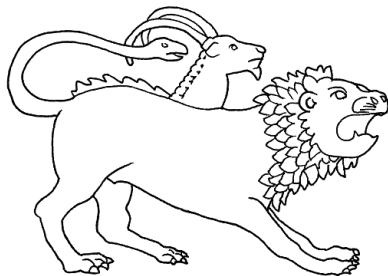


Study of cluster structures in ^{10}Be and ^{16}C neutron-rich nuclei via break-up reactions

Daniele Dell'Aquila

Università degli studi di Napoli “Federico II” & INFN – Sezione di Napoli
for the CHIMERA Collaboration



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Exotic structures in light nuclei

- Clustering in non self-conjugated nuclei;
- The state of art of ^{10}Be and ^{16}C nuclei structure;

Exotic structures in light nuclei

- Exotic beam production and tagging at INFN-LNS: The FRIBs facility;
- The 4π CHIMERA multi-detector array;
- Helium break-up of self-conjugated nuclei as experimental test;

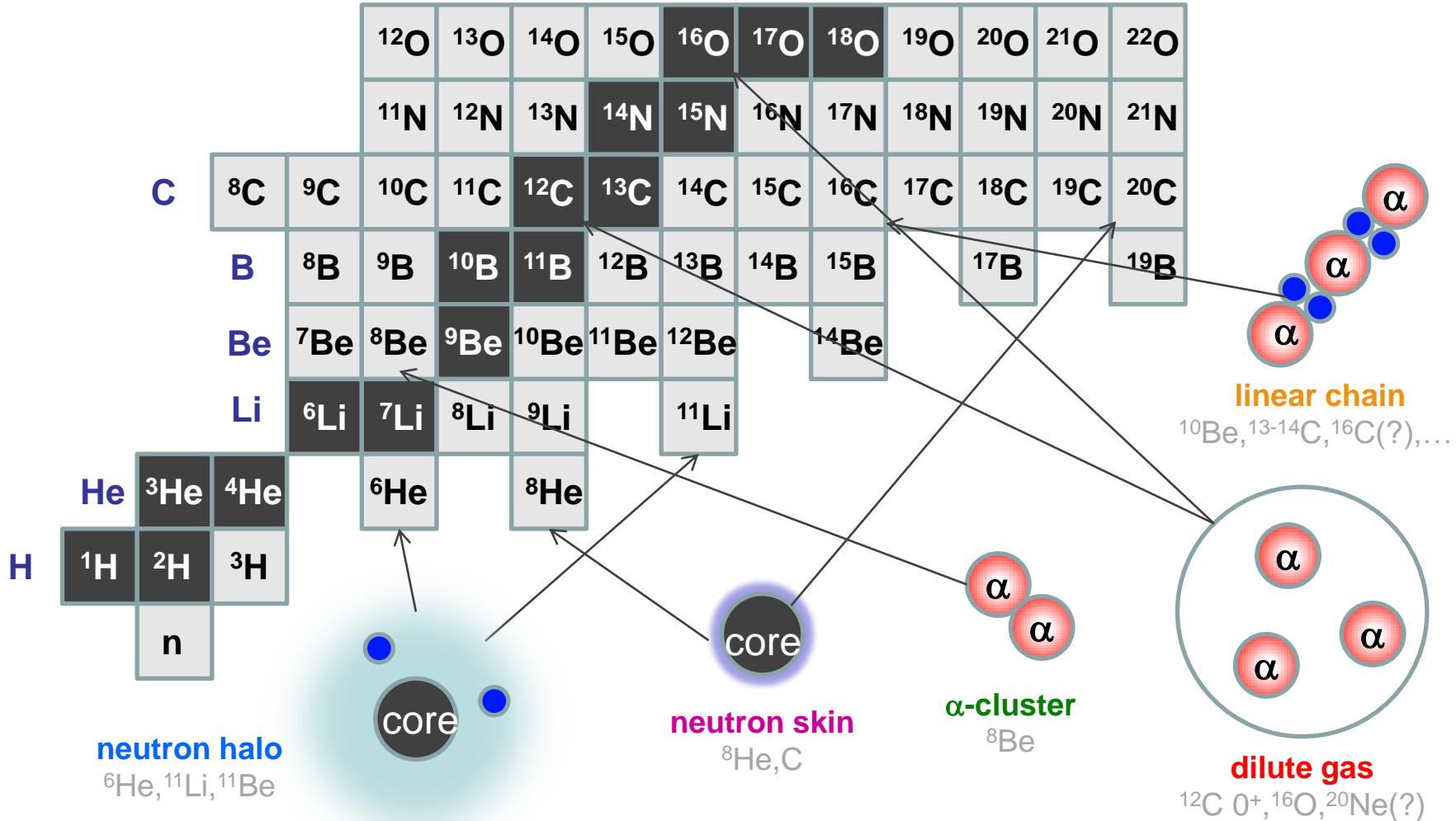
Experimental results

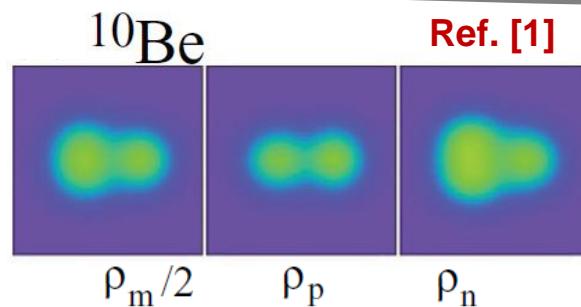
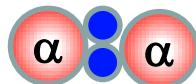
- ^4He - ^6He correlations: the ^{10}Be structure;
- ^6He - ^{10}Be correlations: the ^{16}C structure;

Conclusions and future perspectives

Exotic structures in light nuclei: an interesting scenario

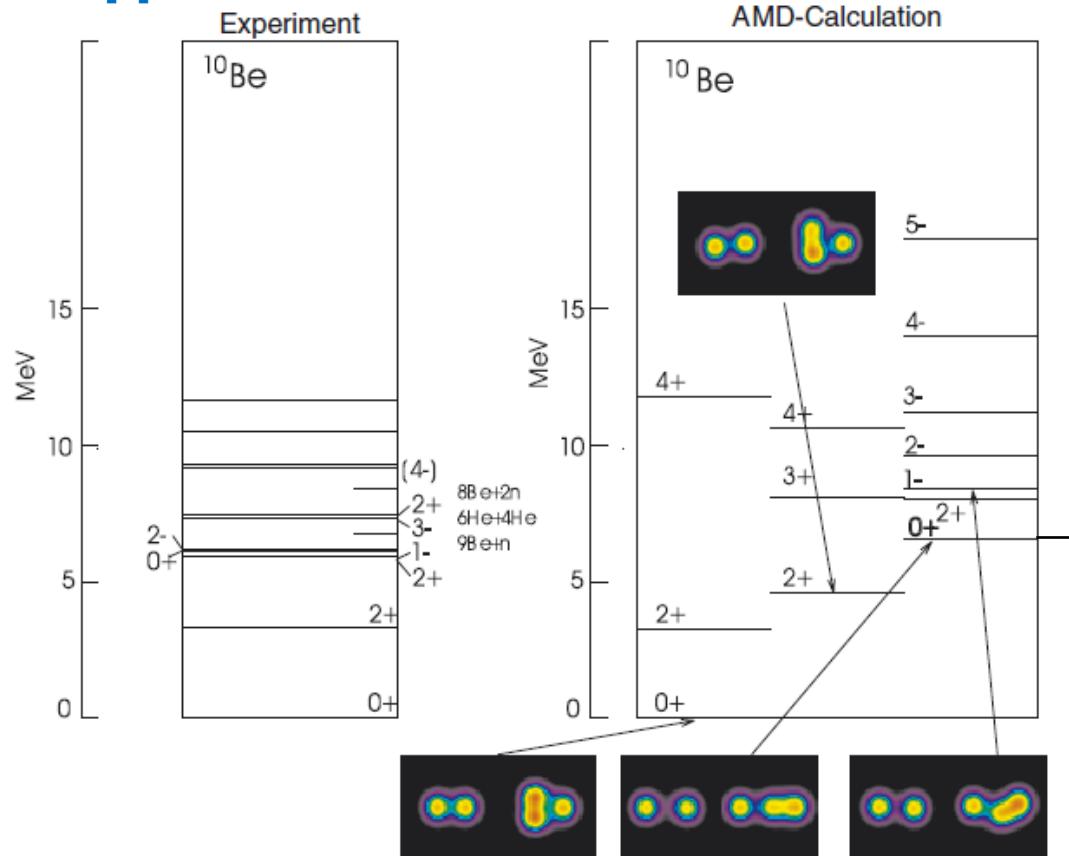
Complexity of nuclear force → **dominant** phenomena of nucleon-nucleon **correlations** which determine a spatial re-organization of the nucleons in bounded **sub-units** → the **constituent clusters**.



