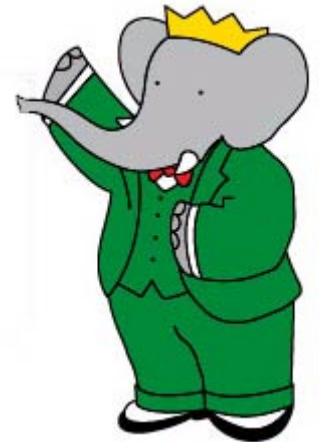


Charmless Hadronic B decays at $BaBar$

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Representing



XII. INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON HADRON SPECTROSCOPY



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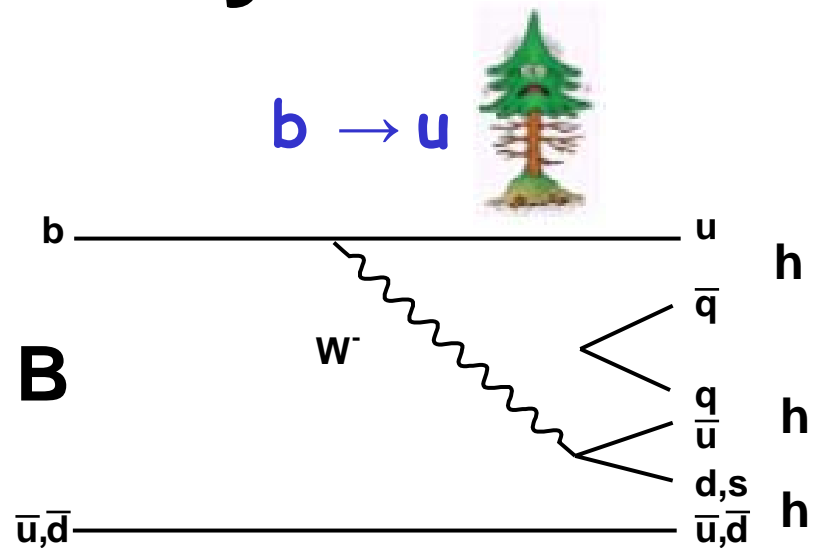
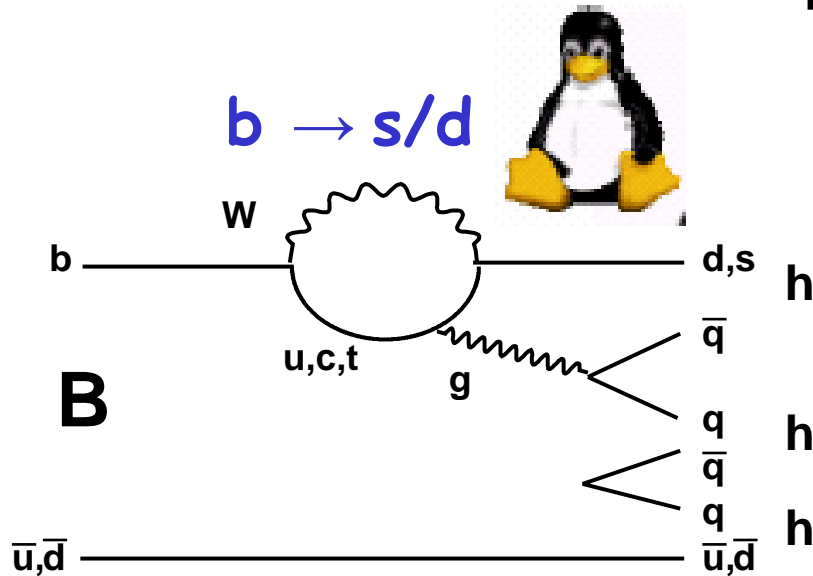


Outline of the talk

- Theory/Motivation
- Dataset and Detector
- Analysis Strategy
- Results
 - Three-body decay $K^+K^-\pi^+$
 - Vector-Vector mode $K^*\bar{K}^*$
 - Axialvector-Pseudoscalar modes (a_1h and b_1h , $h=K/\pi$)
- Conclusions and Outlook

♠ Results are preliminary unless journal reference given

Theory



Diagrams for three-body processes shown for illustration purpose

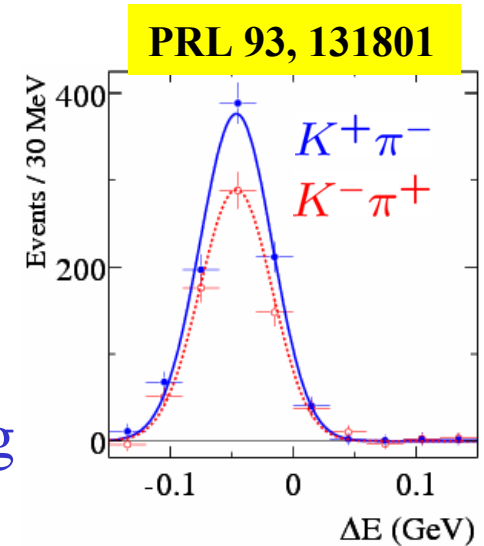
$b \rightarrow s$ loop (penguin) transition contributes only to the final states with odd number of kaons due to presence s quark *e.g.* $K\pi\pi$, KKK

