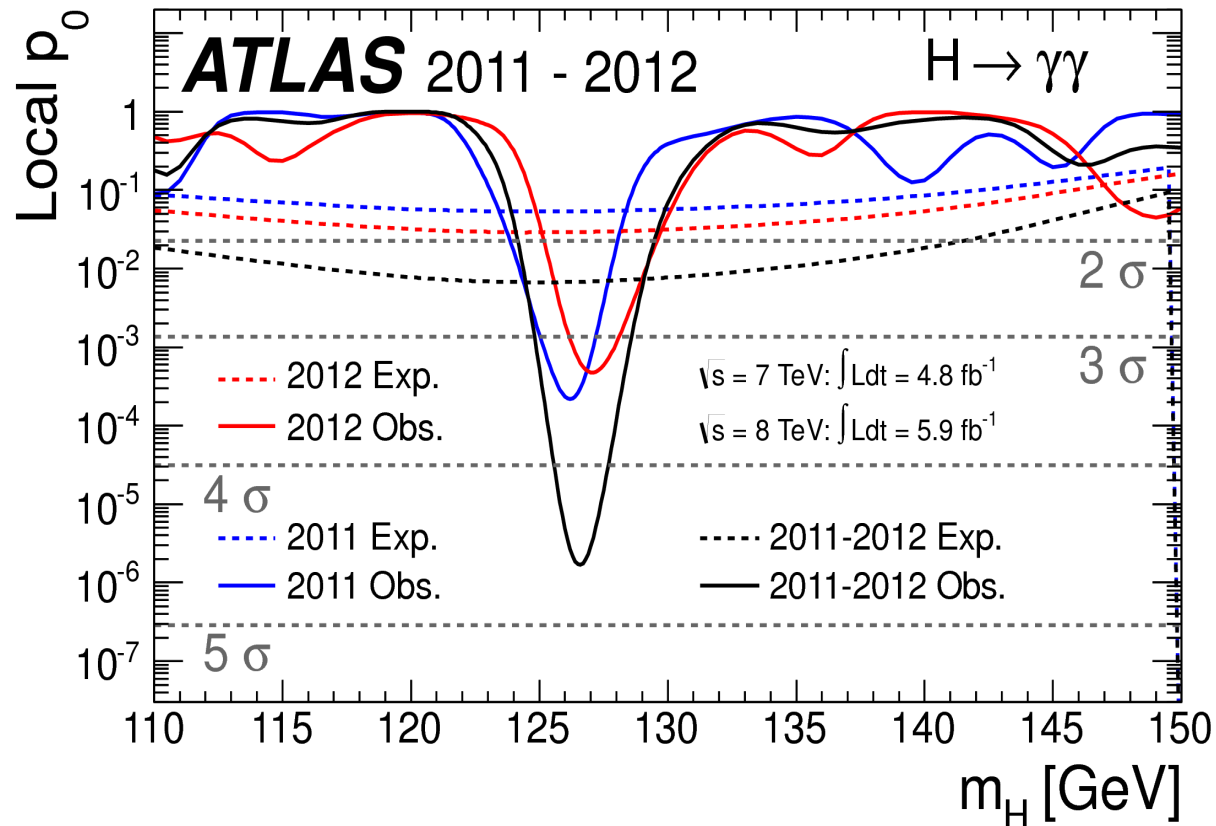
✗ Discovery of a new boson announced by ATLAS and CMS in the search for the SM Higgs boson.

✗ Observation of an excess in the $\gamma\gamma$ channel.

$$\mu = \frac{N^{\text{observed}}}{N^{\text{SM}}}$$

4.5 σ at $m_H = 126.5$ GeV

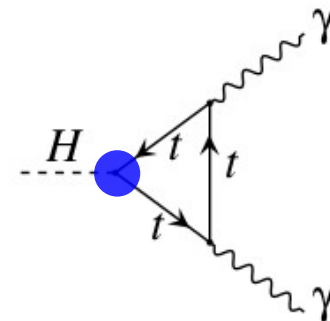
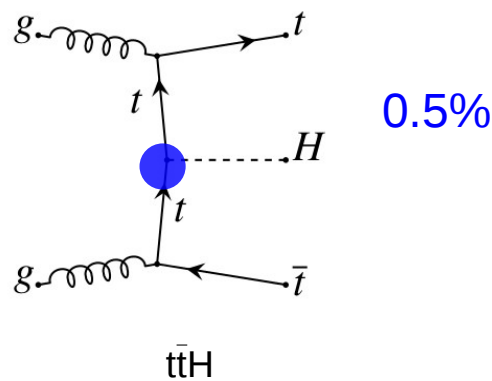
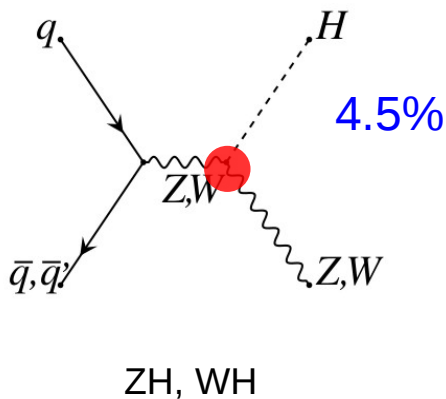
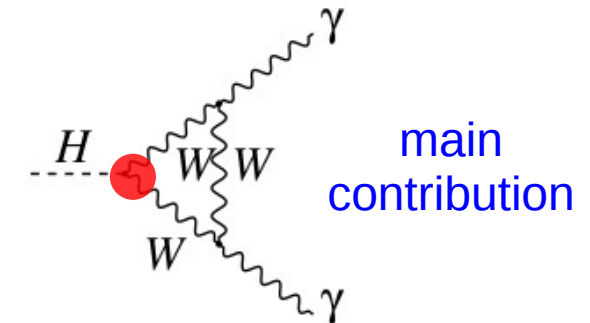
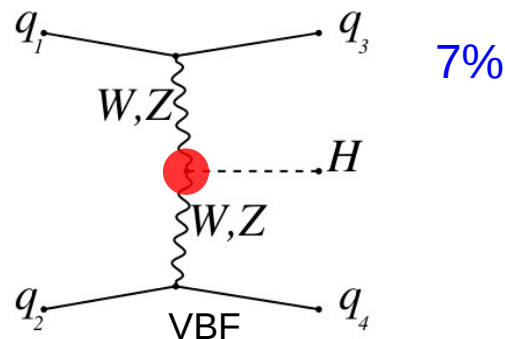
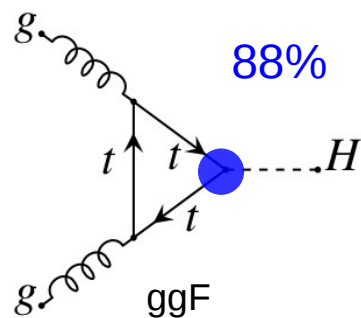
$\mu = 1.9 \pm 0.5$



Standard Model Higgs ?

× Higgs production:
~10 Higgs per minute at LHC

× Higgs decay in $\gamma\gamma$:
 $2^0/_{00}$

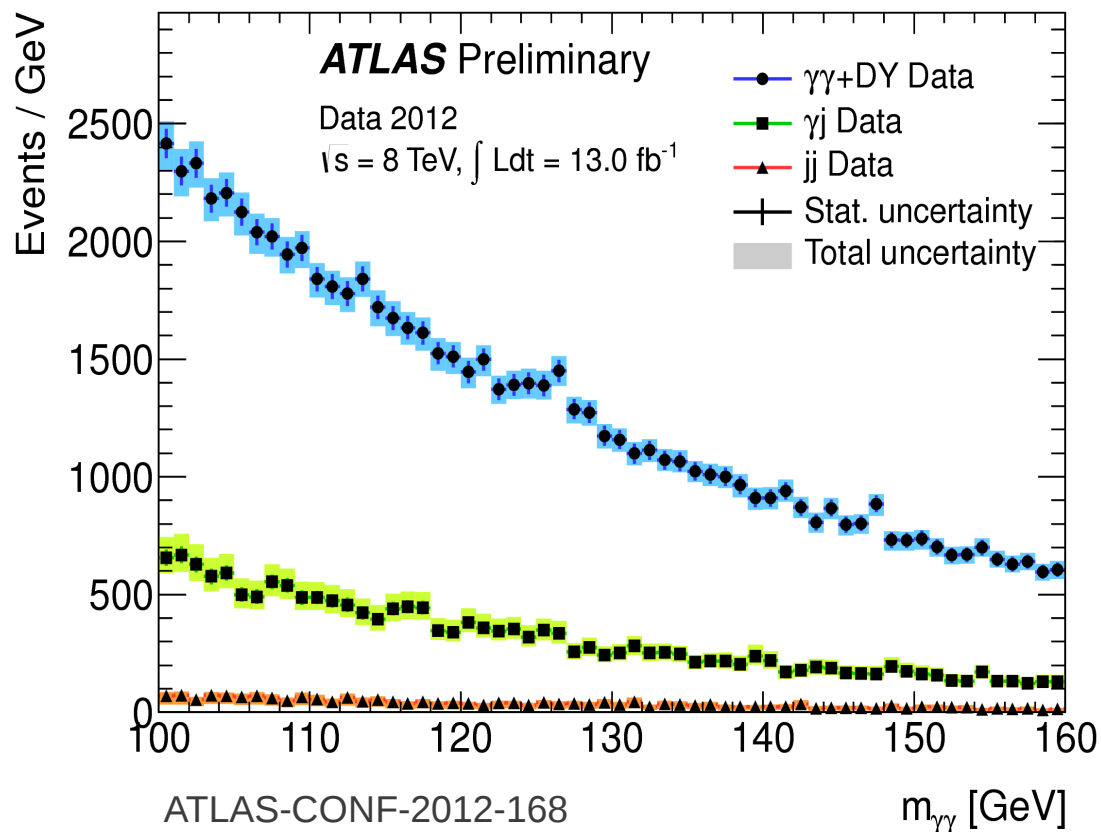


● : fermions
● : vector bosons

× Couplings, spin, mass ?