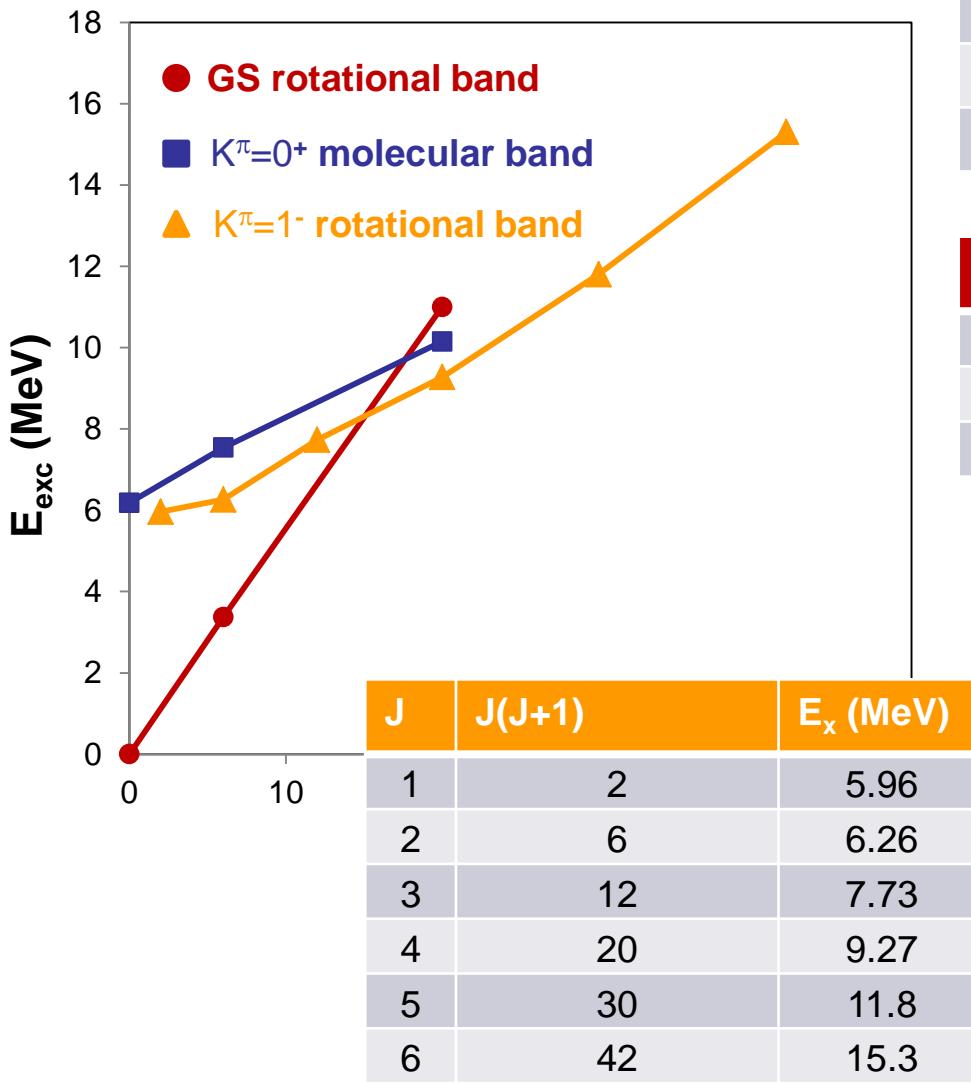
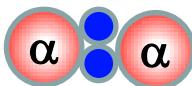


AMD+VAP calculations \rightarrow high deformation in GS \rightarrow [1] $\rightarrow K^{\pi}=0^+$ rotational band [2]

Ref. [3]



High α - α cluster distance [3] \rightarrow strong molecular structure \rightarrow $K^{\pi}=0^+$ molecular band built on the 6.1793 MeV [4] state

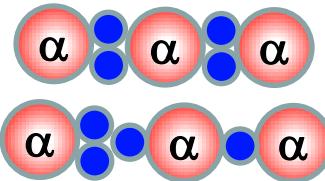


| J | $J(J+1)$ | E_x (MeV) |
|---|----------|-------------|
| 0 | 0 | 6.18 |
| 2 | 6 | 7.54 |
| 4 | 20 | 10.15 [4] |

| J | $J(J+1)$ | E_x (MeV) |
|---|----------|-------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 6 | 3.37 |
| 4 | 20 | 11.78 [14] → 11 [2] (?) |

[14] H.G. Bohlen et al., Phys. Rev. C 75, 054604 (2007)

- [1] Y. Kanada-En'yo, Phys. Rev. C 91, 014315 (2015)
- [2] D. Suzuki et al., Phys. Rev. C 87, 054301 (2013)
- [3] Y. Kanada-En'yo, J. Phys. G 24, 1499 (1998)
- [4] M. Freer et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 96, 042501 (2006)
- [5] N. Soic et al., Europhys Lett. 34, 7 (1996)
- [6] M. Freer et al., Phys. Rev. C 63, 034301 (2001)
- [7] H.T. Fortune and B. Sherr, Phys. Rev. C 84, 024304 (2011)
- [8] N.I. Ashwood et al., Phys. Rev. C 68, 0107603 (2004)
- [9] N. Curtis et al., Phys. Rev. C 64, 044604 (2001)
- [10] R. Wolsky et al., Phys. of Atom. Nucl. 73, 1405 (2010)
- [11] F. Kobayashi and Y. Kanada-en'yo, J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 436, 012042 (2013)
- [12] S. Ahmed et al., Phys. Rev. C 69, 024303 (2004)
- [13] N. Curtis et al., Phys. Rev. C 73, 057301 (2006)



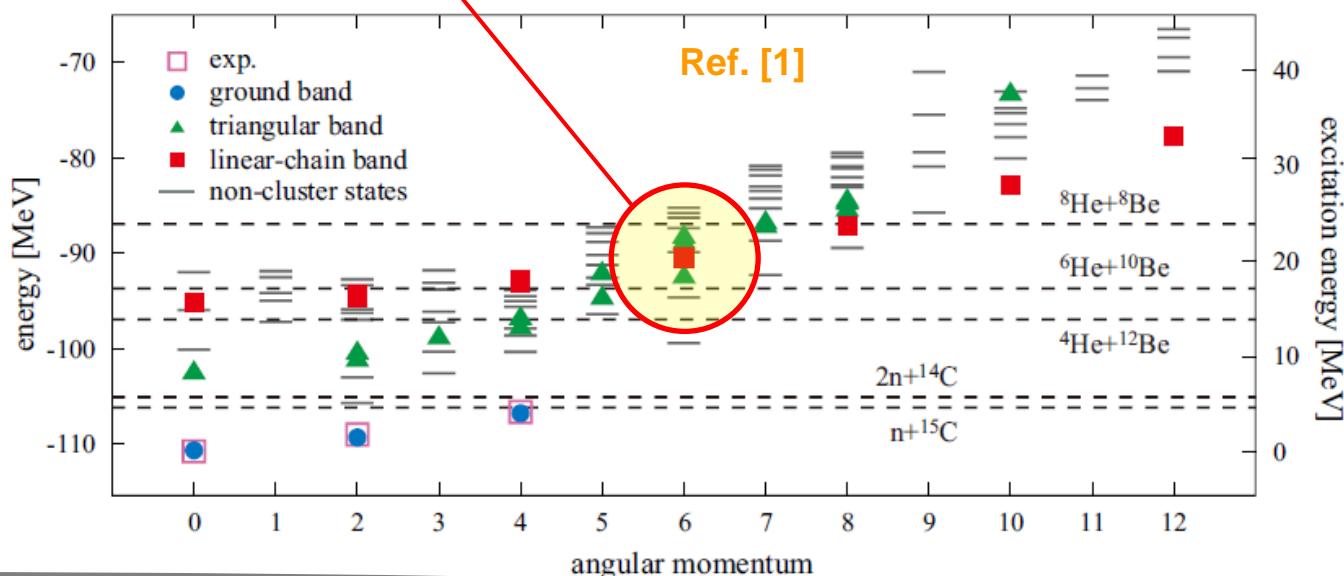
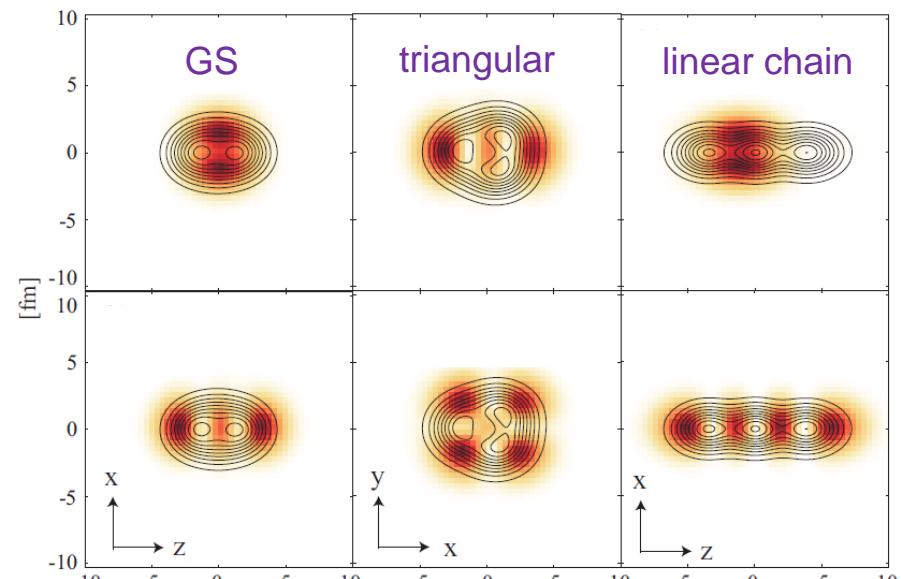
possible cluster configurations → AMD calculations Ref. [1]