Final states with even number of kaons, such as $KK\pi$ get contributions from $b \rightarrow u$ tree and $b \rightarrow d$ penguin diagrams. Odd number kaon states are further Cabibbo suppressed [$\sim \sin\theta_c$]

Motivation



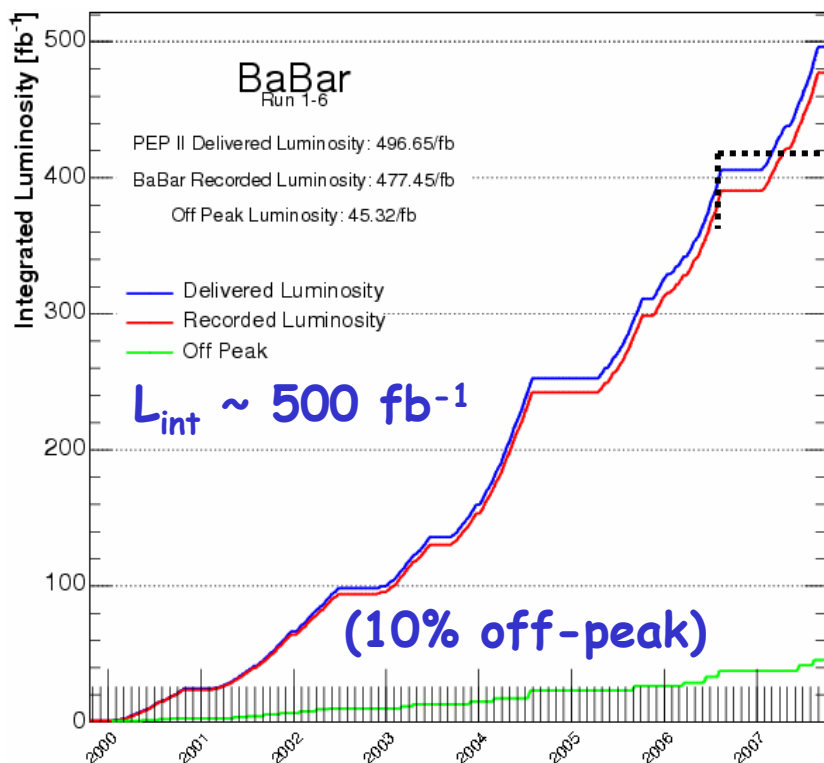
- Interfering tree and penguin amplitudes → good place to search for direct CP violation
- Good place to search for new physics since NP particles can enter the loop
- Probes flavor sector, particularly by measuring
 - $\sin(2\beta)$ or just β in the $K_S h^+ h^-$ (K/π) Dalitz plot
 - α in the modes: $\pi\pi$, $\rho\pi$, $\rho\rho$ and $a_1 h$
 - γ using flavour symmetries (isospin, U-spin *etc.*)



- Low energy spectroscopy
- Testing ground for pQCD, QCD factorization, SCET...