Event selection

× Two high p_T isolated photons + requirements on EM shower shape variables (photon's identification) → rejection of the reducible background *jet-jet* and γ -*jet* (cross-sections 10^7 - 10^4 larger than $\Upsilon\Upsilon$).



Rejection factor $\sim 10^4$
Photon ID efficiency $\sim 90\%$
(for $E_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$)

→ High $\Upsilon\Upsilon$ purity 75%

Data driven background
decomposition

→ No excess observed in the
reducible background

Event categorisation (1)

Diphoton selection

× Different S/B ratio + Different mass resolution per category → increase the overall sensitivity.

4th July 2012

expected p_0 without categorization : $\sim 1.8\sigma$

expected p_0 with categorization : $\sim 2.4\sigma$

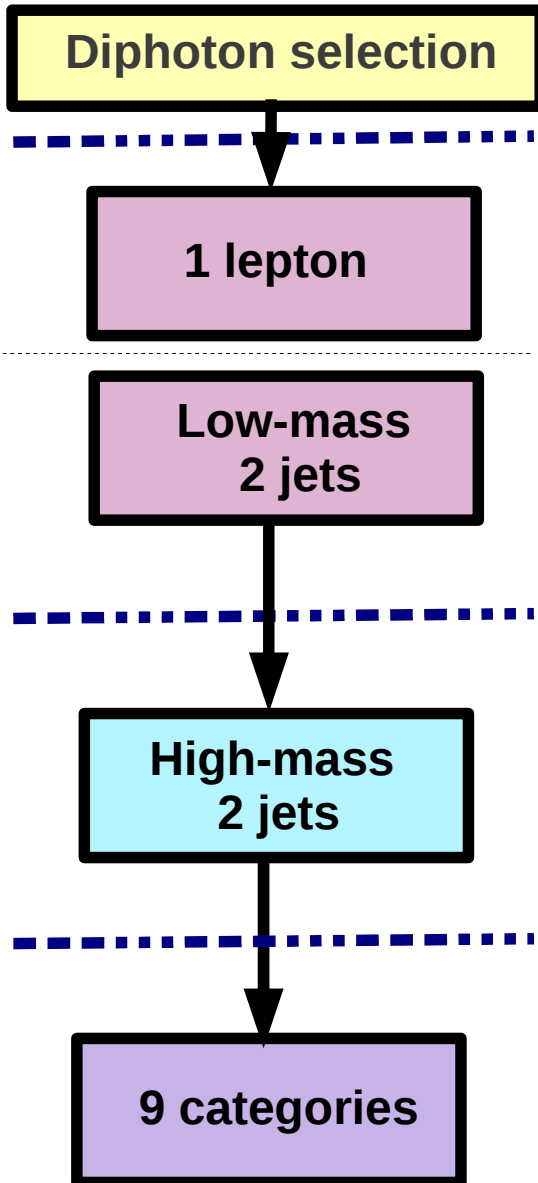
High-mass
2 jets



9 categories

η, p_{\perp} conversion
categories

Event categorisation (2)



× Categories enriched in VH/VBF → decrease error on signal strength per production mode

VH categories

$WH \rightarrow l\nu\gamma\gamma$ and $Z \rightarrow ll\gamma\gamma$

Hadronic decay of Z or W

$$60 < m_{jj} < 110 \text{ GeV}$$

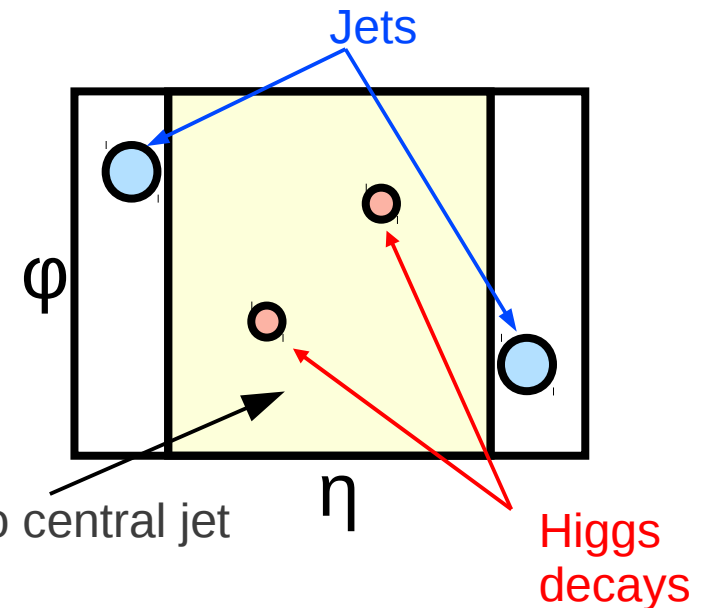
VBF categories

$$m_{jj} > 400 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\Delta\eta_{jj}| > 2.8$$

$$|\Delta\phi_{\nu jj}| > 2.6$$

$\eta, p, \text{conversion}$
categories

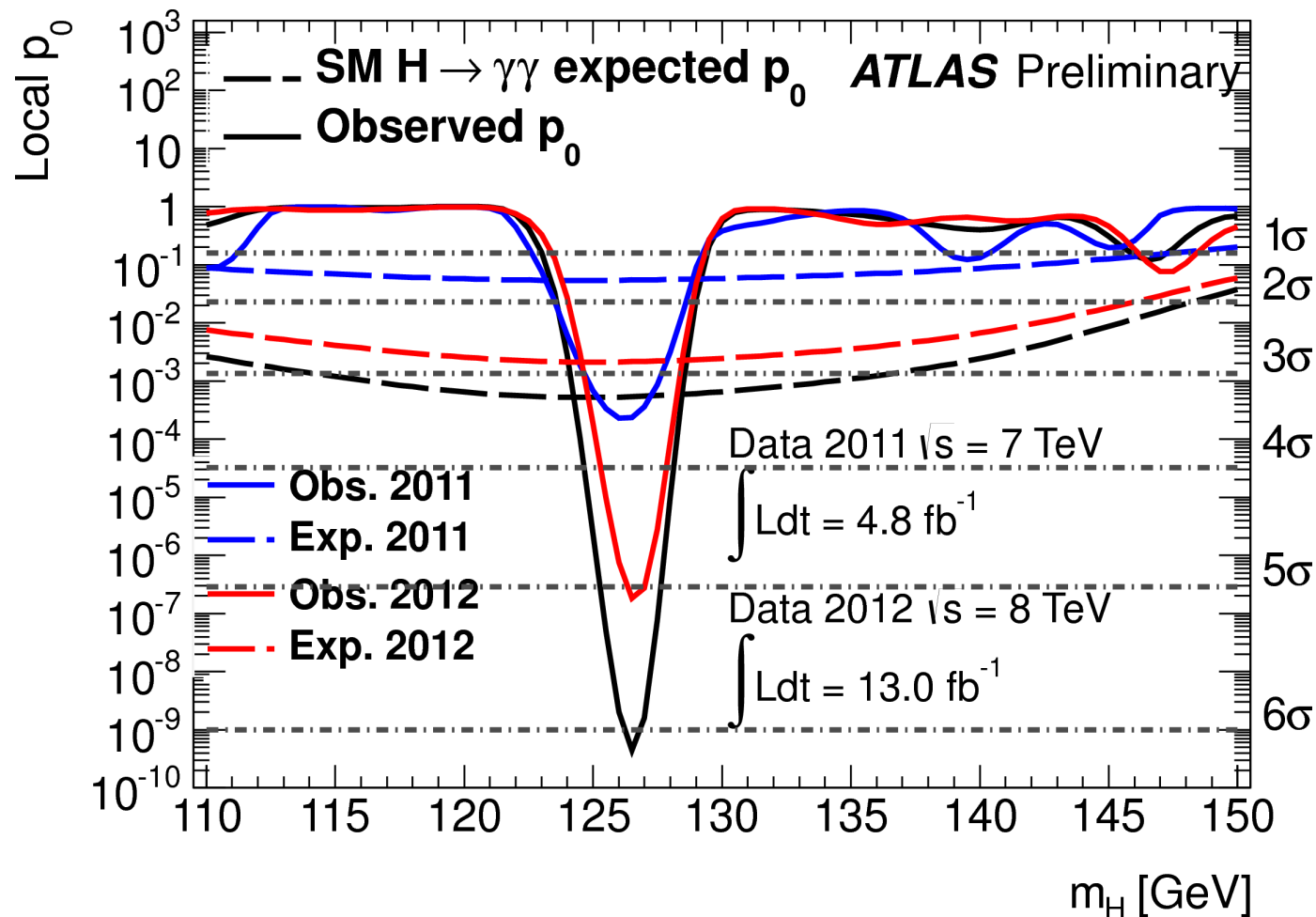


Discovery in the $\gamma\gamma$ channel alone

✗ Last ATLAS update with 4.8fb^{-1} of data at 7TeV and 13fb^{-1} at 8TeV

6.1σ at $m_H = 126.5 \text{ GeV}$

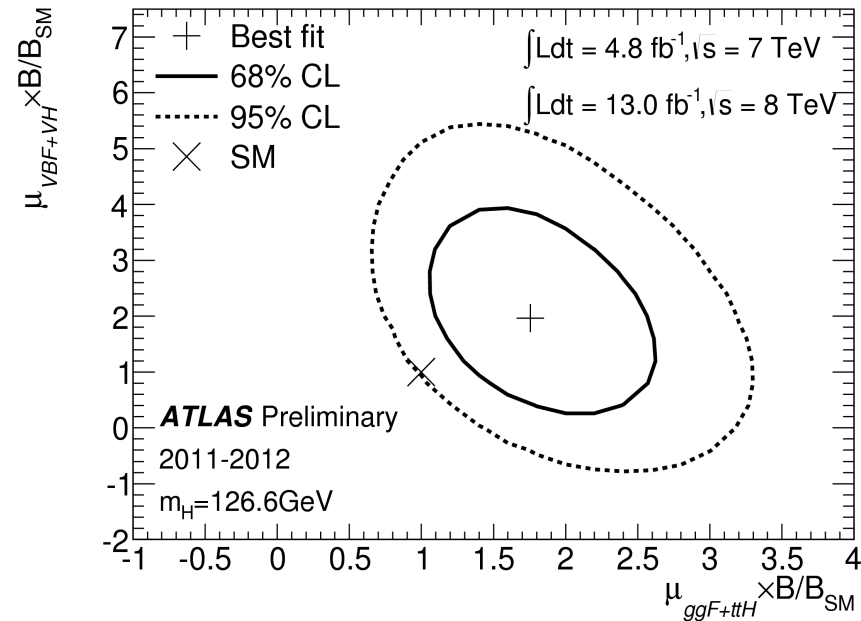
$\mu = 1.80^{+0.42}_{-0.36}$



Signal strength per production mode

× Signal strength

$$\mu_i = \frac{N_i^{\text{observed}}}{N_i^{\text{SM}}}$$



- × Main experimental systematic: 5.3% photon efficiency.
 Theo. error includes QCD scale + PDF + Higgs BR.

