

JAGIELLONIAN UNIVERSITY
IN KRAKOW

Search for CPT and Lorentz invariance violation in neutral kaons at KLOE/KLOE-2

Eryk Czerwiński (Jagiellonian University)
on behalf of KLOE and KLOE-2 collaborations

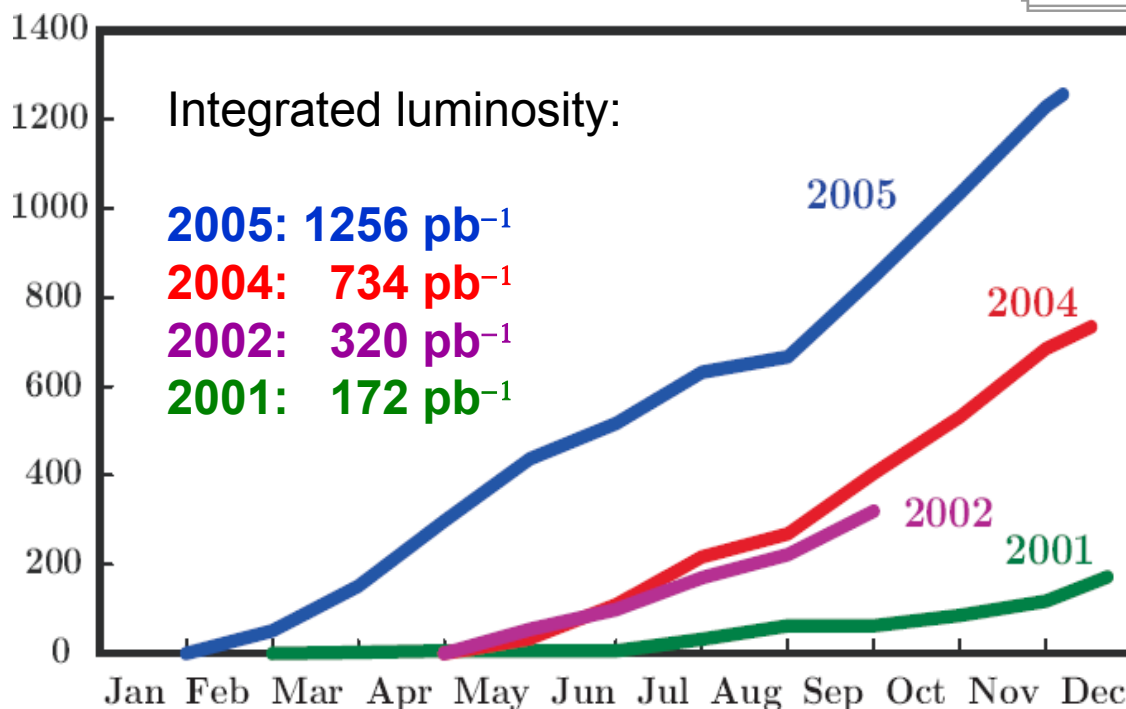
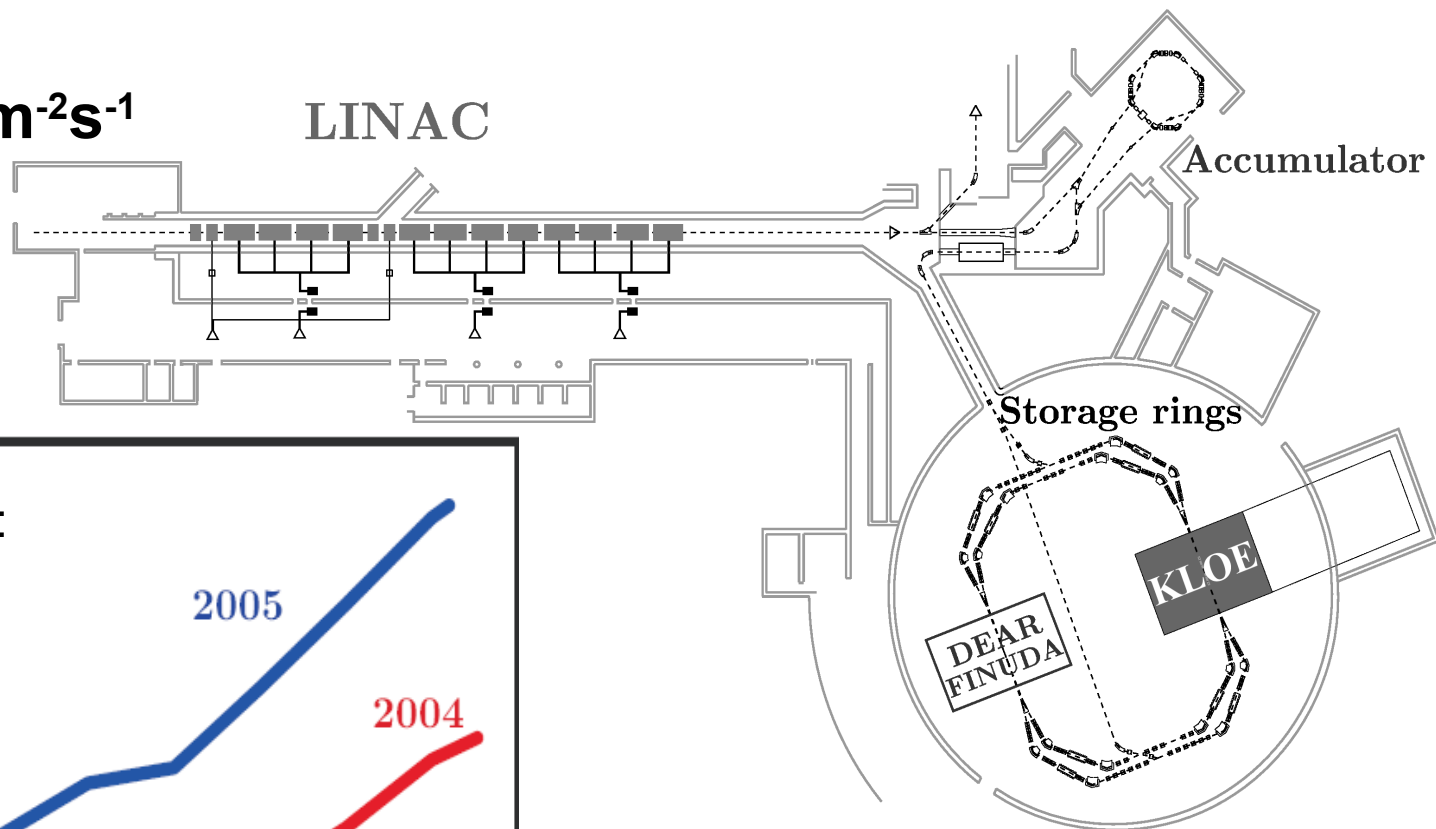
*International Workshop on e+e- collisions from Phi to Psi 2013
Rome, 12.09.2013*

DAΦNE *Double Annular Factory for Nice Experiments*

1999-2007:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{peak}} = 1.4 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$$