**Klempert et al.,
arXiv:0708.4016**

Dataset and Detector

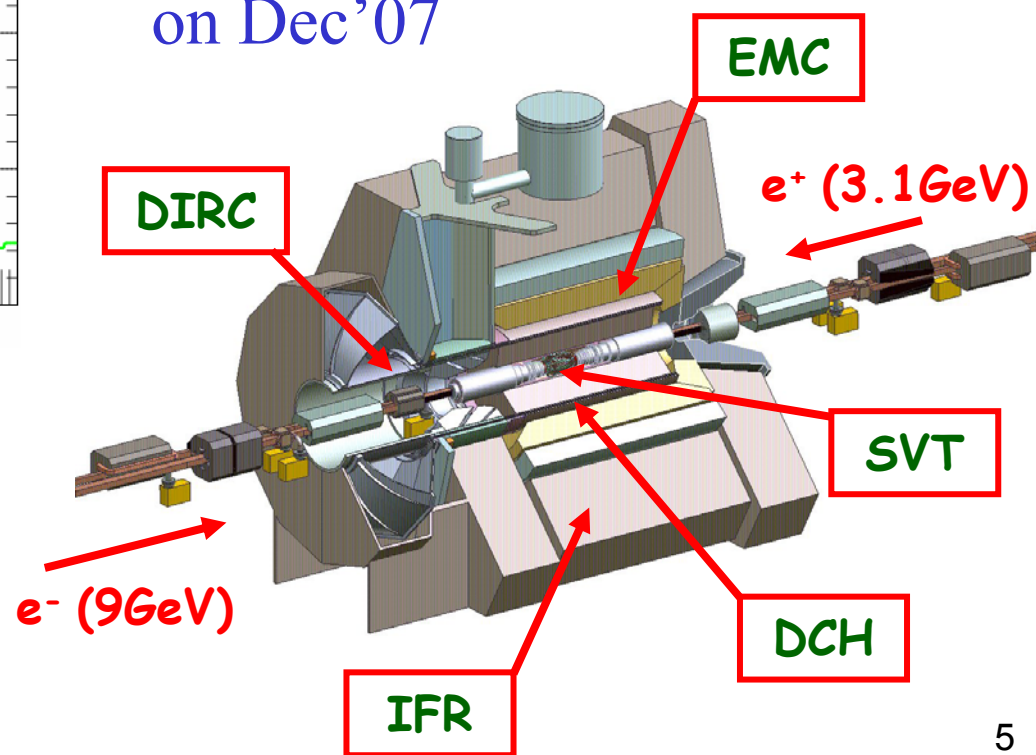


✓ Run 6 just ended last month

Presented results mostly based on data from runs 1-5

✓ Final run 7 scheduled to start on Dec'07

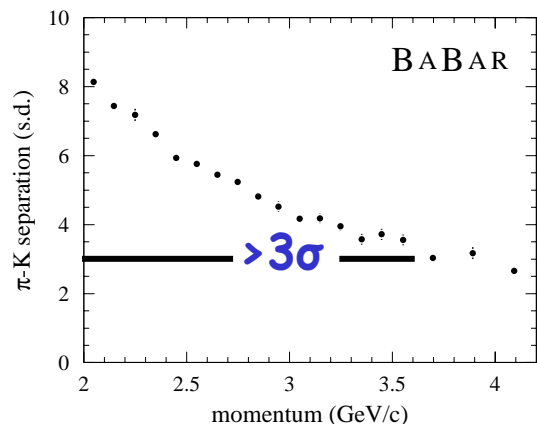
➤ Main components to tag charmless B decays are tracking, DIRC (PID) and EMC (π^0 , η)





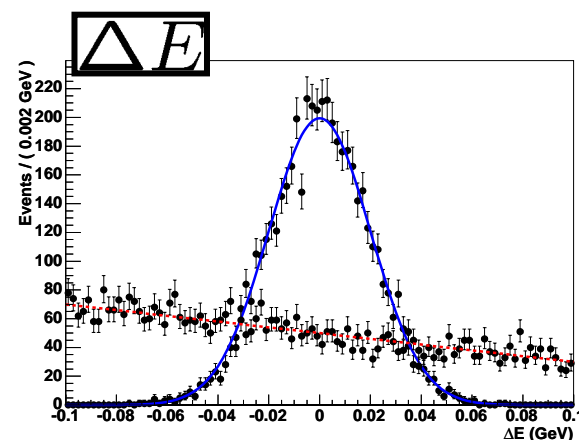
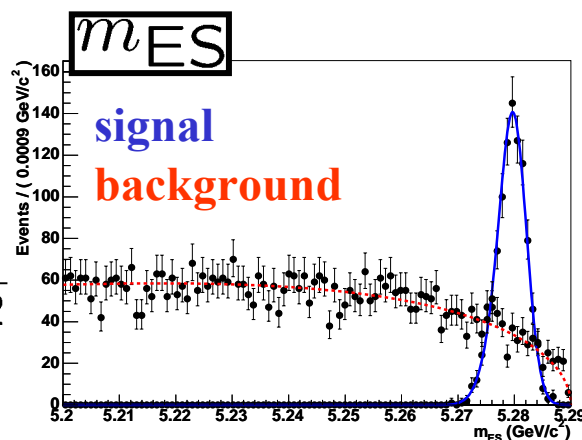
Analysis Strategy

- PID is crucial for these analyses
 - Distinguish charged K vs. π
 - Veto the leptons

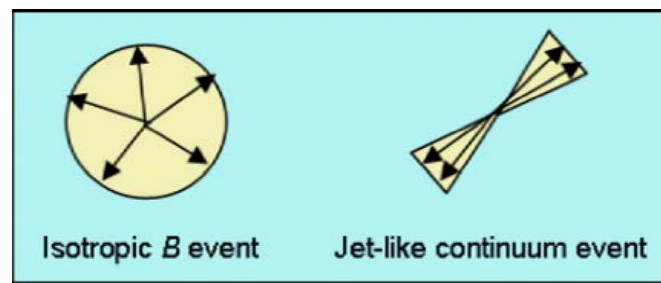


➤ Use beam-energy info and (E, p) conservation

- $m_{ES} = \sqrt{E_{\text{beam}}^{*2} - p_B^{*2}}$
- $\Delta E = (E_B^* - E_{\text{beam}}^*)$



➤ Event topology to discriminate spherical signal events from jet-like $q\bar{q}$ continuum background