[1] T. Baba, Y. Chiba and M. Kimura , Phys. Rev. C **90**, 064319 (2014)

[2] N. I. Ashwood et al., Phys. Rev. C **70**, 0644607 (2004)

[3] P.J. Leask et al., Jour. Phys. G: Nucl. Part. Phys. **27**, B9 (2001)

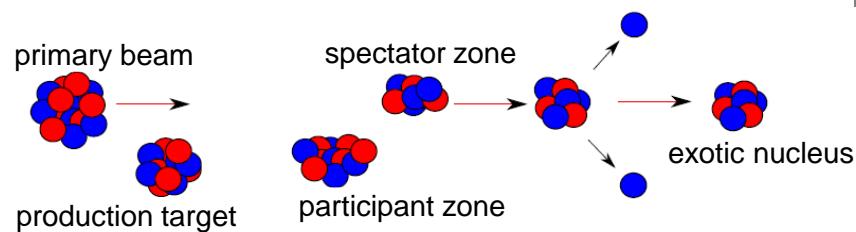
molecular states predicted → possible
rotational bands → $^6\text{He} + ^{10}\text{Be}$ powerful
disintegration channel to explore this region
→ confirmations needed.



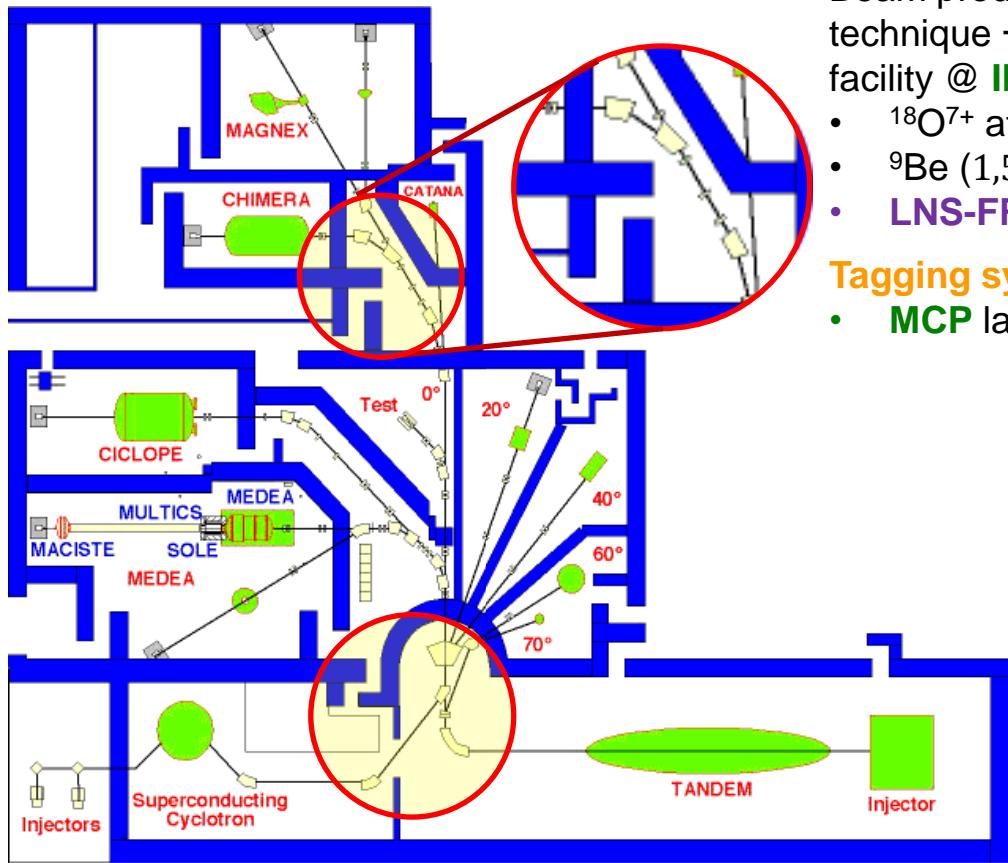
no experimental evidence on ^{16}C
molecular nature still provided [2,3] →
very low statistic measurements



Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare
LNS - Laboratori Nazionali del Sud



[1] I. Lombardo et al., Nuc. Phys. **B 215**, 272 (2011).

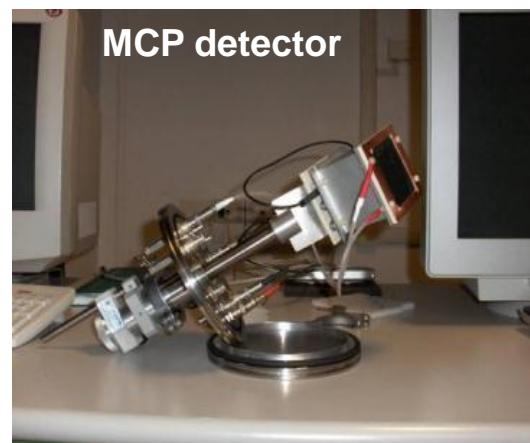


Beam production → **IFF** (In Flight Fragmentation) technique → **FRIbs** (Flight Radioactive Ion Beams) facility @ **INFN-LNS**:

- $^{18}\text{O}^{7+}$ at 56 MeV/ μ (superconducting cyclotron K800);
- ^9Be (1,5 mm thickness) production target;
- **LNS-FRS** (Fragment-Recoil Separator) $B\rho \approx 2,8Tm$;

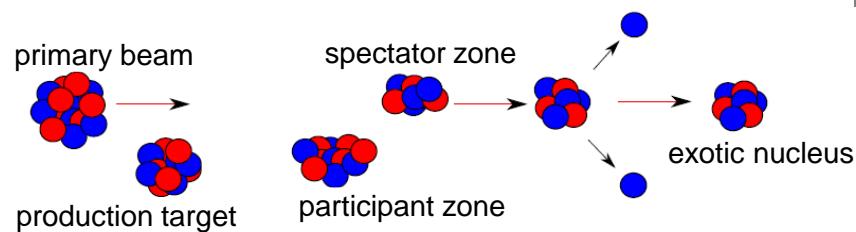
Tagging system [1] (particle by particle identification):

- **MCP** large area detector;