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = 8.5 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{day}$$



e^+e^- collider with two storage rings and two interaction points

KLOE *K L*ong Experiment

Drift chamber

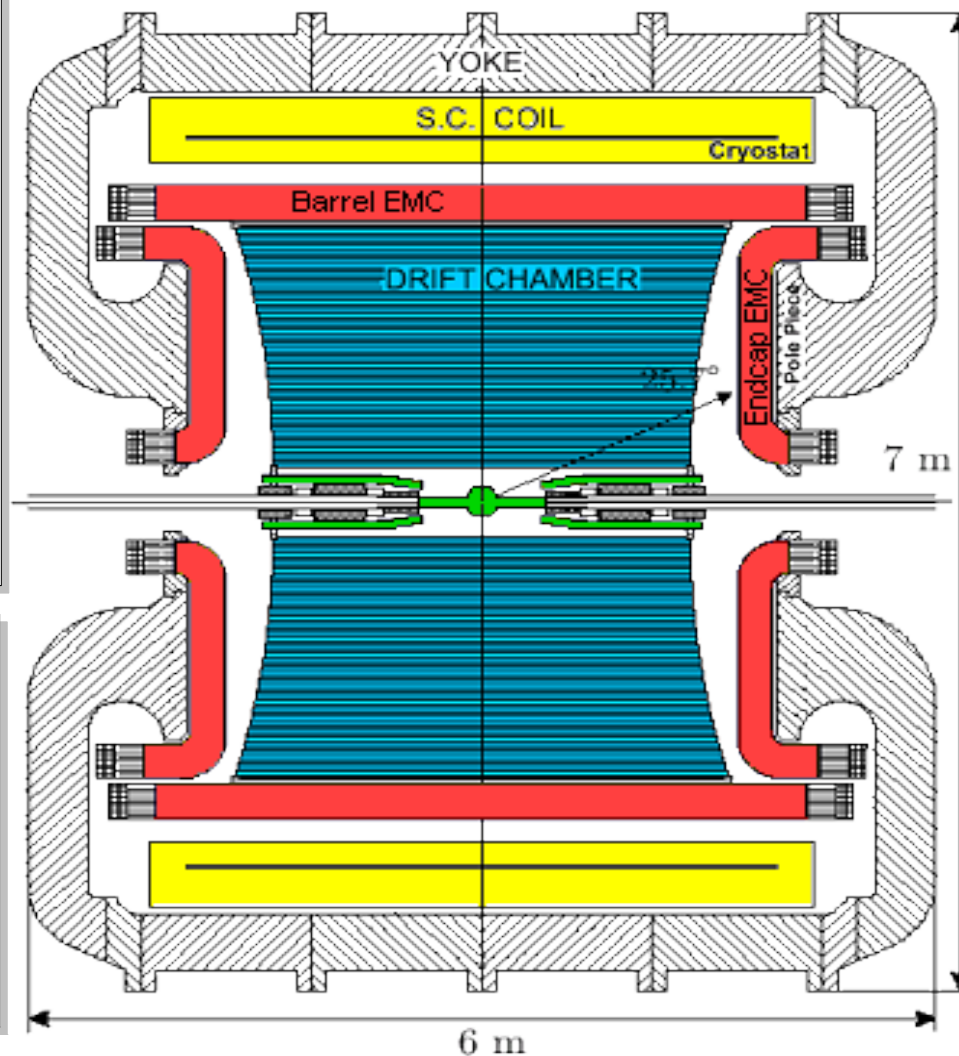
- gas mixture: 90% He + 10% C₄H₁₀
- $\delta p_t / p_t < 0.4\%$ ($\theta > 45^\circ$)
- $\sigma_{xy} \approx 150 \mu\text{m}$; $\sigma_z \approx 2 \text{ mm}$

Electromagnetic calorimeter

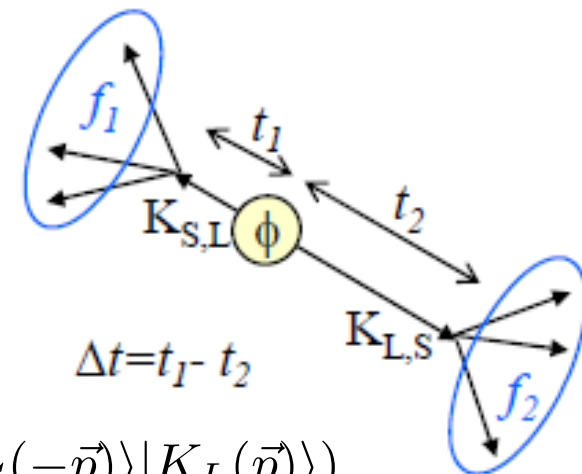
- lead/scintillating fibers
- 98% solid angle coverage
- $\sigma_E / E = 5.7\% / \sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}$
- $\sigma_t = 57 \text{ ps} / \sqrt{E(\text{GeV})} \oplus 100 \text{ ps}$
- PID capabilities

Data taking ended on March 2006

- **2.5 fb⁻¹** on tape @ $\sqrt{s} = M_\phi$
($8 \times 10^9 \phi \Rightarrow 6.6 \times 10^9$ kaon pairs)
- **~10 pb⁻¹** @ 1010, 1018,
1023, 1030 MeV
- **250 pb⁻¹** @ 1000 MeV



Quantum interferometry



$$|i\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|K_0\rangle|\bar{K}_0\rangle - |\bar{K}_0\rangle|K_0\rangle) = \mathcal{N}(|K_S(\vec{p})\rangle|K_L(-\vec{p})\rangle - |K_S(-\vec{p})\rangle|K_L(\vec{p})\rangle),$$

$$I(f_1, t_1; f_2, t_2) = C_{12} \left\{ |\eta_1|^2 e^{-\Gamma_L t_1 - \Gamma_S t_2} + |\eta_2|^2 e^{-\Gamma_S t_1 - \Gamma_L t_2} \right\}$$

$$\left\{ -2|\eta_1||\eta_2| e^{-(\Gamma_S + \Gamma_L)(t_1 + t_2)/2} \cos(\Delta m(t_2 - t_1) + \phi_1 - \phi_2) \right\}$$

$$\eta_j = \frac{\langle f_j | K_L \rangle}{\langle f_j | K_S \rangle}$$

interference term

Quantum entanglement - the two decays are correlated even if kaons are distant in space

$I(f_1, f_1; \Delta t=0) = 0$ Complete destructive quantum interference

prevents the two kaons from decaying into **the same final state at the same time**

CPT & Lorentz invariance violation: SME framework

Using the same final state for both kaons ($\pi^+\pi^-$) the two decay are distinguished only by the kaon momentum direction. The decay amplitude is written as follows:

$$I_{f_1 f_2}(\Delta\tau) \propto e^{-\Gamma|\Delta\tau|} \left[|\eta_1|^2 e^{\frac{\Delta\Gamma}{2}\Delta\tau} + |\eta_2|^2 e^{-\frac{\Delta\Gamma}{2}\Delta\tau} - 2\Re\left(\eta_1\eta_2^* e^{-i\Delta m\Delta\tau}\right) \right]$$

$$\eta_1 = \eta_{\pm} = \varepsilon_K - \delta(\vec{p}_{K1})$$

$$\eta_2 = \varepsilon_K - \delta(\vec{p}_{K2})$$

δ_K is the CPT violation parameter in the Kaon system.

PRD64,076001
PRL89,231602

According to the SME (Kostelecky) and anti-CPT theorem, CPT violation should appear together with Lorentz Invariance breaking (Greenberg), and thus implying a direction dependent modulation.