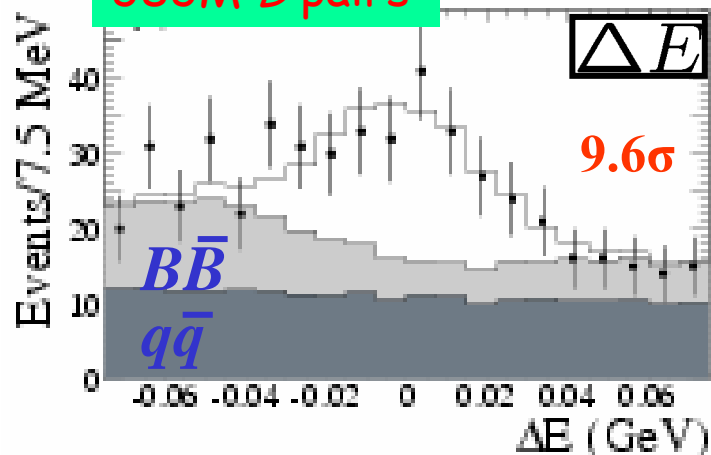


➤ Resonance mass and angular information wherever appropriate



$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$ inclusive

383M B pairs



- ✓ Possible contributions from $b \rightarrow d$ loop, $b \rightarrow u$ tree as well as other processes resulting $s\bar{s}$ production
- ✓ Q2B analyses have put stringent UL:

$\bar{K}^{*0}(892)K$	1.1×10^{-6}
$\bar{K}_0^{*0}(1430)K$	2.2×10^{-6}
$\phi(1020)\pi$	2.4×10^{-7}

arXiv:0708.2248,
accepted by PRD(R)

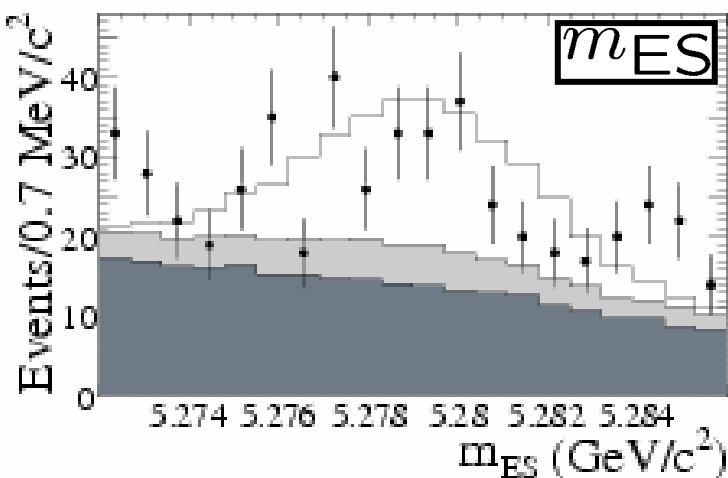
PRD 74, 011102

- Inclusive analysis reveals a large signal yield of (429 ± 43)

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+) : (5.0 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-6}$$

A_{CP} is consistent with zero

arXiv:0708.0376,
accepted by PRL

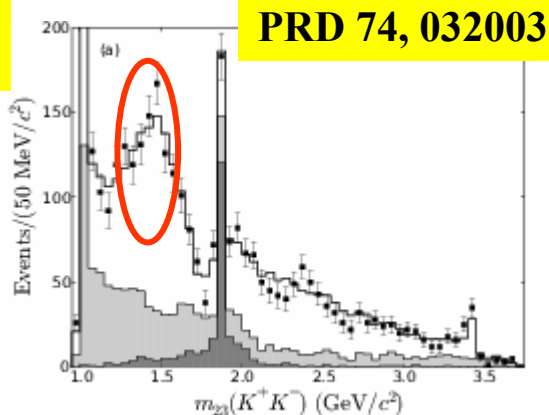
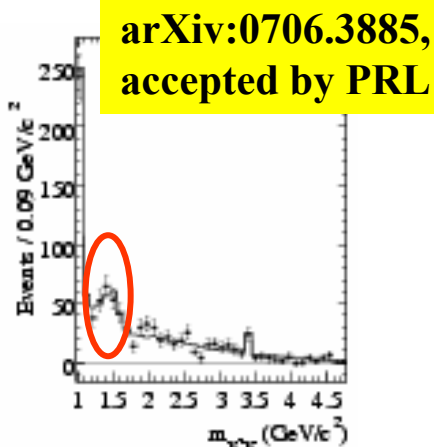
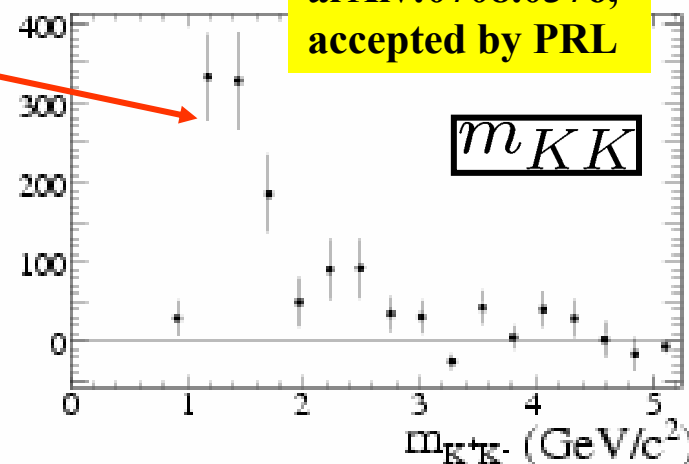