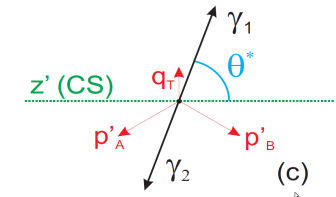
	Value	Stat. error	Syst. error	Theo. error
$\mu_{ggF+ttH} \times B/B_{SM}$	1.8	±0.4	±0.2	±0.2
$\mu_{VBF} \times B/B_{SM}$	2.0	±1.2	±0.6	±0.3
$\mu_{VH} \times B/B_{SM}$	1.9	±2.5	±0.6	±0.4

Spin

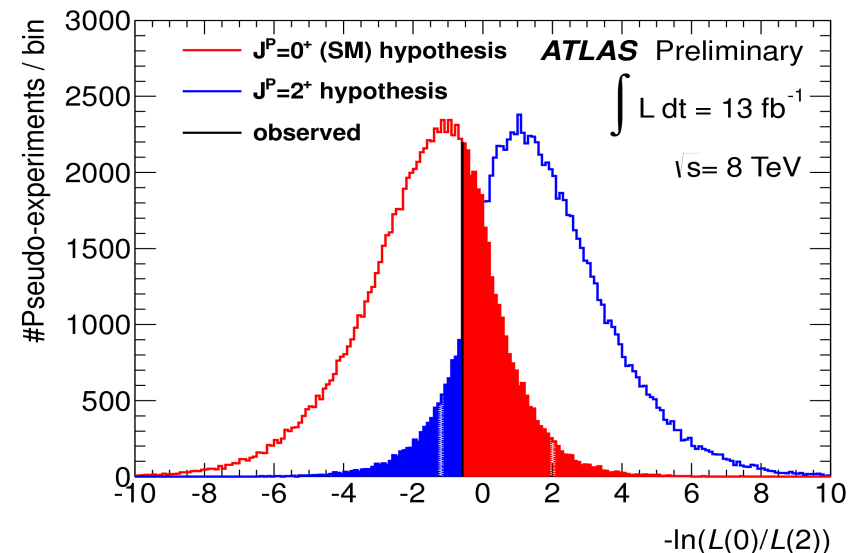
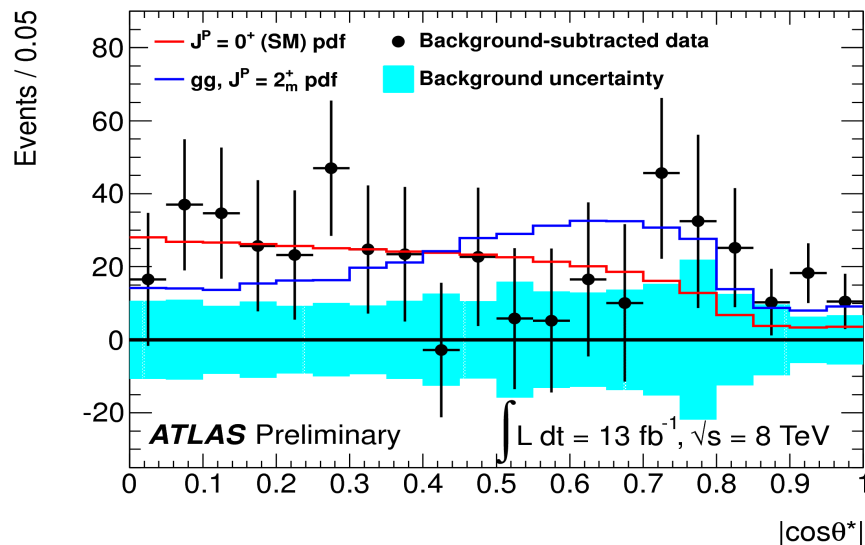
✗ Spin 1 is strongly disfavored due to the observation of the $\gamma\gamma$ decay (Landau-Yang theorem).

✗ Considered models : 0^+ SM Higgs and the graviton-like spin-2 state with minimal coupling 2_m^+

✗ Study based on the single discriminating variable $|\cos\theta^*|$



Expected sensitivity : 1.8σ between spin 0^+ and 2_m^+



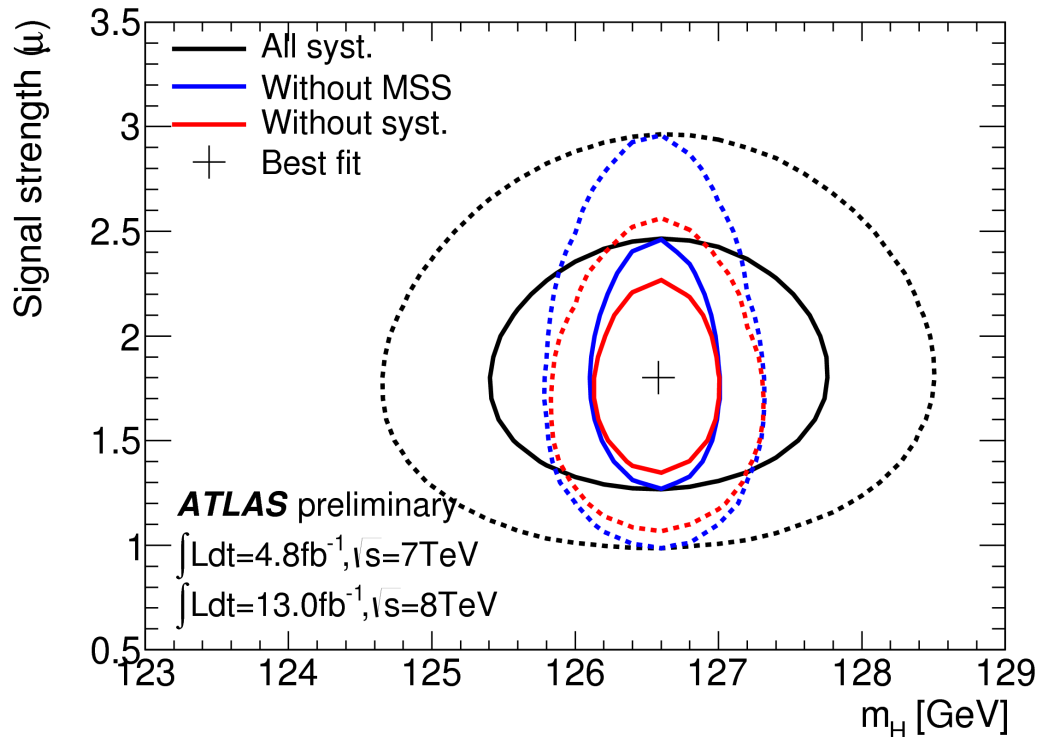
Observed p_0 value for: 0^+ hypothesis 29% (0.55σ)

2_m^+ hypothesis 8.4% (1.4σ)

0^+ SM Higgs boson hypothesis favoured

Mass

× Best fit value of m_H



× 3 main uncertainties:

- . Extrapolation from $Z \rightarrow ee$ energy scale
- . Material modelling
- . Presampler energy scale
→ 0.45% (550 MeV)

+ fraction of converted photons + signal resolution + background modelling choice
+... Each < 0.2%

No correlation between mass and μ measurement

$$m_H = 126.6 \pm 0.3(\text{stat}) \pm 0.7(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$