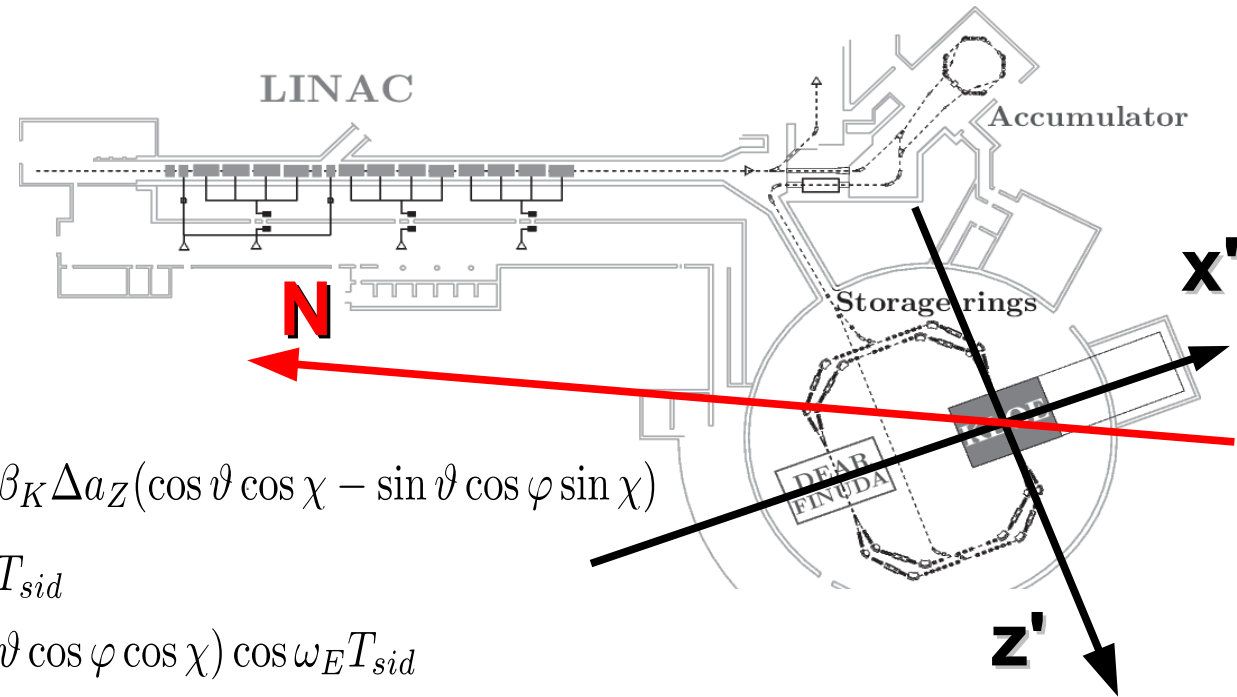
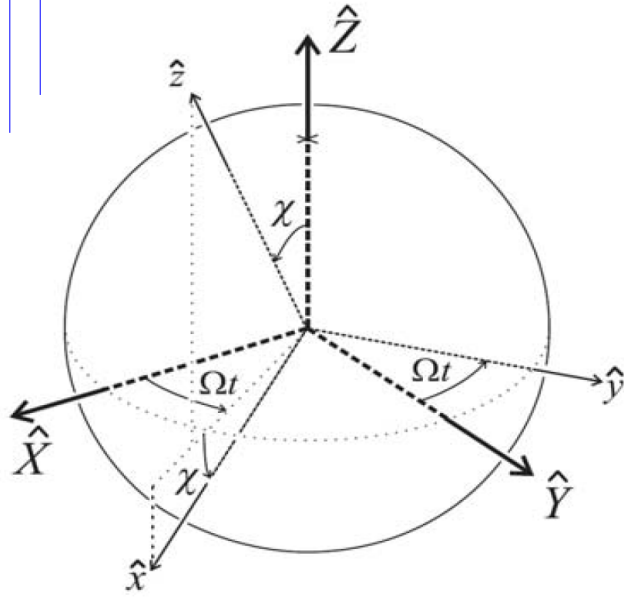
$$\delta \simeq i \sin \phi_{SW} e^{i\phi_{SW}} \gamma_K (\Delta a_0 - \vec{\beta}_K \Delta \vec{a}) / \Delta m$$

Ordering Kaon according to their momenta it is possible to have the two η -coefficients containing two different δ_K CPT violating parameter.

Earth rotation effect: $\delta(\theta, \phi)$ and KLOE & SME reference frames

$$\hat{N}\hat{x}' = \cos(\gamma) \Rightarrow \gamma = 220(2)^\circ \equiv 3.84(3)$$

$$\hat{N}\hat{z}' = \cos(\delta) \Rightarrow \delta = 130(2)^\circ \equiv 2.26(3)$$



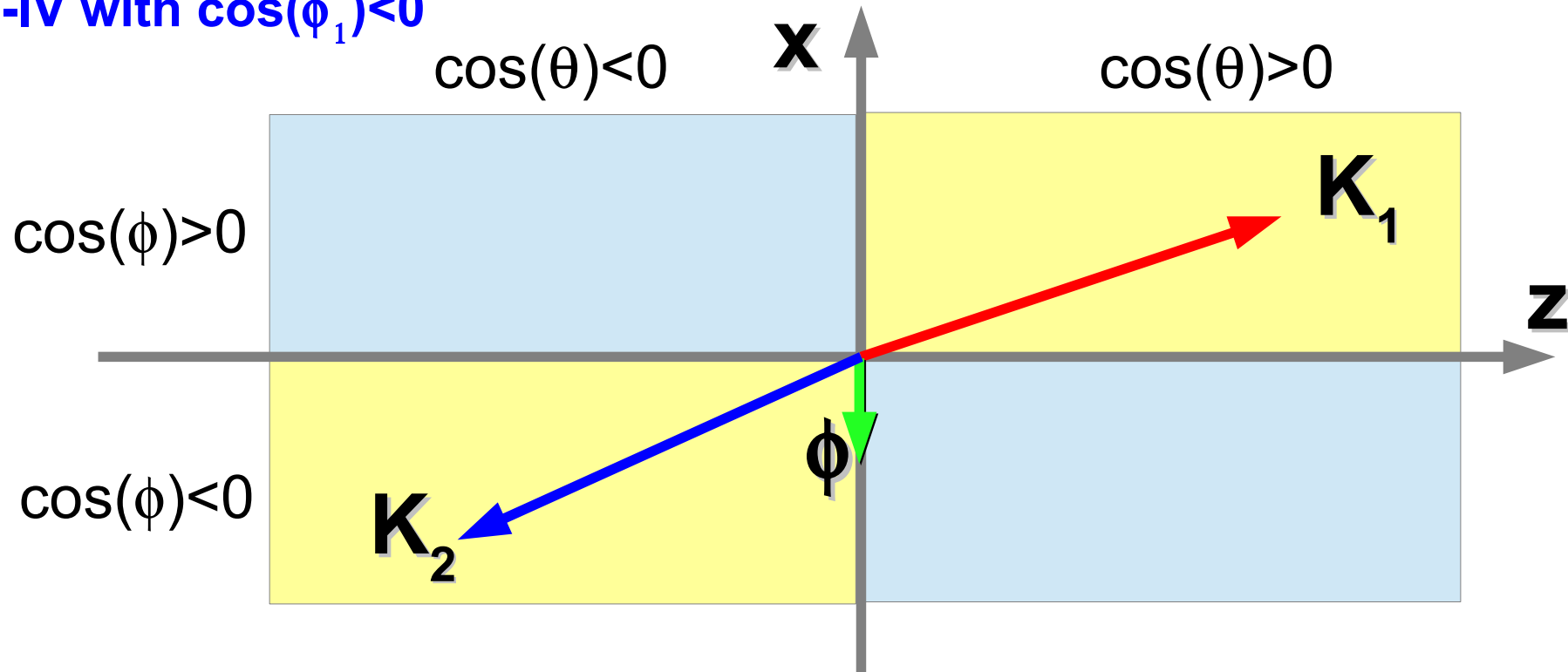
$$\begin{aligned} \delta_K(\vec{P}_K, T_{sid}) = & \frac{i \sin \phi_{sw} e^{i\phi_{sw}}}{\Delta m} \gamma_K \left[\Delta a_0 + \beta_K \Delta a_Z (\cos \vartheta \cos \chi - \sin \vartheta \cos \varphi \sin \chi) \right. \\ & - \beta_K \Delta a_X \sin \vartheta \sin \varphi \sin \omega_E T_{sid} \\ & + \beta_K \Delta a_X (\cos \vartheta \sin \chi + \sin \vartheta \cos \varphi \cos \chi) \cos \omega_E T_{sid} \\ & + \beta_K \Delta a_Y (\cos \vartheta \sin \chi + \sin \vartheta \cos \varphi \cos \chi) \sin \omega_E T_{sid} \\ & \left. + \beta_K \Delta a_Y \sin \vartheta \sin \varphi \cos \omega_E T_{sid} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Analysis strategy $e^+e^- \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow K_S K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