$B^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$ inclusive

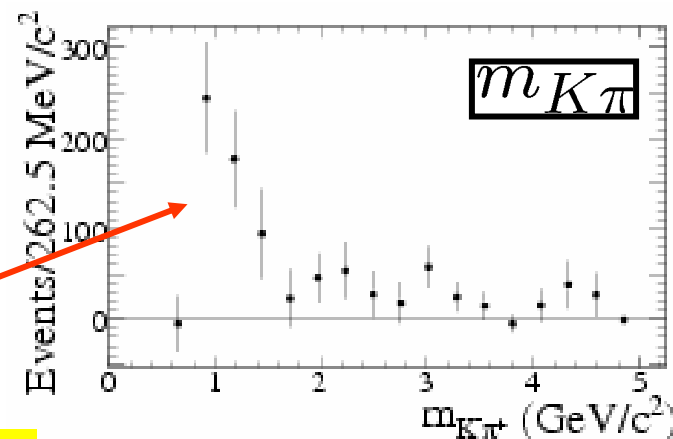


- ✓ Half of the events originates from
- ✓ Reminiscent of similar structures seen in $K_S K^+ K^-$ and $K^+ K^+ K^-$

➤ Nature of this state around $1.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ is not very clear



Efficiency-corrected distribution



- ✓ Rate reasonably consistent with the Q2B results on $K^* K$

arXiv:0708.2248,
accepted by PRD(R)

$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$ and $K^{*0} K^{*0}$



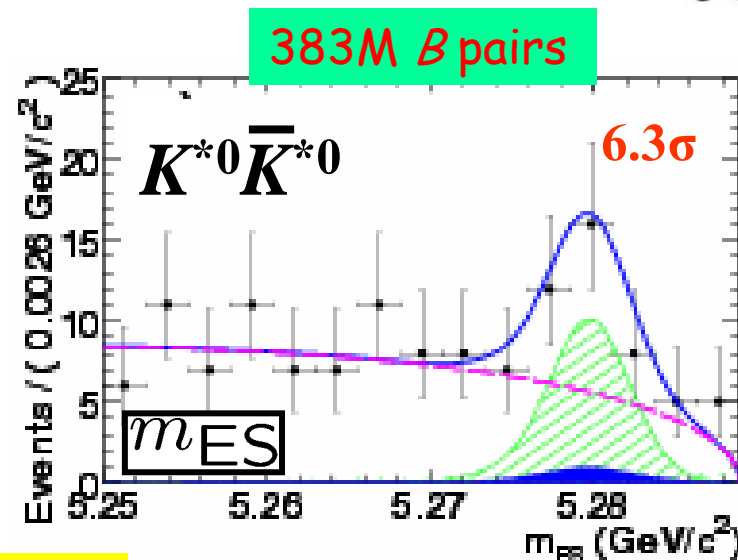
- ✓ First one proceeds through both gluonic and EW penguins; latter heavily suppressed (NP effect)

- ✓ Might provide insights into the polarization puzzle

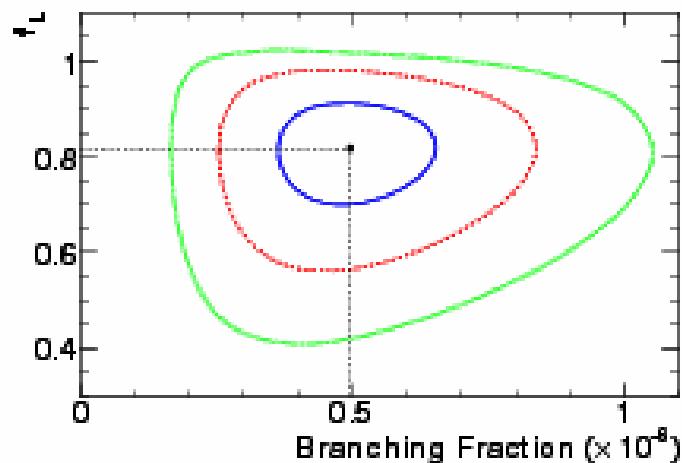
- $f_L \sim 0.5$ in $B \rightarrow \phi K^*$
- pQCD prediction 0.9

