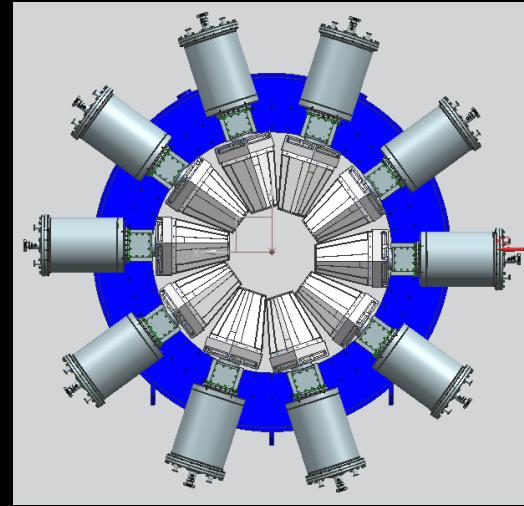




The GALILEO γ -ray array

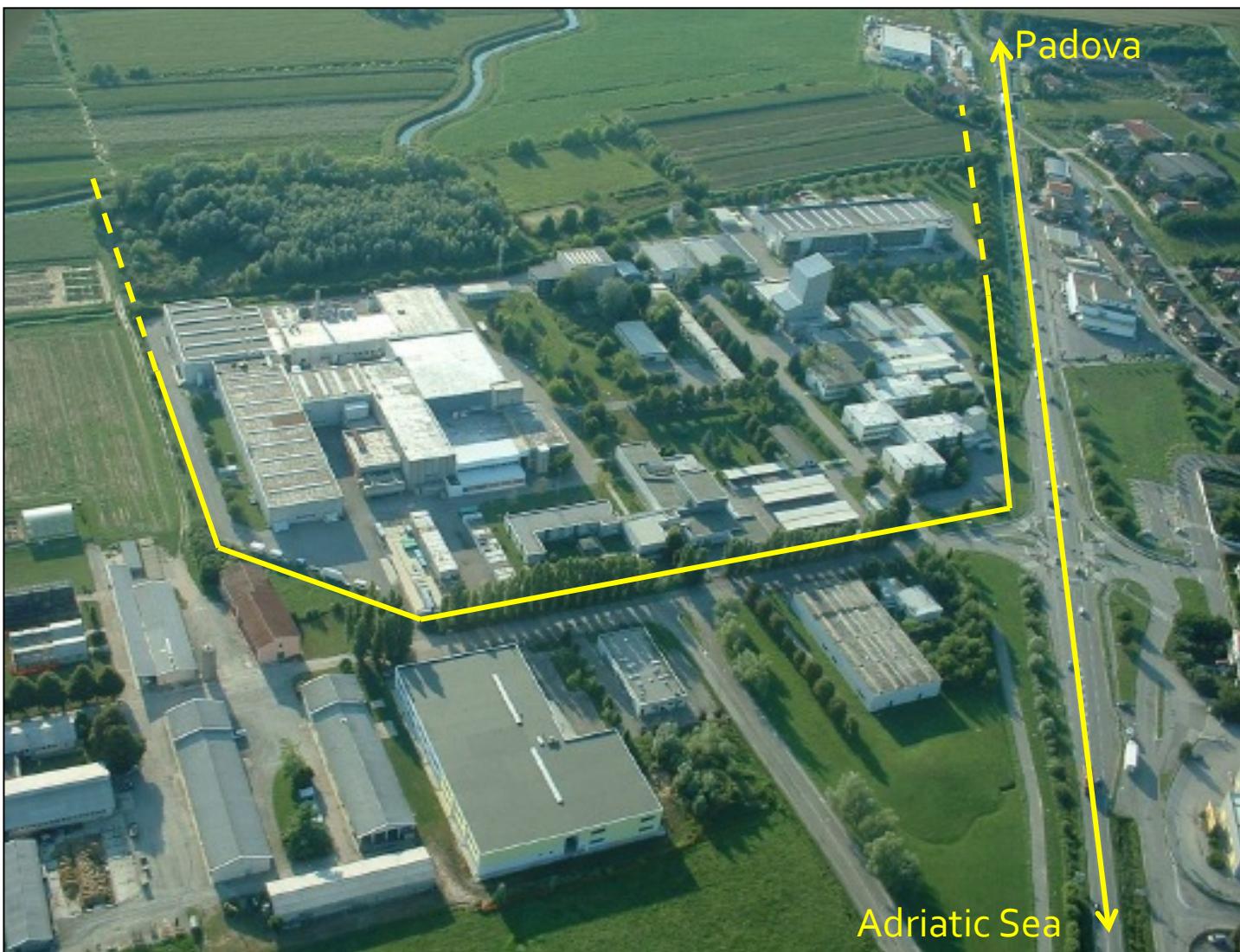


Călin A. Ur
INFN Padova

γ
Galilei

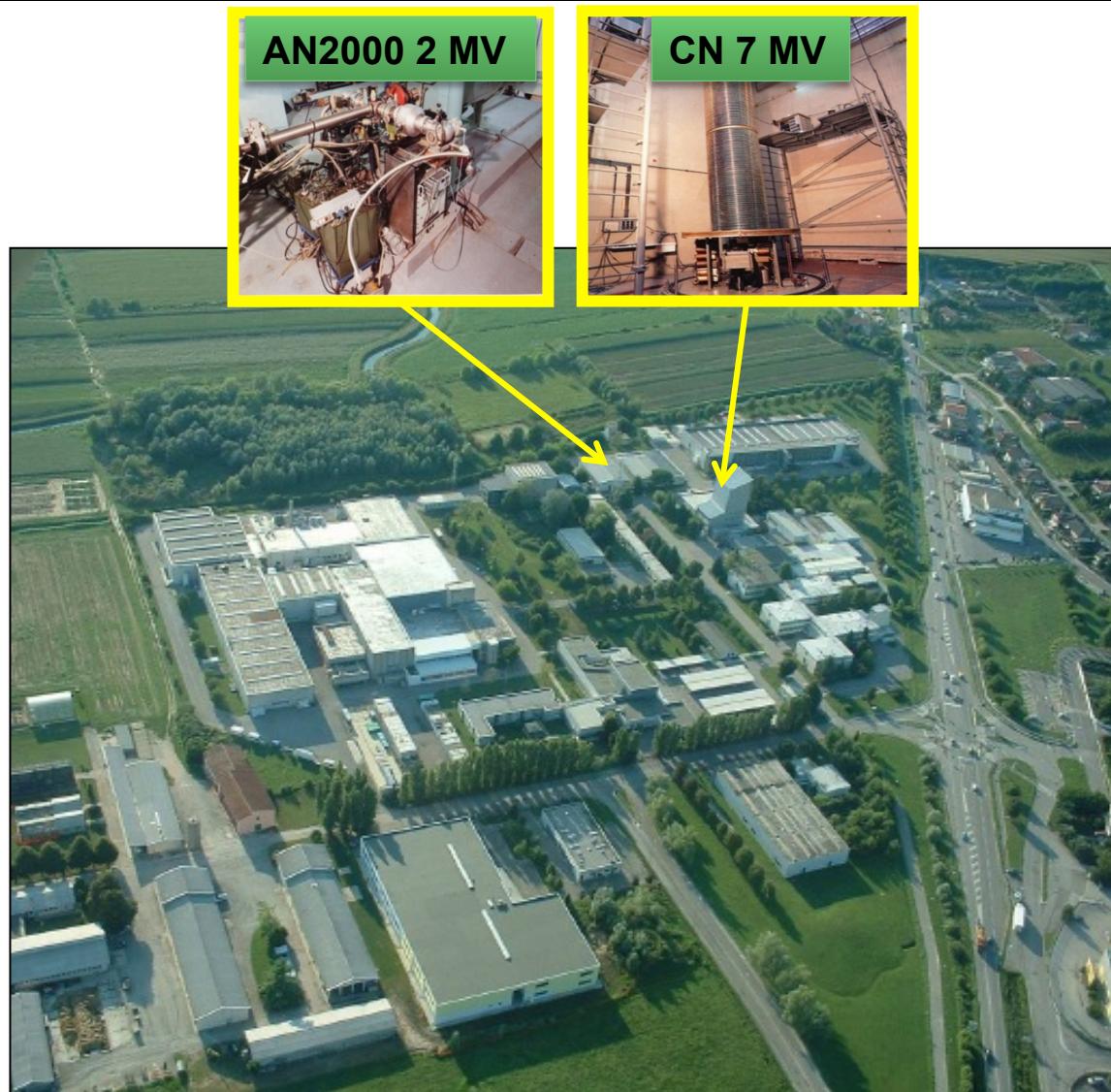
INFN

The Legnaro National Laboratories



The Accelerators of LNL

Applied Physics

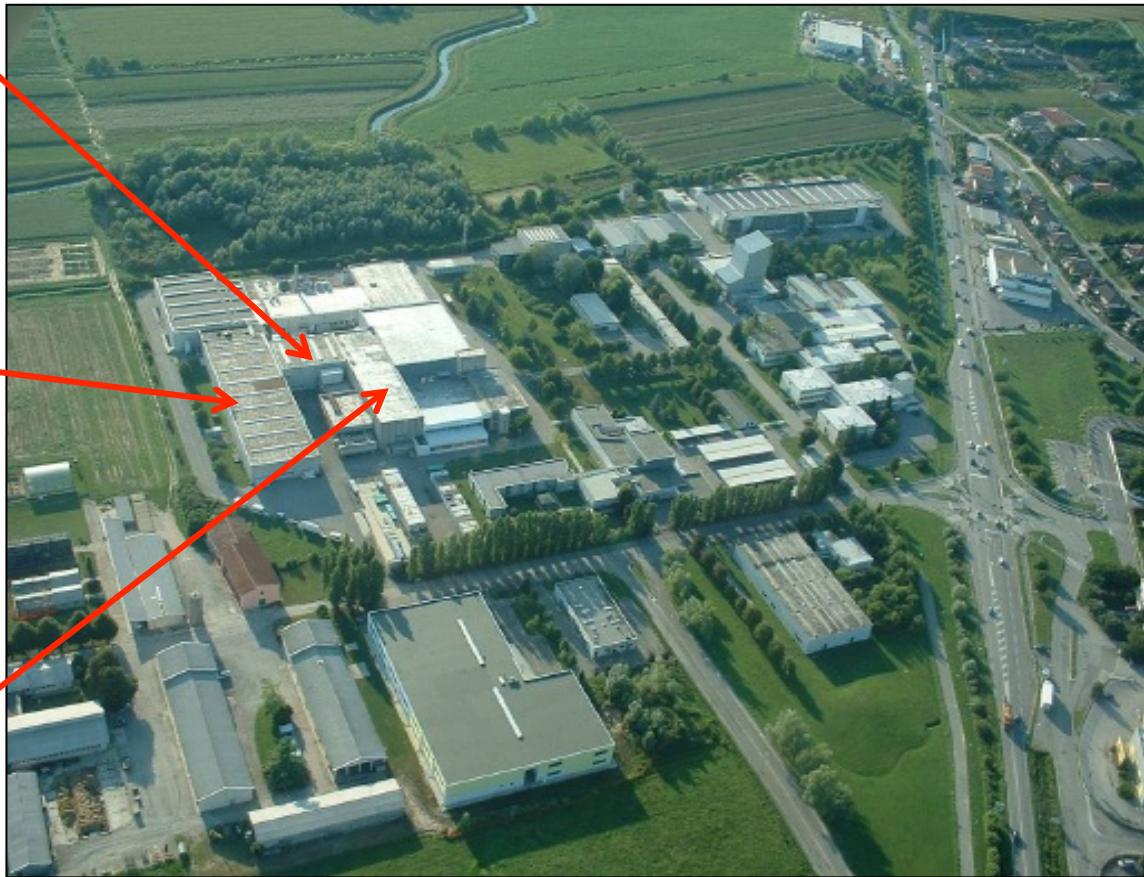


Heavy Ion Accelerators

PIAVE HI Injector



Nuclear Physics Experiments



ALPI SC Linac



Tandem XTU



Heavy Ion Accelerators

PIAVE HI Injector



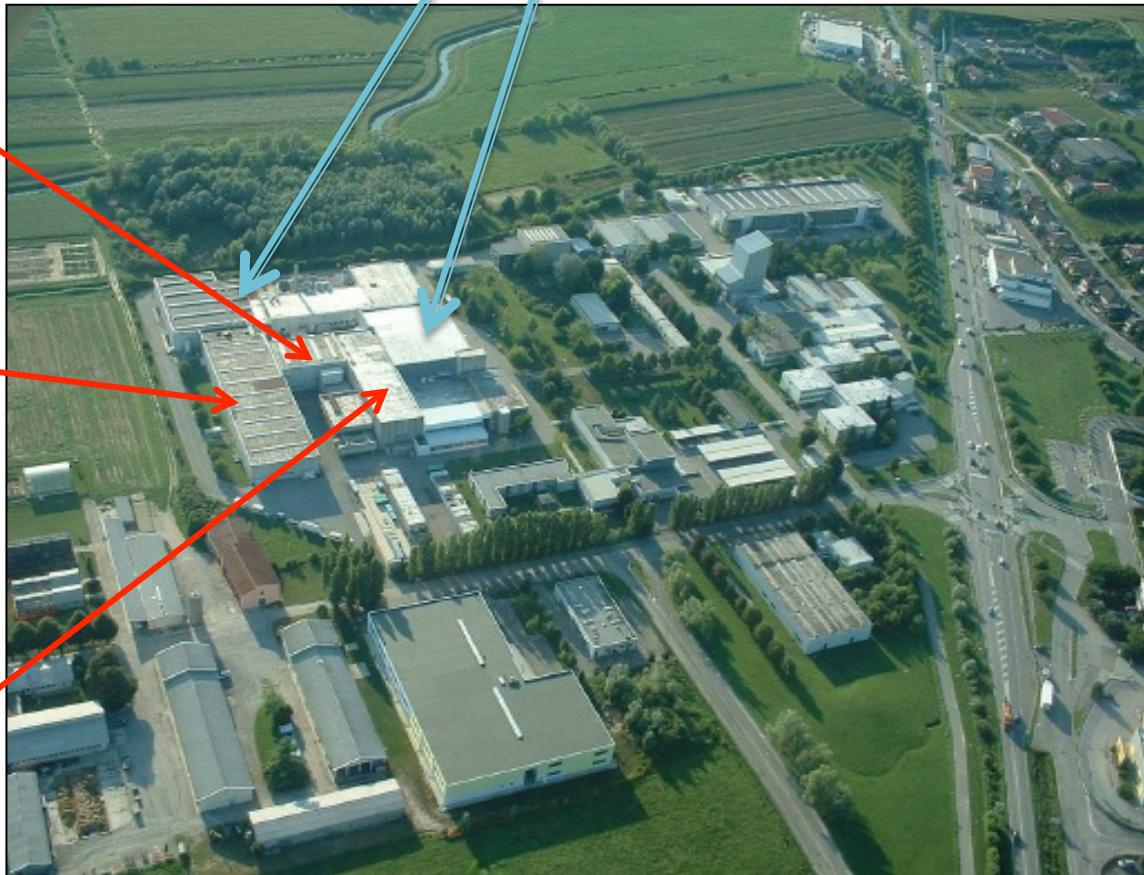
ALPI SC Linac



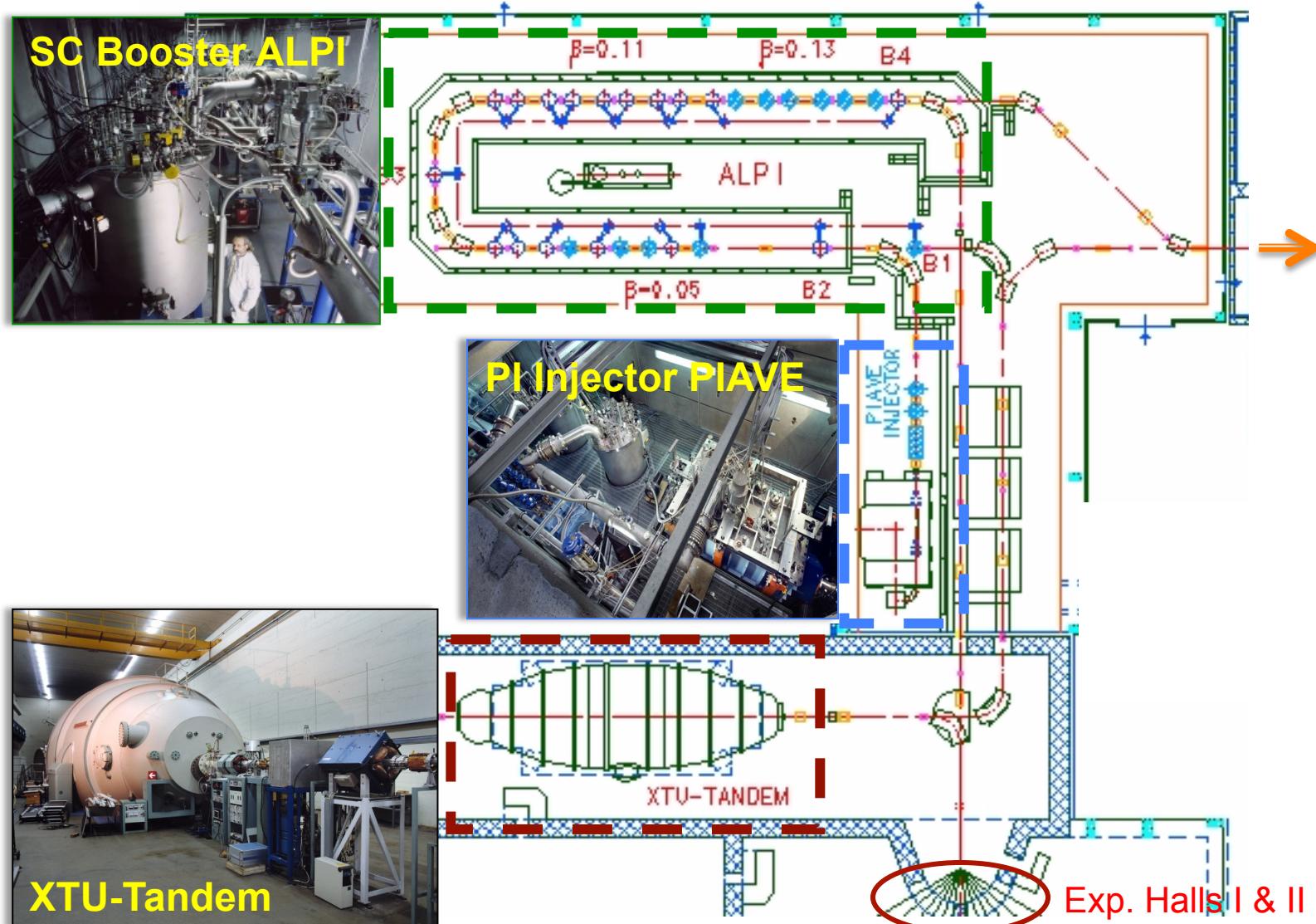
Tandem XTU



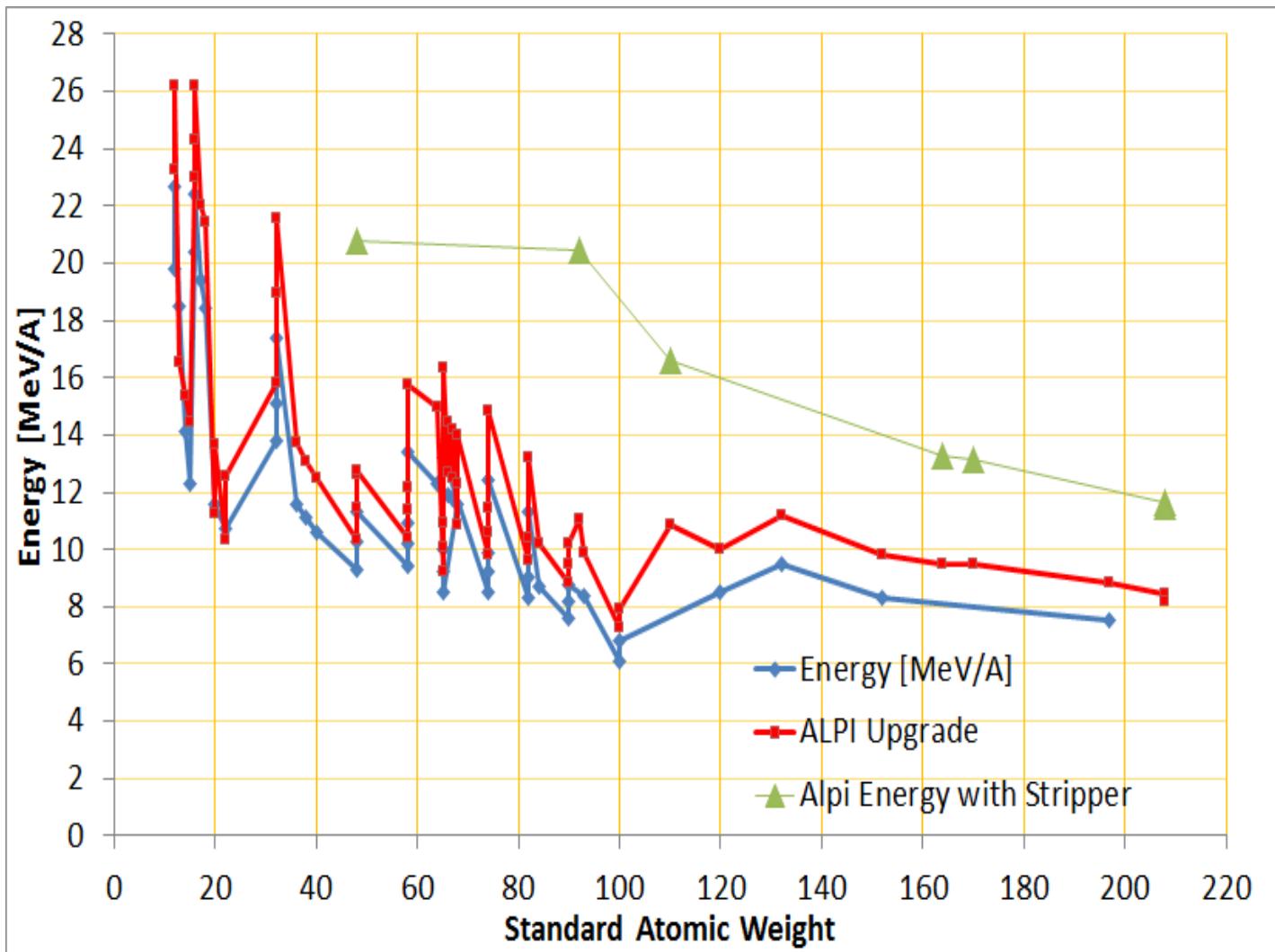
3 Experimental Halls



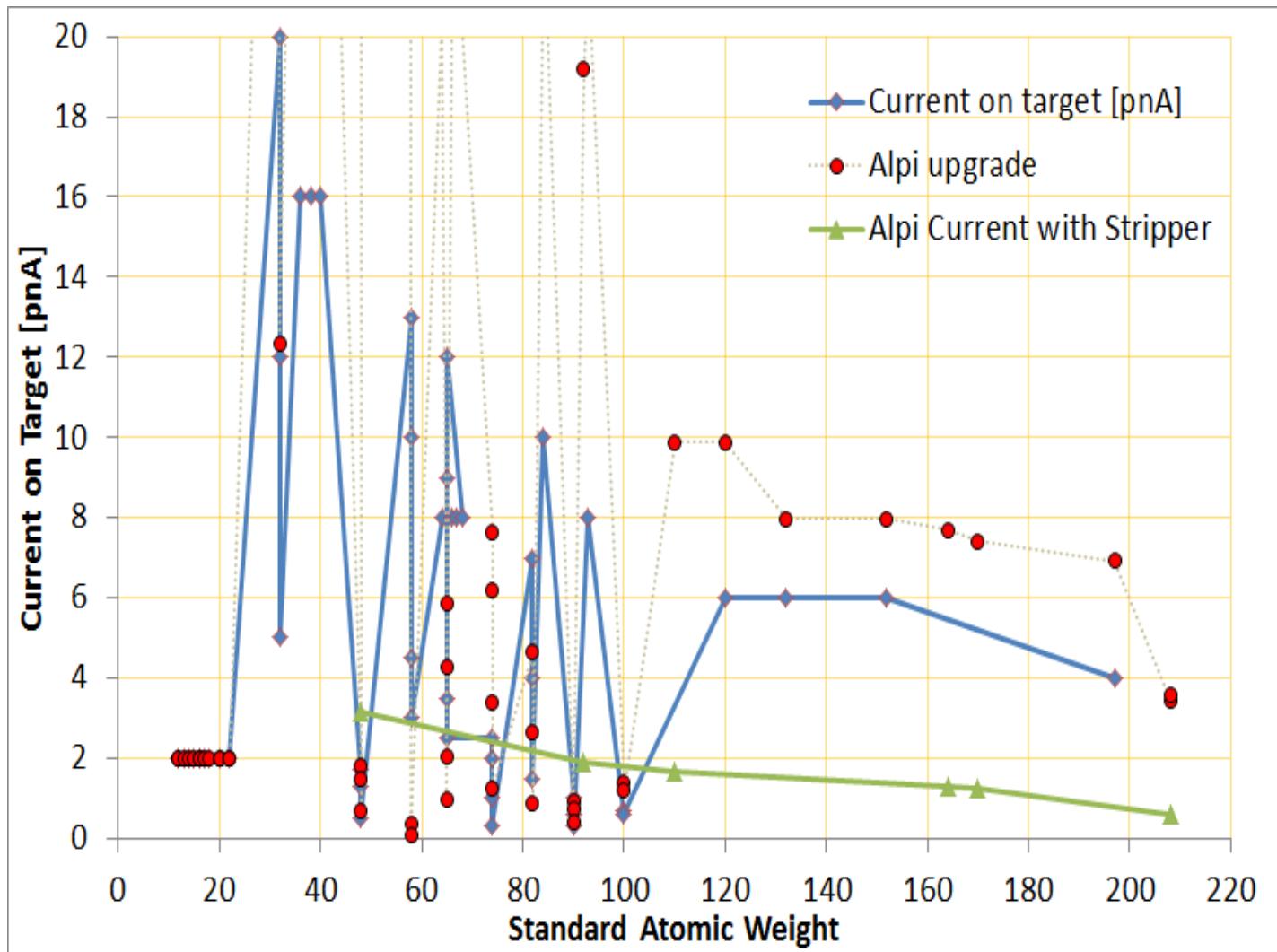
Schematic Layout of the TAP Complex



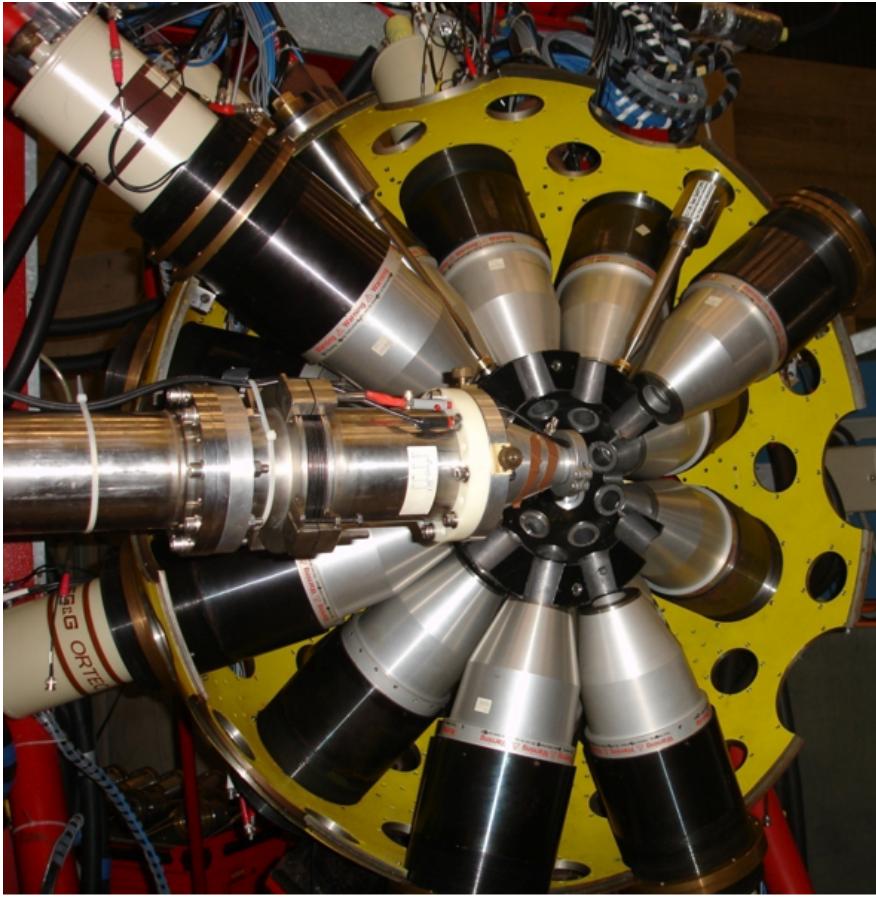
TAP – Beam Energies



TAP – Beam Currents



The GASP Array



GASP
1992 – 2012

40 HPGe (80%) + AC
 ε_{ph} (1.3MeV) ~ 3% (@ 27 cm) I