Kaons are ordered according to their z momenta component: $\cos(\theta_1) > 0$

Dataset is divided in two samples:

- **Sel I-III with $\cos(\phi_1) > 0$**
- **Sel II-IV with $\cos(\phi_1) < 0$**



Data divided in 4 Sidereal time bins x 2 angular bins (192 data points)
Simultaneous fit of the Δt distributions to extract Δa_μ parameters

Observable definition

$$I(\Delta t, T_{sid}, \vartheta_{K_1}, \varphi_{K_1}) \propto$$

$$e^{-\Gamma|\Delta\tau|} \left[|\varepsilon_K - \delta_K(\vec{P}_1)|^2 e^{\frac{\Delta\Gamma}{2}\Delta\tau} + |\varepsilon_K - \delta_K(\vec{P}_\phi - \vec{P}_1)|^2 e^{-\frac{\Delta\Gamma}{2}\Delta\tau} - 2\Re\left((\varepsilon_K - \delta_K(\vec{P}_1))(\varepsilon_K - \delta_K(\vec{P}_\phi - \vec{P}_1))^* e^{-i\Delta m\Delta\tau} \right) \right]$$

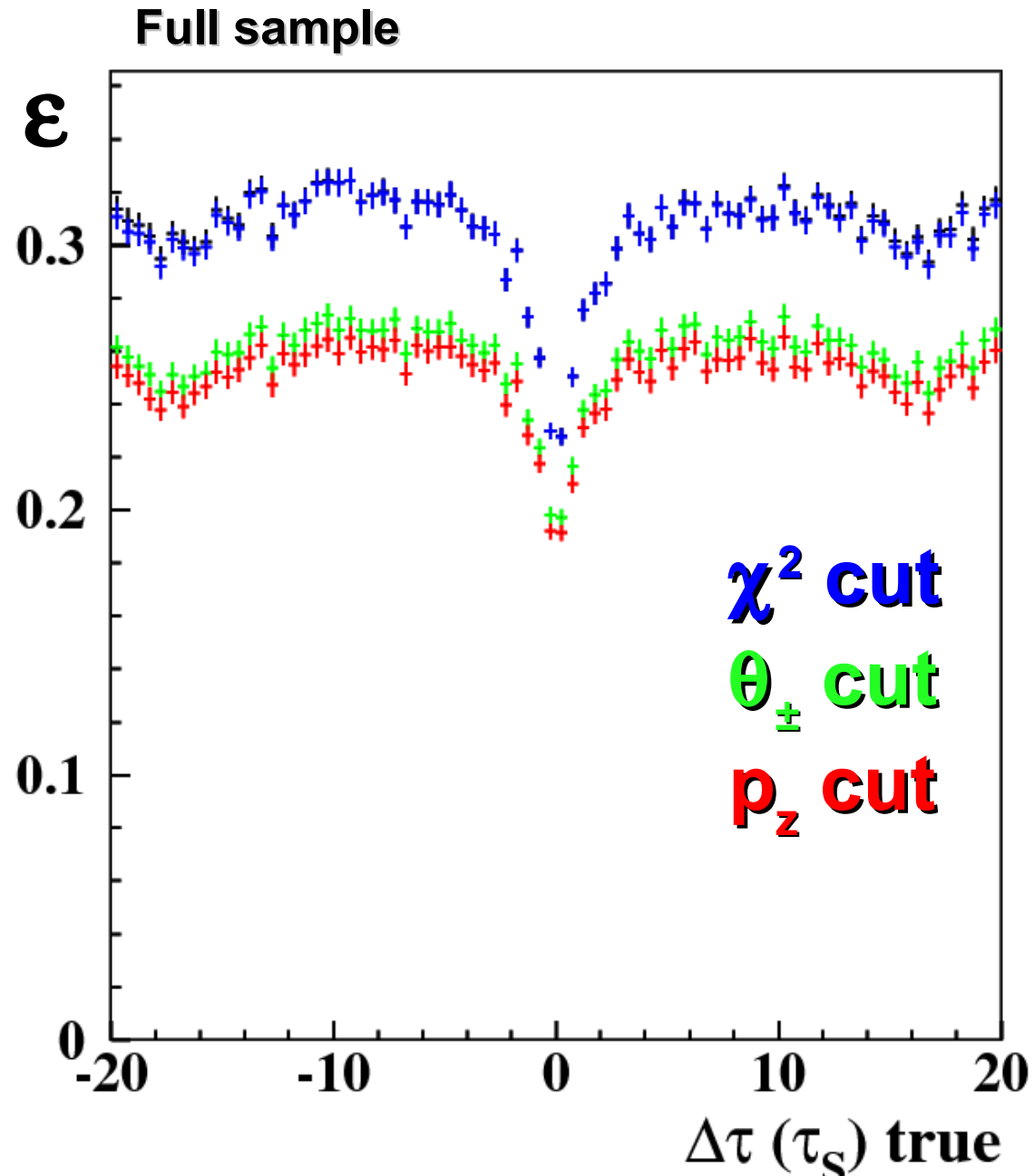
$$P_K = -\frac{\sqrt{((4\beta^2 - 4\beta^4)\cos^2\alpha + 4\beta^2 - 4)M_K^2 + (\beta^4 - 2\beta^2 + 1)M_\phi^2}}{\sqrt{1 - \beta^2}(2\beta^2\cos^2\alpha - 2)} + \frac{(\beta - \beta^3)M_\phi\cos\alpha}{\sqrt{1 - \beta^2}(2\beta^2\cos^2\alpha - 2)}$$