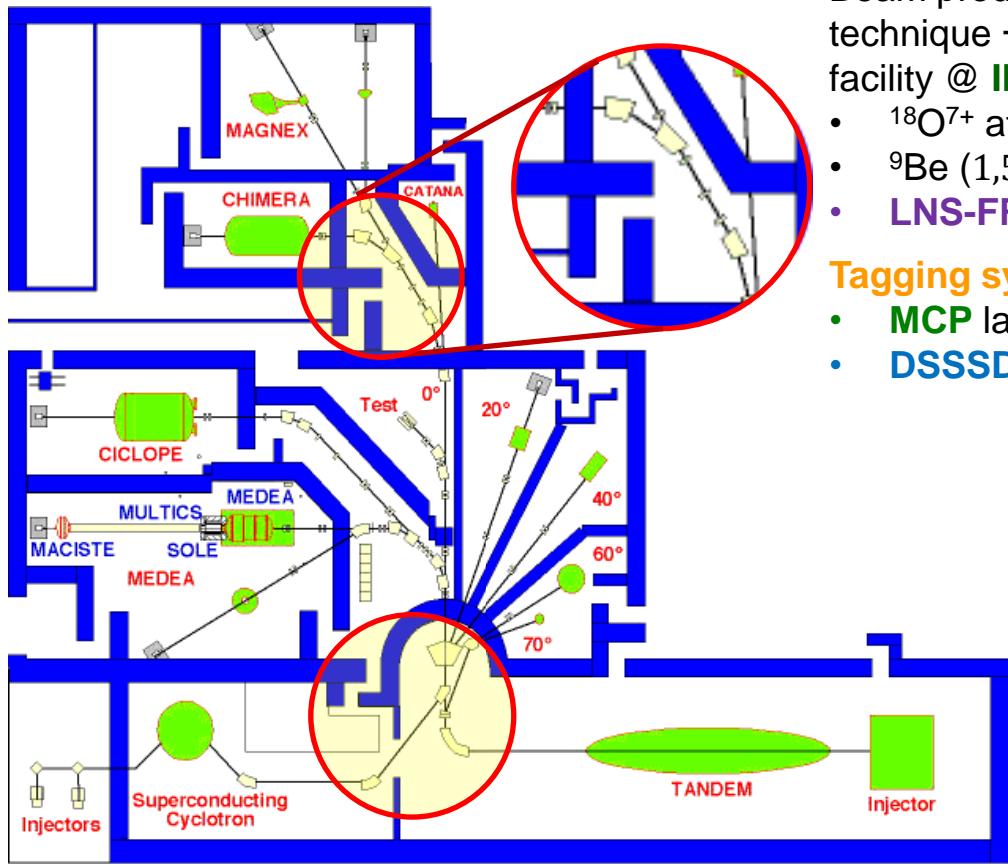




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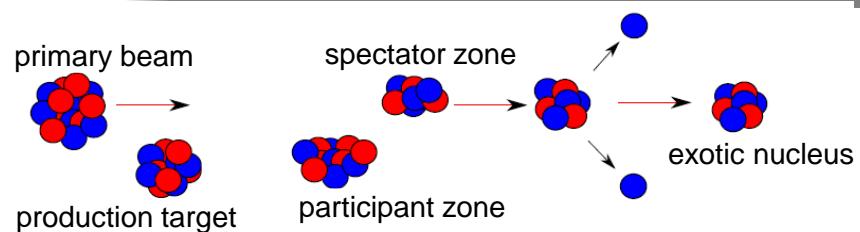
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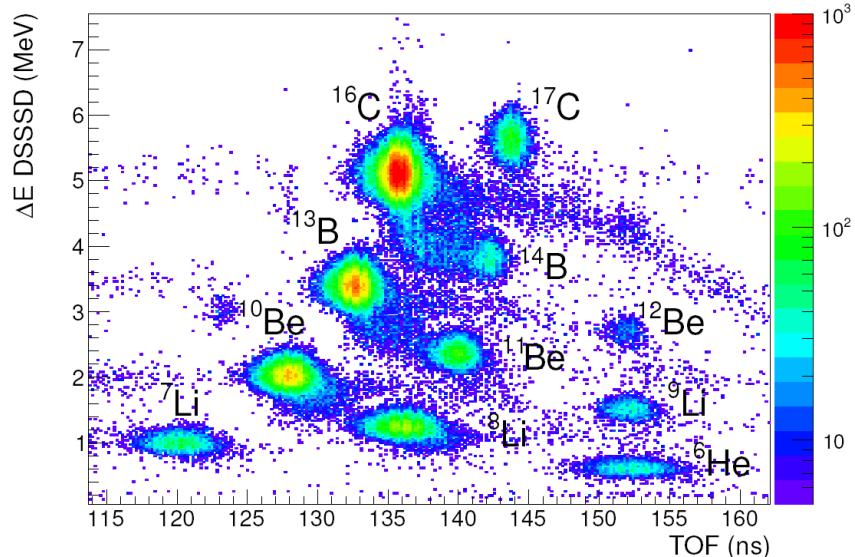
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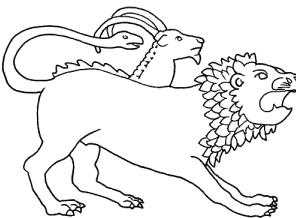
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Identification (ΔE -ToF) plot FRIBs **cocktail beam** → good performances.

High **exotic beams** intensity:

- ^{16}C (49,5 MeV/u) 10^5 pps;
- ^{13}B (49,5 MeV/u) $5 \cdot 10^4$ pps;
- ^{10}Be (56,0 MeV/u) $4 \cdot 10^4$ pps;



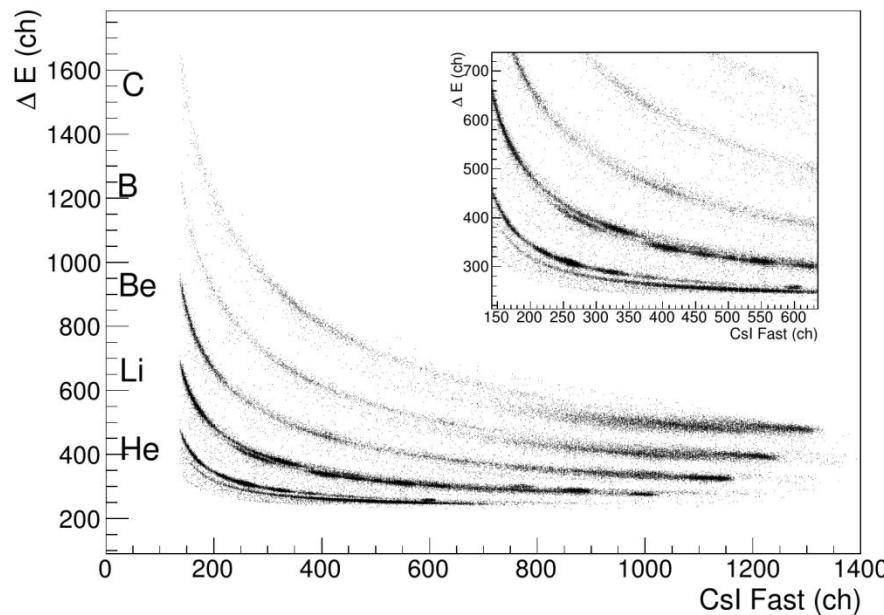
CHIMERA (Charged Heavy Ion Mass Energy Resolving Array) [1,2]

- [1] A. Pagano, Nucl. Phys. News **22**, 25 (2012)
- [2] A. Pagano et al., Nucl. Phys. **A 734**, 504 (2004)

- 1192 **ΔE -E telescopes** ($\sim 300\mu m$ Si + CsI(Tl) scintillator);
- 9 **forward rings** ($1^\circ \leq \theta \leq 30^\circ$);
- 17 **rings sphere** ($30^\circ < \theta \leq 176^\circ$);



First 3 **forward rings** \rightarrow 144 telescopes ($1^\circ \leq \theta \leq 7^\circ$) complete azimuthal coverage \rightarrow **ΔE -E identification** technique.



Good **4He – 6He** separation \rightarrow beryllium line mainly dominated by **^{10}Be**

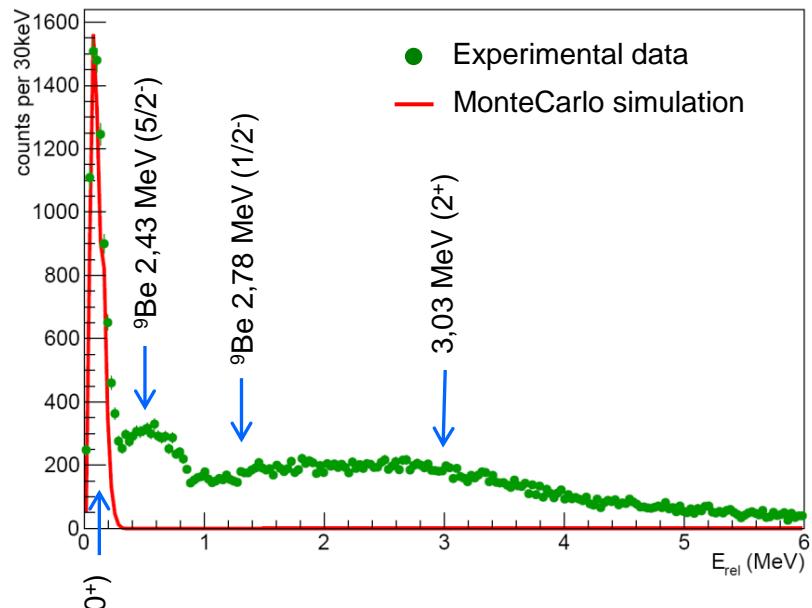
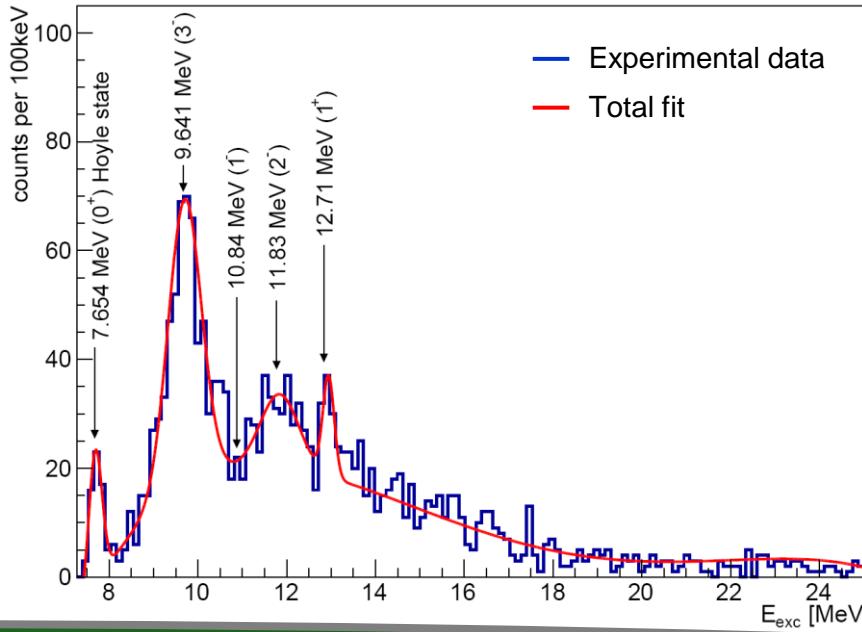
As a **starting check** → **correlations** between **helium break-up** fragments from self-conjugated nuclei

◆ **2α correlations** → the ${}^8\text{Be}$ spectroscopy:

MonteCarlo simulation → good **agreement** with the experimental data for the **91,8 keV peak** (${}^8\text{Be}_{\text{gs}}$) → good consistency of the procedure.