~ 5.8% (@ 22 cm) II
P/T ~ 60%

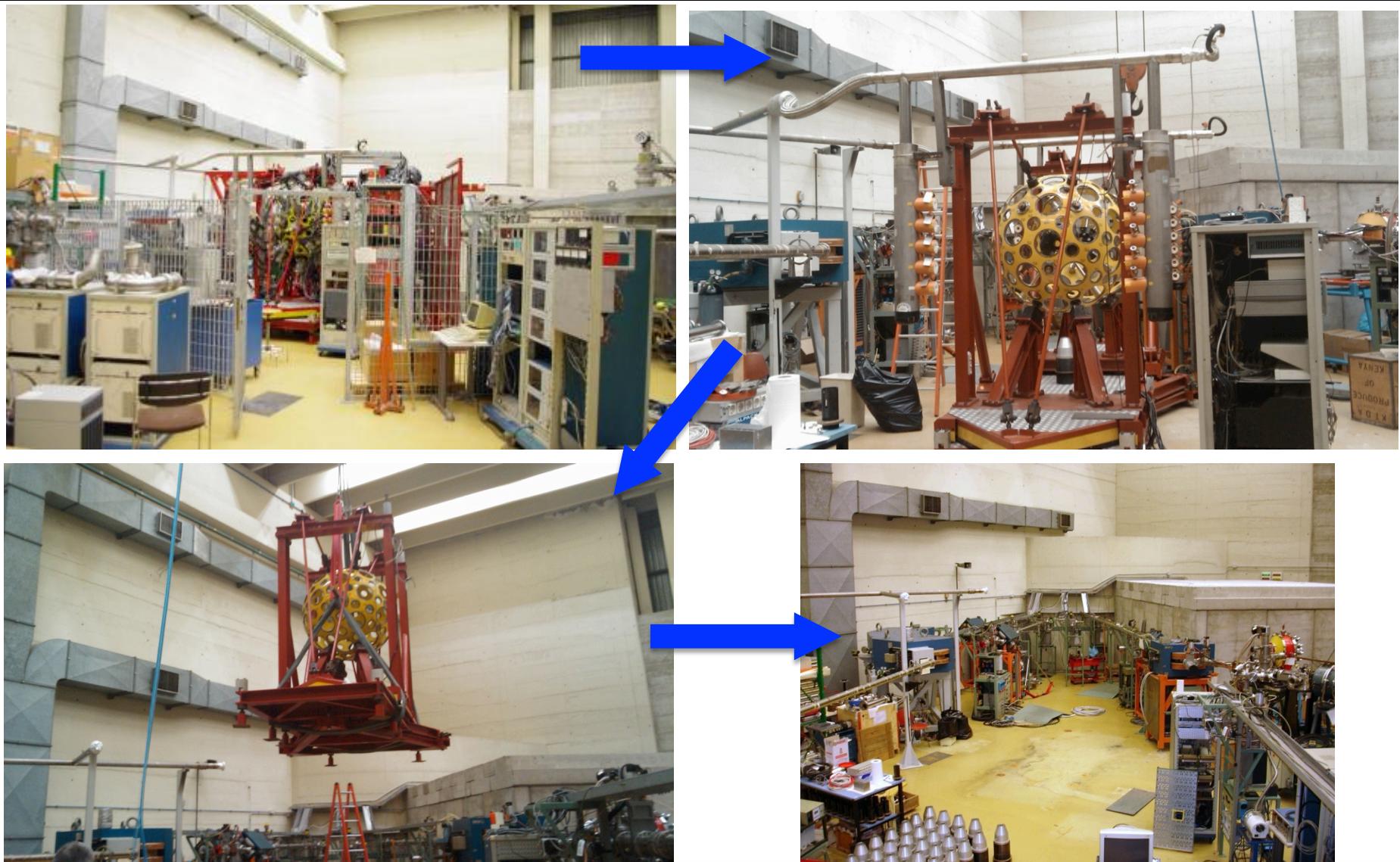
BGO multiplicity filter – 80 elements

Study of high-spin states populated in fusion-evaporation reactions coupled to ancillary detectors such as EUCLIDES, Plunger, n-Ring, RFD, LuSiA

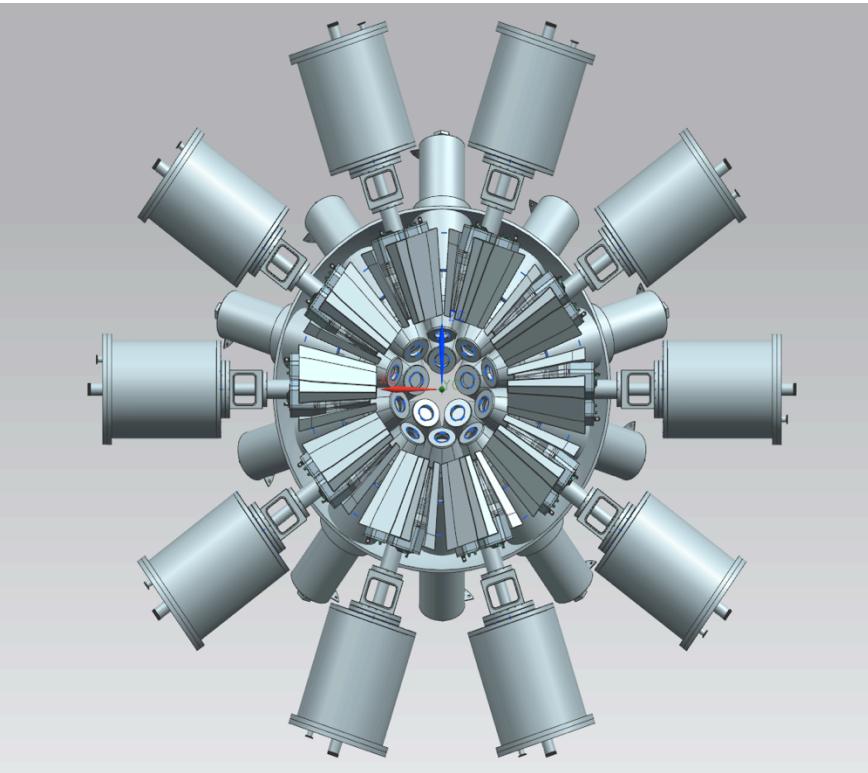
March 6 – 12 last experiment

April 4 – official shutdown

Dismounting the GASP Array



The GALILEO Array



30 GASP detectors @ 22.5cm

5	5	5	5	5	5
29°	51°	59°	121°	129°	151°

10 triple cluster (EB capsules) @ 24cm
90°

European Collaboration

call for Lol in 2009

take advantage of the recent technical developments for AGATA

preamplifiers, digital sampling,
preprocessing, DAQ

→ **high counting rates (30–50 kHz/det)**

use of existing detectors

EB cluster detectors capsules

GASP detectors

→ **high photopeak efficiency**

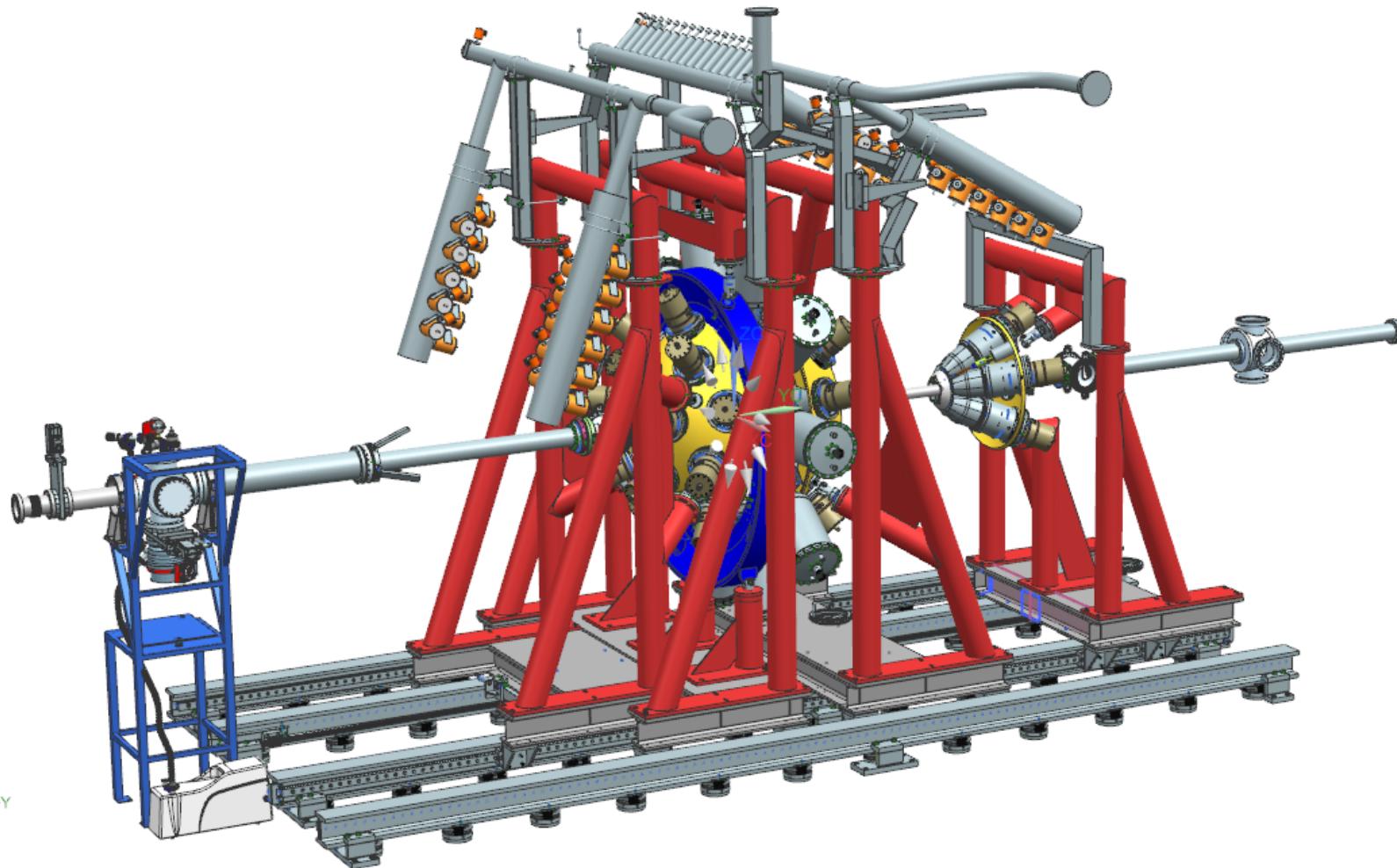
$\varepsilon_{ph} \sim 8\%$ P/T $\sim 50\%$