$$\cos\alpha = -\sin\vartheta_K\cos\phi_K$$

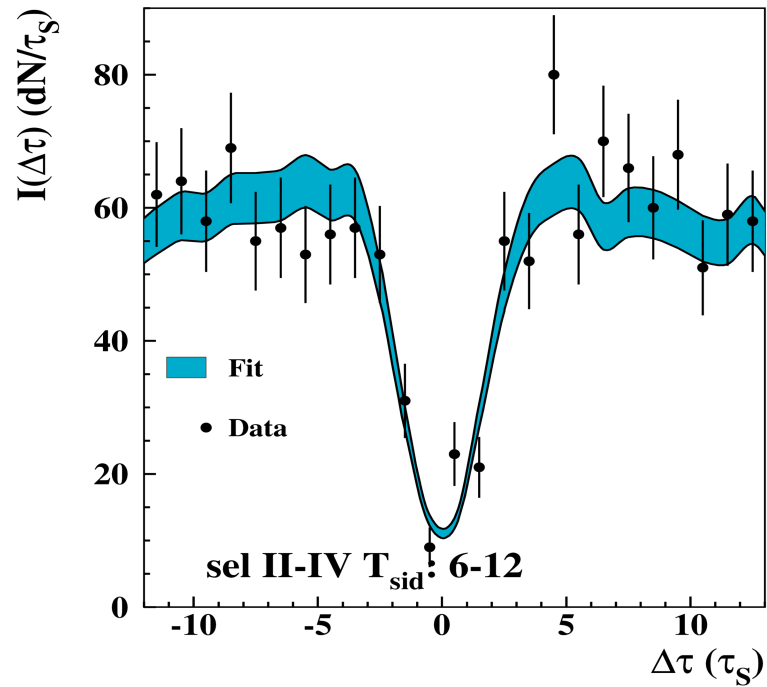
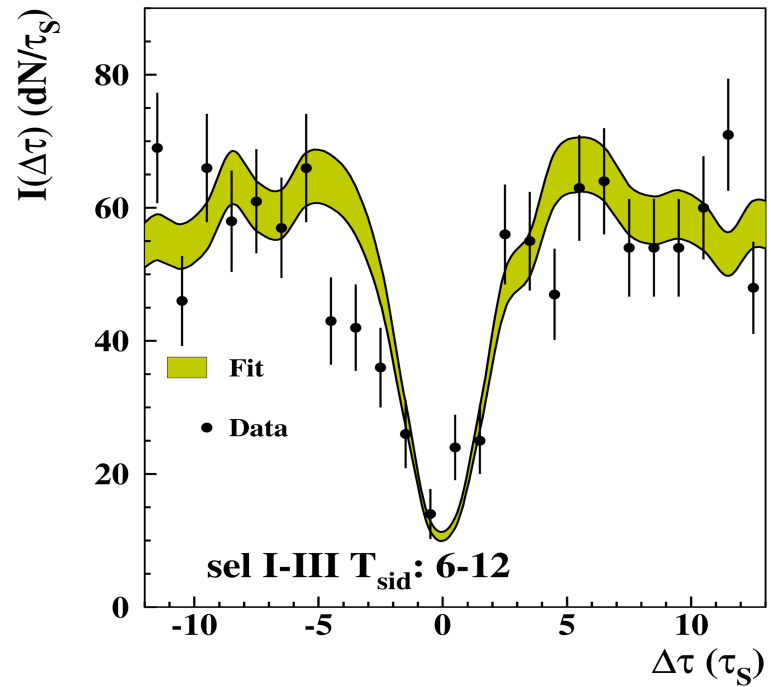
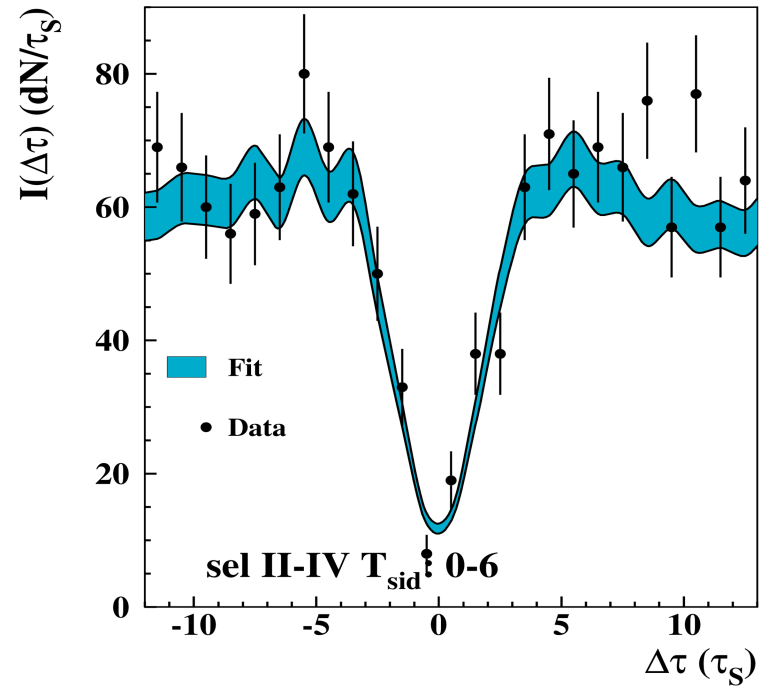
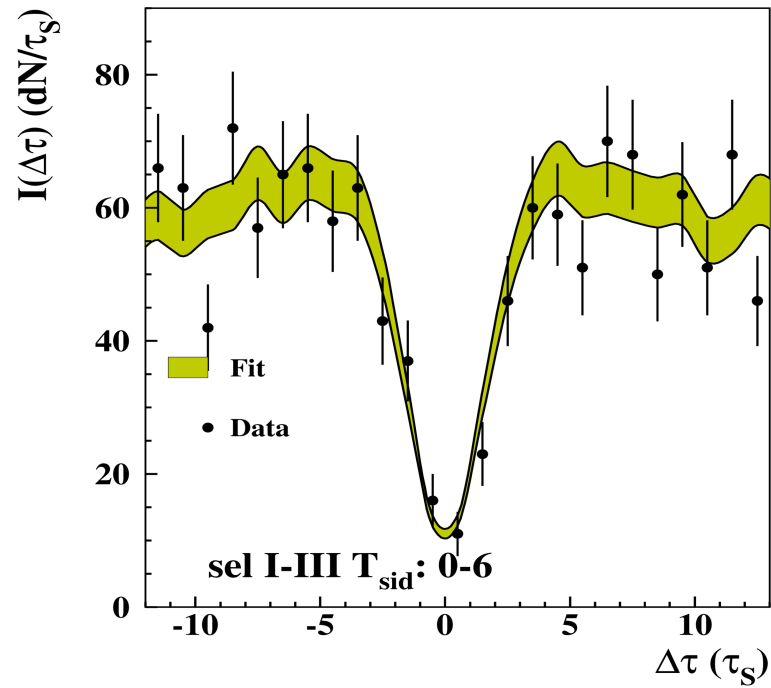
MC efficiency

The efficiency is almost flat except for the region $\Delta\tau/\tau_S \sim 0$, due to loss in the tracking and vertexing efficiency due to extrapolation.