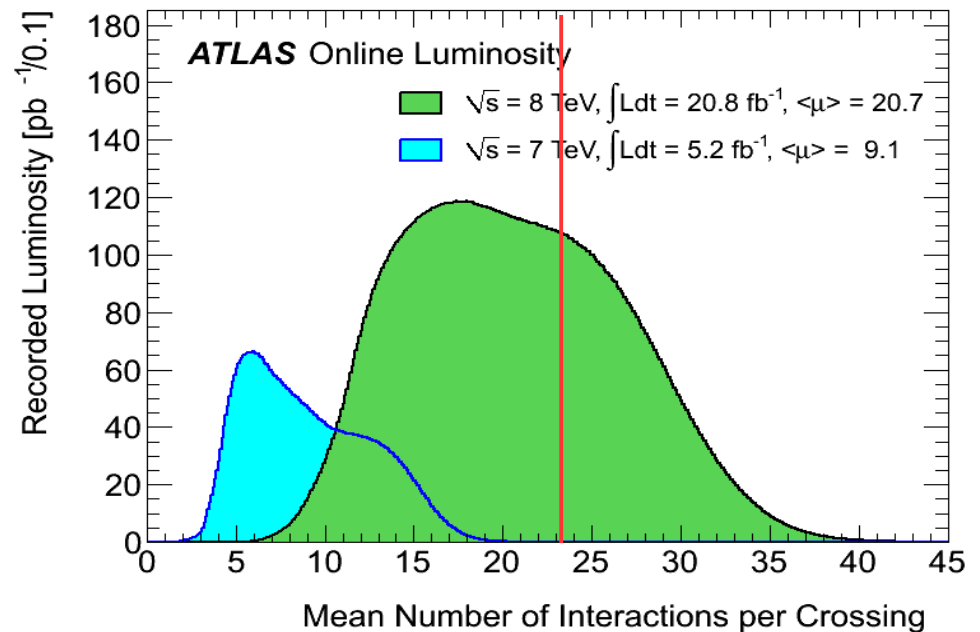
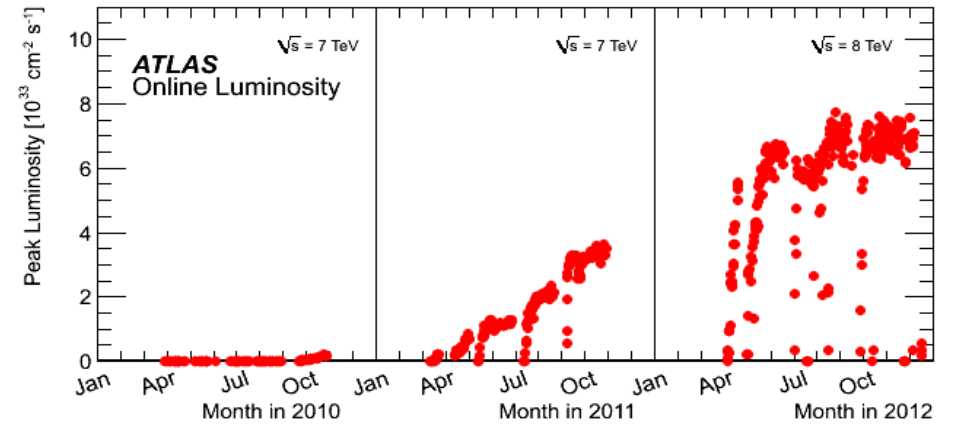
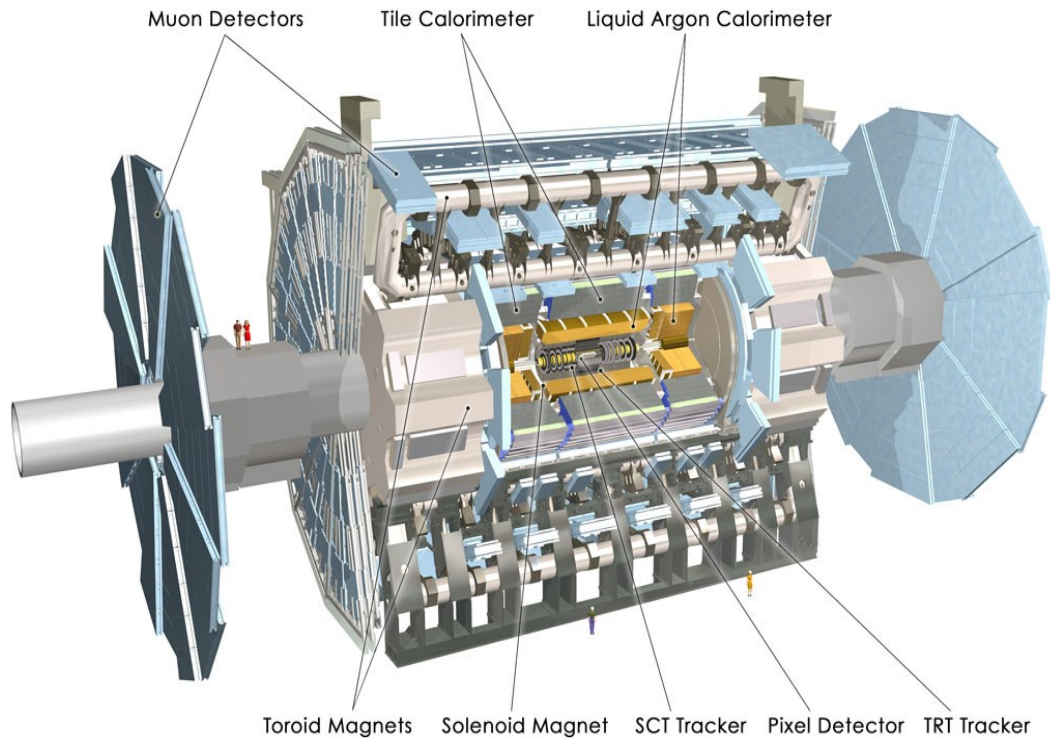
Conclusion

- × **6.1 σ** → discovery in $\gamma\gamma$ channel (expected : 3.3 σ)
- × **$\mu = 1.80 + 0.42 - 0.36$** at **$m_H = 126.6 \pm 0.3(\text{stat}) \pm 0.7(\text{syst})$ GeV**
→ 2.4 σ from the Standard Model
- × Favour **0+** state
- × Next update: 21 fb⁻¹ (+ analysis improvements 😊)

	Total	ggH	VBF	VH	ttH
Number of expected event for 21 fb ⁻¹	400	352	28	18	2

Back-up

The ATLAS experiment



✗ Peak luminosity in 2012 :
 $7.7 \cdot 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ at 8 TeV

Large pile-up, above experiment design value → challenge!

4th July 2012

× Observation of an excess in the search for the SM Higgs boson in the $\gamma\gamma$ channel.

ATLAS

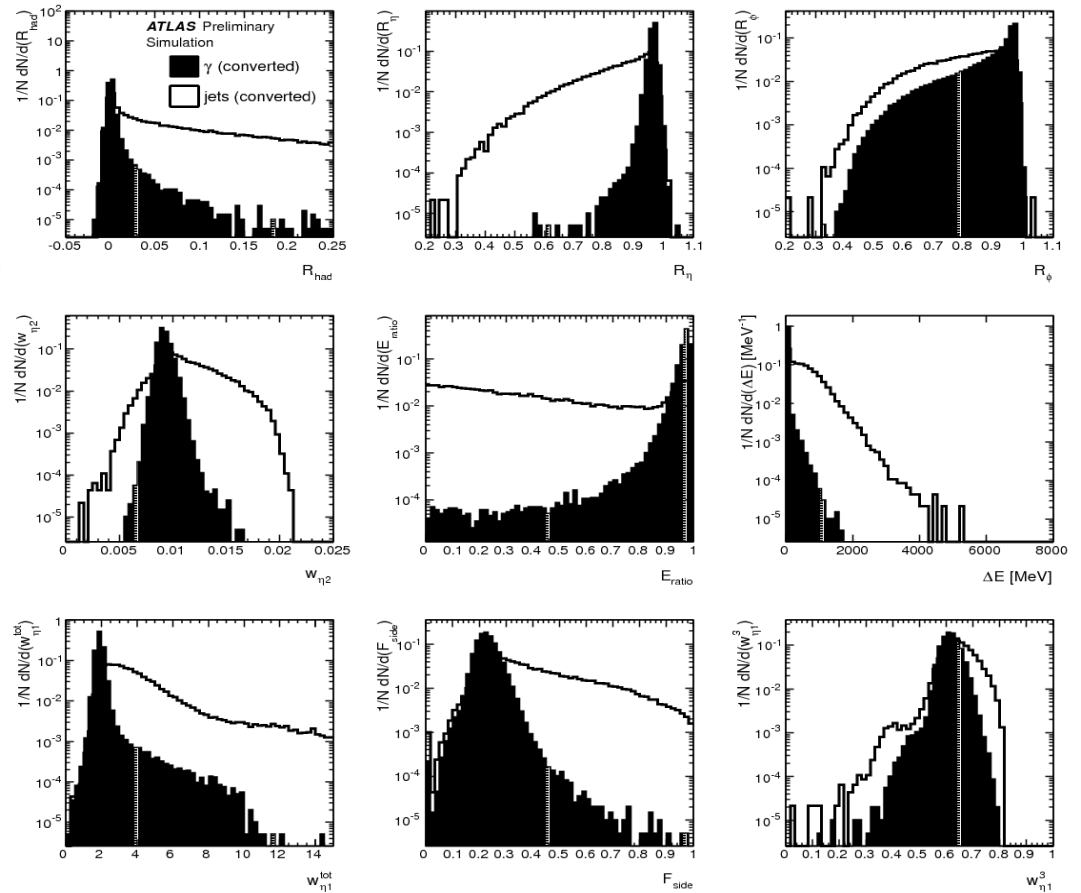
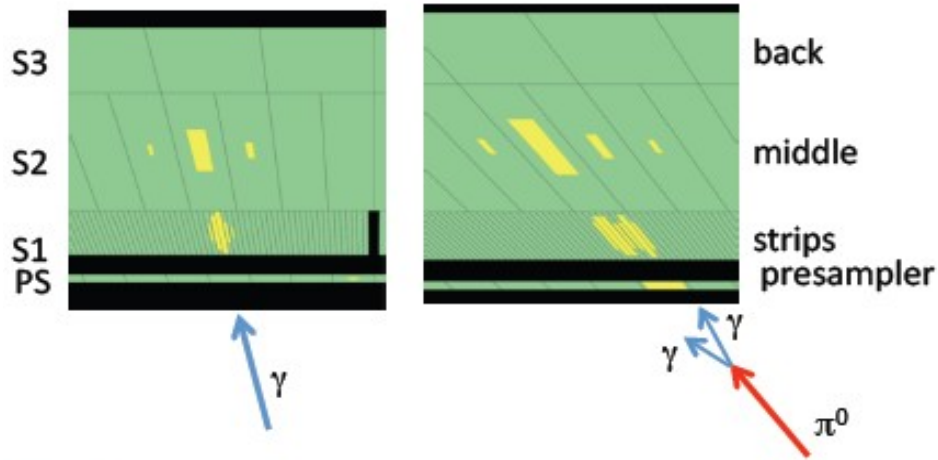
4.5 σ at $m_H=126.5$ GeV
 $\mu=1.9\pm 0.5$