PRL 98, 051801,
arXiv:0705.1798

Suzuki, PRD 66, 054018



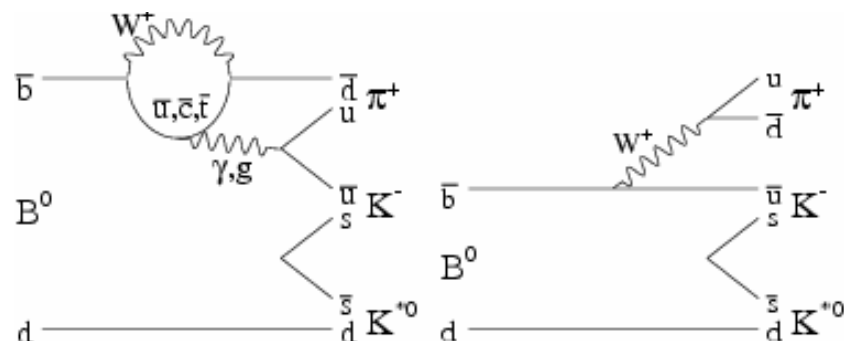
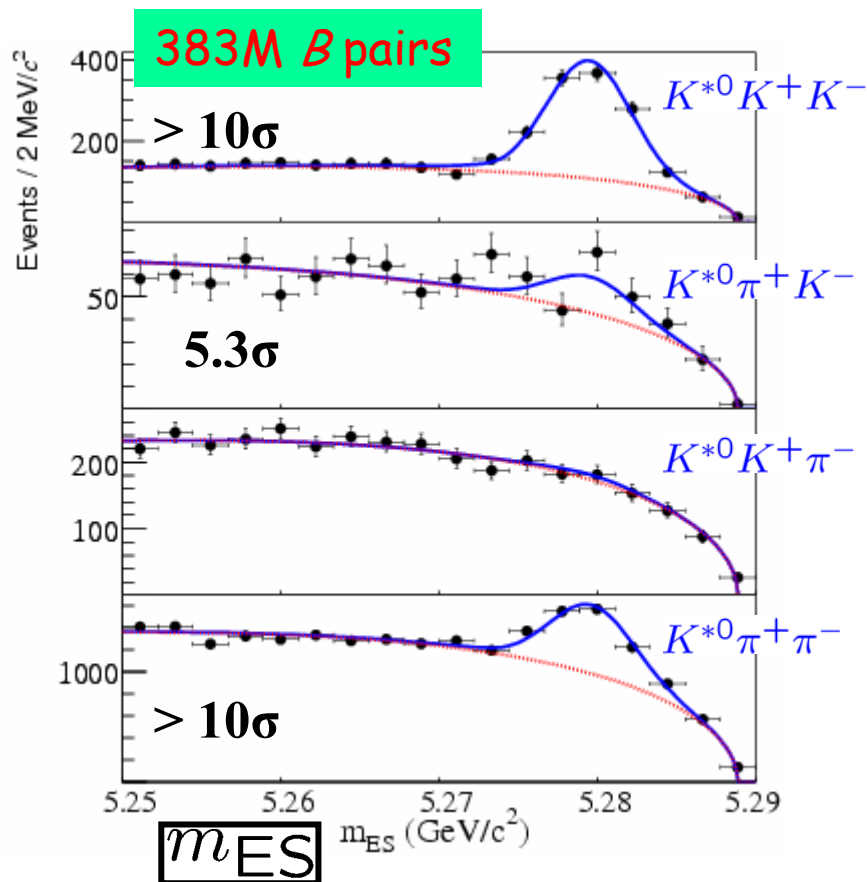
arXiv:0708.2248



Channel	$K^{*0} \bar{K}^{*0}$	$K^{*0} K^{*0}$
n_{sig}	$28.8^{+9.1}_{-7.8}$	2.7 ± 3.3
$\mathcal{B}(10^{-6})$	$0.49^{+0.16}_{-0.13} \pm 0.06$	$< 0.18^{\P}$
f_L	$0.81^{+0.10}_{-0.12} \pm 0.06$	—

\P two orders of magnitude improvement

$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0}(892)h^+h^- \ (h=K/\pi)$



✖ Observation of SM suppressed decay mode $K^{*0}K^+\pi^-$ at par with $K^{*0}\pi^+K^-$ → sign of new physics

➤ Reconstruct K^{*0} via the self-tagging mode $K^+\pi^-$

$B^0 \rightarrow$ Mode	n_{sig}	$\mathcal{B}(\times 10^{-6})$	\mathcal{A}_{CP}
$K^{*0}K^+K^-$	984 ± 46	$27.5 \pm 1.3 \pm 2.2$	$0.01 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.02$
$K^{*0}\pi^+K^-$	183 ± 42.4	$4.6 \pm 1.1 \pm 0.8$	$0.22 \pm 0.33 \pm 0.20$
$K^{*0}K^+\pi^-$	18.8 ± 29.4	< 2.2	—
$K^{*0}\pi^+\pi^-$	2019 ± 108	$54.5 \pm 2.9 \pm 4.3$	$0.07 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.03$

arXiv:0708.2543,
accepted by PRD(R)

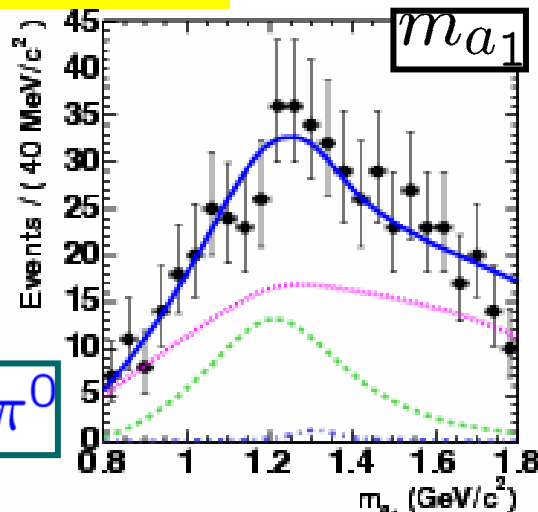
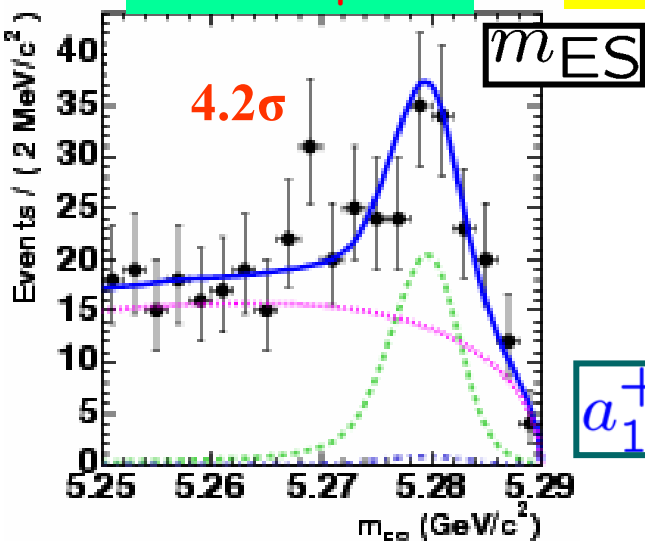
➤ All new measurements