use beam facilities at LNL

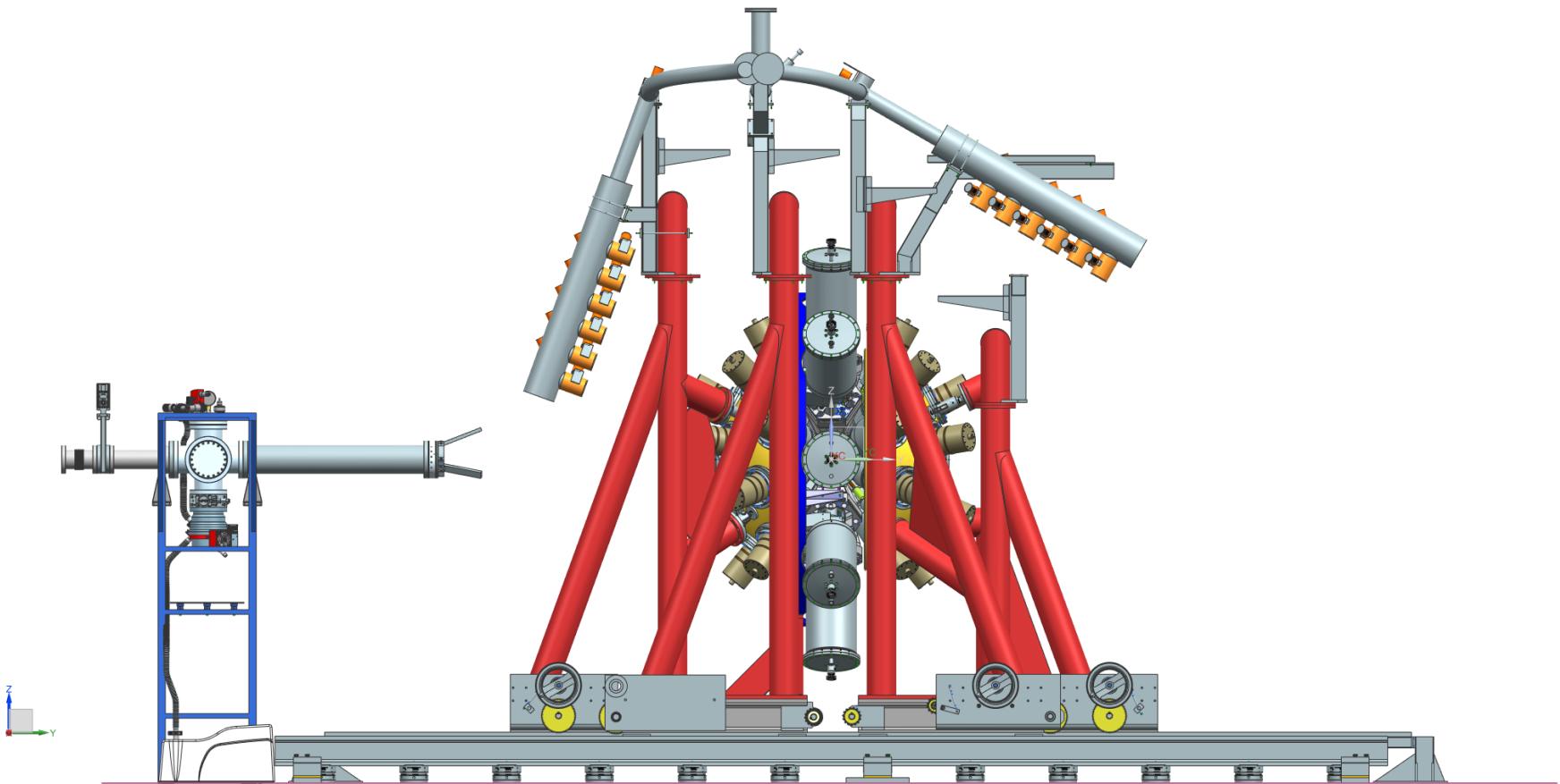
Tandem, ALPI, PIAVE – stable
SPES – RIB

→ **production of new nuclei**

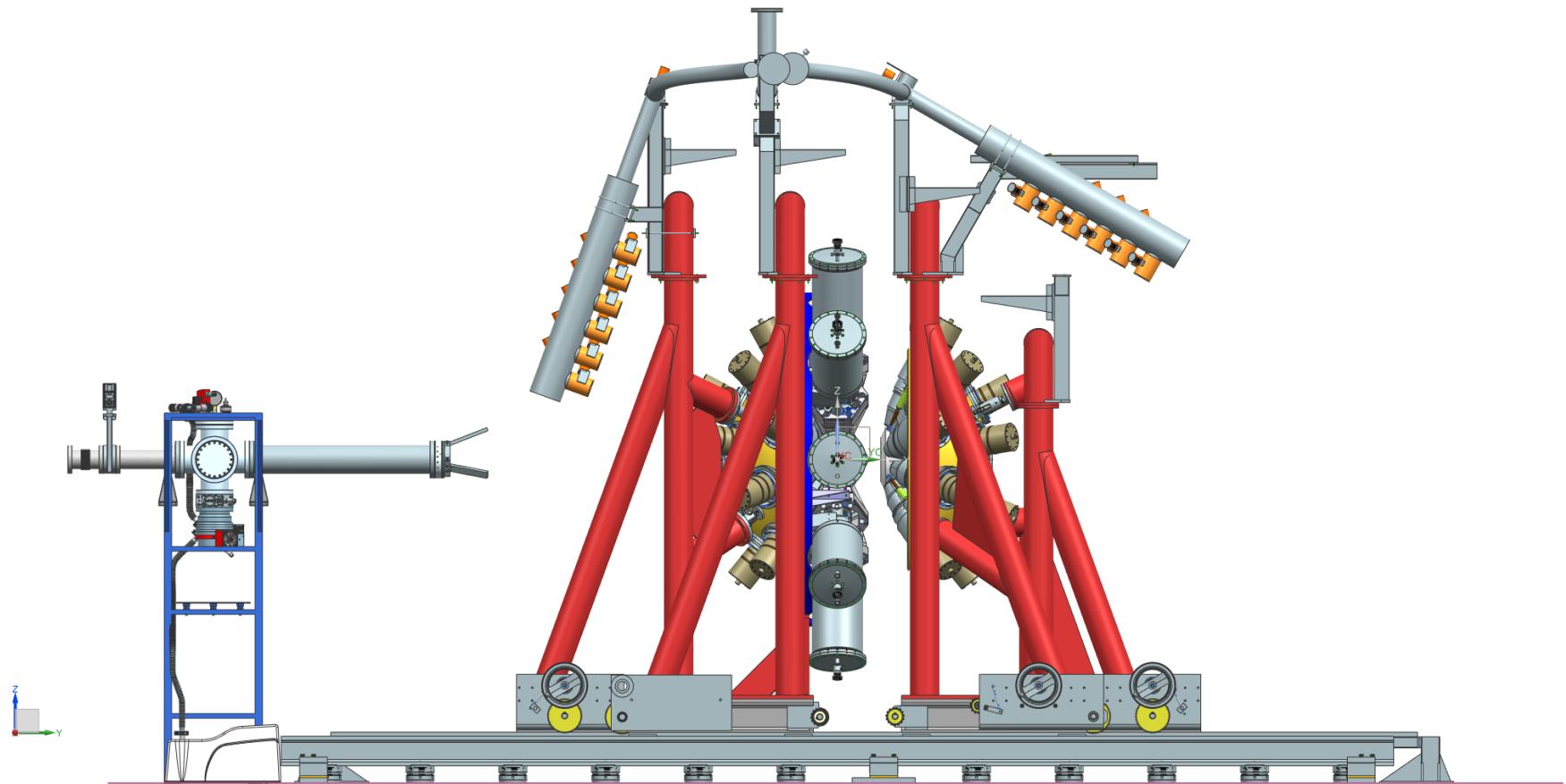
The GALILEO Array



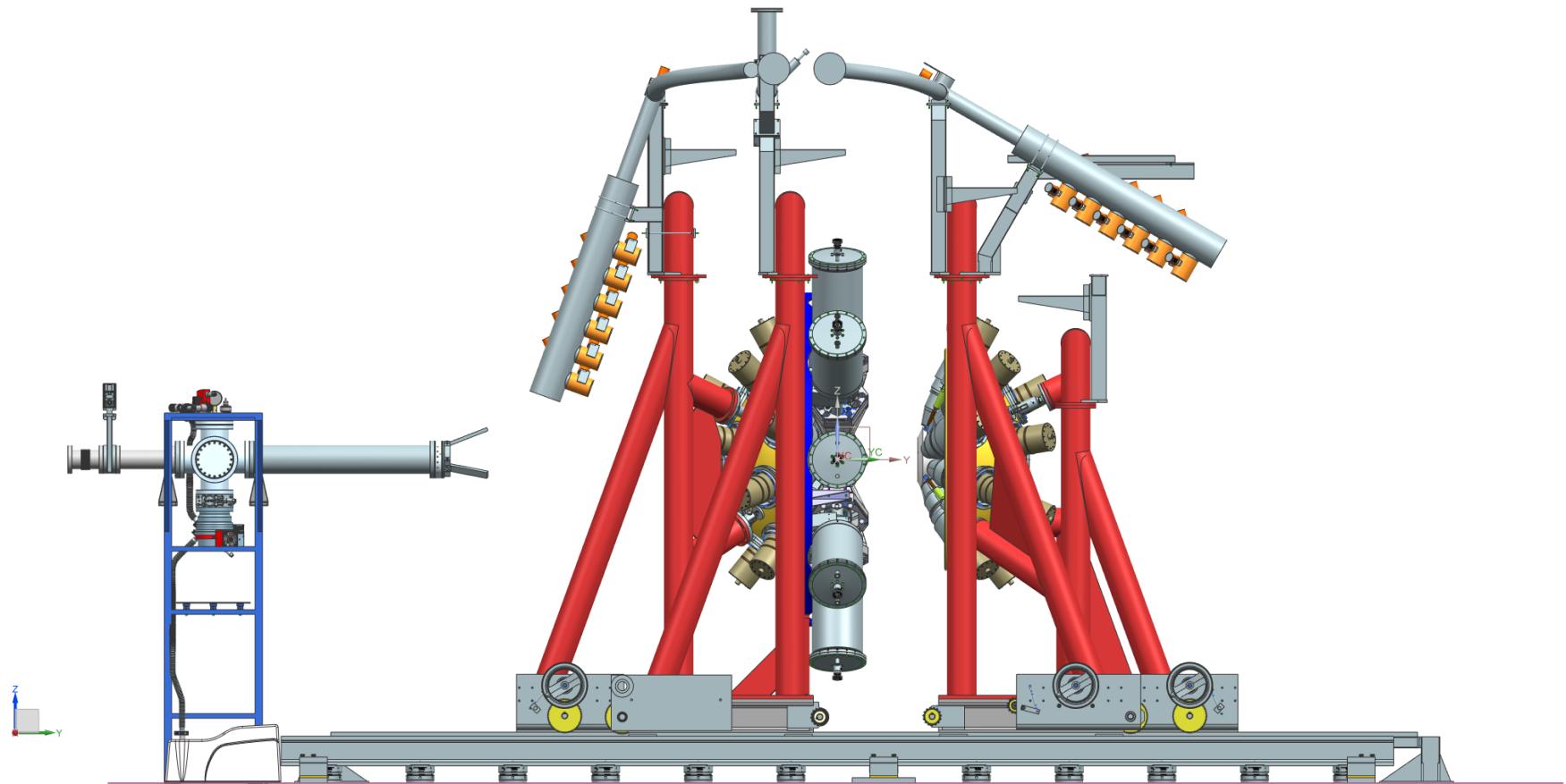
The GALILEO Array



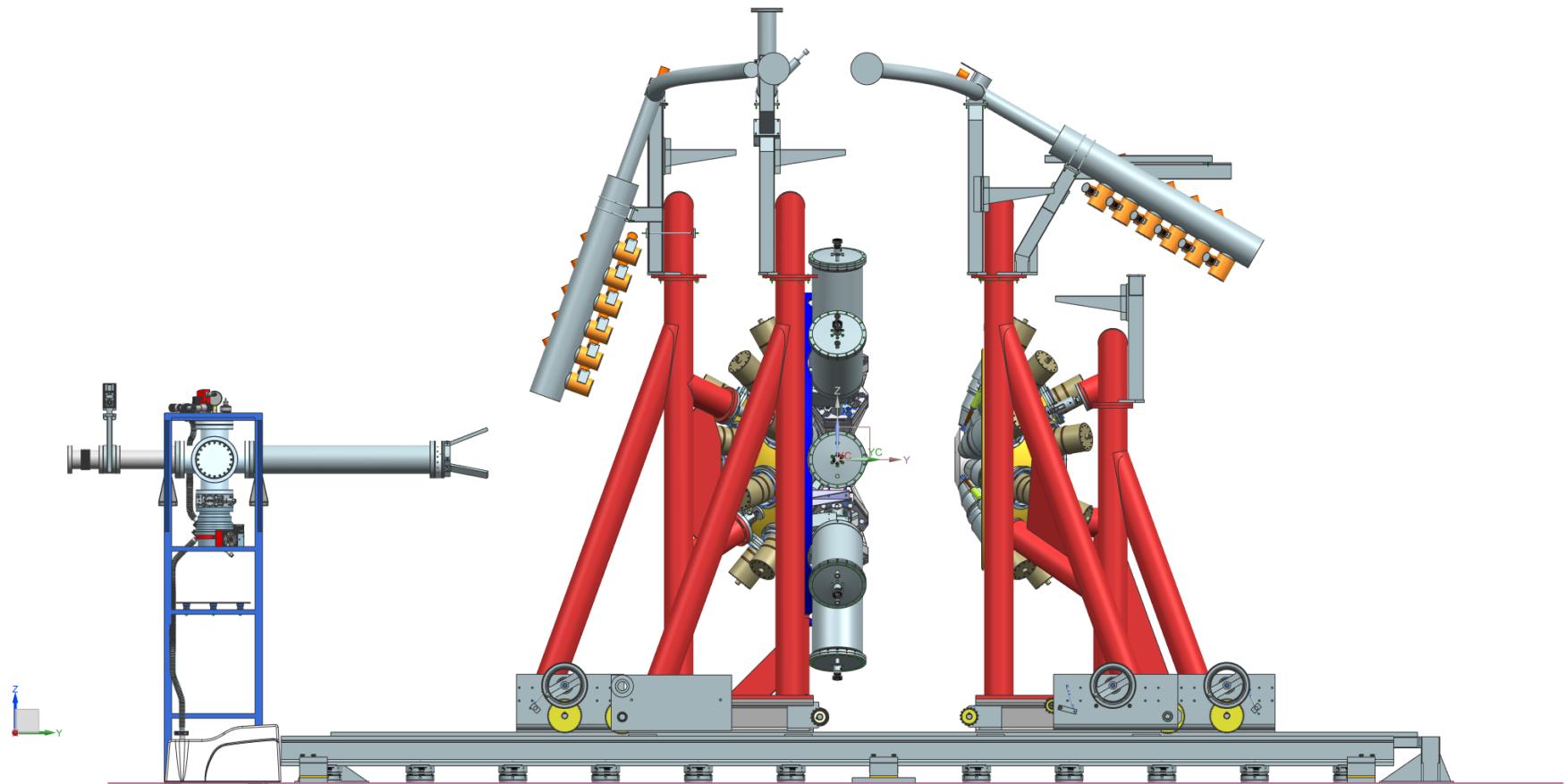
The GALILEO Array



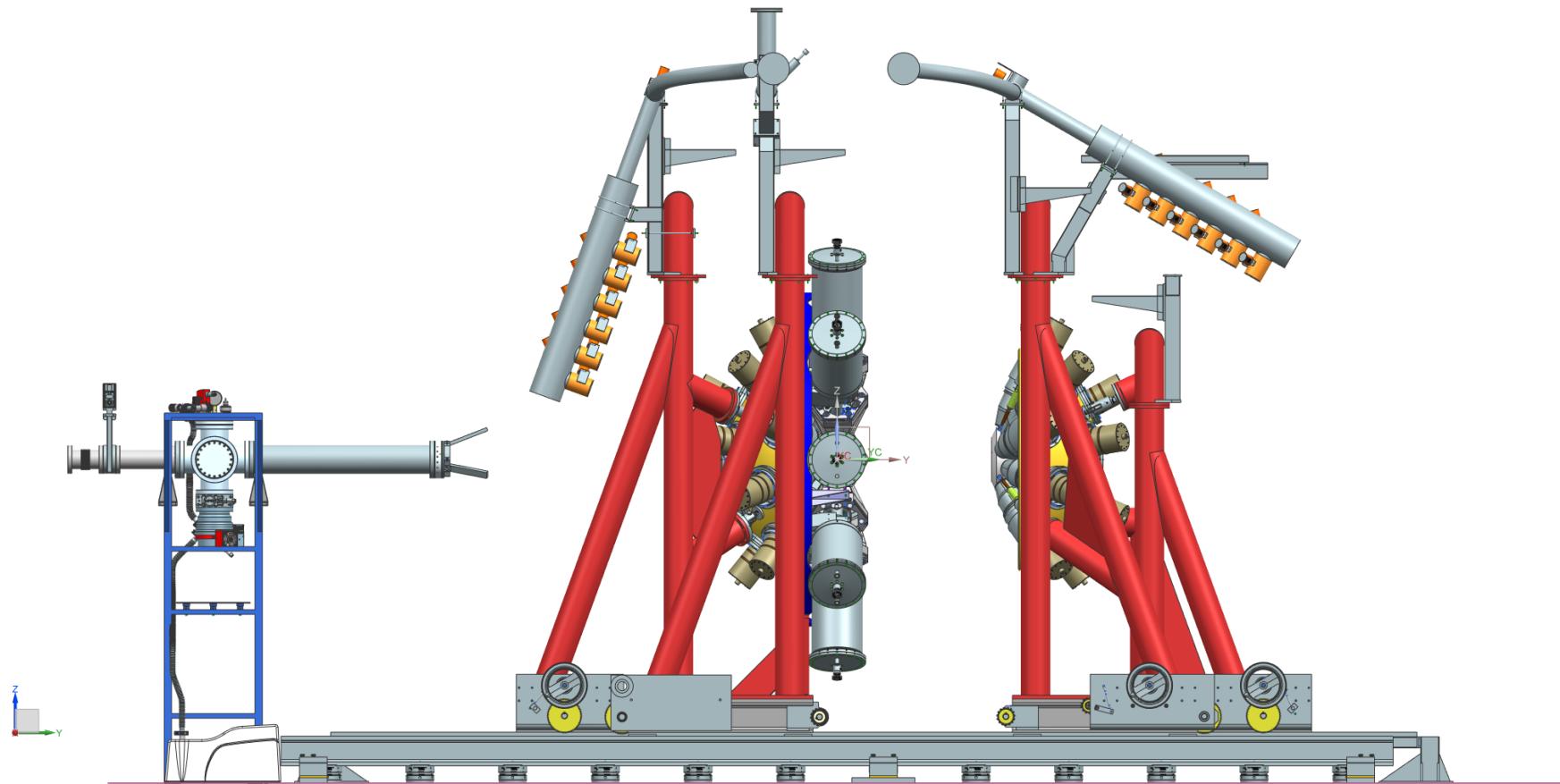
The GALILEO Array



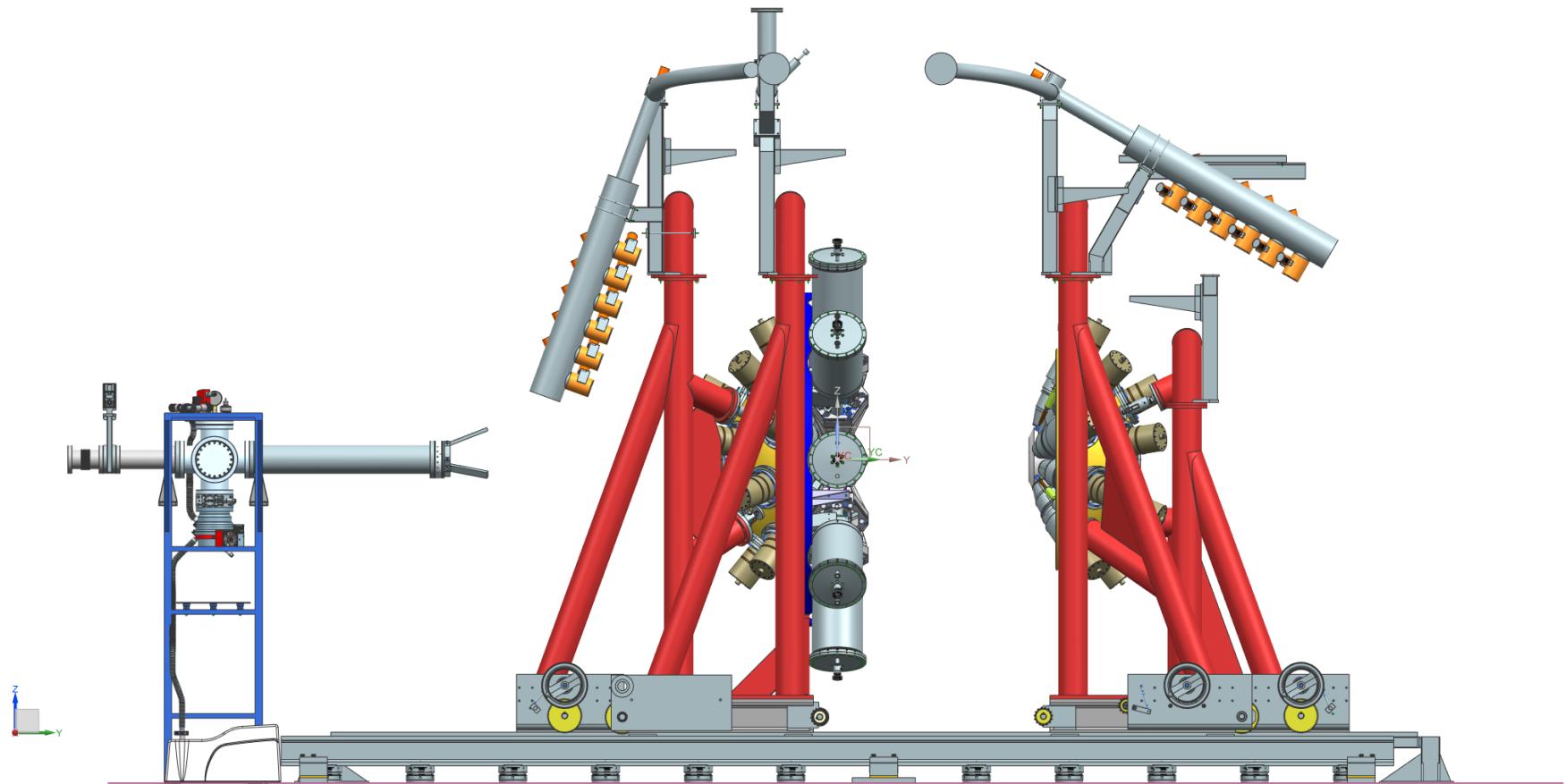
The GALILEO Array



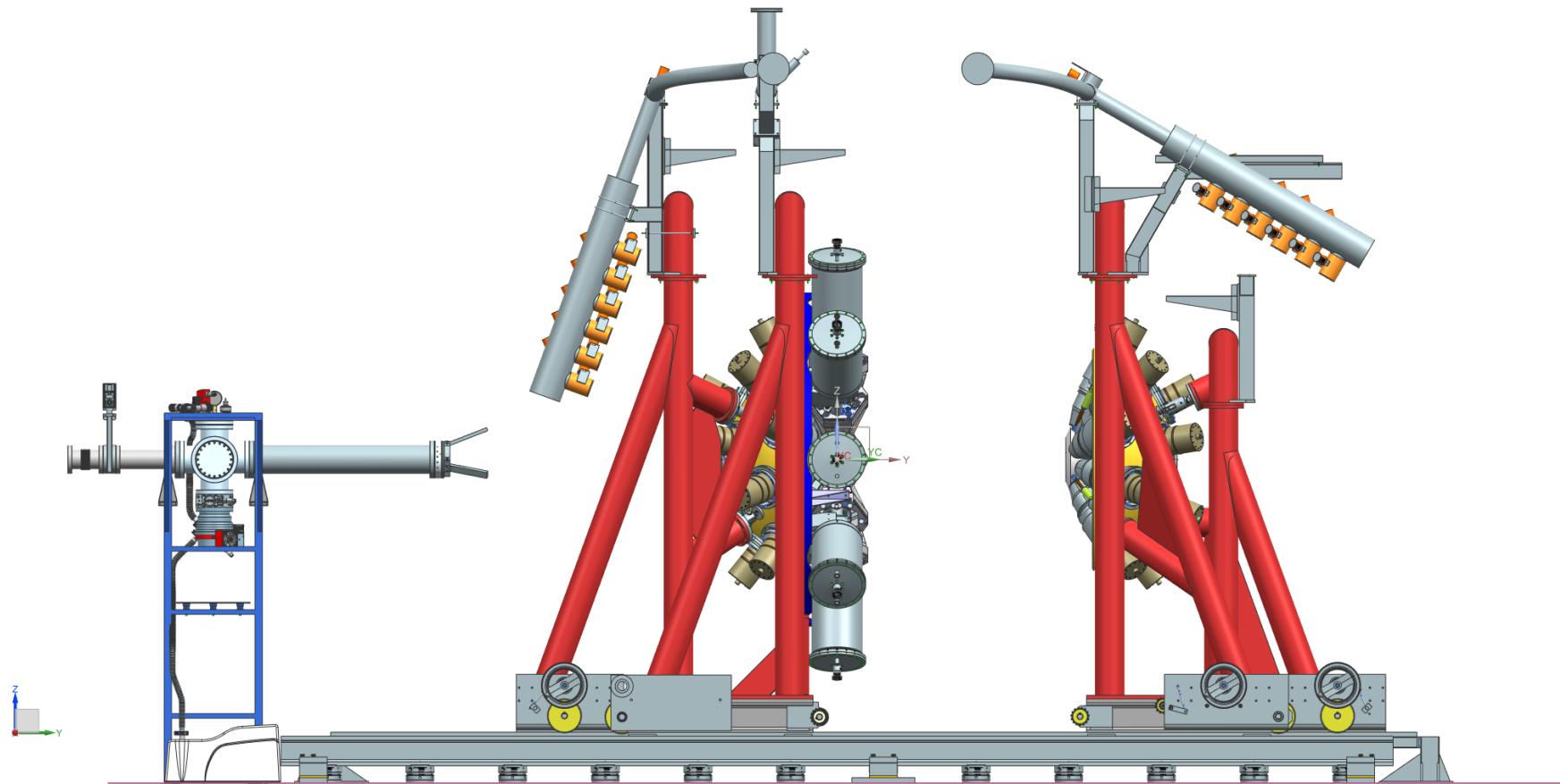
The GALILEO Array



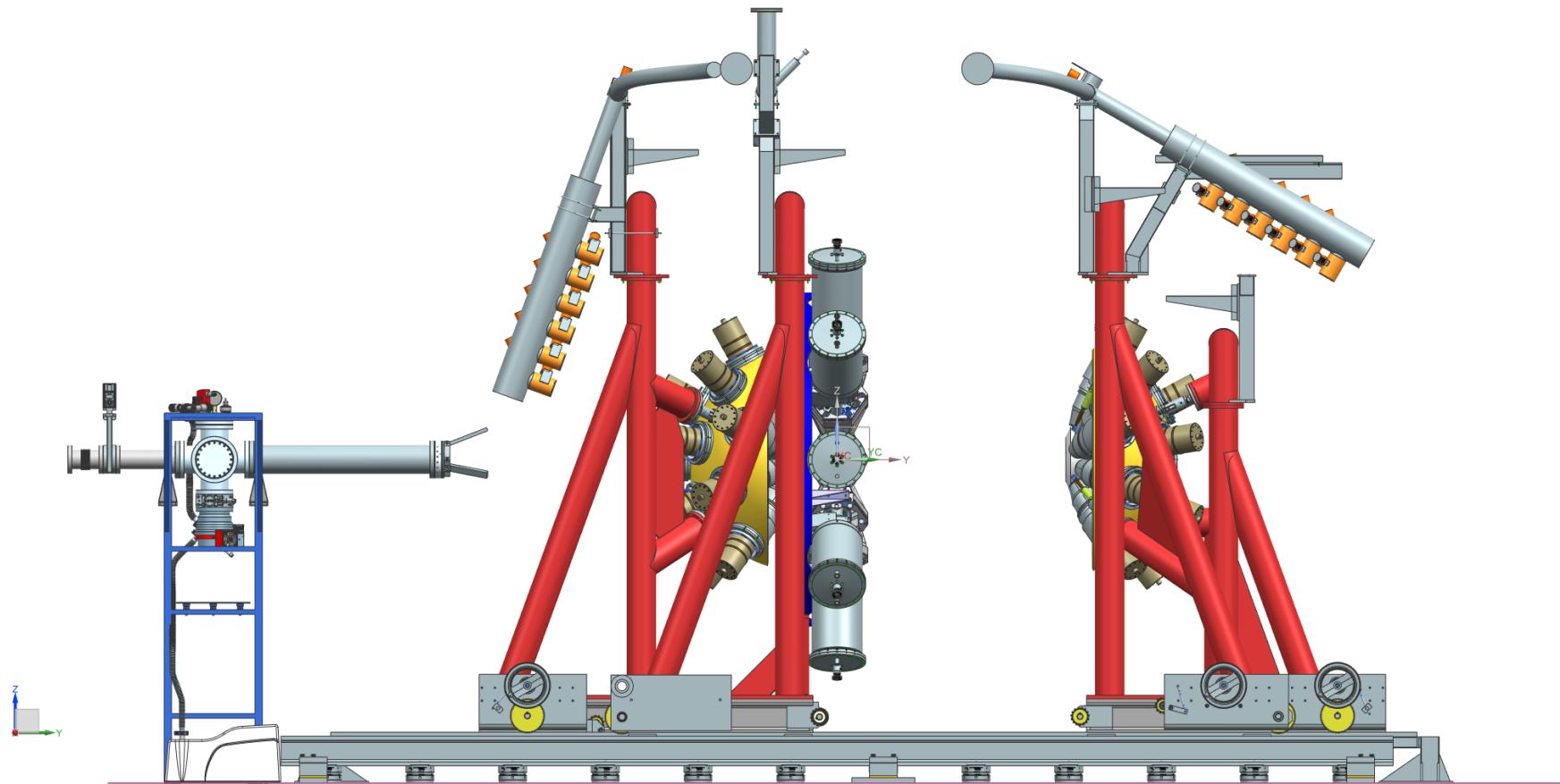