CMS

4.1 σ at $m_H=125$ GeV
 $\mu=1.56\pm 0.43$

Photon's identification

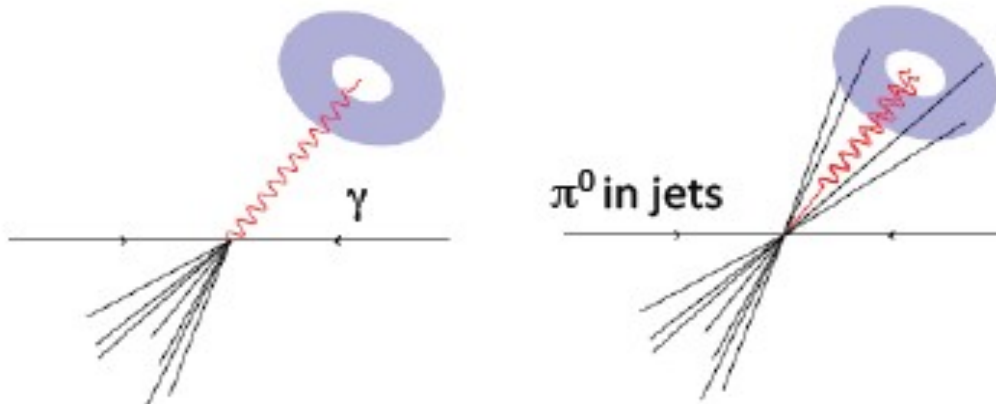
× 9 variables to characterize the EM shower shape



$$E_{ratio} = \frac{E_{max1} - E_{max2}}{E_{max1} + E_{max2}}$$

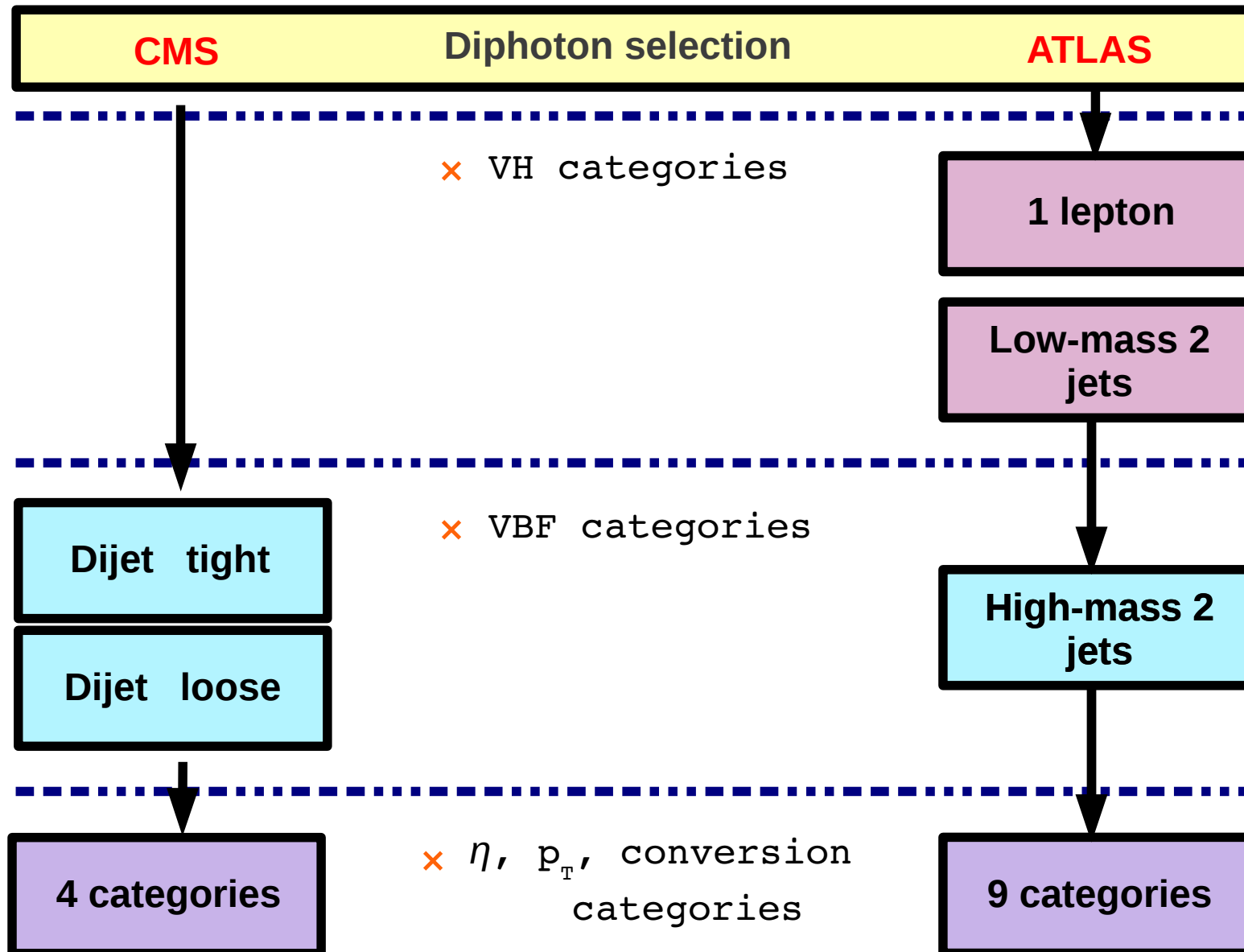
Photon's isolation

- × **Tracker isolation:** p_T sum of all tracks with $p_T > 1$ GeV in a cone of $\Delta R < 0.2$ around each photon. Required to be below 2.6 GeV
- × **Calorimeter isolation:** transverse energy sum (of topological cluster) deposited in the calorimeter around the photon in a cone of $\Delta R = 0.4$. Required to be below 6 GeV



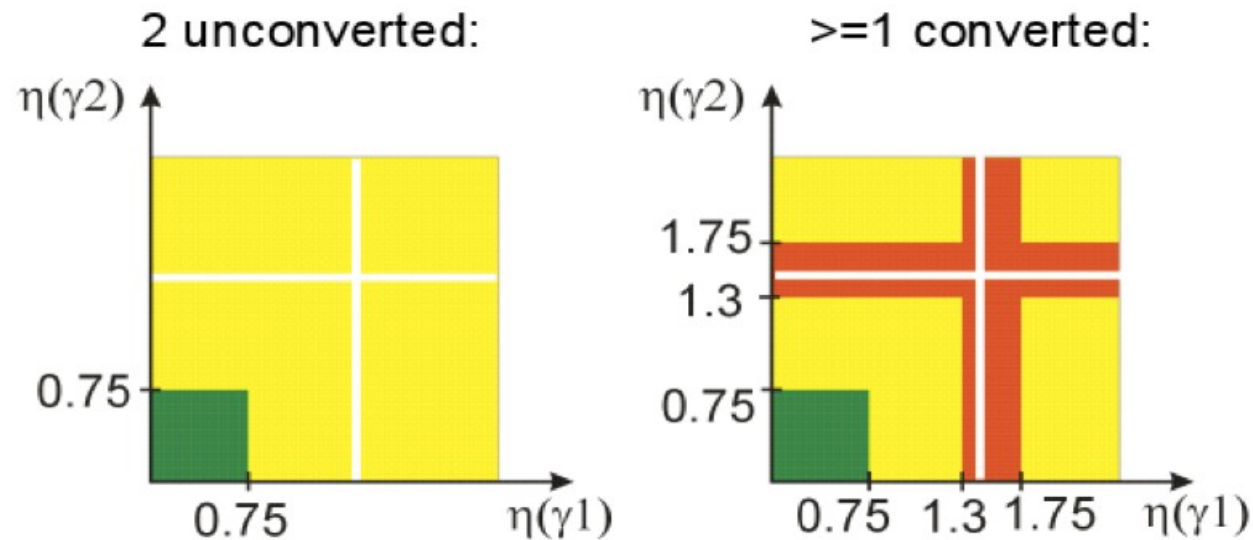
“Tight” selection +
isolation requirement \rightarrow
rejection factor ~ 10000

Event categorisation CMS/ATLAS



Categories

× η , p_{Tt} and conversion categories



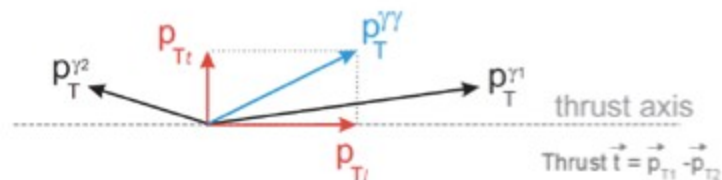
Resolution:

Good

Medium

Poor

Central and Rest divided
into $p_{Tt} < 60$ GeV
and $p_{Tt} > 60$ GeV



Purity per category

× Number of events in the data and expected number of signal events for $m_H=126.5$ GeV, for each category in the mass range 100–160 GeV

\sqrt{s}	8 TeV							
	Category	N_D	N_S	$gg \rightarrow H$ [%]	VBF [%]	WH [%]	ZH [%]	ttH [%]
	Unconv. central, low p_{Tt}	6797	32	93	4.2	1.4	0.9	0.2
	Unconv. central, high p_{Tt}	319	4.7	76	15.2	3.9	2.9	1.7
	Unconv. rest, low p_{Tt}	26802	69	93	4.2	1.7	1.1	0.2
	Unconv. rest, high p_{Tt}	1538	9.7	76	15.1	4.5	3.3	1.2
	Conv. central, low p_{Tt}	4480	21	93	4.2	1.4	0.9	0.2
	Conv. central, high p_{Tt}	199	3.1	77	14.5	4.1	2.8	1.7
	Conv. rest, low p_{Tt}	24107	60	93	4.1	1.7	1.1	0.2
	Conv. rest, high p_{Tt}	1324	8.3	75	15.1	4.9	3.4	1.3
	Conv. transition	10891	28	90	5.6	2.3	1.5	0.3
	High Mass two-jet	345	7.6	31	68.2	0.3	0.2	0.1
	Low Mass two-jet	477	4.7	60	5.1	20.7	12.1	1.6
	One-lepton	151	2.0	3.2	0.4	62.5	15.8	18.0
	All categories (inclusive)	77430	249	88	7.4	2.8	1.6	0.5

Resolutions and S/B ratio per category

✗ Signal, mass resolutions and number of events in the data and expected number of signal events in a mass window around $m_H=126.5$ GeV containing 90% of the expected signal.