Possible contaminations of ${}^9\text{Be}$ neutron decay → **ghost peaks**?

◆ **3α correlations** → the ${}^{12}\text{C}$ spectroscopy:



3 body correlations → good agreement with the literature → ${}^{12}\text{C}$ Hoyle state.

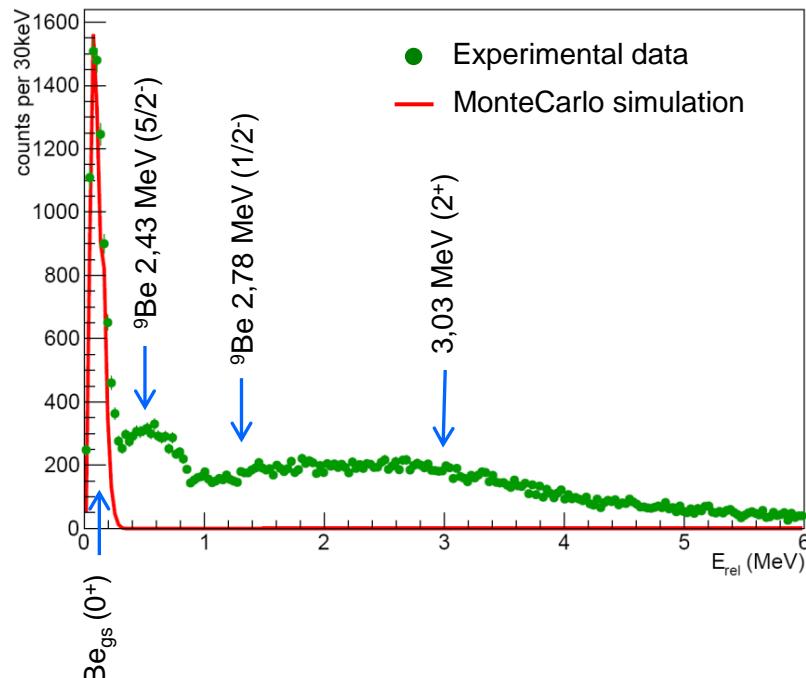
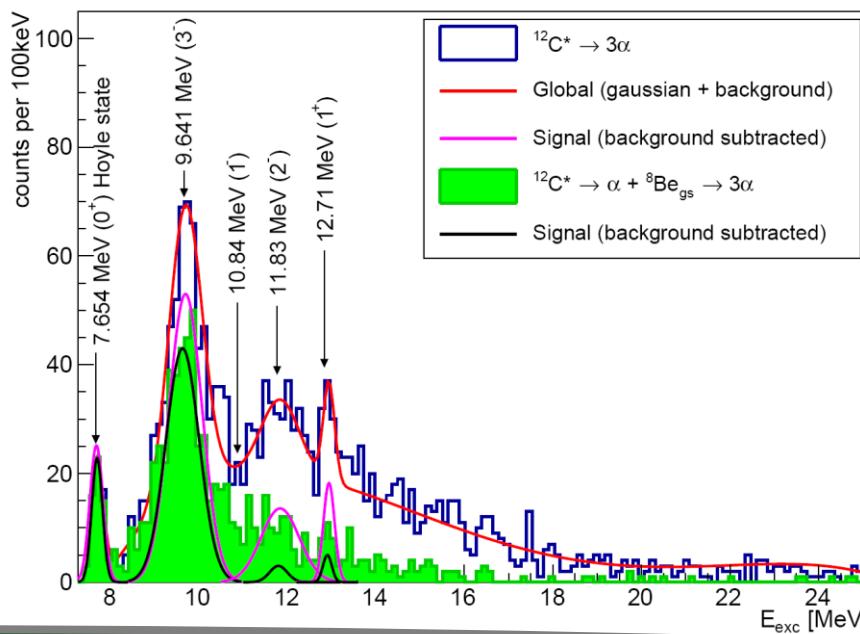
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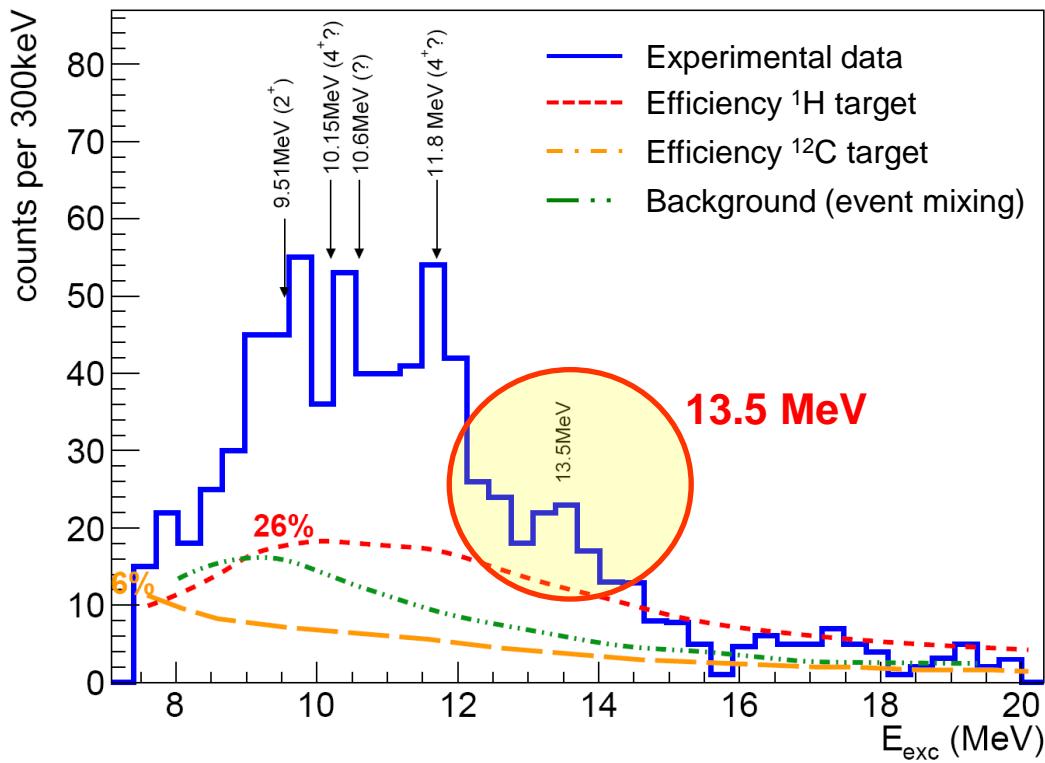
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Interesting study of **sequential de-excitation** for the **Hoyle state** → ${}^{12}\text{C}^* \rightarrow \alpha + {}^8\text{Be}_{\text{gs}}$ (green spectrum)



Flat **spurious background** contribution → **event mixing** procedure.

Found **bumps** corresponding to **excited states** known in literature (vertical arrows) → interesting peak at about **13.5 MeV**.

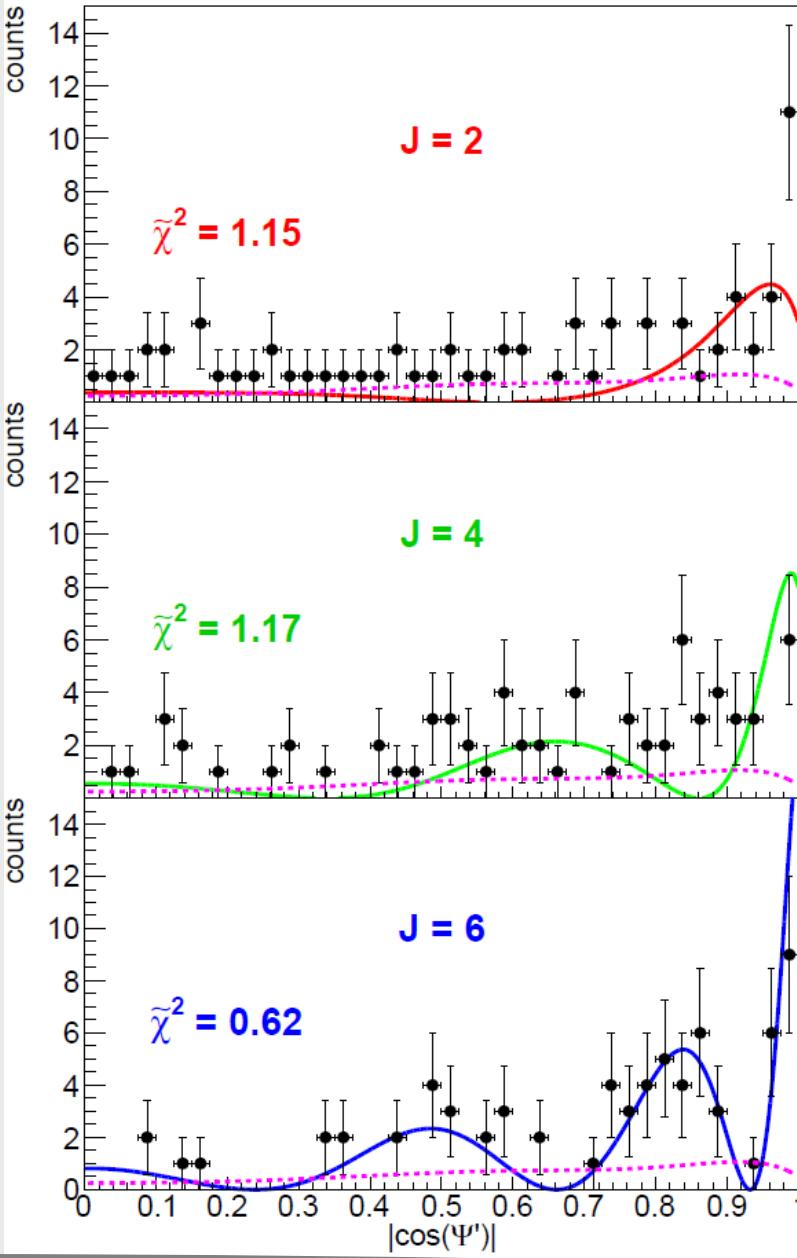
Smooth efficiency for both the possible target nuclei (${}^{12}\text{C}$ and ${}^1\text{H}$ from the polyethylene CH_2 target used) → **MonteCarlo simulation** with exponential angular distribution in the **anelastic scattering** center of mass frame:

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega_{cm}} \propto e^{\frac{\theta_{cm}}{\alpha}}$$

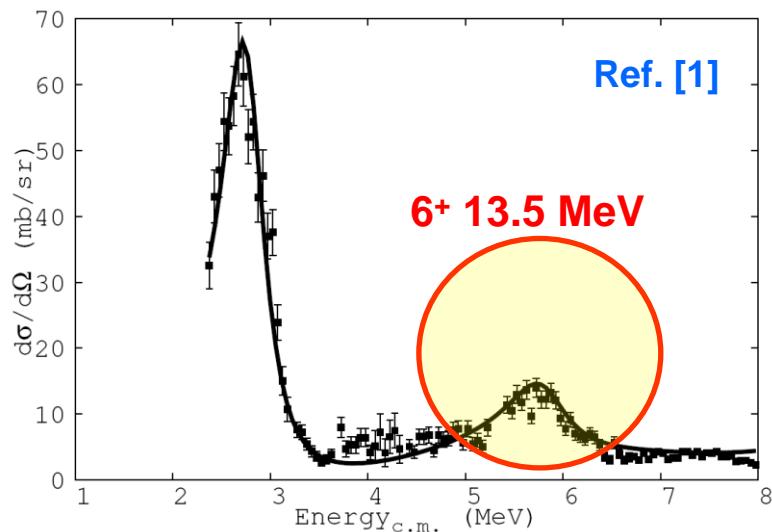
α fall-of factor $12^\circ - 16^\circ$

Possible **evidence** of a new excited state at about **13.5 MeV** not reported in literature.

${}^6\text{He}+{}^4\text{He}$ channel: the ${}^{10}\text{Be}$ structure

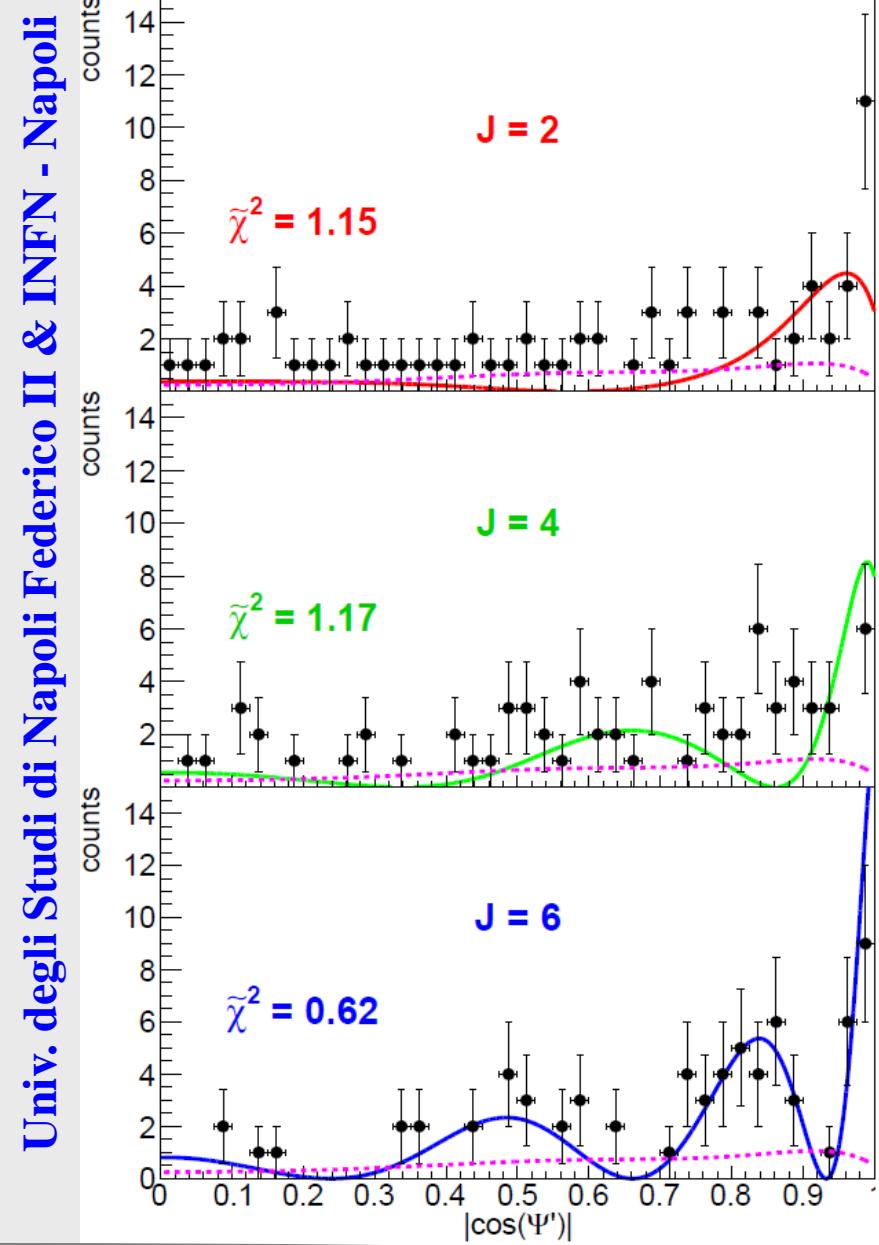


Angular correlation analysis on 13.5 MeV state → high spin contributions → possible 6^+ assignement → agreement with the recent R-matrix calculation in resonant elastic scattering ${}^6\text{He}+{}^4\text{He}$ experiment [1]

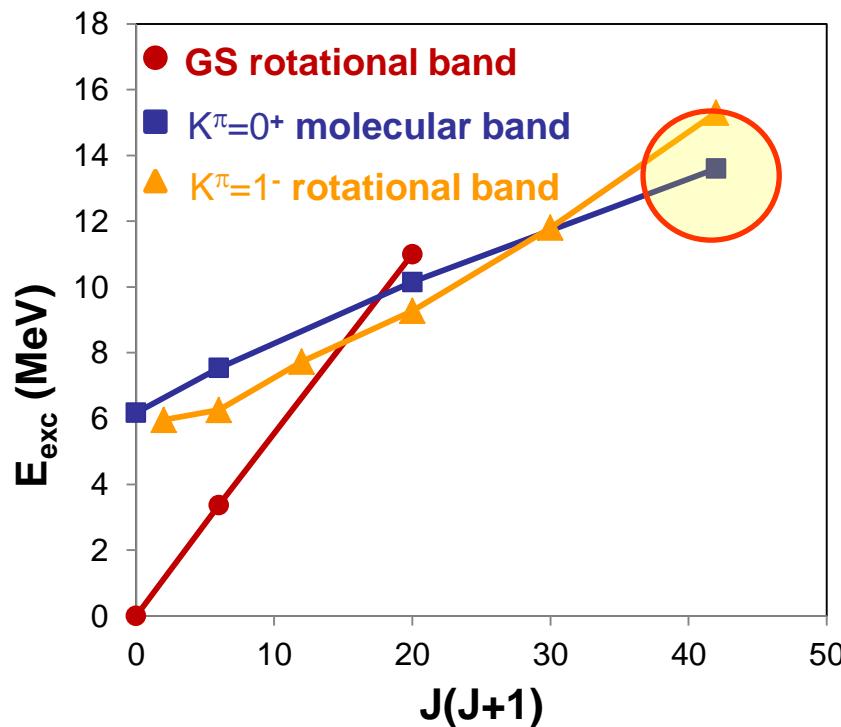


[1] G. Rogachev et al., J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 569, 012004 (2014)