The GALILEO Array



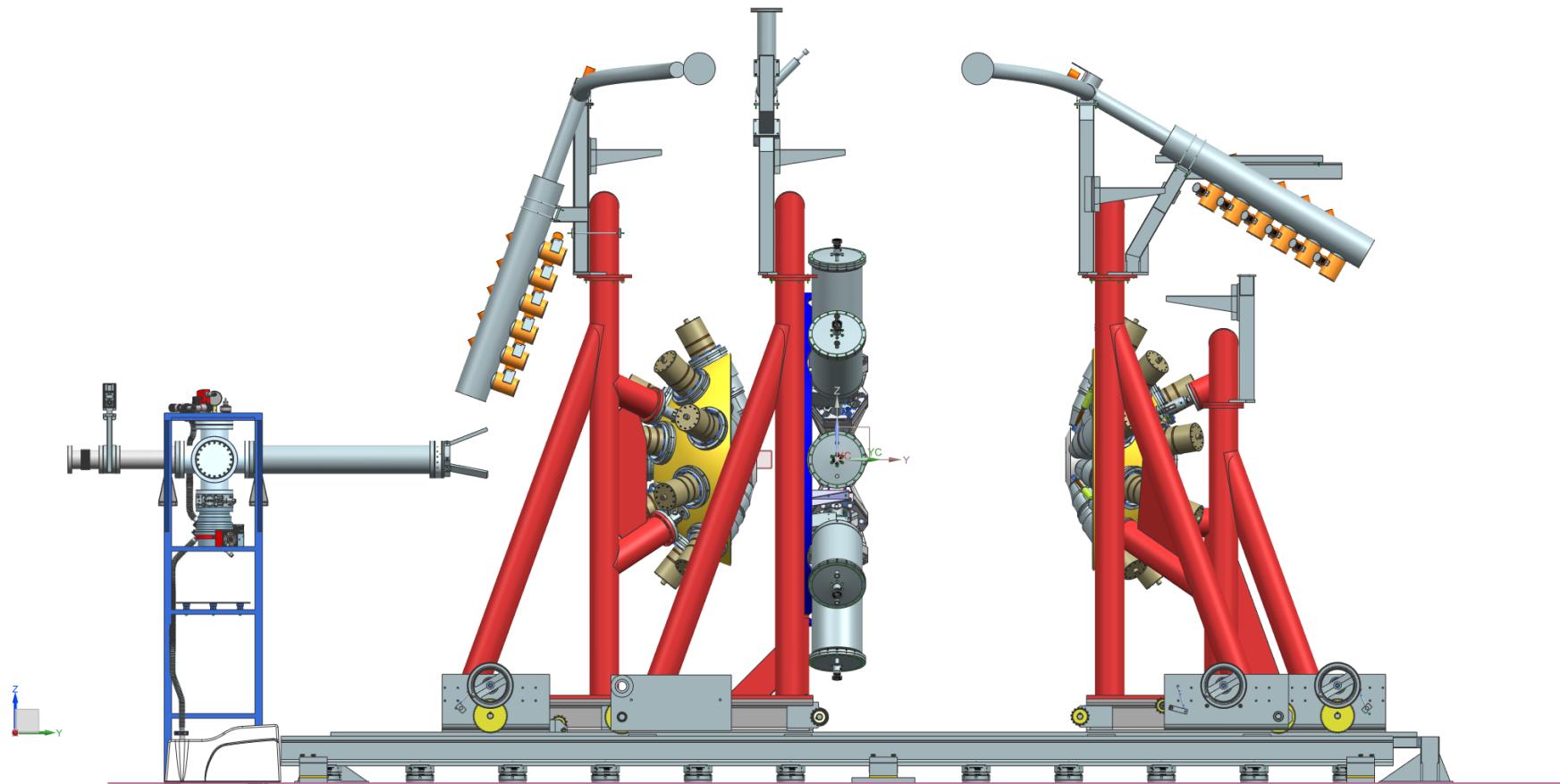
The GALILEO Array



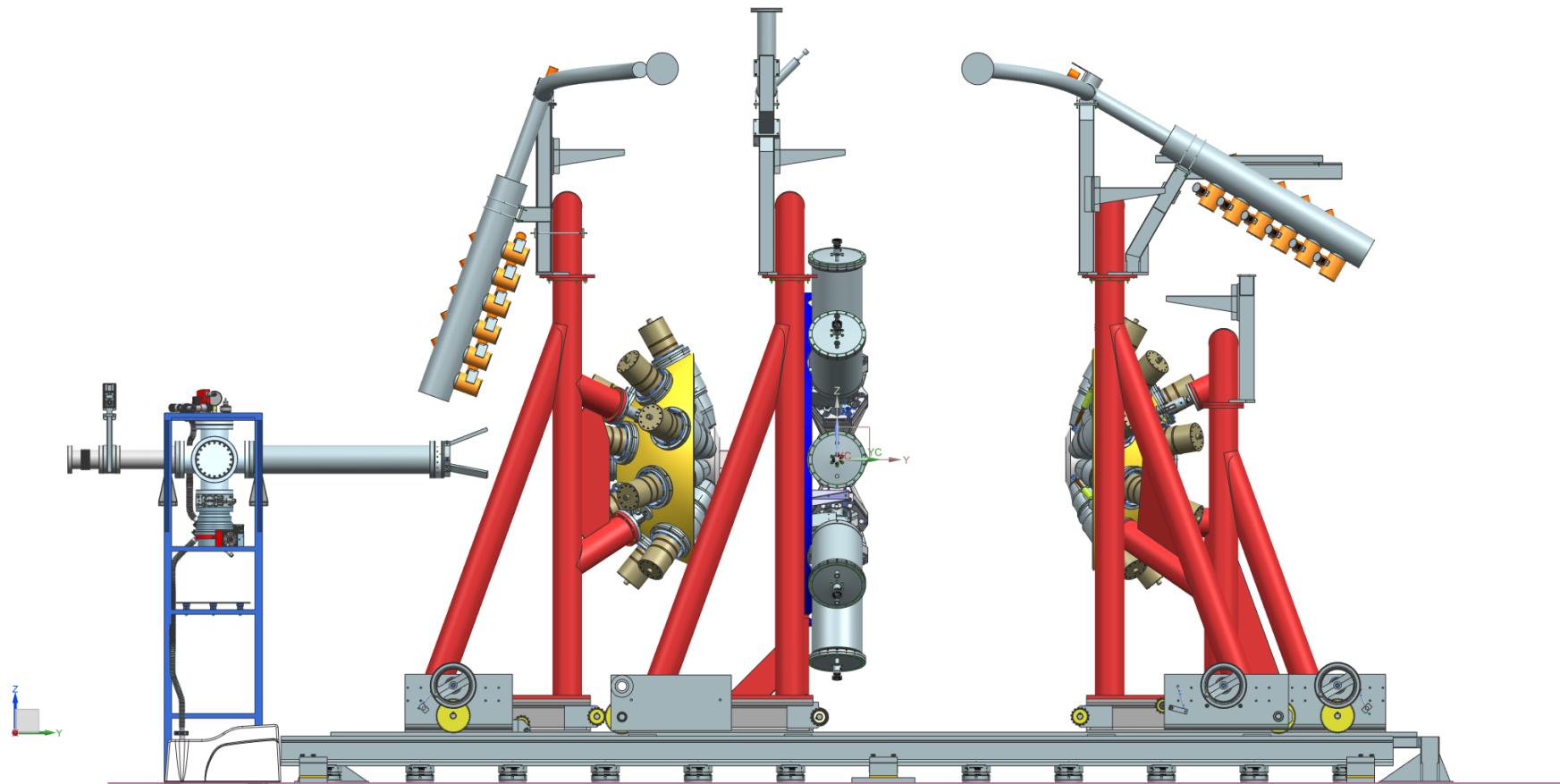
The GALILEO Array



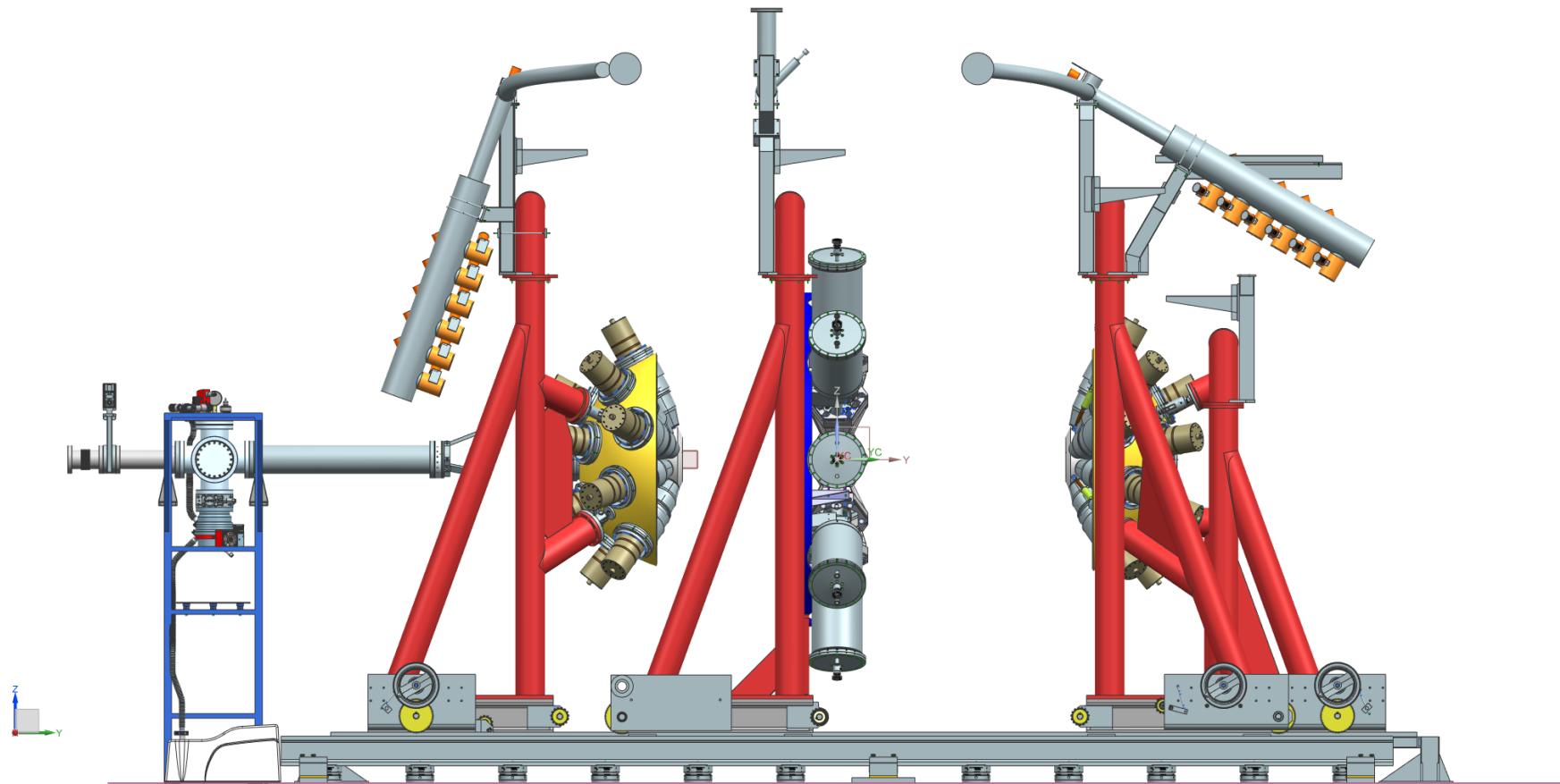
The GALILEO Array



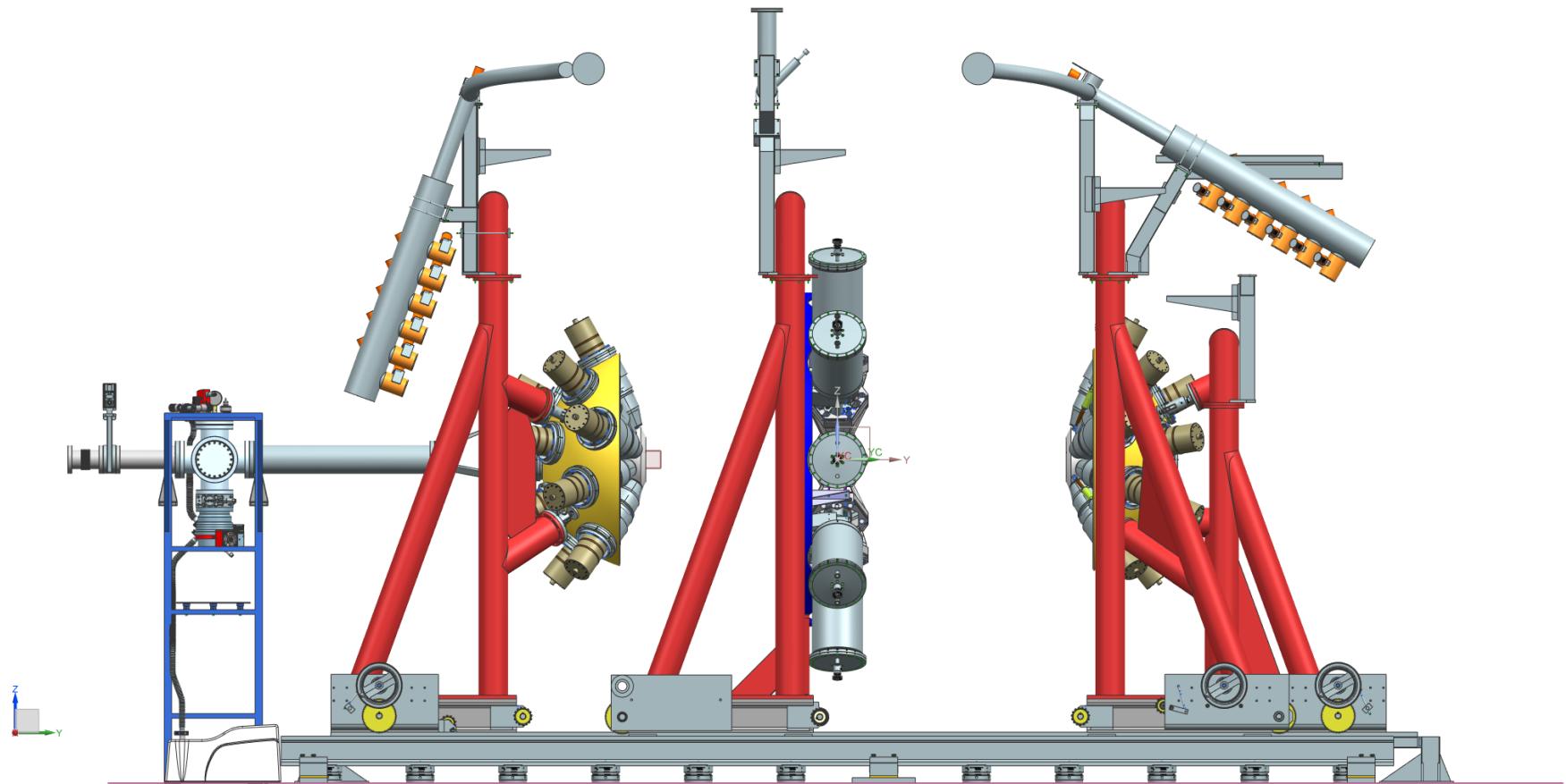
The GALILEO Array



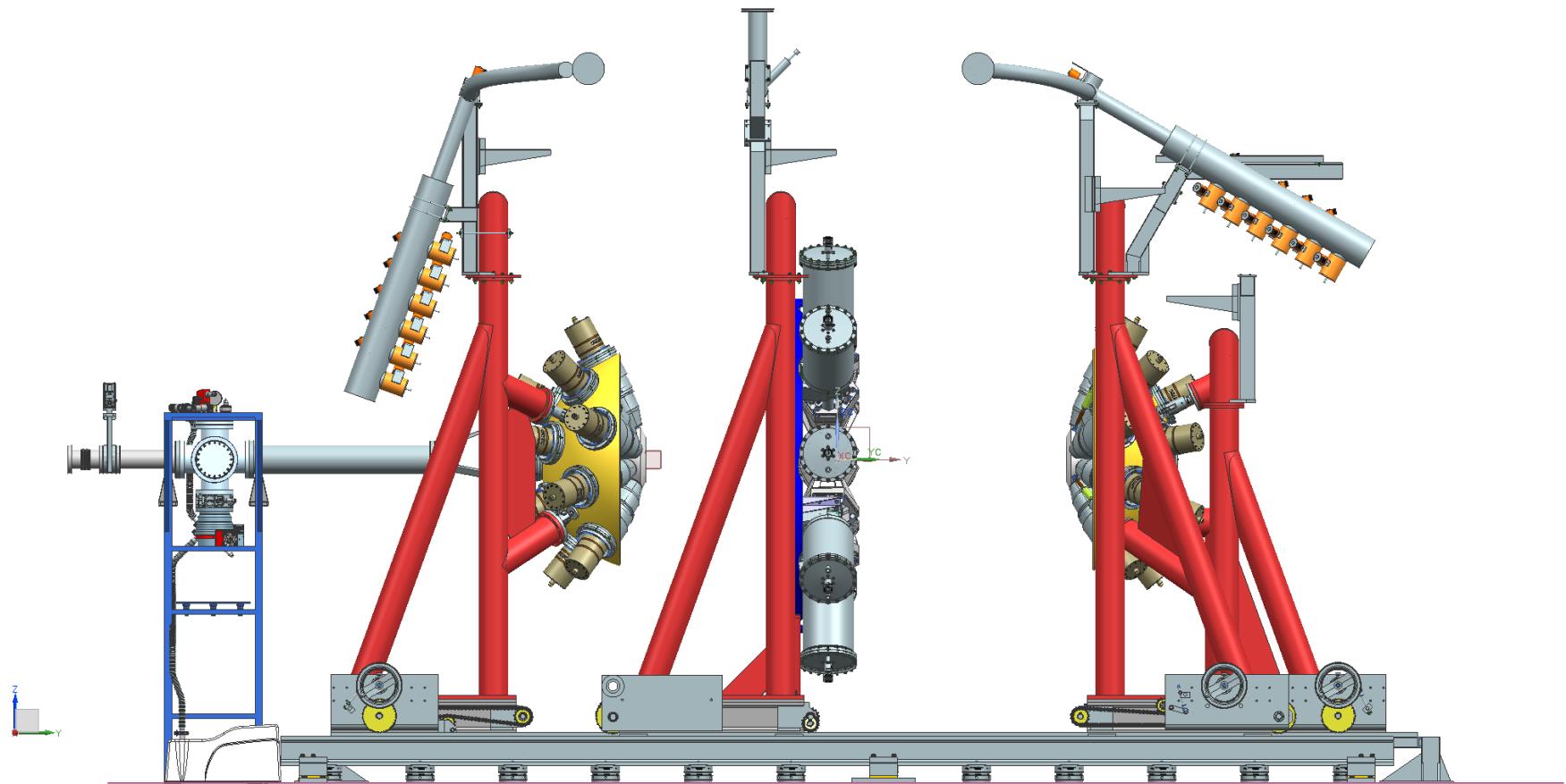
The GALILEO Array



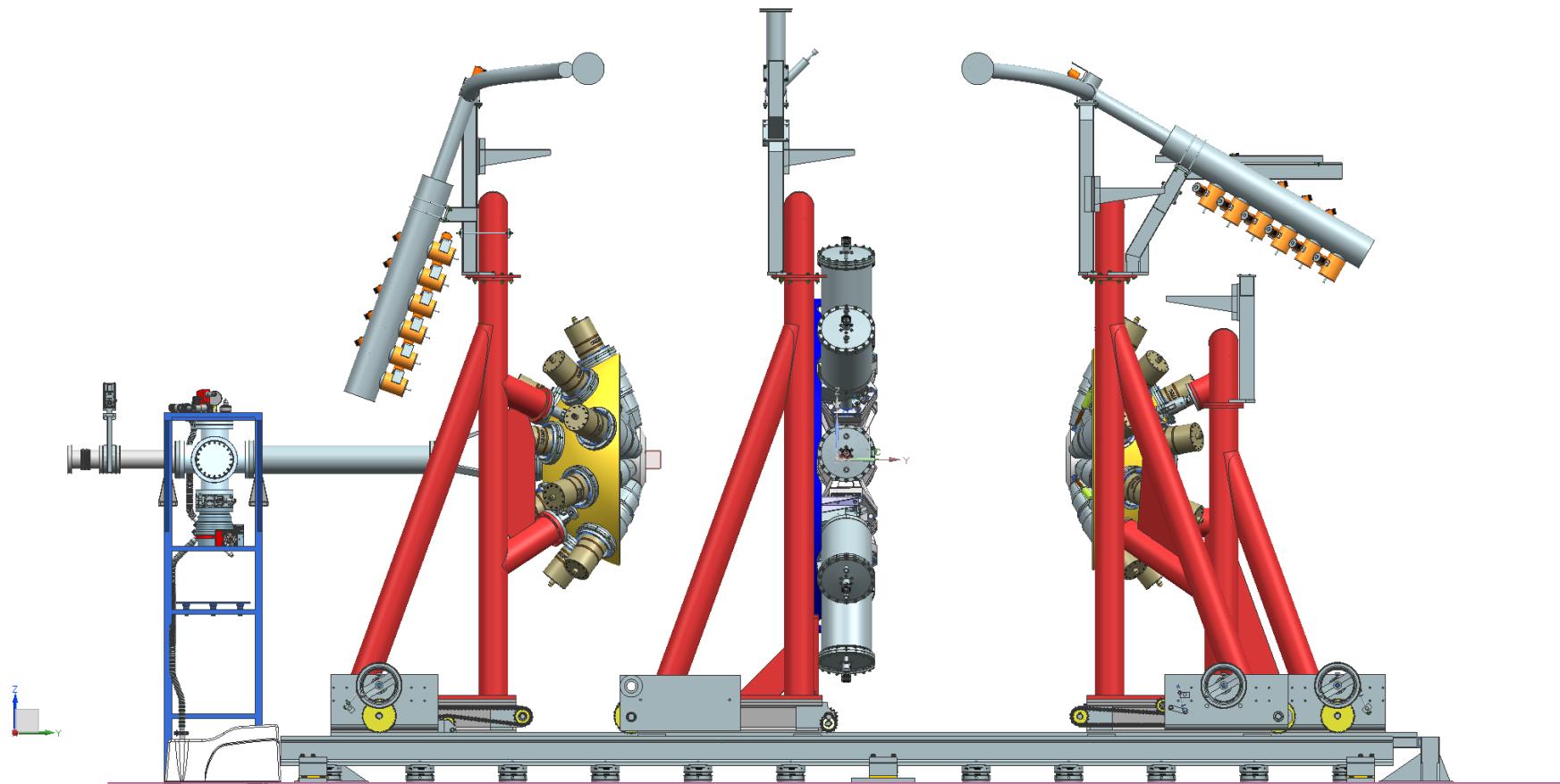
The GALILEO Array



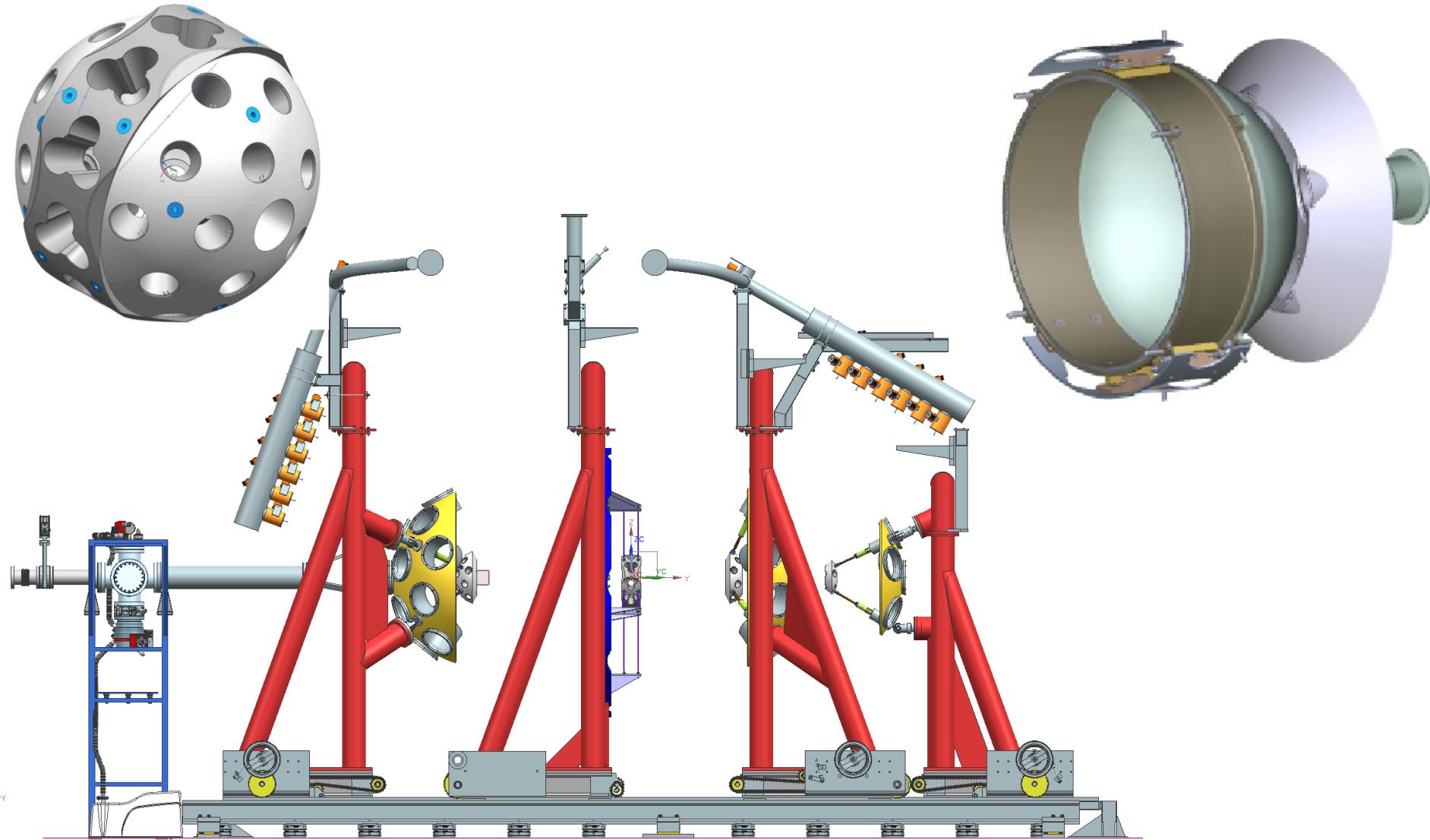
The GALILEO Array



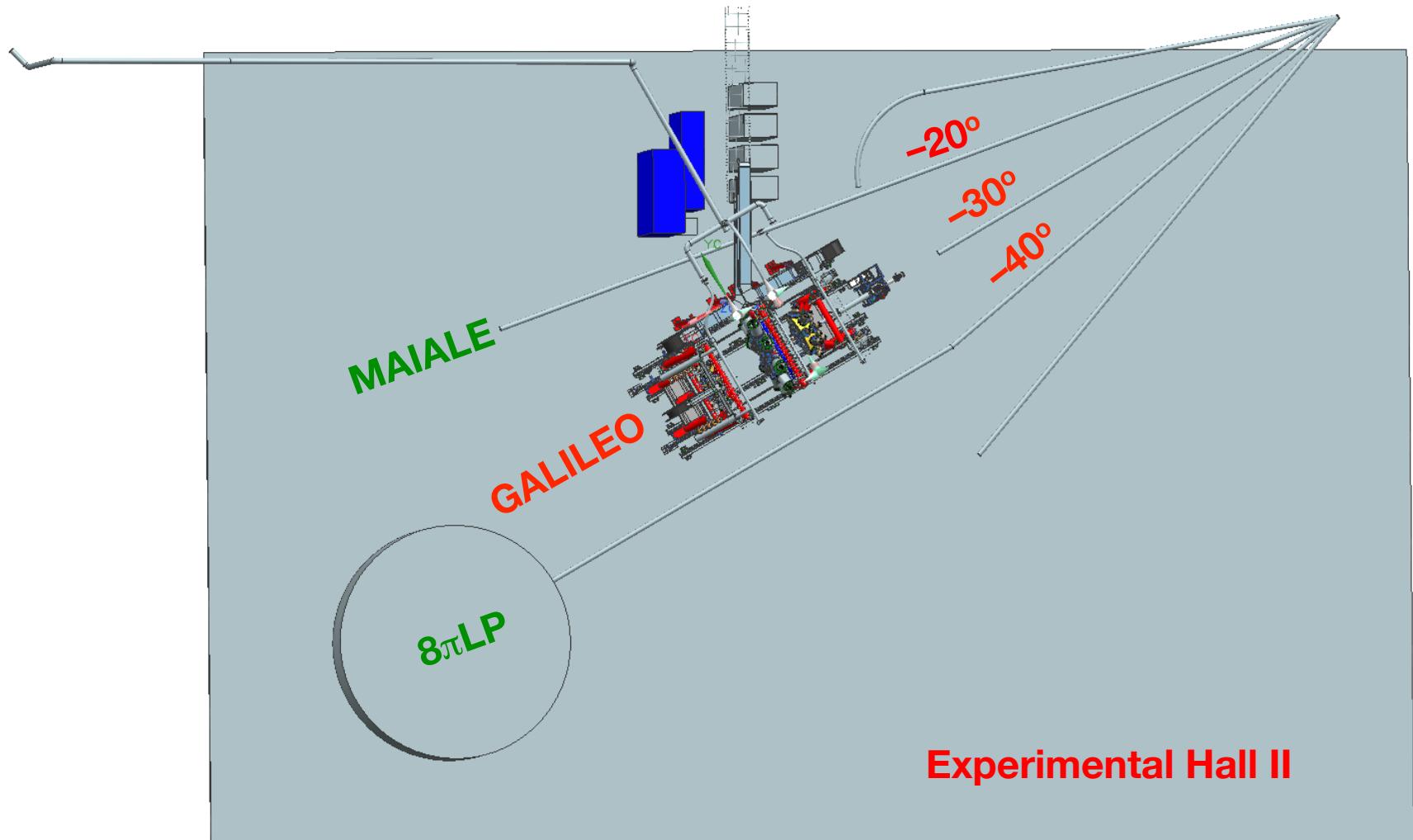
The GALILEO Array



