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Precision measurement of the charged K_{e4}^{+-} decay (K^{+-} to $\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu$) and study of the charged $K_{e4}^{(00)}$ decay (K^{+-} to $\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu$)

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The NA48/2 collaboration has analyzed 1.13 million charged kaon decays K_{e4}^{+-} to $\pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu$ leading to an improved determination of the Branching Fraction at percent level precision and detailed form factor studies. The hadronic form factors in the S- and P-wave and their variation with energy are obtained concurrently with the phase difference between the S- and P-wave states of the $\pi^+ \pi^-$ system. The latter measurement allows a precise determination of a_{00} and a_{02} , the I=0 and I=2 S-wave $\pi^+ \pi^-$ scattering lengths. A combination of this result with another NA48/2 measurement, obtained in the study of $K^\pm \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^\pm$ decays, brings a further improved determination of a_{00} and the first precise experimental measurement of a_{02} . These measurements bring new inputs to low energy QCD calculations and are crucial tests of existing predictions from Chiral Perturbation Theory and lattice QCD calculations.

The NA48/2 collaboration has accumulated ~66000 semi-leptonic charged kaon decays $K_{e4}^{(00)}$ to $\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu$, increasing the world available statistics by several orders of magnitude. Background contamination at the one percent level and very good π^0 reconstruction allow the first accurate measurement of the Branching Fraction and decay Form Factor. The achieved precision makes possible the observation of small effects such as a deficit of events at low $\pi^0 \pi^0$ invariant mass which can be explained by charge exchange rescattering in the $\pi^+ \pi^-$ system below the $2 m(\pi^+)$ threshold.

Future prospects include the observation of several ~1000 decays in similar muonic modes $K_{\mu 4}^{(00)}$ (never observed) and $K_{\mu 4}^{+-}$ (7 events observed). Such poorly known modes could be studied also in the forthcoming NA62 experiment currently under construction.

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