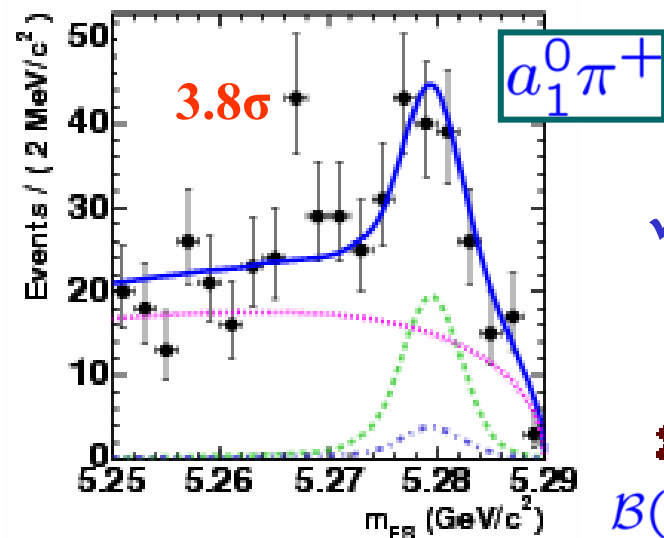
$B \rightarrow a_1(1260)\pi$

232M B pairs

arXiv:0708.0050



- Main contribution from $b \rightarrow u$ tree
- $I^G=1^-$ member of $\uparrow\uparrow$ $J^{PC}=1^{++}$ 1P_1 nonet
- Reconstruct via the 3π decay mode



Mode	Yield	$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow a_1\pi) \times \mathcal{B}(a_1 \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi)$
$a_1^+\pi^0$	459 ± 78	$(13.2 \pm 2.7 \pm 2.1) \times 10^{-6}$
$a_1^0\pi^+$	382 ± 79	$(20.4 \pm 4.7 \pm 3.4) \times 10^{-6}$

✓ Agreement with the factorization model prediction

Laporta et al.,
PRD 74, 054035 hep-ph/0602243

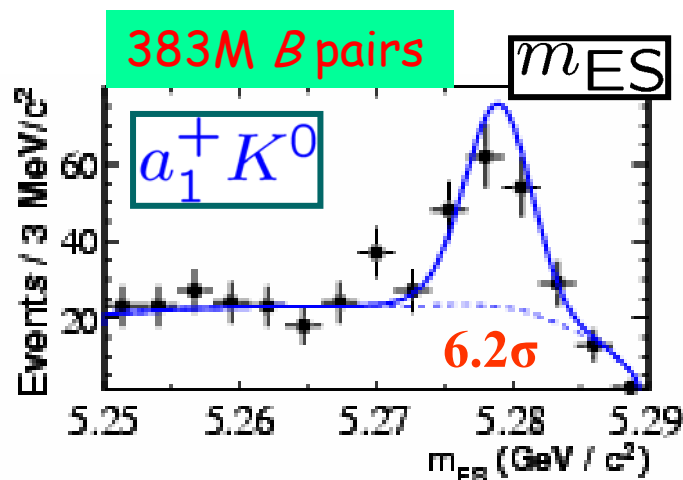
✗ Search in the a_0 mode:

arXiv:0708.0963

$$\mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow a_0^+(980)\pi^0) \times \mathcal{B}(a_0^+ \rightarrow \eta\pi^+) < 1.4 \times 10^{-6}$$