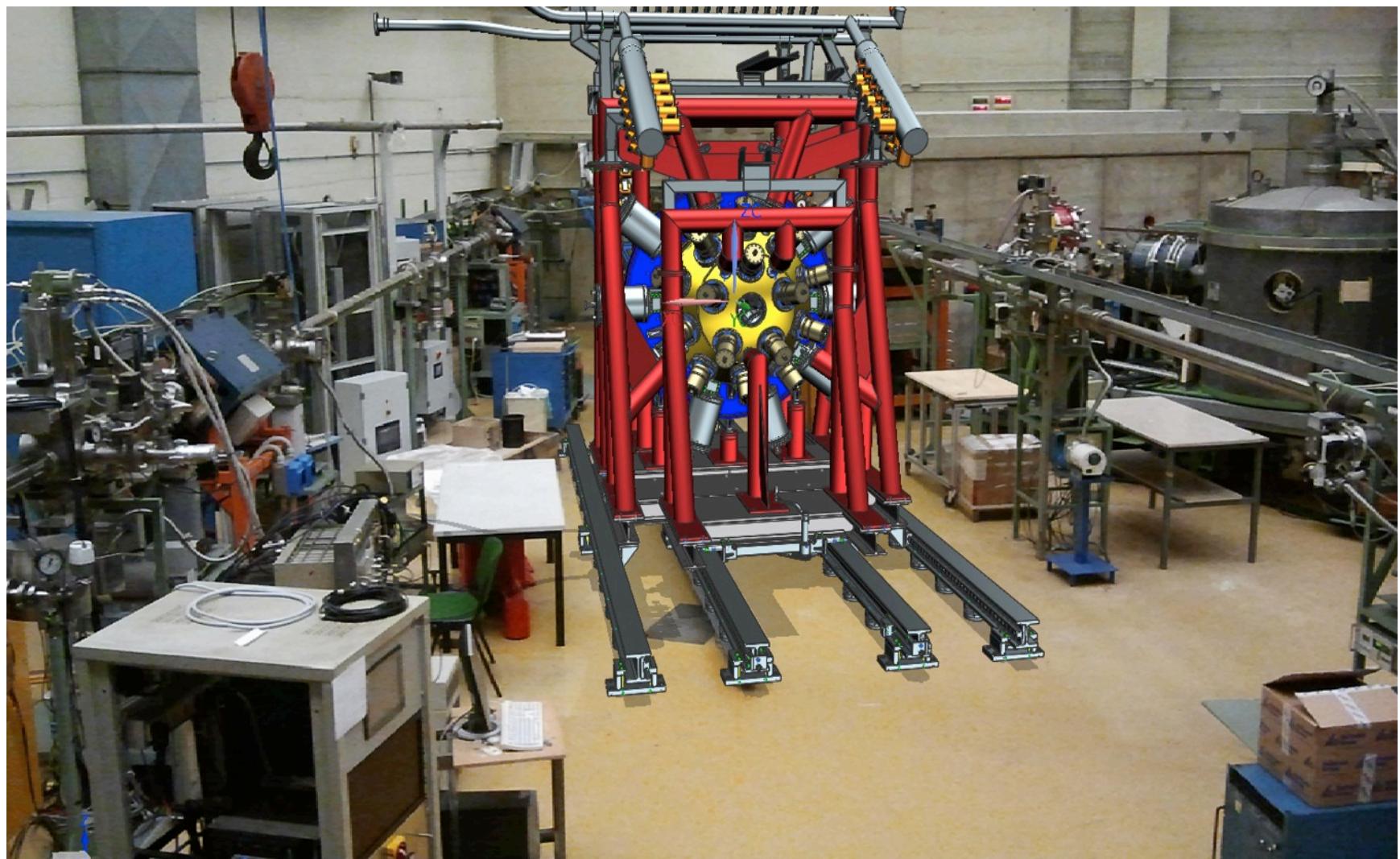
GALILEO – Pb Collimator



GALILEO – Location



GALILEO in Hall II



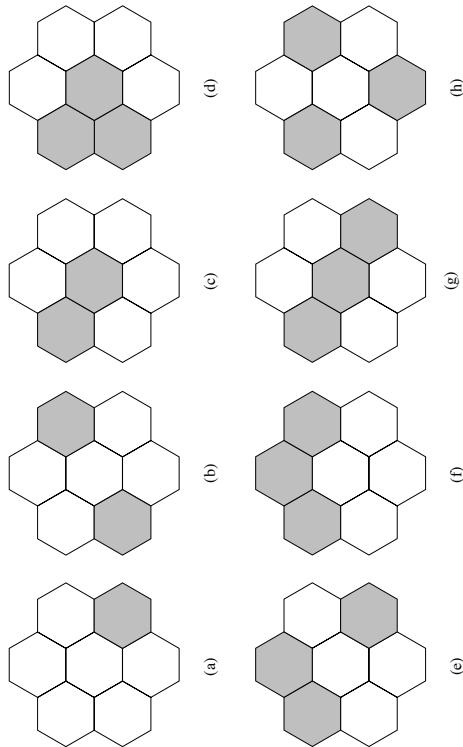
GALILEO in Hall II



GALILEO in Hall II



GTC – GALILEO Triple Cluster Detector

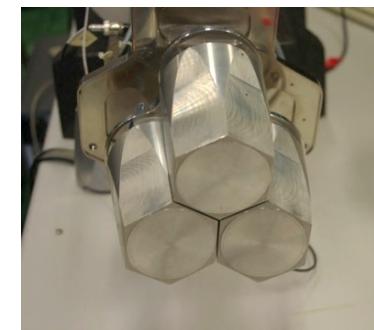
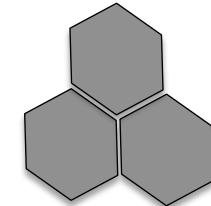


EB cluster detectors

7 encapsulated n-type HPGe detectors

FWHM < 2.4 keV @ 1332.5 keV

$\varepsilon_{\text{int}} \sim 60\%$



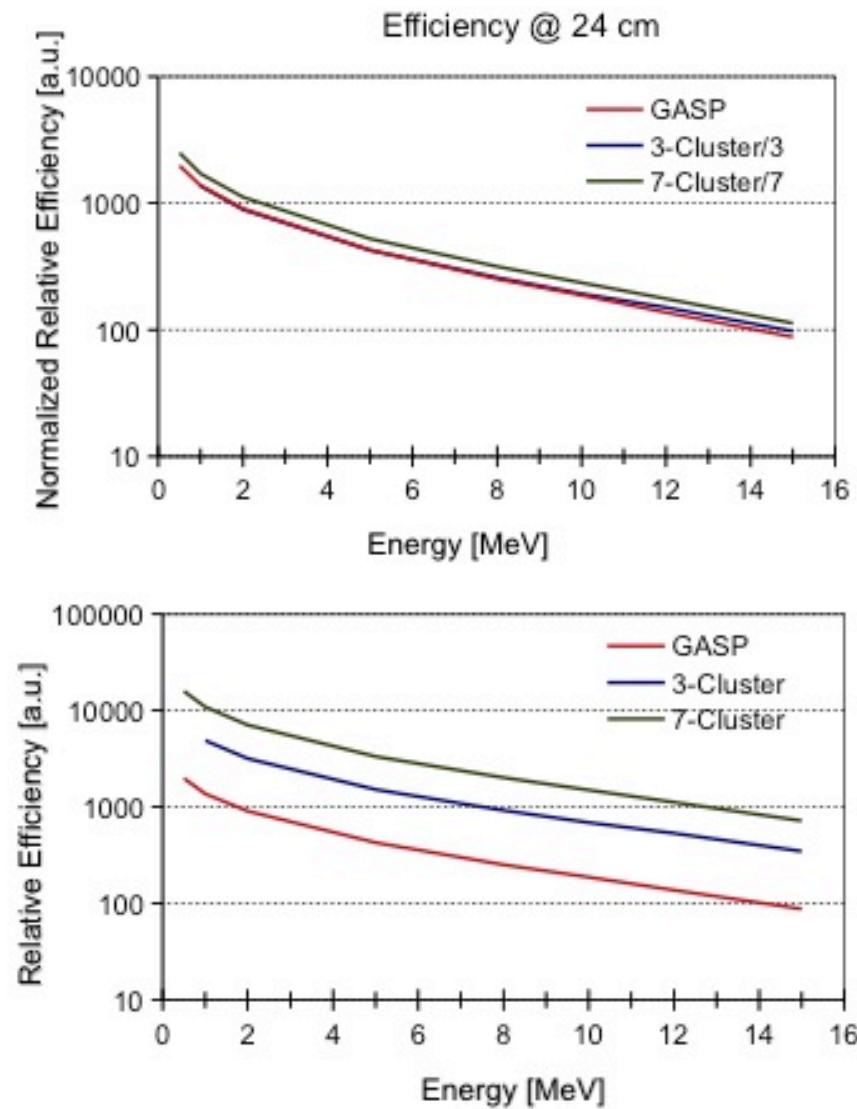
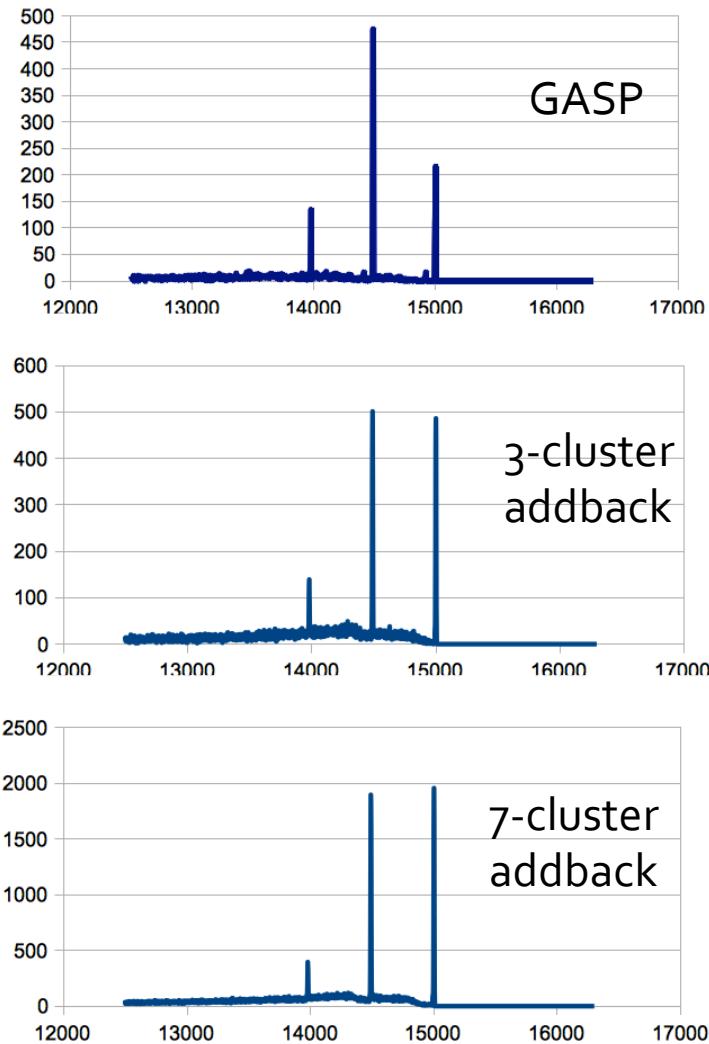
GALILEO cluster detectors