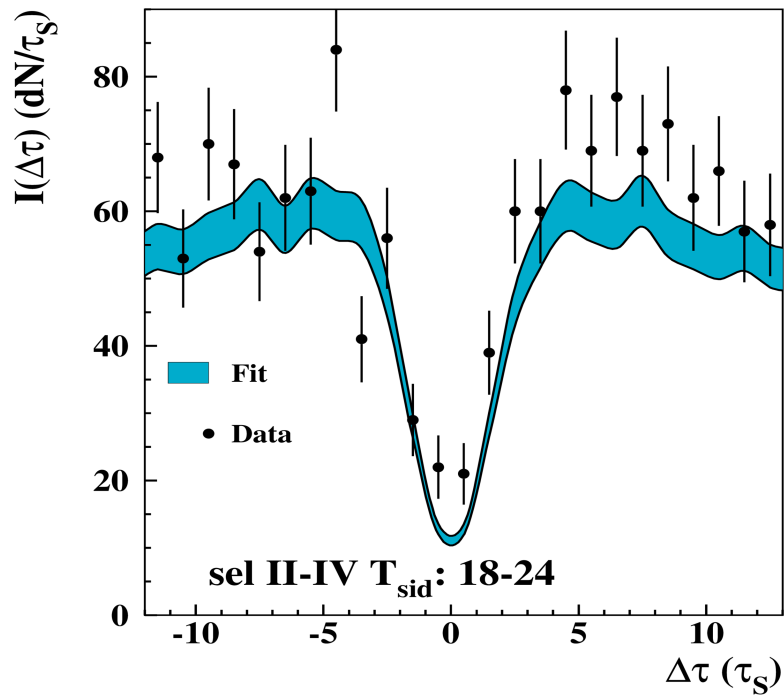
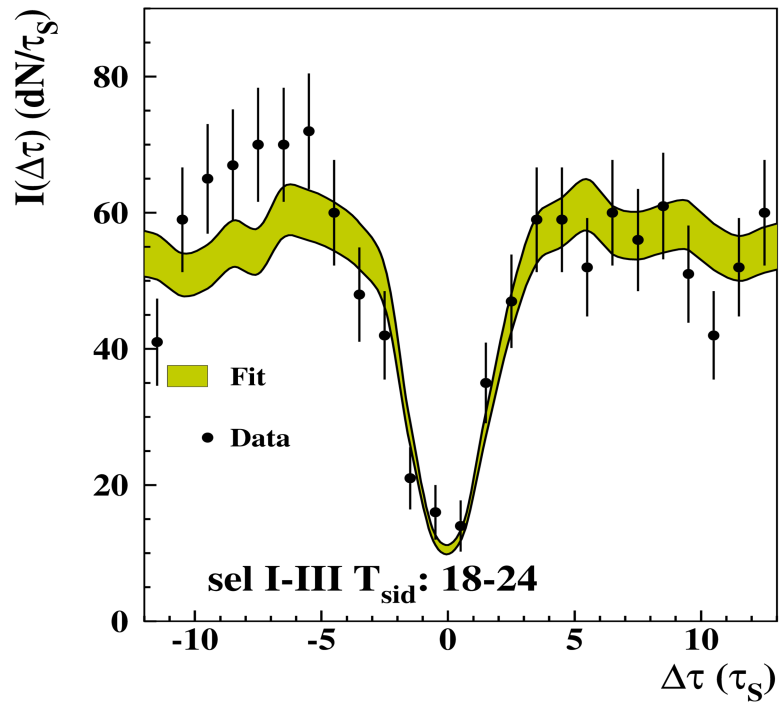
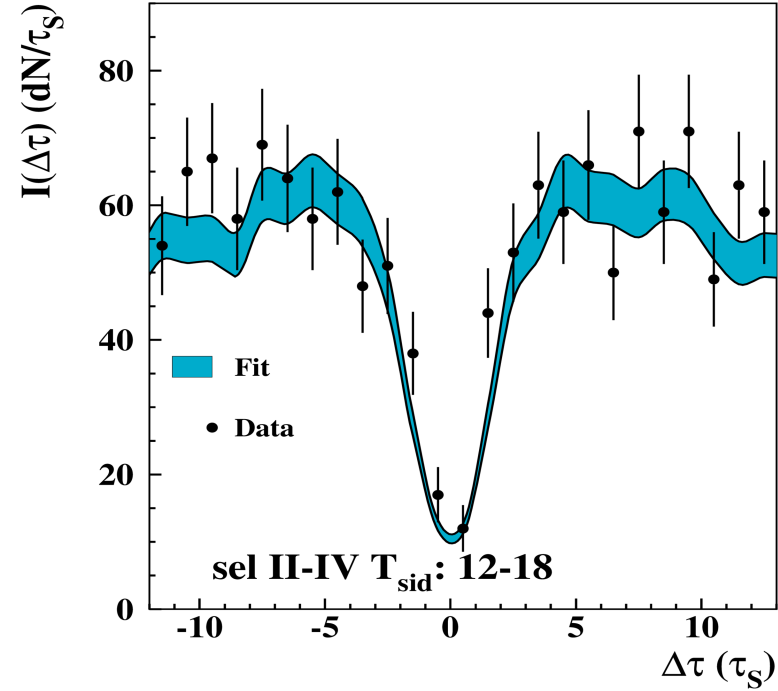
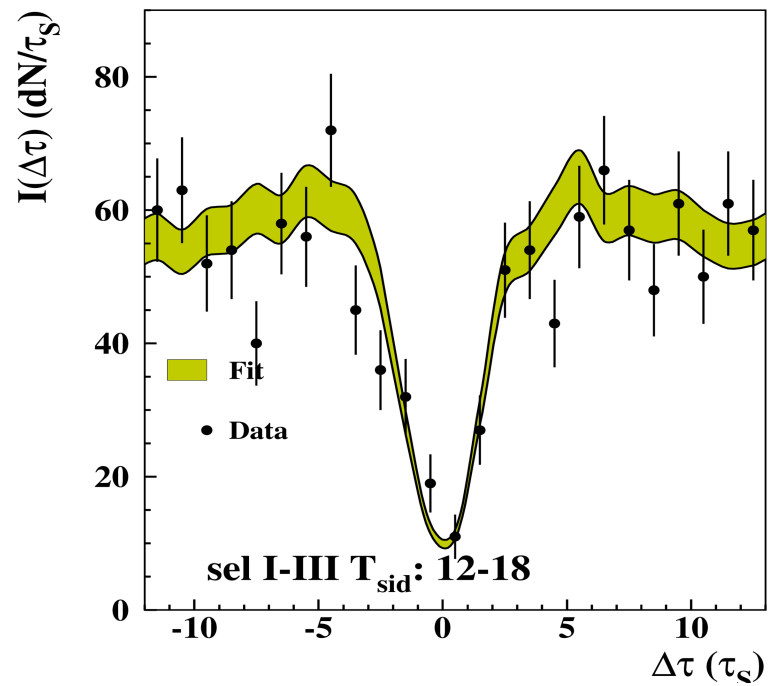
Absolute efficiencies are shown in the plot.



Results 1/2



Results 2/2



Final results on CPT & Lorentz invariance tests

$$\Delta a_0 = (-6.0 \pm 7.7_{\text{stat}} \pm 3.1_{\text{sys}}) 10^{-18} \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Delta a_x = (0.9 \pm 1.5_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.6_{\text{sys}}) 10^{-18} \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Delta a_y = (-2.0 \pm 1.5_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.5_{\text{sys}}) 10^{-18} \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Delta a_z = (3.1 \pm 1.7_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.6_{\text{sys}}) 10^{-18} \text{ GeV}$$

Error includes:

- ⊕ data statistics (~10%)
- ⊕ Data/MC errors (~2%)
- ⊕ MC statistical error on efficiency(~5%)

Resulting χ^2_{Fit} :

211/184 (P=8%)

Par	Cut stability	Fit Range	Bkg. subtr	KLOE ref. frame	Total
Δa_0	1.1	2.4	1.3	1.0	3.1
Δa_x	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.6
Δa_y	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.5
Δa_z	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.6

