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## Doubly heavy exotics

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Recent discoveries by Belle and BESIII of charged exotic quarkonium-like resonances provide fresh impetus for study of heavy exotic hadrons. In the limit  $N_c \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $M_Q \rightarrow \infty$ , the  $(\bar{Q} Q \bar{q} q')$  tetraquarks (TQ-s) are expected to be narrow and slightly below or above the  $(\bar{Q} q')$  and  $(Q \bar{q})$  two-meson threshold. The isoscalar TQ-s manifest themselves by decay to  $(\bar{Q} Q) \pi \pi$ , and the  $\sim 30$  MeV heavier charged isotriplet TQ-s by decays into  $(\bar{Q} Q) \pi$ . The new data strongly suggest that the real world with  $N_c=3$ ,  $Q=c,b$  and  $q,q' = u,d$  is qualitatively described by the above limit. We discuss the relevant theoretical estimates and suggest new signatures for TQ-s in light of the recent discoveries. We also consider “baryon-like” states  $(Q Q' \bar{q} \bar{q}')$ , which if found will be direct evidence not just for near-threshold binding of two heavy mesons, but for genuine tetraquarks with novel color networks. We stress the importance of experimental search for doubly-heavy baryons in this context.

**Presenter:** Prof. KARLINER, Marek

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