3 encapsulated n-type HPGe detectors

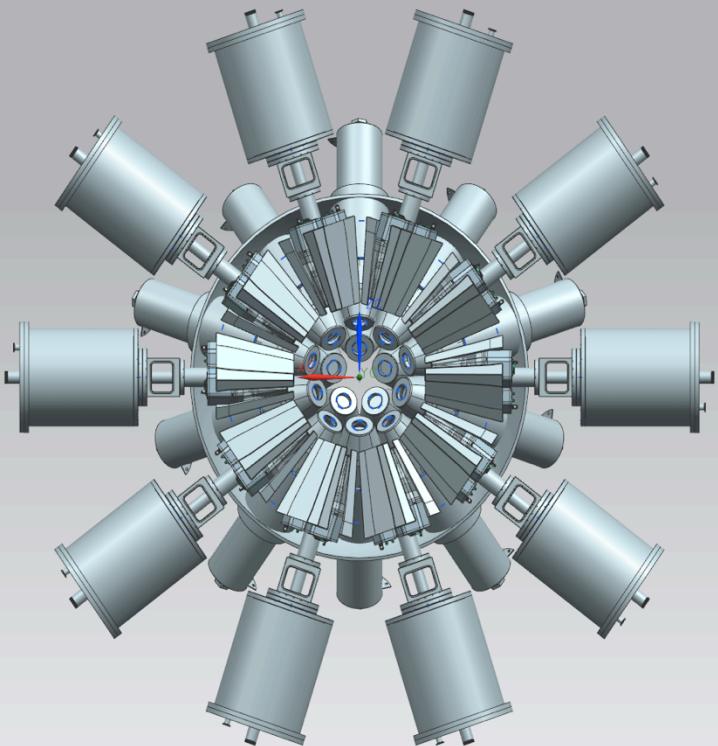
FWHM < 2.4 keV @ 1332.5 keV

$\varepsilon_{\text{int}} \sim 60\%$

GTC – GALILEO Triple Cluster Detector



GTC – GALILEO Triple Cluster Detector



at 90°

10 GASP HPGe (80%) @ 22 cm
 $\rightarrow \epsilon_{ph} \sim 1.5\%$

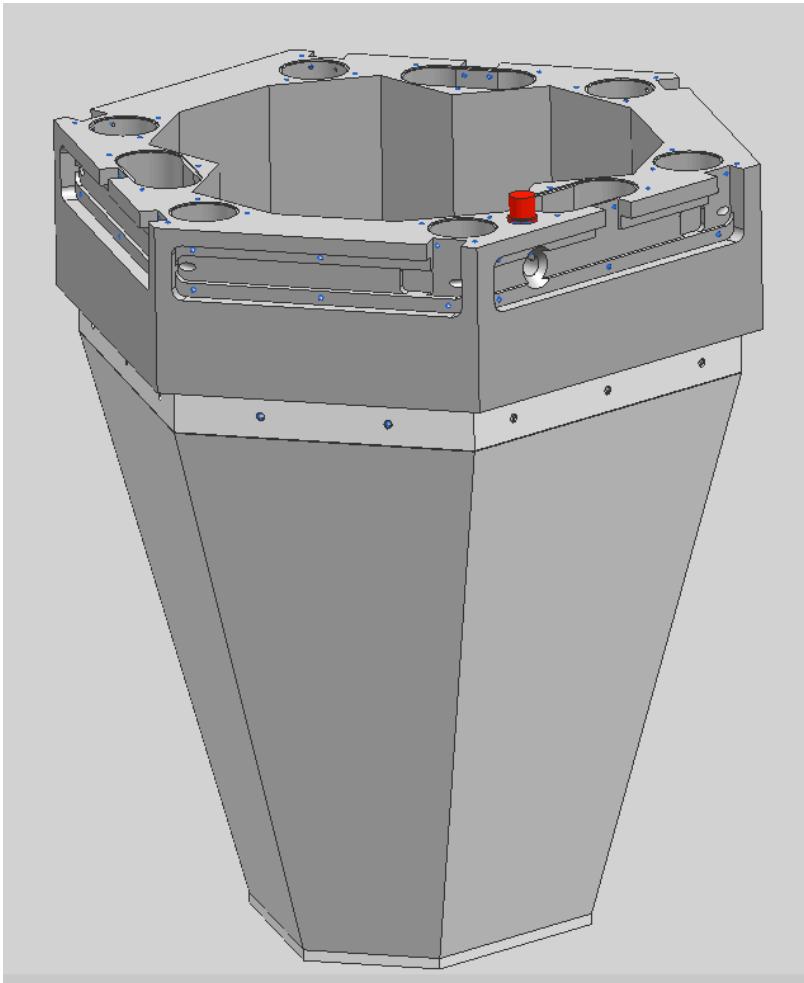
10 triple cluster detectors (30 HPGe 60%)
@ 24 cm

$\rightarrow \epsilon_{ph} \sim 4.0\%$

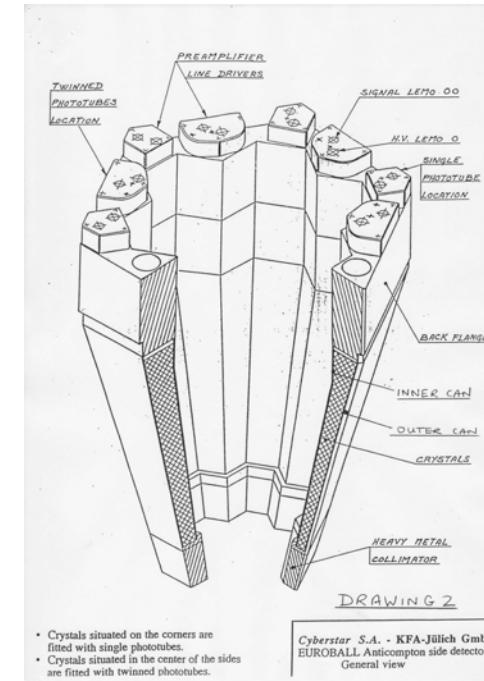
+

higher granularity
smaller solid angle covered by one
capsule

GTC – Anti–Compton Shields

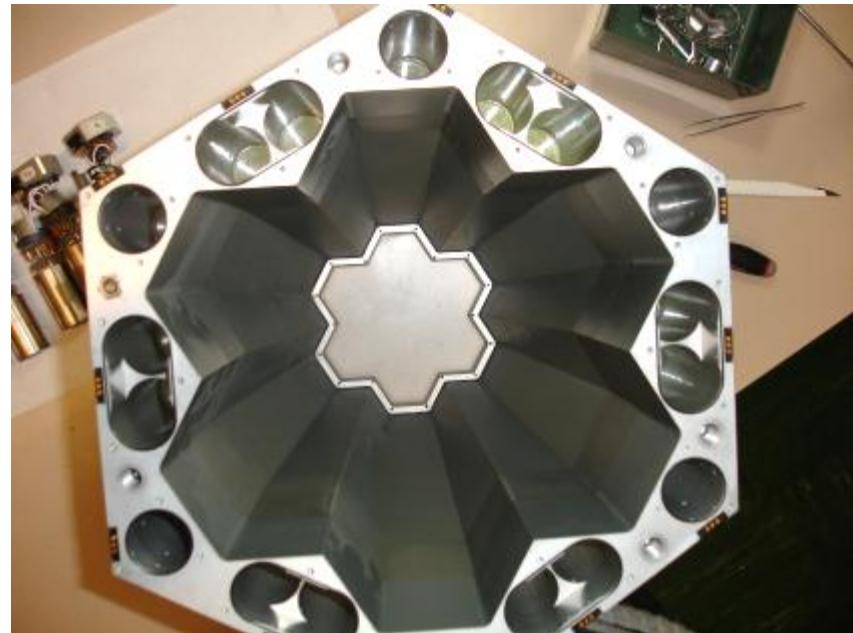
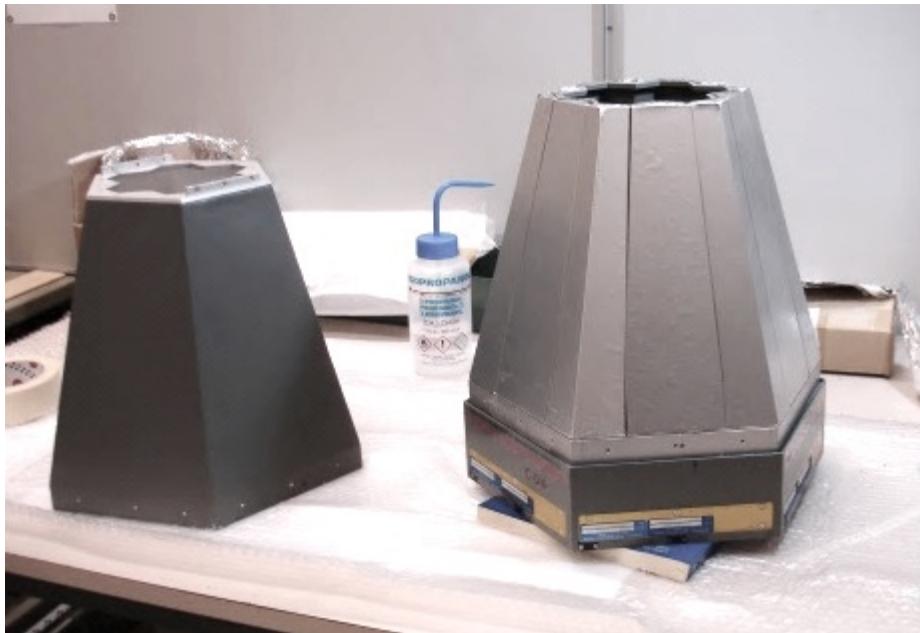


construction of the GTC AC shields with the individual crystals of the original EB cluster shields



New design of the GTC AC shield

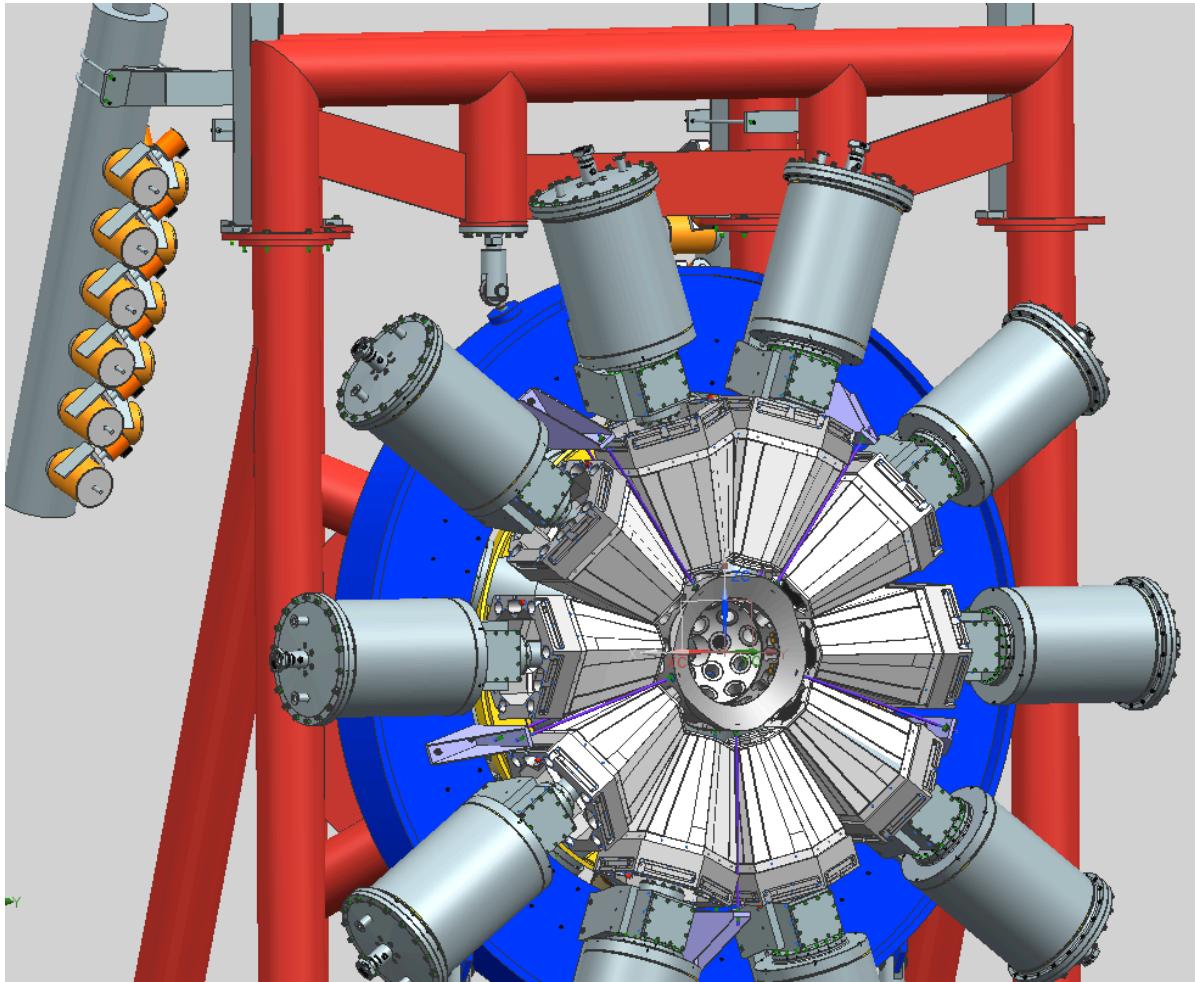
GTC – Anti–Compton Shields



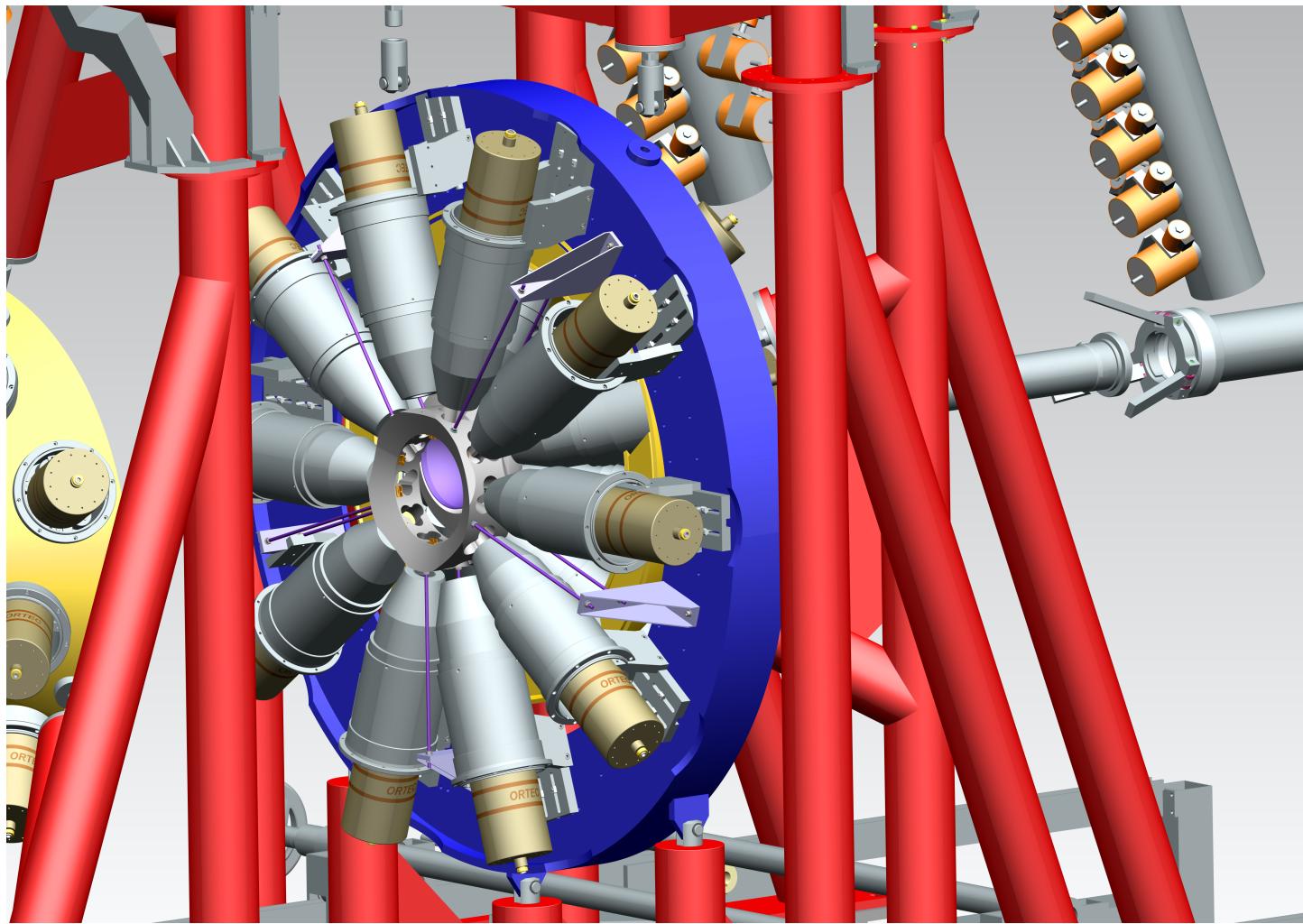
- ❑ one **EUROBALL** anti–Compton shield transferred to Legnaro
- ❑ contacted Cyberstar Grenoble for information on the mechanical mounting of the casing



GTC + Anti-Compton Shields

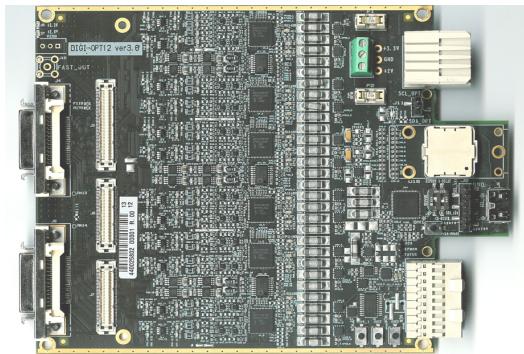
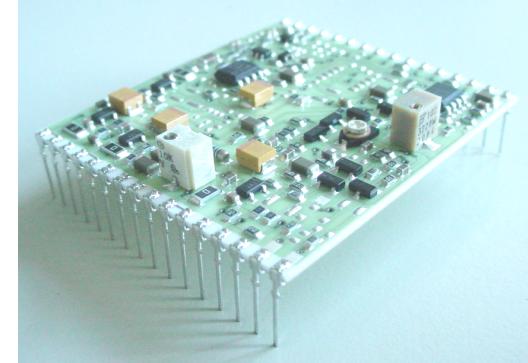


GALILEO Phase Zero



GALILEO – Electronics

a fast low-noise charge sensitive preamplifier
based on the core-type AGATA preamplifier
used for both tapered and triple cluster detectors
80 preamplifiers already available

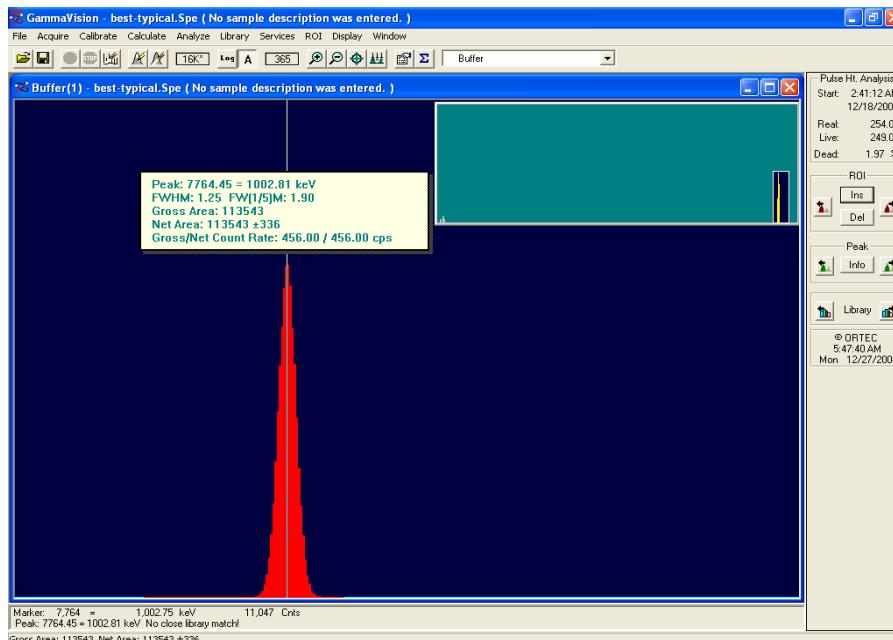
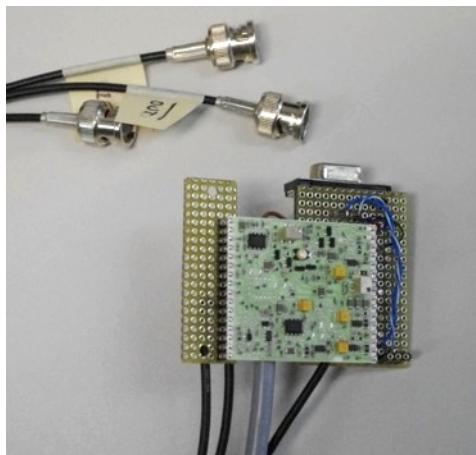


Digi-opt12: 12-channel **14/16-bit 100/125-MS/s**
digitizer with optical output for GALILEO/AGATA
power consumption < 10 W / board
Prototypes under test

new low-power and low-cost readout and
preprocessing PCI-express boards developed
for GALILEO and AGATA
Prototypes under test



GALILEO – EDAQ

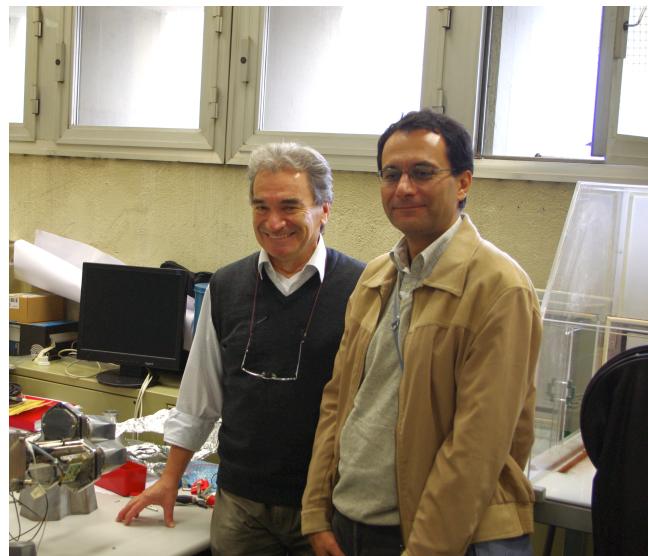
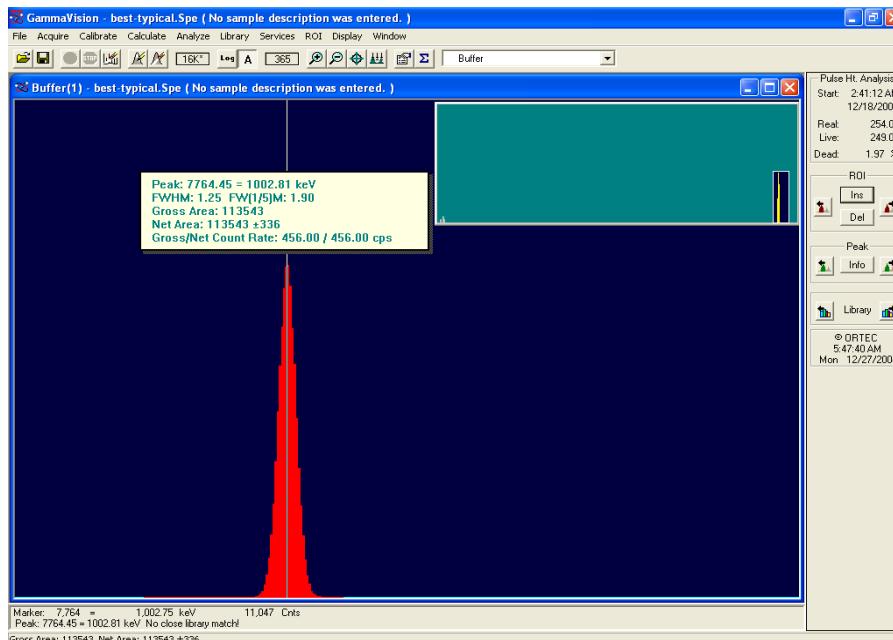
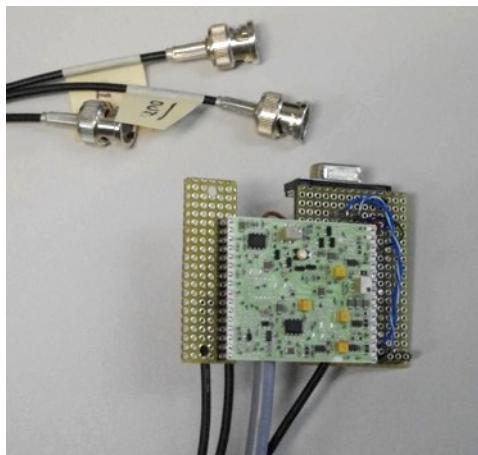