DAΦNE and KLOE upgrades



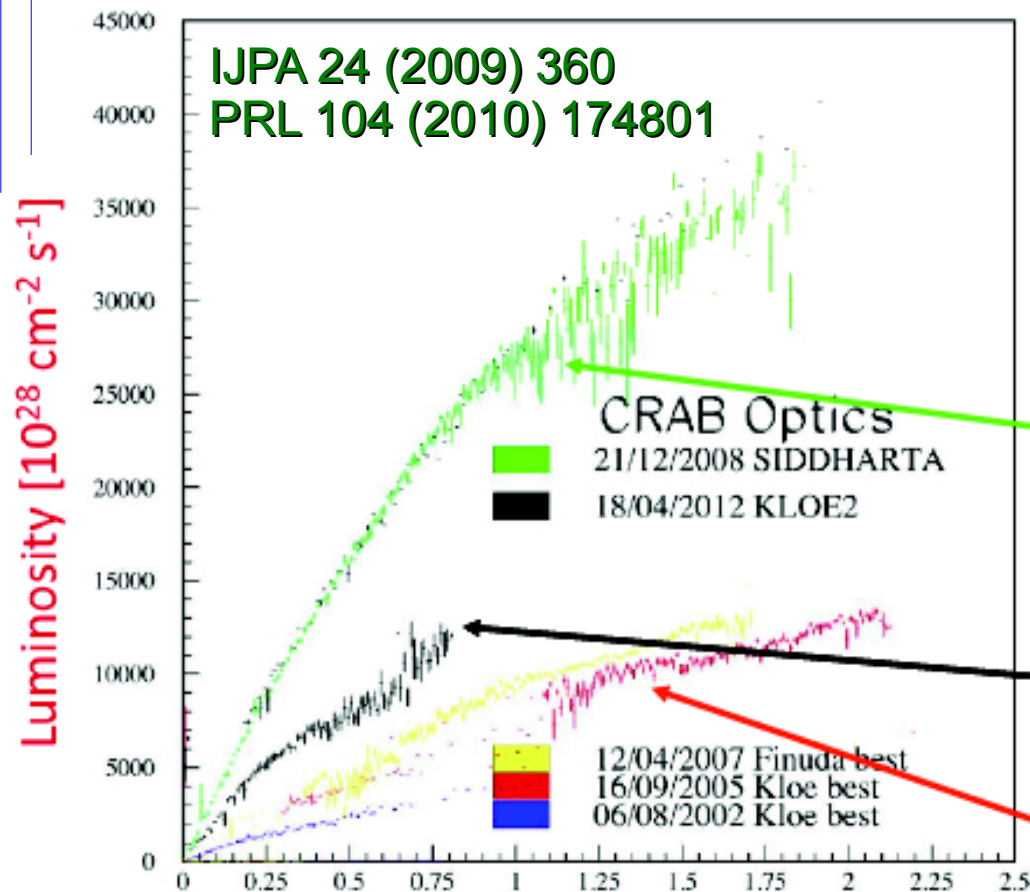
KLOE-2 physics program



- **$\gamma\gamma$ physics:** existence (and properties) of $\sigma/f_0(600)$;
study of $\Gamma(S/PS \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$;
PS transition form factor;
- **light meson spectroscopy:** properties of scalar/vector mesons;
rare η decays;
 η' physics;
- **kaon physics:** test of CPT (and QM) in correlated kaon decays;
test of CPT in K_S semileptonic decays;
test of SM (CKM unitarity, lepton universality);
test of ChPT (K_S decays);
- **dark forces searches:** light bosons @ $O(1 \text{ GeV})$;
- **hadronic cross section:** $\alpha_{em}(M_Z)$ and $(g-2)$.

Details in EPJ C68 (2010) 619, arXiv:1003.3868

DAΦNE upgrade



A new collision scheme is working with:

- larger crossing angle
- reduced beam size at the crossing point
- sextupole pairs for crab-waist configuration of beam interaction

NEW COLLISION SCHEME:
 Large Piwinski angle
 Crab-Waist compensation SXTs

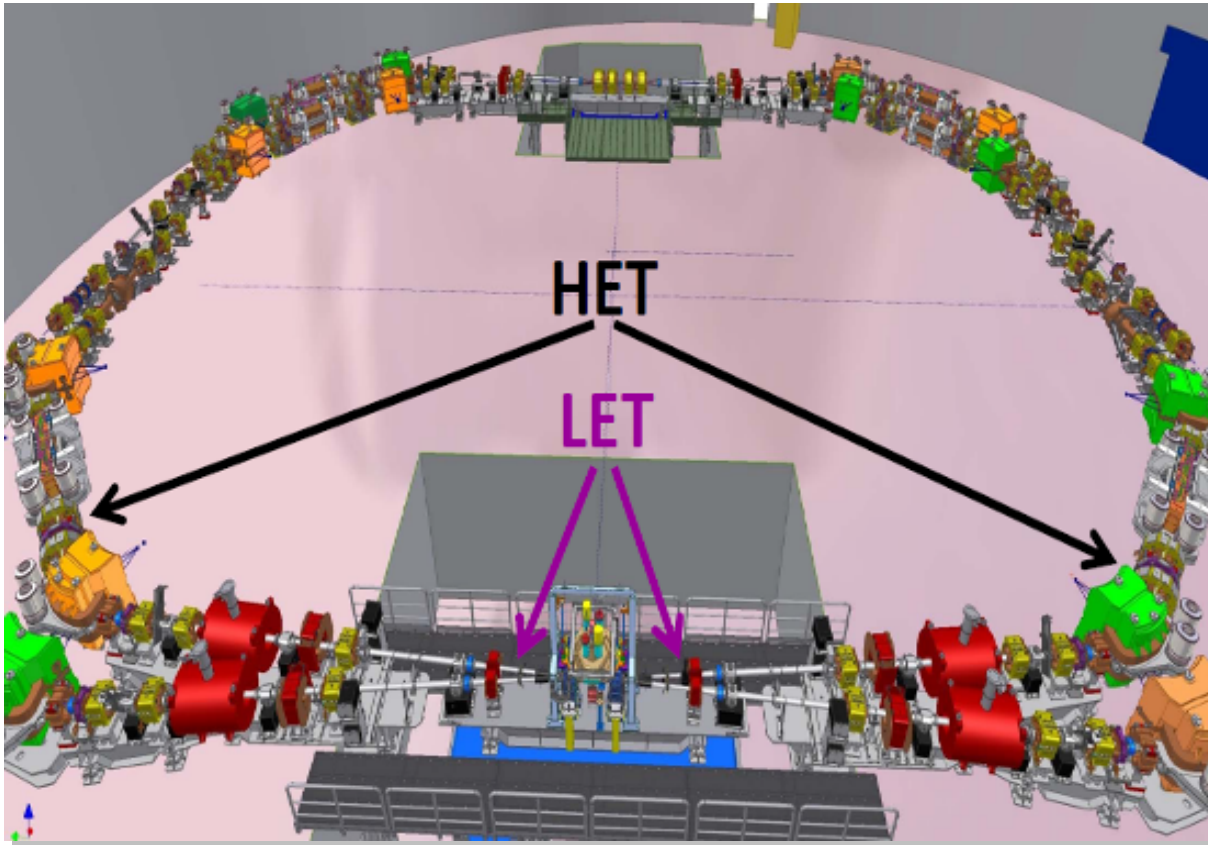
Present commissioning phase
 New coll. scheme + KLOE det.

Old collision scheme

$$I^+ \cdot I^- \cdot \frac{N_{harmonic}}{N_{bunches}} [A^2]$$

max. expected at KLOE-2 : $L_{int} \sim 20 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{day} \times 200 \text{ dd}/\text{year} = 4 \text{ fb}^{-1} / \text{year}$

$\gamma\gamma$ taggers at KLOE-2



High Energy Taggers (HET)

- $E > 400$ MeV
- 11m from IP
- scintillators + PMTs
- $\sigma_E \sim 2.5$ MeV
- $\sigma_T \sim 200$ ps

Low Energy Taggers (LET)

- $E = 160-230$ MeV
- inside KLOE detector
- LYSO+SiPM
- $\sigma_E < 10\%$ for $E > 150$ MeV

2+2 detector stations for leptons in $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- \gamma^* \gamma^* \rightarrow e^+e^- X$