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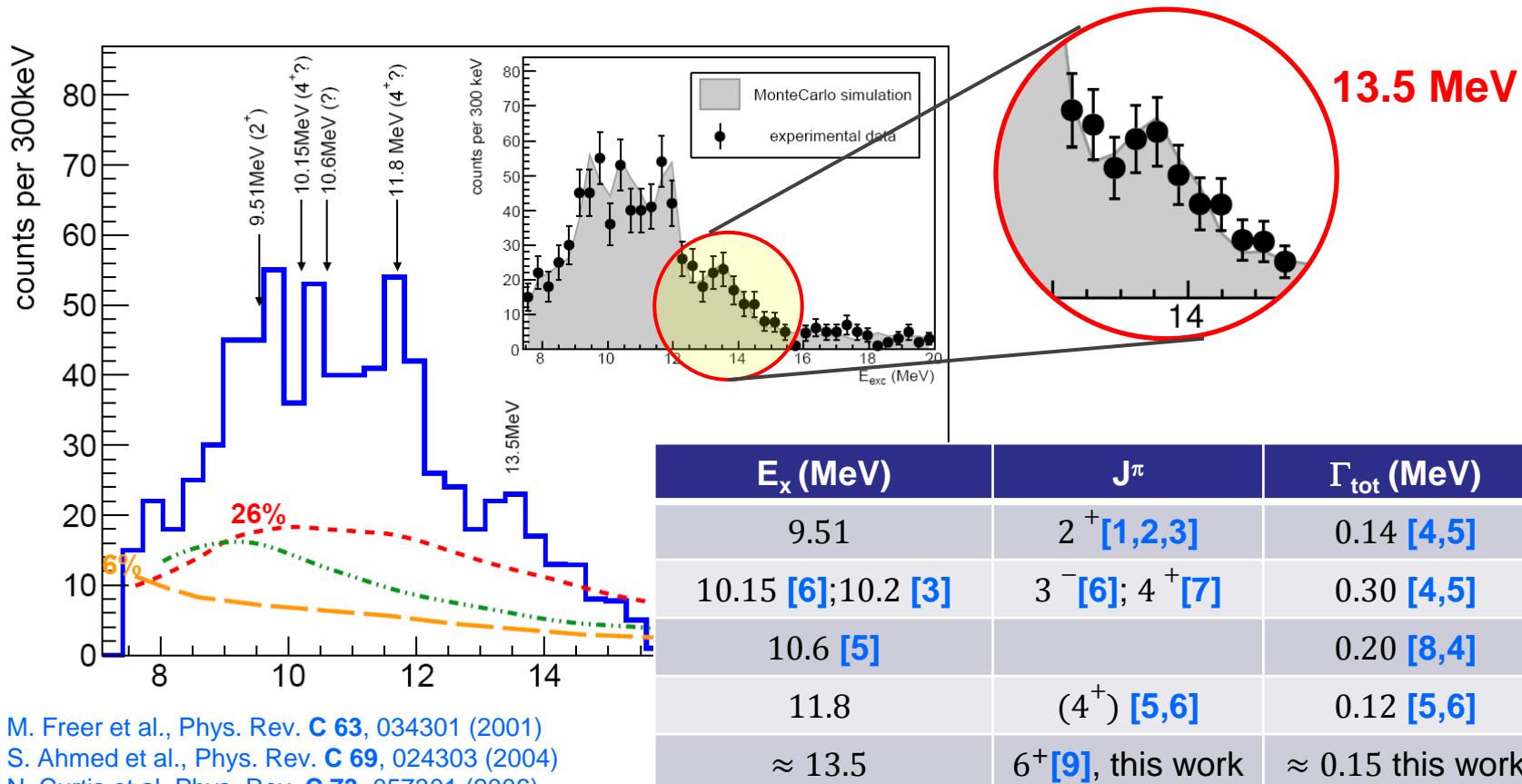


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Possible 6^+ further member of the $K=0^+$ molecular band → low statistics → new experiments are needed.

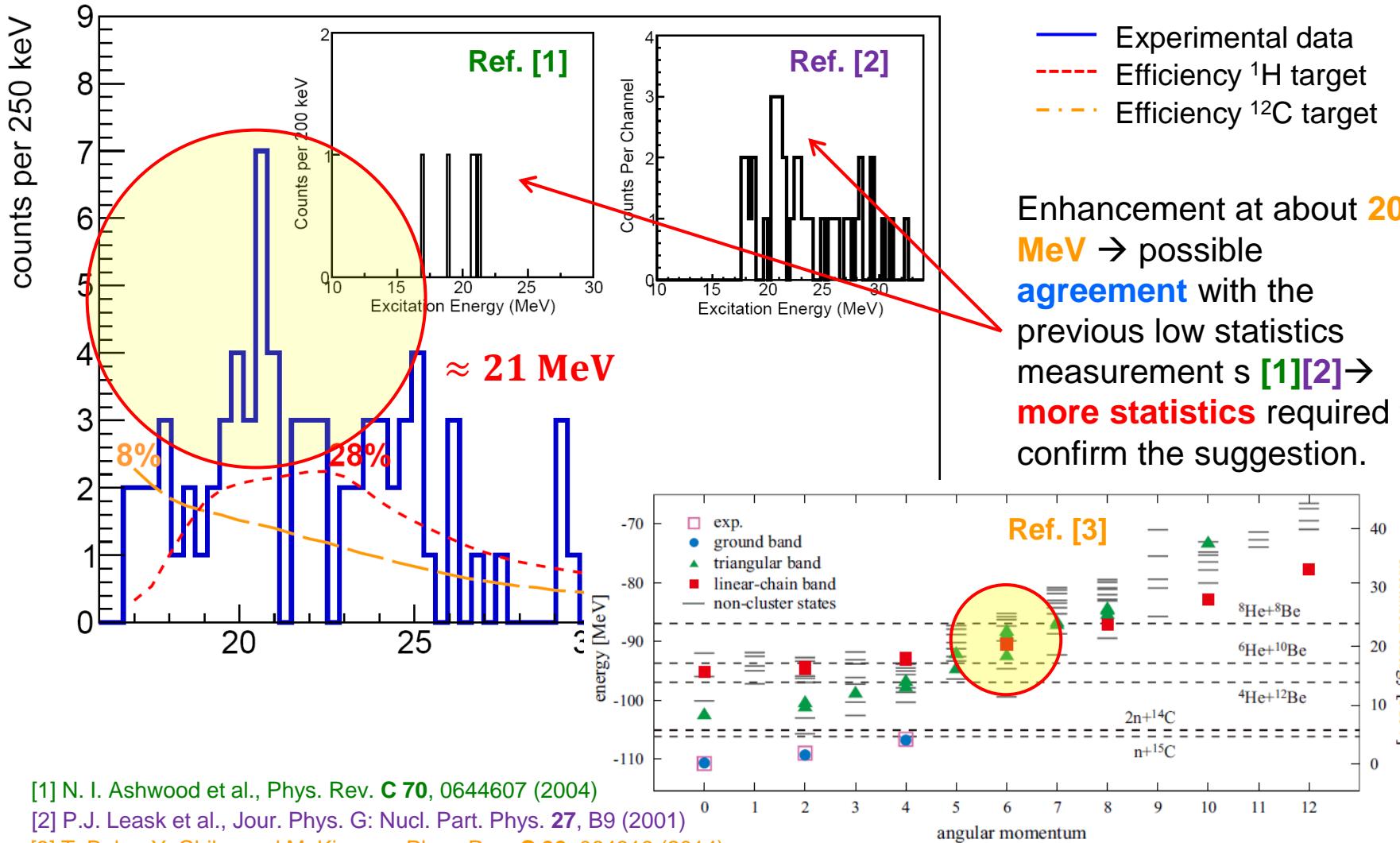
As a **final test** → complete **MonteCarlo simulation** with the **13.5 MeV** state (shadowed histogram) → nice **agreement** with the experimental data (black points)



- [1] M. Freer et al., Phys. Rev. C **63**, 034301 (2001)
- [2] S. Ahmed et al., Phys. Rev. C **69**, 024303 (2004)
- [3] N. Curtis et al. Phys. Rev. C **73**, 057301 (2006)
- [4] N. Curtis et al., Phys. Rev. C **64**, 044604 (2001)
- [5] Brookhaven National Laboratory, National Nuclear Data Center
- [6] D.R. Tilley et al., Nucl. Phys. A **745**, 155 (2004)
- [7] M. Freer et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **96**, 042501 (2006)
- [8] N. Soic et al., Europhys Lett. **34**, 7 (1996)
- [9] G.V. Rogachev et al., J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. **569**, 012004 (2014)