\sqrt{s}	8 TeV					
Category	$\sigma_{CB}(GeV)$	FWHM (GeV)	Observed	N_S	N_B	N_S/N_B
Unconv. central, low p_{Tt}	1.47	3.45	569	29	538	0.053
Unconv. central, high p_{Tt}	1.37	3.22	25	4.2	25	0.168
Unconv. rest, low p_{Tt}	1.59	3.75	2773	61	2610	0.023
Unconv. rest, high p_{Tt}	1.52	3.59	148	8.7	138	0.063
Conv. central, low p_{Tt}	1.64	3.86	446	18	417	0.044
Conv. central, high p_{Tt}	1.49	3.51	18	2.8	17	0.163
Conv. rest, low p_{Tt}	1.83	4.32	2898	54	2763	0.019
Conv. rest, high p_{Tt}	1.7	4.00	144	7.4	138	0.053
Conv. transition	2.35	5.57	1872	25	1825	0.014
High Mass two-jet	1.55	3.65	47	6.8	33	0.204
Low Mass two-jet	1.46	3.45	62	4.2	45	0.093
One-lepton	1.63	3.85	18	1.7	16	0.108
Inclusive	1.64	3.87	8802	223	8284	0.027

Systematics

× Systematic uncertainties impact on the signal yield for the analysis of the 8 TeV data.

Systematic uncertainties	Value(%)			Constraint
Luminosity	±3.6			
Trigger	±0.5			
Photon ID	±5.3			Log-normal
Isolation	±1.0			
Photon Energy Scale	±0.4			
Branching ratio	±5.9% – ±2.1% ($m_H = 110 - 150$ GeV)			Asymmetric Log-normal
Scale	ggH: $\begin{matrix} +7.2 \\ -7.8 \end{matrix}$ ZH: $\begin{matrix} +1.6 \\ -1.5 \end{matrix}$	VBF: $\begin{matrix} +0.2 \\ -0.2 \end{matrix}$ ttH: $\begin{matrix} +3.8 \\ -9.3 \end{matrix}$	WH: $\begin{matrix} +0.2 \\ -0.6 \end{matrix}$	Asymmetric Log-normal
Pdf+ α_s	ggH: $\begin{matrix} +7.5 \\ -6.9 \end{matrix}$ WH: ±3.5	VBF: $\begin{matrix} +2.6 \\ -2.7 \end{matrix}$ ZH: ±3.6	ttH: ±7.8	Asymmetric Log-normal
Theory cross section on ggF	High Mass two-jet: 25	Low Mass two-jet: 30		Log-normal

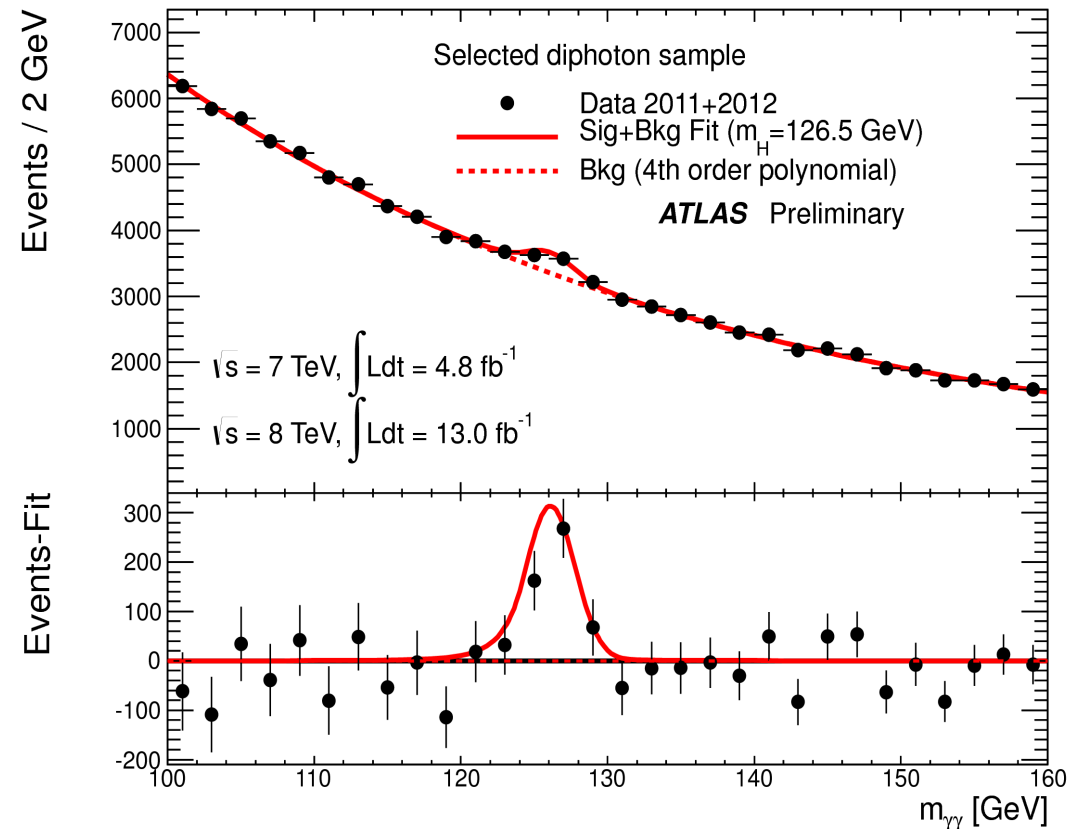
Statistical procedure

× Signal and Background modelling

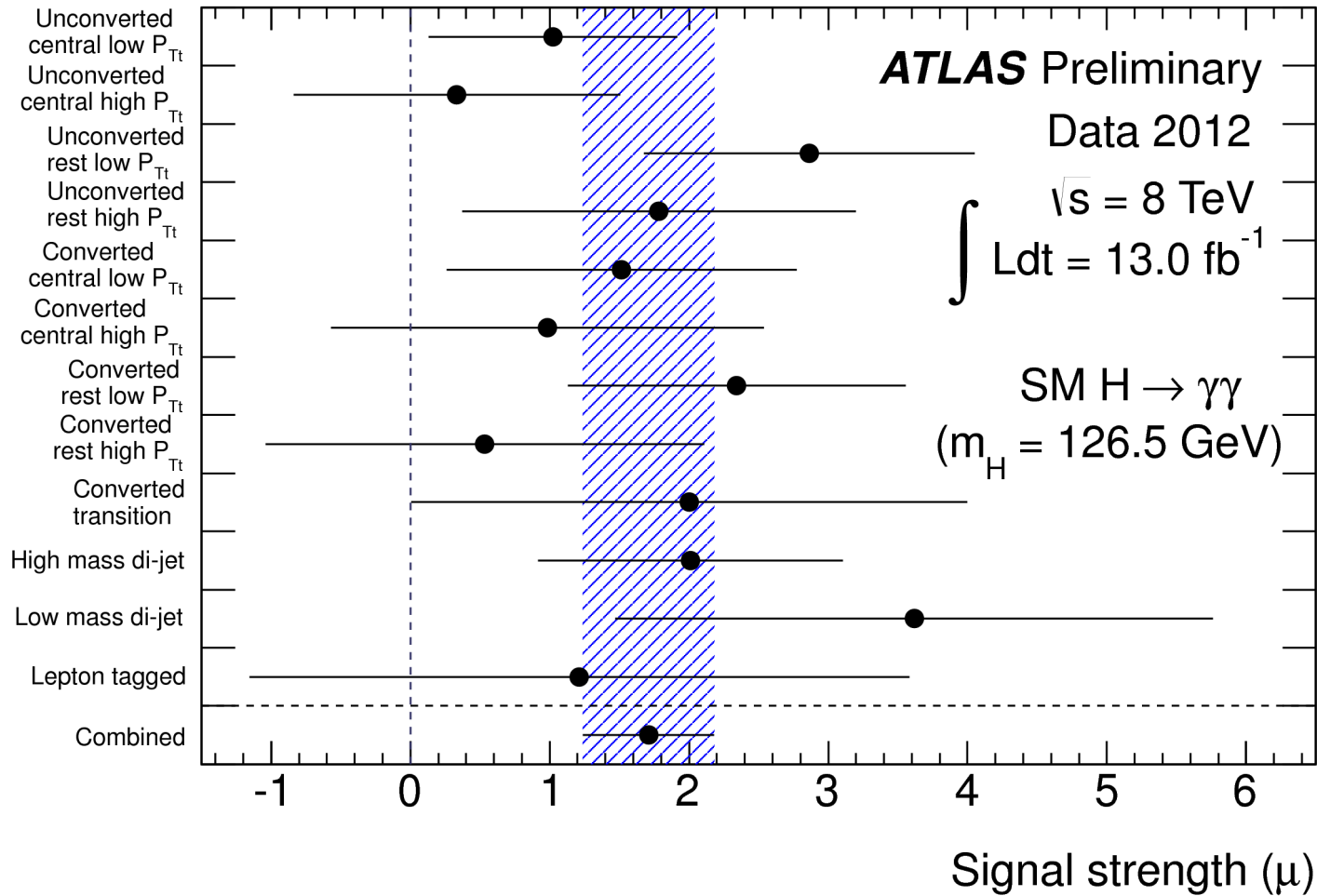
- Signal = Crystal Ball + Gaussian (MC samples)

- Background = Exponential or Bernstein 4 (depends on the category)

- × μ = the parameter of interest.
Profile likelihood ratio used to test different values.