First tests in October 2012

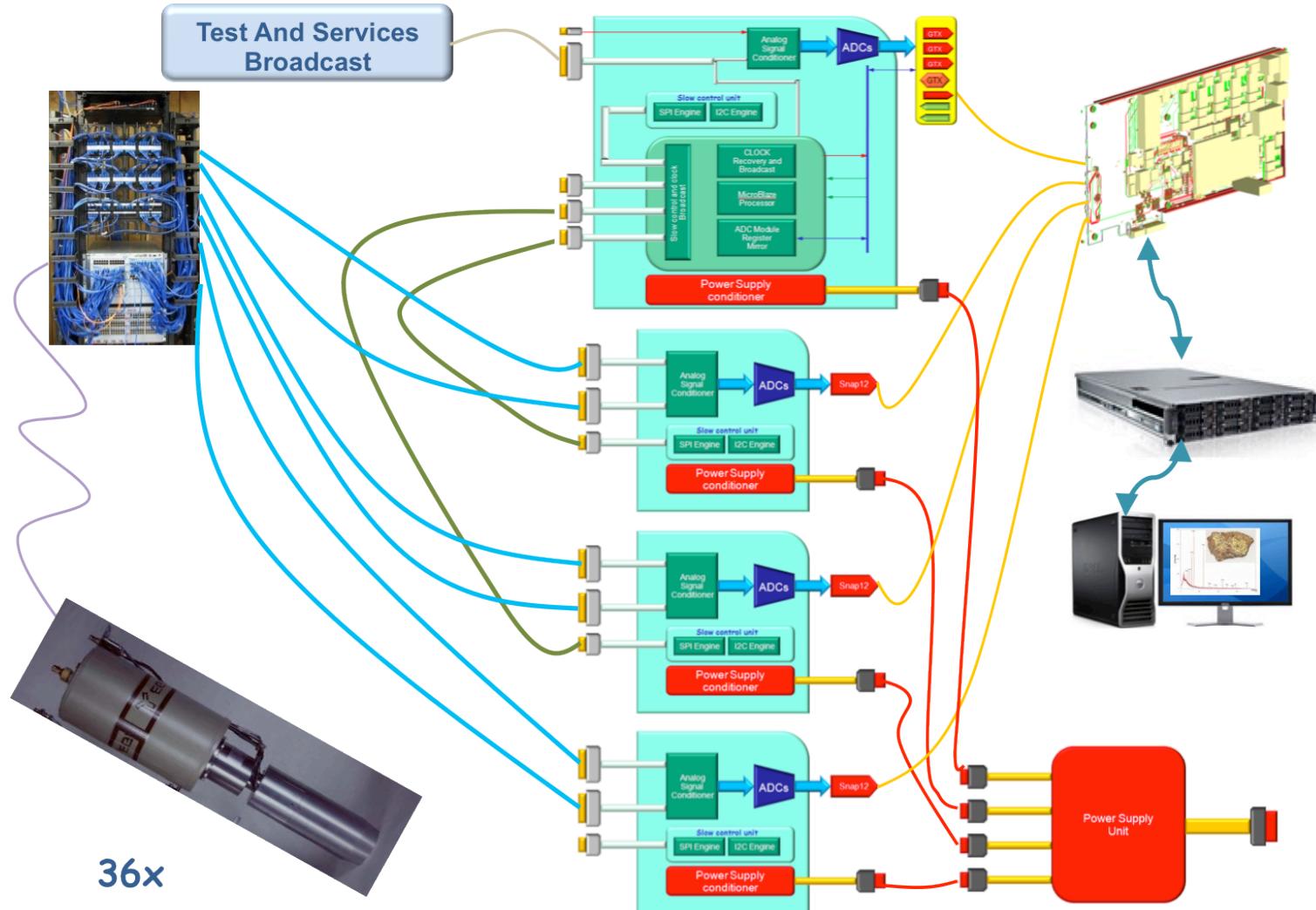
Warm FET&RF

$\text{FWHM} = 1.25 \text{ keV}$ ($C_{\text{det}} = 30 \text{ pF}$)

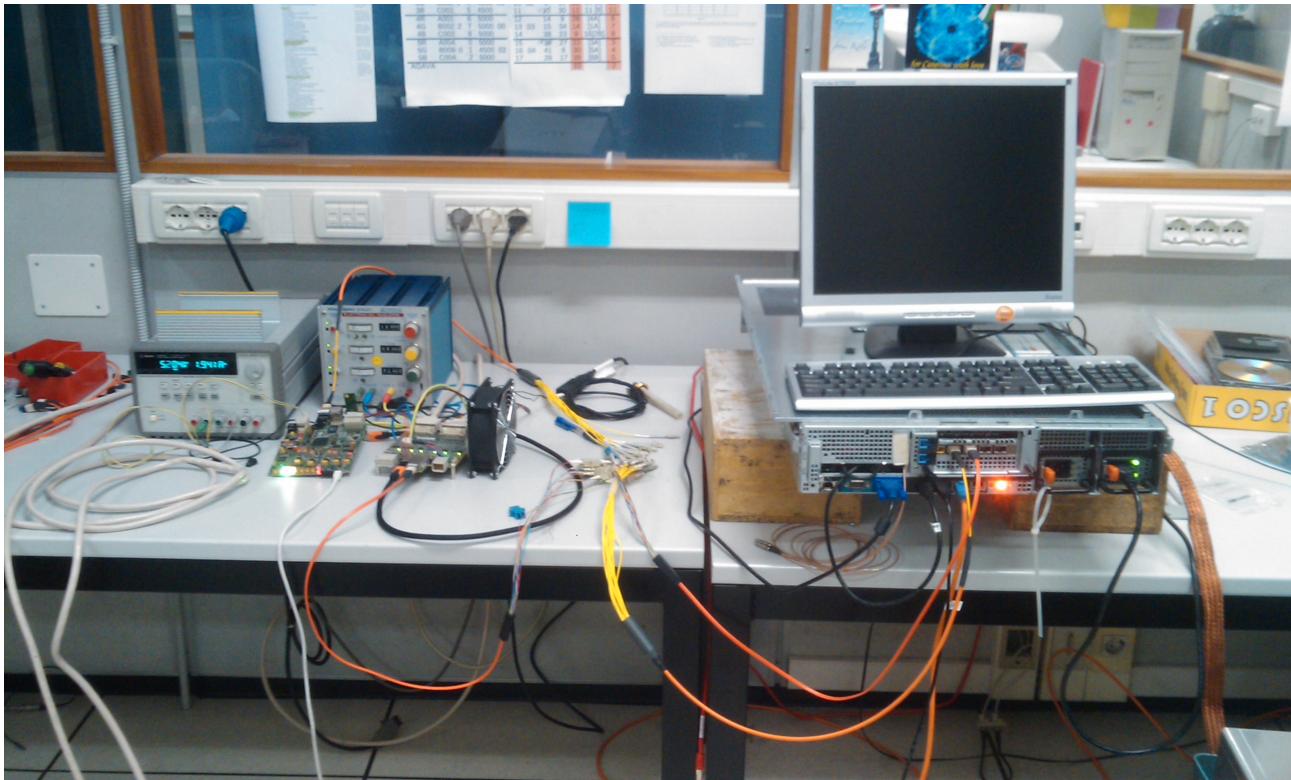
GALILEO – EDAQ



GALILEO – RO&Preprocessing



GALILEO – RO&Preprocessing



GALILEO – EDAQ

Fully synchronous system with global 100 MHz clock and time-stamp distribution

New AGATA core-like preamplifiers differential output, one 10 MeV range

New Digitizers: 100 Ms/s, 14 bit
Optical fiber read-out of full data stream to pre-processing electronics

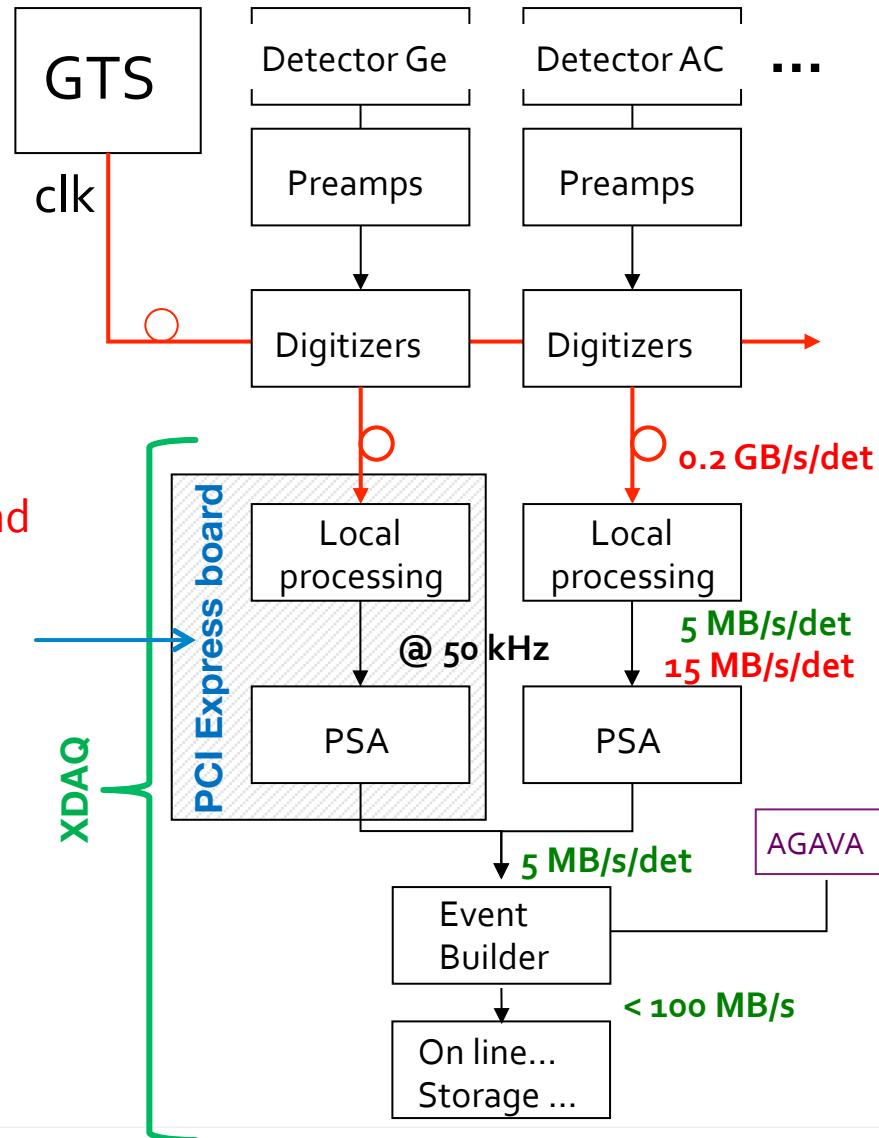
New local processing: determine energy, time and isolate ~ 500 ns of signal around rise-time

First prototype fully operational 38 channels

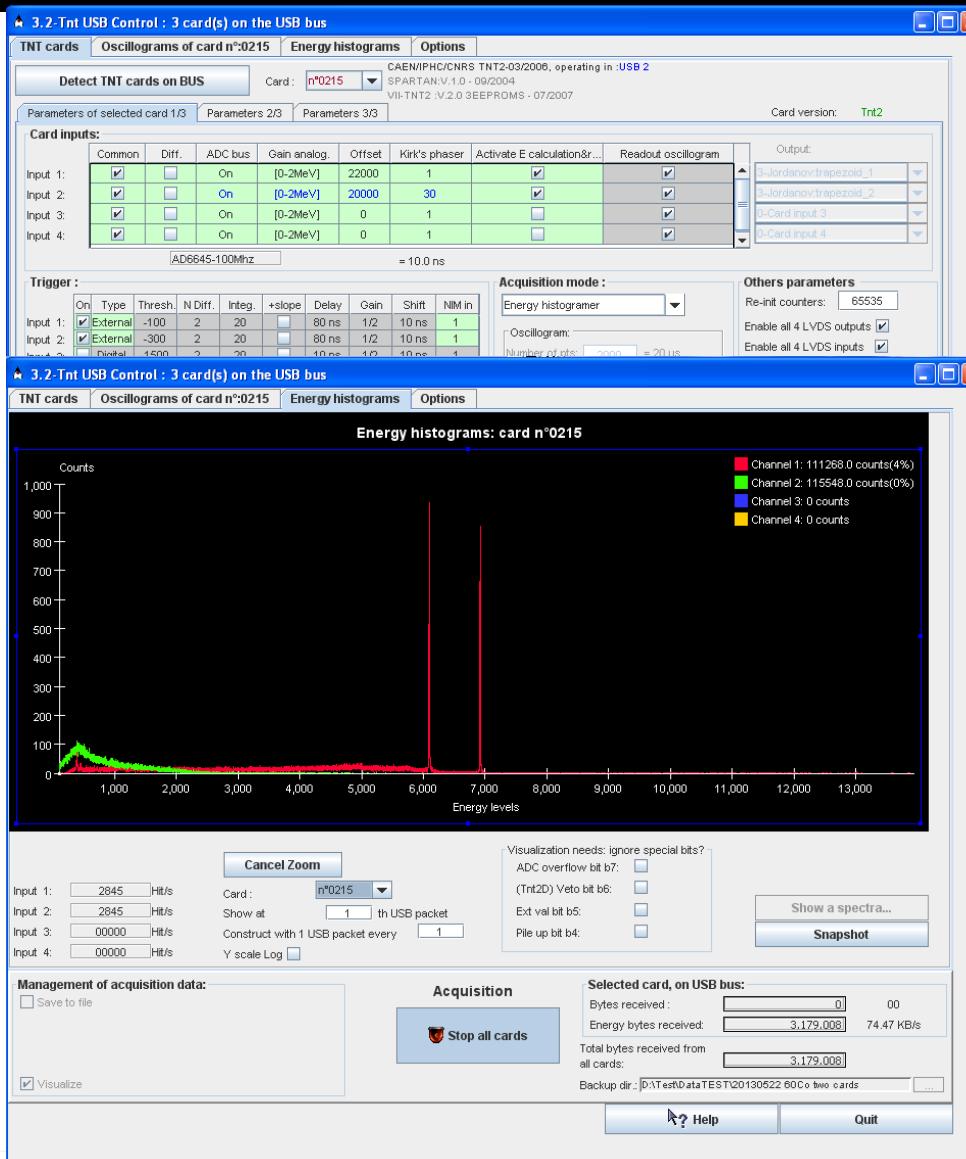
Buffers of time-stamped local events sent to PSA if needed neutron damage correction

Global event builder and software HL trigger

Control and storage, ...



Digital Treatment of AC Signals



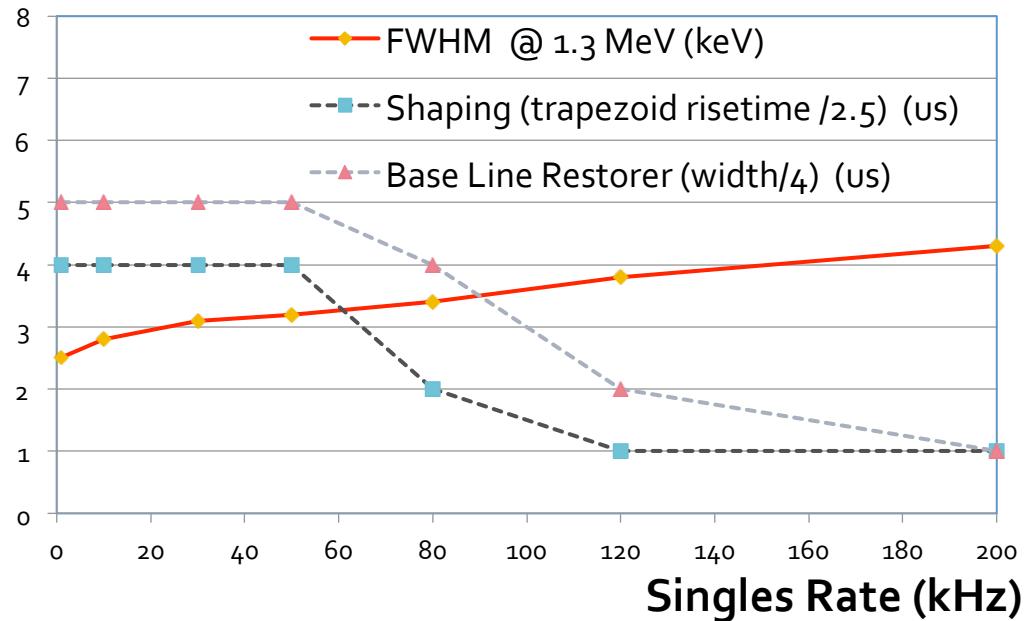
CAEN N1728 (TNT2)
Trigger: Ge detector
AC shield: acquired as slave
matrix: $E\gamma(\text{Ge})$ vs $E\gamma(\text{AC})$
cut on $E\gamma(\text{AC})$ at < 50 keV $\rightarrow P/T \sim 50\%$

AGATA High Counting Rate Test

- The detection efficiency of AGATA is, so far, provided by a small number of crystals.
- Experiments want to collect big statistics → need to run at high singles rates (> 50 kHz)?
- Digital Signal Processing allows to work at rates “impossible” with analogue electronics.
- Under these «extreme» conditions, the performance of the detectors is still acceptable.



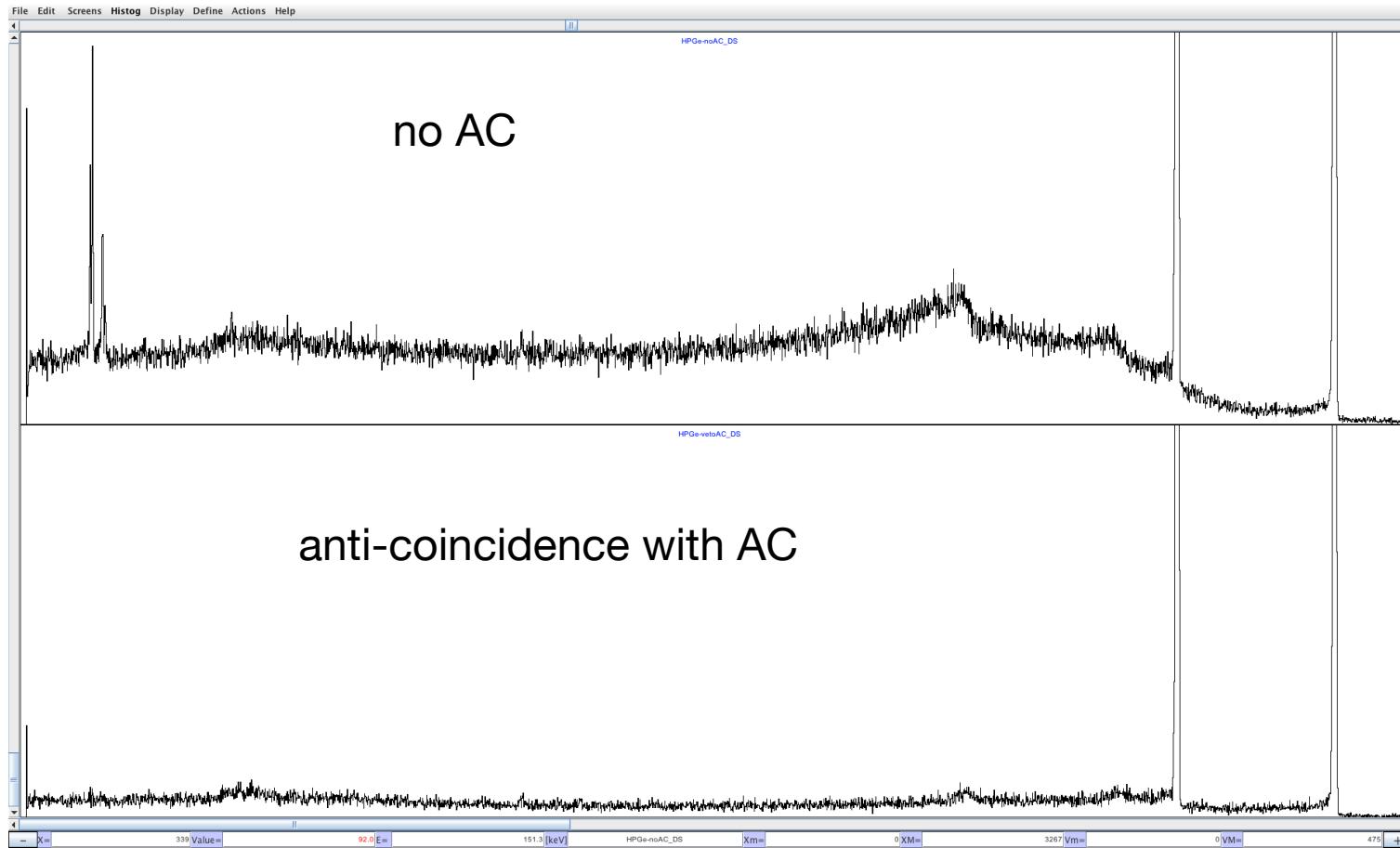
Two Sources Method



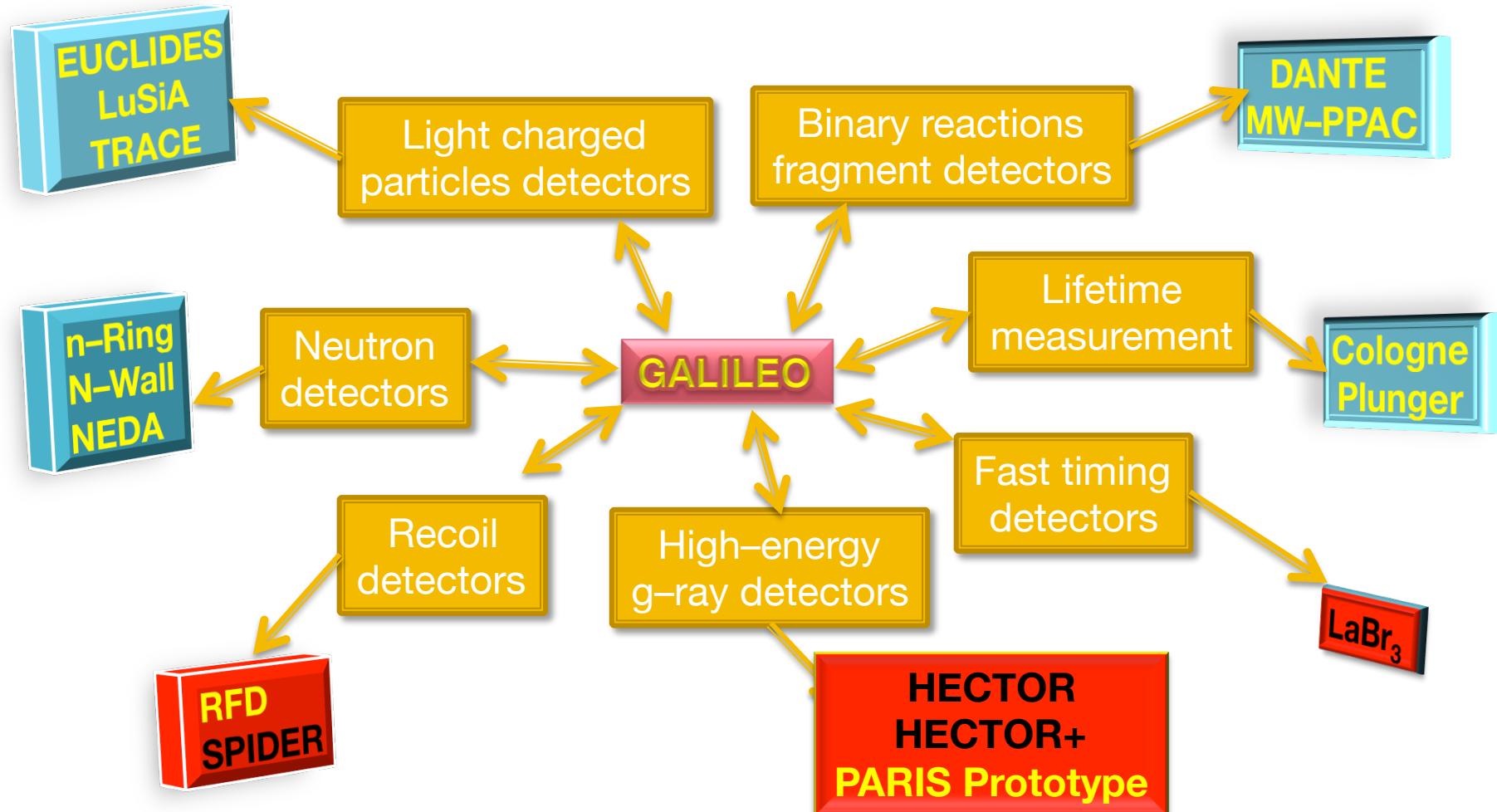
- A limit exists, due to pileup of the signals which exhausts the dynamical range of the FADC. Can counteract this by reducing the gain of the preamplifiers, but then energy resolution worsens also at low counting rate.