^6He - ^{10}Be coincidences: the ^{16}C structure

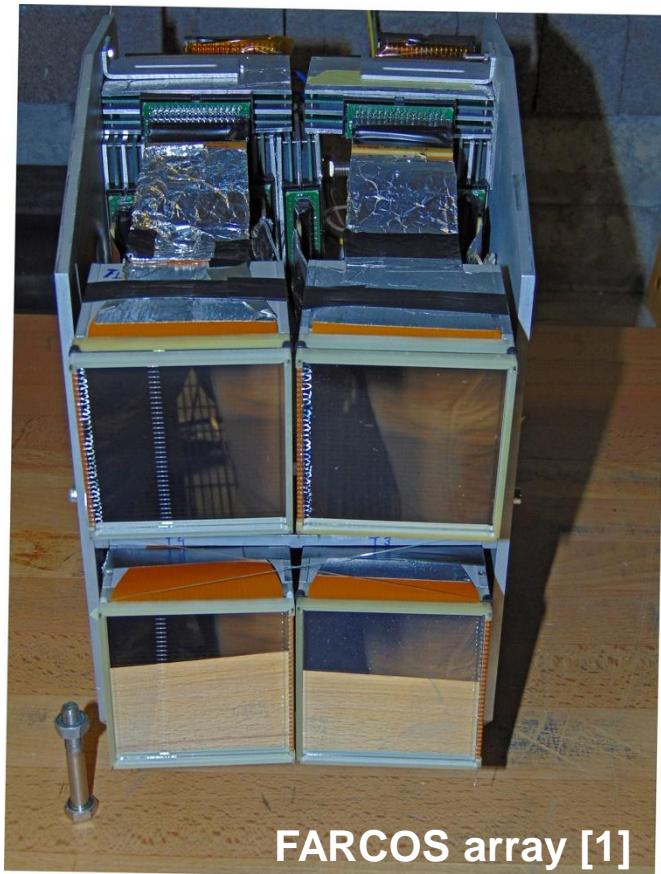
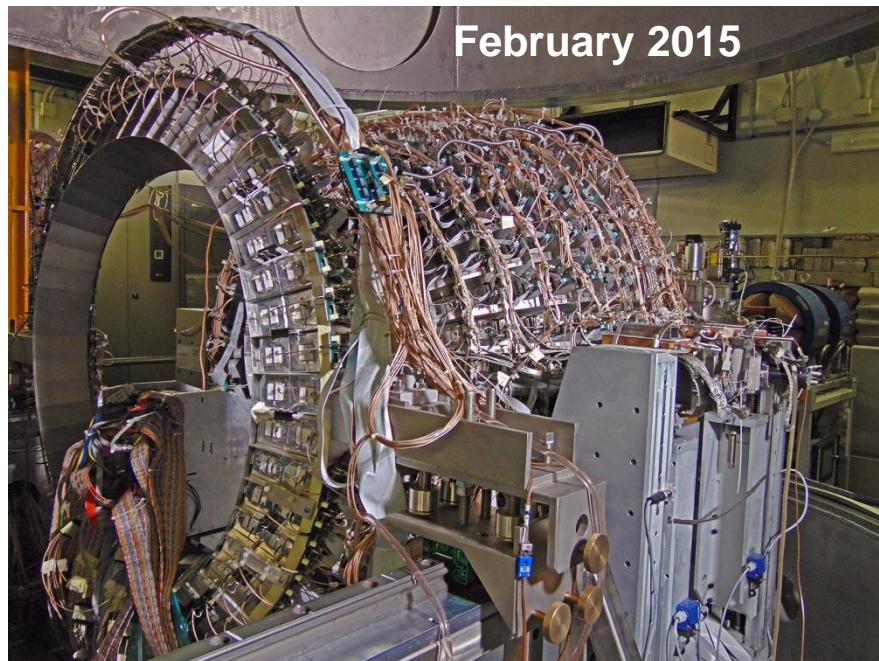
^{16}C 2 body disintegration \rightarrow $^6\text{He} + ^{10}\text{Be}$ break-up channel \rightarrow **low statistics** data.



Low statistics results \rightarrow 20,6 MeV bump

CLIR (Clustering in Light Ion Reactions) February– June 2015 → new investigation of cluster structures in nuclear reactions induced by FRIBs beams at INFN-LNS

FARCOS array [2] coupled to **CHIMERA** device
→ **improved** energy and angular resolution →
DSSSD+CsI detectors.



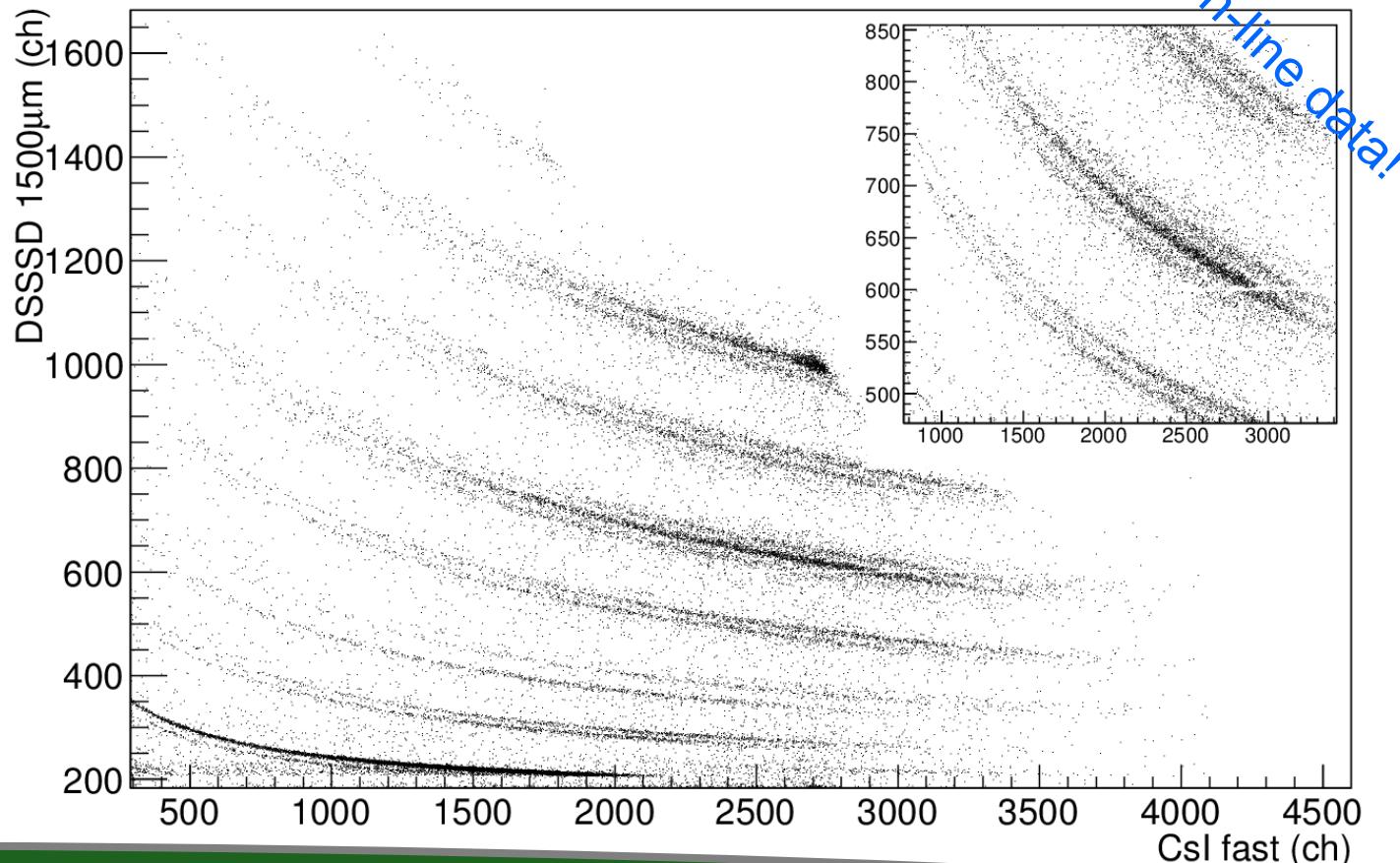
[1] G. Verde et al., J. Phys. Conf. Ser. **420**, 0112158 (2013)

more info in E.V. Pagano's talk

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FARCOS array [2] coupled to **CHIMERA** device
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ΔE -E identification plot with FARCOS
DSSSD (1500 μ m) vs CsI fast
 $^{16}\text{O} + \text{C}$ @ 55 MeV/u



- We have performed a **spectroscopic investigation** of ^{10}Be and ^{16}C via **cluster break-up** reactions at intermediate energies at **INFN-LNS**.
- The cocktail beam was provided by the **FRIIBs facility** → particle by particle identification → **tagging system** coupled to **CHIMERA 4π** multi-detector.
- **^6He - ^4He correlations** → structure of ^{10}Be → **new possible 6^+ state** at about **13.5 MeV** excitation energy → possible agreement with a recent R-matrix calculation [1] (resonant elastic scattering data) → energetic compatibility with a 6^+ further member of the ^{10}Be **molecular band**.
- **^6He - ^{10}Be correlations** → structure of ^{16}C → very **low statistics** data → agreement with previous experiment enhancement at about **21 MeV** excitation energy.

Future Perspectives:

CLIR experiment INFN-LNS February 2015 – June 2015.

[1] G. Rogachev et al., J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. **569**, 012004 (2014)