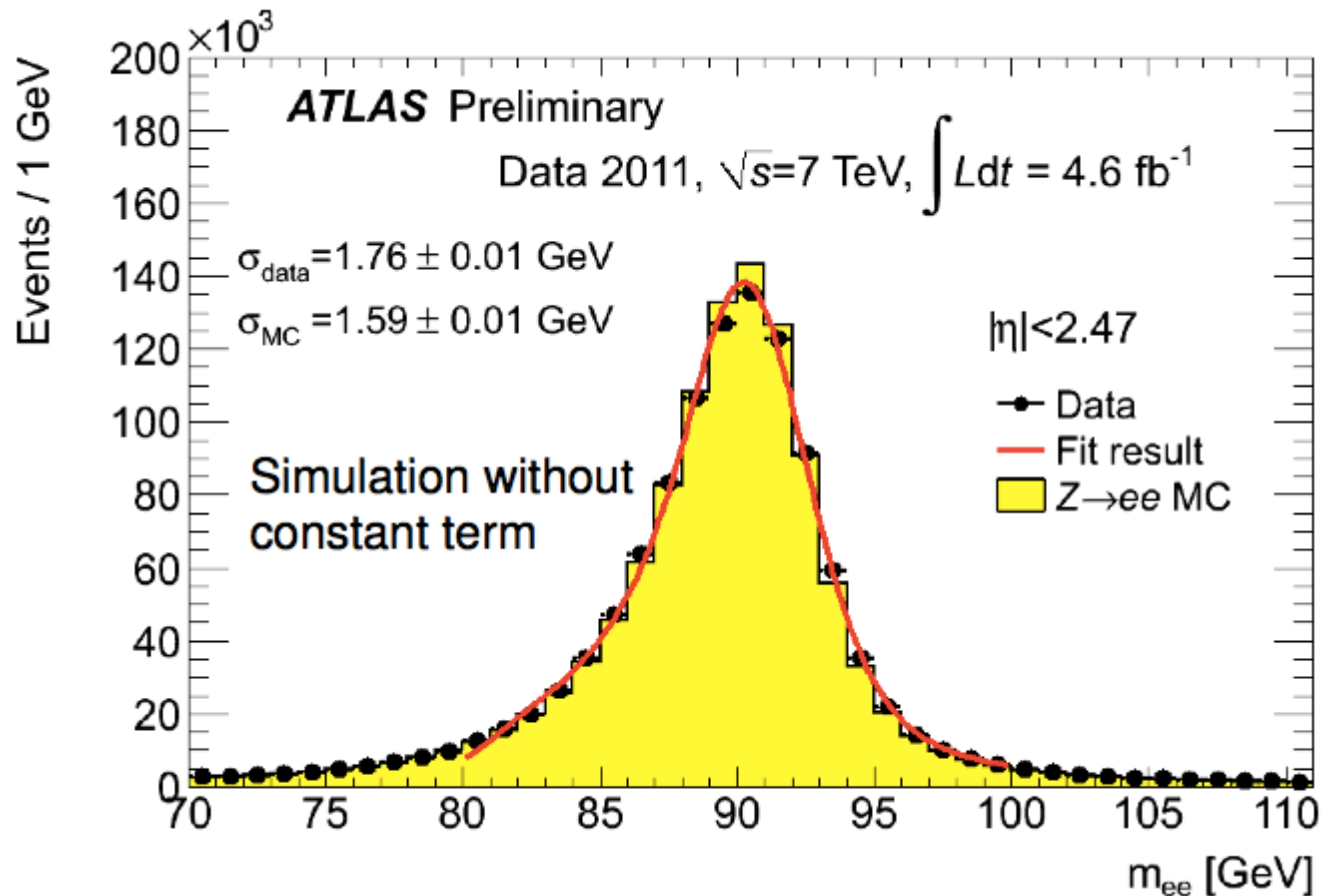


Signal strength per category



Photon energy calibration

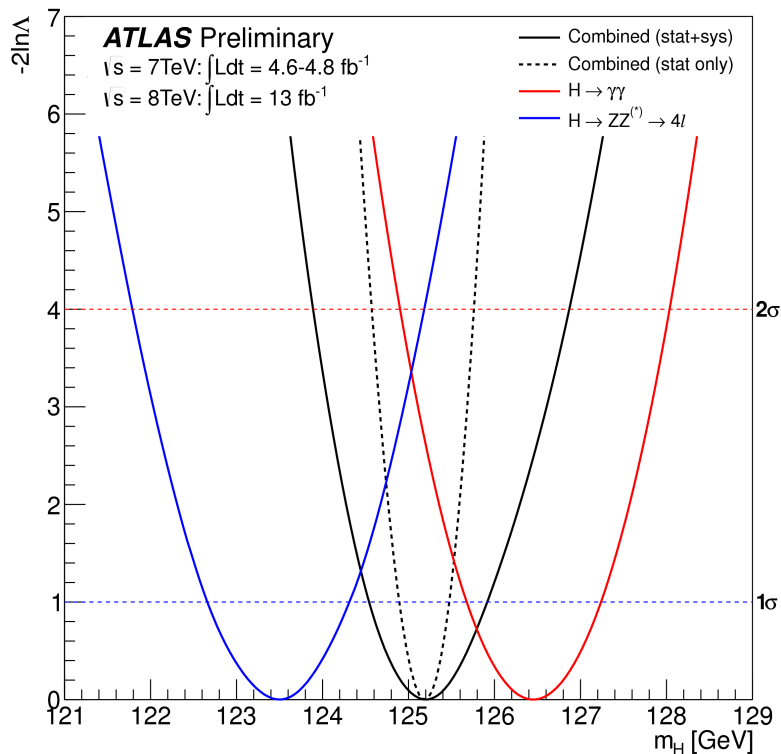
- × MC based calibration + additional corrections (material mis-modelling, calorimeter non-uniformity) from $Z \rightarrow ee$ in data.
- × Independent calibration for converted and unconverted photons.
- × Energy scale at m_z known to 0.3%, uniformity (constant term) 1% in barrel, 1.2 to 2.1% in endcap.



Mass measurement

× Mass in $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and $H \rightarrow 4l$

- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: $m_H = 126.6 \pm 0.3(\text{stat}) \pm 0.7(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$
- $H \rightarrow 4l$: $m_H = 123.5 \pm 0.8(\text{stat}) \pm 0.3(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$
- combination : $m_H = 125.2 \pm 0.3(\text{stat}) \pm 0.6(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$

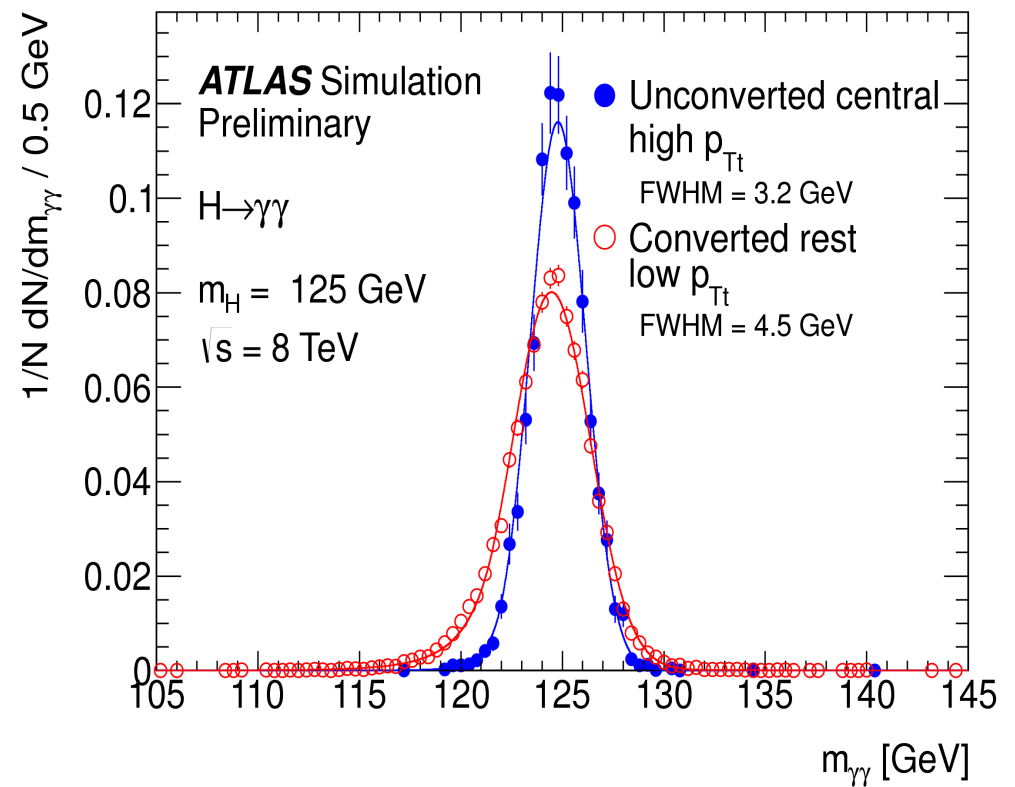
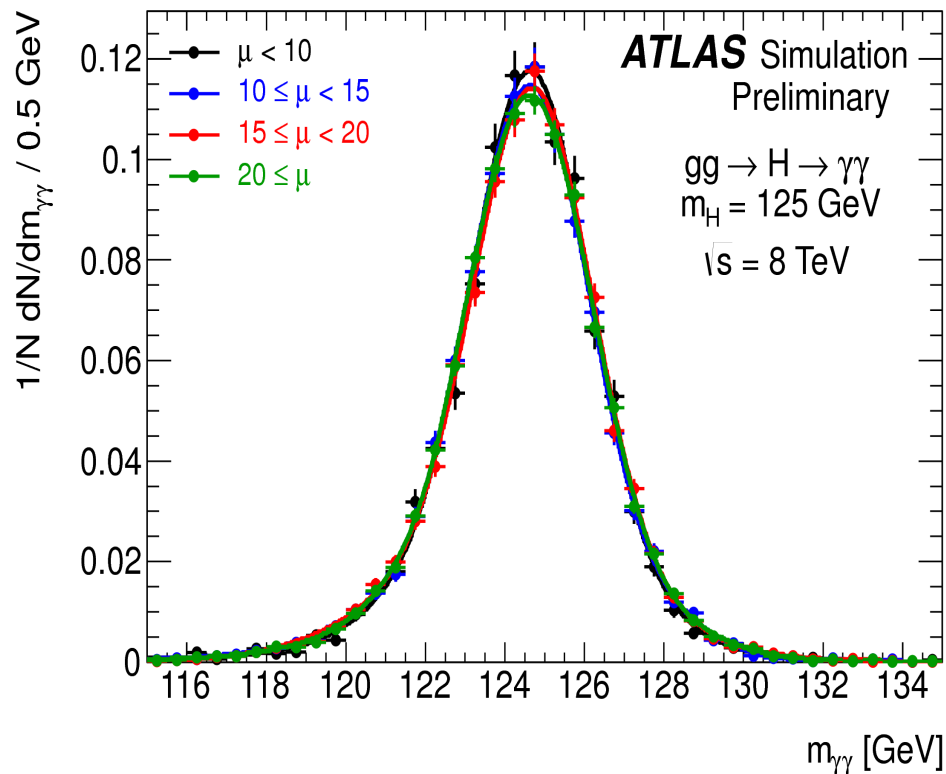


Difference:
 $3.0 \pm 0.8(\text{stat})^{+0.7}_{-0.6}(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$
 $\rightarrow 2.7\sigma$ ($\sim 0.8\%$ probability)

Systematics dominated so far
 by photon energy scale.