F.Recchia, D.Bazzacco

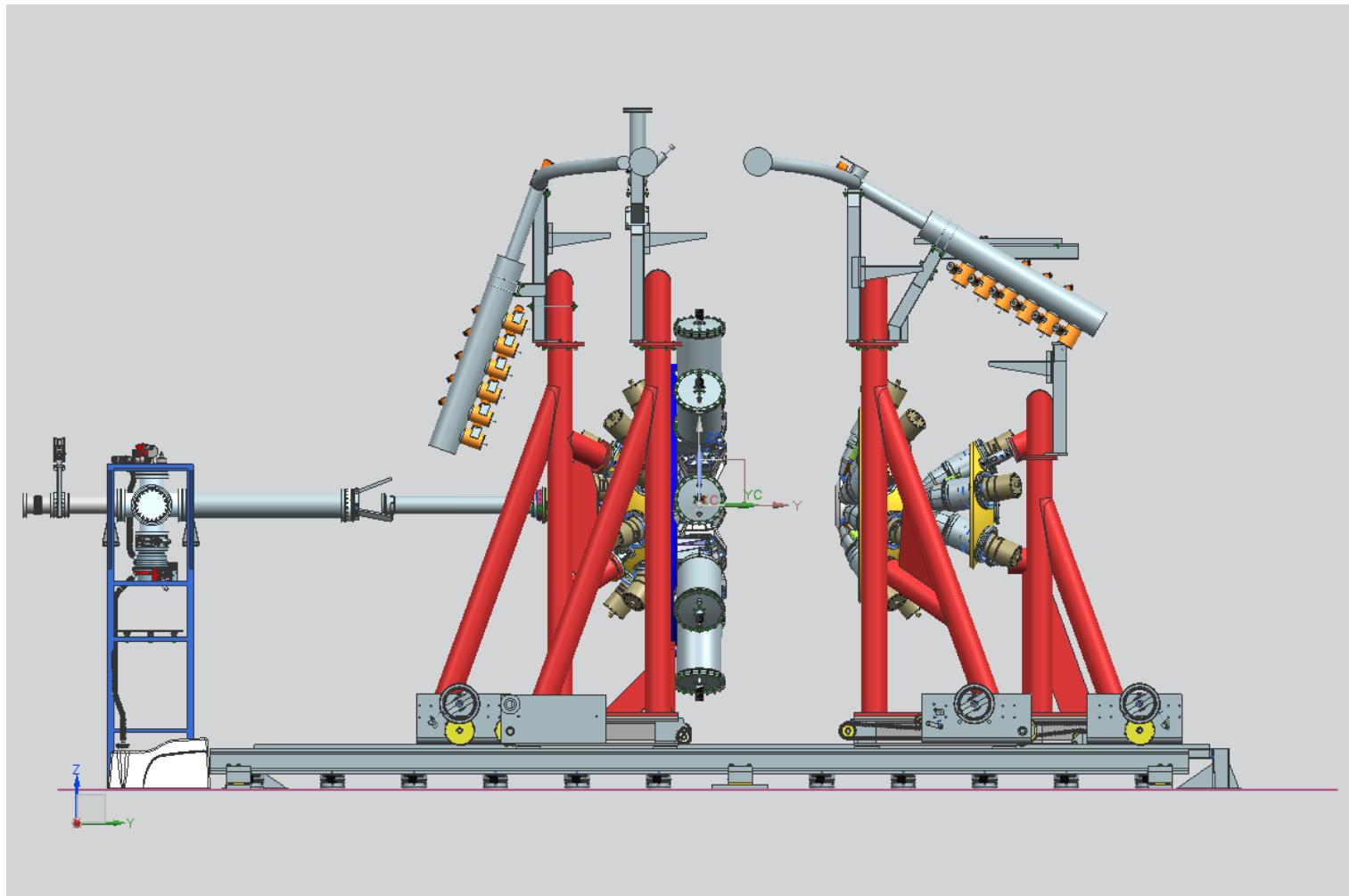
Digital Treatment of AC Signals



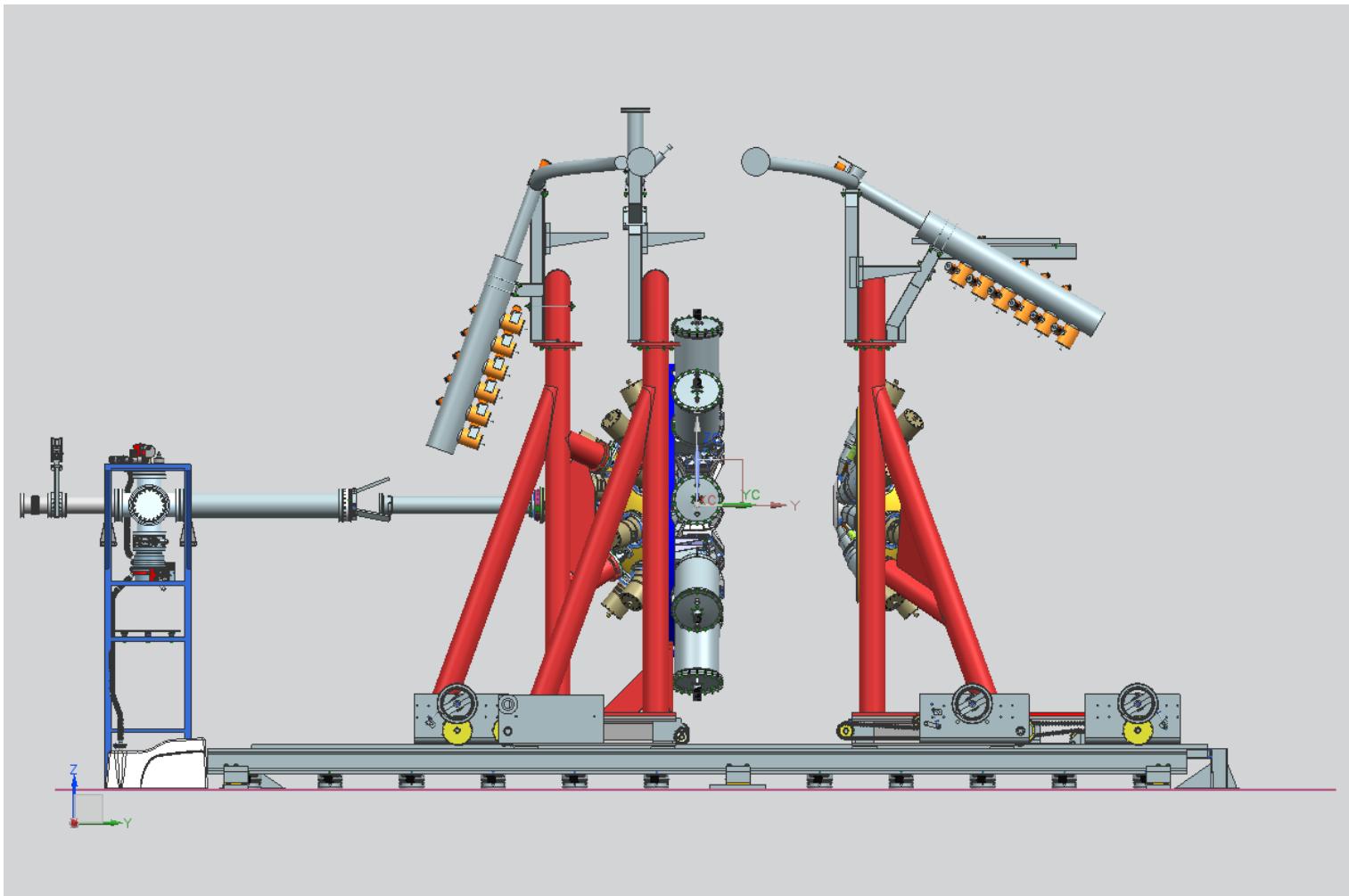
Integration with Ancillary Detectors



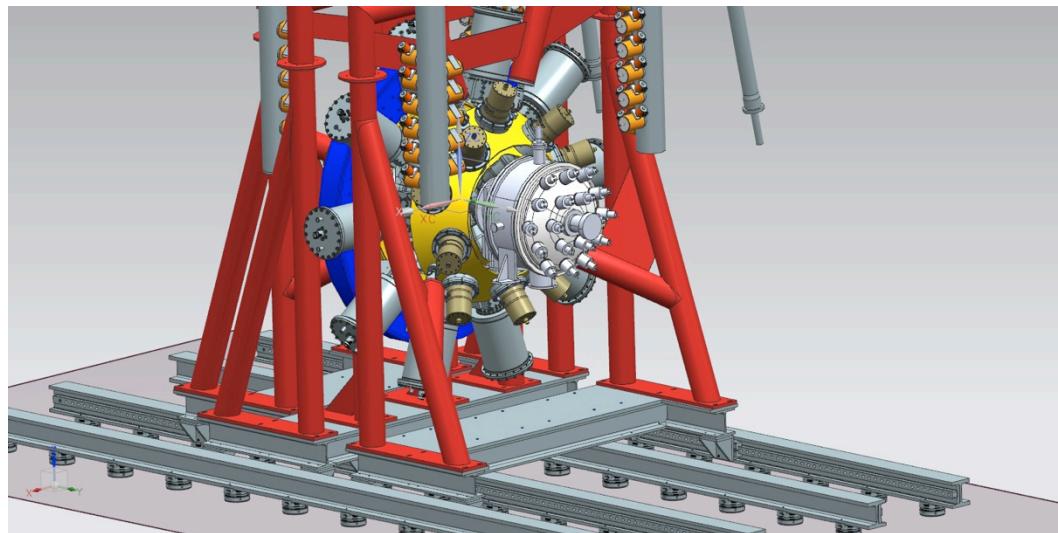
Integration with Ancillary Detectors



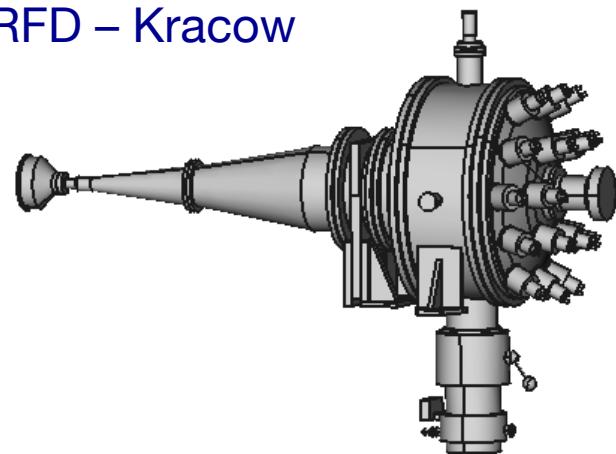
Integration with Ancillary Detectors



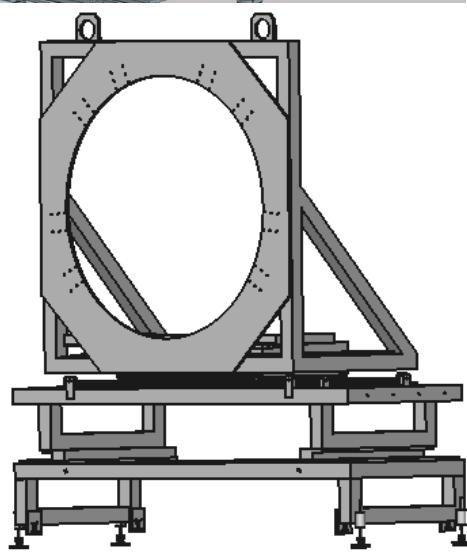
Integration with Ancillary Detectors



RFD – Kracow

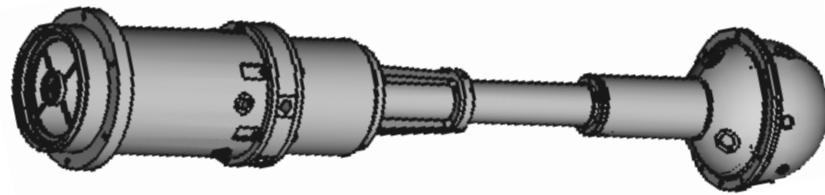


N – Wall
GANIL

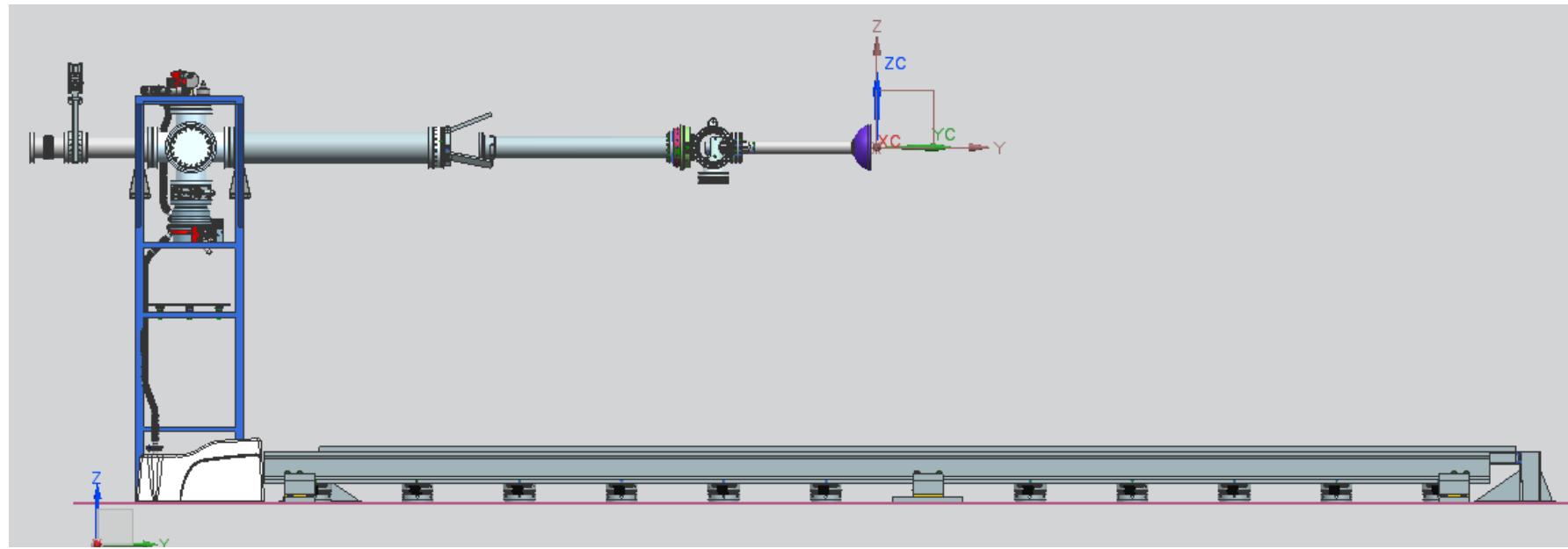


Integration with Ancillary Detectors

Plunger – Cologne

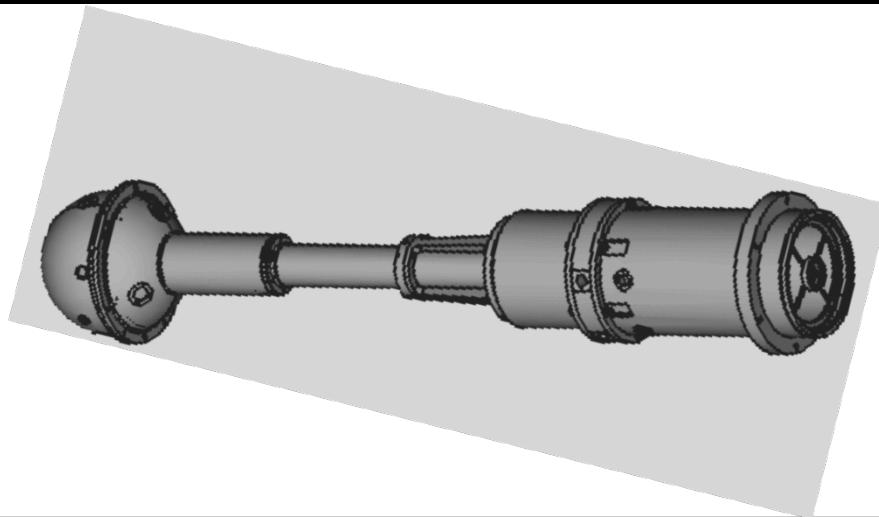


Beam

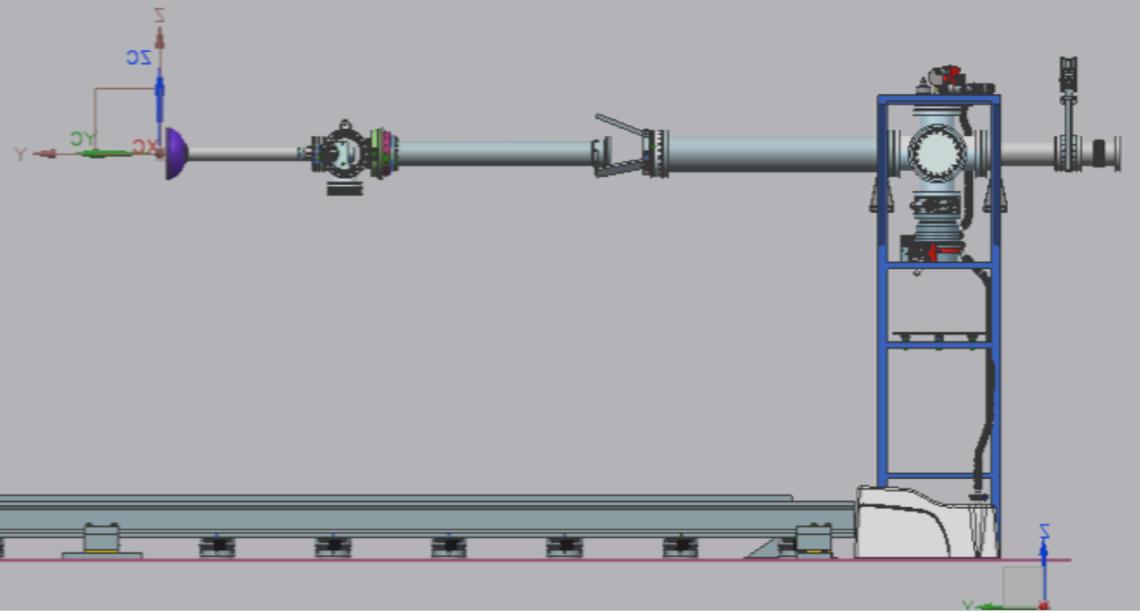


Integration with Ancillary Detectors

Plunger – Cologne



Beam



Collaborators

- GAMMA group
 - INFN Padova, Legnaro, Milano, Firenze
- Mechanical design and production
 - Technical Service – INFN Padova, Mechanical workshops – INFN Padova, Legnaro, Milan
 - C.Fanin, M.Turcato, M.Rampazzo, M.Romanato, L.Ramina, D.Conventi, S.Coelli, F.Tommasi
- Electronics developments
 - Nuclear physics groups – INFN Padova and Milan, Computing service – INFN Legnaro
 - D.Bazzacco, M.Bellato, A.Pullia, D.Bortolato, R.Isocrate, G.Rampazzo, L.Berti
- Vacuum, LN₂ filling systems, cabling
 - Users Service – INFN Legnaro, Nuclear physics group & Electronic workshop – INFN Padova
 - D.Rosso, L.Costa, P.Cocconi, R.Menegazzo, M.Nicoletto, M.Bettini
- Ancillary detectors integration
 - Nuclear physics group – INFN Milan, Legnaro, IFJ PAN Cracow, Computing service – INFN Legnaro
 - S.Brambilla, N.Toniolo, P.Bednarczyk, J.J.Valiente Dobon
- Beam line design
 - Accelerator Division – INFN Legnaro, Nuclear physics group – INFN Legnaro
 - G.Bisoffi, A.Pisent, M.Comunian, J.J.Valiente Dobon
- Monte Carlo simulations
 - Nuclear physics group – INFN Padova
 - E.Farnea
- DAQ
 - Computing service – INFN Legnaro
 - G.Maron, M.Gulmini, N.Toniolo, L.Berti

Outlook

EPPUR SI MUOVE !

Outlook

- GALILEO – a new gamma-ray array for LNL
 - stable beams from TAP
 - **RIBs from SPES**
- Combines
 - old detectors from GASP and EUROBALL
 - new EDAQ based on the AGATA experience
- **for improved specification as compared to GASP**