KLOE-2 Upgrades: IR instrumentation

Inner Tracker

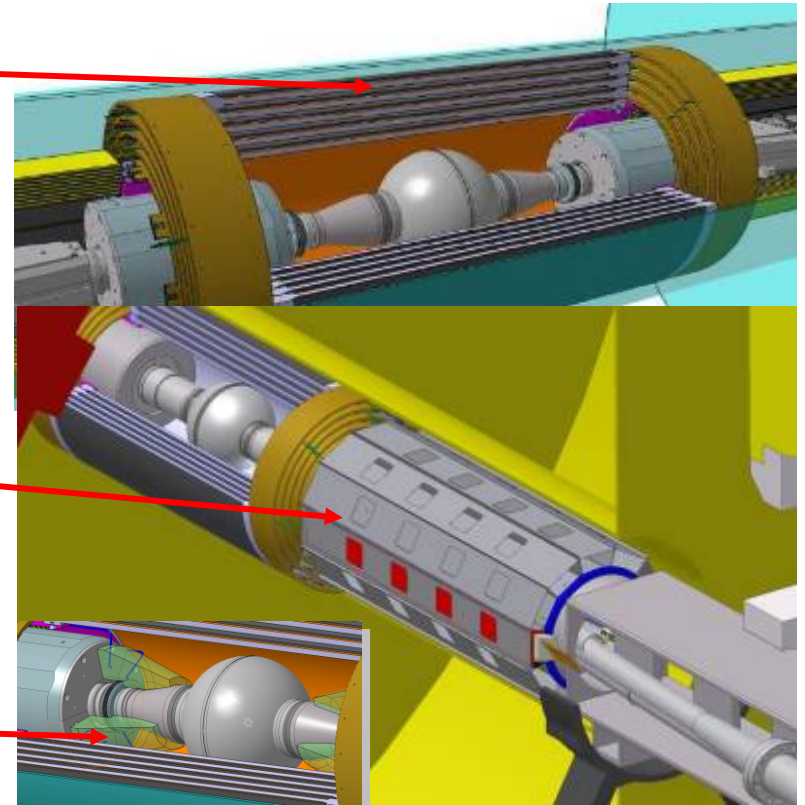
- 4 layers of cylindrical triple GEM
- better vertex reconstruction near IP
- larger acceptance for low p_t tracks

QCALT

- W + scintillator tiles + SiPM/WLS
- QUADS instrumentation for K_L decays

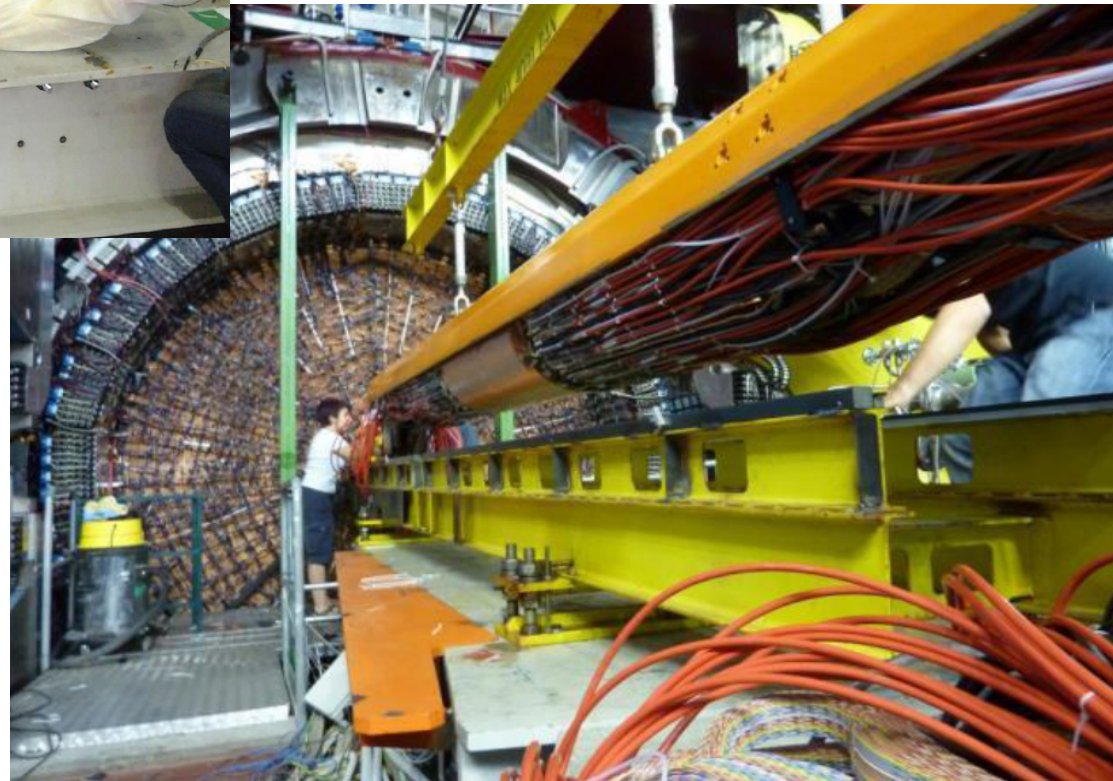
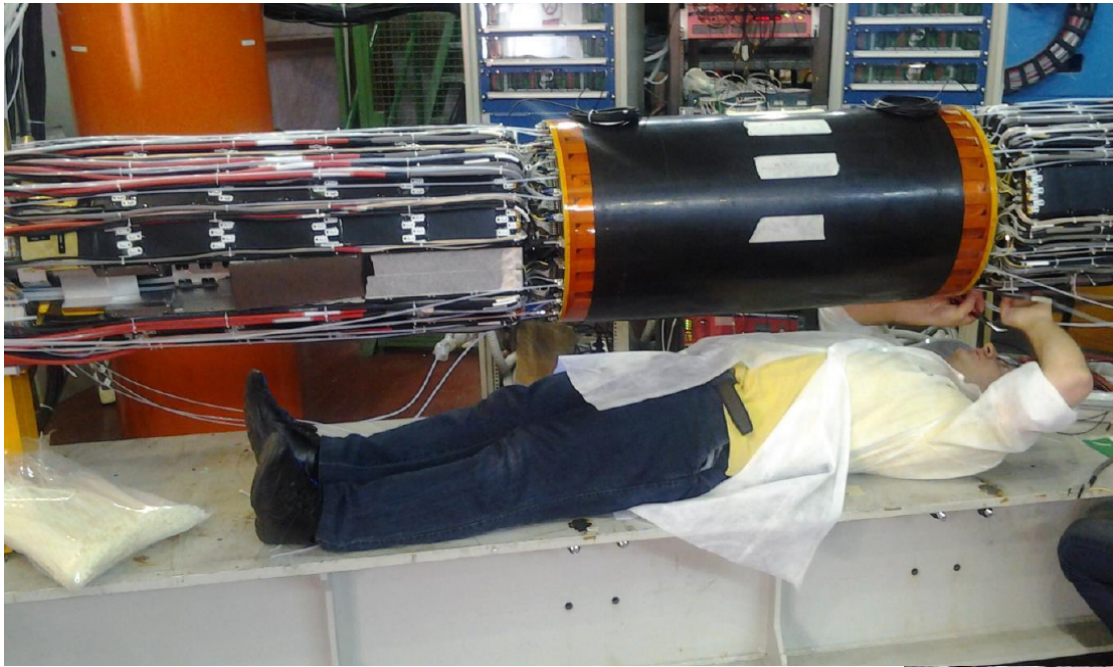
CCALT

- LYSO + APD
- increase acceptance for γ 's
from IP ($21^\circ \rightarrow 8^\circ$)



IT: NIMA 628 (2011), 194
QCALT: NIMA 617 (2010), 105
CCALT: NPB 197 (2009), 215

KLOE-2 Upgrades: IR instrumentation



Rome, 12.09.2013

Eryk Czerwiński

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Summary

- publication in preparation with reached expected sensitivity (10^{-18} GeV) in SME Kaon sector reached
- new result of kaon interferometry in the area of fundamental symmetries
- KLOE-2 commissioning started
- KLOE-2 is going to continue the physics program of KLOE, with special emphasis on CPT and QM tests.

Fine

The End

Koniec