Mass resolution in $\gamma\gamma$

- ✗ Inclusive mass resolution: 1.64 GeV
- ✗ Pile-up robust
- ✗ Main systematic: energy calorimeter scale (12%)



Contour plots

× Vary μ_i , fixe μ_f to unity

$$n_{\text{signal}}^k = \left(\sum_i \mu_i \sigma_{i,\text{SM}} \times A_i^k \times \varepsilon_{if}^k \right) \times \mu_f \times B_{f,\text{SM}} \times \mathcal{L}^k$$

- . A : detector acceptance
- . L : integrated luminosity
- . ε : reconstruction efficiency
- . $\mu_i = \sigma_i / \sigma_{i,\text{SM}}$ and $\mu_f = B_f / B_{f,\text{SM}}$

Coupling fits

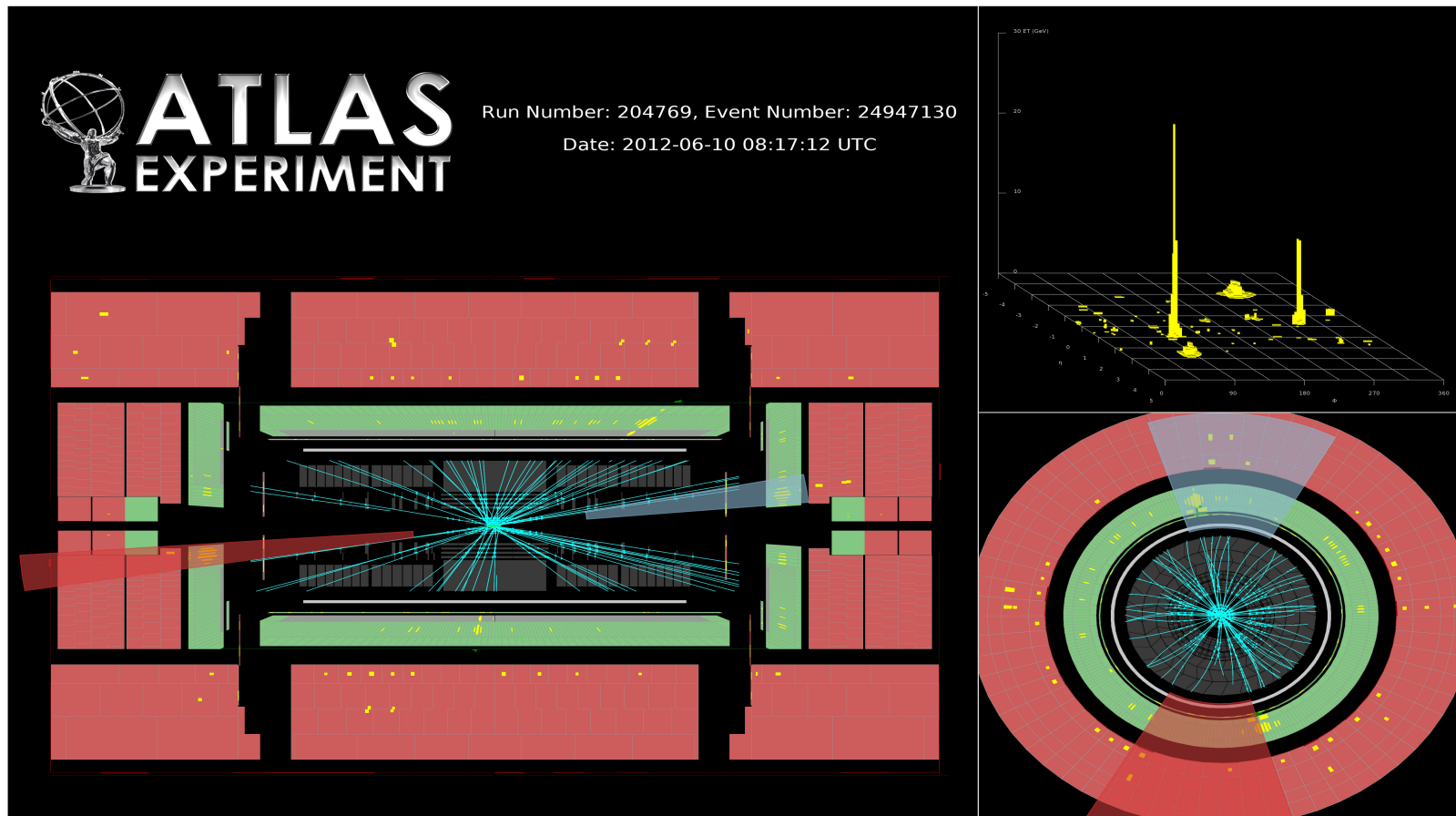
- × Observed yields can be parametrized as:
SM x coupling scale factors κ

$$\sigma \cdot BR(ii \rightarrow H \rightarrow ff) = \sigma_{SM} \cdot BR_{SM} \frac{\kappa_i^2 \cdot \kappa_f^2}{\kappa_H^2} \sim \Gamma_i \cdot \Gamma_f / \Gamma_H$$

- κ_H : total Higgs width ~ 4 MeV, not accessible at LHC

Event display

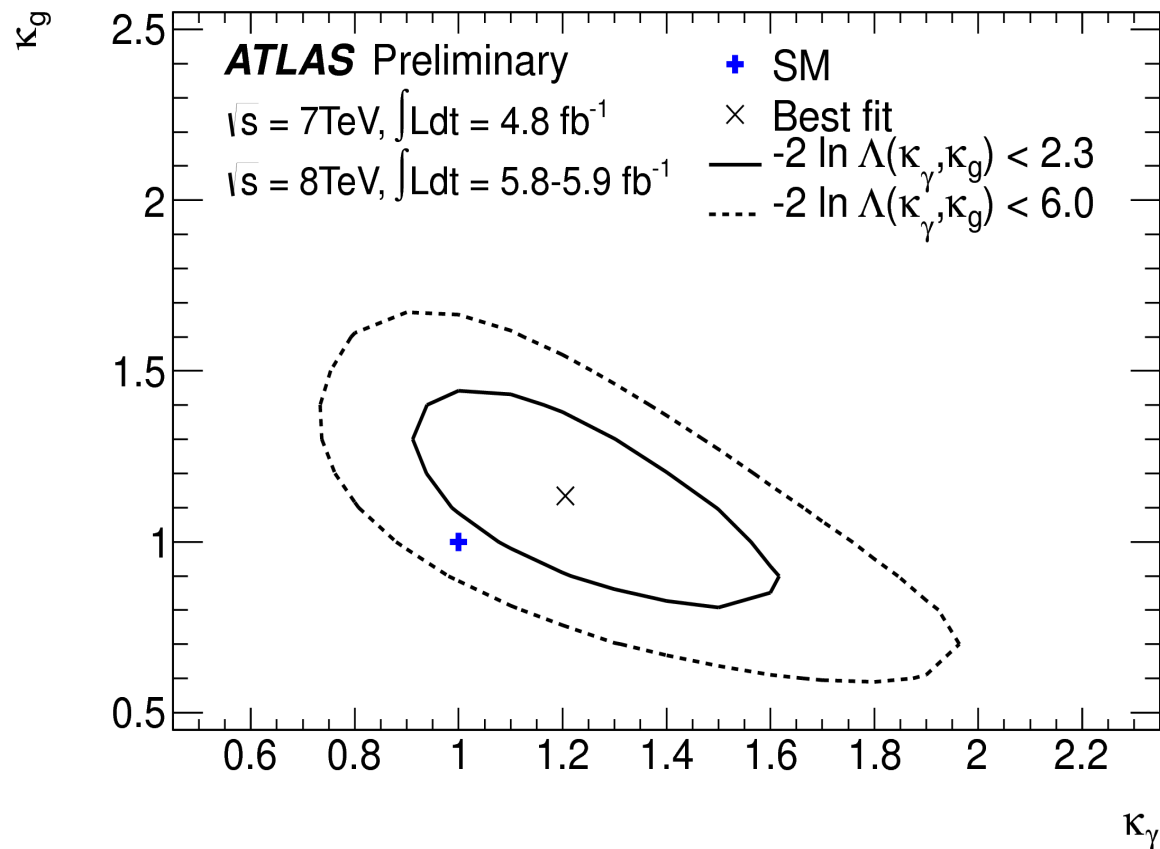
✗ Event display of a diphoton with two jets event candidate where both photon candidates are converted. The event number is 24947130 and it was recorded during run 204769 at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV



New contribution to $\gamma\gamma$ loop

× $\mu = 1.80 + 0.42 - 0.36$

→ new particle in the loop $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ or $gg \rightarrow H$ loop (stop, stau) ?



Agreement with SM expectations better than 2σ