$B \rightarrow a_1(1260)K$



□ CKM angle α using SU(3) flavour symmetry

Gronau et al., PRD 73, 057502

□ Test factorization model predictions

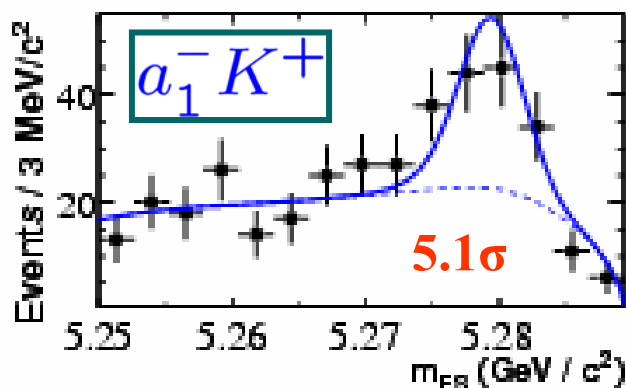
Laporta et al.,

PRD 74, 054035 hep-ph/0602243

□ No measurement exists to date

arXiv:0709.4165

Value	$a_1^+(1260)K^0$	$a_1^-(1260)K^+$
n_{sig}	241 ± 32	272 ± 44
$\mathcal{B}(\times 10^{-6})$	$17.4 \pm 2.5 \pm 2.2$	$8.2 \pm 1.5 \pm 1.2$
\mathcal{A}_{CP}	$0.12 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.02$	$-0.16 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.01$



✓ Results in reasonable agreement with theoretical estimates

✗ No evidence for direct CP violation



$B \rightarrow b_1(1235)h \ (h=K/\pi)$

□ $I^G=1^+$ member of $J^{PC}=1^{+-} \ ^1P_1$ nonet \updownarrow

□ Reconstruct via $b_1 \rightarrow \omega \{ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \} \pi$

arXiv:0707.4561

Mode	Yield	$\mathcal{B} (\times 10^{-6})$	\mathcal{A}_{CP}
$b_1^0 \pi^+$	178^{+39}_{-37}	$6.7 \pm 1.7 \pm 1.0$	$0.05 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.02$
$b_1^0 K^+$	219^{+38}_{-36}	$9.1 \pm 1.7 \pm 1.0$	$-0.46 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.02$
$b_1^\mp \pi^\pm$	387^{+41}_{-39}	$10.9 \pm 1.2 \pm 0.9$	$-0.05 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.02$
$b_1^- K^+$	267^{+33}_{-32}	$7.4 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.0$	$-0.07 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.02$

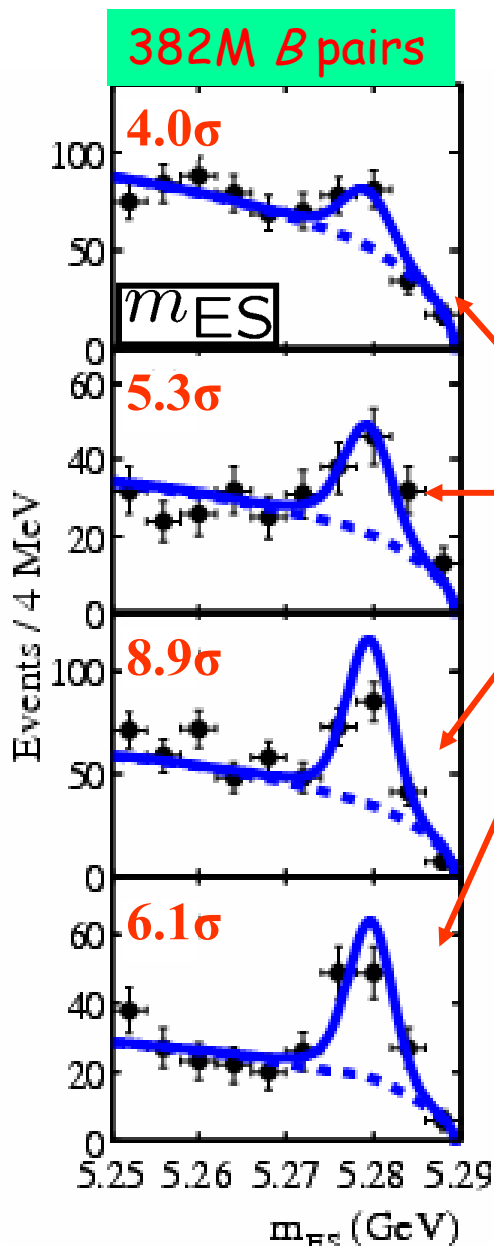
✓ π modes consistent with naïve factorization

✗ $b_1 K$ values smaller than predicted \Rightarrow need theoretical fine-tuning

Laporta et al., hep-ph/0602243
PRD 74, 054035

✓ $\frac{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow b^+ \pi^-)}{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow b^- \pi^+)} = -0.01 \pm 0.12$ agrees with G-parity suppression

Weinberg, PR 112, 1375 (1958)



Conclusions and outlook



- Plenty of new measurements in charmless hadronic B decays
 - $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$ (first observation a three-body final state with even number of kaons)
 - In axialvector (a_1, b_1) and pseudoscalar (K/π) sector, three new measurements and evidence for further three modes
 - Verification of G-parity suppression in a B -meson decay
 - Several results are updated with greater precision
- Probing Standard Model in two orthogonal directions
 - Weak interaction (CKM physics) by measuring angles β, α
 - ♠ See the following talk by Sandrine Emery
 - Strong interaction (low energy spectroscopy) in the decays involving $f_x(1500)$ etc.
- Look forward to the last run that along with run 6 would double the dataset ➡ crucial for many rare decays